HANDBOOK

of

Federal World War Agencies and Their Records 1917-1921

MLSU - CENTRAL LIBRARY



THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES Publication No. 24

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, Washington, D. C. U. S. Government Printing Office Price \$1.25 (cloth cover)

1170 FOREWORD

This Kanchook is issued in response to a current demand for information concerning the functions and records of spencies of the United States Covernment that contributed to the participation of the United States in the first World War. In time of ver the Covernment essumes control over ectivities and espects of life with which it has ittlie to do in time of peace. It must therefore turn for any cludy of precedents and edministrative experience in such matters to record of the previous war. Records once deemed to have little more cannot be such as the s

The greater part of the extant records of the first Norld Mar, except those relating to actual field operations of the stand forces, are now in the National Archives. The records so centralized include those of all the large energency war agencies and those for the war years of most of the permanent executive departments and independent part of the permanent creative arriving, so that the information for the records are constantly arriving, so that the information furnished tenders are constantly arriving, so that the information furnished the record of the south of the sum of the present of the fundamental standards are related to the present of the president of the more important record groups.

This Handbook was planned in the spring of 1941 by the present writer, who was then serving as Director of Research and Publications, with the essistence of members of hie office eteff; and ite preparation was approved by the Archivist of the United States, R. D. W. Connor, on June 7, 1941. Since January 1, 1942, the responsibility for continued planning and supervision of the project hee rested on Oliver W. Holmes, Director of Research and Records Description. Carl L. Lokke sesisted the successive Directore in planning end edministering the project, and he and Marion L. Rice did most of the work of coordinating, editing, end supplementing the material sub-mitted by the compilere. The preparation of drefts of the individual articles, however, was in larga measure the work of members of the staffe of the records divisions who were familiar with the records of the agencies they were describing or who because of interests and training possessed special competencies in certain fields. Many of them are now in the armed forces or have transferred to other Government agencies. The names of all compilers, including those who asaisted in the work of editing, are lieted on the following page.

SOLON J. BUCK

LIST OF COMPILERS

Eather C. Aiken Everett Owen Alldredge Frank Hardee Allen Dorothy Arbaugh Robert H. Bahmer James F. Ball George Philip Bauer Helen F. Beach Henry P. Beers Julia E. Bland E. Page Bledsoe Lillie A. Bontz Julius D. Buckwald Edward G. Compbell Robert Claus Martin P. Claussen Meredith B. Colkot, Jr. Don B. Cook Lewis J. Darter, Jr. Gerald J. Davis Paxcy R. Dickson David C. Duniway Sherrod E. East Herbert Fine Anron L. Fish Keyer H. Fishbein Miles McP. Fitch Edwin R. Flategual Percy Scott Flippin W. Neil Franklin Herman R. Friis Richard W. Giroux Bess Glenn Kilton B. Greenbaum Cherter L. Guthrie Elizabeth E. Hamer Dorothy J. Hill

Lyle J. Holverstott W. L. G. Joerg Herman Kahn E. Margaret Lamoreaux Harold Larson Albert H. Leisinger, Jr. Vax Levin Paul Lewinson John H. Martin Julius Mayers Ellen D. McBryde Lois Bell Miller James A. Minogue Thornton W. Mitchell James R. Mock Kenneth W. Munden Gibbs Lyers Leo Pascal Olga V. Paul Suzanne W. Phinney Seymour J. Pomrenze Stuart Portner Albert Post William B. Rapley Allen E. Ross Edward F. Rowse Quintin K. Sanger Theodore R. Schellenberg Lester W. Smith Gerald B. Snedeker Yarie Charlotte Stark Matalia Summers Jerome Thomases Asa M. Thornton Evangeline Thurber Albert Whimpey Almon R. Wright

CONTENTS

General bibliography	xt.
World War agencies and their records	1
Appendix: Hierarchical list of sgencies described in the	

INTRODUCTION

This wolume is modeled in part on the Handbook of Boomont. Agencies of the Mar of 1917, which was published by the Naw Department in 1919. It covers the period from America's entrance into the war in 1917 to the peace resolution of 1921. The word "agency" as used in the title of the present publication denotes any organizational unit (that is, branch, section, division, board, or the like) of the Federal Covernment, or any interallied body in which this United States had representation. Articles for some 2,000 permanent and energency agencies, alphabetically arranged by titles of agencies, are included. A liet at the back of the volume shows the same agencies arranged in such wise that subordinate units appear under their superior agency.

Each article treats a single agency and stands by itself. First the title of the agency is given in capital letters, in an inverted form if necessary to bring out the key words. The mane of the superior senercy, if one existed, follows immediately, thus: INSTIELAN EMPORER BUYISON, The Industrice Board. As a rule the title or titles used are the ones under which the unit functioned at the height of its activity during the war period. Earlier or later titles are usually sentioned in the article. The text of the article is divided into three parts in the article. The text of the article is divided into three parts tions containing unitables, and () records a Reference containing with security departments and other important agencies. The bibliography that follows this introduction contains general references on the war period.

Such in brief is the framework of the volume. Within the framework much variation will be noted. In general the articles for large Organizations, as compared with those for lesser units, occupy more space. But sarry exceptions occur. Mored are not spared when they are needed to describe the tottoous history and complicated functions of a describe. The disc of an article, therefore, is no oriterious the supportance. The disc of an article, therefore, is no oriterious of a chapter of subordinate units lack articles entirely because little or nothing is known of their activities. In such cases an effort has been made to call attention to the existence of the units by listing them in the article on the superior agency and in cross reference.

The discrepancy in the smount of information given concerning the records also requires a word of explanation. The records of many agencies, particularly those of the War Department, have not yet been studied sufficiently to permit of detailed analysis of contents. The files of others are smallowed up among the records of a superior or a successor agency in such cases it is obviously impossible to give exact measurements or other details. Some of the World War records will remain in the custody of the agencies that created them of the custody of successor agencies. Other them to the National Archives, particularly that of the records of many of the international bodies in which the United States had representation. To a degree the description of functions in these cases compensates for the paculty of

information in regard to the records. In truth, to recite the functions of an operating unit is virtually to indicate, in a general way, at least, the contents of its records. It is not amiss to remark further that the correspondence files of an agency consist of letters received and copies of letters sent by it. Consequently if no information is available in regard to the whereabouts of such correspondence files, one can be reasonably sure of finding at least some of the correspondence of the agency in question duplicated in the correspondence files of agencies with which it had relations. Because of the close cooperation existing between many agencies, this duplication often extends to reports, minutes of meetings, circular materials, and other papers.

Field records are described, if at all, with those of the central office. Those of the Food and Fuel Administrations are cases in point. A different policy has been pursued with respect to the records of the fighting forces. The enormity of the task precluded at this time any treatment of such records created by the Army or the Navy, or of records of the war period created by embassies, legations, and consular offices under the direction of the State Department. The National Archives has in its custody a considerable amount of such material.

The use of some World War records is restricted, even though they may now be deposited in the National Archives. This statement applies especially to the records of the State Department and to some of those of other executive departments. Therefore, an indication of the existence of such records is not to be construed as meaning that they are available for general consultation and research. Some of the papers mentioned as being deposited elsewhere may also be restricted, such as the Woodrow Wilson Papers in the Library of Congress, mentioned under "President of the United States," which may be consulted only with the consent of Lirs. Wilson.

A number of agencies have been knowingly omitted from the volume. Arong those excluded are units that performed only office management functions for a superior agency such as those relating to accounting, mail and files, library activities, information, and personnel. Administrative and executive offices, established merely to facilitate the operations of the superior agencies, are also omitted. The inclusion of such units—every agency of any importance had housekeeping units—would have greatly increased the size of the volume without, it was felt, adding a proportionate usefulness. It is fully realized that the housekeeping units in any agency play an extremely important part in the performance of its functions. Indeed, the personnel and accounting records in the National Archives are among those most frequently consulted.

The beginning and terminal dates of an emergency agency are given when they could be obtained at this time. Those of the agencies that existed before and continued to exist after the war period were less important for the present purpose and consequently are given less frequently. Sometimes the dates given are less exact than they appear to be. One unit may have been operating long before the date of the order creating it, while another may not have begun to operate until days or meeks after such an order was issued. As regards terminal dates, several of the larger emergency agencies with numerous subdivisions chased activity gradually rather than on any particular day.

Those who use the volume would do well to bear in mind that only part of its content for a given subject is readily seen at first glance. The alphabetical arrangement of the entries by titles of agencies, together with the use of inverted forms of titles as cross references when necessary to bring out key words, serves to bring into juxtaposition many of the agencies concerned with similar or related matters. But this arrangement fails to bring together such agencies if none of the key words in their titles happened to be the same. A user of the wolume who is interested, for example, in such subjects as aircraft, food, lumber, priorities, transportation, or wages, after looking for titles beginning with these words should look also for titles beginning with such words as aeronautics or aviation; meat, fish, canned goods, or agriculture; forest products or timber: contracts: traffic, railroads, shipping, or inland waterways; and labor or industrial relations. No system of arrangement could bring out information hidden under some titles. The Bean Division of the Grain Corporation handled transactions not only in beans but also in peas, rice, and rolled oats. The National Museum conducted experiments on poison gases by means of the humble garden slug, yet the title gives no hint of this fact. Consequently an inspection of titles in this volume should be merely the prelude to further investigation. It would be difficult to imagine any Covernment activity during the World War concerning which information could not be found among the records in the National Archives.

GEKERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

This is a selective bibliography of general works on Rederal Spencies in the World War. It contains books and articles that deal with the organization, activities, publications, or records of two or more agencies. More specialized works dealing with the activities of a single agency, such as annual or final reports, or with a particular solver, each as the billicities of the Bureau of Mines, are cited with Sulect, each as the billicities of the Bureau of Mines, are cited with Sulect, each such with the relevant agencies in the sain body of this values. Such works are usually dised only in commercion with the superior agency concessed.

- Adams, George P., Jr. Wartime price control. Waehington [c.1942]. 153 p.
- Baker, Ray Stanmard. Woodrow Wilson; life and letters. Garden City, N. Y., 1927-39. 8 vols. Vols. 6-8 deal with the war years.
- Berdahl, Clarence A. War powers of the Executive in the United States. [Urbana, c.1921.] 296 p. (Reprint from University of Illinoia, Studies in the social sciences, vol. 9, nos. 1, 2. Mar., June 1920.)
- Bogart, Erneat L. Economic organization for war. American political science review, 1h: 507-606 (Nov. 1920). Government agencies in the war effort.
- Campbell, Edward G. Old records in a new war. American archivist, 5: 156-168 (July 1942).
- Clarkson, Groavenor B. Industrial America in the World War; tha atrategy behind the line, 1917-1918. Boaton, 1923. xxiii, 573 p.
- Committee on Public Information. Official U. S. bulletin, vols. 1-3, Eay 10, 1917-Mar. 31, 1919; nos. 1-575. Washington, 1917-19. 3 vols.

A daily summary of war news and Covernment activity.

- Crowell, Benedict, and Robert F. Wilson. The giant hand; our mobilization and control of industry and natural resources, 1927-1915. New Hawen, 1921. XXX. 191 p. (New America went to war).
- Crowell, John F. Government war contracts. New York, 1920. xiv, 357 p. (Carnegia Endowment for International Peace, Economics and
- Hietory Division, <u>Preliminary economic studies of the war</u>, no. 25.)
 Documents Office. Document catalogua.
- The war-related publications of the Covernment will be found mainly in vols. 13 to 16, July 1915 to June 1923.
- Frohingham, Thomas G. The American reinforcement in the World Mar; with an introduction by Newton B. Baker. Garden City, N. T., 1927. xxxix, 338 p.
 - A general account from the military angls.

Hardy, Charles O. Wartime control of prices. Washington, 1940.

216 p. (Institute of Economics of the Brookings Institution, Publication no. 84.)

Pt. 2 deals with price control during the first World War.

Herring, Edward Pendleton, ed. Civil-military relations; bibliographical notes on administrative problems of civilian mobilization. Chicago, 1940. 77 p.

Prepared for the Committee on Public Administration of the Social

Science Research Council.

Leland, Waldo G., and Newton D. Mereness, comps. Introduction to the American official sources for the economic and social history of the World War. New Haven, 1926. xlvii, 532 p. (Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, Economics and History Division, Economic and social history of the World War, American series.)

A brief account of the organization and functions of those agencies of the Government that conducted important social or economic activities during the period of American participation in the World War. Their more significant publications are listed and their records and files are described.

- Library of Congress, Bibliography Division. Federal commissions, committees and boards; list of Federal commissions, committees, boards, and similar bodies created during the period September 11, 1901, to March 1, 1929. Washington, 1930. 117 p. (71 Cong., 2 sess., S. doc. 174.)
- Litman, Simon. Prices and price control in Great Britain and the United States during the World War. New York, 1920. 331 p. (Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, Economics and History Division, Preliminary economic studies of the war, no. 19.)
- Miller, David Hunter. My diary at the Conference of Paris, with documents. [New York, 1924.] 21 vols. and case maps.
- Morrow, Dwight W. The society of free states. New York [1919]. 223 p. Ch. 6 mentions briefly the Interallied Council on War Purchases and Finance and describes the organization of the Allied Maritime Transport Council at the Interallied Conference in Paris in 1917 and the work of the program committees and two of the coordinating bodies, the Food and Munitions Councils.
 - National Archives. Guide to the material in the National Archives.
 Washington, 19h0. xviii, 303 p.
 Supplemented by the annual lists of accessions published as appendixes to the Annual Reports of the Archivist of the United States.
 - Paxson, Frederic L. America at war, 1917-1918. Boston, 1939. 165 p. (American democracy and the World War, vol. 2.)
 - Paxzon, Frederic L. The American war Government, 1917-1918. American historical review, 26: 5h-76 (Oct. 1920).

 A well-documented article tracing the development of American organization to carry on the war.
 - Salter, Sir James A. Allied shipping control; an experiment in international administration. Oxford, 1921. xxiii, 372 p. (Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, Economics and History Division,

- Economic and social history of the World War, British series.)
 The author was Secretary to the Allied Maritise Transport Council
 and Chairman of the Allied Karitise Transport Executive. The volume
 contains information on the operations of these and a number of
 associated Allied organizations.
- Short, Lloyd M. The development of mational administrative organization in the United States. Baltimore, 1923. 511 p. (Institute for Covernment Research, Studies in administration, no. 10.)
- Shotwell, James T. At the Paris Peace Conference. New York, 1937. Lift p.
- Surface, Frank W., and Raymond L. Bland. American food in the World War and reconstruction period; operations of the organizations under the direction of Herbert Hoover, 1914 to 1924. Stanford University, Calif., 1931. xriii, 1033 p.
- Van Dorn, Harold A. Government owned comporations. New York, 1926. 311 p.
- Van Hise, Charles R. Conservation and regulation in the United States during the World War; an outline for a course of lectures to be given in higher educational institutions; prepared for the United States Food Administration. Washington and Madison, Wis., 1917-18. 2 pts.

Two pamphlets describing conservation and regulation activities of the Food and ruel Administrations, the Mar Trade Board, and the War Industries Board and similar activities commended with the administration of priorities.

- War Department, Ceneral Staff, War Plans Division, Historical Branch. Economic mobilization in the United States for the war of 1917. [Mashington] 1918. 39 p. (War Department, Doc. no. 885. Historical Branch, Monograph no. 2.)
- War Department, Genaral Staff, War Plans Division, Historical Branch. A handbook of economic agencies of the war of 1917. Washington, 1919, 539 p. (Mar Department, Doc. no. 908. Historical Branch, Monograph no. 1.)
 - Prepared by the Econemic Mobilization Section of which Frederic L. Paxson was Chief. Contains about 2,000 entries for private and Coverment sgencies, alphabetically arranged. Includes an index of names of executives (21 p.). Out of Print.
- Mattins, Gordon S. Labor problems and Labor administration in the United States during the World Kar. [Urbana, c.1920.] 217 p. [University of Illinois, Studies in the social actences, vol. 6, nos. 3, i. Sept., Dec. 1975.]
 Pt. 2. "Pervelopment of war labor administration," traces the
 - development of a centralised administration, " traces the
- Willoughby, William F. Government organization in war time and after; a surrey of the Federal civil agencies created for the prosecution of the war. New York, 1919. xix, 370 p. (Problems of war and of reconstruction.)
- Wooddy, Carroll H. Tha growth of the Federal Government, 1915-1932. New York, 1914. 577 p. (Recent social trends monographs.)

WORLD WAR AGENCIES AND THEIR RECORDS

- ABRASIVES SECTION, ELECTRODES AND, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board,—See ELECTRODES AND ABRASIVES SECTION.
- ABSORBENT TESTING SECTION, Cas-Mask Research Division, War Cas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See GAS-MASK RE-SEARCH DIVISION,
- ACCIDENT PROTESTION SECTION, Fire and Accident Prevention Branch, Operations Control Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department, See FIRE AND ACCIDENT PROTESTION BRANCH,
- ACCIDENTS DUE TO EXPLOSIVES SECTION, INVESTIGATION OF, Mining Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department, -- See MINING DIVISION,
- ACCOUNTING CREATTIFF, Public Service and Accounting Division, Railroad Administration.—Created on April 2, 1918, Took over functions formerly handled by the Military Transportation Accounting Committee of the Railroads Tar Beard. Abolished Fabruary 1, 1919, <u>Numericans</u> To advise the Director of the Division on railroad accounting procedures. During the period of Covernor operation of evolution of the County of the County of the County of the Interest of vaniously and efficiency. <u>Excepting</u> Theseabouts unknown.
- ACCUMINION MYSICON, beyot Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chair of Engineera, Nar Department,—In existence by June 21, 1918. Operated through five Sections, as follows: Initial Overreas Issues, Automatic Overswan Issues, United States Issues, Property Returns and Records, and Reports of Receipts and Shipments. In accordance with Supply Circular No. 99, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, of October 22, 1918, its functions were transferred to the Michinery and Engineering Materials Division, Office of the Director of Purchasa. Engineers to constitutions for stock in land at all depote, to correlate all requisitions for stock, to correlate priorities of requisitions, and to transit the final tabulations of demands to the appropriate depote. Records: Probably with these of the Office of the Chief of Engineers in Na.
 - ACCOMPTING DIVISION, Sailroad Actinitativation.—First existed as a part of the Public Services and Accounting Division; created as a separato Division on February 1, 1939. Its functions were transferred to the Comptubler's Office on Annuary 7, 1939. Punctions to bandle accounts of the central administration of the railroads and the condition accounts of all railroads under federal control, and to prescribe railroad accounting practices. Exercise 1936-20 (a scall quantity, combined with those of the Comptroller's Office, 1936-36, total 100 feet) in Re. Include records relating to accounting operations and administrative meeters and some correspondence with railroad residue to Calins. The bulk of the records was authorized for dealwatching maken 30, 1930.

e d'a

- ACCOUNTING DIVISION, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—
 In existence prior to the outbreak of the war. Functions: To determine the basis of cost-plus-profits contracts, the fairness of bid prices on proprietary articles, the proper allowances for amortization and plant improvement, the financial conditions of various companies and the merit of their claims for advances of money, and, in general, all relations of the Bureau with contractors. See also CONTENSATION BOARD. Records: Dispersed among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - ACCOUNTS AND ADJUSTMENTS BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Created in January 1918. Became part of the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage when the Division was transferred to that Office on October 19, 1918. Functions: To make and execute contracts entered into by the Division; to handle claims made by packers and canners with respect to final prices upon goods taken by allotment; to advise upon legal matters; to handle contract terminations; and to represent the Division in commandeering procedures. Records: Probably among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - ACCOUNTS, CLAIL'S, AND FISCAL AFFAIRS DIVISION, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department.—The duties and functions of the Division were greatly increased by the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, and by wartime legislation passed in 1917 and 1918.

 Functions: To handle questions arising in connection with the making and execution of contracts for military supplies; to handle the many questions coming before the Office arising out of contract, tort, and the exercise of authority conferred by emergency legislation for the acquisition of supplies and real property; and to deal with problems relative to the pay of the Army and the expenditure of appropriations in general and with questions concerning property responsibility. Records: In the Judge Advocate General's Office.
 - ACIDS AND HEAVY CHEMICALS SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—Formed about May 1, 1918; discontinued on December 31, 1918.

 Functions: To procure sufficient sulphuric and nitric acids for war needs by creating new producing capacity, investigating and controlling the supply of raw materials, working out transportation problems, and allocating supply. Records: Probably among those of the Board in MA.
 - ACIDS SECTION, HITRATES AND, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—See HITRATES AND ACIDS SECTION.
 - ACIDS SUPCOMMITTE, Chemicals Cooperative Committee, Raw Materials, winerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Forced in May 1917; in November it became the Acids Committee (or Section) of the Chemical Alliance, Inc. Functions: To handle matters pertaining to acids for the Committee. Records: Most of them were transferred to the Chemical Alliance, but a few are scattered among the records of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.
 - ACTUARIAL DIVISION, War kisk Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department.—
 Probably created on or shortly after August 20, 1918, and placed
 under the supervision of the Actuary of the Bureau, who was appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury. Existed as a Division
 until August 9, 1921, when the War Risk Insurance Eureau was

sholished by the legislation creating the Veterans' Bureau, <u>Nunctions</u>: To handle the actuarial mork of the Bureau, that is, the work rertaining to the calculation of insurance risks and premiums. <u>Records</u>: In the Vsterans' Administration,

ADJUSTMENT COMMISSION, NATIONAL .- See NATIONAL ADJUSTMENT COMMISSION,

ADJANGENT CORLITER, Housing Corporation, —Organized on November 13, 1918. Included representatives of the Requirements and Construction Divisions, Reorganized on Burch 1, 1919, and functioned until some time after 1900. Punctions: It assignst claim for additional remuneration resulting free changes in projects contracted for end claims arteing from the annealtion of contracts after the emistics. Records: 1919-20 (2 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence, minutes and reports of the Comatthee, and blueprints.

ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT, Harine Corps Headquarters, Navy Department, -- See MARINE CORPS HEADQUARTERS,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, THE, Wer Department .- An ect of April 23, 1904, consolidated the exieting Adjutant-General's Office and the Record and Pension Office of the Department to form the Kilitary Secretary's Office. By an act of March 2, 1907, the titls was changed to "the Adjutant-General's Office," and by the time of the war it had become "The Adjutant General's Office," Functions: To record, authenticets, and communicate to the troops and individuals in the military service all orders, instructions, and regulations issued by the War Department; to have custody of the official records; to conduct correspondence relating to the records and to the military service in general; to prepare and distribute commissions and military decorations; to compile and issue the Official Army Register and the Army List and Directory; to manage the recruiting service; to consolidate the general returns of the Army; to have control, under the direction of the Secretary, of the disciplinary berracks and its branches and of all offenders sent there; and to publish and distribute War Department regulations, manuals, and miscellaneous documents pertaining to the military service. Recorde: Those in NA are the so-called "storage files" of the Office, 1917-36 (2,736 feet), which include an "overflow file" of inactive records weeded from the central subject files, together with "bulky package" and "too bulky package" files. The central subject files and the major part of the other records of the Office are in the War Department, References: Livingston Watrous, A Prief Ristory of the Adutant Congral's Department From June 16th, 1775 to December 11st, 1925 [Governors Island, N. Y., 1927]; Adutant Congral's Office, Daties of the Adutant Congral of the Arm and Organization of His Office (Mar. 1918. Processed).

AUMINISPATION DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, Was Department,— Originated as the General Administration Bureau, which was created upon the reorganization of the Office on Jenuary 14, 1918, by Office Chief No. 502. Secure the Administration Country 14, 1918, by Of-17ce Chief No. 502. Secure the Administration Division on 189 25, 1918, pursuant to Office Order No. 222. Included the following the Chief of Chief Chief of Chief Chief of Chief Office, Individual Finance, Finance and Property, Bounting and Protection, Information, Instruction, Legal Advisory, Lail and Mecord, Utiliztary Information, and Feroment, Functions: To Supervise and coordinate the sattlete Indicated by the masse of its sections; to direct occumentation, and Feroment, Functions: To Supervise embed intent of the Chief of Chief Chief of Chief Chief of Chief of Chief of Chief whitter of the Department. Economy Probably with those of the Office in P. ADMINISTRATIVE BRANCH, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Fstablished about November 30, 1918, and in existence on June 30, 1919, when it functioned through the following Sections: Control, Mail and File, Office Service, Advertising, Preferential Markets, Contract, Statistical, and Zone Methods. Functions: To develop methods and supervise the organization for conducting the routine business of the Division and ite zone representatives, and to issue orders and regulatione. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaeter General's Office in NA.

ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION, Fuel Administration.—Established in September 1917, with the appointment of G. W. Nasmyth as Executive Secretary. In May 1918 it was reorganized with greatly increased supervisory powers under Cyrus L. Garnsey, Jr., who was also Assistant Fuel Administrator. Had general supervision over the Legal Department; the Business Office; the Conservation, Education, Investigation, Iabor, Prices, Production, State Organizations, and Traffic and Transportation Bureaus; the Mine Track Committee; and the Wholesale and Rotail Advisers. Terminated July 1, 1919.

Functions: To administer all the work of the Administration except that relating to oil or to the distribution of coal and coke.

Records: 1917-19 (967 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, reports, memoranda, office records, pay rolls, fiscal records, tabulations, statistics, and technical files. Deal especially with matters relating to general administration and to the production of coal and coke. References: Fuel Administration, Report of the Administrative Division, 1917-1919 (2 pts.).

ARMINISTRATIVE DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Existed under this name at the outbreak of the war. Some of the Branches through which it operated were as follows: Bakery, Cemeterial, Communications, Contracts, and Telegraph and Cable. In January 1918 it became first the Administration Division and then the General Administrative Bureau. On April 16, 1918, the Bureau was eucceeded by the Administration Division. Finally, on October 28, 1918, the Division became the General Administrative Division of the Purchase and Storage Director's Office. Functions: To conduct the administration of the Office. Records: With those of the Office in NA.

ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION, Hospital Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Probably established soon after the organization of the Division early in July 1917. Also referred to as the Administration Eureau and the Administration Section. Soon after the signing of the armistice it became the Administrative Subsection of the newly created Hospital Administration Section.

Functions: To handle the administration of all hospitals directly under the Office and to act as the executive agency for the Division; to procure hospital trains and cars and to maintain liaison with The Adjutant General's Office and the ports of embarkation relative to hospital-train service; and to procure and distribute Sanitary Corps personnel for administrative work in the hospitals.

Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

APPIPALTY AND MARITHE DIVISION, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department.—Probably in existence prior to the war. <u>Functions</u>: To handle questions and claims arising in the War Department with reference to vessels or vessel property. <u>Records</u>: In the Judge Advocate General's Office.

- ADVANCE PAIGENT BRANCH, Credits Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Naw Perstment, --Established early in 1916. Functions: To act as liaison between the Division and the Nar Credits Board, and to arrange for advance payments to contractors. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA
- ADVERTISING BRANCE, Information Section, General Advinistration Bureau, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Ses INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION SECTION, Administration Division.
- ADVERTISING COGNITTEE, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration,— Appointed on May 1, 1918; discontinued on March 1, 1920. <u>Punctions:</u> To formulate regulations governing advertising by railroads under Faderal control. <u>Records: Whereabouts unknown</u>.
- ADVENCISION DIVISION, Committee on Public Information,—Organized in December 1977. Offices an New York (tity, Terminated on December 15, 1918. Williss H. Johns, Director, Functions: To premote the war effort through the use of edvertising; especially to obtain free sourcising space and to direct advertising capacities for various senties of the Overreamth Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overreamth Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overream Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in Marchael Committee of the Overr
- AVERITAINO SETICOI, Administrative Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storges Bretector's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Biviaton, General Steff, War Department, —Betablished shout January 1, 1919, and still in existence on June 30, 1919. Operated through three Subsections: Account Checking, Lists and Mail, and Filing, Functions: To seste and device on advertising matters and policies with receiveness to the sale of surplus property; to contract the and place advertising matter in Stephus property. The Contract of Surplus property. The Contract of Surplus property. The Contract of Checking Subsections of the Contract of Surplus property.
- AUMENTISING SECTION, Paucetional Division, Food Administration— Organised on January 15, 1918, through the consolidation of the Indoor Advertising Section (formerly under the Food Conservation Division) and the Outdoor Advertising and Notion Ficture Sections. In October the notion-picture work was transferred to the Illustrations and Flates Section. Terminated with the Division in January 1919, Functions To obtain free advertising space in publications and to distribute posters, ettrestor placards, and other advertising, Records: 1917-19 (18 feet) in Na. Include correspondence, posters, lattern sidens, and motion pictures.
- ANTHRISMO SECTICI, Fablic Works and Construction Development Division, information and Education Service, labor Department,— Probably created with the Division in January 1979 and terminated with the device or show 55, 1978. Democrate To the stimulament of private and public construction. Records Thisposition authorized by Congress in 1926.
- ADVISORI BOARD OF JUST COMPENSATION, Shipping Board. See OCEAN ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON JUST COMPENSATION.

ADVISORY BRANCH, Production Section, Gum Division, Ordnance Chief'e Office, War Department.—Created in the Section on October 1, 1917; transferred to the newly created Production Division by Gum Division Order No. 58 on January 17, 1918. Functions: To be reeponeible for matters of a nature eo epecialized as not to be included in the functions of the other branches of the Section; to obtain technical advice in regard to materiale, methode, and processe; and to keep adequately informed of and in direct touch with organized labor, local labor conditions, labor conditions in plante under Government contracts, conditions of work, rates of pay, and the sourcee of labor cupply. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

ADVISORY COMMISSION, Council of National Defense. -- Appointed on October 11, 1916, by the President on nomination of the Council in accordance with the Army Appropriation Act of August 29, 1916. Consisted of the following eeven membere, who headed the Committees indicated: Daniel Willard (Chairman), Transportation and Communication: Howard E. Coffin, Munitions, Manufacturing, and Inductrial Relations; Julius Rosenwald, Supplies; Bernard M. Baruch, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals; Mollis Godfrey, Engineering and Education: Samuel Comports, Inbor: and Dr. Franklin Martin, Medicine and Sanitation. Little work seems to have been done by the Commission until after the entry of the United States into the war. The commissioners were to call conforences of representatives of trades, business, and professions, who in turn were to be asked to organize committees to consider problems affecting national defense eubmitted to them by the Council. By a decision of February 13, 1917, there were created cooperative committeee of industry, most of them subordinate to the Chairmen of the Committees on Supplies and on Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals; and immediately following the declaration of war and in the succeeding weeks theee committeee or others of like composition were appointed subcommittees of the Commission. They were composed of men prominent in their respective fields of industry, who served without pay. Their activities consisted of (1) furnishing information regarding industrial resourcee, manufacturing capacities, and means of increasing production and converting facilities; (2) assisting in accelerating service for the Government; (3) negotiating price agreements; and (4) distributing ordere and awarding contracts. The large number of committees. more than 150, and the difficulties attending efficient coordination necessitated a reorganization in July 1917, which gave to the newly created War Industries Board an advisory function in coordinating purchases for the Army and Navy. A provision of the Food and Fuel Control Act of August 10, 1917, regarding contracte with firms in which committeemen were financially interceted, brought about resignations from the ecoporative committees on a large scale, and the final diesolution of these committees was announced by the Council on December 7, 1917. This brought about only a nominal change in relations, inasmuch as the dissolved committees were reestablished either as sectione of the War Industries Board or by the industries themselves as "War Service Committees" (q. v.). Functions: To advice and aid the Council of National Defence in the execution of its functions of coordinating industries and resourcee for the national security and welfare and of creating relations that would render poseible the immediate concentration and utilization of the resources of the Nation. Records: Those among the records of the Council in NA include correspondence and other papers of the Chairman, minutes of meetings of the Commission, and a considerable quantity of records of the Committees on Labor and on Medicine and Sanitation. Many of the records of the Committees

on Supplies and on Faw Materials, Mirerale, and Metals and their Subcorntitees are also in MA among the records of the War Industries Ecard. The records of rany of the cooperative committees of industry are probably in private hands.

ADJISONY COUNCIL, War Labor Administration, Labor Department, — Appointed by the Secretary of Labor in Administration consisted optical, Jahor, and the public of the properties of the Labor in Administration of the public of the Labor in Administration of the public of the Labor in Administration of the Labor Income of the Labor Income of the machinery for a national Labor progress. In its report the Council recommended the revision and expression of extesting units of the Department, the creation of new services, and the means whereby proper administrative relations might be administrated between them and other Coverneau agencies. Boat of its recommendation were displeted Records: Thereabouts unknown. A part of the memorandum submitted by the Council ening and proposed organisational changes are, however, in the Labor Department and Labor Labor

ADVISORY INSURANCE COMMITTEE, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, —See INSURANCE DIVISION.

ADVISORY SECTION, Administration Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. - Originated in functions performed by the Legal Section of the Finance Division after the summer of 1917. In denuary 1918 these functions were enlarged and transferred to the newly created Legal and Advisory Board of the Office. A short time later this was succeeded by the Advisory Section of the General Administration Bureau (later the Administration Division). Functions: To act ac the channel of communication between the Office and the Offices of the Judge Advocate General and the Attorney General; to formulate and transmit requests for their opinions and decisions, as well as for those of the Comptroller of the Treatury; to handle legislative matters; to advise in the matter of doubtful paymente under contracts; and to handle matters relating to deferred draft classifications of employees of the Ordnance Department. Also to handle mattere arising out of requests by the various divisions of the Office for compulsory orders and for requisitions or condemnations of private property (so-called commandeering), including the preparation and presentation of relevant data to the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Director's Office and, with respect to valuations, to the Appreisers Board, and to errange for the payment of emercis and the reintenance of all records pertaining to the foregoing. Records: Probably with those of the Office of the Chief of Ordnance in NA.

ADVISORY SHIPPING COMMITTEE, Shipping Board. See SHIPPING COMMITTEE, Council of National Defense.

AUTIONT TAI ROAD, Internal Revenue Bureau, Treasury Department.— Organized under the pravisions of an act of librah, 1, 1019, and Commission until October 1 of the same year, when it was supersated by the Countities on Appeals and Review, a practiceser of the Board of Tar Appeals. Pancisions: To assist in the interpretation of tar laws and regulations, to conduct hearings of tarpayers, end to work out administrative principles. Papords: In the Chief Compacity Office, Eurosa of Internal, Revenue, relative to the harvesting time of various crops. It prepared for use at the Paris Peace Conference a general summary of the climate of Africa, with special attention to the former German colonies.

Records: Combined with those of the Climate and Crop Weather Division and with the general files of the Bureau in NA.

AGRICULTURAL RELATIONS DIVISION, Food Administration.—See AGRICULTURAL RELATIONS SECTION, Perishable Foods Division.

AGRICULTURAL RELATIONS SECTION, Perishable Foods Division, Food Administration.—Originated in February 1918 as part of the Perishable Foods Division. Organized as a separate division in October and terminated in December. Functions: To keep in touch with producers' associations and the Agricultural Advisory Committee, to gather data for the Priorities Division of the War Industries Board, and to furnish weekly information on the food situation to speakers representing jointly the Food Administration and the Department of Agriculture. Records: 1918 (6 feet) in NA. Correspondence on market conditions, the distribution and control of food supplies, food substitutes, and farm problems; an information file; and other papers.

AGRICULTURAL SECTION, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration.—
Created on July 10, 1918. Worked through regional committees, subcommittees, and agricultural representatives of the railroads, in
close cooperation with the Agriculture Department and the Food
Administration. Discontinued on March 1, 1920. Functions: To
coordinate agricultural development work among railroads under
Federal control, and to aid in campaigns for increased food production. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in
1934.

AGRICULTURE, BOTANY, FORESTRY, ZOOLOGY, AND FISHERIES DIVISION, National Research Council .- Organized in April 1918, with Vermon L. Kellogg as Chairman. Sometimes referred to as the Biology Division. In this Division were grouped the Agriculture, Botany, Botanical Raw Products, and Zoology Committees. At the time of the armistice the following additional Committees were also active: Fisheries, Forestry, Fibers, Protein Letabolism in Animal Feeding, Physiological Salt Requirements of Certain Cultivated Plants, and a Special Joint Committee on Fertilizer Investigations. On April 14, 1919, the Division was reorganized for peacetime as the Biology and Agriculture Division. Functions: In addition to initiating investigations, the Division helped to establish cooperation between the investigations of its constituent committees. Upon request of the War Department it formulated courses of study in biology, protozoology, animals in relation to disease, plant pathology, botanical raw products, and wood inspection for the Students' Army Training Corps. It furnished information to the War Department on sources for charcoal for gas masks and on the possible use of animals as indicators of the presence of poison gas, and it ascertained that certain native woods were better suited for airplane propellers than the mahogany imported from Africa. Other projects related to fertilizers, poultry feeding, animal feeding, rodent pests, sizing materials, the salting of fish in southern climates, and the lac and mesquite gum supply. Records: In the National Research Council.

AGRICULTURE COCCITTEE, Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fisheries Division, Kational Research Council.—Appointed in 1916

agriculture. It assisted the Bureau in its general war duties, especially in compiling data pertaining to commercial grsenhouses and in prsparing tables for the Food Administration and War Industries Board showing the relationship between population and the quantity of agricultural products. Records: 1920 (4 feet) in NA. General farm schedules. Other records are in the Census Bureau.

AIR DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—An Aviation Section was created in the Office by an act of July 18, 1914. Its work was continued by the Aeronautical Division, established in the Office on November 4, 1915. On October 1, 1917, this Division became the Air Division. By an Executive order of May 20, 1918, its functions were divided between the Bureau of Aircraft Production and the Division of Military Aeronautics. Functions: To conduct aviation operations and to maintain general supervision over military aircraft; also to supervise the training of officers and men in matters relating to military aviation. Records: Some may be among those of the Office in NA; others are probably in the offices of the Air Forces, War Department.

AIR SERVICE CHIEF'S OFFICE, War Department .- On Vay 29, 1918, The Adjutant General, by order of the Secretary of War, directed that an air service bs organized, to consist of the Eureau of Aircraft Production and the Division of Military Aeronautics. This order apparently did not involve the setting up of a new organization to include these two units, but simply the concept that their functions comprised the activities of an air service. By General Orders, No. 81, August 28, 1918, the Sacond Assistant Secretary of War was designated to act as Director of the Air Service and to exercise such control and direction over these units as might be necessary. His powers were strengthened by General Orders, No. 19, January 29, 1919, and by Executive Order No. 3066, March 19, 1919, under which the Bureau of Aircraft Production and the Division of Military Aeronautics were consolidated in the Air Service. By an act of June 4, 1920, statutory provision was made for the Air Service with the Chief of the Air Service as its head. The Air Service became the Air Corps in 1926. Functions: To be responsible for procuring and furnishing the Army in the field with the material and personnel required for the Air Service and to direct the operations of that Service. Records: In the offices of the Air Forces. War Department.

AIR SERVICE CLAIMS BOARD, Air Service Chief's Office, War Department.—Formed on March 10, 1919, by combining the Board of Review of the Bureau of Aircraft Production and the Board of Contract Review of the Division of Military Aeronautics. Dissolved about 1921.

Punctions: To settle claims arising under contracts previously entered into by the Bureau of Aircraft Production and the Division of Military Aeronautics, working under the general supervision of the War Department Claims Board. Pacords: In the offices of the Air Forces, War Department.

AIR SERVICE MEMICAL DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Originated in May 1917, when an officer of the Medical Corps was detailed to take charge of the aviation phases of the work of the Surgeon General's Office. On May 11, 1918, an Aviation Division was created in the Office; this on May 23 was remared the Air Service Division and became commany known as the Air Service Medical Division. Abolished on March 14, 1999. Functions: To organize and carry out physical examinations of Arry aviation applicants,

and to handle enters relating to medical personnel, equipment, and emplies as well as other medical questions concerning aeromatic similar functions appear to have be more concerning aeromatic similar functions appear to have benefit of the left of the fitting offices of the bed on best on the left of the fitting function, while tary Aeromatics Division, War Department. Records: Probably acong those of the Office in MA

AIR SERVICE SECTION, War Department Claims Board, War Department.--See WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS BOARD,

AIRCRAFF ARMADET SECTION, Engineering Dividion, Orchance Chef's office, War Pepartzent.—Astabilished during the first half of 1948. Finishing to attend to combine and coordinate engineering work pertaining to attend armanent. It handled nathers pertaining to attend transment. It handled nathers pertaining to attend tanking gume and accessories; implies drop bombe, bomb sighte, bomb carriers, and ralease mechanisms; and airplane flared (except pyrotechnics). It was also responsible, operating through the Flamming Section, for the insugmation of designs of airplane sums of large caliber, of special armor plate, and of all other naturial pertaining to aircraft except amunition. Records: Probably with those of the Office in M.

AIRCRAT BOARD.—Orested by an act of October 1, 1917, to assume the functions inthertoe exercised by the Aircraft Production Board of the Council of Neticmal Defense. Consisted of nine members, including the Chief Signal Officer of the War Department and the Chief of the Construction and Repair Bureau of the Nawy Department. By Executive Order No. 3056, March 19, 1929, the Board was dissolved. Bunctions: To act in an advisory capacity to the Chief Signal Orficer and to the Secretary of the Navy relatives to the purchase and production of aircraft, to make recommendations as to contracts for aircraft and the distribution of contracts, and to serve as a clear-inghouse for aeromatical information for the Army and Navy. Becomist Prohabily in the Naw Department.

AIRCRAFT BOARD, JOINT ARMT AND NAVY TECHNICAL. -- See JOINT ARMY AND NAVY TECHNICAL AIRCRAFT BOARD.

AIRCHAFT SHANCH, Demestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See DOMESTIC OPERATIONS INVISION.

AIMCRAFT DIVISION. Construction and Repair Bursau, Navy Department,—Apparently setablished in 1916 and continued as a part of title Bursau until 1921, when it was transferred to the Bursau of Aero-nautice. Punctions: To have charge of nathers in connection with the design; construction, and testing of naval aircraft and its maintenance in the properties of plans and open discount of the properties of plans and open discount of the second of aircraft open file of the structural calculations and criticisms of contractors' data, experiments, and tested; and Construction and Midnessauce (asters pertaining to contracts, the imposition of aircraft construction; material and supplies. I correspondents of aircraft construction; material and supplies. I correspondents dealing with such topics as in Na. Into the employed in the construction of righness and dirigibles and authorizations for the construction of plans; studies of wind velocity; reports of test flights; and hupprints of engines.

AIRCRAFT FACTORY, NAVAL, Navy Department .-- See NAVAL AIRCRAFT FACTORY.

AIRCRAFT PRODUCTION BOARD, Council of National Defense.—Established pureuant to a resolution of the Council of May 16, 1917. Consisted of four civilian members, the Chief Signal Officer of the War Department, and the Chief of the Construction and Repair Bureau of the Navy Department. It was discontinued on October 1, 1917, and its functions were taken over by the Aircraft Board. Functions: To consider matters relating to quantity production of aircraft, and to cooperate with the Army and Navy in the advancement of their aviation programs. Records: Probably in the War Department.

AIRCRAFT PRODUCTION BUREAU, War Department.—On April 24, 1918, by order of the Secretary of War, a Bureau of Aircraft Production and a Division of Military Aeronautics were created in the Office of the Chief Signal Officer. By Executive Order No. 2862, May 20, 1918, which was authorized by the Overman Act of that date, these became separate units of the Department under the direction of the Secretary of War. The Director of Aircraft Production was also Chairman of the Aircraft Board. By Executive Order No. 3066, March 19, 1919, the Bureau and the Division were consolidated under the Director of the Air Service. Functions: To exercise control over the production of airplanes, airplane engines, and aircraft equipment for the use of the Army. Functioned through the following Divisione: Administrative, Airplane Engineering, Executive, Finance, Procurement, Production, Science and Research, and Spruce Production.

Records: In the offices of the Air Forcee, War Department.

AIRCRAFT PRODUCTION INVESTIGATION, Justice Department.—An inveetigation commenced at the request of the President in May 1918, and conducted by Judge Charles E. Hughes, with the cooperation of the Attorney General and other officials of the Justice Department. Concluded with the report of Hughes to the Attorney General on October 25, 1918, and that of the Attorney General to the President on October 31 enclosing the report. Functions: To investigate and pursue charges of dishonesty or malversation in the production of aircraft after American entry into the war. Records: Interspersed among the central files of the Justice Department in NA. Include correspondence, testimony, and exhibits relating to persons and concerns engaged in aircraft production and War Department progress reports on aircraft production.

AIRCRAFT SECTION, MOTOR VEHICLES AND, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MOTOR VEHICLES AND AIRCRAFT SECTION.

AIRCRAFT SUBDIVISION, Port Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—By Purchase and Storage Notice No. 9, October 25, 1918, there was established in the Division an Aviation Branch, which, on November 22, 1918, became the Aircraft Subdivision. This unit was probably discontinued prior to the abolition of the Division on February 1, 1919.

Functions: To have charge of the compilation of records and reports relative to the novement of aircraft supplies through ports of embarkation for overseas forces, and to regulate the movement of such supplies in accordance with established priorities. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaeter General's Office in NA.

AIRPLANE ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT, Equipment Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See AIRPLANE ENGINEERING DIVISION, Aircraft Production Bureau.

AIRFAINE ENGINEERING DIVISION, Aircraft Production Eureau, War Department.—Formed on August 12, 1918, by e combination of the stripane engineering and production engineering activities of the Eureau, these had been carried on prior to May 20 by the Airfaine Engineering Department of the Equipment Envision and by the Science and Research Division of the Office of the Chief Signal Officer. Punctions: To supervise experimental engineering at Licook and Langley Floids and production engineering at Dayton, Chin, and to be responsible for the design of new models of simplemes and eccessory. The Chief Chie

ALASKAN COAL COMMICSION, NAVY, Nevy Department .- See NAVY ALASKAN COAL COMMISSION.

ALSKAM MINERAL RESOURCES DIVISION, Geologic Branch, Geological Survey, Interior Department.—Practioned as a Division until part 1, 1925, when by order of the Director of the Geological Survey it became the Alaskam Hineral Resources Branch. Bunctions: During the war, to investigate and to prepare reports on the mineral resources of Alaskas, particularly on such strategic enterels as chreatis, copper, funds, nickel, pletimum, tim, tungstem, and sulphum; and to continue, though on a restricted scale, areal geologic and topographic survey. Househos in restricted scale, areal geologic and topographic motions for field parties in Alaskas; reports on the geology, topography, nineral resources, safer resources, gleciclogy, and reconstitutions are sections, and profiles, both compiled and field; and especially information relative to the occurrence, location, and distribution of strategic minerals.

Committee, Mericory Commission, Council of Nestional Defense.—Appointed by the Chairman of the superior Committee on Agril 24, 1917; dissolved on November 15, 1917. Functions: To make a commiss of alcohol production and of the estemt of it's conversion to governmental uses. Records: May be smong those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in No.

ALCOHOL COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Rew Materials, Minerals, and Matale

ALCOHOL SECTION, ETHIL, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board. ---See ETHIL ALCOHOL SECTION.

ALONDO ESUCOMETITES, Nythere and Santiation Committee, General Medical Board, Nedicine and Santiation Committee, Astrony Commission, Council of sational Defense.—Formed on April 29, 1917; cessed funtioning after the armittee. Functions: To make recommendations as to the control of alcoholic beverages. Encords: Some may be smong those of the Council in Ma.

ALIEN MILITARY CLAIMS COMMITTEE, War Department.—See CONSTITUTIONAL
AND INTERNATIONAL LAN DIVISION, Judge Advocate General's Office.

ALIEN MILITARY SECTION, Solicitor's Office, State Department, —Probably established in 1917 and discontinued in 1918. Functions: To receive and consider requests sent through diplomatic channels for the Please of Oreign nationals from the armed forces of the United Section.

100 1

- Records: In the Communications and Records Division, State Department. References: State Department, Register, 1918, p. 37.
- ALIEN PERMIT SUBSECTION, Paesport Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—See PASSPORT SECTION.
- ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN .- The office of Alien Property Custodian was created under authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act of October 6, 1917, by Executive Order No. 2729-A of October 12. A. Mitchell Palmer was appointed Cuetodian by the President on October 22, and he was succeeded on March 4, 1919, by Francis P. Garvan. The office functioned through the Investigation, Law, Sales, and Trust Bureaue, the Corporation Management Division, and other subdivisions. It was abolished by Executive Order No. 6694, May 1, 1934, which transferred its authority, rights, and duties to the Justice Department. By Order No. 2575 the Attorney General on July 2, 1934, eetabliehed the Alien Property Bureau in the Claime Division of the Justice Department to carry out the remaining functions of the former Alien Property Custodian. Functione: To receive property in the United States belonging to an enemy or ally of an enemy and to administer such property under the general direction of the Preeident. Recorde: 1917-34 (combined with those of the Alien Property Bureau, 1934-41, total 11,832 feet) in NA; additional records are in the Juetice Department. Includo reports on enemy property in the United States; records relating to the investigation and seizure of enemy property, to the administration of property held in trust, and to claime for the return of property filed under eection 9 of the Trading With the Enemy Act; and seized corporation recorde, 1900-1917. Referencee: Alien Property Custodian, Report ... to the Close of Bueinces on February 15, 1919 (Washington, 1919), and Bulletin of Information, June 8, 1918 (Washington, 1918); General Accounting Office, Administration of the Office of the Alien Property Custodian (69 Cong., 2 sess., S. Doc. 182, serial 8696. Washington, 1926); Charles R. Allison, comp., Alien Enemiee and Property Righte Under the Trading With the Enemy Act ([New York, 1921]); James A. Gathinge, International Law and American Treatment of Alien Ensay Property (Washington, 1940).
 - ALIENS DIVISION, Provost Marshal General's Office, War Department.—
 Organized by October 28, 1918; discontinued by July 15, 1919.
 Functions: In connection with the administration of the Selective
 Service System, to handle questions relating to the classification
 and deforment of aliens, doclarants of intention to become naturalized, recruiting by foreign powers (other than those under treaties),
 citizenship, passports, and international law. Records: With those
 of the Office in NA.
 - ALIMENTATION, INTERALLIED COMMISSION ON SCIENTIFIC.—See INTERALLIED SCIENTIFIC FOOD COMMISSION.
 - ALDERTATION DIVISION, Food Administration.—Created in May 1917 as the Utilities and Research Division. Known as the Alimentation Division from January 1, 1918, until it went out of existence on June 30, 1919. Its Chief, Alonzo E. Taylor, was also the representative of the Food Administration in Europe during the last part of 1917.

 Functions: To collect information regarding the production, control, and distribution of food by the Allied and Central Powere and by neutral countries. Records: 1917-19 (6 feet) in NA. Include reports and studios on food production and control in foreign countries, copies of food control acts, consular reports, rules, regulations,

rationing cards and forms transmitted by foreign food officials, and reports of foreign representatives of the Food Aministration. Some of the papers of the Chief of the Division are in the Hover Library on Mar, Pavolutium, and Fears. Beforences; Trank W. Surface, The Grain Trade During the World Nay, 187-196 (New York, 1968).

ALALI ADD CHORDER SECTION, Chemicals Division, Far Industries Board--Formed on April 15, 1938, to consolidate work previously performed by the Division and by the Alkali Section of the Chemical Milanes, Inc. Discontinued on Bosesber 23, 1935, Functions: To allocate rehemicals (alkalies, chlorins, and chorins compounds), to amintain a sufficient supply of these commodities, and to ethnicate the conduction of the Board in Ma. Physical Commodities, and the state of the Board in Ma. Physical Commodities and the state of the Board in Ma. Physical Commodities and the state of the Board in Ma. Physical Commodities and the state of the Board in Ma. Physical Commodities and the state of the Board in Ma. Physical Commodities and the state of the Board in Ma. Physical Commodities and the state of the Board in Ma. Physical Commodities and the state of the Board in March 1988 and 1988

ALMALY SUBCOMMETTER, Chemicale Cooperative Committee, New Materials, Minerals, and Estale Committee, advancy Commission, Council of Newtonal Defense.—Formed about May 1937, and in Horseber became the Alkali Committee of the Chemical Allahance, Inc. Punctions: To handle matters pertaining to alkalise for the Committee. Records: Note of them were transferred to the Chemical Allahance, but a few are scattered among the records of the Council and of the War Industrian Board in Mi.

ALLIED BLOCKADE COLMITTEE. - Established at London on March 15, 1918, under a plan to meat once each week. Consisted of a single reprasantative each from Great Britain, France, Italy, and the United States. Leverton Harris served as Chairman, while L. P. Sheldon became the first American representative. The Committee eperated through saverel subcommittees. During the war it was under the Suprema War Council; after the war it became the Blockade Section er Bleckade Control Section of the Supreme Economic Council. At this later period, Vance C. McCormick became the representative from the United States and Chairman of the Section. The Committee adjourned sine die July 15, 1919. apparently also known as the allied Blockade Council and the Superior Blockade Council. Functions: Te supervise, under instructions from the respective home governments, blockade questions in general and problems dealing with the northern neutrals in particular; to cooperate with and advise the British Contraband Committee; and to receive reports from the local joint trade committees in the capitals of the neutral countries. Recordes Minutes of its meatings are in the Stata Department. References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1918, supp. 1, vol. 2, p. 974-980, 981-996, 998-1005; H. W. V. Temperley, ed., A History of the Page Conference of Farts, vol. 1, p. 298, 299, 505 (London, 1920); James A. Salter, Allied Shipping Control, diagram opp. p. 242. (Oxford, 1921).

ALLIED BLOCKADE COUNCIL .- See ALLIED BLOCKADE COMMITTEE.

ALLIED COAL MISSION.—See COAL MISSION, American Relief Administration.

ALLIED GOVERNMENTS AND MISCELLANGOUS FURCHASERS SECTION, Coordination

of Purchase Livideon, Food Administration,—Organized in November 1977, terminated in the summer of 1919, Cooperated with the Allied Provisions Export Considerion and the New Trade Board. Functions: To arrange or relate Organizations, and the land new termination of the control of the contro purchase approvals, statements to the Allied Purchasing Commission of food requirements, and an order register of the Commission. Related records are in the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace.

ALLIED MARITIME TRANSPORT COUNCIL. -- Created as a result of a recommendation of the Committee on Importation and Maritime Transport of the Interallied Conference, which met at Paris November 29 to December 3, 1917. First meeting held in February and organization completed by March 1918. Consisted of two members each from the ministries of Great Britain, France, and Italy, and two representatives from the United States. The American delegates were Raymond B. Stevens, Vice Chairman of the Shipping Board, appointed February 1, 1918, and George Rublee, appointed July 27, 1918. The Council, with headquartere at London, met about every two months. Each of the four countries represented had a permanent staff of employees at London. Operating under the Council were four national divisions, the division for the United States being known either as the American Section (q. v.) or the American Shipping Mission. In addition there was a Main Committee, otherwise known as the Allied Maritime Transport Executive (q. v.), under which were subcommitteee dealing with tonnage, importe, and statistice. On April 7, 1919, the work and personnel of the Council were taken over by the Supreme Economic Council. Functions: To investigate generally problems connected with shipping necessary supplies to the Allied and Associated Powers; to determine the relative importance of the material desired; to plan a well-balanced importation program; to eliminate competition; and to make recommendations based upon ite finding to the Allied Governments. Interallied Programme Committees (q. v.) were formed to supply the Council with statistical information. Records: Whereabouts unknown. Printed minutes of the four sessions of the Council held during the war, together with related papers, are among the records of the Council of National Defense in NA. Referencee: Allied Maritime Transport Council, [Report of the] Allied Maritime Transport Council ([London] 1918); James A. Salter, Allied Shipping Control, 151-243, 295-344 (Oxford, 1921); Dwight W. Morrow, The Society of Free Statee, 104-113 (New York [1919]); State Department, Foreign Relations, 1917, supp. 2, vol. 1, p. 420-423; 1918, supp. 1, vol. 1,

ALLIED MARITME TRANSPORT EXECUTIVE, Allied Maritime Transport Council. Established early in 1918 and placed under the jurisdiction of the Allied Maritime Transport Council. The first American representative on the Executive was George Rubles. Committees of the Council charged with functions relating to townage, importe, and etatistics were, in reality, subcommittees serving the Executive. The American representatives on these committees were, respectively, Lawrence Shearman, Dwight Morrow, and J. A. Field. The Shipping Intelligence Section of the British Minietry of Shipping, which maintained a record of the movements and cargoos of ships, was also placed under the jurisdiction of the Executive. When the Allied Maritime Transport Council terminated in April 1919, the work of the Executive like that of the Council was placed under the Supreme Economic Council. Known also as the Main Executive Committee. Functione: To carry out work detailed by the Council in regard to planning shipping programe and to maintain contact with the respective Allied Governments. Its authority was supreme at all times except when the Council itself was in session. After the war it appears to have served as the only existing interallied body dealing with enemy tonnage. It collected data and made recommendations concerning the allocation of seized enemy ships. Records: Five dockets concerning postwar records and

minutes of the Executive are with the papers of the United States Shipping Board in the Waritime Commission. See also ALLED WARI-TRANSPORT COUNCIL. References: James A. Salter, Allied Shipping Control, 177-180, 229-250, 289-300 (Oxford, 1921).

LIED NAVAL COUNCIL.—In actual existence from the beginning of the war, but not officially organized until November 29, 1917. Orew out of conferences held in London and Paris by high ranking mayal officers of the Allied Powers. Admirat William S. Sims first atwended these conferences, as the representative of the United States 1807. In April 1917. The Council contamonated by the United States 1807. In April 1917. The Council contamonated policy and logistics 1807. The Council contamonated policy and logistics of the officer of the Allied Naval Porces; and to formulate common plans of action. Records: Whereabouts unknown. Material relating to the perticipation of Admiral Sims in the affairs of the Council can be found in the records of the United States Naval Forces Operating in European Waters in the Office of Naval Records and Library, Navy Department. References William S. Sins and Burton J. Hendrick, the Victory et Sea, 256-257 (Garden City, N. Y., 1920); Tracy B. Kittredge, Naval Lessons of the Great Var, 195 (Garden City, N. Y., 1932).

LLIED PROVISIONS EXPORT COMMISSION. -- See INTERALLIED MEATS AND FATS EMEDITIVE.

LLIED PURCHASING COMMISSION .- In August 1917 by identical agreements between the United States and each of the several Allies, the Allied Purchasing Commission (not to be confused with the Interallied Purchasing Commission) was created. In accordance with the same agraements it consisted of the following leading members of the War Industries Board; Barnard M. Baruch, Robert S. Lovett, and Robert S. Brookings. Financed by the Allies, the Commission maintained a permanent staff but depanded upon the War Industries Board, the Council of National Defanse, and the Food Aministration for much expert and clerical assistance. Bernard M. Baruch, Chairman. functions: To act as a clearinghouse between the purchasing missions of the Allies on the one hand and, on the other, such agencies as the War Industries Board, the Treasury Department, and the War Department. It obtained etatements of requirements and applications for commodities from the Allies, transmitted information to them concerning prices, sources, and shipping facilities for the articles eought, and kept the Treasury Department informed of the financial aspects of Allied purchasing. Records: 1917-19 (55 feet) in NA. spects of meetings, correspondence, applications for purchases with related papers, records of contracts, and much statistical data. References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1917, supp. 2. Vol. 1, p. 548, 565-568.

ALLIEM PALISMS WISSION.—The establishment of this interallied accors was approved farch 7, 1919, by the Suprese War Conneil, and it was man approved farch 7, 1919, by the Suprese War Conneil, and it was not boundard in September 1929. Mardican Amy officers headed the Mission, first, Lt. Col. Wh. B. Ryan, and, later, Lt. Col. W. B. Causey. Punctions: 10 expedite the newscent of railer supplies to Caschoslovakia and corsan Assistant Alas to exercise general supervision over and to add in the distribution of the available cold suppear as the supervision for the supervision in the supervision over a supervision over a supervision over a supervision over the supervision of t

- War and Reconstruction Period, 134 (Stanford University, 1931); American Relief Administration, <u>Bulletin</u> No. 16, p. 11-13 (July 4, 1919).
- ALLIED RELATIONS SECTION, External Relations Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Gensral Staff, War Department.—Eetablished by Supply Circular No. 86, September 5, 1918, and transferred with the Branch to the Administrative Branch of the Division about March 13, 1919. After February 28, 1919, known as the Foreign Relations Section. Functions: To maintain relations and conduct negotiations relative to Army supplies with representatives of Allied governments. After February 28, 1919, these functions were expanded to include relations with representatives of foreign governments. Records: Whereaboute unknown.
- ALLIED RUBBER COLMITTEE. See INTERALLIED MUNITIONS COUNCIL.
- ALLOCATION AND ASSIGNMENT SECTION, Traffic Department; Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See ALLOCATION DEPARTMENT.
- ALLOCATION COMMITTEE, Operatione Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See ALLOCATION DEPARTMENT.
- ALLOCATION DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Flect Corporation.—Established in June 1919 when the trades function was separated from the Tradee and Allocations Department. When the Traffic Department was established on February 1, 1920, the functions of the Allocation Department were assumed by one of its sections called the Allocation and Assignment Section. On December 1, 1920, the name of this Section was changed to Allocation Section. Functions: To perform the executive work of the Allocation Committee, which included the Managers of the Allocation, Shipping Trades, Psrsonnel, Cometruction and Repair, Contract, Assignment, and Coal Export Departments; and to supervies the allocation of tonnags to the various tradee. Records: 1919-20 (10 feet) in NA. Correspondence, memoranda, and reports pertaining to the allocation, withdrawal, and diversion of Shipping Board vsessels.
- ALLOCATION, RELEASE, AND TRANSFER SECTION, Vessel Operation Branch, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief'e Offics, War Department.—Ses VESSEL OPERATION BRANCH.
- ALLOCATION SECTION, Traffic Department, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See ALLOCATION DEPARTMENT.
- ALIOTMENT AND ALLOWANCE ENVISION, War Risk Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department.—Authorized to be established in the Division of Military and Naval Insurance by the "Organization Chart and Organization Nemoranda" of August 20, 1918. Under the direction of a Deputy Cornissioner of Military and Naval Insurance. Terminated on August 9, 1921. <u>Functions:</u> To administer the provisions of an act of October 6, 1917, providing for compulsory and voluntary allottents of pay and for allowances by the Covernment for the support of dependents of men in the armed forces. <u>Records:</u> In the Veterans' Administration.
- ALIGNERIT AND DISTRIBUTION OF MANY FUEL SECTION, Logisties and Fuel Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.--In existence from 1917 to 1920. Punctions: To arrange for allotments

of the Navy'e fuel supply among the various producers. Records: Probably dispersed among the general files of the Bureau in NA.

ALLOTMENT AND WAR RISK INSURANCE INVISION, Supplies and Accounts Bureau. Nawy Department.—See ALLOTMENT INVISION.

ALLOTMENT DIVISION, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department .-Organized on March 1, 1918. Composed of several Sections taken over from the Disbureing Division, as follows: Allotment, Retainer Pay, War Risk Insurance, and Liberty Loans. The Allotment Division was abolished and its sections were returned to the Disbursing Division on January 1, 1919. It was also known as the Allotment and War Risk Insurance Division. Functions: To "register" and examins allotments and war risk insurance applications and, in general, to act as a service unit for men of the Navy in obtaining benefits of laws administered by the War Risk Insurance Bureau of the Treasury Department. Records: Those relating to allotments and war risk insurance were transferred to the War Rick Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department, in April 1919, and are now in the Veterans' Administration. Approximately 3 feet of correspondence and administrative records of this Division are filed with records of the Supplies and Accounts Bureau in NA. References: Supplies and Accounts Bureau, "Historical Record of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts . . . 1917-18" ([19197]. Nanuscript in the Office of Naval Records and Library): Navy Department, Annual Report, 1918. p. 129-130.

ALIGNIZET SECTION, Operating Notation, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, havy Department.—In existence in the Rebureing Division prior to October 6, 1917. It became a part of the Allousent Division on March 1, 1919, and was recetablished in the Disbursing Division on Amnury 1, 1919. The activities relating to the allousent and allowance program of the Bureau of Ram field Insurance were abundoned by April 1, 1919. Punctions: At first to facilitate volumerry allouente or pay by Kawy personnel for the support of dependents. The activities of the Section were greatly expanded, however, upon the passage of an act of October 6, 1917, which provided for compulsory allotants and for allowances for the support of dependent of the in the area forces, under the administration of the War Pick K incurrons Bureau, Treasury Department. Records: Transaction of the April 1919, and now in the Veterance's Administration of the April 1919, and now in the Veterance's Administration of the Control of the Pick Control

ALLOTMENTS BRANCH, PERSONAL DEPOSITS AND, Central Diebursing Division, Quartenmaster General's Office, Har Department. -- See FERSONAL DEPOSITS AND ALLOTMENTS BRANCH.

ALLOYS SECTION, RARE METALS AND, Mineral Technology Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department, See MINERAL TECHNOLOGY HIVISION.

ALIOTS SUBCOMITYES, Steel and Steel Products Cooperative Committee, Are Materials, Kinerals, and Medials Constitue, Advincey Constituen, Council of National Defense,—Appointed on April 26, 1917, at enesting of leading steel meanshetwere. In May 1 because a subresponse of the Armine of the Armine Medial Properties of the Punctions: To coupering the importing and production of ferromanganese. Provide: Some say be soong those of the Council and of the Nat Thubstries Decard in Ma. ALUMINUM AND MESS EQUIPMENT SECTION, Equipment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created in 1917, and became the Mess Equipment and Metal Equipment Branch, Equipment Section, Procurement Division, on January 14, 1918. <u>Functions</u>: To procure mess equipment manufactured from tin or aluminum, such as knives, forks, spoons, canteens, cups, and meat cans. <u>Records</u>: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

ALUMINUM COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—
Formed at the request of the Chairman of the Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee on April 7, 1917. Discontinued after aluminum was placed under price control on March 5, 1918. Functions: To provide expert information concerning aluminum. Records: Some may be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.

ALUMINUM MESS BRANCH, STEEL HELMETS AND, Inspection Section, Equipment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See IN-SPECTION SECTION.

AMERICAN COUNTSSION TO NEGOTIATE PEACE .-- Consisted of the Commissioners Plenipotentiary of the United States and their supporting staffs at the Peace Conference at Paris, 1918-19. There were five Commissioners Plenipotentiary: President Wilson, Secretary of State Lansing, Henry White, Col. Edward M. House, and Gen. Tasker H. Bliss. On May 1, 1919, the Commission included a Secretariat (61 persons), a group of Technical Advisors (51 persons), a Division of Territorial, Economic, and Political Intelligence (19 persons, mostly transferred from The Inquiry), and a group of Administrative Officers (18 persons). Existed from December 1918 to December 1919. Functions: In concert with the Allied and Associated Powers, to negotiate peace with the Central Powers on behalf of the United States. Records: Consist of 537 bound volumes (180 feet) in the State Department. The Division of Research and Publications of that Department has been editing these records since 1939 for publication in a number of volumes as supplements to the Foreign Relations series. Of the so-called "Black Book" and "ked Book" (map-illustrated compilations of proposed solutions of conference problems, the former dealing mainly with European problems, the latter with colonial problems) there is a virtually complete copy of each at the American Geographical Society of New York. One copy of the Black Book was presented to Lloyd George at his request in 1919. (The Black Book was published under the title "Outline of Tentative Report and Recommendations Prepared by the Intelligence Section, in Accordance with Instructions, for the President and the Plenipotentiaries," as Document 246 in Hunter Hiller, My Diary, vol. 4, p. 209-281.) Other Document 246 in Hunter Eiller, My Diary, vol. 4, p. 209-281.) Oth related records are among the Hunter Eiller papers in the custody of the Council on Foreign Relations in New York, the Edward M. House papers at Yale University, and the Robert Lansing, Woodrow Wilson, Tasker H. Bliss, and Kenry White papers in the Division of Manuscripts of the Library of Congress. <u>References</u>: Paris Peace Conference, <u>American Commission to Negotiate Peace; Composition and</u> Functions, Paris, May 1, 1919 ([Paris, 1919]), Conférence des préliminaires de maix; composition et fonctionnement, ler avril 1919, p. 3-8 ([Faris, 1919]), and Fonctionnement de la Conference, ler actobre 1919 ([Paris, 1919]); Edward E. House and Charles Seymour, eds., What Really Exprend at Paris; the Story of the Peace Conference, 1918-1919, by American Delegates (New York, 1921); David Hunter Hiller, Ty Diary at the Conference of Paris, With Documents

(New York, 1924. 21 vols. and case of maps); James T. Shotwell, At the Paris Peaca Conference (New York, 1937); Paul Birdsali, Vermailles Twenty Fears After (New York, 1941).

AMERICAN NATIONAL FED CROSS WAR COUNCIL .-- A body of seven members appointed by President Wilson on Pay 10, 1917. Henry P. Davison served as Chairman. The Council received from the Executive Committee of the American National Red Cross full power over all Red Cross matters arising out of the war. Its work was divided among the following Departments: Military Relief, Civilian Relief, Mursing, Devalopment, law and International Relations, Supplies, Publicity, Foreign Relief, Accounts, and Personnel. Each department had several bureaus, The Council was assisted by the Women's Advisory Conmittee, the National Cormittee on Red Cross Medical Service, the National Committee on Red Cross Mursing Service, the Committee on Cooperation, and the Insurance Advisory Corrittee, It established 14 field divisions, including one in Alaska. Its work terminated on March 1, 1919, when the Central Committee of the American National Red Croes resumed control of all relief activities, Functions: To handle problems of civilian and military relief during the period of the war emergency; to raise funds for such relief; and to cooperate with both the Executive and the Central committees of the American National Red Cross. Records: In the headquarters of the American National Red Cross, Manual Reports, 1918-20; Henry P, Davison, The American Red Cross, Annual Reports, 1918-20; Henry P, Davison, The American Red Cross in the Great War (New York, 1920).

AMERICAN ORDNANCE BASE DEPOT IN FRANCE DIVISION, Ownnance Chief's Office, Wer Department, -- See AMERICAN ORDNANCE BASE DEPOT SECTION, Supply Division,

AMERICAN ORMANCE BASE DEPOT SECTION, Supply Division, Ordenace Chief's Office, Nar Department, "Originated as the Division of the American Ordenace Bases Depot in France, established by Office Order No. 47 of September 10, 1917. As of Annuary 10, 1913, it operated through the following Departments: Administration, Relocating, Fower and Construction, Shops, Stores, and Mitthery. The Division was abolished by Office Order No. 160 of March 6, 1918, and its functions and personnel were assigned to the American Construction. Euncidium that the second production of the s

AMERICAN PROTECTIVE LEAGUE SUBSECTION, LIAISON WITH THE, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—See LIAISON WITH THE AMERICAN PROTECTIVE LEAGUE SUBSECTION.

ARRECOM NEMPHERS CORMITTEE, —A body of five members appointed by the Food Administrator pursuant to an agreement of October 1, 1977, made between the Food Administrator and the sugar refiners of the finited States to cover the distribution of curser. For Cormittee was continued by a further agreement of October 22, 1918, which was to remain an effect until Bounder 31, 1919, Bunchings To arrange for the man of the sugar the sugar that the sugar and the sugar that the sugar sugar that the sugar sugar that the sugar sugar that the committee, correspondence, and a report on sugar distributed. References when a sugar production of the sugar industry in the limited States, passed (for York, 1920).

12

AMERICAN RELIEF ADMINISTRATION .- Established by Executive Order No. 3035B, February 24, 1919, in pursuance of an act approved the following day entitled "An act providing for the relief of such populations in Europe, and countries contiguous thereto, outside of Germany, German-Austria, Humgary, Bulgaria, and Turkey, as may be determined upon by the President as necessary." This act allocated a sum of \$100,000,000 for the purpose indicated. In addition, the American Relief Administration "mandled relief furnished from United States Treasury loans direct to certain of the newly established governments, supplies furnished from the President's National Security and Defense Fund and certain relief furnished against cash payment." Its central office was established first in Paris (through September 1919) and then in New York. It maintained branch offices in a number of European cities. Some of these offices were maintained jointly with the Grain Corporation, which handled the purchase, transportation, and sometimes even the distribution of foodstuffs for relief. The programs of the Relief Administration were cleared through the Food Section of the Supreme Economic Council. As a Government agency, the Relief Administration came to an end with the signing of the Treaty of Versailles on June 28, 1919, but it continued as an unofficial agency at the request of the countries affected by its mork and with the approval of the President. It was incorporated on May 27, 1921, under the laws of the State of New York. By Executive Order No. 3601, December 24, 1921, it became the distributing agency for the new Purchasing Commission for Russian Relief. Liquidation began the latter part of 1923. Herbert Hoover, Director General. Functions: As indicated in the title of the act of February 25, 1919, given above. Also, later, to grant some food relief to the enemy countries. Records: 1919-24 (52 feet) in NA. Include financial papers, correspondence, and the administrative records of some of the missions. Most of the records, however, are in the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace, Stanford University. References: Frank W. Surface and Raymond L. Bland, American Food in the World War and Reconstruction Period, passim and, for bibliography, 994-998 (Stanford University, 1931); Nina Almond and Harold H. Fisher, Special Collections in the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace, 13-16 (Stanford University, 1940).

AMERICAN FELIEF ADDIDISTRATION EUROPEAN CHILDREN'S FUND .- Originated as the Children's Relief Bureau, which was organized in the Paris office of the American Relief Administration by the end of February 1919. When the official status of the Relief Administration disappeared with the signing of the Versailles Treaty, the work of the Children's Relief Burcau was carried forward (after August 1, 1919) by the new voluntary private organization established under the laws of the State of New York as the American Relief Administration European Children's Fund. This organization "assumed responsibility for the distribution of the remaining food supplies donated from the Congressional appropriation [of February 25, 1919] and the President's National Security and Defense Fund." It maintained headquarters in New York, a branch office in London, and field missions; and it supervised the American Relief Administration Warehouses. Liquidation began in 1924. Functions: To carry on, often with the same personnel, the work of child feeding in Europe as it was discontinued by the American Relief Administration and the Grain Corporation. Records: In the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace, Stanford University. References: Frank M. Surface and Paymond L. Bland, American Food in the World War and Reconstruction Period, 73-77 (Stanford University, 1931).

AMERICAN ELLIEF AMUNISTRATION MARKHOUSES,—Scatablished in Lenuary 1930 under the insectiste supervision of the American Relief Administration Ruropean Children's Pund, with headquarters in New York, There were 64 branch warshouses in Csechoslovakia, Poland, Germany, Amagary, and Austrias. Idquidation began on August 1, 1931. Functiong: To hundle "all of the food and clothing recitance business and the bulk sale of commodities for Central Europe. This function was performed by means of food dwafts which, purchased in the United States, were honored at the Narchouses in Central Europe. Recurding Probably in the Hower Library on Wer, Revolution, and Peace, Stanford University. References: Primit M, Surface and Raymond L. Bland, American Food in the Norld War and Reconstruction Period, 90-96 (Stanford University, 1931).

AMERICAN SECTION, Allied Maritime Transport Council .- Directly under the orders of the State Department, the American Section, elso known as the American Shipping Mission in London, was headed by Raymond B. Stevens, appointed by President Wilson on February 1, 1918. The Section was financed by the President's National Security and Defense Fund until April 1, 1919, and thereafter by the Operations Existing of the Shipping Board Emergency Flest Corporation. In December 1918 part of the personnel of this Section was used by the Shipping Board in establishing an office in Paris. The London office of the Shipping Board took over the work of the American Section in June 1919. Functions: To serve es a point of contact be-tween the Allied Maritime Transport Council and Government agencies in Washington-especially the Planning and Statistics Division and the Shipping Control Committee of the Shipping Board and the Chartering Committee of the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporationand between the Council and the General Headquarters of the American Expeditionary Forces in France. Cooperated with essociated sections of the Council. Records: 1918-22 (9 feet) in MA. Include general files and individual ship files, consisting of general correspondence and copies of vessel logs, bills, charters, and agreements relating to the chertering, use, and redelivery of Scandina-vian, Finnish, and Dutch vessels by the United States. Also in Na among the Fuel Administration records is a folder of reports and articles relating to the work of the Section. References: James A. Salter, Allied Shipping Control, 151-242 (Oxford, 1921).

AMERICAN SECTION, Supress War Council. - The last of the national sections of the Supress War Council to be established at Versailles. Rended by the American military representative, Gen. Taker H. Bliss. It was divided into several counties and obsembles dealing with military topics. Panctiongs To obtain and enalyze statistical data relating to vertous phases of the war effort, and to promote cordial relations among the Allies. Records: Whereshouth unknown. References: State begartment, Corden Relations of the Initial States: Like Lenting Papers, vol. 2, p. 222 (Mashington, 1962).

AMERICAN SHIPPING MISSION. —See AMERICAN SECTION, Allied Waritime Transport Council.

ANNICANIZATICH HIVISICE, Education Eureau, Interior Department,— Organized in September 1918 through the consolidation of various aspects of the Americanization work of the Eureau of Education, absorbed the New York Extension Excision and the Imaginant Education Division of Emigraphs. In 1920 the Division of Learning the Department of the European Section 1920 the Division of Learning and the Department of the European Section 2020 the Division of Learning and the Department of the European Section 2020 the Division of Learning and the Department of Learning and Learning an served as a clearinghouse for information. The work was abandoned soon thereafter. Functions: To coordinate national forces working for the assimilation or Americanization of the foreign born, and to assist in organizing States and communities for the task. The Division cooperated with the Bureau of Naturalization, Labor Department, but confined its activities to that period in the naturalization process prior to the declaration of intention to become an American citizen. It issued a monthly periodical entitled Americanization. Records: Probably destroyed. Related records in NA include correspondence, reports, and other data (6 inches) in the files of the Commissioner of Education, 1918-20, and budget data, monthly reports, miscollaneous pamphlets, publicity material, and data on the "Americanization" program (4 feet) among the records of the Office of the Secretary of the Interior, 1918-20. References: Darrell H. Smith, The Bureau of Education, 39-41 (Baltimore, 1923).

AMERICANIZATION SECTION, Field Division, Council of National Defense.—
Organized on October 1, 1918, succeeding the Educational Propaganda
Department of the Woman's Committee. Probably terminated early in
1919. Headed by Martha E. Martin. Functions: To distribute "educational propaganda," especially that relating to Americanization
work. Records: Some are among those of the Council in NA, including copies of circular material.

- ANMONIA AND ICE SECTION, Collateral Commodities Division, Food Administration.—See COLLATERAL COMMODITIES DIVISION.
- AMMONIA CONTROL INTERDEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE.—See INTERDEPARTMENTAL AMMONIA CONTROL COMMITTEE.
- ALMONIA SUBCOMMITTEE, NITRATES AND, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—See NITRATES AND AMMONIA SUBCOMMITTEE.
- ANJUITION AND THENCH WARFARE BHANCH, ARTILLERY, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See ARTILLERY ANJUITION AND THENCH WARFARE BRANCH.
- ARMUNITION BRANCH, Small Arms Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on January 15, 1918.

 Functions: To handle purchases of armunition. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- AMMUNITION BRANCH, ARTILLERY, Design Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See ARTILLERY AMMUNITION BRANCH, Design Section.
- AMMUNITION BRANCH, ARTHLERY, Plant Facilities Section, Inspector of Ordnance Establishments, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.— See PLANT FACILITIES SECTION.
- ADMITTICE BRAICH, SMALL ARES AND, Ordnance Subdivision, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See OHNIANCE SUBDIVISION.
- AUGURITION COMMITTEE, SMALL ARD'S AND, General Limitions Board, Council of National Defense.—See SMALL ARDS AND AUGURITION COMMITTEE.

- AMMUNITION GROUP, SMALL ARMS, Gauge Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Mar Department. -- See GAUGE BRANCH.
- AMQUEITION INSPECTION SECTION, SHALL ARMS, Small Arms Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See SHALL ARMS ANNUMITION INSPECTION SECTION.
- AMMUNITION PROGRAMS, BOARD OF OFFICERS TO REVIEW ARTILLERY, Ordnancs Chief's Office, War Department.—See ARTILLERY AMMUNITION PROGRAMS, BOARD OF OFFICERS TO REVIEW.
- AMANITION SECTION, Production Ministon, Ordanes Chief's Office, New Department.—Created on January L., 1918. Later absorbed the Tree-Norfare Section. Abolished on October 23, 1918. <u>Punctions</u> To supervise and regulate the production of artillary amunition, shells and shrappel, haves and primers, band and rifle greenades, and drop bombs. <u>Records</u>: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- AMBUNITION SECTION, ARTILLER, Engineering Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. See ARTILLERY ADMINITION SECTION.
- AMMITICH SECTION, FOREINGS, ORNANCE, SHALL ARES, AND SHALL ARES, Finished Products Division, Mar Industrice Board,—See FOREINGS, ORNANCE, SHALL ARES, AND SHALL ARES ADMITTCH SECTION,
- AMARNITON STORME AND OVERSHALING SOARD, Ordnance Chief's Office, Far Peparkent.—Created on June 22, 1928, by Office Order No. 23, and it completed its business at its second meeting on June 23, Functions? To analyze the situation and present specific recommendations as to precedures in the matter of storage of scopted amountion, pending ballistic teste, and the subsequent overheading of the amountion should failure develop in lots tested at proving grounds. Exercise: Football with those of the Office in NA.
- AMAITICAL RESEARCH SECTION, Chemical Research Evicion (Offense), Mar Gs. Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Probably organized late in 1917. Transferred with the entire Mar Gas investigations to the Mar Department on Anne 27, 1918. Functions: to devide new methods of analyting caterials used in gas warraws, or the second of the second
- ANATORICAL ART DEPARTMENT, Army Medical Museum, Museum and Library Division, Surgeon Ceneral's Office, War Department. -- See ARMY MEDI-CAL MUSEUM.
- ANATORY COLUITIES, ledicine and Polated Sciences Division, National Research Council, ...Appointed in 1973. M. R. Dovaldson, the first Chairman, was succeeded in 1978 S.C. R. Slocked, and the 1978 the contribution of the Medicine and Related States that the contribution that Division was established to centralize all seasons all research activities. Punctions & Although established to promote research in anatomy, during the period of the war it arted in cooperation with the Anthropology Councities of the Council in the sabution of war problems. Propriets In the National Research Council.

- ANIMAL AND HAND DRAWN VEHICLES SECTION, Motors and Vehicles Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MOTORS AND VEHICLES BRANCH.
- ANIMAL-DRAWN TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—Established by Transportation Bulletin No. 20, May 6, 1919. Operated through Pack Transportation and Wagon Transportation Branches. Functions: To operate and manage animal transportation for the Army. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.
- ANIMAL FEEDING COMMITTEE, FROTEIN METABOLISM IN, Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fisheries Division, National Research Council.—See PROTEIN METABOLISM IN ANIMAL FEEDING COMMITTEE.
- ANIMAL HUSBANDRY DIVISION, Animal Industry Bureau, Agriculture Department.—A unit that originated with the appointment of an expert in animal husbandry in 1901. Established as an office in 1904, and given division status by order of the Secretary of Agriculture on January 1, 1910. Functions: During the war, to promote the production of pork, poultry, beef, mutton, and wool, and in 1917-18 to assist in the movement of cattle out of drought-stricken regions.

 Records: 1917-18 (7 feet) among general files of the Bureau in NA. Include records relating to the war pork-production campaign, the war poultry program, and drought relief work and to specialized war activities such as breeding mares and homing pigeons for the War Department.
 - ANIMAL INDUSTRY BUREAU, Agriculture Department.—Created by an act of May 29, 1884. Functions: During the war, as a result of an expansion of its regular activities, to inspect meat and dairy products for the War and Mavy Departments; to encourage the production of pork, poultry, beef, mutton, and wool; to conduct campaigns for the eradication of cattle ticks, hog cholera, and tuberculosis among livestock; to inspect veterinary biological products; to enforce quarantine regulations for the exclusion of contagion from abroad; and generally to combat animal diseases caused by germs or poisonous plants. Records: 1917-18 (71 feet) in NA. Include general files of the Bureau containing records of the Hog Cholera Control and Virus-Serum Control Offices and of the following Divisions: Weat Inspection, Field Inspection, Biochemic, Tick Eradication, Zoological, Tuberculosis Eradication, Pathological, Quarantine, and Animal Husbandry. Records of the Dairy Division, which became the Bureau of Dairy Industry in 1924, are in the files of that Bureau in NA. References: Ulysses G. Houck, The Bureau of Animal Industry (Washington, 1924); Fred W. Powell, The Bureau of Animal Industry (Baltimore, 1927).
 - NIDIAL DIDUSTRI COLLITTEE, Food Administration .- See MEAT DIVISIOI.
 - ANIMAL ISSUE AND INSPECTION BRANCH, Remount Division, Quarternaster General's Office, War Department.—See ANIMAL PURCHASE, ISSUE, AND SALES BRANCH.
 - ANTUAL PHYSIOLOGICAL CHRISTRY LABORATORY, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department.—Established in 1914. Functions: Under the Food Production Act and in cooperation with the Eureau of Fisheries, to investigate the canning of fish; to perfect a method for canning grayfish; to investigate the drying of fish; and to analyze meat

preparations and condensed or compressed soups for the Quarternaster General of the Army. <u>Necords:</u> Those for the war period are among the general files of the Chemistry Bureau in NA.

AUNAL FURNMASE, ISSUE, AND SAIRS BRANCH, Remount Division, Quartermester General's Office, War Department,—Established on December 12, 1918, with the Auston of the Anneal Issue and Inspection Branch and the Animal Furchering and Issue Branch (to which the Animal Furcharing Franch hand been attached in Huy). Functions: To requisition animals and issue them to organizations; to imspect permanent renount, auxiliary remount, and aximal embarization depots; to supervice and coordinate shipments of animals both in the United States and overseas; to handle matters relating to the purchass of horses and unless and their chipment to resount depote; and to cooperate with the Animal Husband's Division of the Agriculture Department in the treeding of suitable horses for the military service. Records: Trobably with those of the Office in R.

ANIMALS AND REMOUNT SERVICE ADVISORY COMPUTEE, PURCHASE OF PUBLIC, Statistice Division, Council of National Defence. —See Purchase OF PUBLIC ANIMALS AND REMOUNT SERVICE ADVISORY COMPUTEE,

ANTERGUTE COAL BUREAU, Distribution Division, Pual Administration,— Began in October 1977; terminated in February 1919, Functions; To control the distribution of antimactic coal among the States, Smoother, 1977-19 (104 feet) in NA. Correspondence, reports, ordere, and directlars.

ANTHRACITE SECTION, Gas Plants Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration, -- See GAS PLANTS BUREAU.

ANTEROPOLOGY COMMITTEE, Medicine and Related Sciences Division, National Research Council, -- Originated as an Anthropology Committee appointed in 1917, with W. H. Holmes as Chairman. In 1918 he was succeeded by Charles B. Davemport, and the Committee became a part of the newly created Medicine and Related Sciences Division. Soon afterwards, on the recommendation of the original Committee members, anthropological work was divided among the following three Committees: Anthropometry in the Army, Davemport, Chairman; Race in Relation to Diesase (Military Records), A. O. Love, Chairman; and Race in Relation to Disease (Civilian Records), F. L. Hoffman, Chairman, Davenport was also commissioned major in the Sanitary Corps of the Army in charge of anthropology and put in charge of the Anthropology Section in the Surgeon General's Office, War Department. In the peacetime organization of the Council, established in 1919, anthropological activities were assigned to the Anthropology and Psychology Division. Functions: , With the cooperation of the Anatomy Committee, the Committee etudied the physical and hygienic requirements for recruits, the standardization of measurements, the recording and organization of data for research purposes, and the provision of anthropological information required by the Government. The adoption of some of its recommendations resulted in improved methods of making physical examinations, revision of the Army phycical examination form to include data concerning color, occupation, and nationality, and a reduction of the minimum height requirement for the Army from 64 to 60 inches. Records: In the Estional Research Council.

ANTEROFOLOGY SUBSECTION, Medical Records Section, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department, -- See ISDICAL MSC-ORD SECTION.

- ANTHROPOLETRY IN THE ARMY COMMITTEE, Medicine and Related Sciences Division, National Research Council.—See ANTHROPOLOGY COMMITTEE.
- ANTI-AIRCRAFT SECTION, Carriage Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See MOBILE CARRIAGE SECTION, Engineering Division.
- ANTISUBMARINE DEVICES SPECIAL BOARD, Navy Department.—Established on May 11, 1917, by order of the Secretary of the Navy to coordinate the efforts of various groups already at work on submarine and antisubmarine devices. The Board at first consisted of three naval officers, the Commander of the Submarine Force being the senior officer. Representatives of the National Research Council, the General Electric Co., the Submarine Signal Co., and the Western Electric Co., the groups that had previously been most actively engaged in submarine investigations, were made advisory members of the Board. As the work progressed, the number of officers on the Board was increased and advisory members to represent other companies were added. After January 4, 1919, the work of the Board was continued under the supervision of the Steam Engineering Bureau, and on February 19 the Board was dissolved. Also referred to as the Submarine Board and the Special Board on Submarine Devices. Functions: The Board established headquarters at the Naval Submarine Base at New London, Conn., and there, at Nahant, Mass., and at other places, investigators working under its supervision examined devices submitted to it and conducted research in order to develop listening apparatus for the detection and accurate location of submarines. The investigations at New London expanded to the extent that a naval experimental station was soon established there. There, also, in July 1918 the Board organized the first class to train listeners to use the apparatus that had been developed. Records: Their whereabouts is unknown, but material about the Board may be found in NA in the records of the Secretary's Office and of the Engineering Bureau, Navy Department. References: Engineering Bureau, History of the Bureau of Engineering, Navy Department, During the World War, 47-73 (Washington, 1922); National Research Council, Annual Report, 1918, p. 34; Helen W. Fessenden, Fessenden, Builder of Tomorrows, ch. 24 (New York, 1940).
 - APPEAL SECTION, War Department Claims Board, War Department.—Established as the Board of Contract Adjustment in the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division of the General Staff by General Orders, No. 103, of November 6, 1918. Reorganized into the Appeal Section of the War Department Claims Board by General Orders, No. 40, of June 26, 1920. Dissolved by General Orders, No. 9, of February 28, 1922, effective the following day. Functions: To hear and determine all claims, doubts, or disputes, including questions of performance or nonperformance, that might arise under any contract made by the War Department. After it was merged into the War Department Claims Board, it continued to determine claims involving interpretation of contracts and also handled almost all cases arising under the Dent Act of March 2, 1919. Records: With those of the Board in NA.
 - APPEALS DIVISION, Provost Marshal General's Office, War Department.—Organized late in 1918. Discontinued by July 15, 1919. <u>Functions:</u> To make recommendations for the decision of selective service cases sent on appeal to the President. <u>Records:</u> With those of the Office in NA.
 - APPRAISAL AND CONDENNATION NAVAL BOARD, Navy Department.—See NAVY BOARD FOR COMMUNICEERING, Supplies and Accounts Bureau.

- APPRAISAL BOARD FOR MERCHANT AND PRIVATE VESSELS, Navy Department. --See MERCHANT AND PRIVATE VESSELS APPRAISAL BOARD
- AFFAISAL DEPAYMENT, Sales Bressa, Aliem Property Custodian.—Setablished in the latter part of August 1802 as a subdivision of the Sales Bureau and abolished along with that Bureau in 1920. Punclions: To have appraisals made of fixed physical assets of enemy properties to be sold, to prepare necessary statements therefrom, to make special analyses of the audits and appraisale, and to deternine the amount of deposits required to qualify prospective buyers to inspect and hid on properties. Records: The whereabouts of the second is whosen, but seem are in the file of the Corporation Namesquent Purishen of the Alien Property Castodian in Na.
- AFFAIRAL SECTION May Department Claims Scard, Mar Department,— Created as the Sear of adpendence by General Orders, No. 30, of April 1, 1918, Reorganized into the Appraisal Section of the Mar Department Claims Scard by Secret 10 Orders, No. 40, of June 26, 1920, Missolved by General Orders, No. 9, of February 28, 1922, effective the following day, Paricipens: To determine the proper compensation for property that was requisitioned or commandeered. Most of this work orntered around real estate problems involved in the location of cumps and cantornemts. After the passage of the Dent Act of March 2, 1919, all real estate chains and under it were handled by this office. Jurisdiction over claims for damage to or senting, or maintenance of the Larvy was transferred to the Chief of Manace by General Orders, No. 61, of December 23, 1921. Eggords: With those of the Board in Ma.
- APPRAISERS BOARD, War Department, -- See APPRAISAL SECTION, War Department Claims Board.
- ARBITRATION BOARD, New York Harbor Wage Adjustment Board, Shipping Board, -- See NEW YORK HARBOR WAGE ADJUSTMENT BOARD,
- ANGUITECTURAL AND STRUCTURAL BUXISION, Engineering and Purchasing Perpertuent, General Engineer Depot, office of the Cite of Engineer, flar Department.—Risisted on June 21, 1978. Forbred through four Sections, as follows: Design, Structural Steel, Specifications, and Purchasing. In accordance with Supply Circular No. 99, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, of October 22, 1978, its functione were transferred to the Nachtnery and Engineering Materials Division of Control of the Cite of Engineering and Purchasing Department, Records: Probably among those of the Office of the Cite of Engineers in Ra.
- ARCHITECTUPAL DIVISION, Newsing Corporation.—Organized in February 1708 in the Industrial Results and Transportation Bureau, Labor Repartment. Abolished on June 15, 1919. Emutions: In cooperation with the National News and Association, the Subpine Board Emergency of the Company of the Com

- building blueprints, personnel lists, maps of cities, topographic maps, and blueprints of sewer, gas, and water systems. Other records were transferred in 1937 to the Public Buildings Administration.
- ARCHITECTURAL WORK SECTION, Engineering Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Originally in the Engineering Branch, Cantonment Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Transferred to this Division upon its creation on March 13, 1918. Functions: To prepare plans and specifications for architectural work in connection with cantonments and other emergency construction. Records: In the War Department.
- ARMANENT DEPARTMENT, Production Division, Aircraft Production Bureau, War Department.—See PRODUCTION DIVISION.
- ARMAMENT SECTION, AIRCRAFT, Engineering Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See AIRCRAFT ARMAMENT SECTION.
- ARMED GUARD SECTION, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.—Established in the spring of 1917 and discontinued after the armistice.

 **Muctions:* To provide central administration of the armed guards supplied by the Navy Department on merchant vessels threatened by submarines. **Records:* 1917-19 (6 feet) in NA. Mimeographed copies of reports of commanding officers of armed guards on board vessels; expenditure reports, survey reports, and invoices; and correspondence of the Armed Guard Office at the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Co. Other records are probably in the Naval Operations Office. **References:* Navy Department, **Annual Reports,* 1917, p. 7; 1918, p. 30, 53; 1919, p. 503; Lewis P. Clephane, "History of the Naval Overseas Transportation Service in the World War," 16-19, and Ernest L. Bennett and Lewis P. Clephane, "History of the Training Division, Bureau of Navigation," 214-222 (1920. **Manuscripts in the Office of Naval Records and Library).
 - ARMOR AND PROJECTIVE PIANT SECTION, Yards and Docks Bureau, Navy Department.—Established in March 1917. Its functions today are performed by the Ordnance Shore Establishments Section. Functions: To have charge of the design and construction of facilities at the naval ordnance plant at South Charleston, W. Va. Records: Dispersed among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - ANDOR AND PROJECTILE SECTION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the outbreak of the war.

 Functions: To have charge of the procurement of armor and projectiles for the Navy; the construction and equipment of the naval ordnance plant at South Charleston, W. Va.; and the expension, construction, and equipment of the naval proving grounds. Records: In the Navy Department.
 - AFMOR COLDITTEE, HELLETS AND BODY, Metallurgy Section, Engineering Division, National Research Council.—See HELLETS AND BODY AFMOR COLDITTE.
 - AFMOR PLATE, COMMITTEE TO DEVELOP, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Appointed on July 18, 1918, and consisted of three civilians and one officer. Dissolved on January 4, 1919. <u>Functions:</u> To conduct experiments in connection with the manufacture of light armor plate, so that such plate might be readily produced in quantity by commercial methods. <u>Records:</u> Probably with those of the Office in Ma.

- ARIORED CAPS AND ROTOR TRUCKS CONSTITUTE, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense,—Authorized on April 5, 1917, and dissolved after the establishment of the War Industries Board on July 28, 1917. Pantions: To study and report on the motor transport situation. Pacords: Mbreachouts unbown.
- ARMS AND ALMUNITION COMMITTEE, SMALL, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense.—See SMALL ARMS AND ARMUNITION COMMITTEE.
- ANN SEMUCI, Small Arms Saction, Procurement Elvision, Ordnance Chief's Office, Ear Department.—Originated in the Rifle, Pistol, and Expenses and Salery Enraches were multed in 1918 to form the Sauchi. Pantions: To handle the purchase of small arms and side arms. <u>Paroctions</u>: To handle the purchase of the Office of Na.
- ARIS DIVISION, SMALL, Ordrance Chief's Office, War Department.—See SMALL ARIS DIVISION.
- ARS, MUNTIONS, AND ECUTHENT DOING, War Department, —Established by Special Orders, No. 268, November 19, 1916, in secondance with an act of June 3, 1916, Consisted of two civilians and three Army officers. Ool, Francis J. Kerman served as President. Its final report was transmitted to Congress by the Secretary of War on Annuary 3, 1917. Also called the Servine Beard, Pancisms: To investiging in the Overment canusacturing swam, smuticons, and equipment and the Overment canusacturing swam, smuticons, and equipment, and the Congress of Congres
- AND SECTION, SMALL, Procurement Division, Ordneros Chief's Office, War Department.—Ses SMALL AND SECTION, Procurement Division.
- AMES SECTION, SMALL, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department, See SMALL AMES SECTION, Production Division.
- ARMI SUB MAY ANTILERS SUBCOMMITTE, General Manitions Board, Council of National Defense, -Originated on April 19, 1917, under the Munitions Standards Board as the Counties on Mobile Artillery. Or April 26 its name was changed to Army and Nary Artillery Subcomittee. Terminated on September 20, 1917. Empidions: To work out problems of increasing his/erus foreign and macrificing capacity and to consult with Army and Nary Articials as to artillery needs and production. Records: Some are sonny those of the Council and of the May Industries Roard in NA, including its minutes and proceedings.
- AGIT AND MAYN PATRIC ROLLIN-Members appointed by the Secretaries of Mar and the Mary in Amery 71938 at the request of the Federal Frade Counties. In pursuance of an act of October 6 and Execution 27030, October 12, 1977. By February 1939 the Board had "actually finished its labors," although it presumed that it would "continue in existence technically writi the declaration of pages," No formal dissolution of the Board spears to have occurryd. Practions! To devise the Federal Trade Countssion regarding

applications for grants of patents on inventions, the publication of which might endanger the successful prosecution of the war; to advise the War and Navy Departments of applications for grants of patents on inventions that might be of aid to the United States in its prosecution of the war; and to supply needed Patent Office data to other Government agencies. Records: Whereabouts unknown. There is, however, a manuscript "Report of Army and Navy Patent Board," February 4, 1919, in the files of the Enemy Trade Division, Federal Trade Commission, in NA. References: W. Sabine, Legislation. Presidents' Proclamations, Executive Orders, and Other Measures in the United States. Together With the Policies Followed and Action Taken Thereumder During the War, Affecting Patents, Copyrights, and Trade-Marks (Feb. 15, 1919. Processed).

ARMY AND NAVY PROJECTILES SUBCOLLITTEE, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense.—Established on April 30, 1917; dissolved after the establishment of the War Industries Board on July 28, 1917.

Functions: To study and report to the General Munitions Board on the needs of the Army and Navy for projectiles, with the exception of fuzes and detonators, and on the production of projectiles.

Records: Whereabouts unknown.

ARMY MEDICAL MUSEUM, Museum and Library Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Established in 1862. Its work was divided among the following Departments: Anatomical Art, Entomology, Moving Picture, Pathology and Accessions, Still Photography, and Wax Modeling. After the reorganization that followed the armistice, the museum activities were conducted by the Army Medical Museum Section of the Infectious Diseases and Laboratories Division. Functions To collect and prepare for the museum specimens of pathological and other material illustrating the diseases of soldiers and the effects of wounds and various missiles on the human body. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

ARMY MEDICAL MUSEUM SECTION, Infectious Diseases and Laboratories Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See ARMY MEDICAL MUSEUM, Museum and Library Division.

ARMY, NAVY, AND MARTNE CORPS SECTION, Coordination of Purchase Division, Food Administration.—Organized in October 1917 to take over some of the work of the Committee on Supplies of the Council of National Defense. Discontinued early in 1919. Functions: With the assistance of the Food Purchase Board, to obtain food supplies for the Army, the Navy, and the Marine Corps. Records: 1917-19 (5 feet) in NA. Correspondence, requests for bids, a register of allotments, and copies of requisitions.

ARMY NURSE CORPS SECTION, Personnel Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Probably in existence before the war. For a time during the war it functioned as part of the Hospital Division, reverting to the Personnel Division upon the reorganization of the Office in November 1918. Functions: To handle matters relating to the administration of the Army Nurse Corps, including control of the appointment of personnel and assignments to stations. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

ARMY PROGRAM SUBSECTION, Supply Program Section, Purchase and Supply Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SUFPLY PROGRAM SECTION.

ARM HESENVE DEFOT SUBDIVISION, Demostic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Kar Peparisent,—Organized on November 1, 1918, On May 13, 1919, it was consolidated with the Space Allotanet Franch and the Warehouse Handling Detailed Franch into the Reserve Depot and Space Allotanet Franch of the Operations Control Division, Storage Service. Punctions: To operate Army receive depots. Pacords: Some ser arong these of the Quarternature Ceneral's Office in NA.

ADM RESERVE HIVISION, Adjutant General's Office, Mar Department.— Created on April 7, 1917, by direction of the Secretary of Mar. Abolished on May 28, 1918. Firetions: To additioner matters under the jurisdiction of The Adjutant General relating to the Officers' Reserve Orgrey; the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, the Emileted Reserve, and training camps. Records: In The Adjutant Ceneral's Office.

ARMI RESERVE OPERATING SECTICAL Reserve Depot and Space Alloteent Branch, Operations Control Division, Storage Service, Purchess and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Evision, General Stoff, War Department, —See PESSRVE DEPOT AND SPACE ALLOTEENT PRINCH.

ARM SCHOOL OF NUSHIG, Kaspital Livision, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—A plan for the establishment of this unit was approved by the Secretary of Nor on May 25, 1918, and the predisting organization of the central office was effected in June 1918. The first schools were started in July at the Walter Read General Respitals and the the base hospitals at Ganga Devens, Mada, Madgworth, and Sharwan. The unit was transferred to the Perconnel Division in Novaehor 1918. Puntioner: To provide a method of increasing the supply of nurses for military service by the use of student nurses. Exceptis Trobably with those of the Office in Na.

ARM SECTION, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, Cemeral Staff, Far Pengracents,—One of the four sections out of which gree the Branch, Operated through the following Subsections: Executive, Line, Perconque, Statistical, and Instruction. <u>Amedican</u>: To organize, instruct, and supervise the Negative Intelligence Series in the Army, and to protect the Army by the prevention and detection of emeny and disloyal activity among the military forces. <u>Recorder</u> in the General Staff, War Department.

ARM VEHICLES SUBCOMITTER, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defence.—Appointed in April 1917 and Later became a cuber of the National Implement and Vehicle Association. <u>Punctional</u> To bring about the quickest possible production of Army Wagone. <u>Records: Nereaboute unknown</u>

ASSEAL ALIMISTRATION SECTION, Administration Division, Ordanace Chief's Office, Far Peparitament, "Greated on January 14, 1915, by Ordanace Office Order No. 104, as a unit of the General Administration Durses (after May 25 homes as the Administration Durses) (after May 25 homes as the Administration Division).

Pencions To handle matters relative to exceed as military establishment, except questions of namericaturing and atorage and matters related thereto. **Records** Probably with those of the Office in Na.

- ARSENAL AND NAVY YARD WAGE COMMISSION.—Created on August 15, 1917.
 Franklin D. Roosevelt, Walter Lippman, and William Blackman, representing the Secretaries of the Navy, War, and Labor, respectively, were the original membere. The Commission held no regular meetings after September 1917, but functioned through informal conferences until its last wage award was made on November 1, 1918. Functions: To pass on wage questions arising in arsenals and navy yards and to maintain comparable wage rates in both types of establishments.

 Records: Whereabouts unknown. References: War Department, A Report of the Activities of the War Department in the Field of Industrial Relations During the War, 23-26 (Washington, 1919).
 - ARSEIAL FACILITIES HEQUIRED FOR WORK OF MANUFACTURE AND HEPAIR TO BE PERFORMED BY ORDINANCE DEPARTMENT, BOARD TO CONSIDER, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on November 4, 1918, consisting originally of four officers and one civilian. Several subordinate committees were organized from time to time to investigate and report upon various phases of its work. After completing its work and submitting its report, the Board was dissolved on December 23, 1918. Functions: To consider the subject of the arsenal facilities required for the work of manufacture and repair that should be directly performed by the Ordnance Department, and to prepare and submit a project showing the proposed distribution of the work, the capacity to be provided, and the number and locations of the arsenals proposed. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - ARSENAL REQUIREMENTS BRANCH, Plant Facilities Section, Inspector of Ordnance Establishments, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See PIANT FACILITIES SECTION.
 - ARSENIC SECTION, Collateral Commodities Division, Food Administration.—See COLLATERAL COMMODITIES DIVISION.
 - ARTIFICIAL DYES AND DITERMEDIATES SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—Formed about June 14, 1918, as the Artificial and Vegetable Dye Section. It became the Artificial Dyes and Intermediates Section about October 18, 1918, when supervision over vegetable dyes was transferred to the Tanning Materials and Natural Dyes Section. It was also known as the Artificial Dyes Section and as the Synthetic Dye and Intermediates Section. Discontinued on Docember 31, 1918. Functions: To encourage and regulate the activities of the manufacturers and importers of dyestuffs coming under its jurisdiction. Records: Among those of the Board in MA.
 - ARTILLERY AMMINITION AND THENCH WARFARE BRANCH, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Organized on April 25, 1918, taking over functions from the Projectile and Trench Warfare Section of the former Chm Division. Functioned through the following Groups: Control, Fuze, Operating, Projectile, Proof, and Trench Warfare. On November 11, 1918, it was reorganized into the following two Groups: Operating and Executive. Functions: To be responsible for inspection, promotion, acceptance, shipping, and progress reports for the manufacture (but not loading) of trench warfare material and bombs and of artillery ammunition, including projectiles, fuzes, primers, adapters, boosters and fuze setters, and cartridge cases. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - ARTILLERY AUGUSTICS AND THENCH WARFARE GROUP, Gauge Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See GAUGE BRANCH.

- ARTILIENT ABUNITION BRANCH, Design Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chis? Office, War Department.—Created Late in 1977; transferred with the Section to the Engineering Bureau by Gun Division Order No. 58 on January 17, 1918. <u>Punctions</u>: To design artillery projectiles, both mobils and descoast; to design instruction material; to prepare ballistics; to supply proving grounds with proof material; and to landis experimental work for the development of new and better material. <u>Records</u>: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- ARTILISRY AMMUNITION BRANCH, Plant Facilities Section, Inspector of Ordnance Establishments, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See FLANT FACILITIES SECTION.
- ARTHLER MAUNITION PROGRAMS, BOARD OF OFFICEDS TO REVIEW, Ordance Chief's Office, Mar Department.—Appointed on July 3, 1918. Originally consisted of six officers, but this number was later increased. Dissolved on December 6, 1918. Functions: To review the entire artillery armonation program by GHIBER and to subtair recommendations as to requirements, procurement, inspection, and production. Records: Probably with those of the Office is MA:
- ARTHLEM AMMENTION SECTION, Engineering Division, Ordanac Chief's Office, in Pepartsent.—Established on Manayr 19, 1918. Funcisions: To handle questions of a technical nature in connection with artillary semunition and its components, except applicative, powdar bage, and cartridge cases; to handle work in connection with scalellanceum naturals, anch as have estires, smoke both outflets, and target material; and to compile range tables and other ballicand target material; and to compile range tables and other ballicand by which there are the Office in Ms. of bundbooke. Magazing Probability with those of the Office in Ms.
- ARTILLERY BOARD, CATERPILIAR, Ordnance Chisf's Office, War Department. -- Ses CATERPILIAR ARTILLERY BOARD. .
 - ARTILLERY BOARD, FIELD, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. See FIELD ARTILLERY BOARD,
 - ARTILLERY BRANCH, Plant Facilities Section, Inspector of Ordnanca Establishments, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department,—See FLANT FACILITIES SECTION.
 - ARTILLERY CHIEF'S OFFICE, FIELD, War Department. See FIELD ARTILLERY CHIEF'S OFFICE.
 - ANTILIEST MVISION, Orderance Order's Office, Wer Department, -Organized on February 1, 1919. Functioned through the following Sections: Administration, Fire Control, Camoon, Railway and Sacosat Carriage, and Nobile Om Carriage, Functions: To destin, develop, procure, produce, and inspect camoon and carriages, including caterpillar and antisirratit; railway and secosat somety; reels, cate, and observation towers for field extillery; firing platforms and platform wagons; amunition care; fire control instruments, and scossories and containers pertaining to the above. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Mr.
 - ARTILLERY PROGRAMS, BOARD OF OFFICERS TO FEVIEW, Orchance Chief's Office, War Department.—Appointed on June 1, 1998. Dissolved on November 6, 1918. <u>Functions</u>: To review the entire settillery program with reference to the problem of requirements, and to submit

recommendations as to requirements, procurement, inspection, and production, the general policy being to provide at least two sources of supply for important artillery components wherever practicable.

Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

ARTILLERY SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Organized on January 15, 1918, by the consolidation of the Procurement Branches of the Field Artillery, Anti-Aircraft, and Seacoast Sections of the Carriage Division, and the Procurement Branch, Cannon Section, Gum Division, together with one procurement function of the Small Arms Division. Operated through the Cannon, Carriage, and Miscellaneous Branches. Abolished on January 31, 1919.

Functions: To handle the purchase of field, seacoast, and antiaircraft cannon, complete with gums, mounts, carriages, and accessory equipment, instruments, and spare parts; and to handle the purchase of optical instruments requiring glass. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

ARTILLERY SECTION, FIELD, Carriage Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See MOBILE CARRIAGE SECTION, Engineering Division.

ARTILLERY SUBCOMMITTEE, ARMY AND NAVY, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense.—See ARMY AND NAVY ARTILLERY SUBCOMMITTEE.

ARTILLERY TRACTOR BRANCH, Motor Equipment Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established about September 5, 1918, taking over some of the functions of the Tanks and Tractors Branches of this Section. <u>Functions</u>: To procure artillery tractors for the Ordnance Department. <u>Records</u>: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

ASBESTOS AND MAGNESIA SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—Formed on April 6, 1918; discontinued on Decembor 31, 1918.

Functions: To survey the total available production and stock on hand of asbestos and magnesia, and to take steps to remedy shortages thus revealed in order that the requirements of military, naval, and civiltan consumers might be met. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.

ASBESTOS, MAGNESIA, AND ROOFING COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Created in June and dissolved in November 1917.

<u>Functions</u>: To advise as to conditions in the industries concerned.

<u>Records</u>: Some may be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.

ASSIGNMENT DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Organized in January 1919; combined in February 1920 with the Allocation Department to become the Allocation and Assignment Section of the new Traffic Department. On December 1, 1920, this Section was discontinued and the assignment activities were assumed by the Allocation Section. Functions: To recommend the allocation of vessels to the various trades and to assign vessels to canagers or operators. Records: 1918-26 (1/4 fect) in NA. Reports, with related correspondence, pertaining to the financial standing, operations, management experience, personnel, trades, vessels, and equipment of managers and operators.

ASSIGNMENTS COMMITTEE, Shipping Board.—Organized in accordance with a Shipping Board resolution adopted on April 6, 1918. Consisted of three commissioners appointed by the Chairman. The resolution

was assended on April 18 to premit the Director of Operations to make assignments of vessels in cases where a delay would be impracticable and to get the approval of the Assignments Committee there-after. Another reconstitution of all gradients of the Assignments of the Assignments Committee the Assignments of the Assignments Committee. Purchased the Assignments Committee, Durchased the Assignments Committee. Purchase To supervise and approve assignments Committee. Purchase To supervise and approve and assignment of vessels to steamed occupants for emagement and operation. Becords; Probably in the kartises Commission. Pediations of the Committee are recorded in the "Minutes of Proceedings" of the Studying Roard in N.

ASSIGNMENTS DIVISION, Shipping Board. -- See ASSIGNMENTS COMMITTES.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY'S OFFICE, War Department. -- Created prior to the outbreak of the war. The incurbent was also appointed Director of Munitions on November 11, 1917. Punctions: To have general charge of Department administration and, as Director of Munitions, to be responsible for procuring and runnishing the Army in the field with the materials required for its military operations (except those required for the Air Service), which were handled by the Second Assistant as Director of the Air Service). Becords: In the War Department.

ASTRONOMY COUNTYPES, Physics, Mathematics, Astronomy, and Geophysics, Rivision, National Research Council, —Japonined in 5917 under the challmanning of Edward G. Pickering. Became a part of the Division when it was organized in 1926. Punctions: To conduct research and advise on matters relating to autronomy and its application to matter problems. Records: In the National Research Council

ASTROMENICAL DESENVATORY, Settheontan Institution, Databilished about 1890. Punctions: To meet carrie the war the requirements of certain forestronic agencies by conducting the research necessary to the solution of problems of a highly specialised scientific character, especially as they related to mathematics, physics, and astrophysics. Records: In the Astrophysical Observatory. The records of the Observatory relating to its war activities include those of investigations pertaining to [1] the pressure exercted by projectiles; (2) experiments on searchlights, especially as to the spectral distribution of light; (3) as tend for determining generating the state of the section of the continuing constituent without reference to Landauxiy; (1) experiments of the continuing the section of the continuing continuing the properties. Setalet defends, especially completed reports, are in the Offices of the Criter of Engineers, the Criter State of Contact, when the parameter, the Criter State of Contact, when the parameter.

Armistic Division, Testaing Comp Activities Commission, War Department.—Organized at the first meeting of the Countesion on April 26, 1977. Punctions: To have charge of recreational games in the various charge, Divisical exhection instruction, and instruction in boxing and various methods of hand-to-hand fighting. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

ATHLETIC EQUIPMENT SECTION, Mess, Camp, and Personal Equipment Branch, General Supplies Division, Aurobase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department, —See MESS, CAMP, AUD PRESONAL EQUIPMENT SEARCH.

- ATHLETIC GOODS AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS SECTION, General Supplies
 Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See GENERAL SUPPLIES
 BRANCH.
- ATHLETIC SUPPLIES SECTION, Hardware, Cordage, and Miscellaneous Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See HARDWARE, CORDAGE, AND MISCELLANEOUS BRANCH.
- ATHLETICS DIVISION, Training Camp Activities Commission, Navy Department.—See TRAINING CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION.
- AUDITING DEPARTMENT, Milling Division, Food Administration.—Organized in September 1917. When the Milling Division was abolished in July 1918, the auditing of milling cost reports was continued by the Gereal Enforcement Section of the Enforcement Division. Functions: To audit jobbers' and retailers' cost reports. Records: 1917-18 (31 feet) in NA. Reports from mills that operated jobbing departments, accounting records, personnel papers, correspondence, and other records.
- AUDITOR FOR THE NAVY DEPARTMENT, Treasury Department.—Created in 1817 and abolished in 1921, when the functions of the six Auditors of the Department were transferred to the newly created General Accounting Office. Functions: To review and settle all accounts of the Navy Department. Records: In the General Accounting Office.
- AUDITOR FOR THE WAR DEPARTMENT, Treasury Department.—Created in 1817 and abolished in 1921, when the functions of the Auditors were transferred to the General Accounting Office. During the war there was an Assistant Auditor with offices in Paris. Functions: To receive and settle all accounts and claims of the War Department and Military Establishment and of The Panama Cenal. Accounts relating to the Military Establishment abroad were handled by the Assistant Auditor. Records: In the General Accounting Office.
- AUTOMATIC TRAIN CONTROL COMMITTEE, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Created on January 14, 1919, and abolished on Warch 1, 1920. Functions: To make a study of and report on automatic train control devices undergoing tests or available for tests on various railroads. Records: 1919-20 (8 feet) in NA. Include inspection files, copies of letters sent, and a general subject file.
- AUTOMOBILE AND BICYCLE ACCESSORIES SECTION, Hardware, Cordage, and Miscellaneous Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See HARDWARE, CORDAGE, AND MISCELLANEOUS BRANCH.
- AUTOMOTIVE AND TRANSPORT MACHINERY SECTION, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See CIVIL AND MECHANICAL DIVISION.
- AUTOCOTIVE PRODUCTS SECTION, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—The Automotive Transport Committee, a cooperative

committee of the Advisory Commission of the Commil of National Define, was organized on June 4, 1917, as a charmel of communication between the representation of the Commission of the Commissi

AUTOMOTIVE TRANSPORT COMMITTEE, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense,—See AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS SECTION, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.

AUMILIARY AGENCIES AND STATISTICS HUSIGN, Provest Marchal General's Office, Mar Department.—Organized by October 25, 1915. Discontinued by July 15, 1915. Protions: In connection with the administration of the Selective Service System, to handle matter relating to: The "Industrial Index" (a statistical summary of the occupations of registrants); the local boards of instructions set up to inform and instruct men called into the military service prior to their servical in compa and the Studenter's Arry Training Camps. Also to perform statistical and other work for the yearly report of the Office, Recognizy With those of the Office in Ma.

ATHITICH AND SUMMERNE BASES SECTION, Tards and Docks Bureau, Nary Peparksent,—Established in March 1917 and reorganized somewhat by Bureau orders of August and Cotober of that year, <u>Physiciants To have charge of the design and construction of short facilities used in connection with aviation, submarine bases, and destroyer bases, <u>Records</u>: Dispersed except the general files of the Bureau in NA.</u>

AVIATION BRANCH, Port Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Omeral Staff, Mar Department, -- See AIRCRAFT SUB-INVISION,

AVIATION COLUMNTER, INTERALLIED .- See INTERALLIED AVIATION COLUMNTEE,

AVIATION DIVISION, Navigation Bureau, Navy Department. See NAVIGATION BUREAU.

AVIATION DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, Wer Department.—See AIR SERVICE MEMICAL MIVISION.

AVIATION FUELS SECTION, Petroleus Division, Nines Bureau, Interior Department.—See PETROLEUS MIVISION.

ATIATION DIVERTICATIONS SECTION, Physiological Research Division, Ware das Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Probably organized late in Note that the Personal Color of the Story Color of the Story of the Color of

AVIATION ORDIANCE SECTION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—Prior to the war there was no unit within the Bureau exclusively charged with the supervision of aviation ordnance, although the development and production of necessary aviation material had been begun by officers of the Experimental, Explosives, and Gum Mount Sections. In October 1917 the Aviation Ordnance Section was created to have charge of this work. It is still in existence. Functions: To have charge of the design, specification, manufacture, and procurement of aircraft, armor, and armament, including bombs and their carrying and releasing devices, bomb sights, gums, gun mountings, sighting and synchronizing devices, and ordnance training material for aircraft use. Records: 1917-23 (7 feet) in NA. Correspondence, interoffice memoranda, shipment orders, record cards of work, photographs, and publications on aeronautics. Included is a manuscript "History of Aviation Ordnance of United States Navy," dated December 1918. Most of the records of the Section are in the Navy Department.

AVIATION SECTION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.-- See AIR DIVISION.

AWARD SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the outbreak of the war. Functions: Recorded bids after formal competition and advertisement, checked up on recommendations from technical bureaus, notified contractors of awards, and indicated the amounts and specifications of each contract. During the war an "open door" office was maintained to explain the methods of purchase, to furnish bidding forms, to show for purposes of examination various bids received, to explain the methods of the record books, and, in general, to serve the many businessmen coming to make inquiries or transact business. Records: Probably dispersed among the general files of the Bureau in NA.

AWANDS ADMINISTRATION DIVISION, National War Labor Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably organized in 1918 and terminated with the Board in 1919. Functions: To oversee the carrying out of awards and findings of the Board. Records: Dispersed among those of the Board in NA.

BADGE COMMITTEE, WAR INDUSTRIES, -- See WAR INDUSTRIES BADGE COMMITTEE.

BAGGGG, EBMAINS, AND EFFECTS BRINGH, Administrative Division, Transportation Service Cheff's Office, War Department.—Foreally initiated on Pebruary 1, 1919, to coakine the Lost Baggage Section of the Ebbarkation Service (created by Gircular No. 8, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, 1919) and the Effects Bureau of the Ebbarkation Service (created in accordance with Gircular No. 136, War Department, Peember 11, 1918). Punctions: To find and deliver baggage last by returning nembers of the American Expeditionary Fores, and to deliver to proper beirs all personal effects belonging to deceased nembers of the American Expeditionary Forces, Regunts: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.

BAGS, BURLAP, AND TRAFFIC SECTION, Wasto Materials Branch, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchass and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. — See MASTE MATERIALS ERRICH.

BARKET RENNON, Substatence Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Peparkent,—Ordinally a Stanch of the Administrative Division. By Office Order No. 129, January 2, 1918, it become a Branch of the Substatence Division. This Branch was later soldished, the School Section being transferred to The Adjutant General's Office and its Equipment Section to the Hardware and Metal Division. Nanctions: To direct the supervision and operation of schools for bakers and coaks, and to Aurusha equipment for those schools, Records. Probably with those of the Quartermaster General's Office In Na.

BARENT ENUTARIT SECTION, FIELD, Mess, Caup, and Personal Routhment Franch, General Supplies Division, Nurchase Director's Office, Nurchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nar Department.—See MESS, CAMP, AND FER-SORAL ENUTARIT FRANCH.

BAKNO MVISIG: Food Administration.—Created in Suc 1917 as the Convertal Freed and Baking Division and known successively as the Freeh Milk and Freed Division, the Baking Section of the Limitation Division, and the Baking (or Convertal Baking) Division Division Division and the Baking (or Convertal Baking) Division Division and the State of Participating Parkets bread by State of State of

- Trade Commission, Report . . . on Bakery Business in the United States [and] Report of the Bakery Section of the Food Administration, November 1917 (Washington, 1917).
- BAKING SECTION, Distribution Division, Food Administration.—See BAK-ING DIVISION.
- BALING SECTION, Facking Service Branch, Operations Control Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See PACKING SERVICE BRANCH.
- BALLISTIC TRAINING GROUP, Explosives and Loading Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See EXPLOSIVES AND LOADING BRANCH.
- BALLOONS DEPARTMENT, Production Division, Aircraft Production Bureau, War Department.—See PRODUCTION DIVISION.
- BASE DEPOT SECTION, AMERICAN ONDMANCE, Supply Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See AMERICAN ORDMANCE BASE BEPOT SECTION.
- BATTERY VEHICLES BRANCH, CARRIAGE AND, Cannon Section, Production Division, Ordnanco Chief's Office, War Department.—See CARRIAGE AND BATTERY VEHICLES BRANCH.
- BAYONETS AND SABERS BHANCH, Small Arms Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See ARMS BRANCH.
- BEAN DIVISION, Grain Corporation.—Established in March 1918; terminated in December 1919. Functions: To handle transactions in beans (including the 1917 pinto bean crop), peas, rice, and rolled oats. Records: 1918-19 (164 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence and other papers pertaining to the purchase, sale, warehousing, shipping, and inspection of the above-named commodities and papers relating to the adjustment of claims. There is also some material of later date pertaining to liquidation. Related papers are among the records of the Bean Section, Canned Foods Division, Food Administration.
 - BEAN DIVISION FOR CHOWING DISTRICTS, PINTO, Food Administration.— See PINTO BEAN DIVISION FOR GROWING DISTRICTS (COLORADO).
 - BEAN SECTION, Canned Foods Division, Food Administration .- Organized early in the summer of 1917 and continued to function until the early part of 1919. An office called the "Pinto Bean Division for Growing Districts" was established in Denver to handle the preliminary work of signing contracts with pinto bean growers and shippers. Functions: To obtain an adequate supply of beans, especially for the Army, the Navy, and the Allies; to regulate commercial canning; to prevent excessive speculation; and to act as liaison agent between the Food Administration and the Grain Corporation. It introduced the pinto bean to eastern markets in order to release white beans for the military forces and for export. Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in MA. Include correspondence, applications and permits to can beans, contracts, monthly reports of licensees, statements of past and present supplies and packs of canned beans, replies to questionnaires, and reports of profits and losses of bean dealers for the fiscal year ending June 20, 1918. Related papers

utilization for food, substitutes for cane sugar, the minimum vitamin content of foods, and substitutes for acetone in extracting and drying processes. Records: In the National Research Council.

BIOLOGICAL SURVEY BUREAU, Agriculture Department .-- Originated in 1886 as the Division of Ormithology and Mammalogy; became the Biological Survey Division in 1896; and in 1905 was given bureau status. was transferred to the Interior Department in 1939, and was there merged with the Bureau of Fisheries to form the Fish and Wildlife Service on June 30, 1940. Functions: The war activities of the Bureau centered mainly in the Division of Economic Investigations, and included a program for the eradication of injurious rodents and the destruction of predatory animals. General plans for noxiousanimal control were modified in response to war conditions in order to effect the increased production and conservation of food. Bureau cooperated with State extension services and county agents, stockmen's associations, farmers, State councils of defense, and State livestock commissions. It was active in aiding the Army and Navy to eliminate rats from warehouses. Records: 1907-41 (500 feet) in NA. Include central correspondence files. Other records remain in the Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior Department.

BIOLOGY AND AGRICULTURE DIVISION, National Research Council.—See AGRICULTURE, BOTANY, FORESTRY, ZOOLOGY, AND FISHERIES DIVISION.

BITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE BUREAU, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.—Organized on March 1, 1918, as a result of a consolidation of the Bituminous Coal Bureau (created in February 1917) and the Coke Bureau (created in November 1917). Operated through the following Sections: Coke, Cas and By Products Coal, Government Buildings, Inspection, Lake and Canadian, Railroad Fuel Distribution, Steel and Lunitions Plants, and Tidewater. Ended in Jume 1919. A. W. Calloway, Director. Functions: To distribute coal and coke among the States and to honor requests from State Fuel Administrators, in accordance with a national budget that allotted the output of each coal-producing district throughout a State or group of States; to supervise the inspection of coal and coke; and to supervise the distribution of coal and coke to railroads, steel and munitions plants, and Government buildings. The Bureau was assisted by district representatives, who obtained reports of production and shipments from their respective districts and controlled the destination of shipments of coal from the producing districts, subject to the orders of the Director. <u>Records</u>: 1917-19 (452 feet) in NA... Correspondence, reports, orders, releases, requisitions, notices, circulars, tabulations, and other records.

BITUINOUS COAL COMMISSION.—Appointed by the President on December 19, 1919. Its dissolution was ordered by Executive Order No. 3249, March 24, 1920, effective upon the signing of certain agreements between coal miners and operators. Active work terminated on June 30, 1920. Eunctions: To investigate and adjust labor difficulties resulting from the general bituminous coal strike of November 1919. Among other activities the Commission studied the effect of former regulations of the Fuel Administration, the Railroad Administration, and the Interstate Commerce Commission. Records: 1919-20 (6 feet) in NA. Include the correspondence of the Commission; personnel records; files of the disbursing officer; general administrative records; testimony and petitions presented; minutes of meetings; digests of the preliminary presentations of the cases of the operators and of the miners; a digest of the miners' exhibit; stenographic transcripts of proceedings of the Commission (14 vols.); and

- copies of the "Awards and Recommendations" and of the "Majority and Minority Reports" of the Commission. <u>References</u>: Interior Department, <u>Annual Report</u>, 1921, p. 185; Bituminous Coal Commission, <u>Award and Recommendations</u> (Washington, 1920).
- BLOCKADE CONTROL SECTION, Supreme Economic Council. -- See ALLIED BLOCK-ADE CONSITTEE.
- BOMES BRANCH, Intor Equipment Section, Procurement Davision, Ordenance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established about Launary 15, 1918, Abolished after September 5, 1918, when Supply Circular No. 87 transferred its functions to the Quartermater Copps. Punctions 1 on handle purchases of bodies for motor vehicles for the Ordenance Department. Becoming: Probably with those of the Office in MA.
- BODY ARMOR COMMITTEE, HELLETS AND, Metallurgy Section, Engineering Division, National Research Council.—See HELLETS AND BODY ARMOR COMMITTEE.
- BOLLING AERONAUTICAL MISSION, -See AERONAUTICAL COMMISSION.
- BOWN SIGHTS SECTION, Science and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See SCIENCE AND RESEARCH DIVISION.
- BOND INVISION, Judge Advocate General's Office, Wer Department.— Probably in catternee before the war. Punctions: To pass upon the legality of bonds sent to the War Department for approval and acceptance and to determine the sufficiency of the surety or sureties. These included contract bonds, official bonds, bonds of rifle clubs, and bonds of educational institutions for ordnance and ordnance stores furnished for the use of units of the Reserve Officers' Training Copps. Reports: In the Judge Advocate Oenreal's Office.
- BOOK SUBSECTION, News Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division. General Staff, Wer Department.—See NEWS SECTION.
- SCOT AND SIME SECTION, Hide, Leather, and Leather Goods Division, Mar Industries Board, --Betablished on tay 28, 1915, and formally organized on June 12, Discontinued on December 31, 1918, Functions To take over from the Commercial Boomoup Board the administration of mathods of conservation in the boot and shos industry. Norted in close cooperation with the Conservation Division, Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
- SUMMIGLE RET PROTUCTS COLDITIES, Agriculture, Botary, Forestry, Zolowy, and Fisheries Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1977, with Edward II, East as Chairman. Became a part of the Mitisten when it was organized in 1970. Purificus! Collected data to aid menufacturers to find new sources not from materials of a botanical nature, such as guas, olls, resins, libers, and wood. Feorogis: In the National Research Council.
- BURNIT COLUMNER, Agriculture, Rotany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fisherice Dyriston, Rational Research Courtell.—Appointed in 1917, with John M. Coulter as Chairman. Because a part of the Division when it was opposited in 1918. Phrecitors: Fromother research on problems related to the conduct of the war, such as the dehydration of fruits and vergitables, sources of rubber, the improvement of sugar bests, disease- and drought-resistant cereals, the cultivation of failure drug Plants, publicultures for cotton in the annafacture of explosives, and the food preserves in certain planta, Records: In the Astional Research Council.

ستهجد

- BOXING AND CRATING SECTION, Packing Service Branch, Operations Control Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See PACKING SERVICE BRANCH.
- BOIS' WORKING RESERVE, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Organized in April 1917. From January 1918 to June 1919, when it was terminated, it functioned as part of the Employment Service. It had branches in every State. Succeeded by the Junior Division. Functions: To mobilize and train high-school boys between the ages of 16 and 21 for war work during the summer vacation, chiefly in agriculture but also in the manufacture of essential war materials. Records: Whereabouts unknown. References: Cordon S. Watkins, Labor Problems and Labor Administration in the United States During the World War, 195-197 ([Urbana, 1920]).
 - BRAIN SURGERY SECTION, Surgery of the Head Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See SURGERY OF THE HEAD DIVISION.
 - BRANCHES AND CUSTOMS BUREAU, War Trade Board.—Organized as the Branches and Customs Division of the Exports Bureau on October 13, 1917, and became a separate Bureau on February 6, 1918. By December, it had 26 general branch offices. Beginning with March 1, 1919, the closing of the branch offices rapidly reduced the number of employees, and on July 1, 1919, several persons were transferred to the War Trade Board Section of the State Department for the purpose of liquidating the affairs of the Bureau. Functions: To supervise the administration of the branch and cooperative offices and the representatives of the Board in the United States, and to transmit to the collectors of customs, through the Customs Divisior of the Treasury Department, the rulings of the Board. Records: 1917-19 (216 feet) in the State Department. Include general correspondence and correspondence with branch offices.
 - BRASS COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of Mational Defense.—Formed at the request of the Chairman of the superior Committee on April 7, 1917, and terminated in August of that year. Functions: To provide answers to technical questions in its field. Records: May be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in MA.
 - BRASS SECTION, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—
 Established on April 6, 1918, as the Non-Ferrous Tube Section of
 the Board; about August 1 it became the Brass Section of the Finished Products Division. Terminated on December 14, 1918. Functions: To allocate manufactured products of copper, brass, and
 other copper base alloys, to maintain a sufficient supply of these
 commodities, and to stimulate new capacity. Records: Among those
 of the Board in NA.
 - BREAD AND BAKING DIVISION, COMMERCIAL, Food Administration.—See BAK-ING DIVISION.
 - EFFATHING AND HESUSCITATING APPARATUS FOR SOLDIERS SECTION, Mining Minister, Mines Eureau, Interior Department.—See MINING DIVISION.
 - BROKERS' SECTION, Wholesale and Retail Division, Food Administration.—Organized in October 1917 in the Distribution Division, transferred to the Wholesale and Retail Division in April 1918.

- and returned to the Distribution Division in October, Torminated in Asmary 1919. <u>Functions</u>: To supervise satters pertaining to commission merchants, who were placed under license and required to report prices and purchases and sales made on a brokerage basis and to observe margins of profits stablished by the Administration. <u>Records</u>: 1918-19 (2 feet) in NA. Correspondence with food brokers and commission speciants.
- BROUSE, BRISESS, AND TOILET EQUIPMENT SECTION, Command Supplies Branch, Surplus Property Mixison, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Cemeral Staff, War Repartment.—See CEMERAL SUPPLIES BRANCH.
- BRUSHES AND BROOMS SECTION, Mass, Camp, and Personal Equipment Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Mirector's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MESS, CAMP, AND PERSONAL EQUIP-LENT ERACK.
- EMISHES SECTION, Hardware, Cordage, and Miscellaneous Brunch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See PARKARE, COMDAGE, AND MISCELLANEOUS PRANCH.
- BULLING BRANCH, Construction Seaton, Supply Division, Ordennee Chiefts Orlice, Was Peparteent—Established in 1977. Enrichment To purchase or errange for the condemnation of all lands and exacting buildings required by the Dysideon; to let contracts for and expertise the construction of new buildings of epypowed design; to make arrangements for wheree, railroad eidings, and other epocial transportation facilities necessary in connection with buildings and lained purchased or served under its direction; and to arrange and lands purchased or served under its direction; and to arrange where we have a successful to the contract of the purchased or served under the direction of the purchased or served under the contract of the purchased of the purcha
- BUILDING MATERIALS DEPARTMENT, Procurement Saction, Materiale Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—See PROCUREMENT SECTION.
- BULINDO MATERIALS INVISION, War Industries Board, —Satablished on March 16, 1918, as the fullding laterials Section of the Ear Materials Division, and became a Division in the fall of 1918. Discontinued on damary 1, 1919. Emections To exercise supervisory control over building materials, and to seems permits and clear-control over building materials, and to seems permits and clear-control over building materials, and to seem permits and clear-control over building materials and clear. Penglats that hong those of the Board in NA. Included are piledges of companies to restrict the use of building materials to essential purposes, lists of forarment building-construction projects, and lists of non-war construction permits. Some correspondence of the Chief is filled with the Priorities Division, together with applications for and copies of non-war construction permits, 1918 or permits, place of the Chief or filled with the Priorities Division, together with applications for and copies of non-war construction permits, 1917-1918.
- BUILDING MATERIALS SECTION, Sales Branch, Purchass, Storegs, and Traffic Division, Ceneral Staff, War Department,—Established on January 26, 1919. Subsequently became the Railway and Contractors' Equipment and Building Interfals Section. In existence on June 30,

- 1920. Functions: To formulate policies relative to the sale of surplus building materials held by Department supply bureaus, to supervise sales by Department salvage boards, and to supervise the sale of surplus railway and contractors' equipment. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- BUILDING REPAIR SECTION, Maintenance and Repair Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Probably created before the declaration of war as a Section of the Construction and Repair Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Transferred to the Maintenance and Repair Branch, Cantonment Division, on October 10, 1917. Probably transferred with the Branch to the Construction Division, War Department, upon the formation of that Division on March 13, 1918.

 Functions: To handle maintenance and repair work on buildings in Army construction jobs. Records: In the War Department.
- BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT SUBCOMMITTEE, SALE OF, Claims Board, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department, —See CLAIMS BOARD.
- BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS OFFICE, PUBLIC, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS OFFICE.
- BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS SECTION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—Apparently existed throughout the war. Functions: To have charge of the lay-out, development, planning, and construction of buildings and grounds; ammunition and storage depots; manufacturing, assembling, loading, and industrial plants; housing; railway connections; and wharves, ships, and piers under the control of the Bureau. Records: In the Navy Department.
- BUILDINGS SECTION, GOVERNMENT, Bituminous Coal and Coke Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.—See BITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE BUREAU.
- BUTTER AND CHEESE SECTION, Coordination of Purchase Division, Food Administration.—Organized in June 1918; terminated in the spring of 1919. Functions: To coordinate the purchase of butter and cheese by the Army, the Navy, the Marine Corps, the representatives of Allicd and neutral governments, and other buyers. Records: 1918-19 (10 fcet) in NA. Correspondence; statistics of butter produced, printed, and sold and of surplus stock; inspection lists of butter reserved for the Government; and questionnaires addressed to cold-storage warehouses.
- BUTTER AND CHEESE SECTION, Perishable Foods Division, Food Administration.—Organized in July 1917 under the Dairy Products, Cold Storage, and Packing House Products Division and transferred to the Perishable Foods Division in December. In October 1918 it was consolidated with the Canned Milk Section and the Milk Section to form the Dairy Products Division, which terminated in January 1919. Punctions: To act in an advisory capacity to the Capital Issues Committee, the War Industries Board, and the War Trade Board in questions of priority of allotments, business expansion, and exports and imports; to establish maximum margins for dealers in butter; and to control sales of cheese under a cost basis rule that allowed a "fair normal" profit. Records: 1917-19 (12 feet) in MA. Correspondence, questionnaires, reports on the storage and distribution of butter and cheese, mailing lists, and other papers.

CARRET.—The advisory council of the President, which is composed of the heads of the 10 executive departments. Buring the war those were as follows: Secretary of State, Robert Leneing (graculty, Sar. 22, 1920); Secretary of State, Robert Leneing (graculty, Sar. 22, 1920); Secretary of the Frensury, Stillan J. Hoddon Feb. 22, 1920; Secretary of the Frensury, Stillan J. Hoddon Feb. 22, 1920; Secretary of the John State, Sar. 1920; Secretary of the John State, Sar. 1920; Secretary of the John State, Sar. 1920; Secretary of the Justice of the Sar. 1920; Secretary of the Justice of the Sar. 1920; Secretary of the Justice of the Sar. 1920; Secretary of the Justice of Secretary Secreta

CABINET, WAR, -See WAR CABINET.

CARLE AND CALMISTICUS SENGICE HEAVING, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Fuchase and Storage Service, Fuchase, and Some Service, Fuchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Har Department,—Established on May 19, 1919, Composed of five Sections, as follows, Cable, Bitting, Follow-up, Order, and Requisition and Routing. Diseppeared in the divisional reorganization of November 6, 1919, At that time part of its functions were assumed by a Fort and Cable Branch and Part by a Requisition Register Person. Impulsions: To receive require the flow of applies. Decorage Sease to College up and compared the flow of applies. Decorage is some are uning those of the Carry termaster General's Office in Ma.

CABLE AND TELEGRAPH SECTION, Posttive Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department,—Apparently existed for a very short time, and then became the Communication bureau in the Code and Clyber Section. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

CASIE BRANCH, Executive Section, Ordnames Chief's Office, War Department,—Setablehed as a part of the Harming and Control Section of the Control Eureau on Annury 14, 1928, and remained in that Section when it became the Harming Section of the Estimates and Requirements Davies on May 25, 1928. Later the Section became the Flanning Branch of the Executive Section, and the Galle Office became a expansive of a rection when the Control of the

CABLE BRANCH, Flanning and Control Section, Control Bureau, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See CABLE BRANCH, Executive Section.

- CABLE BRANCH, EXPEDITIONARY, Methods Control Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See TELEGRAPH AND CABLE BRANCH, Administration Division.
- CABLE BRANCH, TELEGRAPH AND, Administration Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See TELEGRAPH AND CABLE BRANCH.
- CABLE CENSOR, CHIEF, Navy Department.—See COMMUNICATION DIVISION, Naval Operations Office.
- CABLE ENGINEERING SECTION, Engineering and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Established on September 7, 1918; discontinued on January 15, 1919. Functions: To handle matters in connection with cable engineering. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- CABLE SECTION, ELECTRIC WHEE AND, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—See ELECTRIC WIRE AND CABLE SECTION.
- CABLE SERVICE, FOREIGN PRESS-WIRELESS AND, Foreign Section, Committee on Public Information.—See FOREIGN PRESS-WIRELESS AND CABLE SERVICE.
- CABLE SERVICE AND OVERSEAS BRANCH, Warehousing Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Originated as the Overseas Cable Service and the Overseas Shipment Branch, both of the Supplies Division. On October 16, 1917, these two units were combined to form the Cable Service and Overseas Branch of the Warehousing Division. The Branch was abolished on February 13, 1918. Functions: To receive cables and requisitions from the American Expeditionary Forces, and to take action as authorized, including the following up of shipments until the supplies were received by the Embarkation Division. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - CABLES DIRECTOR, MARINE, Wire Control Board, Telegraph and Telephone Administration, Post Office Department.—See WIRE CONTROL BOARD.
 - CANOUFLAGE, GAS. AND FLAME SECTION, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department. -- See CIVIL AND MECHANICAL DIVISION.
 - CAMOUFLAGE SECTICE, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established as a temporary unit prior to the end of 1917. Functions: To study camouflage techniques and to train personnel to do camouflage work. Records: Probably among those of the Office in KA.
 - CAMOUFLACE SECTION, Steel Ship Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established on February 4, 1918, and discontinued after the armistice.

 Functions: To apply camouflage designs developed by the Construction and Repair Bureau, Navy Department, for both merchant and naval versels. Records: 1918-19 (12 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, memoranda, notes, and copies of camouflage designs.
 - CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION, TRAINING, Navy Department.—See TRAINING CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION.
 - CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION, TRAINING, War Department. -- See TRAINING CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION.

- CAMP AND EQUIPMENT SECTION, General Supplies Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See GENERAL SUPPLIES BRANCH.
- CAMP EQUIPMENT SECTION, Kitchen and Camp Equipment Branch, General Supplies Division, Furchase Director's Offics, Furchase and Storage Director's Offics, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See KITCHEN AND CAMP EQUIPMENT BRANCH.
- CASP WISIC DIVISION, Training Casp Activities Commission, was Department.—Organized in May 1917. <u>Prections</u>: To conduct mass singing the work of the control of the contro
- CAMP-FUNDING SETTICM, Engineering Branch, Construction Davision, Werbepartment, --Originally in the Engineering Branch, Cantenment Division, Cutter-Desirally in 12 officering Branch with the Branch to the Construction Division upon its organization on March 13, 1918, Functions; To plan the construction of camps and cantonments. Secords: In the War Department,
- CAMPS AND RANGES DEPARTMENT, Operations Branch, Field Artillery Chief's Office, War Department, -- See FIELD ANTILLENG CHUEF'S OFFICE.
- CAMPS SECTION, TRAINING, Mards and Docks Bureau, Navy Department. See TRAINING CAMPS SECTION.
- CANMILIA CONTRACT ASSISSING. The Department.—A post-arminist beard of two officers, crusted by order of the Sanstany of Ear on March 19, 1979. Punctions: To represent the United States in its relations with the Imperial Newtiens Beard in the adjustment and settlement of war contracts and agreements entered into through the agency of the Board for performance in Canada. It was the function of the Assessors to liquidate the financial affairs of the United States in Canada in essentially the same may that the Miquidation Commission of the Mar Department disposed of such affairs in Maritimes Board, the agreement to be signed by a sendor of the Board and by one of the Contract Assessors sitting as a member. Herother, in the War Department.
- CANADIAN ELACION UNISCH, Food administration,—Created in September 1917 and transferred to the Way Trude Board in Junuary 1929.

 Numbions: To promote friendly relations with Canada in regard to matters affecting food supply and regulations, and to cooperate with the Canadian Food Board in matters pertaining to food imports and exports so that policies established by the one country night not be mullified by the other. Records: 1917-19 (5 feet) in NA. Corresponders and interoffice meanwants.
- CARADIAN SECTION, LAKE AND, Bituminous Coal and Coke Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.—See BITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE BUREAU.
 - CANAL SECTION, NEW YORK, Railroad Administration. See NEW YORK CANAL SECTION.

- CANCELLATION SECTION, Supply and Sales Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Created on June 11, 1919, as the successor to the Cancellation Branch of the Supply Division, established about January 1, 1919. On February 13, 1920, this Section was transferred to the jurisdiction of the Construction Claims Board, and it appears to have terminated with the abolition of that Board on August 24, 1921. Part of the functions of the Board were later transferred to the Claims Commission of the Shipping Board, which was succeeded by the Claims Department of the Fleet Corporation. Functions: To give preliminary approval of supply cancelation cases of more than \$50,000 and final approval of those of \$50,000 or less; to investigate, negotiate, and recommend for settlement all supply cancelation cases; and to make settlements that could be made without cost to the Corporation. The Section took over the functions of the Fir Production Board when that agency was abolished in July 1919. Records: With those of the Claims Department (175 feet) in NA.
 - CANCELLATIONS, ADJUSTMENT, AND SALVAGE DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See CONSTRUCTION CLAIMS BOARD.
 - CANCELLATIONS, CLAIMS, AND CONTRACTS BOARD, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See CONSTRUCTION CLAIMS BOARD.
 - CANCELLATIONS DIVISION, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—In existence by June 21, 1918. In accordance with Supply Circular No. 99, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, October 22, 1918, its functions were transferred to the Machinery and Engineering Materials Division, Office of the Director of Purchase. Functions: To handle matters involving cancelations of contracts.

 Records: Probably among those of the Office of the Chief of Engineers in NA.
 - CANISTER-FILLING SECTION, Gas-Wask Research Division, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See GAS-MASK RESEARCH DIVISION.
 - CANISTER-TESTING SECTION, Gas-Mask Research Division, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See GAS-MASK RESEARCH DIVISION.
 - CANNED AND DRIED FRUITS SECTION, Canned Foods Division, Food Administration.—See CANNED FOODS DIVISION.
 - CANNED FOODS HIVISION, Food Administration.—Established in June 1917. At various times it was known also as the Canned Goods Division and the Canned and Dried Fruits Division. It included a Section under the latter name, as well as Fish and Canned Milk Sections. In October 1918 some of the functions of the Perishable Foods Division were transferred to it. Abolished in February 1919. Functions: To assure an adequate supply of canned and dried milk, fruits, and vegetables at reasonable prices through voluntary agreements with canners, to prevent waste by cooperation with the canning industry, and to promote the production and conservation of pig tin and tin plate. The latter work was carried on with the aid of the Tin Plate Conservation Committee and the War Industries Board. Upon the termination of the Division its unfinished business regarding rebates to be made by canners based upon the actual cost of production at the end of their season's work was taken over by the newly

- created Canners' Section of the Enforcement Division. <u>Records</u>: 1917-19 (40 feet) in NA. Correspondence, interoffice memoranda, reports, requisitione, and records of allohents. <u>References</u>: William C. Mullendore, <u>History of the United States Food Administration</u>, 1917-1919, 270-281 (Stanford Whiterstry, 1921-1919, 270-281)
- CAUNED COODS BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See SUBSISTENCE DIVI-SION.
- CANNED COOPERATURE COLMITTER, Supplies Committee, Advisory Conmission, Council of National Defense .—Oranzied early in Jun 1971 by the Chairman of the Committee on Supplies. It ceased functionning in the fall of 1917, and its duties were taken over by the newlay created Food Administration. Functions: To advise the War and Navy Departments as to the sources of supply for canned goods and the best nethods for obtaining canned goods. Records: Some may be among those of the Council end of the War Industries Board in Ma.
- CANTED GOODS DIVISION. Food Administration.—See CANNED FOODS DIVI-SION.
- CAMHED COOMS SECTION, Coordination of Furches Division, Food Administration,—Created in November 1917 to continue work previously performed by the Council of National Defense. Terminated early in 1919. Punctions: To obtain et reasonable prices an adequate supply of canned goods for the Arry, the Navy, and relief agencies. Recorgis: 1917-19 (61 lete) in NA. Correspondence, reports of estimated sensual packs, tenders of goods available, allotment records, and requisitions.
- CANNED COOMS SECTION, Subsistence Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Elractoric Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nar Department,—See SUBSISTEDCE PRANCE.
- CANNED HILK SECTION, Canned Foots Drieton, Foot Administration— Organized on August 15, 1977, Berged with the Butter and Cheers and the Milk Sections of the Fersiable Foods Division in October 1938 to form the Dairy Products Division. <u>Functions</u> to Increase the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company early and dried rilk, and to control prices and exports of canned nilk. <u>Facoris</u>: 1970-19 for feet 1 nn A. Include correspondence, manufacturers and exporters' reports, and Covernment and relief agency requisitions and records of allothemits.
- CANNED MILK SECTION, Coordination of Purchase Division, Food Administration.—Created in January 1918; teredurated in February 1919, Purchions: To bandle allotaents of canned milk for the Army, the lary, the Marine Corps, the Allies, and other large purchasers. Records: 1917-19 (Il feet) in MA. Correspondence; records of manufacturers's tocks; production, and shipments; tenders of canned milk available for purchase; records of allotaents; and bequisitions.
- Cabless SECTION, Enforcement Division, Food Administration,—Created in February 1919, succeeding the Carmed Foods Division, and terminated in the following summer. <u>Functions</u>: To stimulate economical home and councretal cumning in order to assure an adequate supply of canned goods at feir prices; to direct the payment of

rebates, based upon costs of production, by canners to wholesalers and to insure their being passed on to consumers; and to direct the movement for the conservation of tin. Records: 1917-19 (22 feet) in NA. Correspondence with regard to rulings and rebates; statistical data; and reports of canners on costs, packs, and sales.

CANNON AND SMALL ARMS BRANCH, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—The work of cannon inspection was originally carried on by various sections of the Gun Division. On March 1, 1918, the Cannon Section of the Inspection Division was created to perform this function. On April 15 the Section was consolidated with the Small Arms and the Small Arms Ammunition Sections of the Division to form the Cannon and Small Arms Branch, which was attached to the Executive Section, Inspection Division, after June 27, 1918. The Branch functioned through the Cannon Group and the Small Arms Group. Functions: To supervise the inspection of cannon, small arms, machine guns and accessories, swords, and bolos. On June 1, 1918, the supervision of forging contracts was transferred to the Metallurgical Branch, Inspection Division. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

CANNON BRANCH, Artillery Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created as a separate Branch of the Section in March 1918. Continued in operation until the armistice. <u>Functions</u>: To handle the procurement of cannon, cannon forgings, and spare parts and replacements. <u>Records</u>: Probably with those of the Offics in NA.

CANNON BRANCH, Design Section, Gum Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Probably established on September 7, 1917. Its functions were transferred to other sections of the Gum Division on November 1, 1917. Functions: To supervise the manufacture, machining, and assembling of camon. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

CANNON SECTION, Artillery Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See ARTILLERY DIVISION.

CAMMON SECTION, Engineering Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on January 19, 1918. Functions: To handle questions of a technical nature in connection with cannon of all sizes, including breech and firing mechanisms and gum forgings; to furnish technical information in regard to the maintenance of armanent; to examine firing and service records; and to study interior ballistics. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

CARROTI SECTION, Gum Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on September 7, 1917, by Gun Division Order No. 4. Operated through the following Branches: Design, Inspection, Procurement, Production, and Purchase. Its functions were transferred to other sections of the Division on October 27, 1917, by Gun Division Order No. 20. Functions: To handle the design, procurement, inspection, and development of facilities for the manufacture of field and seaccast cannon and their accessories. These functions included work connected with design and revision, manufacturing and production at arsenals, alteration and maintenance, and development, and all matters associated with the adoption of types; questions of a technical nature; and questions relating to erosion and interior ballistics. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

- CANNON SECTION, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chisf's Office, War Department.—See CANNON AND SMALL ARMS BRANCH, Executive Section.
- CANNON SECTION, Production Division, Ordnancs Chisi's Offics, War Department.—Created on January LL, 1918. It later shoothed the Carriags Saction, which was established on the same date. Operated through a Cannon Branch and a Carriags and Exttery Vehicles Branch. Abolished on October 23, 1918. Puntions: To supervise and regulate the production of cannon, gum carriages, and battery vehicles. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- CANTONIENT ADJUSTMENT COMMISSION, War Department. Established following an agreement between the Secretary of War and Samuel Compers, President of the American Federation of Labor, on June 19, 1917. Consisted of three persons appointed by the Secretary of War, ons representing the Army, one the public, and one labor, the last being nominated by Compers. Its name was changed to Energency Construction Wags Commission in September 1918 by order of the Secretary of War. It was not liquidated until some months after the armistice. Functions: To adjust the wages, hours, and conditions of labor of those engaged in the construction of cantorments. Decisions reached by the Commission were binding on all parties, and the work of construction was not to be interrupted pending a decision. On August 8. 1917, under a supplementary agreement of July 27, the Secretary of War included the construction of aviation fields within the jurisdiction of the Commission, and on September 4, 1917, the construction of warshouses and storage facilities was added. On December 28, 1917, the scope of the Commission was widened to encompass all construction work for the War Department. For a time star functions included the standardization of wages in the building industry throughout the country, but this function was later transferred to the War Labor Policies Board. Records: In the War De-Partnent. References: Alexander M. Bing, Mar-line Strikes and Their Admissiont, L4-19 (New York [1921]); Cordon S. Watkins, Labs Problems and Labor Administration in the United States During the World War, 133-135 ((Urbana, 1920)).
- CANTIGNENT DIVISION, Quartermastar General's Office, War Department.— See CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, War Department.
- CANNAS COORS HARWARE SECTION, Small Tools and Chests Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Treffic Division, General Staff, War Department, Sea SMALL TOOLS AND CHESTS BRANCH.
- CAUMAS EFFAIR SENSOF, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office,
 'Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Orafic Division, General Staff, Nar Department.—Established on October 28, 1018. By Purchase and Storage Bottle 80, 791 twan nerged
 into the Repair Shope Branch. Empirically To direct the repair of
 into the Repair Shope Branch. Empirically To direct the repair of
 and to supervise by recommendation the purchase and distribution of
 squipment and supplies required for these purpose, Records: Some
 are among those of the Quarternaster General's Office of In Na.
- CANVAS REFAIR SECTION. Repair Shope Branch, Salvage Division, Storage Rirector's Office, Purchase and Storage Rirector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department,—Sea REPAIR SIDPS BRANCH,

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES DIVISION, Railroad Administration.—Created on Narch 12, 1918. Discontinued on February 15, 1920, when its functions were transferred to the Liquidation Claims Division. Functions: To authorize expenditures made by railroads for improvements chargeable to capital account and to exercise supervision over such expenditures. Records: 1918-20. Those used for liquidation purposes are interfiled with the final settlement records of the Director General's Office in NA. The remaining records were authorized for disposition in 1934.

CAPITAL ISSUES COMMITTEE .-- Two organizations bore the title of Capital Issues Committee. The first of these, which operated on a voluntary basis, was created under the Federal Reserve Board in January 1918 at the request of the Secretary of the Treasury. It was aided by an advisory committee and a subcommittee in each Fcderal Reserve District. Despite the success of this Capital Issues Committee in reducing without compulsion unnecessary public and private expenditures, the need of a statutory basis for the organization was felt. Accordingly, a provision was made in the War Finance Corporation Act of April 5, 1918, for the creation of a Capital Issues Committee of seven members-the original Committee had three members-to be appointed by the President. The members of the new Committee were appointed on May 17, 1918. The system thus changed from a voluntary one to a compulsory one. A Bureau of Examiners aided the Committee in digesting applications and gathering data on capital issues from local committees and from the Fuel, Food, and Railroad Administrations, the War Industries Board, and other governmental agencies. By Presidential Proclamation No. 1535, August 30, 1919, the Committec was directed to close its affairs and to turn over its records to the Federal Trade Commission. Functions: To "investigate, pass upon and determine whether it [a security issue] is compatible with the national interest." This statement in the law meant in actual practice that the Committee tried to divert as many capital issues as possible from peacetime enterprises to others helpful in the prosccution of the war. One instance of its objectives was the order of the Secretary of the Treasury halting at a saving of millions of dollars the construction of all new Federal buildings except those urgently needed in war work. Records: 1918-20 (230 feet) in NA. Correspondence, minutes, applications for permits, copies of permits issued, circulars, pamphlets, press notices, newspaper clippings, and a few maps and charts. Included also are the files of the several committees in the Federal Reserve Districts, except those for Eoston and Linneapolis, which have apparently been lost.

References: Woodbury Willoughby, The Capital Issues Committee and
war rinance Corporation (Baltimore, 1934); Capital Issues Committee,
Peport (65 Cong., 3 sess., H. Doc. 1485, serial 7582. [Washington, 1918]), and Report . . . as of December 31, 1918 (65 Cong., 3 sess., H. Doc. 1836, scrial 7582. [Washington, 1919]).

CAPITAL ISSUES COMMITTEE SECTION, COOPERATION WITH, War Minerals Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See WAR MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.

CAPITAL SENTENCES SECTION, DISHISSALS AND, Military Justice Division, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department.—Sec MILITARY JUSTICE DIVISION.

CAR HIRE BUREAU, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Organized on May 1, 1919, in Buffalo. Discontinued on June 16, 1920, when its functions were transferred to the Comptroller's Office. Functions: To facilitate freight and passenger car-hire settlements

- with Canadian roads, and to maintein a record of all railroad-owned freight cars interchanged between the United States and Canada. <u>Records: Frobably destroyed with those of the Division in 1974.</u>
- CAR POOL, EASTERN RAILROADS COAL, Operation Division, Failroad Administration.—See EASTERN RAILROADS COAL CAR POOL.
- CAR DECOMO OFFICE, Car Service Section, Operation Division, Failroad addinates thion, —Created on May 15, 1945, and discontinued in February 1919. Known also as the Car Record and Tracing Office. Punctions: To record nowements of care, septically those carrying Government freight, and to handle requests to trace Dovernment objections of the Indea of the Indea of the Indea of the Indea territory United Section 1919. The Cartesian Company of the Indea territory United Section 1919. The Cartesian February Section 1919 and Association, 1919 and 1919
- CAN EMPAIR SECTION, Trensportstion Division, Relivend Administration,— Created on April 1 and probably soblished on July 1, 1918, when its Ametions were taken over by the Sechanical Department of the Operation Division, Functions; To supervise the animenance and repair of freight and passenger cars in railway chops and at outside points, Executes, Probably destroyed as uscless papers in 1920.
- CAR SERVICE BUREAU, Interstate Connerce Commission.—Established as the Car Service Division on July 9, 1917, under authority conferred by the Each Car Service Act of May 29 of that year, and became the Ear Service Bureau on October 17, 1917. Reorganized as the Service Bureau in April 1920. Functions: To regulate the movement, diatribution, exchange, and return of cars used in the transportation of property. Prior to the placing of the railroads under Rederal control at the end of 1917, these functions were carried out mainly in cooperation with the Car Service Commission of the Railroads War Board. From Refourage 5, 1918, until the return of the roads to dinated with those of the Car Service Section of the Transportation Division (later the Operation Division) of the Railroad Administration. Records: 1917-42 (900 feet) in the Interstate Connerce Commission.
- CAR SENTICE SECTICE, Intand Traffic Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, havy Department, -Established upon the creation of the Division in March 1918. <u>Functions</u> To have charge of car placements for key and Marine Gorps representatives, contractors, end subcontractors; to handle inquiries concerning enhances; and to verify the validity of requests from 5 persus (through the Bulredon Administration) for the movement of traffic. <u>Records</u>: Probably among those of the Bureau in MA.
- CAR SENTICE SECTION, Operation Division, National Administration,— Dreated on February 6, 1918. Supplanted the Car Service Commission of the National National National National National Personnel, as well as some personnel of the Car Service Dureau of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Frobably abolished with the Davision on Nation 1, 1950. Its functions that below the Davision on Nation 1, 1950. Its functions that there was the Carcian of National National National National National National Service of National National National National National National Carlottants freight-car supply; to supervise priorities in car novement and supply; to supervise the preparation of reports on or service, enharges, and transportation conditions; and to issue instructions relating to car service. He Section operated through

the Car Rscord Office, the Eastern Railroads Coal Car Pool, the Refrigerator Department, and the Tank Car Department. Records: Presumably in the custody of the Car Service Division, formerly the Car Service Commission, of the American Railway Association.

CARBOHYDRATE LABORATORY, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department .--A Chemical Laboratory, concerned chiefly with carbohydrates, was established in the Department in 1862. Its work was continued in the Chemical Division, established in 1874, and in the Sugar Laboratory, sstablished in 1902, which later was renamed the Carbohydrate Laboratory. Functions: During the war it conducted investigations bearing on explosives, including the development of a process for producing acetone from propylene, obtained by cracking petroleum oils; the development of a new analytical method for determining, in organic substances, nitrogen applicable to explosive nitro-bodies; the making of crystallographic studies on potassium chlorate and tetranitroaniline; the production of corncob cellulose, a possible absorbent for nitroglyccrine; and the preparation of pure nitrodulcite and nitromannite and the investigation of the explosive properties of these substances. It also sided in the production of cane syrup; conducted experiments having to do with the decolorizing of sugars and syrups; and studied methods of obtaining certain carbohydrates needed in bacteriological investigations, the supply of which had been cut off. Records: Those for the war period are among the general filss of the Chemistry Bureau in NA.

CARDIOVASCULAR SECTION, Internal Medicine Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Organized in June 1917. Continued to function until September 9, 1919. <u>Functions</u>: To conduct cardiovascular examinations of men in the military service, and to organize and train internists for the base hospitals. <u>Records</u>: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

CARGO SECTION, Embarkation Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established prior to December 1917. Transferred to the Office of the Director of Purchase as the Port Operations Division by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 9 of October 25, 1918. Functions: To control the movement of supplies from points of manufacture or storage to the seaboard for immediate loading or temporary storags; and to control the assignment of those supplies to ships for transportation abroad in order to meet schedules fixed by the commanding general of the American Expeditionary Forces. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.

CARGO TRAFFIC BRANCH, Water Transport Section, Embarkation Service, Purchase, Storags, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CARGO TRAFFIC BRANCH, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.

- Functions: To be responsible for the duties indicated by the names of the Sections through which it operated. Feconds: In the Quarter-master General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.
- CARGO TRANSPORTS SECTION, Vessel Operation Branch, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, Wer Department.— See YESSL OPERATION PRANCH.
- CARRILES AND BATTERY TEMCHES BRANCH, Camon Section, Production Divicion, Ordance Chief's Office, Mar Bepartment—ordinated as the Garriage Section, which was organized on Annuary 14, 1918, to carry on the work formerly performed by the Production Section of the Carriage Division. Later became a Branch of the Camon Section. Abolished on October 23, 1918. Purchos: To supervise and regulate the production of gun carriages and battery vehicles. Records: Probably with those of the Office in No.
- CARTLES ERMUCH, Artillary Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chieffs office, War Department.—Created ace separate branch of the Section in March 1918, and existed until the existics. <u>Punctions</u>: To handle the procurement of carriages, calesons, inhere, and other validies, optical instruments, and spars and replaceable parts for validies. <u>Records</u>: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

CARRIAGE DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, Wer Department, -In exist-

- ence prior to the outbreak of the war and continued by Office Order No. 8 of May 23, 1917, as one of the warting divisions of the Ord-nance Chief's Office. Included the following Sections: Ocnoral Control, Field Artillery, Machine Gun, Sceccast end Railways Mounts, Anti-aircraft, Kotor Equipment, Inspection, Drafting Supply, and Production. On January 14, 1918, as provided by Office Order No. 104, the Division was absorbed by new bureaus and divisione, most of its functions being transferred to the new Procurement Division. The functions of the Inspection Section, however, were transferred to the Inspection Division, and those of the Drefting Supply Section and the engineering functions of the Machine Cum Section were transferred to the Engineering Division, the latter activities being assigned to the Machine Oun and Small Arms Sections of that Division. Functiones To be responsible for the design, procurement, alteration, and repair of field artillery vehicles, seacoast gum carrieges, railway mounts, antiaircraft mounts, machine gume, motor vehicles, and fire-control instruments; and to supervise means for the instruction of commissioned, enlisted, and civilian personnel required in this work. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- CARRIAGE SECTION, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Wer Department.—See CARRIAGE AND RATTERY VEHICLES BRANCH, Cannon Section.
- CARTERS' ACCOUNTS UMEAU, Interestate Downers Ogmission.—Established as an independent Carriers' Account Bureau. During the war if cooperated in 1917 set the Carriers' Accounts Bureau. During the war if cooperated specially with the Abblic Garrier and Accounting Division (after February 1919 with the Accounting Division) of the Railroad Administration. Functions: In operate uniform systems of accounts for carriers engaged in interestate commerce, and to examine the secounts of all such carriers and exercisa the necessary supervision to sesure the observance of accounting regulations adopted by the Interestee Commerce Commerce

set up by the Government for operational purposes and that retained by each carrier for financial or corporate purposes. The Bureau also assisted in determining the average annual operating incomes of the railroads upon which the Government based its compensation to the roads for the use of their property. Records: 1908-42 (1,500 feet) in the Interstate Commerce Commission. Include reports and records of violations of accounting procedure; accounting reports; and testimony taken at hearings.

CARS COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Transportation and Communication Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Created on May 1, 1917. Composed of six members. Dissolved on September 20, 1917, when its functions were taken over by the Production Committee of the War Industries Board. Functions: To ascertain and keep constantly before the Council the situation with regard to railroad-car production; to regulate the building of cars and any necessary division of them between the United States and the Allies; to facilitate the purchase of cars by the Allies; to consider the standardization of cars for use by the United States Government in France; and to assist in designing cars for heavy artillery. Records: Some are among those of the Council in NA. Included are the minutes of the Committee.

CARS STANDARDS COMMITTEE, LOCOMOTIVES AND, Operation Division, Railroad Administration. -- See STANDARDS FOR LOCOMOTIVES AND CAHS COMMIT-TEE.

CARTOONS BUREAU, Committee on Public Information.—Organized in May 1918; discontinued on December 1, 1918. George J. Hecht and Alfred M. Saperston, Directors successively. Functions: To "mobilize and direct the scattered cartoon power of the country for constructive war work," especially through the issuance of a weekly <u>Bulletin for Cartoonists</u>. <u>Records</u>: Copies of the <u>Bulletin for Cartoonists</u>, June 7-November 30, 1918, Nos. 1-25, in NA.

CARTRIDGE BAGS BRANCH, Explosives Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See EXPLOSIVES AND LOADING BRANCH, Executive Section.

CARTRIDGE CASE BRANCH, Furchase Section, Gum Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created September 20, 1917; transferred to the Procurement Division by Gum Division Order No. 57 of January 13, 1918. Functions: To handle business negotiations in connection with the purchase of cartridge cases. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

CAMTHIDGE CASE ERANCH, FUZE AND, Projectile Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See FUZE AND CARTRIDGE CASE ERANCH.

CASUALTY DIVISION, Adjutant General's Office, War Department.—See STATISTICAL DIVISION.

CATEMPILIAR ARTILLERY ROAFD, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—
Appointed by the Chief of Ordnance on August 3, 1918. Functions:
To investigate and make recommendations concerning the development of artillery mounted upon track-laying vehicles, and to recommend a program for the procurement of caterpillar artillery. Records:
Probably with those of the Office in NA.

- CATLE FOOD AND GRAIN INVESTIGATION LABORATORY, Miscellaneous Division, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department,—Created prior to the war. Functions: Under a project entitled "Unitiation or Waste By-Products as Cattle Foods," to study chemical waste materiale, to test them on cattle, and to devise setheds of preparing them in a form emitable for comparcial feeds, Records: Those for the warperiod are among the general files of the Commistry Bureau in Na.
- CEMENT COMPETITE CONCITEE, has Faterials, Minerals, and Neiths Conciltee, Authory Commission, Council of Autional Perents,—Granulteed in May and probably dissolved in the fail of 1917, after which its functions were exceeded on by a war service computed of the same members. Rections: To distribute orders to cement on the council of the same members, and to annutain production and shippents of cesent so that Correct, and to annutain production and shippents of cesent so that Correct, and to annutain production and shippents of cesent so that Correct, and to shippents of cesent so that Correct and Construction Some may be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.
- CRETERIAL FRANCH, Administrative Division, Quarterwaster General's Office, War Department, "Exteed before the outbreak of the war, <u>Punctions</u>: To supervise the care of astional censteries, the interment of indigent soldiers, the supplying of headstones, and the registration of graves, <u>Records</u>: With those of the Office in MA.
- CENSOR, CHIEF CABLE, Nevy Department, -- See COMMUNICATION DIVISION, Naval Operations Office.
- GRNSOR, CHIEF MILITARY, General Staff, Wer Department, -- See MILITARY INTELLIGENCE DIVISION.
- CENSONSHIP AND CORRESPONDENCE HITTION, War Trade Intelligence Bureau, War Trade Roard.—Cerminated in April or Way 1939. Punctions: To comeor material referred to the Bysision by the military, cuble, and postal censors; to ect se a clearinghouse between the various ernourable offices and other Covernment agencies; and to coordinate the mork of the Bureau by passing upon all correspondence. Records: Asong those of the Bureau in the State Department.
- CNSONSHY ENARD.—Established by Executive Order No. 2783-A of October 12, 1917. Memberathy included representatives of the Secretary of Kar, the Secretary of the Navy, the Postcoater General, the Nav Trude Sourd, and the Chairman of the Constitution Hould information. The administration of the consocially was exercised by the Rost Office Department, and the representative of the Postcoater General, Robert L. Maddox, acted as the Chairman of the Board. Demonttened dume 21, 1919. Functions: To consor communications by mail, cable, radio, telegraph, and telephone passing between the bited States and foreign comstress with a ware to preventing the transmission of energy propagants and the Carlo Carlo Technical Control of the dimites of the sectings of the Board is in the Navy Department, References James R. Nock, Compounting, 1917, 55-72 (Frinceton 1921).
 - CENSORSHIP SECTION, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See MEMS SECTION.
 - CENSUS BUREAU, Commerce Department. —Established in 1903 and still in existence. Puring the war it included the following Divisions: Agriculture, Cotton and Tobacco, Geographer's, Manufactures, Population, Peyasion and Results, Statustics of Cities, and Vital

Statistics. Functions: To collect statistics on population, agriculture, and manufactures and other subjects relating to social and economic matters. During the war it compiled special data on various materials and commodities and aided in carrying out the Selective Service Act and in advertising the Liberty Loans. Cooperated with the Food Administration, the Fuel Administration, the Provost Marshal General's Office of the War Department, the Railroad Wage Commission, the Shipping Board, the Treasury Department, and the War Industries Board. Records: Those for the war period are in the Census Burcau. References: W. Stull Holt, The Bureau of the Census, 70 (Washington, 1929).

CENSUS OF RESEARCH COMMITTEE, Administrative Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in September 1916 to prepare a national census of research. Composed of the chairmen of the central committees of the Council, under the chairmanship of S. W. Stratton, Director of the National Bureau of Standards. Functions: Prepared a census of research men, of research facilities, and of lines of investigation being pursued in Federal, State, and city governmental agencies, educational institutions, research foundations, and commercial and industrial establishments. Records: In the National Research Council.

CENSUS SECTION, Hospital Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Probably established in the latter part of 1917 and named at one time the Census and Distribution of Patients Section. Soon after the signing of the armistice it became a Subsection of the newly created Hospital Administration Section. Functions: To tabulate a daily telegraphic census of the number of sick in all hospitals operated by the Office; to handle the distribution of sick and wounded from the ports of embarkation; and to transfer patients from hospital to hospital. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

CENTRAL ADVISORY PURCHASING COMMITTEE, Finance and Purchases Division, Railroad Administration.—The organization of the Committee was announced in March 1918. It was abolished on March 15, 1919, when its sections and functions were taken over by the Purchases Division. Functions: To assist the Director of the Division in coordinating and supervising purchases by railroads of equipment, materials, and supplies. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Purchases Division in 1934.

CENTRAL BUREAU OF PLANNING AND STATISTICS. - Organized early in June 1918 in response to the President's request in a letter to Bernard Earuch for an organization that could provide "a conspectus of all the present war activities of the Government and upon that base a periodical checking up of the actual operations and results." The Bureau operated as an independent agency directly under the President but reported through Baruch. It was headed by Edmin F. Cay, who also headed and coordinated the Planning and Statistics Divisions of the Shipping Board and of the War Industries Board and the Research and Tabulation of Statistics Bureau of the War Trade Board. It had direct connection with most of the other agencies of the Government dealing with information of an economic nature. It included the Central Statistical Clearing House, headed by Z. L. Fotter. On the statistical staffs reporting directly to Gay were over 1,000 employees, among them "many of the most eminent students of economic affairs and experts on research and statistical work." On Docember 2, 1918, it was designated by the President as the official source through which should be obtained the economic data

required by the American delegates at the Peace Conference. In Ams 1919 its "permanent records" were turned over to the State Department by the liquidating officer, and it went out of existence on July 1. Part of its work was taken over by the Bureau of Efficlency (aboliahed in 1933). Proctions: To prepare a periodic survey or "conspectus" of the war activities of the various agencies of the Government and to organize and maintain a clearinghouse of statistical information. Only one "Consolidated Survey," dated October 1, 1918, was prepared before the armietics, but there were prepared a considerable number of special studies and reports covering many subjects. The Statistical Clearing House built up a "practically complete record* of commodity, shipping, labor, and reliroad statistics and compiled and distributed four etatistical bulletins dealing with food, fuel, minerals, and forest products. It elso issued a periodical entitled Markly Statistical News, cooperated with other agencies in the ahaping of questionnaires, and functioned as the head of the Joint Board on Industrial Surveys, Records; 1918-19 (40 feet) in NA. Include correspondence of Edwin F. Cay; general subject files; copies of weekly and special reports to the President and of the "conspectus" of war activities; data eccumulatand for and copies of materials ment to the Peace Conference; reports, Remoranda, charts, and the like received from members of the statistical staffs of other agencies; copies of bulletins; and personnel and office records, Others ere possibly among records of the Burcau of Efficiency transferred to the Bureau of the Budget in 1933 and still in its custody. A few (4 inches) are known to be included among the records of the Statistical Standards Division of that Bureau. For related records, see the agencies that functioned under the direction of Gay. References Lensa L. Potter, The Central Suresu of Planning and Statistics, in American Statistical Association, Contents Publications, 16, 275-225 (har. 1919).

CENTRAL MISBURSING MIVISION, Quarterpaster General's Office, War Department .- During the course of a number of years the depot quartermaster in Washington, D. C., come to exercise certain financial functions that related generally to the Quarternaster General's Offire rather than to the depot office. On June 12, 1918, there was established, by Office Order No. 451, the Central Disbursing Divieion, Quartermaster General's Office, and those functions were transferred to this new Division. This Division and the Finance and Accounts Division then together performed the financial functions of the Office. On October 21, these functions were transferred to the Finance Service, War Department, Functions: To handle the payment of officers on duty at Washington, D. C., and of those officers deparated from the service, the payment of retired officers and enlieted men, and mileage accounts; to handle payment of officers! allotments and of Class E allotments by enlisted men; to handle all matters pertaining to the settlement of transportation, telegraph, and cable accounts; to handle the accounts of the Commission on Training Camp Activities, the Commission on Education and Special Training, and the Committee on Classification of Personnel in the Army; and to handle the payment of the traveling expenses of civilian employees and the settlement of all other accounts not pertaining to depote. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Finance. War Department.

CENTRAL MECORES AND INFORMATION BUREAU, Operations Division, Shipping Board Reergency Fleet Corporation, —Established on February 1, 1920, to consolitate the records and functions of the Actuarial and Shipping Information Departments (created in May 1927) and of the Intelligence Section (created in September 1939). In September 1921

- it became the Records and Information Section of the Statistical Department. Functions: To collect and maintain records and data pertaining to the acquisition and operation of vessels owned or under control of the Shipping Board. Records: 1919-24 (29 feet) in NA. Reports, mimeographed material, charts, and correspondence pertaining to the allocation and chartering of vessels, vessel movements, cost of operation, laid-up fleet, vessel personnel, and voyage accounts.
- CENTRAL RECRUITING COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Authorized by the War Labor Policies Board on May 29, 1918. Its first meeting was held on June 3, 1918, and it was probably discontinued the same month. Functions: To consider and report upon a plan for the central recruiting of industrial labor. Records: Interfiled with those of the Board in NA. Include minutes of meetings of the Committee and its report to the Board.
- CENTRAL STATISTICAL CLEARING HOUSE.—See CENTRAL BUREAU OF PLANNING. AND STATISTICS.
- CENTRALIZATION OF INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS COMMUTTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Authorized by the War Labor Policies Board on May 29, 1918. Its first meeting was held on June 3, 1918, and it was probably discontinued the same month-Functions: To draft and report a plan for collating information already in the possession of Government agencies and for centralizing the collection and utilization of industrial statistics. Records: Interfiled with those of the Board in NA. Include minutes of meetings of the Committee and of the meeting of the Board at which the Committee's report was considered.
 - CERAMICS COMMITTEE, CHEMISTRY OF, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—See CHEMISTRY OF CERAMICS COMMITTEE.
 - CERAMICS DIVISION, Standards Bureau, Commerce Department.—Probably organized in 1918, taking over some of the functions of the Structural, Engineering, and Miscellaneous Materials Division. Succeeded by the Clay and Silicate Division in 1928. Functions: To study, develop, and standardize the uses for clays. Records: In the National Bureau of Standards.
 - CEREAL MIVISION, Food Administration.—Established in July 1918, with Julius H. Barnes, President of the Grain Corporation, as Chief. It worked closely with and its expenses were paid by the Corporation. It consisted of the Coarse Grains, Milling, and Rice Sections, which succeeded the former Divisions of the same names. Terminated in the summer of 1919. Functions: To exercise jurisdiction over matters pertaining to grains and their products, including milling and warehousing; to recommend fair prices; to control activities of grain exchanges; and to serve as liaison between the Administration and the Corporation. Records: 1917-19 (164 feet) in NA. Correspondence, agreements, reports, and minutes of conferences. References: William C. Mullendore, History of the United States Food Administration, 1917-1919, 258-293 (Stanford University, 1941); Food Administration, Cereal Division, Plans and Policies... Wheat and Flour Control for the 1918 Wheat Crop, Series A [and E] (New York, July-Aug. 1918).

- of charter rates, in order to secure tonnage for the trades and commodities considered most necessary under war conditions. Records: 1917-19 (120 feet) in NA. Correspondence and reports concerning the chartering of vessels not included under requisition orders.
- CHARTS INVISION, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Commerce Department.—In existence prior to the war. <u>Functions</u>: To perform various duties in connection with field charts. During the war it prepared maps and charts for the War and Navy Departments, especially in connection with submarine activities. <u>Records</u>: Some are among those of the Survey in NA.
- CHASSIS BRANCH, Motor Equipment Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established about January 15, 1918; abolished on September 5, 1918, when Supply Circular No. 87 transferred its functions to the Quartermaster Corps. Functions: To handle the purchase of chassis for the Ordnance Department.

 Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- CHEMICAL ALLIANCE, INC.—See CHEMICALS COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.
- CHEMICAL AND OILS SUBSECTION, Raw Materials and Scrap Section, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See RAW MATERIALS AND SCRAP SECTION.
- CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL RESEARCH DIVISION, Geologic Branch, Geological Survey, Interior Department.—Existed under this title during the war. In 1926 it became the Section of Chemistry and Physics.

 Functions: To aid certain other Government agencies by making laboratory tests necessary in the identification and determination of minerals, ores, and rocks; by making quantitative and qualitative analyses of specimens; by carrying on research projects, principally of a physical-chemical nature; and by publishing reports and information particularly significant to the war effort. Records: In the Geological Survey. Include correspondence; reports on and record books of chemical and physical analyses of minerals, rocks, and ores, especially strategic minerals; mathematical and other calculations; and manuscripts pertaining to research problems, particularly as related to increased production and to activities of the Division.
 - CHEMICAL APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1916 as a subcommittee of the Chemistry Committee, under the chairmanship of Arthur H. Thomas. Became a part of the Division when it was organized in 1918. Functions: Among other activities, it located special types of apparatus and measuring instruments required by Government agencies and brought about the manufacture of certain types of apparatus not otherwise available. It also undertook to obtain duty free importations of apparatus for educational institutions; the manufacture of certain apparatus for student use; the standardization of certain types of apparatus; and the preparation of satisfactory descriptions of certain measuring instruments, together with instructions for their use. Records: In the National Research Council.
 - CHEMICAL BRANCH, Faw Materials Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Originated as the Chemical Control Unit of the Faw Materials Branch, Purchase Section, Gun Division. On January 15, 1918, it became the Chemical Branch of

the Raw Materiels Section. <u>Functions</u>: To handle the purchase of chemical raw materials. <u>Racords</u>: <u>Probably</u> with those of the Office in NA.

CHEMICAL COMMITTEE, INTERALLIED .- See INTERALLIED MUNITIONS COUNCIL.

CEDICAL DIGINERRO COMMITTES, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Community-Appointed in January 1918 was a subcommittee of the Chemistry Committee in the Committee of the Chemistry Committee in the Chemistry Committee in the Committee of the Chemistry Promoted research on war problems in chemical angineering and assisted in bringing the services of chemical capherers more directly and fully to the aid of the Covernment, Records: In the National Research Council.

CENICAL GLASS AND STORMAND SETTION, Chest onle Division, War Industries Board, —Betablished on April 6 and discontinued on December 31, 1998, Finctions: To take steps to increase or decrease production (as data obtained showed shortages or compluses) and to allocate the available supplies of glass and stoneware. Records: Probably among those of the Board in NA.

CHEMICAL INVESTIGATIONS DIVISION, Soils Bureau, Agriculture Department, -- See SOILS BUREAU.

CEDUCAL LOADING AND EXPLOSIVES BRANCH, Plant Facilities Section, Inepector of Ordance Establishmento, Ordance Chief's Office, War Department.—See PLANT PACILITIES SECTION.

CHEMICAL PROCESS GROUP, Explosives and Loading Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See EMPLOSIVES AND LANDING BRANCH.

CHEMCAL RESEARCH FRANCH, French Warfers Section, Engineering Divieton, Ordnance Chief's Office, Mar Department.—Probably established in 1917ee part of the Trench Warfers Section, Oun Division; transferred with the Section to the Degineering Division on January 15, 1918. Functions: To handle research work in connection with the scitation of the Section, Records: Probably with those of the Office in Mc.

CEMICAL RESEARCH SUVISION (DEFINED). War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department—companied in January 1928, when a separation of offense and defense research was effected. Transferred with the entire War Gas investigations to the Ray Department on Jane 29, 1918. Purgitions: To undertake research relating to gas make, special filters and absorbents, the detection and neutralisation of gases, when the second is the second second research beautiful to the second second productive obtained pass. Peccodes: In the Kay Department and the Mines Bureau. References; Mines Bureau, Mar Gas Investigations, 33-34 (Euliteli) 1742. Washington, 2919).

CEMICAL REGIANCH MUSICH (OFFENSE), War Gas Investigations, Mices Bursau, Intertor Department.—Organised an June 1917. Concerned only sith sessach relating to offense after Junary 1918, when a separation of offense and defense research was effected. Operated through the following Sections: Analytical Research Incendiary; and Totic Materials Development. Transferred with the entire Mar Das Investigations to the Mar Department on June 29, 1918. Discribing: To repare mer tonic substances; to develop the samufacture

- of toxic materials; to develop smoke and incendiary mixtures; and to engage in research on inorganic compounds. Records: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Cas Investigations, 31-33 (Bulletin 178A. Washington, 1919).
- CHEMICAL SECTION, Science and Research Division, Aircraft Production Bureau, War Department.—Formed in May 1918 from facilities and personnel provided by the Color Laboratory, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department. Abolished in November 1918. Functions: To conduct investigations and experiments in the production of sensitizing dyes, incendiary bullets, smoke screens, acetic acid, acetones, caseins, and similar materials. Records: May-Nov. 1918 (3 feet) in NA. Correspondence, reports, memoranda, minutes of meetings, and papers relating to research projects.
 - CHEMICAL SECTION, Science and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See SCIENCE AND RESEARCH DIVISION.
 - CHEMICAL STATISTICS, JOINT OFFICE ON, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board. -- See JOINT OFFICE ON CHEMICAL STATISTICS.
 - CHEMICAL SUPERVISORY GROUP, Explosives and Loading Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See EXPLOSIVES AND LOADING BRANCH.
 - CHEMICAL WARFAME BRANCH, Domestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See DOMESTIC OPERATIONS DIVISION.
 - CHEMICAL WARFARE SECTION, War Department Claims Board, War Department.—See WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS BOARD.
 - CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, War Department.—Established by General Orders, No. 62, June 28, 1918, which consolidated the Chemical Service Section of the National Army, the gas defense production and gas training activities of the Cas Defense Division of the Surgeon General's Office, the gas offense production activities of the Ordnance Chief's Office, and the research work that had been developed by the War Gas Investigations of the Bureau of Mines, Interior Department. It functioned during the war through the following Divisions: Development (with headquarters at Nela Park, Cleveland, Ohio), European, Cas Defense Production, Gas Offense Production, Medical, Proving (which directed the Lakehurst Proving Grounds in N. J.), Research (which took over work begun by the Kines Bureau), and Training. Still in existence. Functions: To develop, produce, and test articles of gas offense and defense, and to organize and train officers and troops in gas defense. Records: In the War Department.
 - CHEMICAL WARFARE SUBMIVISION, Port Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—By Purchase and Storage Notice No. 9 of October 25, 1918, there was established a Chemical Warfare Branch, which became the Chemical Warfare Subdivision on November 22, 1918. This unit was probably discontinued prior to the abolition of the Port Operations Division on February 1, 1919. Functions: To have charge of the compilation of records and reports relative to the movement of chemical warfare supplies through ports of embarkation for overseas forces, and to regulate the movement of such supplies in accordance with established priorities. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermatter General's Office in NA.

- CHEMICALS AND EXPLOSIVES INVISION, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Council of National Defense. - See CHEMICALS DIVISION, War Industries Board,
- CHEMICALS AND EXPLOSIVES DIVISION, War Industries Board .-- See CHEMI-CAIS DIVISION.
- CHEMICALS AND EXPLOSIVES SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department. - Apparently created during the war. Functions: To work with the Ordnance Bureau in obtaining the necessary chemicals out of which to make explosives. The Section also gave much consideration to the matter of production, especially as to methods of facilitating increased production. Records: Probably dispersed among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
- CHEMICALS BRANCH, Raw Materials and Paints Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchass and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department,-PAW MATERIALS AND PAINTS DIVISION, CHEMICALS COOPERATIVE COLDUITTEE, Fam Materials, Minerals, and Metals
- Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense. -Organized in the spring of 1917 at the request of the Chairman of the superior Committee. Operated through the following Subcommittees: Acids, Alkali, Goal-Tar By-Products, Electrochemicals, Fortiliters, Niscellaneous Chemicals, Pyrites, and Sulphur. The Nar Industries Board, created in Ally 1917, took over many of the func-tions of the Committee, and on December 4, 1917, the Chemical Alliance, Inc., formally took over the various subcommittees, The Chemical Alliance had been incorporated in Connecticut on July 30, 1917, at the request of the Commerce Department to meet certain conditions that were erising in the handling of foreign pyrites, Punctione: To reduce and etabilize priess by voluntary agreement of producers, to develop new resources, and to handle matters pertaining to priorities and the allocation of materials, Records: Some are among those of the War industries Board in NA; others were taken over by the Chemical Alliance, Inc., and are probably now in private hands,
- CHMICALS HIVISION, Food Administration .- See COLLATERAL COMMUNITIES DIVISION.
- CHEMICALS DIVISION, War Industries Board .- Formed April 17, 1917, es the Chemicals and Explosives Division under the Haw Materials, Minscals, and Metale Committee of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense. About November 1, 1917, it was reorganised es the Chemicals and Explosives Division of the War Industries Board, and included consodity sections in charge of various products. It becars the Chemicals Division on June 1, 1918, when jurisdiction over explosives was transferred to the newly created Explosives Division. It retained the commodity sections dealing with chemicals. Discontinued December 31, 1918. Practions: To collect data regarding productive capacity for chemicals, to increese production, to silocate supplies, and to act as the general point of contact between Government agencies using chesicals and the organizations producing them. Records Among those of the Board in Ma, chiefly in the "consolidated files." There are, however, some segregated card records of the Wood Chemicals Section, the Mitrates Section, and the Joint Office on Chemical Statistics.

- CHEMICALS SECTION, LUBRICANTS, FUELS, AND, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See CIVIL AND MECHANICAL DIVISION.
- CHEMICALS SECTION, MISCELLANEOUS, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—See MISCELLANEOUS CHEMICALS SECTION.
- CHEMICALS, SISAL, AND JUTE DIVISION, Food Administration. -- See COLLAT-ERAL COLLODITIES DIVISION.
- CHEMICALS SUBCOMMITTEE, MISCELLANEOUS, Chemicals Cooperative Committees, Raw Vaterials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See MISCELLANEOUS CHEMICALS SUBCOMMITTEE.
- CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY DIVISION, National Research Council. Organized early in 1918 as a part of the war organization of the Council. Its first Chairman, M. T. Bogert, was succeeded in March 1918 by John Johnston. In addition to the Nitrate and Explosives Investigations Committees, there were active at the time of the armistice Special Committees on Chemical Apparatus and Supplies, Chemical Engineering, and Synthetic Drugs, as well as Committees on the Chemistry of Ceramics, Colloids, Fuels, Glass, Rubber and Allied Substances, Soils and Fertilizers, and Textiles and Fabrics. The Division was reorganized for peacetime activity on March 21, 1919, under the chairmanship of Wilder D. Bancroft. Functions: To handle matters with reference to the subjects indicated by the names of its Committees. The Division promoted laboratory research on war problems; maintained a staff of special consultants; served as a clearinghouse for advice and information; prepared, at the request of the War Department's Committee on Education and Special Training, recommendations and courses of study for the training of chemists in the Student's Army Training Corps; held frequent conferences on war problems; and maintained close cooperation with the War and Navy Departments, the War Industries Board, and other Government agencies. Records: In the National Research Council.
 - CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS COMMITTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—Created on November 4, 1915. Consisted of seven members, with W. R. Whitney as Chairman. Succeeded early in 1916 by the Chemistry Committee and the Physics Committee.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
 - CHEMISTHY AND TECHNOLOGY OF GLASS COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—Set up in 1916 as a subcommittee of the Chemistry Committee under the chairmanship of Arthur L. Day. Became a part of the Division when it was organized in 1918. Functions: To promote research in problems in the chemistry of glass. Records: In the National Research Council.
 - CHEMISTRY BUFFAU, Agriculture Department.—A Division of Chemistry was established in 1863 and given bureau status in 1901. It operated during the war through more than a dozen Laboratories, including: Carbohydrates; Color; Food Control; Fruit and Vegetable Utilization; Leather and Paper; and Oil, Fat, and Wax. In 1927 it was combined with the Bureau of Soils to form the Bureau of Chemistry and Soils. In 1938 most of its units were transferred to the Bureau of Agricultural Engineering to form the present Bureau of Agricultural Chemistry and Engineering. Functions: During the war it assisted

- CHEMISTRY DIVISION, Standards Bureau, Commerce Department.—In existence prior to the war. Functions: To perform the chemical work of the Bureau. During the war it cooperated in gas defense work; investigated textile dyes for Army uniforms; developed paints, varnishes, and protective coatings; and helped prepare roofings for temporary war buildings. Records: In the National Eureau of Standards.
- CHEMISTRY OF CERAMICS COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—Organized in 1916 as a subcommittee of the Chemistry Committee, under the chairmanship of E. W. Washburn. Became a part of the Division when it was organized in 1918. Functions: The Committee outlined projects for a cooperative survey of ceramic raw materials, which resulted in a conference of representatives of the Government, the American Ceramic Society, and the Association of American State Geologists and in a systematic survey of ceramic resources in a number of States. At the request of the Fuel Administration it prepared a synopsis of a course in chemistry combustion and fuel engineering and, at the request of the War Department, a special war course in ceramic engineering for the Students' Army Training Corps. Records: In the National Research Council.
 - CHEMISTRY OF COLLOIDS COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1917 as the Chemistry of Glue and Other Colloids Subcommittee of the Chemistry Committee, with Jerome Alexander as Chairman. Became a part of the Division when it was organized in 1918. <u>Functions</u>: To cooperate with other Government agencies in the preparation of standard specifications for glues and gelatin. <u>Records</u>: In the National Research Council.
 - CHEMISTRY OF FUELS CONVITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1917 as a subcommittee of the Chemistry Committee, under the chairmanship of Raymond F. Bacon and later of E. R. Weidlein. Made a part of the Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division when it was organized in 1918.

 Functions: In cooperation with the Bureau of Mines, the Bureau of Standards, the British War Mission, and other agencies, the Committee concentrated its activities on obtaining a better fuel for airplane notors. It also, in cooperation with the Engineering Experiment Station of Purdue University, conducted a series of tests on carburetors in an effort to determine losses of efficiency and the causes and remedies of such losses. Records: In the National Research Council.
 - CHEMISTRY OF GLUE AND OTHER COLLOIDS SUBCODMITTEE, Chemistry Committee, National Research Council.—See CHEMISTRY OF COLLOIDS COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division.
 - CHEMISTRY OF RUBBER AND ALLIED SUBSTANCES COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1917 as a subcommittee of the Chemistry Committee, with David Spence as Chairman, and nade a part of the Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division when it was organized in 1918. Functions: Its activities included investigation of the rubber content of certain California shrubs, cooperation with the Quartermaster General's Office, War Department, in the preparation of specifications and tests for automobile tires and tubes, investigations on the recovery of cotton from scrap tire fabric and tire waste, and cooperation in

- rubber work required in the preparation of submarine detectore.
 Records: In the National Research Council.
- CEMISTRY OF SUILS AND PERHILIERS COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Feedmology Division, National Research Commella-Created in 1917 as a subcommittee of the Chemistry Committee, under the chairmanthy of H. J. Meeler, and made a part of the Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division when it was organized in 1918. It was discharged later in 1918 in paror of the Special Joint Committee on Fertilities Investigations formed in the Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fishertzs Division. Punctions; Its activities included the preparation of a census of potash needs for agricultural purposes, the urging of the importance of systematic surveys for potash deposits, cooperation with certain agricultural experiment estations to the effect of seatherships of potaships and studies of the effect of seatherships of potaships.
- CEMISHI OF CETTLES AND PRIMICS CHRISTER, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—Created in 1916 as the Drestwifs Subcommittee of the Chemistry Committee, under the chairmanchy of J. Merrit Mathern. In October 1917 it because the Dysetwifs and Textiles Subcommittee, and in the war organization of the Council, seablished in 1918, it because a part of the Chemistry and Chemistry Britished Primiting and Pertiles and Particles and Pa
- CREMISTRY SUBCULUITIES, Standardization of Fedical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Redicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisor, Commission, Council of National Defense, See SIMBURIZATION OF REPORT CAMPINE
- CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, OFFICE OF THE, War Department, -- See SIGNAL OF-FIGER S CYPICE, CHIEF.
- CHILD COMMENSATION SUCTION, Field Division, Council of National Defense,—Department on October 1, 1938, soucceeding the Child Neighton Department of the Woman's Committee, Terminated shout June 30, 1949. Bunctions: Indicated by rasses of genery. Becoming about those of the Council in MA. Included are copies of circulars leaved by the Section.
- CHID LABOR DVISIGN, Children's Bureau, Labor Department,—Organized on key 1, 1917, and probably discontinued shortly after the close of the war. Orace Abbott, Director; Ellen N. Matthews, Acting Director efter August 1, 1918. Engineers To emprove the first Child Labor Act; efter that act was declared unconstitutional on June 3, 1918, to make Ameritariance and reports; and efter July 12, 1928, by resolution of the Ner Labor Politics Board, to administer, in cooperation with effected spenders, the etamost child Labor clause required to be part of all war contracts. Records: 1917-18 (24 feet) in the Children's Bureau.

CHILD WELFARE COLUMNITE, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Cormission, Commell of National Defense.—

75

Formed December 8, 1917; ceased functioning after the armistice. Functions: To cooperate with the Children's Bureau of the Labor Department in the plans for its "Children's Year" program, and to study and make recommendations concerning children's problems. Records: Some may be among those of the Council in NA.

CHILD WELFARE DEPARTMENT, Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense.—Organized about May 1917 and terminated on October 1, 1918, when its work was taken over by the newly created Child Conservation Section of the Field Division. Functions: To contribute to national security by promoting work for the protection of children, especially with reference to the enforcement of child labor laws and protection from exploitation, the attendance at school of all children of school age, and recreation. Cooperated with the Children's Bureau and the General Medical Board. Records: Among those of the Council in NA. Included are correspondence of the Executive Chairman, Jessica Peixotto, and circular materials.

CHILDHEN'S BUREAU, Labor Department.—Created by act of Congress in 1912 as part of the Department of Commerce and Labor and transferred the following year to the newly created Department of Labor. Julia C. Lathrop, Chief during the period of the war. Functions: To investigate and report on all matters pertaining to child welfare. During the war years, by request of the War Labor Policies Board, the Bureau cooperated with other Covernment agencies in administering a special standard-contract provision governing the employment of children in war industries and investigated conditions of child labor in such industries (see CHILD LABOR DIVISION). In cooperation with the Child Conservation Section of the Field Division and the Child Welfare Committee of the General Medical Board, Council of National Defense, it carried on a campaign for the protection of children, which was designated "The Children's Year." In this campaign there was some emphasis on wartime conditions. Hecords: Those in NA, 1914-24 (84 feet), include general correspondence. Other records (4,500 feet), which include research materials and informational files, have been retained by the Bureau. References: James A. Tobey, The Children's Bureau (Baltimore, 1925); Children's Bureau, Children's Year Leaflet, Nos. 1-13 (Washington, 1918-19).

CHILDREN'S RELIEF BUREAU, American Relief Administration.—See AMERI-CAN RELIEF ADMINISTRATION EUROPEAN CHILDREN'S FUND.

CHLORDIE SECTION, ALKALI AND, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—See ALKALI AND CHLORDIE SECTION.

CITIES STATISTICS DIVISION, Census Bureau, Commerce Department.—See STATISTICS OF CITIES DIVISION.

CITY WARKET REPORTING SERVICE, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department.—Established on Way 1, 1917, on an experimental basis, and enlarged in scope as the City Warket Service with funds provided by the Food Production Act of August 10, 1917, and a supplementary appropriation of November 21, 1918. Functioned as part of or in close relation with the City Marketing and Distribution Project. Discontinued on June 30, 1919. Functions: To improve distribution, further conservation, and stabilize prices of food by providing farmers in the vicinity of large cities and consumers in such cities with market information particularly suited to their needs, by assisting the Food Administration in the compilation of fair price lists, and by publishing such lists. To attain similar objectives and to conserve labor by footering improved methods of merchandizing farm products and other goods. Records: 1917-19 (4 feet) in

- NA. Include correspondence, memorands, and reports on the work of the project in individual cities, in the files of the City Marketing and Mastribution Project, and correspondence of staff members with Bureau authorities, the project head, and outsiders, in the Bureau centual correspondence files.
- CIVIL ALDRISTRATION INVISION, Judge Advocate Ceneral's Office, War Department.—Probably in existence before the war. <u>Punctions</u>? To consider legal questions evulation by the Bursau of Insular Affairs and questions arising under the civil administration of the War Department (including those partaining to river and harbor administration), except those sesigned to the Constitutional and International Jew Editation; and to prepare and argue certain insular cases involving the interests of the Government or of the insular possessions.

 202022: In the Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department.
- GUTL AND ECHNICAL MITSIGN, Engineering and Purchesing Department, Demsell Engineer Depts, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Ear Department,—Existed by June 21, 1918. Operated through two Groups, A and B. Oroup A consisted of five Sections: Construction, Flant, and Equipment, Mater Supply and Hydraudies; Mining and Quarry; Camouffage, Gee, and Flasse; and Design and Test. Group B consisted of six Sections: Frine Movers and Accessories; Machine Tools and Accessories Logging, Sawall, and Moodmorking; Mutmotive and Transport Machinery; Horse Drewn Transport; and Lubrichnitz, Fusits, and Cheatchis. In accordance with Supply Circular No. 50, Purchase, Demonster, and Traffic Division, of October 22, 1918, its functions of the Control of the Division of the Control of Control of the Chief of the Division of the Control of Purchase of the materials indicated by its section titles. Records: Probably anong those of the Office of the Chief of the Chief
- CIVIL MIVISION, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department. -- See CIVIL WORKS BRANCH.
- CIVI. NUMBER AND PRACK-MUNK EXPTICE, Engineering Swach, Construction Division, War Department.—Originally in the Engineering Branch, Contonnent Division, Carternaster General's Office, Transferred with the Branch to the Construction Division on Merch 13, 1918, 'Particulans' to prepay plans for civil-engineering work and track work at Army camps and contonnents. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineer, Far Department
- CIVIL ELIEF SECTION, Insurance Division, War Rick Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department.—Established under the provisions of sticle 4 of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of March 8, 1918, and continued in the Insurance Division, Veterans' Bureau, siter

the abolition of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance on August 9, 1921. The Scction had ceaeed to exist by July 1, 1924. Functions: To protect private life-ineurance policies of persons in the armed service against lapse because of nonpayment of premiums. This protection was based on the application of the ineured and was not to exceed a total of \$5,000 face value of one or more policies. The Treasury guaranteed the premiums by the issuance of bonde to the ineurers and was reimbureed by the payment of the premiums so guaranteed within 1 year after the insured's discharge from the service or 1 year after March 3, 1921. Recorde: 1918-24 (122 feet) in NA. Include applications, correspondence, informational insurance data, accounts, regietors, administrative files, and indexes.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION .- Established on March 9, 1883, as a permanent commission of three membere, pursuant to the Pendleton Civil Service Act of January 16, 1883. Functions: To recruit persons by open competitive examinations for positions in the Government civil service, to keep the required service records, and to carry out the provisions of the Civil Service Act. During the war, in order to meet the increaeed demand for civil service employcee, the Commission examined approximately one million percons, canvasced the country for available applicants, and cooperated with a number of colleges and technical schools in a training program designed to produce the necessary qualified personnel. Records: 1883-1921 (80 feet) in NA. These include prese copies of letters sent and minutes of the meetings of the Commissioners. The bulk of the records for the war period have been retained by the Commission. References: Darrell H. Smith, The United States Civil Service Commission (Baltimore, 1928); Carroll H. Wooddy, The Growth of the Federal Covernment, 1915-1932, 46-49 (New York, 1934); Civil Service Commission, Annual Reporte, 1917-19.

CIVIL WORKS BRANCH, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—
Established prior to the outbreak of the war, and organized into the following Divisions: Accounte and Contracts, Mail and Record, Miseellaneous Civil, and River and Harbor. Abolished some time in 1918, and replaced by the Civil Division. Functione: To coordinate the civil activities of the Office. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

CIVILIAN COOPERATION IN COMBATING VENEREAL DISEASES, COMMITTEE FOR, General Medical Board, Mcdicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Originated as the Venereal Disease Subcommittee of the Committee on Hygiene and Sanitation on April 29, 1917, but soon renamed. Raised to the status of a Committee of the General Medical Board about March 1918. Ceased functioning after the armistice. Functions: To study and recommend plans for combating venereal diseases, and to develop public opinion favorable to the social hygiene program. Records: Some are with those of the Council in MA, including correspondence, reporte, and other records of the Executive Secretary.

CIVILIAN INSIGNA SERVICE, Labor Department.—See INDUSTRIAL INSIGNA SERVICE.

CIVILIAN MARKSMANSHIP DIRECTOR'S OFFICE, Militia Bureau, War Department.—Established on December 13, 1916, under provisions of acts approved June 3 and August 29, 1916. Functions: To supervise the activities of civilian marksmanship clubs and to act as a liaison agent between them and the War Department. Records: In the War Department.

- CIVILIAN RELIEF DEPARTMENT, American National Fed Cross War Council. Ses AMERICAN NATIONAL FED CROSS WAR COUNCIL.
- CLADES, LONDON NAVAL BOARD ON, Mavy Department.—See LONDON NAVAL BOARD ON CLADES.
- CLAIMS, PARIS NAVAL BOARD CH, Mavy Department.—See PARIS NAVAL BOARD CN CLAIMS.
- CIAINS AND PARKENT BRANCH, Cost Review Section, Ship Construction Divieion, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Cor-Doretton....Sec COST ENTIES SYSTEM
- CLAINS AND PROPERTY PROTECTION SECTION, Law Division, Railroad Administration.—Created on September 1, 1918, taking over functions formerprimarised by the Protection of Railroad Property and the Freight
 Chain Sections of the Law Bivision. Property protection functions
 were transferred to the Secret Service and Falles Section of the Oporation Bivision on January 1, 1919. Probably discontinued March 1,
 1920. Particules: To have jurisdiction over property protection and
 freight and personal injury claims. Records: Among those of the Law
 Bivision in Ma.
- CLAINS CALLD, Ordnanes Chief's Office, Mar Department, —Created by Office Order No. 251 of November 2, 1912. Ender Office Order No. 250 All of November 2, 1912. Ender Office Order No. 250 All of November 24, 1912 of November 24, 1912 of November 25, 1919, Subconsitions of the Compensation Sourd. Or February 25, 1919, Subconsitions on the Compensation Sourd. Or February 25, 1919, Subconsitions on the Sale of Fulldings and Equipment and on the Sale of Materials were created. On July 1, 1920, int became the Ordnanes Section of the Har Department Claims Board, and existed until the termination of that agency in 1922. Empidical to handle the supersion and cancelstate of all outsides in the Sale of Sale Ordnanes Accilities or material; to handle the settlement of All Administration of the Chain of Section November 19 of the Chain Orogica. Promoter Times of the Ordnanes Section, Navi Department Claims Board, 1918-21 (16 feet) are in Na. Other records of the Chains Board up to in Na among those of the Office.
- CLAIUS HOAD, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Eviction, Genard Staff, Nar Department, -Schablished by Purchase and Supply Notice No. 74 or February 20, 1939. It consisted of these senders and an advisory salvage officer members maker the district of the Purchase of Claims Board of the Contract of th

CIAINS BOARD, AIR SERVICE, Air Service Chief's Office, War Department. -- See AIR SERVICE CIAINS BOARD.

- CLAIMS BOARD, CONSTRUCTION, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See CONSTRUCTION CLAIMS BOARD.
 - CLAIMS BOARD, WAR DEPARTMENT.—See WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS BOARD, War Department.
 - CLAIMS BRANCH, Settlements Division, Finance Service, War Department.—
 Created on February 28, 1919. Functions: To examine and prepare
 claims for property lost, damaged, or destroyed in the military
 service. Records: In the Finance Chief's Office, War Department.
 - CLAIMS COMMISSION, Shipping Board.—Created on August 24, 1921, taking over part of the functions of the Construction Claime Board of the Emergency Fleet Corporation. It was a reviewing board only, the negotiation on claims settlements being handled by the Claims Section of the Iaw Division of the Corporation. Discontinued on December 31, 1922, and its remaining functions were taken over by the Claims Department (later the Claims Division) of the Corporation.

 Functions: To adjust, settle, and determine any claim (except claims by foreign governments) pending against the United States or the Shipping Board or Fleet Corporation resulting from the construction of any ship, drydock, wharf, terminal, or housing or transportation facility; and to determine, subject to review by the Shipping Board, the amount of just compensation to be paid for the cancelation, modification, or suspension of any contract of the Corporation. Records: 1919-22 (67 feet) in NA. Include correspondence relating to the progress of claims adjustment; minutes of meetings; docket files containing examiners' reports, correspondence, briefe, statements of values, accounte, and resolutions of the Claims Commission relative to each construction claim presented for hearing; and exhibits presented to the Claims Commission in the hearings of claims cases.
 - CLAINS COMMITTEE, ALIEN MILITARY, War Department.—See CONSTITUTIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL LAW DIVISION, Judge Advocate General'e Office.
 - CLAILS COLUITEE, REQUISITION, Shipping Board.—See REQUISITION CLAILS COLUITEE.
 - CLAIRS DIVISION, Justice Department. See DEFENSE OF SUITS DIVISION.
 - CLAIRS DIVISION, COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE, War Risk Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department.—See COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE CLAIRS DIVISION.
 - CLATES DIVISION, LIQUIDATION, Railroad Administration.—See LIQUIDATION CLATES DIVISION.
 - CLAINS SECTION, Transportation Department, Grain Corporation.—See TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT.
 - CIAINS SECTION, FOREIGN, War Department Claims Board, War Department.— See WAR DEPARTMENT CIAINS BOARD.
 - CLAIPS UNIT, LABOR, Claims Department, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See WAGE HEINBURSELENT COMMUTTEE.
 - CLASSIFICATION ECAPD, Settlements Division, Finance Service, War Department.—Created on May 6, 1919. Functions: To classify, route, investigate, and settle claims forwarded by the Auditor for the War Department to the War Department Claims Board. Records: In the Finance Chief's Office, War Department.

- CLASSIFICATION COMMUTTEE, CONSOLIDATED, Treffic Division, Railroad Administration See CONSOLIDATED CLASSIFICATION COMMUTTEE.
- CLASSIFICATION DIVISION, Adjutant General's Office, Wer Department.—
 Shortly siter the smistice, the Miscellaneous Section of the Cominsection Ferromen Branch, Operations Division, General Staffind
 had carried on the work of the former Committee on Chandle Committee
 for the Aury, was transferred to the Adjuty, the Division was transferred to the Aury as transferred to the Aury as transferred to the Committee of the Committee of the Carried Staffind Staffin
- CLASSIFICATION HIVISION, Post Office Department.—In existence before the war. <u>Functioner</u> During the war it brankled the wast increase of nature natided by the warious war agencies under the franking priviation of the second that the sec
- CLASSIFICATION MUISION, Provost Marshal General's Office, War Department.—Established Late in 1918; discontinued by July 15, 1939, Functions; To have jurisdiction over all questions extends used the Selective Service Act that related to classification, extending the Selective Service Act that related to classification, consideration of the Selective Service Act that related to classification and disposition to the Thomas and describers, furloughe, the placing of rejistants on the Thomas gency Flact Classification Lite, and, in general, questions relating to the status of registrants both before and efter induction. Records: With those or the Office of INA.
 - CLASSIFICATION OF PERSONNEL IN THE ARMI. CONSTITUTE ON, Adjutant General al's Office, Mar Department—A body of critian experts established of by the Secretary of Mar on August 5, 1927, and headed by Malter Dail Scott, On September 18, 1928, by General Orders, No. 86, the Dail Scott, On September 18, 1928, by General Orders, No. 86, the Market Market September 18, 1928, by General Orders, No. 86, the September 18, 1928, by General Or Personnel Branch, Operations Division, General Staff. Shortly after the semistics this Section became the Chaecification Division of The Adjutant Osmeral's Office. Functions: To furnish to sasigning and appointing agencies of the Army exact information concerning the occupations and abilities of officers and enlisted men. Its activioccupations and abilities of officers and enlitter months camps of a ties included the installation in all officers' training camps of a method for making recommendations for commissions; the preparation and inetallation of new forms for use in selecting applicants for positions in the Signal Corps; cooperation with the Medical Corps in perfecting a system of classifying recruits according to general intelligence and dexterity; and the substrated of the lady-tant General for classifying the personnel of the Army according to previous experience and training with a view to ite most efficient use. It established a trade-teeting division at Orange (later st Newark), N. J. Recorde: 1917-19 (17 feet) in MA. Correspondence, Nemaria, N. d. Mecorigis 1937-19 (17 feet) in Ri. Correspondence, reports, blank forus, organization charts, trude teste, graph and reports, blank forus, organization charts, trude teste, graph and continued the continued of the continued on the Capatitication of Personnel in the

- Army, and vol. 2, Personnel Manual Developed by the Committee on the Classification of Personnel in the Army (Washington, 1919).
- CLASSIFICATION OF SURGEONS SUBCOMMITTEE, Surgery Committee, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Created about the end of October 1917. By the beginning of May 1918, it had completed its work and turned the results over to the Surgeon General's Office, War Department. Functions: To classify and codify the professional and personal qualifications of all Medical Reserve Corps officers, and to classify those available for military service. Records: Some may be among those of the Council in NA.
 - CLASSIFICATIONS AND TRANSFER BRANCH, DRAFT, Industrial Relations Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See DRAFT CLASSIFICATIONS AND TRANSFER BRANCH.
 - CLEANING AND PRESERVING MATERIALS SECTION, Equipment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created in 1917. Became the Cleaning and Cleaning Fluids Branch, Equipment Section, Procurement Division, on January 14, 1918. Functions: To procure material used in cleaning and preserving equipment, such as soaps, oils, and chemicals. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - CLEANING AND PRESSING MATERIAL BRANCH, Inspection Section, Equipment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See INSPECTION SECTION.
 - CLEARANCE BRANCH, PRIORITIES AND, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See PRIORITIES AND CLEARANCE BRANCH.
 - CLEARANCE COLVITTEE, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense.—See CLEARANCE OFFICE, Requirements Division, War Industries Board.
 - CLEARANCE COLMITTEE, War Industries Board.—See CLEARANCE OFFICE, Requirements Division.
 - CLEARANCE IN VISION, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Organized in March 1918 as part of the Division of Information, Administration, and Clearance. In August it became a separate Division. After the termination of the war, it was reorganized to meet peacetime conditions, and its name was changed to Division of Operations.

 Functions: To aid in bringing about the most efficient distribution throughout the country of the available labor supply by reporting on the supply and the demand for labor; by referring requests for labor to the Federal Directors of the Employment Service in the several States; and by arranging the details of transporting workers from one locality to another. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - CLEARANCE CIFICE, Requirements Division, War Industries Board.—Originally formed as the Clearance Committee of the General Funitions Ecord of the Council of National Defense on August 1, 1917. On May 3, 1918, the Committee was reorganized and transferred to the Ear Industries Board. On July 24, 1918, it was succeeded by the Clearance Office of the Requirements Division of the Board. Discontinued after the armistice. Functions: To record, forward to the proper commodity sections, and follow up requests for clearances on purchases received from purchasing agencies of the Government and

- the Allies; to handle communications relative to such requests; to keep commodity sections informed of clearances by other sections; and to keep every purchasing agency informed of contepthated purchases by other agencies. Records: 1977-18 (45 feet) in NA. These consist theirly of correspondence and requests for clearance passed upon the commodity sections. Other records are probably in the consolidated or "commodity" filter of the Board that or "commodity" filters of the Board.
- CLEARNCE SECTION, External Relations Branch, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Ear Department.—Batablished by Supply Circular No. 85 of September 5, 1958, and discontinued in November 1918. <u>Functions</u>: To decide in matters of clearances among agencies of the Department; to obtain clearances for the Department from the War Industries Board; and to represent the Department from the Clearance Committee of the Board. <u>Records</u>: Thereshouts unknown.
- CLEMENCY AND RESTORATION SECTION, Military Justice Division, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department,—See MILITARY JUSTICE DIVI-SION.
- CLEMENCY ROARD, SPECIAL, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department. -- See SPECIAL CLEMENT BOARD.
- OLDING BURGAUS, Traffic Division, Bailmond Administration.—Betablished on Amayr 1, 1919, 1 New Tork, Chicago, and Atlanta. Discontinued on March 1, 1930. <u>Participes: To issue to ordainst and lisensed industrial large or participations on the Company of the Com</u>
- CIMATOLOGICAL MINISON, Feather Bureau, Agriculture Peparteent.—On July 1, 1932, this Extration, one of the elect in the Notther Bureau, was combined with the Agricultural Meteorology Division to form the Distance and Crop Weather Piriston. Pencions: During the war the Distance and Crop Weather Piriston. Pencions: During the war the Division functioned the Ear Department with climatic data concerning proposed locations for Agriculture amplied the European Concerning of the Control o
- CLINICAL SECTION, Physical Reconstruction Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See PHISICAL RECONSTRUCTION DIVISION.
- COTHING AND EQUIPAGE BRANCH, Cuartermaster Substitution Departs Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Furchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase Theodor's Office, Furchase and Storage Staff We will be a substitution of October 25, 1978. In Kovenbutian, interies, Satinge, and Storage Dections: Choking, Duipage, Microtel, Satinge, and Storage Dections: Choking, Supplement of the Company of the Staff of the Staff one: To supervise the distribution, maintenance, and storage of stocks of clothing and squipage for the Arm. Records: Some are among those of the Carternaster General's Office in Ma.
- CLOTHING AND DESIFIANT SHOWLD, Chartermaster Such vision, Overseas Alstatubution Extraton, Storage Baractor's Office, Purchase and Storage Purector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Central Staff, Mar Department, 1919, when the Evision was about the American Staff, was preparable for the following classes of supplies in account to ports of embarkation and for obtaining necessary priorities and release relating theretox Eurothectures and storage for the supplies in the sould be appreciated and storage of the supplies in the sould be appreciated and release relating theretox Eurothectures and storage for the supplies in the sould be appreciated and release relating theretox Eurothectures and supplies and supplies and supplies the supplies of the supplies of

- leather and rubber goods, tente and tent materials, and miscellaneous equipage. <u>Hecorde</u>: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
- CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE BRANCH, Requiremente and Requisitions Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See REQUIREMENTS AND REQUISITIONS DIVISION.
- CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE BRANCH, Supplies Division, Quartermaster General's Offics, War Department.—See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office.
- CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE BRANCH, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE SECTION, Commodity Branch.
- CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE BRANCH, Surplue Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—
 Created about December 1, 1918. On Juns 30, 1919, it was functioning through the following Sections: Harnese and Leather, Woolen and Knit Goods, Shose and Shoe Supplies, Cotton Goode, and Medical and Hospital Supplies. The latter had operated as a Branch until May 31, 1919. Functions: To have charge of the disposal of surplue clothing and equipage and, after May 31, 1919, of the disposal of eurplus medical and hospital suppliess. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE DIVISION, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Transferred from the Quartermaster General's Office about October 21, 1918. In November 1918 the Division functioned through an Administrative Branch, a Planning Branch, and five procurement Branchss as follows: Cotton Goode, Wool Tops and Yarn, Woolen and Knit Goods, Leather and Rubber, and Manufactured Goods. Still in existence on Juns 30, 1920. Functione: To have charge of the procurement of woolen and cotton clothing, woolen and cotton textiles, rubber articles, leather findings and trimmings, metallic ornaments, and ineignia for the Army. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General'e Office in NA.
 - CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Offics, War Department. - Existed prior to the war as the Clothing and Equipage Branch, Supplies Division. On January 18, 1918, by Offics Order No. 177, this Branch became the Clothing and Equipage Division. January 26, by Office Order No. 202, a Supplies and Equipment Division was formed by uniting the Clothing and Equipage Division with a part of the Supplies Committee of the Council of National Defense, the Quarternaster Purchasing and Manufacturing Offices (formerly the Purchasing Branch of the Philadelphia Depot), and the remainder of the former Supplies Division. On May 18, 1918, by Office Order No. 412, the Supplies and Equipment Division was divided into the following three Divisions: Clothing and Equipage, Hardware and Metals, and Vehicles and Harness. In October 1918 the first of these became the Clothing and Equipage Division of the Purchase and Storage Director's Office. This Division operated through a number of Branches, including: Cotton Goods; Knit Goods; Leather Materials; Planning; Production and Inspection; Purchasing; Shoes, Leather, and Rubber; and Wool Tops and Yarn. Functions: To procure clothing

- and equipment for the use of the armed forces. Records: Probably with those of the Quartermastor General's Office in NA.
- CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE INVISION, Storage Service, Furchase and Storage Service, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division. General Staff, Far Department.—See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE SECTION, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division.
- CLOTHING AND EQUIPARS SECTION, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Staff, Fer Department,—Established on May 19, 1939. Functioned through the Following Subsections: Domestic Distribution; Export Distribution; Export Distribution; Replacement; Stock Record; and Surplus Property. Became a Branch on Howember 6, 1939, admiss To vated to the etatus of a Division on May 39, as Calculation and equipage for the distribution and substitute for the supply of troops for the Army and the bandling Commoditions for the supply of troops for the Army and the bandling Commoditions for the supply of troops for the Army and the bandling Commoditions for the supply of troops for the Army and the bandling Commoditions for the supply of troops for the Army and the bandling Commoditions for the supply of troops for the Army and the bandling Commodition for the supply of troops for the Army and the bandling Commodition for the Supply of the Commodition for the Supply of the Supply of the Commodition for the Supply of th
- CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE SECTION, Purchase Sumarise Branch, Statistical Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Ceneral Staff, Wer Department.—See PURCHASE SUMMARIES PRANCIA
- CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE SUBSECTION, Quartermeter Stores Section, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storese, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department, —See CHARTEMASTER STORES SECTION.
- CLOTHING MENOVATION BRANCE, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and fractic Division, General Staff, Rar Department.—Letablished on Traffic Division, General Staff, Rar Department.—Entablished on Tag. 1918. By Turchase and Storage Storage Parameter, Storage Storage
 - CLOTHING REPAIR BERNOH, Conservation and Reclamation Division, Quartermater General's Office, War Department, Excalled and cu thunsary 26pages of the Clothing Repair Section on Repair Emuch, Reclamation, Division. On April 122, of the Conservation and Reclamabilision, and lab april 122, of the Conservation and Reclamation Division. On the Conservation and Reclamation Division of the Conservation Emuch, Salvage Division, of the Office of the Director of Furchess and Storage, Emericans to handle the repair of clothing for the Amy. Records: Frobably same those of the Office in Ma.
 - CLOTHING METAIR SECTION, Repair Shops Branch, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division. Cameral Staff, War Department.—See REPAIR SEOFS BRANCH.
 - CLOPHING SECTION, Furchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Eureau,
 Navy Department.—In existence prior to the outbreak of the war.
 Particular To supply the Navy with such necessary commodities as
 chose, suits, blankets, cettom goods, and canvas. Records: Probsky disparsed among the general files of the Eureau in MA.

- COAL AND COKE PROGRAMME COMMITTEE, INTERALLIED.—See INTERALLIED COAL AND COKE PROGRAMME COMMITTEE.
- COAL BRANCH, COASTWISE, Trades and Allocations Division, Shipping Control Committee, Shipping Board.—See TRADES AND ALLOCATIONS DIVISION.
- COAL BUREAU, ANTHRACITE, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.—
 See ANTHRACITE COAL BUREAU.
- COAL BUREAU, BITUMINOUS, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.— See BITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE BUREAU.
- COAL CAR POOL, EASTERN RAILEOADS, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—See EASTERN RAILEOADS COAL CAR POOL.
- COAL COMMISSION, BITUMINOUS .- See BITUMINOUS COAL COMMISSION.
- COAL COLLISSION, NAVY ALASKAN, Navy Department.—See NAVY ALASKAN COAL COLLISSION.
- COAL COMMITTEE, DISTRIBUTION OF MILK, ICE, AND, War Labor Policies
 Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See DISTRIBUTION
 OF MILK, ICE, AND COAL COMMITTEE.
- COAL EXPORT DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See EXPORT COAL DEPARTMENT.
- COAL FOR NAVAL PURPOSES SECTION, Mining Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.--See MINING DIVISION.
- COAL MISSICH, American Relief Administration.—Established under the Director General of Relief by the Supreme Economic Council on April 28, 1919. Under the direction of Col. A. C. Goodyear, it maintained headquarters at Paris and at Mahrish-Ostrau in Silesia. Terminated in September 1919. This agency has been referred to by several names, e. g., Allied Coal Mission, European Coal Commission, and Interallied Coal Commission. Functions: To endeavor to increase coal production in the former Austro-Hungarian Empire and in Poland, and to distribute coal under the auspices of the Allied Railway Mission for use in the transportation of food supplies there. Records: Those in MA include financial records, 1919 (3 inches). The bulk of the records are in the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace, Stanford University. References: American Relief Administration, Bulletin, No. 8, p. 8 (May 6, 1919).
 - COAL PRODUCTION CONSISTEE, Council of National Defense.—Created on April 21, 1917, and consisted of representatives of the coal and coke industries, consumers, transportation agencies, the Geological Survey, the Mines Eureau, and the Labor Department. Cooperated with the Transportation Counties of the Advisory Counties on the Council in accelerating the movement of coal to points of greatest need. Its activities were curtailed after the appointment of the Fuel Administrator on August 23, 1917, and it went out of existence on February 25, 1918. Francis S. Peabody, Chairman. Functions: It charted coal resources; assisted in the organization of the Lake and Tidewater Coal Pools; and established tentative maximum prices.

 Pecords: Among those of the Council in NA. Included is correspondence of the Chairman, 1917-18 (6 inches). References: Fuel Administration, Report of Engineers Counties, 1918-1919, p. 11 (Washington, 1919).

- COAL TAR SI-PRODUCTS SUBCUMINITEE, Chemicale Cooperative Committee, haw knteriale, Minerale, and Metals Corrittee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Formed about October 1977 and transcouncil of National Defense.—Formed about October 1977 and transferred in Newember to the Chemical Alliance 1977 and transferred in Newember to the Chemical Alliance of its Section on Pr-Products of Coal and Gos. Intelligent tree. Records: Most of ing to coal far byprod to the Chemical Alliance, but some are smoog the records of the Council and of the Wor Industries Board in Ma.
- COAL ZUES PERMIT BURZAU, Distribution Division, Theil Administration,—
 Organised on April 1, 1918, when the sons distribution plan, under which coal could not be shipped out of the first burner in which the producting district was located, was chiffed. For intrinsiated when the producting district was located, was chiffed. First first, and issue permits for necessary out-of-some sovewhelms of coal, chiefly where coals of particular quality were required for certain purposes. Records: Among these of the Statistics Bureau of the Division in NA.
- COANCE GRAIN LEPARMENT, Grain Corporation.—Established in October 1918. In December 1918 it took over the work of the Gereal Products Department, Terminsted in Especials 1919. https://doi.org/10.1006/19.100
- COARSE CHAINS SECTION, Cereal Division, Book Administration.—Established in June 1917 se the Orain Department with Nilsus H. Bernes es Linder, I was successively known as the Grain and Flour Department, the Grain Bivision, and the Grain Division, and The Grain Division. In December 1917 it became the Course in Bivision of Briston, with J. J. Stream established the Course grains and their products. In July 1918 to became a section of the Gereel Division. For the Earthwist Department Events milling industries, including corn products manner beer manufacturers, and will handlers of course facturers, feed manufacturers and dealers contained the products and the products and the state of endes; controlled and the course grain products and the products of endes; controlled the summarket became grain products and the summarket became grain products and the scale of endes; controlled to the first products and the summarket became grain products and the scale of endes; controlled to the first products and the summarket became grain products and the course of the Cereal Division includes a Historical Shotch of the Story of the Cereal Division includes a Historical Shotch of the Story of
 - CAST AND GEOMETIC SURVEY, Commerce Department.—In evidence before the war. During the period of the war and under the Charts, Geodesy, Hydrography, and Department of Termential Magnetics Divisions and the Instrument See Build States, the possessions, and other and geodetic surveys in these States, the possessions, and other and geodetic surveys in these based on these surveys for the purposes areas, and to public surveys that she had so the season of the personnel area transferred to the flar and Newy Department of the personnel area transferred to the flar and Newy Department and the energies of the treatings personnel were directed that the energies of the flar and Newy Department and the energies of the Geography of the season of t

- in the Coast and Geodetic Survey. References: Gustavus A. Weber, The Coast and Geodetic Survey (Baltimore, 1923).
- COAST ARTILLERY CHIEF'S OFFICE, War Department.—Created by an act of February 2, 1901. Functions: To be responsible for personnel and material of the Coaet Artillery Corps and to advice the Chief of Staff and the Secretary of War on coast artillery problems. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Coast Artillery, Ground Forces, War Department.
- COAST DEFENSE EQUIPMENT SECTION, Electrical Division, Engineering and Furchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Offics of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See ELECTRICAL DIVISION.
- COAST GUARD, Treasury Department.—Created from two earlier agencies by an act of January 28, 1915. This act provided that the Coast Guard should operate under the Treasury Department in time of peace but as a part of the Navy in wartime or when the Precident should eo direct. Accordingly, by Executive Order No. 2587, April 7, 1917, it was transferred with its entire personnel and office force to the Navy Department. It was returned to the Treasury Department by Exscutive Order No. 3160, August 28, 1919. Functions: To assist the Navy in patrol duty, submarine chasing, communication work, convoying, and aviation activities and, when necessary, to take part in actual combat with the enemy. Records: 1830-1942 (8,470 feet) in NA, including correspondence and ship and station logs. More than 8,000 feet of records have been retained by the Coast Guard in Washington and an undetermined quantity remains in the field. References: Darrell H. Smith and Fred W. Powell, The Coast Guard (Washington, 1929).
 - COASTWISE COAL BRANCH, Trades and Allocations Division, Shipping Control Committee, Shipping Board.—Ses TRADES AND ALLOCATIONS DIVISION.
 - COASTWISE STEAMSHIP ADVISORY COMMITTEE, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Appointed on April 13 and abolished on September 1, 1918. Its functions were taken over by the Federal Manager of the Coastwise Steamship Lines [Section]. Functions: To administer coastwise steamship lines under Federal control. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.
 - COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES [SECTION], Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Formed September 1, 1918, taking over functions formerly performed by the Coastwise Steamship Advisory Committee. Head-quarters in New York. Probably terminated with the Division on March 1, 1920. Functions: To exercise jurisdiction over the operation of certain coastwise steamship lines under Federal control.

 Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.
 - CODE AND CIPHER SECTICE, Positive Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—Probably established in February 1918 and abolished during the fiscal year ending on June 30, 1920. <u>Emetions:</u> To code and decode messages; to prepare new code material, new code books, and cipher systems; and to perform other tasks, as indicated by the titles of its subordinate Bureaus: Shorthand, Secret Ink, Code Instruction, Code Compilation, and Communication. <u>Fecords:</u> In the General Staff, War Department.
 - COFFEE COMMITTEE OF FREIGHTS AND LICENSES.—Appointed by the War Trade Board on May 29, 1918. Consisted of representatives of the Shipping Board, the War Trade Board, the Food Administration, and the coffee

trade, the last without woie, Probably terminated early in 1919. Functions: To hear cases of exception to a rule of the Mar Trade Board of May 23, 1918, providing rule of a rule of the Mar Trade Board of May 23, 1918, providing the man of the formal of the control of the shade of the control of the Board, Gee also SUGAI EQUALIZATION BRADE). Records: Copies of minutes, reports of the Counties to the Board, Correspondence, and telegram and the control of the Board Administration in Al. Hope control of the Counties to the Board, Correspondence, and telegram the control of the Board Administration in Al. Hope control of the Counties to the Board, Counties to the Sound Counties of the Counties of the Board Counties of the Counties of t

COFFEE SECTION, Distribution Division, Food Administration.—See COFFEE SECTION, Steple Groceries Division.

COFFEE SCHION, Stuple Groceries Education, Food Administration,—Organised in Bebruary 1918 in the Bustribution Diricion. Transferred in April to the Staple Groceries Biriston, and returned to the Distribution Biriston in October. Abolished in Assury 1919. <u>Functions</u> 7 output as coffee Homeses, to fix maximum prices for the sale of fixture and see Tork Office Exchange, to enforce the foodboated rules and see Tork Office Exchange, to enforce the foodboated rules and see Tork Office Exchange, to enforce the foodboated rules and see Tork Office Exchange to enforce the foodboated rules and see Tork Office Exchange and enforcement reports, questionnaires, litense sprinciptions, and related papers.

COME BUREAU, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration. -- See BITUAL-NOUS COAL AND COME SUFFAU.

CORR PROGRAMMER COMMITTEE, INTERALLIED COAL AND. See INTERALLIED COAL AND CORE PROGRAMME COMMITTEE.

COME SECTION, Bituminous Coal and Coke Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.—See BITUMINOUS COAL AND COME BUREAU.

COLD NOLLD AND COLD DRAWN STELL SUBCHMITTES, Steel and Steel Products Compretive Countities, Raw Meterials, Himerits, and Metale Dommitted, Advisory Counteien, Council of Neutonal Defense,—Organized in June 1917. It was dissolved in November 1917 and its functions were taken for the Franchistes Board. Protions: To supervise production of the commodities indicated by its name. Records: Some May be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.

COLD STORAGE REANCE, Operations Control Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Storage and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Storage Division and Storage Division and Storage Division of Storage Director's Office. On May 13, 1979, with the sholtion of that Division, it begame as Franch of the Operations Control Division (Late the Storage Aministrative Division) of the Storage Service. About January 26, 1930, it became a Section of the Subseletence Franch, Supplies Division, Storage Service. It operated through of Chicago Section and a New York Section, Purchases to have charge of refrigeration in connection with Army Supply extivities. Paconds: Some are among those of the Quartermaster Concrall's Office in Na.

COLD STORMER SECTION, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department, --Originated in 1914 so part of the Market Surveys, Methods, and Costs Project, and Cunctioned in close relation with the Transportation Section. Its scope was greatly expanded under the Food Production Act

of August 10, 1917, from which was derived power (delegated by the Secretary of Agriculture to the Chief of the Bureau on August 17, 1917) to compel cold-storage plant operators to submit reports on holdings and other matters. It was made a separate Section, although without formal project status, during the fiscal year 1919, at which time it functioned in close relation with the Food Surveys of the United States Project. It was placed in the Section of Marketing Statistics in September 1920, and is now in the Agricultural Statistics Division of the Agricultural Economics Bureau. Functions: To enable the Government and the public to make plans for increasing food production and conserving food and transportation facilities by collecting and publishing data concerning the reserve supply of some of the more perishable foods. Also to provide the Food Administration and the War Department with special information concerning cold-storage firms, including their space and holdings. Records: 1914-22 (5 inches) in NA. Include a "Report of Storage Space Available on September 1, 1918" and correspondence between staff members and Bureau authorities and the public in the Markets Bureau central correspondence files. Information about the Cold Storage Section is also contained in a Market Surveys, Methods, and Costs Project unpublished report (1918) and a Transportation and Storage Division unpublished report (1919) in the "manuscript files" of the Bureaus of Markets and of Agricultural Economics.

COLD STORAGE SECTION, Perishable Foods Division, Food Administration.—
Established in July 1917 as a part of the Dairy Products, Cold Storage, and Packing House Products Division, and became a Section of the Perishable Foods Division late in 1917. Abolished in February 1919. Functions: To act in an advisory capacity with reference to the problems of cold-storage warehousemen under the license control system, and to formulate rules and regulations for food storage.

Records: 1917-19 (27 feet) in NA. Correspondence, monthly reports, and rate sheets of warehousemen.

COLLATERAL COLLIODITIES DIVISION, Food Administration .- Organized in the fall of 1917 as the Chemicals Division to deal primarily with armonia and arsenic. In January 1918 functions relating to sisal and binder twine were added, and it was merged with the Miscellaneous Commodities Division to form the Chemicals, Sisal, and Jute Division. In April its functions were extended to include glycerine and ice, and its name was changed to Collateral Commodities Division. On October 14, 1918, the Cottonseed and Garbage Utilization Divisions were transferred to it. No formal Sections were set up until Jume 1918. Thereafter it came to include the following Sections: Armonia and Ice, Arsenic, Cottonseed Industry, Fats and Oils, Carbage Utilization, and Sisal and Textile Food Containers. Abolished in June 1919. Functions: To direct the conservation and distribution of comodities that were neither foods nor feeds but that were used in their preservation or protection. Records: 1917-19 (108 feet) in NA. Correspondence, replies to questionnaires, and copies of minutes of the Interdepartmental Committee on Ammonia Control.

COLLEGES DIVISION, SCHOOLS AND, Food Administration.—See SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES DIVISION.

COLLEGIATE SECTICE, Home Conservation Division, Food Administration.— See SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES DIVISION. COLLOIDS COMMITTEE, CHEMISTRI OF, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—See CHEMISTRY OF COLLOIDS CON-ULTIFE.

COLOR LABORATORY, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department, -- Established in 1916. elthough color work had been carried on in various laboratories of the Bureau eince 1900. Functions: By the appropriation act of August 11. 1916. as the import of foreign dyes had been cut off. Congress authorized Winvestigation and experiment in the utiliation for coloring purposes of raw materials grown or produced in the United States," In addition to these activities, the Laboratory investigated the absorption of various gases by charcoal in connection with ras warfers; studied problems connected with chemical phases of airplane production in cooperation with the Science and Research Division of the Office of the Chief Signal Officer, War Department; and prenared certain dies important to the study of certain physiological problems connected with the determination of blood volume. Becords: 1917-18 in NA. Correspondence, publications, petent epecifications, and miscellaneous and special files (10 feet). Other records include reports and correspondence on indigenous materials for dyestuffs and on the use of charcoal for ges warfare in the special files of the Bureau and correspondence interfiled with . other records in the general files of the Bureau.

CORALT DITELLIGENCE INSTRUCTION SERVICE, Postitive Eranch, Military Intelligence Livision, General Staff, Ear Department.—Probably established in June 1918, and sholished upon the deschilisation of the combat divisions in the United States, Panctions: In cooperation with the Training Franch of the Mar Plans Division of the Comernia Staff, to congrinate the instruction of field intelligence officers on duty with combat divisions in the United States with similar intelligence in the Comernia Staff, War De-Witzerson Staff, War De-W

COMMATING VENEREAL DISEASES SECTION, Infections Diseases and Laboratories Division, Surgeon Ogneral's Office, War Department, -- See VENEREAL DISEASE CONTROL SECTION.

CONFORT AND NELFARE COMMITTEE, War Industrice Board.—Formed on October 8 and discontinued on November 30, 1918. <u>Functions</u>: To look after the confort and welfers of the workers of the Mar Industrice Board, especially those affected by the epidemic of Spanish influenta. <u>Feoreta Frobably</u> among those of the Board in Na.

COMMANDEERING, NAVI BOARD FOR, Supplies and Accounts Burssu, Navy Department, -- See NAVI BOARD FOR COMMANDEERING.

COMMINENTIAL SECTION, Furchase Branch, Furchase, Storage, and Traftic Division, General Staff, far Department,—Staffland by Suppri-Circular No. 85 of September 5, 1928. Cessed to function on March 1, 1919, Purchions: To supervise and direct commandering and the execution of compulsory orders, and to keep records of commundering, Records: Meresbouts unknown.

COMMENCE BUREAU, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC, Commerce Department, —See FOR-EIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE BUREAU.

COLDERCE COLDISSION, INTERSTATE. - See DITERSTATE COLDERCE COLDISSION.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT .- Established as the Department of Commerce and Labor in 1903, and became the Department of Commerce in 1913. William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce 1913-19. Functions: To foster, promote, and develop the foreign and domestic commerce, the mining, manufacturing, shipping, and fishing industrice, and the transportation facilities of the United States. Many important warrelated functions were carried on by its subordinate agencies in cooperation with nearly every governmental war organization. Records: 1789-1941 (22,300 feet) in NA. Of these, only a relatively small quantity ie for the World War period. They include records of the Coast and Goedetic Survey, of the Bureaus of Fisheries, Lighthouses, and Navigation, of the Steamboat Inspection Service, and of three temporary units that functioned during the first half of 1919, the Industrial Board, the Industrial Cooperation Service, and the Waste Reclamation Service. Other records, including those of the Census, Foreign and Domestic Commerce, and Standards Bureaus, are in the custody of the various bureaus or their successors. References: Commerce Department, Reports, 1917-21.

COMMERCIAL AGENTS DIVISION, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau, Commerce Department.—Organized in 1916. Succeeded in 1919 by the Foreign Investigations Division, which became part of the Foreign Service Division in 1920. Functions: To undertake special economic investigations at home and in foreign countries and to prepare economic reporte. During the war it cooperated with war agencies at home and abroad. For example, it reported the status of foreign concerne and made investigations concerning sources of supplies of minerals and other materials essential to war industries in connection with the enforcement of the Trading With the Enemy Act. Records:

In the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

COMMERCIAL ATTACHÉS DIVISION, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau, Commerce Department.—Organized in 1916; succeeded by the Foreign Service Division in 1920. <u>Functione</u>: To investigate and report upon foreign manufacturing and trade conditione of interest to the United States and to supervise the work of the trade commissioners. During the war it cooperated with governmental war organizations abroad. <u>Records</u>: In the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

COMMERCIAL BAKING DIVISION, Food Administration. -- See BAKING DIVISION.

CCAMERCIAL CONSERVATION AND SPECIALTY MANUFACTURERS' SECTION, Staple Oroceries Division, Food Administration.—Organized in November 1917 in the Distribution Division; transferred to the Staple Groceries Division in April 1918 and returned to the Distribution Division in October. Abolished in November 1918. Functions: To cooperate with the American Specialty Manufacturers' Association in standardizing packages and in bringing about the use of substitutes for tin containers; also to improve packaging of shipments. Records: 1917-19 (8 feet) in NA. Correspondence and related papers.

COMMERCIAL ECONOMY BOARD, Council of National Defence.—Established by the Council on March 24, 1917, and terminated on May 9, 1918, when ite functions were transferred to the Conservation Division, Mar Industries Board. The Chairman, Arch W. Shaw, became the Chairman of the new Division. <u>Functions</u>: To bring about through the voluntary cooperation of businessmen the conservation of food and materials and the elimination of waste, particularly in the field of distribution. Concerned especially with delivery service, returns

- of meold bread, wool, clothing, leather, paint and varnish, automobile tires, end tin. Records: 1917-18 in NA. Most of them are
 dispersed in the "consolidated files" of the Council and the War
 Industries Board.
- COMMERCIAL MOTION PICTURE SUBSECTION, News Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Btaff, Wer Department. -- See NEWS SECTION.
- COMMERCIAL RELATIONS DIVISION, Food Administration, -- See MISCELLANEOUS COMPODITIES DIVISION.
- COMMENTAL SEWICE SECTION, Special Service Nivision, Chief Signal Officer's Office, We Department—in permanent organization of the Office, During the war, it was placed successively under various divisions of the Office, including a period when it was part of the Electrical Engineering Section, Engineering and Research Envision. On September 7, 1918, it was placed ender the Special Service Division, Engineering and operate the Weshington and Labox Integraph and Cable Oystens to supervise lessed telephone and Calegorgh lines for Covernment services and to supervise telephone of Calegorgh Lines for Covernment Services and to Supervise Probably with those of the Arrive to Aurice in mantenents. Secondary Probably with
- COMMERCIAL TREATIES ADVISER, OFFICE OF, State Department .-- See POREICN TRADE ADVISERS OFFICE.
- COMMISSARY BRANCH, Operating Division, Housing Corporation.—See OPERATING INVESTIGATION
- CMMISSART SUPPLIES BEANCH, Subsistence Davision, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Treffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SUBSISTENCE DIVISION.
- COMMISSION FOR RELIEF IN SELOTIM. -- A private organization created on October 22, 1914, in London under the chairmanship of Herbert Hoover. Supported during the early years by charitable contributions and loans to Belgium from Greet Britain and France. After the United States entered the war, the United States Treesury helped finance the work of the Commission through loans to the Belgian Government. With the entrance of the United States into the war, it became nscessory to delegate the distribution of food in Balgium and northern France to e neutral Spanish-Dutch committee. After the emistice ern France to e neutral openion-rate was eclipsed by the need in sastern the need of relief in this area was eclipsed by the need in sastern and southern Europe, and the American Relief Administration, staffed partly with personnel from the Commission for Relief in Belgium, was established to meet it. The Commission was liquidated in 1919. established to meet the front food into Belgium and northem france to provide a living ration for the civilian population of France to provide a living the German occupation. Records: In the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace (875 fest). Related Hoover Library on many records of the Grain Corporation in NA, parrecords are among those of the Belgian Department, References; Con-Stendardy among those of the magnan tepartment. References: Commission for Relief in Heighty, Annual People. 1916-19, Statistical Parises of Policy Constitution (Stanford University), Statistical Public Relations of the Constastion for Relief in Policy 1918, and Public Relations of the Constastion for Relief in Policy 1918 (Stanford University, 1927); Sina Almond and In-Roll fit Policy; Section 1918 (Stanford University, 1927); Sina Almond and In-Roll fit Policy; Section 1918 (Stanford University, 1927); Sina Almond and In-Roll fit Policy; Section 1918 (Stanford University 1918). ciel Collections in the Hoover Mbray on War, Revolution, and Peace 16-19 (Stanford University, 1940).

- COMMISSION FOR RELIEF IN BELGIUM DIVISION, Grain Corporation.—See BELGIAN DEPARTMENT.
- COLLISSION TO NEGOTIATE PEACE. ——See AMERICAN COMMISSION TO NEGOTIATE PEACE.
- COMMISSIONED PERSONNEL BRANCH, Operations Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on September 18, 1918. Functioned through the Promotions and Assignment Section and the Procurement Section.

 Functions: To control the appointment, promotion, transfer, and assignment of the commissioned personnel of all branches of the Army.

 Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
- COLLISSIONED PERSONNEL SECTION, Administration Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department .- In April 1917 there existed a Personnel Division directly under the Ordnance Chief's Office, which handled matters pertaining to commissioned personnel, enlisted personnel, and civilian personnel for the Ordnance Department. On November 7, 1917, the Commissioned Personnel Division was created by Office Order No. 74 and took over this work. •On January 14, 1918, this Division was transferred to the General Administration Bureau as the Commissioned Personnel Branch of its Personnel Section, and it later became a Section of the Administration Division. It included the following Branches: Application and Examination, Appointment and Assignment, Foreign Assignment, Military History and Statistics, Miscellaneous, Correspondence, and Order and Change of Station. On November 1, 1918, its functions were taken over by the Personnel Branch of the Operations Division of the General Staff. Functions: To handle matters relating to recruiting, examining, and assigning the commissioned personnel of the Ordnance Department; to supervise and control the work of the commissioned personnel branches in the various divisions of the Ordnance Chief's Office; and to handle all matters relating to transportation, leave, and expenses of commissioned personnel. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - COLMISSICHED PERSONNEL SECTION, Personnel Division, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established before the end of 1917. Upon the formation of the Troop Division early in 1919, this Section became a part of its Commissioned Personnel Section. Functions: To handle all matters relating to commissioned personnel. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - COMMISSIONED PERSONNEL SECTION, Personnel Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—A permanent unit of the Division. Functions: To handle all matters relating to commissioned personnel of the Medical Department, including administrative control of their appointment, promotion, and assignment to stations. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - standing Committee appointed by the Conference on April 30, 1918.

 Consisted of representatives of shippomers, employees, the Shipping Board, and the Labor Department. Held periodic meetings for about and living conditions of seamen, and to submit reports and recommendations to the President and to the Shipping Board and other interested agencies. Records: Kay-July 1918 (1 inch, with the files of the Varine and Dock Industrial Relations Division) in NA. Include copies of reports made by the Committee.

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC INFORMATION. - Created by Executive Order No. 2594 of April 13, 1917, with George Creel as Chairman and the Secretaries of State, War, and the Navy as ex officio members. It at first confined its efforts to the United States but later embarked upon a program to publicize America abroad. Until July 1, 1918, it was financed from the special defense appropriation placed at the dieposal of the President, but after that date Congress provided it with an appropriation of only \$1.250,000, which necessitated some much an appropriation of only 31,250,000, which necessitated some curtailment of its activities. The Committee ceased to function on June 30, 1919, and by Exacutive Order No. 3152 of August 21, 1910, the Council of National Defense was made its liquidating agent. Often referred to se "Com. Pub." Functions: To relesse news of the Government; to issue educational information that would sustain morale in the United States and in Allied and neutral countries; and to administer the voluntary emsorahip. Records: 1917-19 (230 feet) in NA. Include files of offices abroad as well as of divisions in Mashington and New York. Among these records are correspondence, reports, news releases and bulletins, publications and copy therefor, card records of speakers and of advertising space contributions, newspaper clipprings, and accounting records. Transfers of records to other egen-cies and disposals of useless papers have resulted in a reduction of the records to less than one-fourth of the volume that the Council of National Defense reported to be in its custody in 1920 (Council of National Defonce, "A Report I to the Senate | Concerning Papere, Files, Records, Public Property, Assets and Liebilities, etc, of the Committee on Public Information, June 9, 1920, manuscript in the The or number of number of the Part of the California of the Countries of Public Information, Countries of Part of the California of the C wames K. Hock and Cedric Larson, Hords That Mon Line Mar, Irranceson, 1939); William F. Willoughby, Government Organization in Mar Time and After, 3-39 (New York, 1919); National Archives, Classification School of the Records of the Committee on Public Information, 1917. 1919 (1938. Processed).

COMMODITIES IEPARTWENT, WISCELLANEOUS, Grain Corporation.—See MISCEL-LANEOUS COMMODITIES DEFARMENT.

COLDODITIES LIVISION, COLLATERAL, Food Administration.—See COLLATERAL COLUMNITIES DIVISION.

COMPODITIES DIVISION, WISCELLUPEOUS, Food Administration. -- See WISCEL-LUPEOUS COMPODITIES DIVISION.

COMMUNITIES RE-QUIREDRITS SHANCH, Requirements and Requisitions Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See REQUIREDRIS AND REQUIRECTIONS DIVISION.

COMMONITIES STATISTICS SECTION, Planning and Statistics Division, War Industries Board.—Formed on July 1 and detections to the New 13, 1998. Punctions: For least statistics reparting commodities (excluding the relating to the New 1998 of the New 1998 of

1

20, 1918; and (3) a study of the labor situation. In connection with the study of labor conditions, the Section, in cooperation with the Department of Labor, began to issue weekly reports on labor conditions, and in November it helped to establish the Industrial Conditions Section to carry on this work. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.

COMMODITY BRANCH, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established about May 19, 1919, and probably abolished in the divisional reorganization of November 6, 1919.

Functions: To have charge of the distribution and storage of the commodities under its jurisdiction, which are indicated by the names of its Sections, as follows: Clothing and Equipage; Engineer Supplies; General Supplies and Raw Materials; Medical, Dental, and Veterinary Supplies; Motors and Vehicles; Ordnance Supplies; Priority Equipment; Signal Supplies; and Subsistence. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

COMMODITY SECTION, External Relations Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established by Supply Circular No. 86, of September 5, 1918, and disbanded in November 1918. Functions: To supervise, coordinate, and direct the activities of Army commodity committees and of Army representatives in commodity sections of the War Industries Board. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

COMMUNICABLE DISEASES SECTION, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See INFECTIOUS DISEASES SECTION, Infectious Diseases and Laboratories Division.

COLMUNICATION COMMITTEE, TRANSPORTATION AND, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION COMMITTEE.

COMMUNICATION DIVISION, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department. Originated in 1912 as the Naval Radio Service of the Bureau of Navigation, and was attached on May 11, 1915, to the newly created Office of the Chief of Naval Operations. By General Order No. 226 of July 28, 1916, it was renamed the Naval Communication Service, and after 1919 it was known as the Communication Division. Superintendents of Atlantic Coast Communications and Pacific Coast Communications and District Communication Superintendents were assigned to the various naval districts in 1916. Early in 1917 the office of the Director was transferred from Arlington, Va., to Washington. Functions: The Naval Padio Service was established to provide a central administration of the naval radio stations that had been erected throughout the country. After the issuance of the President's neutrality proclamation of August 5, 1914, it was also concerned with the censorship of radio stations. The Naval Communication Service took over, in addition, the work of handling all telegraph, telephone, and cable communications and all other matters pertaining to naval communications. The Director of Naval Communications was appointed Chief Cable Censor on April 30, 1917, and as such he censored all cablegrams transmitted over cables touching territory of the United States (except the Philippine Islands) and the Republic of Panama; trans-Atlantic cables; and the War Department cable to Alacka. Records: 1912-28 (413 feet) in NA. Correspondence and other records, including files of the Atlantic Coast Communications Superintendent, 1919-22, and general orders and circulars of the

Chief Cable Censor, 1918-19. References: Navil Radio Serrice, 1916, Annual Parort, 1912-19, p. 39 May Department, Annual Parort, 1916, p. 89, May Department, Annual Reports, p. 89, 163-156; 1918, p. 29 May Department, Annual Radio Serrice, 1ts Development, Public Service and Compercial Work, "in Institute of Radio Engineers, Proceedings, vol. 3 (Mar. 1915); Asses R. Work, Comporthel, 1921, p. 79, Bd, 92 (Princeton (1941)).

COMUNICATIONS BRANCH. Administrative Division. Quartermaeter General's Office, War Department. -Created on June 12 and abolished on October 28, 1918. Functions: To receive and transmit all telegraphic and cable dispatches to and from the Office. Records: Among those of the Occion in Na

COMMUNICATIONS COMMUTTER, WIRELESS AND, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department -Sae WAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.

COMMUNICATIONS INTERDEPARTMENTAL COLUTTEE. - See INTERDEPARTMENTAL COL-

WITTER ON COMMUNICATIONS. COMMUNICATIONS SECTION. Supreme Economic Council. -- Sae SUPREME ECONOMIC

COMMETT. COMMUNITIES, CONFERENCE OF FEDERAL AGENCIES SERVING .- Sae CONFERENCE OF PETERAL ACCIDING SERVING COMMITTES.

COMMITTY FACILITIES BRANCH, Operating Division, Housing Corporation.-See OPERATING DIVISION.

COMMUNITY WORK BRANCH, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department .-- Greated es the Community organization Branch in December 1917; transferred with the Section Organization Branch in December 1917; transferred with the Section to the Control Bureau or Lanuary Lt., 1918, and to the Production Extra organization of May 25, 1918. Remared the Community Work Branch about Extra organization of May 25, 1918. Remared the Community Work Branch about August 1, 1918. Functions: To direct social welfare work in com-Eunities where large ordnance industrial housing projects were undertaken, and to make provision for adequate echool, church, and recreation facilities. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

COMPENSATION, OCEAN ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON JUST, Shipping Board .- See OCEAN ADVISORY CONSITTEE ON JUST COMPENSATION.

COMPENSATION AND CONTRACTS COMMITTEE, Law Division, Railroad Administration.—Appointed July 15, 1918. Compased of two representatives from the Law Division and one such from the Daw Division and the Public Service and Accounting Division. Probably sholished early in 1920. <u>Punctions</u> To make recumendations on petitions for special compensation from roads under Federal control and from short lines desiring to be under Federal control. Records: Wheresbouta

COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE CLAIMS DEVISION, War Risk Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department.—Designated "Compensation and Claims Division" in the "Organization Chart and Organization Memoranda" dated August 20, 1918; sithough insurance claims were under its jurisdiction, the word "Insurance" was not included in its name until 1920. It was under the direction of a Deputy Commissioner of Military and Naval under the direction of a servicy constantoner of Military and Saval Insurance responsible to the Director of the Bureau. Terminated on August 9, 1927. <u>Enrictions</u> To receive both death and disability claims for compensations insurance, to obtain the reassary proofs, and to make wards thereon. <u>Becords</u>: In Veterans' Administration. COMPENSATION BOARD, Interstate Commerce Commission.—Organized on April 6, 1918, with five members. Its work was completed on September 5, 1918. Functions: To assist a committee of four Interstate Commerce Commissioners in their work as members of a general conference committee (with officials of the Failroad Administration) in drafting a standard contract for the compensation of railroads taken over by the Government. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

COMPENSATION BOARD, Navy Department .-- Created on March 22, 1917, by order of the Secretary of the Navy. Composed of several members, with Admiral Washington L. Capps as Senior Member and with the Chiefs of the Eureaus of Construction and Repair and of Steam Engineering as ex officio members. The Board consisted of a Washington office, which was made up of an Audit Section, a Clerical Section, a Material Order Section, and a Special Rentals and Plant Extension Section, each under the general supervision of a member of the Board, and of a field force of Cost Inspection Boards, which acted as representatives of the Compensation Board at private shipyards operating under cost-plus-profit contracts. Functions: To ascertain the actual costs of vessels being constructed or to be constructed under contract with the Navy Department on a cost-plus-profit basis, and to arrange for the financing by the Government of additional plant facilities. ords: (415 feet) in NA. Consist of records of the Washington office (360 feet), including general correspondence, circular instructions to Cost Inspection Boards, correspondence and copies of purchase orders relating to material for vessels and improvements to plants, and accounting records showing costs of material, labor, and overhead; and records of the Cost Inspection Board of the Todd Dry Dock and Construction Corporation, Tacoma, Washington (55 feet), including correspondence, copies of material orders, vouchers, bills of lading, audit working papers, balance of stores ledgers, piece-work time slips, minutes of the Cost Inspection Board, labor cost summaries, inventories of material and equipment, and various accounting records. The records of the other Cost Inspection Boards have been destroyed. References: Navy Department, Annual Reports, 1917, p. 28-34; 1918, p. 672-690.

CCIPFISATIC! FOARD, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on July 24, 1917, by Office Order No. 25. Its functions and organization were anended by Office Order No. 53 of September 21 and by Office Order No. 144 of February 20, 1918. On December 24, 1918, its functions were taken over by the Claims Board. Functions: To consider and decide questions that might arise under the rifle and ammunition contracts entered into by the Small Arms Division with manufacturers. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

COMPENSATION COMPE

CCMPLAINT AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS SECTION, Estimates and Requirements Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Originated on January 14, 1918, as the Complaints and External Relations Sections of the Control Eureau, established by Office Order No. 104. When the Eureau was discontinued on May 25, 1918, these two Sections were consolicated to form the Complaint and External Relations Section of the Estimates and Requirements Division. Punctions: To handle complaints and disputes arising between manfacturers and the Ordnance Department, except disputes involving labor conditions; to obtain free entry into the United States of goods purchased by the Ordnance Department and to handle questions of export licenses for ordnance

materials and of export regulations of foreign countries; and to maintain lisison with the Capital Issues Countties and the War Finance Corporation in questions concerning ordnance production. Recorgis: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

COMPLAINT SECTION, Enforcement Division, Food Administration.—Created in the Distribution Division in 1917 and transferred to the Enforcement Division in April 1918. Discontinued in June 1920. Symchosymmothy and Complaints concerning practices of wholesale and retail foo merchants and to refer them, if the situation decanded it, to the Field Supervision Section of the Division for investigation. Records: 1917-20 (29 feet) in RA. Correspondence and reports of Secret Service operatives on violations of food regulations.

COLPORT MATERIALS BRANCH, Requirements and Requisitions Division, Furchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See REQUIREMENTS AND REQUISITIONS INVISION.

CMPTRGLIER OF THE CURRENCY, Treasury Department,—Created by an act of Fabruary 25, 1863. <u>Functions</u>: To supervise the organization and operation of national banks; to supervise the propertiem of use national sources of adequate bank and redemption of bank notes; to maintain any laws. During the war examinations; and to enforce the national sources. During the war examinations; such to enforce the national or relations of banks to the large expansion in extremely and the door relations of banks to the large expansion. Supervise the same of the supervisory setting to the comprehence of the Comprehence of the Comprehence of the Comprehence of the came period remain in the Treasury Department. <u>References</u> to the same period remain in the Treasury Department. <u>References</u> (Saltimore, 1926).

COMPREMIER OF THE THEASURY, Tressury Department—the organization that bors this title from 1894 until it was sholled in 1994 simultaneously with the creation of the General medicing Office. Emptions 10 prescribs the form of keeping medicing sll public seconds To prescribs the form of keeping reacting sll public seconds recept these relating to upon speed from settlements and to be addition; and to countering all warrants subject to be almost the second of the treasure of the second of th

CONTINUER OF THE TRANSMY (OVERSEAS), ASSISTANT, Treasury Department—Authorized by an act of September 24, 1971, to terrainst to months effect the close for the war or explore. Limitation of the fact of the performed relationship to the second of the performed relationship to the second the performed relationship to the second the same duties are performed by the Computer of the Theorem and the Tessenty and Tessenty

CONCILIATION BOARD, MEMIATION AND, -See MEMIATION AND CONCILIATION BOARD.

\$32477 0 - 43 - 8

- CONCILIATION DIVISION, Labor Department.—Created by the act that established the Department, March 4, 1913, as a service under the Secretary of Labor, and known as the Division of Conciliation by 1917. It functioned as the Labor Adjustment Service from July 1918 until after the war, when it again became the Conciliation Division. Functions: To mediate (but not to arbitrate) in Labor disputes when in the judgment of the Secretary of Labor the intersets of industrial peace demanded such mediation. The Division usually took action only upon the solicitation of employers, employees, or representatives of the public directly affected. Records: In the Labor Department among those of the present Conciliation Service (1917-20, about 100 feet). Some may also be among the classified general files of the administrative offices of the Department. Certain records of the Speakers Bureau were authorized for disposition by Congress on May 7, 1928. References: Joshua Bernhardt, The Division of Conciliation (Baltimore, 1923).
 - CONCILIATION JOINT BOARD, Shipping Board. -- See JOINT BOARD OF CONCILIA-
 - CONCILIATION SUBCOMMITTEE, MEDIATION AND, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SUBCOMMITTEE.
 - CONCRETE SHIP CONSTRUCTION DEPARTMENT, Wood Ship Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See CONCRETE SHIP SECTION, Ship Construction Division.
 - CONCRETE SHIP SECTION, Ship Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation .- Originated in the Concrete Ship Construction Department, which was established in December 1917 to take over the experimental work on concrete chipbuilding that had been performed for the Corporation by the Standards The Department was first a part of the Wood Ship Construction Division and later, after June 18, 1918, a part of the Steel Ship Construction Division. Established as a Section within the Ship Construction Division when the latter was created on January 16, 1919. Abolished in April 1920. Functions: To conduct experiments with concrete as a possible shipbuilding material and, after May 1918, to supervise the technical aspects of the construction of concrete vessele. The Section cooperated with the Concrete Yard Construction Section, Shipyard Plants Division. Records: 1917-20 (116 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence, memoranda, reports, and notes relating to the construction of concrete ships and barges. There are also reports on experiments with concrete as a shipbuilding material, on experimental aggregates, and on tests conducted in connection with the launching of concrete ships.
 - CCICHETE YARD CCISTRUCTION SECTION, Shipyard Plants Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Energency Fleet Corporation.—Formally established on October 14, 1918, although work relating to the construction of concrete shipyards had been performed in the Division by a separate staff since about July 10, 1918. The Section was abolished on January 29, 1919, and its functions were then transferred to the Shipyard Plants Construction Section. Functions: To inspect and approve sites and to approve the design and supervise the construction of shipyards for the construction of concrete vescels. Most of this work was done in cooperation with the Concrete Ship Section, Ship Construction Division, which maintained

close supervision over all concrete yard matters. Records: Interfiled with those of the Division in MA.

COMMITIONS OF LIVING COMMITTED, War Labor Policies Board, Wer Labor Particults—Authorized by the War Labor Policies Board on June 14, 1918, and probably discontinued in September of that year. Punctions: To supervise matters dealing with committy service and bounding in industrial centers. Propriet Long those of the Board in NA. Include minutes of usettings and reports of the Counties.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE OF FIVE, Shipping Board.—See COMMITTEE OF FIVE, National Marine Conference.

CHERENCE CONCITTE OF NATIGNAL LABOR ADJUSTMENT ACCROSS.—Created by resolution of the War Labor Policies Board on September 20, 9318. Copposed of representatives of governmental wags-adjusting sendes. Copposed of representatives of governmental wags-adjustment is labor to the sender of the property of

CONFERENCE OF FERENLA AGENCIES SERVING CRAMMITTES, — Formed on January 21, 1919, at the suggestion of the Chairman of the Consisted of represiving Conditions of the Finesing County of Consisted of represiving Conditions, the Finesing County of Consisted of representatives of the Consisted on Returnal Consisted of representatives of the Consisted on Returnal Consisted of representatives of the Consisted of Returnal Consisted of Representatives the Consisted of Returnal Consisted of Returnal Consisted of Returnal Consisted of Returnal Representation, the Council of National Defense, and the Consumity of Returnal Consisted of Returnal Representation of Returnal Consumity Service, to a permanent "Interdeption of the beads of department representation be established by, were not carried out. <u>Proceedings</u> of the Consumity Service and Consumity of Returnal Consumity Consumity of Consumity, were not carried out. <u>Proceedings</u> of the Consumity Service available of Returnal Consumity (1919) of the Consumity Service available the Committed on on Living Consistency interflied with records of the Consistency on Living Consistency (Sent-Returnal Consumity Consistency Monthly Consumity Consumity Consumity Consistency (Marchael Consumity Consumity Consumity Consumity Consistency Consi

CHFIDNIAL MATERS AND LOUISIGN RECORDS SECTION, Logistics and Fuel Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Newy Department.— Francierred of Flanning Division in 1920. Penals To bendle confident the Flanning Division in 1920. Penals to transconfident there are prepare logistics upon the properties of the number of the property of the properties of the properties of the confidence of the properties of the Bureau in NA.

CRISCIPITIOUS OBJECTORS SECTION, Military Justice Division, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department. See MILITARY JUSTICE DIVISION.

CONSERVATION AND RECLAMATION DIVISION, Quartermater General's Office, War Department.—Established as the Conservation Branch of the Suplies Davision, by Office Order No. 102 of October 5, 1917. On lies Davision, by Office Order No. 102 of October 5, 1917. November 8, 1917, under Office Order No. 114, this Branch became the Conservation Division, and on January 21, 1918, by Office Order No. 179, it was renamed the Reelamation Division. On April 22, 1918, it became the Conservation and Reclamation Division (Office Order No. 380). It operated through several Branches, including the following: Clothing Repair, Contract and Purchasing, Dry Cleaning, Hat Repair, Inspection, Laundries, Salvage and Cardening, and Shoe Repair. On October 25, 1918, this Division was transferred to the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage, where it was reorganized as the Salvage Division. Functions: To handle the repair, laundering, and dry cleaning of elothing and equipage; to supervise contracts for the renovation of clothing and equipage; to develop agricultural, mineral, and forest lands for the benefit of the Army; and to organize, discipline, and train for salvage work men of special units, companies, battalions, and regiments. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

CONSERVATION AND SPECIALTY MANUFACTURERS' SECTION, COMMERCIAL, Staple Groceries Division, Food Administration.—See COMMERCIAL CONSERVATION AND SPECIALTY MANUFACTURERS' SECTION.

CONSERVATION BRANCH, Supplies Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.-See CONSERVATION AND RECLAMATION DIVISION.

CONSERVATION BUREAU, Administrative Division, Fuel Administration.—
Organized October 19, 1917, in the Office of the Fuel Administrator.
Transferred to the Administrative Division in May 1918. Suspended operations on February 21, 1919. Functions: To encourage the conservation of coal and coke; to institute studies to determine the most economical use of coal and the possible use of substitute fuels; to discover industries subject to curtailment of coal supplies; and to encourage the development of water power. The Bureau served principally as a fact finding and advisory body, and its conservation campaigns were carried on through the State Fuel Administrators.

Records: 1917-19 (132 feet) in NA. Chiefly correspondence and questionnaires.

CONSERVATION BUREAU, OIL, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—See OIL CONSERVATION BUREAU.

CONSERVATION DIVISION, Food Administration.—See HOME CONSERVATION DI-

CONSERVATION DIVISION, War Industries Board.—On May 9, 1918, it succeeded the Commercial Economy Board, which had been established by the Council of National Defense on March 24, 1917. It included a Section on Foreign Experience. On January 1, 1919, its work was turned over to the Department of Commerce. Arch W. Shaw, Chairman. Functions: Whereas the main function of the Commercial Economy Board was to achieve savings of labor and materials in the distribution of commodities, the function of the Conservation Division was broader and included savings in production through the standardization of sizes, styles, and finishes and "the conservation of resources and facilities by means of scientific, industrial, and commercial economies." Among other activities, the Division was concerned with the curtailment of retail deliveries and economy in packing containers. Records: Among those of the War Industries Board in NA. Include correspondence, minutes, conservation schedules, circulars, reports, memoranda, clippings, abstracts, memoranda,

material on conservation in foreign countries, card records of circulars and schedules, and indexes to correspondence. Most of the records are dispersed in the "consolidated files" of the Board. A "Mist of Conservation Schedules, Etc., Issued by the Conservation Eccountry Stand of the Countrie of National Defense, and the Conservation Division of the Bar Industries Board, May 1317-November 1915," based upon a complication by The National Archives, was reproduced by the Nar Production Board, March 28, 1922 (36 p., processed). References: Council of National Defense, Annual Records, 1931, p. 374-23, 1918, p. 193-200; War Industries Board, Agerican Industry in the War, 61-68 Washinston, 1931)

- CHISERVATION OF THE PLATE COMMITTEE. See TIN PLATE CONSERVATION COMMITTEE.
- CONSERVATION SECTION, FUEL, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—See FUEL CONSERVATION SECTION.
- CONSTITUTED CLASSIFICATION CUCHITIES, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration. --Organised on Jenuary 1, 1939; discontinued on March 1, 1930, Puntions: To make recommendations to the Director General on the standardisation of freight classifications. Records: Marcadous values of the Marcadous values of the Standardisation of freight classifications.
- CONSTITUTIONAL AND DETERMITIONAL LAW DIVISION, Judge Advocate Generalle Office, No. Poperatonit.—Actabilished in October 1977. After April 3, 1919, it weted as the Alian Military Claims Counties, which was created pursuant to instructions from the Secretary of War for the consideration of indemnity claims of elieme drafted into the farmy and for the preparation of correspondence relating thereto with the Separatent of State, <u>Functions</u>: To give opinions on the committed thanking of states, proclamations, and orderer relating to established the interface of the forces element the interface action of treaties, and kindred subjects, <u>Recognis</u>: In the Adings Advocate General's Office.
- CHISTRICTING BRANCE, Construction Division, War Department.—Drested May 24, 1917, in the Contoneous Edition, Carlemanter General's Office. Transferred with its seven Sections to the Construction Division upon the establishment of that Division on March 13, 1918, Its Sections were named as follows: A, B, C, D, E, Government Equipment and Material, and Protection and Investigation. Punctions: To supervise the construction of the following: Mational Army contournets, Rational Army cancernate, Stational Open Camps, state-Zinneous cancernates, and nameboursets, and hospital and quartermaster repair shops (through Section A); storage and traffic facilities, terminals, Lighter, and ware-bouses (through Section B) and cancerlated through Section D); and Compare Diants and depote, housing, and miscellaneous projects (through Section B); and coast Artillery and interior Army posts (through Section E). Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.
- CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, BOARD OF CONTROL [FOR] WAR. -- See WAR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, BOARD OF CONTROL [FOR].
- CONSTRUCTION AND CONTRACTS, COMMITTEE ON EDERGENCY, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense.—See EMERGENCY CONSTRUCTION SEC-TION, Was Industries Board.

- CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE SECTION, Aircraft Division, Construction and Repair Bureau, Navy Department.—See AIRCRAFT DIVISION.
- CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR BUREAU, Navy Department .- Established as the Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repair in 1842, and became the Bureau of Construction and Repair in 1862. Consolidated with the Bureau of Engineering in 1940 to form the Bureau of Ships. functioned during the war through the Aircraft, Contract, Design, Maintenance, Production, Shore Establishments, and Supply Divisions. Functions: Responsible for the design, construction, and maintenance of all naval vessels; after consultation with the Eureau of Ordnance, for the installation of armor and permanent fixtures of armament aboard naval vessels; and for the docking of ships and the cleaning and operation of dry docks. Also in charge of certain shore establishments, including repair bases for submarines and aircraft. ords: 1789-1940 (7,733 feet) in NA. General files, which include correspondence and other records of the various divisions; special correspondence files, among them correspondence with Admiral W. S. Simms, Commander of United States Naval Forces Operating in European Waters, 1917-19, and correspondence concerning German claims based on seizures of ships, 1929; reports of trials and inspections of vessels, 1917-24, including data concerning inspections and repairs of alien vessels seized by the United States; contracts, 1912-40; specifications, schedules, requisitions, and orders for materials, 1914-40; ship plans, 1789-1909, which include plans of vessels in operation during the World War; and photographs. Other records are in the Navy Department.
 - CONSTRUCTION AND HEPAIR DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established in November 1918. On January 29, 1920, several sections of the Construction Organization were consolidated with this Department to form the Construction and Repairs Division. On August 1, 1921, the title of the latter was changed to Maintenance and Repair Department. Functions: To accept new vessels from the Ship Construction Division; to be responsible for the material condition of all Shipping Board vessels; to have charge of the fitting out of ex-German vessels as passenger ships; and to act as liaison between the Ship Construction Division and the Operations Division. Records: 1919-22 (5 feet) in NA. Correspondence, memoranda, and reports.
 - CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR BRANCH, Construction Division, War Department.
 - CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIRS DIVISION, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR DEPARTMENT, Operations Division.
 - CCISTRUCTION BRANCH, Plant Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on April 27, 1918. Functions: To prepare schedules and check estimates for construction. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - CONSTRUCTION BRANCH, Production Bureau, Housing Section, Passenger Transportation and Housing Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established about May 7, 1918; abolished July 1, 1920. Functions: To exercise direct supervision over the construction of houses for the Corporation. Escarda: 1918-20 (53 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, necessary.

CONSTRUCTION CLAIMS BOARD, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation,-Organized on February 1. 1920, to carry on the work of settling construction claims arising from the emergency shipbuilding program, which had been healted since December 5, 1918, by the Cancellations, which had been healted since December 5, 1918, by the Cancellations, and Ton-dijustemt, and Salvege Division, the Cancellations, Claims, and Tontracts Board, and the General Cancellations, Claims, and Contracts Board, successively. The Construction Claims Board was abolished on August 24, 1921, and its functions were transferred to the Claims Commission of the Shipping Board and to the Claims Section of the law Division of the Corporation. Ametions: To exercise full and complete durisdiction over the invastigation, asgotiation, and settlement of contract, auspension, and cancellation claims arising from the curtailment of the emergency shipbuilding program. From October 1920 to Earch 1921 the Board performed the functions of the former Noge Reimbursement Coumittes. Records: 1918-22 (283 fest) in NA. Include records relating to contract adjustment settlements; minutes of meetings of the Ceneral Cancellations, Claims, and Contracts Board and the Construction Claims Board; records of the district offices of the Construction Claims Board relating to the satablishing, negotiating, and settlement of construction and incidental claims in the districts; and correspondence and data relating to estilaments made without cost to the Corporation.

CHISTRUCTION DEVELOPMENT DIVISION, FURLIC WORKS AND, Information and Education Service, labor Department.—See FUSLIC WORKS AND CRISTRUC-TION DEVELOPMENT DIVISION.

CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department, — See SIGNAL OFFICER'S OFFICE, CHIEF.

CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Energency Flast Corporation.—See SHIP CONSTRUCTION DIVISION.

CONSTRUCTION INVISION, Housing Corporation, -Organized about March 19, 1918; in the industrial Mouring and Transportation Bursay, labor partners. Included Contract, Cost Engine Transport Materials Frocuration, 1998. The Contract Plantice, Powder Plante Projects, and part of the March 2008 and Partners, Contraction Division on April 1, 1900, to form the Engineering Construction Division on April 1, 1900, to form the Engineering Construction Division on April 1, 1900, to form the Engineering Construction Division on April 1, 1900, to form the Intting of contracts, the project and the Internation of March 1900, and Project 1900, and Project 1900, and Project 1900, and Include general corporations for materials, and progress reports.

CONSTRUCTION INVISION, We Department, Crested May 19, 1917, as the Cantengent Division, Chartesmatter General's Office. On October 10, 1917, the Construction Repart Division, one of the five Divisions of that Office and Repart Division, one of the Street of the Office. On Narch 19, 1900 the Street of the Office. On Narch 19, 1900 the March 1900 the Contract of the Office. On Narch 19, 1900 the March 1900 the Office of the Office. On Narch 19, 1900 the Contract of the Office. On Narch 1900 the March 1900 the Office of the Office

and other necessary preliminary work on sites selected; the preparation of plans; the procuring, inspecting, and expediting of materials; the actual work of construction; the putting in place of equipment of all sorts; the construction of roads, wharves, sewer systems, and water systems; rentals and leases; and the maintenance of all construction projects and the operation of public utilities on such projects. Also in charge of the allotment of funds to cover the expenditures incident to these activities. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department. References: Construction Division, Reports, 1918-20.

CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, Yards and Docks Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the war. Today known as the Contract Division.

<u>Functions</u>: To award and supervise all contracts for naval construction ashore; to procure priorities and allocations of construction material; and to expedite the production and delivery of such material. <u>Records</u>: Dispersed among the general files of the Bureau in NA.

CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, EQUIPMENT AND, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See EQUIPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION DIVISION.

CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, MILITARY, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See WILITARY CONSTRUCTION DIVISION.

CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TRANSFER AND PRIVATE, Shipping Board.—See TRANSFER AND PRIVATE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION.

CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING SECTION, Engineering and Education Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See ENGINEERING AND EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION BRANCH, Rail Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.— Established about March 11, 1919, and abolished prior to May 1920. Functions: To control, operate, and maintain special lines constructed by the Department to serve camps and other Army posts. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.

CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, AND REPAIR BRANCH, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department .-Originated prior to the war as a Section in the Water Transport Branch, Transportation Division, Quartermaster General's Office. On May 25, 1918, it was transferred as a Branch with the Division to the Embarkation Service of the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division of the General Staff and thence to the Transportation Service Chief's Office on March 11, 1919. While in the Embarkation Service, the Branch operated through three Sections, as follows: Technical and Special, Design and Construction, and Waintenance and Repair, each of which was further subdivided into subsections. As a part of the Transportation Service Chief's Office, it operated through the following Sections: Special and Technical, Harbor and Inland, and Ocean. <u>Ametions</u>: To be responsible for the construction and maintenance of all Army owned and operated vessels and floating equipment except the floating equipment operated by the Corps of Engineers for river, harbor, and fortification work. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.

CONSTRUCTION OF MEPOTS, ENGINEERING MIVISION FOR, Depot Department, General Engineer Depot, Engineer Chief's Office, War Department, See ENGINEERING MIVISION FOR CRISTRUCTION OF MEPOTS.

CRISTRUCTION OF STEEL CORPORATION FLANT BOARD, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department,—Appointed June 25, 1918, and consisted of seven officers. Dissolved July 1, 1918. Punctions: To represent the Ordnance Department in the preparation and approval of plans for the construction of the Keville Island plant for heavy cannon and projectiles, which was to be constructed by the total States Steel Corporation under contract between the Corporation and the Department. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

CONSTRUCTION ORGANIZATION. Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation .-The term "Construction Organization" was used to indicate that portion of the Emergency Fleet Corporation that supervised the procurement of merchant ships from April 1917 until shout February 1926. Although ectual construction was under the immediate supervision of subsidiary organizations in 11 districts, general control was exercised by a home office with 9 major divisions. Construction work in connection with the emergency shipbuilding program ended in May 1922. Functions: To acquire merchant vessels by construction, requisition, or purchase; and, as suciliary functions, to construct empyard plants, drydocke, and marine railways, houses, and facilities for paseenger transportation. From May 1922 until February 1926, to cettle claims and various other matters which had arisen from the emergency chipbuilding progrem initiated during the war. Records: 1917-26 (6,319 feet, of which 2,430 feet ere the records of the dietrict offices) in NA. Include correspondence, memoranda, reporte, and printed material relating to ship construction, shipbuilding fecilitiee, labor relatione, general welfere, transportation and housing of shippard workers, and claims. The Construction or Construction traintained general files (839 feet), which include correepondence, memorande, notes, and raporte on all espects of the energency ehipbuilding program and on the organization and edministration of the Construction Organization, ragistry documents and corraspondence, epecifications, contracts, and progress photographe. Only e few of the records in the general files poetdate the delivery of the last emergency ship in May 1922. The records of the Auditing. Finance, Legal, and Contract Divisions are in the Maritime Commission, successor agency to the Shipping Board. The private papers of Gen. George W. Goethals, first Construction Manager, sre in the Library Overge W. Gosthals, first Construction Hanager, see in the Library for Congress. References: Shipping Board, Annual Reported, 1917-65, 20mm of N. 1917-67, 20mm of N. 1917-67, 20mm of N. 1917-77, 20mm of N. Building the Emergency Fleet (Cleveland, 1920).

CRISTRUCTION, FLANT, AND EQUIPMENT SECTION, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chist of Engineers, War Department, —See CIVIL AND PERCHANICAL UNISSION.

CONSTRUCTION SECTION, Control Bureau, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. Sec Plant SECTION, Production Division.

CONSTRUCTION SECTION, Engineering Division for Construction of Depots Depot Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chisf of

- Engineers, War Department.—See ENGINEERING DIVISION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF DEPOTS.
- CONSTRUCTION SECTION, Supply Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department .- Established in 1917 and included the following Branches: Building, Design, Executive, Finance, and Rental. On December 2, 1918, those functions of the Construction Section having to do with the storage, distribution, and issue of ordnance material other than ammunition and its components were transferred to the Office of the Director of Purchass and Storage. The remaining functions of the Supply Division were turned over to the Office of the Chief of Field Service, which was established January 7, 1919, by Office Order No. 495. Functions: To determine the location of and to design additional storehouses and ammunition depots in the United States under the control of the Division; to let contracts for and supervise the construction of all storehouses that it designed, except at arsenals, where contracts and supervision were to be under the arsenal commanders; to leass storehouses in the United States, as required, for direct operation by the Division; and to cooperate with the Quarter-master General's Office in furnishing temporary storehouses for ordnance depots at contonments. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - COISTRUCTION SECTION, War Department Claims Board, War Department.— See WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS BOARD.
 - CONSTRUCTION SECTION, EXERGENCY, War Industries Board.—See EMERGENCY CONSTRUCTION SECTION.
 - CONSTRUCTION SECTION, GENERAL, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See GENERAL CONSTRUCTION SECTION.
 - CONSTRUCTION SECTION, NON-WAR, Priorities Division, War Industries Board.—See NON-WAR CONSTRUCTION SECTION.
 - CONSTRUCTION WAGE COMMISSION, EMERGENCY.—See CANTONNENT ADJUSTMENT COMMISSION, War Department.
 - CONSULAR BUREAU, State Department.—Existed continuously from 1870 to 1924. Functions: In addition to its regular functions, to supervise the foreign agents and representatives of the War Trade Board after the Board's personnel, powers, functions, and records were transferred to the Department under an Executive order of May 12, 1919. Records: In the Communications and Records Division, State Department.
 - COISULTATIVE FOOD COMMITTEE .- See DITERALLIED WHEAT EXECUTIVE.
 - COISUMERS' INTERESTS DIVISION, LABOR AND, Food Administration.—See LABOR AND CONSUMERS' INTERESTS DIVISION.
 - CONTAGIOUS DISEASES SUBCONNITTEE, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Committee of National Defense.—See STANDARDIZATION OF NEDICAL AND SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.
 - CONTAINER SECTION, FIBER BOARD AND, Pulp and Paper Division, War Industries Board.—See FIBER BOARD AND CONTAINER SECTION.

- CUNTAINERS AND HEMP AND JUTE PRODUCTS SECTION, General Supplies Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Wer Deartment.—See GENERAL SUPPLIES SPANCE.
- CUTAINERS SECTION, Kitchen and Camp Equipment Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Wer Department,
- CONTAINERS SECTION, SIGAL AND TEXTILE FOOD, Collateral Commodities Division, Food Administration, See COLLATERAL COMMODITIES DIVISION.
- CHTRIBUID CHARITYEE, Mar Trade Board.—Appointed by the Board on February 12, 1918, and terminated in October 1918. Superseded by the Exporte Executive Constitutes and the Violations Countities. Functions: for formulate or the consideration and approval of the Board rules are regulation governing the issuance of license; to dispose in the second of the second second rules and toward by these rules and regulations; to of the two parts of the second second rules are covered by these rules and regulations; to a second at the vanious of rules and regulations; and to suit all moore and import licenses. Records: 1918 (combined with reach as of the Exporte Executive Committee, 1918-19, total 12 feet) in the State Department. Include minutes, resolutions, a record of actions on special cases, a consolity file, and a general file.
- CONTRACT ADJUSTICAT BOARD, Purchass, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. —See APPLAIS SECTION, War Department Claims Board.
 - CONTRACT ADJUSTMENT BRANCH, Settlements Division, Finance Service, War Department—Oreated on February 28, 1919. <u>Emotions</u> To pass on the validity of contracts for the Director of Finance, and to prepare memorands and opinione upon claims, adjustments, and sattlements of contracts and payments under contracts. <u>Records</u>: In the Finance Chaft's Office, Was Department.
 - CRITACT AND LEGAL BRANCE, Reclaration Division, Quarternaster General'e Office, War Department...See CRITACT AND FURCHSING BRANCE, Conservation and Reclanation Division.
 - CONTRACT AND LEGAL MUTISION, Business Administration Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Cutef of Engineers, Kar Department,—
 Lotsted by June 21, 1938. In secondance with Supply Circular No.
 29, Furchees, Storage, and Tweffo Evision, of October 22, 1933,
 39, Furchees, Storage, and Tweffo Evision, of October 22, 1933,
 11st functions were transferred to the Machinery and Engineering Materials Intriduce, Office of the Envetor of Purchase. Functions 15
 ect as legal edvisor in 31, purchasing procedures. Functions 15
 by with those of the Office in NA.
 - CHIRACT AND FURGHASS BRINCH, Owneral Supplies Division, Furchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Furchase, Storage, and Traff 17, 1918, in the Hardman and Medical Experiment Organized Control of Office, and transferred Control of Organized Control of Office, and transferred Control Supplies Control Control of Control Office, and transferred Control Supplies Divided Control of Control Office, and Control of Office, and Control of

- CONTRACT AND PURCHASING BRANCH, Conservation and Reclamation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Established January 26, 1918, as the Contract and Legal Branch, Reclamation Division. Later, it became known successively as the Contract Branch and the Contract and Purchasing Branch. On April 22, 1918, it was made responsible to the Conservation and Reclamation Division. Abolished on June 14, 1913. Functions: To supervise the purchase of the necessary supplies and equipment for the work of the Division. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - CONTRACT APPROVAL SECTION, Contract and Purchase Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CONTRACT AND PURCHASE BRANCH.
 - CONTRACT ASSESSORS, CANADIAN, War Department.—See CANADIAN CONTRACT ASSESSORS.
 - CONTRACT BRANCH, Construction Division, Housing Corporation.—Organized on March 15, 1918, in the Industrial Housing and Transportation Bureau, Labor Department. Abolished March 15, 1919. Functions: To keep records of all questionnaires sent to contractors before they were invited to bid on housing projects; prepare contract forms; and approve subcontracts. Records: 1918-19 (12 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, building specifications, and questionnaires.
 - CONTRACT BRANCH, Reclamation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See CONTRACT AND FURCHASING BRANCH, Conservation and Reclamation Division.
 - CONTRACT BRANCH, Supplies and Equipment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See CONTRACT SECTION, Administrative Branch, Clothing and Equipage Division.
 - CONTRACT BUREAU, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See CONTRACT DEPARTMENT, Operations Division.
 - CONTRACT DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Organized in February 1918 and abolished in January 1920, when the Contract Bureau was established. Functions: To maintain a record of all contractual obligations of the Division relating to the operation of ships, and to obtain documents and data needed by the General Comptroller in order to initiate settlement of vessels' accounts. When the Tank Steamer Department was abolished in April 1919, its activities were transferred to the Contract Department. The functions of the Department were further increased in October 1919, when it was given responsibility for the sale and delivery of vessels to purchasers, and in November 1919, when it was charged with the supervision of surety bonds submitted by managing agents. Records: 1918-25 (combined with those of the Contract Bureau, total 200 feet) in NA. Correspondence, reports, memoranda, and forms.
 - CONTRACT DIVISION, Construction and Repair Bureau, Navy Department.—
 In existence prior to the war. It was abolished about 1930, and its duties were taken over by the newly created Design and Construction Division. <u>Functions</u>: In charge of matters pertaining to the preparation of contracts for the building of vessels and for such other work and materials as fell within the cognizance of the Eureau; of financial matters concerning contracts; and of the relations of the

- Bureau with the Compensation Board, <u>Records:</u> Correspondence and other records for the World War period are among the general files of the Bureau in NA. <u>Referencess</u>; John F. Crowell, <u>Government War</u> Contracts, chs. 11-15 (Der York, 1920).
- CONTRACT DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Energency Fleet Corporation.—First operated as a Countities, and after August 20, 1917, as a Division. It was solithed on any and after August functions were taken over by an Massistan 1, 1919. Has functions whose position was abolished on the force of Contracts were transferred to the Legal Data of the State of Participation and any contracts of the State of Contracts o
- CONTRACT ELAKINING AND RECORDS BRANCH, Settlements Durision, Finance Service, War Department, --Created on February 28, 1999, Enchanges To examine contracts and bonds to determine their correctness in conformity with laws, regulations, and Man Department rulings. Records: In the Hannec Chapter Office.
- CONTRACT REVIEW, SUPERIOR BOARD OF, Purchase and Supply Breach, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.— See SUPERIOR BOARD OF CONTRACT REVIEW.
 - CONTRACT SECTION, Administrative Branch, Clothing and Equippes Division, Chartermaster General's Office, Mar Department—Permed on showing Child, so part of the Supplies and on May 18, 1918, and Placed under the Clothing and Equippes and contract Section of the Administrative Branch on June 14. Because the Contract Section of the Administrative Branch on June 14. Purctioned through the following contractions: Labor Standards, Purctioned through the following and Office Servira. Transferred Credits and Finance, Contraction and Office Servira. Transferred orbits the superior against the following and office Servira. Transferred Credits and Office Servira. Transferred Services of the Carter of Purchase and the Administrative of the Director of Purchase and to pass on credits or contractors. Recorded Probably among those of the Quartermaster General's Office 1M.
 - CONTRACT SECTION, Administrative Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Furchase and Storage Interactor's Office, Furchase and Storage interactor's Office, Purchase Storage, and Furfice ID. Storage, and Furfice ID. Storage, and Furchase Storage, and Furfice ID. Storage and Storage ID. Storage and Storage ID. Storage I
 - CONTRACT SECTION, Contracts Branch, Construction Division, Mar Department.—Probably established on May 22, 1937, see spart of the Construction Division, Construction Birdson, Probably upon its division, Construction Division probably upon its division of March 13, 1918. Printingly To surveits upon the supervision over all contracts and lesses pertaining the bound of the Division. Records In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, Mar Department.
 - CONTRACT SECTION, Equipment Division, Ordnams Chief's Office, Mar Department,—Created in 1917. Transferred to the Equipment Section of the Processent Division probably on Annusy 11, 1918. Punctions of prepare contract forms, to pase upon all contracts entered into ty the Division, and to enforce all such contracts. Pecchial Trobably with those of the Office in Ma.

- CONTRACT SECTION, Nitrate Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established during the latter part of 1917 as the Legal Section. About the middle of 1918 it became the Contract Section.

 Functions: To draw up and advise upon contracts to be entered into by the Division. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- CONTRACT SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department .- Established as the Legal Section, Procurement Division, on January 15, 1918, by a virtual consolidation of the legal sections or branches of the various purchasing or procuring divisions of the Office. The name was changed to Contract Section in March 1918. Consisted of the following Branches: Administration, Advisory Council, Amendment and Cancellation, Examining, Form Contract, Formal Contract, Patents, Procurement Order, and Requisition. Functions: To handle all legal matters in connection with the work of the Division, including the preparation of all procurement orders and formal contracts in accordance with the terms and conditions arranged by the negotiating agencies of the Division, and in conformity with all laws and orders applicable thereto; to be completely responsible for the logal aspects of the Division's work; to keep the Division advised as to all impending or actual changes in any laws or orders affecting the negotiation of orders; and to be responsible for the legal aspect of all alterations, cancelations, or extensions of procurement orders or formal contracts. Records: Probably with those of the Offico in NA.
 - CONTRACT SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Established in April 1917 to meet the increased business rosulting from the war. <u>Functions</u>: In charge of the preparation and distribution of contracts and the maintenance of records. The Soction cooperated with the various procurement bureaus and sections in matters rolating to contracts. <u>Records</u>: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - CONTRACT SECTION, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established about January 25, 1919, as the Legal Section. Its name was changed to Contract Section on March 6, 1919. In existence on June 30, 1920. Functions: To compile information pertaining to the drafting of contracts covering cales by the Director of Sales; to review sales contracts negotiated by the Director of Sales and by various Department bureaus; to supervise the execution of sales contracts; and to render legal advice in connection with sales. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - CRITRACT SECTIO!, Small Arms Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established in the summer of 1917. Transferred on January 22, 1918, to the Procurement Division. It again became a part of the Small Arms Division upon the reestablishment of that Division by Office Order No. A95, effective February 1, 1919. Functions: To handle the drafting of contracts for small arms and small-arms ammunition; to advise the Division in all legal matters and matters pertaining to the interpretation of Army regulations, general orders, and orders of the Chief of Ordnance; to advise with reference to the legality of proposed transactions and forms of contracts; to serve as the channel of communication between the Division and the Judge Advocate General in all matters requiring his opinion or approval; and to prepare specifications, lists of drawings, and instructions to bidders required for negotiating contracts. Incords: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

- CONTRACTS, SURVEYOR OF, War Department .- See SURVEYOR OF CONTRACTS.
- CONTRACTS BOARD, GENERAL CANCELLATIONS, CLAIMS, AND, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See CONSTRUCTION CLAIMS BOARD.
- COMPRACTS BRANCH, Administrative Division, Quartermaster Ceneral's Office, War Department, --Established prior to the outbreak of the war. Abolished on January 26, 1918. <u>Participal</u>: To handle matters pertaining to contracts for the Division. <u>Records</u>: Asong those of the Office in WA.
- CONTRACTS BRANCH, Construction Bivision, War Department.—Scabilished on May 24, 1917, as the Contracts Branch, Contonent Bristion, Constitution May 26, 1917, as the Contracts Branch, Contonent Bivision, Constitution Bivision when the latter was established on March 23, 1918. <u>Bunctions</u>: To exercise general supervision over all documents in the nature of contracts and leases in connection with the work of the Division; to determine what matters should be submitted to the Judge Advocate Beneral for opinion; and to bandle all matters relating to survivalent the contract of the Contract
- CONTRACTS COMMITTEE, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, -- See CONTRACT DIVISION.
- CONTRACTS SECTION, Planning and Statistics Division, Wer Industries Board .- See War CONTRACTS SECTION.
- CONTROL AND FLANNING BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Quartermaster General's Office. War Department. See FLANNING AND ADJUSTMENTS BRANCH.
- CONTROL BUREAU. Ordnance Chief's Office. War Department .- Established on January 14, 1918, by Office Order No. 104. Ametioned at first through the following Sections: General Administration, Requirements, Plant Plant Inspection, Transportation, Construction, Com-Remts, Flant, Flant Inspection, Transportation, Construction, Con-plaints, External Relations, Industrial Service, Flanning and Con-trol, Nathods and Organisation, Progress, and Project, Abolished by Office Order No. 222, May 23, 1928, at which time the following Sections were transferred to the Satinates and Requirements Divieion, which was established by the same order: Requirements, Progress, Project, Complaints, External Relations, and Flanning and Control. The Construction and Industrial Service Sections were transferred to the Production Division, and the auxiliary functions of the Bureau to the Administration Division. The Methods and Organization Section was sholished. Functions: To prepare estimates and schedules of requirements to serve as a basis for the purchase, production, and supply of ordnance and ordnance stores and supplies; to furnish the Procurement Division with lists of plants and arsenals that should be given orders for sanufacturing such stores and supplies. taking into account such factors as plant capacity, organination, labor conditions, Secilities for procuring raw materials. and transportation facilities; to coordinate and control the work of the divisions charged with production, procurement, inspection, and supply; to handle work connected with the transportation of ordnance material; to submit reports on conditions in plants manufacturing ordnance material, and to initiate and follow up action thereon: to investigate and adjust any complaints or disputes that might arise; to deal on behalf of the Ordnance Department with questione of wages, labor, and employment affecting the production of

ordnancc material in arsenals or privately owned plants; and to conduct or to authorize and supervise the conduct of the dealings of any units of the Office with other agencies of the Government and with external agencies. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

CONTROL OF LABOR STANDARDS FOR ARMY CLOTHING BOARD, War Department.—
See LABOR STANDARDS FOR ARMY CLOTHING CONTROL BOARD.

CONTROL OF PHOLUCTION OF WAR MATERIAL IN GERMANY FOR DISARMANET OF GERMANY, COMMITTEE ON, Peace Conference.—Established at a session of the Supreme Council on January 24, 1919. The members were Pershing (of the United States), Churchill (of Great Britain), Foch and Loucheur (of France), and A. Diaz (of Italy). Functions: To study the question of the control of production of materials of war in Germany and the disarmament of its army. Records: Some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace.

CONVERSION SECTION, RESOURCES AND, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—Sec RESOURCES AND CONVERSION SECTION.

COOPERATING ORGANIZATIONS SECTION, States Administration Division, Food Administration.—Established on June 25, 1917, in the Home Conscrvation Division and transferred in September to the States Administration Division, in accordance with a policy of decentralization. Thereafter each State enlisted its cooperating organizations under a general policy announced from Washington. Functions: To enlist the cooperation of religious denominations, patriotic societies, fraternal orders, and the commercial travelers of the country in the program for food conservation. Records: 1917-19 (8 feet) in INA. Correspondence with the cooperating organizations and with commercial travelers.

COOPERATION WITH STATES SECTION, Council of National Defense.—See STATE COUNCILS SECTION.

COORDINATION OF PURCHASE DIVISION, Food Administration .-- Created on October 15, 1917, and absorbed certain functions and personnel transferred from the Council of National Defense and War Industries Board. Cooperated with the Allied Provisions Export Commission, the Exports Bureau of the War Trade Board, the Food Purchase Board, the Grain Corporation, and the International Sugar Committee. Terminated in the summer of 1919. In the later months of its existence, Herbert ' L. Gutterson directed its activities. Functions: To coordinate food purchases, other than grains, for the Army, the liavy, the Allies, and neutral nations, the Belgium Relief Commission, the American National Red Cross, and other purchasers in order that adequate food supplies might be obtained without unduly disturbing food conditions and price levels in the United States. Included the following Sections to handle the commodities indicated: Butter and Cheese; Canned Goods; Canned Kilk; and Sugar, Flour, Cereals, Dried Fruit, and Beans. Records: 1917-19 (16% feet) in NA. Correspondence, applications for allotments, questionnaires, "tenders" of commodities available for purchase, records of allotments, and contracts. Include some correspondence for the Committee on Supplies of the Couneil of National Defense. Many of the Gutterson papers are in the Hoover Library on War, Fevolution, and Peace.

- COPPER COPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Rev Naterials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Commend of National Defense.—Appointed by the Chairman of the superior Committee on May 17, 1917, and ceased functioning the committee a satisfactory price for the purchase of copper Tyrichaga: To arrange a satisfactory price for the purchase of copper Tyrichaga: To arrange a satisfactory price of the purchase of copper Tyrichaga: To are the copper point of the Allies, Records: May be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Soard in NA.
- CORNAGE AND HANDLES SECTION, Mardware and Hand Toole Branch, Ceneral Supplies Mission, Purchase Birector's Office, Purchase and Storage Birector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See HAREBREE AND HAND TOOLS BRANCH.
- CORDAGE SECTION, JUTE, HEMP, AND, War Industries Board.—See JUTE, HEMP, AND COMPAGE SECTION.
- COMPORATION AND INITYDIMAL PROPERTY DIVISION, Truste Bureau, Alien Property Councidian.—Created shortly after the organization of the Truste Bureau in 1927, Aboliehed after the close of the war, Finctions: The council of the counci
- COMPORATION MANAGEMENT INVISION, Alien Property Custodian,—Crasted as a Department in the Trusts Bureau and transferred to the Sales Bureau in 1918. Subsequently made a separate Eureion and existed as such see late as 1925. Empirically: To administer sessed corporations and prepare them for sale or liquidation. Recorder 1917-34 (170 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, case files, auditors, reporte, emandation files, and various records relating to administrative matters.
- COST BOARD OFFICER, Technical Division, Ordanne Bureau, Navy Department,—Organised for the duration of the war. <u>Functions</u>: To act see the representative of the Bureau in matters pertaining to cost accoming and matters involving expenditures of funds from Bureau appropriations by commercial firms that operated on a cost-plus or fixed-profit basis in the production of ordance material. <u>Records!</u>
 In the Navy Department.
- COST COMPERANCE, INTERDEPARTMENTAL, -See INTERDEPARTMENTAL COST COM-PERSICE.
- COOT ENGINEERING BRANCH, Construction Edvation, Housing Corporation,— Organized in April 1928 in the Industrial Housing and Transportation Bureau, Labor Department. Adultabled in them 1939. Empirical to keep complete and current records of the cost and progress of work performed and to willise this information to enable the Corporation to epeck up production and reduce costs on housing projects. Engris; 1924-19 (25 test) in EA. Include himselfy cost and progress reports, general files, special reports, official cost astimates, blumprinte, and plat plans.
- CLOT INSPECTION BOLING, Compensation Board, Kary Department, —Authorized by the Secretary of the Navy on May 12, 1977, and exposited by the Compensation Board as its representatives at the private adipyards under contract with the hary Department for the Construction

of vessels on a cost-plus-profit basis. Each Cost Inspection Board consisted of the Superintending Constructor, the Inspector of Machinery, and the Cost Inspector, who was the resident officer of the Pay Corps. Functions: To ascertain the actual costs of the vessels being constructed by keeping detailed records of charges for labor, material, and overhead expense and by examining and transmitting to the Compensation Board contractors' monthly balance sheets, bills of costs, and orders for materials; and to pass, within certain limitations, upon the prices for materials and for special plant facilities. Records: The records of all but one of the Cost Inspection Boards were destroyed as useless papers in 1943. Material contained in those papers, however, is reflected in the records of the Washington office of the Compensation Board. The records of the Cost Inspection Board of the Todd Dry Dock and Construction Corporation, Takoma, Wash., 1917-24 (55 feet), in NA, were retained as a sample of the records of these boards. They include correspondence, copies of material orders, vouchers, audit working papers, bills of lading, balance of stores ladgers, piece-work time slips, minutes of the Board; labor cost summariss, inventories of material and equipment, and various accounting rscords. References: Navy Department, Annual Report. 1918, p. 672-690.

COST OF LIVING AND DOMESTIC ECONOMY SUBCOMMITTEE, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Organized in April 1917. Functions soon taken over by the Food Administration. Functions: To investigate the cost of living and encourage domestic economy. Records: Some may be among those of the Council in NA.

COST OF LIVING DIVISION, HIGH, Justice Department.—Ses HIGH COST OF LIVING DIVISION.

COST OF LIVING SECTION, Analysis Division, Examination Department, National War Labor Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably organized in 1918 and terminated with the Board in 1919. Also known as a Division of the Examination Department. Functions: To collate and analyze living costs data pertinent to controversies before the Board. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.

COST REDUCTION BRANCH, Operations Control Division, Storags Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established about May 13, 1919, and placed on an organization chart of June 30, 1919. No information, however, has been found to indicate that the Branch was actually organized.

COST REVIEW SECTION, Ship Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Originated in functions performed by a Cost Record Section, established in the Steel Ship Construction Division on November 23, 1918. The Cost Review Section was established January 29, 1919. In March 1919 the Section was divided into a Claims and Payment Branch and a Changes and Extras Branch. On March 26, 1920, it was abolished, but its two branches continued to function until February 6, 1923. Functions: To review and record estimates of the cost of changes and extras on requisitioned and contract vessels; to check the credits due the Corporation from contractors; to determine construction costs in excess of the cost of the work as stipulated in the contract and specifications; to handle all claims for extension of delivery or for bonus and penalty payments; and to exercise jurisdiction over

ell other matters of cost review arising out of the activities of the Construction Organization. <u>Records</u>: 1917-26 (3) feet) in NA, including those of the Conserge and Extras Branch (6 feet) and the Claiman, the cost of the Conserge and Extras Branch (6 feet) and the Section, virtually all its records. <u>Pollecting</u> the abolition of the Section, virtually all its records, respectively, among the cost of the cost of adaptation, to changes and extras, and forms relating to the cost of adaptating to changes and extras, and to claims; and content of shibbulliding contracts.

CONTERPING BRANCE, Money Accounts Division, Pinance Service, Far Department,—Became part of the Finance Service in the fall of 1915.

Rencions: To keep records of expenditures from Quarternaster Corpo
Partments. To keep records of expenditures from quarternaster Corpo
Partments of the Corpo
Partme

COUTCH AND COTTOL LINERS SECTION, Textile and habber Division, Mar Industries Board.—Organised April A, 1932, reporting both to the Textile and Rubber Division and to the Division Division of the Textile and Rubber Division and to the Division Division of the Textile and Rubber Division and to the Division Division of the Textile Division o

COTTON AND LINEN THREAD AND TAPES SECTION, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board.—See FIAI PRODUCTS SECTION.

COTTON AND TORAGOO INVISION, Comess Bureau, Comerce Bepartment.— Organized in 1916. Succeeded by the Gottom and Oils Division in 1929. Mantiemes To collect, compile, and prepare for publication various statistics relating to cottom and tokacco. During the war it sesisted the Eureau in gathering special statistics on various materials and commodities. Recognis In the Comess Bureau.

COTTO CAMITTEE, Kar Industries Board.—Appointed September 23, 1918, by the Kar Industries Board with the approval of the President; caused to function November 12, 1918, "Inuctions to devise satiods for broadening the channels of distribution and use of the great stock of low grades of cotton currently umarkstable, for eliminating speculation and hearding, and for apportioning foreign orders. Paconds: Probably acong those of the Board in NA.

COTTOM COMPRESSION AND TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE, War Industries Board,—
Formed in the summer of 1945 se a joint committee composed of reprementatives of the Mar, Agriculture, and Commerce Departments, the
Mar Trads Board, the Stipping Board, and the Mar Industries Board,
Continued the work of the Cotton Compression Section of the Storage
Countities of the War Industries Board, which had been formed shout
December 1947. Discontinued after the armistice, Punctions: To
investigate authoris of miningting the wasterful extends in occasion
use in the cotton industry. Records: Probably among those of the
Board in NA.

- COTTON COMPRESSION SECTION, Storage Committee, War Industries Board. Sec COTTON COMPRESSION AND TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE.
- COTTON DISTRIBUTION COMMITTEE, War Industries Board.—Created on September 23, 1918, by the Board with the approval of the President; discontinued on December 10, 1918. <u>Functions</u>: To buy cotton for the United States and the Allies, at prices to be approved by the President, and to allot cotton to domestic and foreign consumers. Cooperated with the Cotton Committee, appointed the same date to study matters pertaining to cotton. <u>Records</u>: Among those of the Board in NA.
- COTTON GOODS BRANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See COTTON GOODS BHANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quartermaster General's Office.
- COTTON GOODS BRANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Formed January 19, 1919. Functioned through four Sections: Cotton Goods Procurement, Converting, Cotton Yarn, and Production and Inspection. In October 1918 it was transferred with its superior agency to the Office of the Director of Purchase. Functions: To recommend specifications for and the procurement of cotton goods. Records: Probably with those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - COTTON GOODS COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Supplies Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Appointed in April 1917 to be an advisory and auxiliary body to the Committee on Supplies. Part of its work was transferred to the Quartermaster General's Office, War Department, on January 12, 1918. Also known as the Cotton Goods Section. Functions: To coordinate Government requirements, centralize purchases, and eliminate competition between Government agencies in the purchase of cotton goods. Records: Some are among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board and others are probably among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - COTTON GOODS SECTION, Clothing and Equipage Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE BRANCH.
 - COTTON GOODS SECTION, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board.—Established about May 28, 1918; discontinued December 21, 1918. <u>Functions</u>: To assist other agencies in the procurement of supplies of cotton goods by indicating courses, making allocations, and calling on the industry to cooperate by turning over its production to the Government at reasonable prices. <u>Records</u>: 1917-18 (14 feet) in NA. Include correspondence of the Section and of predecessor organizations, reports on cotton-cloth production, liets of Government clothing contracts, and samples of cotton cloth.
 - COTTOM LINTERS POOL.—Formed in May 1918 under the auspices of the Cotton and Cotton Linters Section, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board, and of the Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. By agreement between these two agencies, the DuPont American Industries Co. was awarded a contract to act as purchasing agent and manager of the Pool. Ceased operations in January 1919. Functions:

To secure the entire supply of cotton linters ("a mixture of long, usually soft or flacald, fibers and flux secaping removal in ginning, with making cotton butting?) weights from August 1, 1958, to 1959, in order to seet the requirements of the United States and the August Same era among those of the Nar Industries Board in M. Encords: Some era among those of the

COTTON PROGRAME COMMITTEE. See INTERMITTED PROGRAME CONTITIES.

COTTON SECTION, Salvags Branch, Concervation Division, Quartermaster
General's Office. War Department.—See SALVAGE AND DARDENING BRANCH.

COTTO: TESTING PROJECT. Markets Bureau. Asriculture Department .- The Project was transferred to the Markets Bureau from the Plant Industry Bureau during the fiscal year 1915. It functioned in close relation with other cotton projects, together with which it constituted the eo-called Cotton Saction. Normal work was suspended during part of the fiscal years 1918 and 1919 in favor of emergency ectivities, On July 7, 1919, the Project was transferred to the Cotton Marketing Division of the Bureau, Functions: To ascertain waste, tensile etrength, and bleaching qualities of grades, classes, and varieties of cotton in order to determine their commercial and epinning value. and to demonstrate the results of these tests. During the war, to determine, on behalf of the Signel Corps, the scaptability of waris-ties of cotton to the manufecture of sirplane and balloon fabrics and, on behalf of the War Industries Board, the precticability of utilizing low-grade cotton in the manufacture of fabrics for other military purposes. Records: Some for the war period (1 1/2 feet) ere in NA. Include correspondence of staff members with Burseu authorities, the project head, and the public, in the Markets Bureau central correspondence files; correspondence of the project leader, Fred Teylor, containing samples of fabrics used in teets. in the Markets Bureau numerical correspondence files; and a raport for 1918 in the Bureaus of Markets and of Agricultural Economice "manuscript files."

COTTINEED RUSSIG: Food Administration.—Crested in October 1917.

12 became the Cottonseed Industry Section of the Collateral Commodities Division in October 1918. **Marchant To supervise the production and distribution of cottonseed ofl; to handle matters pertaining to the ginning, creating, and refining of cottonseed, lard substitutes, soya beams, palm kernals, and copys; to stabilize prices and prevent speculation; and to cooperate with the Cotton and Cotton Linters Section of the War Industries Board in order to Octain the Jarcest possible production of cotton linters. **Emporate 1918 are with the Cotton and Cotton Cotton and Cotton Co

COTTONSEED INDUSTRY SECTION, Collateral Commodities Division, Food Administration, ... See COTTONSEED DIVISION.

ODNOIL OF MASSASIONS.—Composed of the Ambanadors to France from Oracl Britain, Italy, and Japan and a representative from France; the American Ambanador to France sat as an observer for the United States. Held its first needing on Ammary 26, 1920. Punctions; Dealt with questions critican from the peace treaties, as had the Commell or Wintsters of Foreign Affairs, Recognis Mherachouts

- unknown. References: Nina Almond and Ralph H. Lutz, eds., The Treaty of St. Germain, 12-13 (Stanford University, 1935).
- council of Five, Peace Conference.—Composed of the Foreign Ministers in the Council of Ten and a Japanese representative. Subordinate to the Council of Four. Terminated with the signing of the Versailles Treaty, June 28, 1919. Functions: Dealt with questions concerning boundaries, opium traffic, traffic in arms, revision of the treaties of 1839, and prize-court decisions; handled preliminary work on the Austrian treaty; drew up articles establishing various commissions; and heard reports and settled problems of a minor character. Records: Probably some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. References: H. W. V. Temperley, ed., A History of the Peace Conference of Paris, vol. 1, p. 267 (London, 1920).
 - COUNCIL OF FOUR, Peace Conference.—Composed of the President of the United States and the Prime Ministers of Great Britain, France, and Italy. During the absence of Orlando (Apr. 24-May 3) the Council functioned as the Council of Three. First meeting held March 14, 1919, although the title of Council was not assumed until March 24. Terminated with the signing of the Versailles Treaty, June 28, 1919.

 Functions: Appointed special commissions, committees, and missions; received reports; issued instructions; passed on questions; and supervised the making of the treaty with Germany. Records: Probably some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. References: H. W. V. Temperley, ed., A History of the Peace Conference of Paris, vol. 1, p. 263-266 (London, 1920).
 - COUNCIL OF HEADS OF CELEGATIONS, Peace Conference.—Constituted in July 1919, of representatives of the five principal Powers, this body superseded the Council of Four, the Council of Five, and the Council of Ten. Robert Lansing was the first United States representative. Succeeded by the Council of Ministers of Foreign Affairs on January 10, 1920. Functions: Directed the negotiations leading to and the final signing of the treaties with Austria and Bulgaria; arranged, by special treaties, for protection of minorities in the new states; appointed and set up commissions and committees; and dealt with matters involved in carrying out the treaties. Records: Probably some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Regotiate Peace. References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1919, vol. 1, p. 1-2.
 - COUNCIL OF MINISTERS OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, Peace Conference.—Succeeded the Council of Heads of Delegations. Composed of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs (the Ambassadors to France of the United States and Japan served as representatives for their countries) of the five Great Powers. Held three meetings between January 10 and 21, 1920. Functions: Performed work on the treaty with Hungary, and dealt with Allied relations with Soviet Russia, the proposed trial of William II, the admission of Smitzerland into the League of Nations, the frontiers of Italy and Yugoslavia, and the Turkish question. Records: Probably some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace.
 - COUNCIL OF NATIGIAL DEFENSE.—Created by an act of August 29, 1916, but not fully organized until March 3, 1917. It was composed of the Secretaries of War, the Navy, the Interior, Agriculture, Commerce, and Labor and functioned with the advice and counsel of an Advisory Commission (q. v.), composed of not more than seven persons,

Ministers). Georges Clemenceau, Fresident. Functions: To establish the procedure and arrange the program of the Peace Conference; fix representation; appoint commissions and committees; decide what questions should be referred to the Conference; and set up territorial commissions and provide for renewals of the armistice. Records: Probably some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. References: H. W. V. Temperley, ed., A History of the Peace Conference of Paris, vol. 1, p. 247-250 (London, 1920); James T. Shotwell, At the Paris Peace Conference, 240 (New York, 1937).

COUNCIL OF THREE, Peace Conference. - See COUNCIL OF FOUR.

COUNSEL'S OFFICE, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—Originated on March 10, 1918; terminated on June 1, 1919. Also known as the Law Bureau. Functions: To advise and assist the General Director in matters of law and general policy. The Office also supervised matters relating to marine transportation, including the work of the Warine Transportation Bureau, which aided the oil industry in obtaining tankers and other means of transportation for overseas shipment of petroleum and its products. Records: In NA. Correspondence, reports, memoranda, tabulations, and applications for furloughs from Army service (4 feet) filed separately from the central files of the Division.

COUNTER SECTION, Administrative Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—Established as a Branch on July 7, 1918, in the Administration Section, Embarkation Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division. Later became a Section when transferred to the Administrative Division of the Transportation Service Chief's Office. Abolished after the withdrawal of American forces from Europe. Functions: To administer the War Department Overseas Courier Service. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.

COURT AND PRIVATE TRUSTS DIVISION, Trusts Bureau, Alien Property Custodian.—Organized in 1917 and abolished shortly after the war.

<u>Functions</u>: To have charge of trusts in which enemy property was involved in executorships, administrations, trusts, receiverships, bankruptcies, guardianships, and committees dealing with incompetents. <u>Records</u>: Among the various trust files of the Trusts Bureau in NA.

CRAME SECTICE, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—
Organized November 12, 1917; discontinued December 14, 1918. Functions: To collect data concerning the available output of cranes of various types, to allocate supplies of cranes, and to arrange shipping schedules. Records: 1917-18 (20 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence, records of crane prices and specifications, reports on priority ratings, and records of shipments. Other records may be in the "consolidated files" of the Board.

CREDIT BRANCH, Credits Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established in the early part of 1918.

Functions: To investigate the financial condition of contractors and to obtain from them information concerning their financial standing. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

CHEDITS BOARD, WAR, War Department .- See WAR CHEDITS BOARD.

CREMITS SECTION, Procurement Bivision, Ordnance Chief's Office, Wer Department, Established on September 17, 1917, as the Pinance Branch, Purchase Section, Our Division, and transferred to the Procurement Auroland as a Section, Sun Division, and transferred to the Procurement and the Section in Power 1918. Impense, Dockbesping, Contect Abstracting, Cost Estimated, Credit Manager, Dockbesping, Contect Abstracting, Cost Estimated, Credit Regulations of Davids Ball nature in Any way concerned with Procurement Division projects and orders. It approved requisitions for contracts from the standpoint of the financial condition of the contracts from the standpoint of the financial condition of the contract from the standpoint of the financial condition of the contract from the standpoint of the financial condition of the contract from the standpoint of the Financial condition of the contract from the standpoint of the Financial Condition of the contract from the standpoint of the Financial Condition of the Credit Board for the negotiation of advance payments to completed; and and a containce naturals. Records Probably with those of the Office in Na ordance naturals.

CREEL COMMITTEE. -- See COMMITTEE ON FUBLIC INFORMATION.

CECOSTE SECTION, Consider Division, Nor Industries Board.—Betablished in February 1918 to take over the surf or crossets cannelly performed by the Goal-Gas Products Sections that the credities of November 1918 to take the consideration of the New Louises was turned over to the forest Products Section of the Railroad Administration, and on December 31, 1918, the Section we discontinued. Puntions: To study the supply of and the demand for creenite, to izeus clearances, and to allocate aveilable stocks.

Records: Probably agong those of the Board in NA.

CRIMINAL ACTS SUBCOMMISSION, Responsibility of the Authors of the War and Enforcement of Penalties Commission, Fasce Conference,—Appointed by an expended to the Commission, W. F. Massay, Commission, W. Lander, C. Lander,

CRIMIKAL INTIGION, Justice Department,—A permanent unit of the Department. Punctiones: To sinvestigate and prosecute violations of the criminal laws of the United States. During the war, this work included violations co flaws relating to neutrality, passports, recruiting, navigation, ceptonage, sabotage, concertption, cedition, and immigration and naturalisation. Also, to prepare and conduce ciril. A West Transactions Section took over this work in 1922, and after February 1923 it was carried on in cooperation with sofus Boseri of Survey, composed of representatives of the Justice and West Department. Execute 11 NA. Include correspondence and memoranday newspaper clipbings; papellater (see files on investigations, lates and her subjects, Edgrences: Homer S. Camadange and Carl McDarland, Federal Abstrict, 20-32. (New 107x, 1971).

CRIPPLES, INTERALLIED COMMITTEE FOR THE REEDUCATION OF WAR. -- See INTER-ALLIED COMMITTEE FOR THE REEDUCATION OF WAR CRIPPLES.

CROP ESTIMATES BUREAU, Agriculture Department.—At the time of the war this Bureau was one of the oldest agencies in the Department. It maintained a staff of paid field agents and a large corps of voluntery rsporters. During the war its work was increased with the aid of funds provided by the Food Production Act of 1917. It was consolidated with the Bureau of Markets on July 1, 1921, and most of its functions are now carried on by the Division of Agricultural Statistics of the Agricultural Marketing Service. Functions: During the war, to promote the production and conservation of food both by the performancs of its normal functions and by providing agencies concerned with the formulation of food programs with information on such special subjects as supply of and demand for farm labor, sesds, and fertilizer, stocks of food on farms, and farm credit; by providing a truck crop news servics; by assisting in the making of Government ssed grain loans in drought areas; and by distributing literaturs designed to promote production and conservation. To provide the War Trads Board and the staff of the American delegation to the Peace Conference with information concerning foreign agriculture. To distribute literature designed to promote certain nonagricultural phases of the war sffort and to provide the Justice Department and Alien Property Custodian with information relating to such phases. 1909-37 (286 fast) in NA. The bulk of the general correspondence of the Bureau has been destroyed, but a remnant (3 feet) covering the period 1913-21 remains. Other records of the war period include reports and comments of field agents on estimated crop production and other matters, 1914-21 (7 fest); tabulations of reports on the same subjects, including wartime farm labor and food supplies, 1909-37 (275 fsst); and copies of schedule forms, circular latters, and other materials distributed, 1916-20 (1 foot).

CROP EXPERTS OFFICE, Grain Corporation.—Established in Ssptember 1917. Worked in coopsration with the Agriculture Department, and the officials in chargs, John D. Shanahan and James W. T. Duvel, wsrs loaned by the Agriculture Department. The Offics included the following Departments: Grain Inspection, Grain Supervision, Crop Tschmologists, Dust Explosion and Firs Prevention, terminated in August 1920. Emctions: To formulate policies as to grain standards and the storage of sesd wheat, to handls grain inspection disputes, to combat grain diseases, and to promots measures for fighting dust explosions in elevators and mills. Records: 1918-19 (7 feet) in NA. Include correspondence and copies of printed material. Related records pertaining to the Agriculture Department's coopstation in dust explosion work are among the files of the former Chemistry Bureau in NA. References: Frank M. Surface, The Grain Trade During the World War, 391-393 (New York, 1928).

CROP RECORDS DIVISION, Crop Estimates sureau, Agriculture Department.—
A previously existing unit reorganized as the Crop Records Division in 1914. In 1922 its functions were transferred to the Statistical and Historical Research Division of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Those relating to foreign agriculture are now handled by the Foreign Agricultural Relations Office. <u>Functions</u>: To prepare estimates of crop production, of imports and exports of food, of available food supply, and of surpluses and requirements of food in foreign countries. These were used by agencies engaged in formulating food programs, in carrying on economic warfare, and in drafting peace treaties. <u>Records</u>: 1904-38 (110 feet) in NA. Records for the war period include consular reports collected by the Division and now filed among records of the Foreign Agriculture Relations Office.

CEOP REPORTS DIVISION, Crop Estimates Bureau, Agricultural Department.—
A unit that attained divisional status in the fiscal year 1904. Its
work since 1921 has been carried on in the Agricultural Statistics

Division, which now is in the Agricultural Marketing Service. <u>Engagings</u> To prepare and distribute schedules containing energons; requires to fished sgents and crop reporters to Marketing energons; and the distribute little state of the s

CROP TECHNOLOGISTS' LEPARTMENT, Crop Experts Office, Grain Corporation.— See CROP EXPERTS OFFICE.

CROPS DIVISION, TRUCK, Crop Estimates Bureau, Agriculture Department.— See TRUCK CROPS DIVISION.

CURN MILOTHON COMMITTEE.—A body of five members, with headquarters in New York City, who were appointed by the Sugar Equilisation Board in accordance with an agreement of Cubber 22, 1918, made by the Board with the various sallers of Cubban sugar. Functions: To supervise and direct the datable of carrying out the Elloation of sugar and its shipment from Cuba. Records: 1919 (5 inceas) in NA. Include correspondence and statements on assigned tomage as reported to the Shipping Board, References: Joshua Bernhardt, Covenment Control of the Sugar Industry in the Intled States, 174, 176 (New York, 1920),

CURRENT STATISTICS SECTION, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Ofrice, War Department.—Organized on September 1, 1917, as the Current Vital Statistics Section. The title was mastedy shortened to Current Statistics Section. The includes to Practice and consolidate, daily and weekly, tolagrams, other to prepare weekly and consolidate, trapproximal stems to the company of the company to the company to the trapproximal stems to the company of the company weekly and special active those of two Offices in Ma.

CUSTOMS BUREAU, BRANCHES AND, War Trade Board, -- See BRANCHES AND CUSTOMS BUREAU

CUSTOMS DIVISION, Tressury Department. -- Crested in the Sacretary'e Of-fice about 1870. Received atatutory recognition by an act of March 3, 1875. By terms of an act of March 3, 1927, the Customs Division and the Special Acents Division in the Secretary's Offica wera consolidated into a Custome Bureau headed by a Commissioner. Functions: To administer the collection of import duties and the enforcement of customs lawe. Additional duties imposed on the Division during the period of the war included cartain responsibilities under the Espionags Act of June 15, 1917, the Trading With the Enemy Act of October 6, 1917, and the Motor Boat Act of June 7, 1918, as follows: The guarding of vessels arriving from and departing to foreign ports; the searching of vessels for prohibited articles and communications; the prevention of illegal exportations of gold and currency; the examination of outgoing passengers and baggage; the visaing of passports: the issuance of certificates of citisenship and identification cards to seamen; the censoring of communications brought into or carried out of the United States otherwise than in the regular course of the mails; the checking of licenses for imports and exports for the War Trade Board; the control and supervision of all watercraft in the territorial waters of the United States; and the insuring of safety in the handling of munitions. The Division also assisted in the enforcement of the Federal prohibition law along the seaboard and the Mexican and Canadian borders. Records: 1914-20 (1,000 feet) in NA. Interfiled with other records of the Customs Bureau. Include papers

and books relating to the documentation, entrance, and clearance of vessels; the entry, appraisement, warehousing, exportation; and reexportation of merchandise; correspondence; and accounting records. Other records are in the field offices of the Customs Bureau.

CUTLERY SECTION, Small Tools and Chests Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SMALL TOOLS AND CHESTS BRANCH.

- DANUEE RIVER COMMISSION, INTERALLIED.—See INTERALLIED DANUEE RIVER COMMISSION.
- DEAD LETTERS DIVISION, Post Office Department.—In existence prior to the war. After the war its name was changed to Dead Letters and Dead Parcel Post Division. Functions: During the war it returned letters sent to enemy countries or to Russia and returned as unnailable registered articles addressed to neutral countries but evidently intended to be forwarded to enemy countries. Records: In the Post Office Department.
- DECK DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Originated in Dscember 1918; attained the status of a department of the Division in May 1919. On February 1, 1920, it became a part of the Supercargo Section of the Operating Department, Operations Division. Functions: To supervise matters relating to deck officers on vessels operated for the Shipping Board. Records: 1918-20 (50 feet) in NA. Correspondence and reports.
- DEFENSE BOARD, INTERDEPARTMENTAL, Council of National Defense.—See INTERDEPARTMENTAL DEFENSE BOARD.
- DEFENSE COUNCIL, NATIONAL.—Ses COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE.
- DEFENSE OF SUITS DIVISION. Justice Department .-- In existence since 1868, when an Assistant Attorney General was put in charge of cases before the Court of Claims. With his assistants, the Assistant Attorney General formed a unit that has been known by various names at different times. In 1920 it was known as the Division for the Defense of Suits, and in 1934 it was formally designated the Claims Division. Functions: To defend claims against the United States in suits in the Court of Claims and in the district courts under Court of Claims jurisdiction and under war emergency legislation. These included claims relating to patents and royalties, inventions, copyrights and trade-marks, contracts, cotton linters, ships, and real and personal property commandssred, requisitioned, or otherwise taken over for the furtherance of the national security and defense. In 1926 the Division took over the work of the War Transactions Section relating to the recovery of overpayments resulting from frauds in war contracts (see CRIMINAL DIVISION). Records: 1917-25, interspersed among those of the Claims Division in the central files of the Department in NA. Included are case files containing correspondence, memoranda, pleadings, briefs, transcripts of testimony, exhibite, and opinions.
 - DEHYDRATED PRODUCTS ERANCH, Subsistence Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Offics, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Ses SUBSIST-DICE DIVISION.
 - DEHYDRATION ERANCH, Subsistence Division, Quarternaster General's Office, War Department.—Created on March 21, 1918, as a section of the Controlled Bids Branch, and in June became the Dehydration Branch. Transferred with the Division on October 19, 1918, to the Office of the Director of Purchass where it became the Dehydrated Products Branch. Functions: To aid in developing the dehydrated vegetable industry in the United States. As a result of its efforts, millions of pounds of dehydrated potatoes, carrots, onions, and turnips were sent overseas. Records: Probably among those of the Quarternaster General's Office in NA.

DEMINISTICS DIVISION, Chestery Bureau, Agriculture Department.—Coganised on Dotober 1, 1918, Functiones: In cooperation with the Yood Administration, the Company of the Company of the Cotage of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company has food value of dehydration on the Solution of the Company of patching; and, in cooperation with the Quartermanter Omneral's Office, to devalop basic information on the soluture content of dried vegetables and to prepare dried coups, dried stews, and like products, Bacordes Among those of the Chemistry Bureau in Nil.

DESIDERATION SECTION, POTATO AND, Perishable Foods Division, Food Administration.—See POTATO AND DESTURATION SECTION.

TELITERY SECTION, Materials Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Created on May 22, 1917, in the Matorials and Transportation Branch, Cantonera Hivision, Quartermater General's Office. Transferred to the Construction Division when the latter was cetablished on March 13, 1918. Operated through the following Departments: Transportation, Inspection, and Expediting. Functions To Collow up the production, saunfacture, inspection, and transportation of all naterials purchased and procured through the Procurement Section, Records In the War Department.

DEMORIZATION DOLRD, Naval Overseas Transportation Bewrice, Operating Forces Division, Naval Operations office, Newy Department.—Established by circular letter of the Secretary of the Newy on March 19, 1919, and first mat in New Tork City on april 10, 1919, Dissolved on May 25, 1920. Functions: To supervise the demobilitation of resease of the Newal Overseas Transportation Service, including their inspection and the inventorying of the equipment and supplies on beart, by July 1, 1919, 305 oversit and been returned to their owners or transferred to the Sutphing Board. Records: 103-201, the control of the Secretary of Office in Ni and in the Office of Neval Records and Library in the Navy Department.

DEMONITIZATION ROADD, Ordnames Chief's Office, War Department.—Appointed on Normers 20, 1918, and constated of air numbers. The Chief of the Personnel Group, Office of the Chief of Ordnames, was responsible for carrying that offect the decisions of the Demohilicastism Board after their approval by the Chief of Ordnames. The Sourd was discapted on Jensary 11, 1919, and its records were turned over to the recorder of the board expediated at that time to "consider all questions of policy valating to the personnel of the Ordnames Department." Functions to decide all questions of policy valating to the demohilication of the Consideration of policy valating the personnel of the Ordnames Department. Encords: Probably among those of the Office is Na.

DEMORILIZED REPORDS DIVISION, Adjutant General's Office, War bepartment.—Established on Armary Mr, 1919, e the Examination of Semtice Becords Division. On January 23 its mase was changed to Demobilised Records Division. No January 23 its mase was changed to Demobilised Records Division. No January 20, 20 to English Proposed Mar-Division about January 1, 1920. Functions: To receive, arrange, and file individual records pertaining to the personnel of the demobilised Army. Records in Tan Adjusted Contral's Office.

DENTAL INSTRUMENTS, APPLIANCES, AND SUPPLIES BRANCH, Medical and Hospital Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase

- and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES DIVISION.
- DENTAL SECTION, Perconnel Divicion, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Organized on August 9, 1917. On November 24, 1919, it became a Divicion. Functions: To exercice general supervision over the organization of the dental cervice, including the assignment of dental officers to duty, and to make recommendations for the construction of the necessary dental infirmaries in the cantonments. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- DENTISTRY SUBCOMMITTEE, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.
- DEPOSITORY AND INVENTORY DEPARTMENT, Truete Bureau, Alien Property Cuetodian.—Organized in 1917 and aboliehed shortly after the war.

 Functione: To designate depositories of alien property; issue instructione to them; obtain inventories of property held; and exercise general supervision over reports and statements received from the various depositories. Records: 1917-32 (256 feet) in NA. Include quarterly roports from depositories, correspondence, depository bonds, and recommendations concerning depositories.
- DEPOT ERANCH, Operating Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Organized on Fobruary 13, 1918, as a Branch of the Warehousing Division, which in April became the Depot Division and in August the Operating Division. Abolished on November 1, 1918, when its duties were taken ever by the Demestic Operations Division, Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage. Functions: To supervise the operation of the various depots and warehouses of the Quartermaster Corps, and to supervise the inspection of depots, warehouse, camps, and cantonments. Records: Probably ameng those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
- DEPOT BRANCH, Remount Service, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See REMOUNT SERVICE.
- DEPOT BRANCH, Warehousing Division, Quartermaeter General's Office, War Department.—See DEPOT BRANCH, Operating Division.
- DEPOT DEPARTMENT, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Existed by June 21, 1918. Operated through an Accounting Division, an Engineering Division for Construction of Depote, and depote in the field. In accordance with Supply Circular No. 99, Purchass, Storage, and Traffic Division, Ceneral Staff, October 22, 1918, its functions were transferred to the Machinery and Engineering Materials Division, Office of the Director of Purchass. Functions: To handle matters pertaining to engineering materials used in engineer construction work overseas, and to issue engineering materials to troops and seacoast defenses in this country. Records: Probably among those of the Office of the Chief of Engineers in MA.
- DEPOT DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Ses

- DEPOT SECTION, AMERICAN CROMANCE BASE, Supply Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See AMERICAN CROMANCE BASE DEPOT SECTION.
- DEMANDION AND UNGLOW SECTION, Infectious Diseases and Laboratories Mitiation, Surgeon General's Office, Was Department, —Established Mitiation, Shripen General's Giffice, Was Department, —Established through the Children of the Surface of Surface of
- DEPMATCHORY SUBCOMMITTEE, Standardisation of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of Matismal Defense.—See STANDARDI-ALTON OF MEDICAL AND SANICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.
- DESIGN AND TEST SECTION, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineere, Mar Department,—See CIVIL AND MECHANICAL DIVISION.
- DESIGN AND TRENCH WARFARE SECTION, Our Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See TRENCH WARFARE SECTION, Engineering Division.
- DESIGN ERANCH, Cannon Section, Our Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Ner Department.—Jetablished in 1917. Punctions transferred on October 27, 1917, to the Cannon Branch, Design Section. Punctions to be responsible for the design of field and esecont cannon and the Company of the Company of the Company of the Office in Ma.
- DESIGN HEANCH, Construction Section, Supply Dividem, Ordanes Chief's Office, War Department,—Organised in 1972, Functions to design storehouses, magesines, and other buildings and etvactures as required by the Invision, to plan special railroad and wharfage fecilities necessary in connection with buildings, structures, and lands provided and the second by the Division; to prepare plans for mechanical provider of the safety and fire protection of supply depotes. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Ma.
- DESIGN HEAUES, Production Bureau, Souting Section, Pessenger Transportation and Housing Hivision, Construction Organisation, Shipping Board Energency Fiset Corporation.—Established on May 1, 1918; sholleded on July 13, 1939; Functions: To experise the general houses for it. Records: 1918-19 (13 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, semonrada, reports, specifications, and blueprints,
- DESIGN COMMITTEE, Housing Corporation.—Consisted of an architect, engineer, and toom planner, each of whom, as representative of his repetitive division, had charge of the work in his field. Functions, To pase upon the designs, specifications, and estimates prepared by designers for housing projects and to coordinate all designs, specifications, the coordinate all designs, the control of the coordinate all designs.

- DESIGN DIVISION, Conetruction and Repair Bureau, Navy Department.—
 In existence prior to the war. Abolished about 1930, when its duties were taken over by the newly created Division of Design and Construction. Functions: To prepare designs for the conetruction of new vessels and for large alterations in completed vessels; also to prepare estimates of costs for new construction and to cooperate with the Contract Division in the preparation of the technical features of circulars and contracts. Recorde: Correspondence and other records for the war period are among the general files of the Bureau in NA. Also in NA are ship plans to 1909, including plans of vessels in operation during the war. Other records are in the Navy Department.
 - DESIGN DIVISION, Steam Engineering Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the outbreak of the war. In 1930 its functions were taken over by the newly created Division of Design and Construction of the Engineering Bureau. Functions: To recommend types of machinery to be adopted for new whipe; to draft general designs of machinery; to prepare contract plans and specifications; to make recommendations concerning bids and alternative plans submitted by contractors; to prepare directions for trials of machinery; to make recommendations for payments on contracts; to pass upon all alterations of existing machinery of naval vessels; and to supervise the drafting of designs for aircraft engines. Records: 1857-1930 (combined with the general files of the Bureau of Engineering, total 4,134 foot) in NA. Those for the war period include correspondence and plane for engines. Other records are in the Navy Department.
 - DESIGN DIVISION, Yards and Docks Bureau, Navy Department.—On November 1, 1916, the Mechanical, Electrical, and Routine Design Division and the Special Design and Projects Division were created to have charge of the design work of the Bureau. In March 1917 these were combined to form the Design Division, which is still in existence. Functions: To be responsible for the design and detailed correctness of plane and specifications in accordance with the general features determined by the various "project managers."

 Records: Among the general files of the Eureau in NA.
 - DESIGN DIVISION, RESEARCH AND, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See RESEARCH AND DESIGN DIVISION.
 - DESIGN SECTION, Aircraft Division, Construction and Repair Bureau, Navy Department.—See AIRCRAFT DIVISION.
 - DESIGN SECTION, Architectural and Structural Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See ARCHITECTURAL AND STRUCTURAL DIVISION.
 - DESIGN SECTION, Engineering Division for Construction of Depots,
 Depot Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of
 Engineers, War Department.—See ENGINEERING DIVISION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF DEPOTS.
 - DESIGN SECTION, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on September 7, 1917, by Gun Division Order No.
 4. Operated through the following Branches: Artillery Ammunition, Cannon, Explosives, General Control, and Trench Warfare. Transferred to the Engineering Eureau on January 17, 1918, by Gun

- Division Order No. 58. Functions: To centralise the design work for the entire Division. The Section was responsible for all matters of a technical nature affecting designs, specifications, and drawings and for the development of and everything connected with the adoption of types or substitutes. It was also responsible for questions connected with target practice, both mobile and seacost, including estimates, the design of the material, and the handling of the resulting reports and teste. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Ni.
- DESIGN SECTION, Science and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See SCIENCE AND RESEARCH DIVISION.
- DESIGN SECTION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—Organized at the outbreak of the war and etill in existence. Punctions: To have charge of the deepin and preparation of plane, drawings, and printe for all sections of the Technical Division. Records: In the Navy Department.
- DESPATCH DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See SPECIAL DESPATCH AUENT, Shipping Control Committee, Shipping Board.
- DEVELOPMENT BATTALIONS SUBSECTION, Miscellaneous Section, Samitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department,—See MIS-CELLANGUS SECTION.
- DEFEMPRET OF FULIND FACILITIES SECTION, Logistics and Fuel Division, Supplies and Accounts Bareas, New Poparisent.—Dritted from 1917 to 1920. Functions: To have charge of the establishment of fuel depote, the building up of fueling organisations, the preparation of the New "Standard List" of mines producing ecospitable coal, and the complication of dets regarding the fuel requirements of edge. Records: Probably dispersed among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
- DIES AND GAUGES CONSTRUE, General Montations Board, Conneil of Neitonal Defense. -Proceed case this prior to April 10, 1927; dissolved after the stabilishment of the New Industries Board on July 26, 1927. Functions: To study the needs of the New and New, Departments for dies and gauges and to recommend methods of increasing production. Records: Moreoboats unknown.
- DILUTION DYNSION, Training and Dilution Service, Yar Labor Administration, indow popurhent—Organised yast before the armidisc and discontinued econ thereefur, when the Service became the Training Service. Functions: To study the need for and the syntleble supply of exilTed labor, in cooperation with the Exployant Service, and the hyperine fitness of factories for the dilution of skilled with unskilled labor, in cooperation with the Public Health Service. Secories: Disportition subnormably longress in 1928.
- DINING-CAR COMMITTEE, INTERREGIONAL, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration. See INTERREGIONAL DINING-CAR COMMITTEE.
- DIFLOMATIC RELATIONS SECTION, Historical Branch, War Flans Division, Owneral Staff, War Department.—Organised in 1918. Headed by Maj. Fred N. Films. Functions: To collect data, both in Washington and at the Feess Conferences, concerning diplomatic relations preceding and during the period of American participation in the

1

- war and concerning the peace negotiations. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
- DIRECTOR GENERAL OF MILITARY RAILWAYS, OFFICE OF, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Ses MILITARY RAILWAYS DIRECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE.
- DIRECTOR GENERAL OF RAILROADS .- See RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION .
- DISARMAMENT OF GERMANY, COMMITTEE ON CONTROL OF PRODUCTION OF WAR MATERIAL IN GERMANY FOR, Peace Conference.—See Control of PRODUCTION OF WAR MATERIAL IN GERMANY FOR DISARMAMENT OF GERMANY, COMMITTEE ON.
- DISBURSING DIVISION, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department .-In existence prior to the war. Because of the great expansion of work during the war several sections were taken from the Division on March 1, 1918, to form the Allotment Division (q. v.). These sections and their work were returned to the Division on January 1, 1919. Functions: The routine duties of the Division consisted largely of the payment for material delivered to the Navy under Bureau contracts, the payment of all freight and passenger transportation services rendered by railroads and express companies, the payment of expenses of officers and civilians traveling on inspection duty, and the payment of allotments made by officers and enlisted men. With the coming of the war many changes in work were necessary. These resulted from the changed methods of purchasing and procuring war material to comply with the procedures adopted by the Council of National Defense, the War Industries Board, and other war agencies; the system of commandeering material instead of purchasing the same after competition; and the payment for material by advance payments, partial payments, and on a cost-plusprofits basis. Records: Probably dispersed among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - DISEURSING DIVISION, CENTRAL, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See CENTRAL DISEURSING DIVISION.
 - DISCIPLINARY BARRACKS SENTENCES SECTION, Military Justice Division, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department.—See MILITARY JUSTICE DIVISION.
 - DISEASES AND LABORATORIES DIVISION, INFECTIOUS, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See INFECTIOUS DISEASES AND LABORATORIES DIVISION.
 - DISEASES SUBCOUNTTEE, CONTAGIOUS, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense,—See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT CONSISTEE.
 - DISMISSALS AND CAPITAL SENTENCES SECTION, Military Justice Division, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department.—See MILITARY JUSTICE DIVISION.
 - DISPERSOID DIVISION, War Gas Investigations, Nines Bureau, Interior Department.—Organized on April 1, 1917; transferred with its superior agency to the War Department on June 25, 1918. Functions: To study the small-scale production of smokes or mists, the

development of mucke cardies, and the dissipation of emokes of activities teste of airplane semunition; and to develop primero. Recorde: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau, References: Mines Bureau, War Gas Investigations, 35 (Bullatin 1784, Washington, 1919).

DISTRIBUTION AND WAREHOUSE SECTION, Supply Division, Construction Organisation. Shipping Roard Paergency Flect Corporation .- Established on September 18, 1918, as the successor to the Distribution and Storehouses Departments, both of which had been created on July 11, 1918. The Section was shollahed on January 30, 1919, and its distribution activities were transferred to the furiediction of the Purchasing and Production Section. Jurisdiction over warehouses and storage yards was placed in the hands of the Meterial Control Branch, Material Section, Supply Division, Functions: To supervise the distribution and dienatching of shipbuilding material and supplies, and to establish and operate storage yards and etorehouses for such materials and supplies in transit to chipyards and plante holding contracts with the Corporation. Records: 1918-22 (combined with those of successor units, total 11 feat) in NA. Include reports of lumber received at various storage yards, records of warehouses, and reports of warehouse operations, Additional material relating to storage wards and warchouses and to the dispatching function of the Section is in the "old" general file of the Supply and Sales Division.

DISTRIBUTION ERANCH, Depot Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department, —See DOMESTIC DISTRIBUTION ERANCE, Operating In-

DISTRIBUTION REMICE, Supply Control Edvision, Cuartermaster General's Office, Was Department-Created on Jennary 26, 1918, as a Branch of the Quartermaster Jupply Control Enteres. Decama 2 Eranch of the Supply Control Division on the establishment of the Estern on April 15. Functioned through the following Sections: Domastic, Oversee, Oversees, Secrice, and Reserve, Abolished on Juna 14, 1918, Punctionary To supervise the distribution of supplies. Records; Among those of the Office in Mc.

DISTRIBUTION DIVISION, Committee on Public Information.—Sea PRODUC-TION AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION.

DISPIRITION DIVISION, Food Administration.—Organized in lane 1917 as the Grocars' Rhideask Interlated Division. Later home as the Grocars' Rhideask Interlated Division. Later home as the control of the

DISTRIBUTION DIVISION, Fuel Administration.—Began operations in September 1917 as the Apportiumment and Distribution Division. Reorganized January 28, 1918, with greatly increased functions, to form one of the three principal divisione of the Administration. Included the following Bureaus: Anthracite Coal, Bituminous Coal and Coke, Gae Plante, State Dietribution, and Statietics. In each producing region there was a district representative, who worked through the various Bureaus. On April 1, 1918, a zone system of distribution was inaugurated to eliminate long and cross hauls of coal, and a Coal Zone Permit Bureau was organized. The Division worked in close cooperation with the War Industries Board and the Railroad Administration. Terminated in July 1919. J. D. A. Morrow, General Director. Functione: To control the distribution of coal and coke to Statee and to certain defined consuming areas; to dietribute supplies of coal and coke directly to the Army, railroads, and certain war industries; and to arrange proper routing of ehipments. Recorde: 1917-19 (753 feet) in NA. Correspondence, memoranda, reports, tabulatione, certificatee, circulars, and other papers. References: Fuel Administration, Report of the Distribution Division, 1918-1919 (Washington, 1919).

DISTRIBUTION OF MILK, ICE, AND COAL COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies
Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably appointed in September 1918 and ceased to exist the sams month.
Functions: To consider a program for conserving manpower through
a more efficient system of distribution of milk, ice, and coal.
Records: The Committee's resolution regarding the distribution of
milk, ice, and coal is filed with records of the Board in NA.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COMMITTEE, REQUISITIONED HOUSES IN THE, Housing Corporation.—See REQUISITIONED HOUSES IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COMMITTEE.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA RENT COMMISSION.—See RENT COMMISSION OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

DISTRICT OFFICES DIVISION, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau, Commerce Department.—Organized in 1916 and still in existence.

Functions: To place the recources of the Bureau mors directly at the disposal of American manufacturers and exportsre, and to serve as headquarters for foreign buyers in the United States. During the war it helped the Export Licenses Division and ite successors, the Exports Administrative Board and the War Trade Board, in licensing commodities placed upon the controlled list by Presidential proclamation and gave advice regarding the interpretation and ecope of the Trading With the Enemy Act. Records: In the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

DOCK INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS DIVISION, MARINE AND, Shipping Board.—See MARINE AND DOCK INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS DIVISION.

DOCKS BUREAU, YARDS AND, Navy Department.—See YARDS AND DOCKS BUREAU, Navy Department.

DOCKS COMMITTEE, PUBLIC WORKS, YARDS, AND, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.

DOCKS SECTION, YARDS AND, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Energency Flest Corporation.—See SHIPTARD PLANTS DIVISION.

DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION EUREAU, Oil Division, Fusl Administration.—
Established on March 5 and discontinued on December 27, 1918.

Functions: To assure adequate supplies of oil to manufacturers of

war meterials. Assisted the Highwaye Council in obtaining road oil.

DMESTIC DISTRIBUTION ERANCH, Operating Division, Quarternaster Generalte Office, War Department.—Exteblished on June 11, 1918, so the Bistribution Branch, Depot Mivision. On August 15 this Branch was abolished and its duties were transferred to the Demestic Distribution and the Overseae Distribution Branches of the nextly created Operating Division. The Demestic Distribution Franch was abolished on November 1, 1918, and its duties were transferred to the Demestic Distribution Franch was shoulthed on November 1, 1918, and its duties were transferred to the Demestic Distribution Franch of the Division Storage. Functions: To control the stocks and movements of all quarternaster supplies in this country except such supplies as were released to the Overseas Distribution Eranch, Operating Mivision. Records: Probably among those of the Quarternaster Generals of Office in NA.

DOESTIC DISTRIBUTION DIVISION, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffice and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffice and Storage State St. 219, Cotober 23, 1918. Operated through both Subdivisions and Branches, Asong the former were the Enginear, Redieal, Ordnanes, Custermaster, and Signal Subdivisions. Among the Latter were the Notors and Vehicles, Priority and Dembilisation, and Vehicles and Ramess Branches. Compositional State of Conference of Storage, 2007, 1919. Order No. 68, Offices of the Director of Storage, 2007, 1919. Priority and Dembilisation, and Vehicles and Control of Storage, 2007, 1919. Order No. 68, Offices of the Director of Storage, 2007, 1919. Priority may be a second of the Control of Priority and Priority Control of Priority and Control of Priority and Control of Storage, 2007, 1919. The Control of Cont

DOESTIC (INTERSTATE) QUARANTINE DIVISION, Public Halth Service, Treasury Department,—In existence prior to the war. Punctions: It emforce laws and regulations for preventing the interstate to emforce laws and regulations for preventing the interstate part of the property of the preventing of the preventing of the property of the preventing of the preventing of the prevention of the preventing of the prevention of the prevention of the prevention of the p

DOMESTIC OPERATIONS DIVISION, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Allvision, General Staff, Nar Department— to October 19, 1948, Hiviation, General Staff, Nar Department— to October 19, 1948, the Operating Division of the Quartermenter Omnavile Office was the October 19, 1948, the Operation Division of Purchase and Storage, the October 19, 1948, and the Operations Division. The foliographs, the October 19, 1948, the Operations Division. The foliographs of the October 29, Administrative Department Motor Transport, 19 of October 29, Administrative Deplaces of Storage, Administrative Deplaces of Storage, Administrative Deplaces of Control Purchase Storage, and Service Subdivisions. In accordance that the October 29, Administrative Department of these Purchase Chemical Warfare. If does not appear that my of these Purchase Chemical Warfare, and the Arry Reserve Depth Cold Such as the Inventory Branch and the Arry Reserve Depth Cold Such as the Inventory Branch and the Arry Reserve Depth Cold Storage, and Service Subdivisions. In accordance this Purchase Storage, Notice No. 15 of May 19, 1919, this Business was collisted with the Storage Administrative Deviation to Fore the

form one of the three principal divisions of the Administration. Included the following Bureaue: Anthracite Coal, Bituminous Coal and Coke, Gae Plante, State Dietribution, and Statistice. producing region there was a district representative, who worked through the various Bureaus. On April 1, 1918, a zone system of distribution was inaugurated to eliminate long and cross hauls of coal, and a Coal Zone Permit Bureau was organized. The Division worked in close cooperation with the War Industries Board and the Railroad Administration. Terminated in July 1919. J. D. A. Morrow, General Director. Functions: To control the distribution of coal and coke to Statee and to certain defined consuming areas; to distribute supplies of coal and coke directly to the Army, railroads, and certain war industries; and to arrange proper routing of shipments. Records: 1917-19 (753 feet) in NA. Correspondence, memoranda, reports, tabulations, certificatee, circulars, and other papers. Referencee: Fuel Administration, Report of the Distribution Division, 1918-1919 (Washington, 1919).

DISTRIBUTION OF MILK, ICE, AND COAL COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies
Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably appointed in September 1918 and ceased to exiet the eame month.

Functione: To coneider a program for conserving manpower through a more efficient system of distribution of milk, ice, and coal.

Records: The Committee's resolution regarding the distribution of milk, ice, and coal ie filed with recorde of the Board in NA.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COMMITTEE, REQUISITIONED HOUSES IN THE HOUSING CORPORATION.—See REQUISITIONED HOUSES IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COMMITTEE.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA RENT COMMISSION.—See RENT COMMISSION OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

DISTRICT OFFICES DIVISION, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau,
Commerce Department.—Organized in 1916 and still in existence.
Functions: To place the resources of the Bureau more directly at
the disposal of American manufacturere and exportere, and to serve
as headquarters for foreign buyers in the United States. During
the war it helped the Export Licensee Division and its succeesore,
the Exports Administrative Board and the War Trade Board, in licensing commodities placed upon the controlled liet by Presidential
proclamation and gave advice regarding the interpretation and ecope
of the Trading With the Enemy Act. Records: In the Bureau of
Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

DOCK INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS DIVISION, MARINE AND, Shipping Board.—See MARINE AND DOCK INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS DIVISION.

DOCKS BUREAU, YARDS AND, Navy Department.—See YARDS AND DOCKS BUREAU, Navy Department.

DOCKS COMMITTEE, PUBLIC WORKS, YARDS, AND, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.

DOCKS SECTION, YARDS AND, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See SHIPYARD PLANTS DIVISION.

DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION BURFAU, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.— Established on March 5 and discontinued on December 27, 1918. Functions: To assure adequate supplies of oil to manufacturers of war meterials. Assisted the Highways Council in obtaining road oil. Records: Correspondence, record cards, and indexes in NA.

DEESTIC DISTRIBUTION ENRICH, Operating Division, Quarternaster Generalls Office, was Department,—Established on June 12, 1915, as an Electrication fraunch, Depot Division. Chanquest 15 this fraunch of the property of the p

DORSTIC HISTRETION DIVISION, Storage Mirector's Office, Purchase and Storage Altreator's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Miriston, General Staff, Man Department.—Established by Purchase and Storage shotice No. 19, October 29, 1918, Operated through both Subdivisions and Franches. Among the former were the Engineer, Nestical, Ordinace, Quartermaster, and Signal Subdivisions. Among the latter were the Notore and Vehicles, Priority and Demobilisation, and the Storage of the Consolitated with the Order No. 66, Office of the Interest of Storage, of May 19, 1939. The Manual Control of the No. 66, Office of the Interest of Storage, of May 19, 1939. The Control of the No. 66, Office of the Interest of Storage, of May 19, 1939. The Control of the No. 66, Office of the No. 66, Office of the No. 66, Office of the Operator Storage of the Operator Storage of the Operator Storage of the Courtermaster Cameral & Office in Na.

DOMESTIC (INTESTATE) QUARATINE DIVISION, Public Health Service, Treasury Experiments—In existence prior to the var. Functioner to enforce laws and regulations for preventing the intersects appead of communicable diseases. Its deligi was effort was the sanitating of axtrachitoment romes, shippards, and munitions plants, in cooperation with the Division of Scennific Research. It also controlled public health activities in Covernment agencies. Records: Some for the was period are among those of the Service In NA, including reports of quarantime stations and records relating to consistency.

DOMESTIC GYBRATIONS UNTSION, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Diristion, General Staff, Nam Department.—On October 19, 1918, the Operating Diristin of the Quarternature General's Office was transferred to the Office of the Director of Furchase and Storage Notice No. 1 of the seas data, it was the Company of the Com

Operations Control Division of the Storage Service. Functions: To have charge of the operations of general supply depots, Army reserve depots, and cold storage plants; to supervise fire and accident prevention; to be responsible for adherence to packing, boxing, baling, and marking etandards; to be responsible for the installation of operating methods in depots under its supervision; and to provide storage space at interior points for Army supply purposes. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

DOMESTIC RELATIONS SECTION, External Relations Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established about February 1, 1919, and still in existence when the Branch was transferred to the Administrative Branch of the Division about March 13, 1919. Functions: To maintain relations and conduct negotiations with Government and private organizations relative to the supply of the Army. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

DOMESTIC WOOL SECTION, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department. -- Established at the beginning of 1919 under authority of Executive Order 3019A of December 31, 1918, which transferred powers of the Domestic Wool Section, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board, to the Bureau of Markets. Functioned in that Bureau until 1922, and thereafter in the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Terminated in 1933. Operated in close administrative relation to the Fruit and Vegetable Division and after 1925 as part of that Division. Functione: To complete the work of the Domeetic Wool Section of the War Industries Board, particularly to audit reports and records of dealers in the 1918 wool clip, to collect excess profits made by such dealers, and to distribute such profits to the growers on whose wool they were made. Records: 1918-37 (209 feet, including those of its predecessor in the War Industries Board and those created under the Bureau of Agricultural Economics) in NA. Correspondence, schedules, dockete, and other papers relating to the work of the Section, and a "Final Report" on the Section (1933), by W. L. Evans.

DOMESTIC WOOL SECTION, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board .- Established about May 1, 1918, following a decision of the Government to purchase the entire 1918 domestic wool clip. Officially designated the Wool Division, but also known as the Wool Section. Placed under the Textile and Rubber Division after the establishment of that unit on June 3, 1918, and renamed the Domeetic Wool Section. By Executive order of December 31, 1918, ite functions were transferred to the Bureau of Markete, Department of Agriculture. Lemis Penmell, Chief. Functions: To issue regulations covering the handling of the wool clip of 1918, from the time it left the growere' hands until ite delivery to approved manufacturere or to Government purchasing unite, and to enforce such regulations by the licensing of dealers and other methods. Also to recover excess profite from dealers and return them to growers. Most of the latter work was performed after the transfer of the functions to the Department of Agriculture. Records: 1918 (50 feet, combined with those created in the Department of Agriculture, total 209 feet) in NA. Correspondence, schedulee, permit papere, and other records. References: War Industries Board, American Industry in the War, 231-236, 383-387 (Washington, 1921); Rational Archives, Preliminary Inventory of the War Industries Board Records, 72-84 (1941. Processed).

- RAFT CLASSIFICATIONS AND TRANSFER REANCH, Industrial Relations Division, Construction Organisation, Shipping Board Energency Fleet Corporation.—Originated in the Industrial Service Section of the Division. Transferred to the Labor Supply Section upon the establishment of the latter in October 1018, Functions, To administer the Emergency Fleet Corporation classification lists, and to arrange for Geterred service sleasification or satingard workers and that the Company of the Company
- DRATTED ERANCH, Engineering Section, Mitrate Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department,—Established some time after the organisation of the Division in July 1917. Functions: To handle drafting work in connection with the construction of plants and machinery, to prepare progress and other charts, to make setimates on proposed work, and to have charge of industrial housing mattere. Records, Probably with these of the Office in NL.
- RAFTIMD DIVISION, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established about August 1917. Reama the Drafting Section of the Civil Miriston upon the establishment of that Division late in 1918. Functions: To do drafting work for the Office. Records: Probably manner these of the Office in NA.
- RAFTIM EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES SECTION, Miccellansone and Office Supplies Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Sirector's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department,—See MISCELLA-NEOUS AND OFFICE SUPPLIES REMONA.
- DRAFTING SECTION, Military Construction Division, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established some time prior to February 24, 1919. Functions: To do drafting work for the Division. Records: Probably among those of the Office in Ma.
- DREDGING SECTION, Shippard Flanta Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleat Corporation .- Originated with the appointment of an Engineer of Dredging on February 3, 1918, although prior to this date the Corporation had cooperated with the Emergency Dredging Committee (of dredging contractors), and various engineers in the Shipyard Flants Division had handled dredging matters. The Dredging Section went out of existence on February 9. 1920, and ite functions were turned over to the jurisdiction of the various district plant engineers. Functions: To coordinate the dredeing work required under the shipping program, and to insura the allocation of sufficient dredging equipment to Corporation work without detriment to other war interests requiring similar equipment. Records: 1917-20 (6 feet) in Ni. Include correspondenca, reports, notes, and memoranda relating to the dredging onerations of Corporation contractors, to dredging equipment, and to dredging contracts.
- DREDGING SECTION, War Industrias Board.—Organized in September 1918; discontinued about December 4, 1928. Functions: To make a survey of dredging equipment and the dredging work carried on in the United

- States. Records: Among those of the Board in NA. Included is goneral correspondence of the Section (1 foot).
- DRIED FRUITS SECTION, CANNED AND, Canned Foods Division, Food Administration.—See CANNED FOODS DIVISION.
- DROP BOMES BRANCH, Aircraft Armament Section, Small Arms Division, Ordnanco Chief's Office, War Department.—See TRENCH WARFARE SEC-TION, Engineering Division.
- DRUG ADDICTIONS SUBCOMMITTEE, Hygiene and Sanitation Committee,
 General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory
 Commission, Council of National Defense.—Formed on April 29, 1917;
 coased functioning after the armistice. Functions: To make recommendations about the central of the drug trade. Records: Some may
 be among those of the Council in NA.
- DRUG, POISON, AND OIL PLANT INVESTIGATIONS OFFICE, Plant Industry Bureau, Agriculture Department.--See PLANT INDUSTRY BUREAU.
- DRUGS AND MEDICINES BRANCH, Medical and Hospital Supplies Division,
 Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office,
 Purchaso, Storago, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES DIVISION.
- DRUGS AND MEDICINES SECTION, Medical and Hospital Supplies Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storago Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storago, and Traffic Division, Gonoral Staff, War Department.—See MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES BRANCH.
- DRUGS COMMITTEE, SYNTHETIC, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Rosearch Council.—See SYNTHETIC DRUGS COMMITTEE.
- DRY CLEANING BRANCH, Conservation and Reclamation Division, Quarter-master General's Office, War Department.—Established on April 16, 1918, as the Dry Cleaning Branch, Reclamation Division. On April 22, it became part of the Conservation and Reclamation Division. Abolished on October 28, 1918, and its duties taken over by the Clothing Renovation Branch, Salvage Division, of the Office of the Director of Purchaso and Storage. Functions: To supervise all Government-owned dry-cleaning plants at camps, posts, depots, and cantonments. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- DRY CLEANING SECTION, Repair Shops Branch, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storago Director's Office, Purchase, Storago, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Soo REPAIR SHOPS ERANCH.
- DRYDOCK AND WARINE RAILWAY SECTION, Shippard Plants Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleot Corporation.—Originated with the appointment of an Engineer of Drydocks and Warine Railways in the Shippard Plants Division in January 1918. The Section was cotablished on September 21, 1918, and appears to have terminated on February 15, 1920. Functions: To inspect and approve sites for drydocks, marine railways, and repair plants; to investigate and make recommendations in connection with the negotiation of contracts for drydocks, marine railways, and repair plants, and to make such contracts; and to supervise the construction, extension, and improvement of drydocks, marine railways, and

- vossel repair plants. Records; 1917-23 (80 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, reports, charts, Abseptints, drewinge, etatistical tables, notes, and senorant relating to the construction of graving docks, floating drydocks, and marine railways. There are also some bintographs of drydock construction.
- IRI DOXS SECTION, Tards and Docks Rursus, Newy Department.—Established in October 1917, taking over functions from the Marins Corps, Push Cit, and Radio Section. Functions: Responsible for the construction and maintenance of drydock facilities, including the supervicion of contracts and allobants and the Aministration of all details connected with the installation of docks and scoessories. Recorder Among the general files of the Bursau in Na.
- DUST EXPLOSION AND FIRE PREVENTION DEPARTMENT, Crop Experts Office, Orain Corporation.—See Crop EXPERTS OFFICE.
- DIES AND INTERMEDIATES SECTION, ARTIFICIAL, Chemicale Division, War Industries Board, -- See ARTIFICIAL DIES AND INTERMEDIATES SECTION.
- DTES SECTION, TANKING MATERIALS AND NATURAL, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board, --- See TANNING MATERIALS AND NATURAL DTES SECTION.
- DIESTUFFS AND TEXTILES SUBCOMMITTEE, Chemistry Committee, National Research Council.—See CHEMISTRY OF TEXTILES AND FARRICS COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division.

EASTERN RAILROADS COAL CAR POOL, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Originally created in December 1917 as part of the Commission on Car Service of the Railroads' War Board, and probably transferred to the Railroad Administration on February 6, 1918, when the Car Service Section was established. Probably terminated with the Division on March 1, 1920. Functions: To control the distribution of open-top cars (except coke cars) belonging to railroads in the Eastern, Allegheny, and Pocahontas Regions. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

ECONOMIC COMMISSION, Peace Conference .- On January 27, 1919, the Council of Ten established an Economic Drafting Committee of five members, comprised of one representative from each of the Great Powers (the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan). This Committee functioned until March 1, 1919, when the Council replaced it with the Economic Commission, a much larger body. Two representatives from each of the Great Powers and one each from Belgium, Brazil, China, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, and Serbia served on the Commission. The work was divided among seven to nine subcommissions. American members, Bernard M. Baruch (formerly a member of the Economic Drafting Committee) and Thomas W. Lamont. Georges Clementel, President. Functions: To prepare economic clauses for incorporation in the peace treaties. The Commission considered such matters as commercial relatione, shipping, industrial and private property, and debts. Records: Some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. References: Bernard M. Baruch, The Making of the Reparation and Economic Sections of the Treaty, 81-90 (New York [1920]); H. W. V. Tomperley, ed., A Hietory of the Peace Conference of Parie, vol. 1, p. 502, vol. 5, p. 52-53, 55 (London, 1920-21); André Tardieu, The Truth About the Treaty, 92 (Indianapolis [1921]).

ECONOMIC COUNCIL, SUPREME. - See SUPREME ECONOMIC COUNCIL.

ECCICHIC DIVISION, Federal Trade Commission.—In existence prior to the war. <u>Functions</u>: To make eurveys of industrial conditions and investigations of concerns and industries, including, during the war period, inquiries into production costs of commodities. <u>Records</u>: 1915-32 (1,538 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, memoranda, schedulce, tabulations, reports, and other papers pertaining to investigations of corporatione, industries, and commodities.

ECONOMIC DRAFTING COMMITTEE, Peace Conference.—See ECONOMIC COMMISSION.

ECONOMIC INVESTIGATIONS DIVISION, Biological Survey Bureau, Agriculture Department.-See BIOLOGICAL SURVEY BUREAU.

ECONCHIC LIAISON COMMITTEE.—Originated in a communication addressed early in 1919 by the Secretary of State to the heads of other Federal agencies that dealt directly or indirectly with questions of foreign trade, inviting each to designate a liaison officer to

nest one or more days such week in the Office of the Foreign Trade divisor of the Department of State. The suggestion we endoted and on Mechaeday, Narch 26, 1919, the Economic Lisison Committee, constituting of representatives of 16 agencies, set for the first time. The Committee net every Wednesday thereafter until se lete as 1921 and porhaps later. Functions: To coordinate information releting to foreign trade. Also, to investigate, through subcountitees, particular problems arising in foreign relations with reference to economic matters. Records: Probably none were created except the santhly reports on the developments and work in connection with foreign trade of each of the 16 bodies represented on the Committee, heads in each agency. The whoreshoot or these reports is unknown. References: Wilbur J. Carr, "To Fring Our Foreign Service up to Date; A Keesege From the United States Government to the Jarctica People," in The Independent, 105: 207, 220-221 (Fab. 26, 1921), an article by the Birector of the Committee Service.

ECCHOLIC MORILIZATION SECTION, Mistorical Branch, War Plane Division. General Staff, War Department .- Established in July 1918. Mecontimed in the summer of 1919. Wat. Prederic L. Payson, Wat. R. R. Patterson, and It. Col. E. S. Haves, successive Chiefe. Functions: Originally, to plan and write an elaborate 4-volume history of economic mobilization, as a part of a projected general staff history of "The War of 1917," in order "to partray the intinste re-lationship of the economic forces to military success and to show how the military progress depended on industrial afficiency . . . based on a recognition of the fact that military succeee made by the nations actively engaged in this war was limited only by the man-power which the material resources of those countries could maintain in the field. The writing of the general history was maintain in the field. The writing of the general history was abandomed. The securitated course natorials were used in proparing two publications. Expends bubblesian in the build public for process described to the first of 1927 (Washington, 1918, 589 p.). Become; 1918-19 (85 feet) in MA. Contain natorials (printed and processed documents, prespect collapsings, and correspondence with Covernment agencies and private industrial organizations relating to bistorical accounts of their organization and war activities) collected for the projected history of economic mobilization, topical outlines of each chapter, working papers used in compiling the Handbook, and records (instructions, memorands, and reports) relating to the internal edministration and work of the Section. Also groups of papers under such main headings as finance, fuel, labor, transportetion, and food. References: Waldo G. Leland and Newton D. Merenese, Introduction to the American Official Sources for the Economic and Social History of the World War, 62-69 (New Haven. 1926).

SCONCHIGS DIVISION, information and Education Service, Labor Department.—Greated August 1, 1919. Probably became the Economics Section of the Fublic Norths and Construction Development Division In January 1919. Districtions: To obtain the good will of employers and their vote of employment manufacts, and to etudy and authorized by Congress in 1929.

ECONOMICS SECTION, Public Works and Construction Development Diviation, Information and Education Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably took over the work of the Economice Division in January 1919 and terminated with the Service on June 30, 1919. Functions: To collect data on real-estate loans, building materials, the cost of living, building trades, labor, and private and public construction. Records: Disposition authorized by Congress in 1928.

ECONOMY BOARD, COMMERCIAL, Council of National Defence. —See COMMERCIAL ECONOMY BOARD.

ECONOMY SUBCOMMITTEE, COST OF LIVING AND DOMESTIC, Labor Committee, Advisory Committee, Council of National Defense.—See COST OF LIVING AND DOMESTIC ECONOMY SUBCOMMITTEE.

EDITORIAL COMMITTEE, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Organized on May 24, 1917, as the Special Editorial Committee; name changed to Editorial Committee on June 24. Ceased functioning after the armistice. Functions: To aid medical officers without military medical experience by publishing various pocket manuals. Records: Some may be among those of the Council in NA.

EDUCATION AND RECREATION BRANCH, War Plans division, General Staff, War Department.—See TRAINING CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION, War Department.

EDUCATION AND SPECIAL TRAINING COMMITTEE, War Department.—Created on February 10, 1918, by General Orders, No. 15, which also established an advisory civilian board composed of representatives of educational institutions. It was discontinued on September 5, 1919, by General Orders, No. 107, and on September 15, by General Orders, No. 109, its functions were transferred to the War Plans Division, General Staff. Functions: To study the needs of the various branches of the service for skilled men and technicians; to determine how such needs should be met; to enlist the cooperation of the educational institutions of the country and to represent the Department in its relations with such institutions; and to administer such plans of special training in colleges and schools as might be adopted (which included plans for all training detachments of the National Army, all units of the Students' Army Training Corps, and Reserve Officers' Training Corps units at educational institutione). Records: In the War Department.

EDUCATION AND SPECIAL TRAINING SPECIAL COMMITTEE, General Relations Division, National Research Council .- Appointed in 1918 with J. C. Herriam as Chairman. At the request of the War Department's Committee on Education and Special Training, it undertook, "in co-operation with the divisions of science and technology [of the Council], the preparation of courses of inetruction in the sciences contributing to the training of men preparing for military service and later more particularly of men enlisted in the Students' Army Training Corps at educational inetitutions." These courses of study were "of service in reorganizing curricula . . . to meet the educational emergency needs of the Army and Navy." The Committee also cooperated with other organizations, including the Bureau of Education, Interior Department, and "served as the connecting link between the divisions of science and technology of the Council and the War Department's Committee on Education and Special Training." Functions: As indicated above. Records: In the National Research Council.

EDMCATION AND TRAINING SECTION. Industrial Palations Division Conatmention Organization. Shimming Reard Provident Float Comparation . The progress of educating and training shippard workers was initiated by the Industrial Training Section of the Industrial Service Department, antehlighed on Santasher 15, 1917. This Section was succeeded by the Education and Training Section. Which was erested on April 26, 1918, and given somewhat broader functions. The letter become s part of the Industrial Relations Division on May 7, 1918. Aboliehed on April 1. 1919. Functione: To organize and supervise vocational training schools and centers established by the Shinning Board Energency Fleet Corporation: to supervise courses of instruction for apprentices in shippard trades; and to cooperate with other agencies in the development of worstional training service for ship-Vard workers. Records: 1917-19 (15 fast) in NA. Include correenondence, reporte, notes, and memorands relating to the training of shinyard workers: personnel records of persons being trained as instructore and correspondence and reports relating to the training of electric welders and other employees.

EDICATION BUREAU, Administrative Division, Puel Administration forcated no November 10, 1917, and known as the Public Information fluresu until May 1918. Its functions originated in, and it continued to copports with the Educational Division of the Food Administration. In its periodical and poster advertising it cooperrated with the Advertising Prisision of the Committee on Public Information, Terminated in April 1910. Functions: To prepare wrees releases and articles for periodically the distribute publications; to supervise the Library and clippings cervice; and to perform other informational services. The efforts were particularly directed towards forwarding the conservation and production programs of the Administration through the use of newspeer articles, paphlets, posters, and notion pictures. Records: 1917-19 (30 feet) in MA. Coprespondence, press releases, and bullatine.

EDUCATION BUREAU, Interior Department .- Established in 1867 es the Department of Education, and from 1869 to 1959 had the status of a buregu in the Interior Department. During the war, it included an Americanization Division (successor to War Work Extension and Inbigrant Education Divisions); Educational Extension, School Board Service, and Recial Groups Divisione; and a School Garden Army. After 1929 it was known as the Office of Education. In 1939 it was transferred to the newly established Federal Semurity Agency. Punctiones During the war, the Bureau Cooperated with the Food administration in arranging courses of study in food conservation for echools and prepared and published lesson pauphlets about the role of food in wartime; ettempted to keep up attendance in schools: atudied the needs of the army in the field of education and connerated with the Committee on Education and Special Training of the War Department; and cooperated with the War Department in supervising education in new towns that aross around munitions plants, with State and local officials in the Americanisation program for the foreign-born, and with the Council of Mational Defense in organting echool gardama and other community enterprises. Recorder 1917-19 (18 feet in Ms. Include correspondence, studies, reporte, appropriation ledgers, drafts of speeches, and programs, Some of the records for the period of the war have been destroyed. Othere remain in the Office of Education. Enferences: Education Bureau, Annual Reports, 1917-19; Darrell H. Smith, The Bureau of Education (Baltimore, 1923).

- EDUCATION COMMITTEE, ENGINEERING AND, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See ENGINEERING AND EDUCATION COMMITTEE.
- EDUCATION DIVISION, ENGINEERING AND, Employment Service, Labor Department.—See ENGINEERING AND EDUCATION DIVISION.
- EDUCATION SECTION, Physical Reconstruction Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See PHYSICAL RECONSTRUCTION DIVISION.
- EDUCATION SECTION, MEDICAL, Personnel Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See MEDICAL EDUCATION SECTION.
- EDUCATION SECTION, PUBLIC HEALTH, Public Health Service, Treasury Department. -- See PUBLIC HEALTH EDUCATION SECTION.
- EDUCATIONAL BHANCH, Auxiliary Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Organized on August 7, 1918, by Division Order No. 100. Discontinued by Division Order No. 151 of November 27, 1918. Functions: To exercise general supervision over all educational activities of the Division, and to prepare courses, provide instructors, and maintain the personnel in the various schools. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- EDUCATIONAL COOPERATION DIVISION, CIVIC AND, Committee on Public Information.—See CIVIC AND EDUCATIONAL COOPERATION DIVISION.
- EDUCATIONAL DIVISION, Food Administration. Created in June 1917 as the Press Department; later called the Publicity Division, the Public Information Department, the Public Information Division, and finally, in 1918, the Educational Division. It included the following Sections: Advertising, Copy Desk, Farm Journal, Illustrations and Plates, Library and Exhibits, Magazine and Feature, Negro Pross, Religious Journals, Retail Stores, States, Trade and Technical Journals, and Vernacular Press. Dissolved in January 1919. Ben S. Allen, Chief. Functions: To interpret the Food Administration's regulations and programs to the people and to educate them in food-conservation principles by means of the press, periodicals, posters, displays, and moving pictures. It enlisted the services of churches, schools, women's clubs, public libraries, merchants' associations, fraternal organizations, and other social groups in this work. Among its activities it conducted publicity campaigns for sugar conservation, for consumption of the surplus potato crop, and for garbage utilization. It cooperated with the Home Conservation Division and took over some of its activities. Records: 1917-19 (106 feet) in NA. Correspondence, press releases, press clippings, photographs, posters, and printed material. Manuscript reports of the Division are with the records of the Legal Division. References: William C. Mullendore, History of the United States Food Administration, 1917-1919, 80-99 (Stanford University, 1941); Maxey R. Dickson, "The Food Administration-Educator," in Agricultural History, 16: 91-96 (Apr. 1942).

EDUCATIONAL DIVISION, Information and Education Service, Labor Department.—Organized on July 15, 1918. Probably terminated with the Service on June 30, 1919. Functions: To cover the news of the Labor Department and of labor meetings and to interpret the policies and program of working men to employers and the public through governmental labor, trade, and scientific newspapers and magazines. Records: Disposition authorized by Congress in 1928.

- EDUCATIONAL EXTENSION DIVISION, Education Bureau, Interior Department.—Created on December 2, 1938. Operated through the following Sectione: Community Center Gervice, Extension Teacher, Public Discussion and Library Service, and Tivaual Instruction. Terminated on June 50, 1919. Functione: To serve as a clearinghouse of information on methods of and materials for educational extension work to advise clueational extension agencies; and to salvage for general and permanent use educational extension methods and materials created and collected by the Government during the war. Records: 1518-19 (inches) in Ma. Include correspondence, atmographer results. The second of the second collected by the Government during the war. Records: 1518-19 (inches) in Ma. Include correspondence, atmographer results. The second collected by the Government during the war. Records: 5718-19 of the Second Collected Collected Spillabus of Proposed Organization, Field of Activity, and Methods of Nork for the Division of Educational Extension, \$1518, by P. Claxton. Other records are in the Office of Education, Federal Security Agency.
- EDUCATIONAL DISTITUTIONS AND STATE COMMITTEES SECTION, RELATIONS NITH, General Relations Division, National Research Council.—See RELATIONS WITH EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS AND STATE COMMITTEES SECTION.
- EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS COMMITTEE, EMERGENCY COURSES OF INSTRUCTION IN GEDLOCY AND GEOGRAPHY IN, Geology and Geography Division, Mational Research Council.—See GEOLOGY AND GEOGRAPHY HIVISION.
- EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS SECTION, RESEARCH IN, General Relations
 Division, National Research Council.—See RESEARCH IN EDUCATIONAL
 INSTITUTIONS SECTION.

 EDUCATIONAL PROPOSAIND REPARTMENT. Women's Committee. Council of
- Mational Defense.—Organized about May 1917, and tarminated on Certober 1, 1918, when its work was taken over by the newly created Assorticantsation Section of the Field Division. Carris Chapman Catt, Chairman, Hartha 2. Martin, Executive Chairman, Puntions: To stimulate patriotics and procode understanding of the causes and aims of the war by dissoninating princip caterial, satabilishing speakers! bureaus, arranging patriotic nestinge, pageante, and parades, and carrying on Aserticantisation work samme foreign-born women. Recorde: Among those of the Council in NA. Include correspondence of the Steeutive Chairman and circular materials.
- EFFECTS EUREAU, Embarkation Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Joe BACOME, REMAINS, AND EFFECTS ERANCH, Administrative Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office.
- EFFICIENCY BOARD, GENERAL, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.— See GENERAL EFFICIENCY BOARD.
- EFICIENCY BUREAU.—Originally established on March 25, 1913, as the Mifficiency Division of the Civil Service Connection. By an set of February 28, 1913, the prediction of the Civil Service Congress of March 3, 1913, by which its records and property of Congress of March 3, 1935, by which its records and property of Congress of the Civil Service, Puntishers to prevent a march 2014 to the Work and esthods of the Federal Covernment. Its cleanest activity included escitations given to the Internal Revenue Dursau and to the War Rick Insurance Bureau. Records 1916-33 (295 feet) in the Budget Bureau. Records for the previous works of the March 2015 of the Puntish Mar

- 1916 have not been found.) Include correspondence, reporte, memoranda, and work sheete. References: William F. Willoughby, The National Budget System, 226-231 (Baltimere, 1927); Carroll H. Wooddy, The Growth of the Federal Government, 1915-1932, 58-60 (New York, 1934); Efficiency Bureau, Reporte, 1917-18.
- EGGS SECTION, POULTRY AND, Perishable Foods Division, Food Administration. See POULTRY AND EGGS SECTION.
- EIGHT-HOUR COMMISSION.—Authorized by an act of Congrese of September 5, 1916; the Commission of three members was appointed by the President on October 11, 1916. Completed its work by the end of 1917.

 Functions: To observe the operation and effects of the eight-hour etandard workday for railroads and the facts and conditions affecting the relations between the roads and their employees. Records: Whereabouts unknown. References: Eight-Hour Commission, Report (Washington, 1918).
 - Administration, Labor Dopartment.—Authorized by the War Labor Administration, Labor Dopartment.—Authorized by the War Labor Policies Board on June 7, 1918. Its first meeting was held on June 18, and its report was made on June 22, after which it probably wont out of existence. Functions: To consider and report on the applicability of the eight-hour laws and the Executive orders requiring the wages of persons employed upon certain Government work to be computed upon a basic day rate of eight hours with time and one-half for evertime. Records: Among those of the Board in NA. Include a report of the Committee.
 - ELECTRIC-EQUIPMENT SECTION, Engineering Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Originally in the Engineering Branch, Cantonment Division, Quartermaeter General's Office. Transferred to this Division upon its organization on March 13, 1918. Functions: To prepare plans for inetallation of electrical equipment at camps and cantonments of the Army. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.
 - ELECTRIC FURNACE AND NON-FERROUS ALLOYS SECTION, Mineral Tochnology Division, Minoe Bureau, Interior Department.—See MINERAL TECHNOLOGY DIVISION.
 - ELECTRIC RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Transportation and Communication Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defonse.—Organized before March 2, 1917, and composed of eight members; dieselved on February 21, 1918, when the Army War College assumed its functions. <u>Functione</u>: To assemble data concerning electric railway transportation and to prepare a serioe of maps for the use of the War Department. <u>Records</u>: Some may be among those of the Council in NA.
 - ELECTRIC RAILWAY DEPARTMENT, Public Utilities Division, National War Labor Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Seo STREET RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
 - ELECTRIC RAILMAYS COMMISSION, FEDERAL.—Soo FEDERAL ELECTRIC RAIL-WAYS COMMISSION.
 - ELECTRIC WELDING RESEARCH CONSITTEE, Electrical Engineering Section, Engineering Division, National Rosearch Council.—Established jointly in 1918 under the Electrical Engineering and Metallurgy

Soctions of the Engineering Division. H. M. Hobart, Chairman: Functions: Conducted research that advanced the uso of electric welding in objobuilding. Records: In the National Recearch Council.

- ELECTRIC WIRE AND CARLE SECTION, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—Originated in a Wire and Cable Countities established in Rev Tork under the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense oarly in April 1817. One year later the Countities became the Counties in the Counties became the Counties of the Counties became the Counties of the Co
- ELECTRICAL AND MERCHATCAL SECTION, Military Pranch, Office of the Chief of Empineers, Wer Department.—Established as a temporary unit prior to the end of 1917. <u>Functions</u> To study electrical and mochanical problems for the Corps of Degineers and to train personnel in specialized techniques. <u>Records</u>: Probably among those of the Office in Ni.
- EMORICAL AND PARK EQUIPMENT SECTION, Findshed Producto Division, Wer Industries Board.—Cognarised on Novembor 14, 1917. Operated through the Electrical, Turbins, and Mechanical Divisions. Electrical continued on Docembor 20, 1918. Functions: To survey and to draw up lists of the evailable electrical equipment, and to bring shout the conservation of both materials and productive energy. Records 1917-19 (35 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, minutes, conservation placing of distributors of slectrical equipment, records and applications for priority ratings and opper and applications for priority ratings, and opper and applications for priority ratings, and opper and of the Servation of the Serv
- ELECTRICAL AFFARATUS AND SUPPLIES ERANCH, Machinery and Engineering Neteriale Division, Purchase Elirector's Office, Purchase and Storage Darector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Popartment.—Gew MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS DIVISION.
- ELECTRICAL BRANCH, Plant Facilities Section, Inspector of Ordnance Establishments, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. See PLANT PACILITIES SECTION.

existence by 1913, and at firet known as the Division of Electrical Engineering. In 1925 its functions were taken over by the Division of Repairs and the Division of Design. Functions: To have charge of the design, specifications, and installation of electrical apparatus and equipment, excepting radio apparatus, and of fire-control and interior-communication systems on all types of naval vessele; to pass upon electrical features of bids for new construction; and to supervise special tests of electrical material and apparatue.

Records: 1911-30 (in part combined with the general files of the Eureau of Engineering, total 4,134 feet) in NA. Chiefly correspondence, but there are included a few engineering plane showing electrical systems for various ships. References: Navy Department, Annual Report, 1918, p. 525-528.

ELECTRICAL DRAFTING BRANCH, Electrical Engineering Section, Engineering and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SECTION.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT SECTION, Machinery and Engineering Materials Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS ERANCH.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SECTION, Engineering and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Prior to the outbreak of the war the work of electrical engineering was carried on by the Engineering Division. Upon the establishment of the Equipment Division on October 1, 1917, the electrical engineering functions were transferred to that Division and an Electrical Engineering Section was organized to carry on the work. In February 1918 this Section was transferred to the Land Division, together with the Training Section of the Radio Division. At this time, also, the control of all permanent radio sections was transferred from the Radio Division to this Section. Functioned through the following Branchee: Electrical Drafting, Experimental and Development, and Permanent Radio Stations. On July 17, 1918, the Electrical Engineering Section was transferred to the newly created Engineering and Research Division. Functions: To conduct research and experiments in the field of electrical engineering. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SECTION, Engineering Division, National Research Council.—Organized in 1918 under the chairmanship of Comfort A. Adams. Functions: With the help of subcommittees on research and metallurgy and the cooperation of the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, it engaged in intensive study of electric welding as applied to shipbuilding. Several new principles were established, and a steel barge was completely fabricated without rivets and placed in commission. Records: In the National Research Council.

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT BRANCH, TELEPHONE AND, Purchase Section, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See FURCHASE SECTION.

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT DEPARTMENT, Procurement Section, Materials Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—See PROCUREMENT SECTION.

- ELECTRICAL SECTION, Production Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, New Department.—See FROUNCTION DIVISION.
- ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES SECTION, Electrical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department,—See ELECTRICAL DIVISION.
- ELECTRICITY COMMITTEE, Neval Consulting Board, Nevy Department.— Crested on November 4, 1915, and consisted of six members. Lawrence Addicks, Chairman.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
- ELECTRICITY DIVISION, Standards Buresu, Commerce Department.—In extense prior to the war. Nunctions I occude tresearch in various technical societies, public will title organization, and electrical exciteties, public willities organizations, and electrical engineers. During the war it tested various electrical eppliances for the War and Newy Departments and studied and colved problems commerced with reduce and cebbs spparetus. Records: In the National Duresu of Standards.
- ELECTROCHEMICALS SUBCOGNITTE, Chemicale Cooperative Committee, Rev Materiale, Minerals, and Metalo Comditives, Addisory Commission, Council of Neticomal Defence—Foreset In Ry 1977. In November 1t became the Electrochemicals and the Property of the Chemicals Alliance, Inclination of the Net Person of the Net Committee of the Chemical Alliance, were transferred to the Chemical Alliance, but a few are among the Precords of the Council and of the War Inductives Secret in Na.
- ELECTRODES AND ARRASTES SOUTHON, Chemicals Division, War Industries Beard.—Formed on June 26, 103b. Prior to that time much work in the same field had been seen by the Technical Section of the Chemical Section of the Chemi
- ELICIBILITY ECCION, Vocational Rehabilitation Dividens, Pederal Roard for Vocational Education, —Established last in 1919 following the Peesage of an ext of duly 11, 1919, which placed upon the Board the whole responsibility for determining the slightlity of disable and for vocational training and the state of the slightlity of disable man for vocational training at the birds of the Veterane while in training. Prancferral at the Burisdon to the Veterane have on a great the state of State of the State of the
- DEBARATION LIAISON SECTION, Special Service Division, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Nar Department.—Existed by June 21, 1918, Functions: To maintain close contact between the Office and the Embaration Service of the Furchars, Storage, and Frafric Division. Records: Probably among those of the Office in Ma.

ELECTRICAL DIVISION, Steam Engineering Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence by 1913, and at first known as the Division of Electrical Engineering. In 1925 ite functions were taken over by the Division of Repairs and the Division of Design. Functione: To have charge of the design, epecifications, and inetallation of electrical apparatus and equipment, excepting radio apparatus, and of fire-control and interior-communication systems on all types of naval vessels; to pass upen electrical features of bids for new construction; and to supervise epecial teste of electrical material and apparatus.

Recorde: 1911-30 (in part combined with the general files of the Bureau of Engineering, total 4,134 feet) in NA. Chiefly correspondence, but there are included a few engineering plans showing electrical systems for various ships. References: Navy Department, Annual Report, 1918, p. 525-528.

ELECTRICAL DRAFTING BRANCH, Electrical Engineering Section, Engineering and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SECTION.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT SECTION, Machinery and Engineering Materials Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS BRANCH.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SECTION, Engineering and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Prior to the outbreak of the war the work of electrical engineering was carried on by the Engineering Division. Upon the establishment of the Equipment Division on October 1, 1917, the electrical engineering functions were transferred to that Division and an Electrical Engineering Section was organized to carry on the work. In February 1918 thie Section was transferred to the Land Division, together with the Training Section of the Radio Division. At this time, also, the control of all permanent radio sections was transferred from the Radio Division to this Section. Functioned through the following Branchee: Electrical Drafting, Experimental and Development, and Permanent Radio Stations. On July 17, 1918, the Electrical Engineering Section was transferred to the newly created Engineering and Research Division. Functions: To conduct research and experiments in the field of electrical engineering. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SECTION, Engineering Division, National Reecarch Ceuncil.—Organized in 1918 under the chairmanship of Comfort A. Adams. Functions: With the help of subcommittees on research and metallurgy and the ecoperation of the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, it engaged in intensive study of electric welding as applied to shipbuilding. Several new principles were established, and a steel barge was completely fabricated without rivets and placed in commission. Records: In the National Research Council.

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT BRANCH, TELEPHONE AND, Purchase Section, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officer'e Office, War Department.—See FURCHASE SECTION.

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT DEPARTMENT, Procurement Section, Materiale Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—See PROCUREMENT SECTION.

- ELECTRICAL SECTION, Production Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See PRODUCTION DIVISION.
- ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES SECTION, Electrical Division, Engineering and Purchesing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Excineers, War Department.—See FLECTRICAL DIVISION.
- ELECTRICITI COMMITTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Nevy Department.— Creeted on November 4, 1915, and consisted of six members. Lawrence Addicks. Chairman.—See NIVAL CONSULTINE BOARD.
- ELECTRICITY DIVISION, Standards Bureau, Commerce Department,—In existence prior to the war. Functions: 10 conduct research in various phases of electricity on its own behalf and in cooperation with technical scotisties, public utilities organizations, and electrical engineers. During the war it tosted various electrical eppliances for the War and Newy Departments and studied and solved problems connected with radio and cebbs spharetus. Records: In the National Bureau of Standards.
- ELECTROCHEMICALS SUBCREMITTES, Chemicals Cooperative Committee, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Wetals Committee, Advisory Commandent, Council of National Poenes.—Toward in May 1917. In November it became the Electrochemicals Committee of the Chemicals Litance, The Chemicals and Committee of the Chemicals Litance, The Council of the Council and of the Mar Industries hard in Ma.
- ELECTRONES AND ASPLATUES SECTION, Chemicale Division, War Industries Board.—Fromed on June 26, 1019. Froir to that time much work in the same field had been done by the Technical Section of the Chemicals and Explosives Division and by the Rew Materiale Division. Discontinued on Descender 31, 1028. Punctioner To estimulate and allocate production, to reduce none-securital uses, and to develop mutable substitutes for electrodes and chranives. Records: Probably smoot those of the Rowrid in Ma.
- ELGURILITY SECTION, Vectional Rehabilitation Division, Pederal Board for Yocational Education,—Established late in 1919 following the Passage of an act of duly 11, 1919, which pleased upon the Board than winds responsibility for determining the alightimity of disselsed men for vocational training and for providing maintenance for these states of the provided provided disselsed to the provided disselsed to the provided disselsed to the provided disselsed to the provided district eligibility officers, check and standardies their work, and make decidation on appeals from applicant desiring training. After December 9, 1919, the work of the central office was decentralised gradually so that by May 1950 the district eligibility officer could immediately put into training, which was also become to the central officers of the point of the definition of the provided disselstably put into training, which is necessarily also the district and the point of the decision. Hence the point whose provided disselstably the into training, without reference to the central of the board in the Officer of Education.
- EMBERGATION LIAISON SECTION, Special Service Division, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Mar Department.—Existed by June 21, 1918.

 Punctions: To maintain close contact between the Office and the Embarkation Service of the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division.

 Records: Probebly samp those of the Office in NA.

EMBARKATION SERVICE, General Staff, War Department.—See EMBARKATION SERVICE, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division.

EMBARKATION SERVICE, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department .- Created on August 4, 1917, as the Embarkation Service of the General Staff, to take over functions pertaining to the ocean transportation of the Army previously handled by the Quartermaster General's Office. Upon the formation of the Storage and Traffic Division, the Embarkation Service was placed under it, and when the Storage and Traffic Division was merged into the new Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, the Embarkation Service become a part of the latter. It absorbed the Water Transport Branch, Transportation Division, Quartermaeter General's Office. on May 25, 1918. It operated through four Sections, as followe: Administration, Cargo, Ship, and Passenger. On March 11, 1919, by Supply Circular No. 21, it was merged with the Inland Traffic Service to form the Transportation Service Chief's Office. Functione: As indicated above. Records: In the Quartermaeter General'e Office, Servicee of Supply, War Department.

EMERGENCY CONSTRUCTION AND CONTRACTS COMMITTEE, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defence.—See EMERGENCY CONSTRUCTION SECTION, War Inductries Board.

EMERGENCY CONSTRUCTION SECTION, War Industrise Board.—Established on April 28, 1917, as the Committee on Emergency Construction and Contracts (also known as the Committee on Emergency Construction of Buildings and Engineering Works) of the General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense. In June 1918 it was transferred to the War Industries Board as the Emergency Construction Committee. It was later designated a Section. Discontinued about March 15, 1919. Functions: To make recommendations as to policy and form of contracts. Ite functions were gradually absorbed by the Construction Division of the War Department and by the Housing Corporation. Records: 1917-19 in NA. Correspondence, questionnaires, and other recorde concerning contractors for Government construction projects, (25 feet) are among the recorde of the War Industries Board. Other records of the Section are among those of the War Department Claims Board.

EMERGENCY CONSTRUCTION WAGE COMMISSION.—See CANTONMENT ADJUSTMENT COMMISSION, War Department.

EMERGENCY FARM LABOR SECTION, Public Service Reserve, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Probably created in 1918 and terminated with the Reserve after the war. Cooperated with the Farm Service Division of the Employment Service. Functions: To persuade Government employees in the District of Columbia to epend their vacations as farm laborers in nearby areas. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

EMERGENCY FLEET CORPORATION.—See SHIPPING BOARD EMERGENCY FLEET CORPORATION.

PMERGENCY ISSUES AND DEMESTIC EQUIPMENT BRANCH, Demestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on October 28, 1918. On February 14, 1919, it was consolidated with the sections of the Demestic Distribution Division that handled sales to foreign governmente, State militia, and Government departments to form the External Relations

- and Domestic Equipment Branch. Functions: To supervise energency leaves, the squipment of the Reserve Officers' Fraining Corps, and draft troops; to fill requisitions for supplies for the National Coard, kny corps and departments, and Har Department bursaus; to maintain confidential records and notices of troop necessaries of the handle sales of equipment and supplies. Records: Some are some those of the Outsternature General's Office in the
- EMERGENT LAGOR PRODUCTION BRANCH, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chait's Office, War Department.—Created in the Section Part of the Section Part of the Section Pages 1918 this Branch was transferred to the Seal Arms Division of Lagor Production of Lagor Production of Lagor Production in Company of the Section Pages 1918 the Production of Lagor Production of
- EMERGENCT REQUIREMENTS RRINCH, Requirements and Requisitions Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department,—See REQUIREMENTS AND REQUISITIONS DIVISION.
- BENDRONG SERICO, Furchase and Supply Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Eur Department—Stablished shout April 20, 1918, and discontinued on September 5. Functions: To supervise the preparation of rand to issue standard specifications for painting, bothing, orthing, and bailing; and to establish a surplus insective supply certice to provide for the utilization of disposation of obsolute inactive surplus supplies. Sacords: Whereshouts universe.
- EMERGENCY TRAFFIC AND STORAGE ASSISTANCE, Markets Burssu, Agriculture Department.—Apparently had only a paper existence se a separate Project during that fineal year 1919. It was designed to perform the part of the functions of the Transportation Section that was financed by emergency funds.
- EXPLOYERS! COMPENSATION CONSTSSION .- Creeted by an act of September 7. 1916, to be composed of three commissioners, the first two of Whom were eppointed by the President on March 17, 1917. The Commission's sutherity was extended by legislation of 1927, 1928, and 1941. Functione: To administer the provisions of the creating ect, which provided workmen's compensation benefits for Federal civil . employees injured while performing official duties, and of subsequent compensation legislation covering private employment within the jurisdiction of the Federal Government. During the war, with the incressed number of civilian Government suployees and the extra hazarde incident to wartime ectivity, privets physicians and hospitale were frequently designated to administer treetment if United States medical officers and hospitals were not evailable. Records: In the Employees' Compensation Commission offices in New York City and in the 12 district offices (about 14,000 feet). Include claims and in the 12 district offices second records, nature cases, files, correspondence, personnel records, eccounting papers, and the files of the Medical Director (an employee of the Public Health Service assigned to the Gammastan). Reference: Bayloyse' Compensation Cosmission, Annual Reports, 1317, 1325, Committee on Public Information, Cofficial U. S. Bulletin, parti 28, 103, p. 7; Quetavus A. Weber, The Employees' Compensation Commission, 14 (New York, 1922).

شنعنتين

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING METHODS BRANCH, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—
Created in Decembor 1917 as the Employment, Management, and Working Conditions Branch. Transferred with the Section to the Control.
Bureau on January 14, 1918, and to the Production Division on May 25. In August 1918 it was reorganized as the Employment and Training Methode Branch and certain of its functions were transferred to the Procurement of Labor Branch. Functions: To furnish information to ordnance contractore regarding the most successful methods and practices in the conduct of employment departments; to aid contractore in obtaining experienced employment managers; and to promote industrial training and to assist in the establishment of vestibule echools. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

EMPLOYMENT DIVISION, Supplies and Accounte Bureau, Navy Department.—
Originally existed as the Employment Section of the Fleet Division.
In response to the increase of the working force of the Bureau from 120 civilians to 1,645 civilians and Reserves, a separate Employment Division was created on October 1, 1918. With the "return to normalcy" the porsonnel and duties of this Division were reestablished in the Fleet Division. Functions: To have charge of personnel matters pertaining to the enlisted Reserve and classified employees. Records: Probably dispersed in the central files of the Bureau in NA.

EMPLOYMENT FOR DISCHARGED SERVICE MEN, ASSISTANT TO THE SECRETARY OF WAR IN CHARGE OF, War Department.—Appointed on March 3, 1919, by the Secretary of War. Functione: To represent the War Department in the special work of assisting discharged soldiere in finding employment and in being restored to civil life. The office did nothing in the way of registering men for positione or placing them, but it endeavored to bring about greater cooperation among agenciee existing for those purposee and te aid diecharged soldiers by advice and suggestione. Records: In the War Department.

Director's Office, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Originated in functions perfermed by the Industrial Service Section of the Ordnance Chief's Office. On September 15, 1918, the Committee was made a part of the Office of the Director of Arsenale. Functione: To aid in procuring the necossary skilled and unskilled male and femalo civilian employees for Government arsenals, and to serve as the point of centact between the labor-controlling agencies of the Government and the arsenal management and employees. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

EMPLOYMENT FOR SOLDIERS AND SAILORS, EMERGENCY COMMITTEE ON, Council of National Defense.—Created by the Council en March 15, 1919, with the concurrence of the Secretaries of War and Labor, and made up of representatives of various Government departments and nongevernmental organizations such as the American Federation of Labor. It was created to supplement and assist the United States Employment Service of the Laber Department because of the expected curtailment of the machinery of that agency for want of funde, but it was not called upon to function actively. Col. Arthur Weeds. Chairman. See also EMPLOYMENT SERVICE and RETURNING SOLDIERS AND SAILORS AND WAR WORKERS BUREAUS. Functions: To assist soldiers and sailors to obtain employment after their discharge from the armed forces. Records: In The Adjutant General's Office, War Department.

EMPLOMENT, MANAGEMENT, AND WORTING COMDITIONS BRANCH, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Coe EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING METHODS ERANCH.

SMINUMENT KANADELT EMACH, Industrial Relations Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Georgenium.—
The work of study proper and the state of the Composition—
The work of study the proper and the state of the Composition—
The work of study the proper and the state of the Construction of the State of the Construction of the Construction

EFFLORMENT NAMAGEMENT COURSE, JOHN GOVERNMENTAL COMMITTEE ON, WAR
INDUSTRIES BOARD. See EMPLOYMENT PANAGEMENT COURSE SECTION.

DIFLOMENT PANAGEMENT COURSE SECTION. Wer Industries Board .- The idea of starting courses for the intensive training of employment managors as a war measure was conceived by the Chairman of the Storage Committee of the War Industries Board and was supported by War Department. Shinning Board, and Labor Department officials. With the cooperation of these scencies, under the supervision of Cant. Boyd Fisher, who wen detailed from the Office of the Chief of Ordnance. the work was undertaken by the Joint Governmental Committee on Employment Management Course of the War Industries Board. This unit Wes also known by the names of Employment Management Section and Employment Vanagement Course Section. The first course was begun on May 26, 1918. The work of the Section was turned over to the Federal Board for Vocational Education on January 1, 1919. Functions: To train employment managers with a view to increasing the output of munitions by reducing the turnover and creating a better feeling among employees. Records: Transferred to the Federal Board for Vocational Education, and probably among those of the Board in the Office of Education, Federal Security Assncy.

EMPLIANT MANAGEMENT SETION, received Education Division, Pederal Board for Vocational Education.—Created in January 190 when their was transferred to the Board by Executive order the work of the Employment Management Cource Section of the Wer Industries Board. The Frendent authorized the use of \$25,000 from the appropriation for national security and defense to carry on this work until July 1, 1909. Functions: Asong its activities, it organized and conducted the emergency, full-time, 5-week courses in employment management which had been already assumed by the Employment Management Course Section; foctard part-time courses in employment management, specialting fortune for the Management of the Section of Education, Faderal Security Agency.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGEMENT UNIT, Women in Industry Branch, Industrial Ssrvice Section, Production Division, Ordnancs Chief's Office, War Department.—See WOMEN IN INDUSTRY BRANCH.

EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, Labor Department .- Originated in 1907 as the Division of Information of the Bureau of Immigration, and became known by 1915 as the United States Employment Service. It was separated from the Bureau of Immigration on January 3, 1918, and established as an automonous unit under a Director General, John B. Denemors, responeible to the Secretary of Labor. The country was divided into 13 districts, in which there were a number of employment offices, and a Federal Director was appointed for each State. Service was drastically reduced after the armistice, and on October 10, 1919, all field officee were either turned over to States and municipalities or abandoned. Under the Wagner-Psyser Act of June 1933, the Service became the administrative agency for a grant-inaid program for State services. It was transferred to the Federal Security Agency on July 1, 1939, where it still exists in the Bursau of Employment Security of the Social Security Board. Functions: Originally, to direct immigrante, and later, nonimmigrants, to likely employment; during the war, to eervs as the exclusive rscruiting agency of unekilled labor for all industries except farms, railroads, and nonescential industries that could also rscruit for themselves; and after the armistice, to obtain employment for discharged soldiere, sailors, and civilian war workers. Recorde: The whereabouts of those for the war period is unknown. It has been rewhersabouts of those for the war period is unknown. ported that some are in private hands. Referencee: Darrell H. Smith, The United States Employment Service (Baltimore, 1923); Grosvenor B. Clarkson, Industrial America in the World War; ch. 15 (Boston, 1923); Gordon S. Watkins, Labor Problems and Labor Administration in the United States During the World War ([Urbana, 1920]).

ENFLOYMENT SERVICE, COMMITTEE ON FRAMING A POLICY RELATIVE TO STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS FOR THE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Organized and probably terminated in August 1918. Functions: To suggest a plan for keeping industries going and for maintaining production without requiring the Employment Service to act as a strike-breaking agency. Recorde: Interfiled with those of the Board in NA. Include minutee of the meeting of the Committee.

ENEMY DIVISION, TRADING WITH THE, War Rick Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department.—See TRADING WITH THE ENEMY DIVISION.

EMERY PATENT DIVISION, Federal Trade Commission.—See EMERY TRADE DIVISION.

EMELY PROPAGANDA SECTION, FOREIGN INFLUENCE [AND], Negative Branch, Wilitary Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.— See FOREIGN INFLUENCE, ENERY PROPAGANDA SECTION.

EMERY TRADE BUREAU, War Trade Board.—Established on October 15, 1917, to carry out certain provisions of the Trading With the Enemy Act, and on December 5, 1917, given a permanent director. Merged with the War Trade Intelligence Bureau in May 1919. Functions: To issue licenses to trade or carry on other business transactions with or on the behalf of an enemy or an ally of an enemy, or for the benefit of an enemy or an ally of an enemy, in cases where such transactions would be to the public interest. Also to administer the business of enemy concerne in the United

States. The Bureau compiled and published as "Enery Trading Lays" of first throughout the world with which trads by Leardean citizene should be prohibited, which included not only enery firms but check there is the prohibited, which included not only enery firms but check the provided of the prohibited, which is not only enery firm but certain times that Bepartment, Include applications for and copies of licenses, correspondence, memorands, and copies of regulations and resolutions.

NIMI TRAE HIVISION, Federal Trade Commission.—Created to make effective some of the previsions of the Irradian Bith the Energy Act of colober 6, 1917, and of an Executive order of October 12. Terminated on June 30, 1922. May have also been referred to as the Energy Patent Division. Functiones (1) To license United States citizens and corporations to file in an energy country applications for patents or the registration of trade-marke, prints, labele, or copyrights; (2) to license United States citizens and corporations to use any energy-owned process, trade-mark, prints, labele, or copyright; and (3) to withhild until the end of the war grants of patents on inventions with the state of the war on inventions war. The first function was about the by an Executive order issued April 11, 1918, The second and third functions cased with the official termination of the war on July 2, 1921. Records: In the Federal Trade Commission.

RMEMI VESSVIS, ROARD TO APPRAISE, Navy Department .-- Probably setablished in 1917, pursuant to a joint resolution of Congress of May 12, 1917. which authorized the President to take over enemy vessels. By this resolution the Secretary of the Navy was suthorized and directed to appoint, subject to the approval of the President, "a board of sur-Toy, whose duty it shall be to ascertain the actual value of the vessel, its soutment, appartenances, and all property sontained therein, at the time of its taking, and to make a written report of their findings to the Secretary of the Navy, who shall preserve such report with the records of his department," The Board to Appraise Enemy Vessels, se the "board of survey" was called, is known to have smisted as late as June 1918, when it submitted a report to the Secretary of the Navy on the appraised value of a considerable liet of snemy vessele. The Vaterland (later the Leyiethan) was, for example, appraised at over \$7,000,000 in the report of June 12, 1918. Functions: As indicated shove. Records: In the Bureau of Accounts. Treasury Department.

BIFUNCTURY HVISION, Food Administration,—Created so the Inspection and Control Invision in Newsber 1917 and became the Enforcement Division in Newsber 1917 and became the Enforcement Division in December. Included Canners', Gereal Enforcement, Complaint, Field Supervision, and Price Supervision Sections, Terminated in Jumes 1920. Edited W. Boyden, Chief. Functions: To investigate violations of Food Administration rules and regulatione and to conduct hearings and impose penalties, such as license revocations, contributions to war relief agencies, and supersions of violators' businesses. Records: 1917-20 (300 Test) in NA. Include correspondence, minutes of hearings, replies to questionnairs on market conditions and prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions and prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions and prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions and prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions and prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions and prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions and prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions and prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions and prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions and prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions of prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions of prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions of prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions of prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions of prices of certain commonities, reports on market conditions of prices of certain commonities, and a committed prices of certain commonities, and committed prices

- ENFORCEMENT DIVISION, Wheat Director's Office.—Probably organized in July 1919; terminated in August 1920. Functions: In cooperation with the Grain Corporation, to enforce the Wheat Director's regulations under which licensed firms were required to operate. Records: 1919-20 (2 feet) in NA. Correspondence, a journal of proceedings, and card records showing investigations of alleged violations of regulations.
 - MIFORCEMENT OF STATE LABOR LAWS COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Appointed by the Chairman of the War Labor Policies Board on July 19, 1918, and probably discontinued in August. Functions: To determine the interpretation of the contracts clause adopted by the Board on July 12, 1918, respecting the right of State departments of labor to make inspections in plants doing Government work. This clause stipulated that all work required in carrying out Government contracts was to be performed in full compliance with the laws of the jurisdiction in which such labor was performed. Records: Interfiled with those of the Board in NA. Include minutes of meetings and reports of the Committee.
 - ENGINEER COMMITTEE, Shipping Board.—Appointed September 14, 1917, and probably terminated in January 1919. Functions: To advise the Shipping Board and its Special Agent at Cleveland, Ohio, on questions relating to taking vessels from the Great Lakes to the sea and particularly on the reconstruction, cutting, and reassembling of Great Lakes steamers. Records: Whereabouts unknown. Information on the activities of the Committee is contained in the files of the Special Agent of the Shipping Board at Cleveland, Ohio, in NA.
 - ENGINEER DEPOT, GENERAL, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See GENERAL ENGINEER DEPOT.
 - ENGINEER NOTOR TRANSPORTATION SERVICE, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established as a temporary section some time prior to the end of 1917. Functions: To study problems of motor transportation, and to train personnel for motor transport work. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - DIGHIEER SECTION, War Department Claims Board, War Department.—See WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS BOARD.
 - DIGINEER SUBDIVISION, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on October 28, 1918, and reorganized on November 9, when the Domestic Supply Branch of the Accounting Division, Depot Department, General Engineer Depot, was transferred to the Domestic Distribution Division. Functioned through an Engineer Unit, an Equipment Section, a Fire Control Equipment Section, and an Engineer Supply Branch. In existence when the Division was abolished on May 19, 1919. Functions: To supervise the distribution of engineer equipment to the Army.

 Pecords: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - DIGINEER SUBDIVISION, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on November 1 but not organized until November 25, 1918. In existence on February 1, 1919. Americans: To supervise the filling of requisitions for engineer supplies for overseas shipment and the movement of

- those supplies from the interior to ports of embarkation. Records: Some are among those of the Quarternsster General's Office in NA.
- NUMBERS SUPPLIES SECTION, Commodity Human, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Garage Service, Purchase Storage, and Trailic Division, General Staff, Nav Bepartsent.—Stabilished on May 19, 1919, and functioned through the following Subsections; Ducestic Extribution, Export Distribution, Replantshment, Stock Secord, and Surplus Property. Became the Engineer Supplies Franch on November 6. Verged into the Segular Supplies Division on May 19, 1930. Functions: To have charge of the storage and distribution to the Away of unit and special engineer squipment and of the shipsent of engineer equipment and of the shipsent of engineer equipment. Secondary Some are along those of the Carterinaster Comments.
- EKONMERHING AND CHRISHCTION MATERIALS BRANCH, Machinery and Engineering Materiale Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See Mackineit and ENGINEERING MATE-RIALS DIVISION.
- BUGINERMO AND EDUCATION CONSTITUE, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Apprinted October 11, 1916. Functioned at first through five Sections or Subcommittees (Construction Engineering, Foundary and Hormal Schools, and Universities and Colleges) and later through a University Section, with two Constitues (Relation of Arts Colleges to the Covernment, and Relation of Engineering Schools to the Covernment, and Relation of Engineering Schools to the Covernment, seemed the way to though Section. After Referring The Contitues and Special Training of the War Department, where they were carried out in the Students Away Training Corps. The Countities are dissolved in September 1918. Mollie Coffrey, Chairman. Punctions: To develop short astands for use in the engineering fields of industry, to give short courses in war industrial activities, and to sof as 11-winds.
- EMICHMENING AND EMULATION DIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department,—Probably succeeded at a facebra: and Professional Division, Designated the Division of magnetistic and Education on July 1, 1918. Probably terminated in 1919, <u>Burntlews</u>: To enroll and find camplement for persons with professional qualifications. <u>Records</u>: Whereabouts unknown.
- EMISSING AND MANDEASE EMARPHENT, Operation Division, Bailroad Administration,—Created on September 1, 1918; probably abolished with the Livision on March 1, 1950. Partitions: To compile information on the physical contists on fronds under Federal control; to huntle entirer relating to the standardization of practices in the maintenance of the standardization of practices in the maintenance of the standardization of practices and provided the standardization of practices and provided the standardization of practices. The standardization of practices are provided to the standardization of practices are provided to the standardization of practices are provided to the standardization of processing the standardization of the stand
- ENGINEERING AND FURCHASING DEPARTMENT, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Mar Department. —Existed by June 21, 1918, Operated through the following Divisions: Architectural and Structural; Cancellations; Civil and Machanical; Electrical; Production;

- ---

Requirements; Requisitions and Order; Research and Design; and Supplies. Also included a Board of Review. In accordance with Supply Circular No. 99, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, of October 22, 1918, its functions were transferred to the Machinery and Engineering Materials Division, Office of the Director of Purchase. Functions: To be responsible for matters pertaining to requirements, procurement, production, and transportation into storage at depots of all engineer materials. Records: Probably among those of the Office of the Chief of Engineers in NA.

ENGINEERING AND HESEARCH DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Established on July 17, 1918. Included the following Sections during the war period: Cable Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Patent, Radio Development, and Specifications. Functions: To test, develop, and submit to the Chief Signal Officer specifications of all types of equipment, and to maintain specifications and technical data on all such equipment; to maintain tables of organization and equipment; to review all inventions; to supply scientific information; and to prepare plans for defense projects and all new activities of the Signal Corps. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

ENGINEERING AND STANDARDIZATION BRANCH, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department .- Established by Supply Circular No. 8 of January 24, 1919, to continue the work previously performed by the Standardization Section of the Purchase Branch of the Division. On January 24, 1919, the Industrial Research Bureau was transferred to it. Operated through several Sections, including: Catalogues and Publications, Exhibit, Inspection, Production, Research, and Standardization. On June 7, 1919, it was designated the Standardization Branch, and on October 15, 1919, it was combined with the Purchase Branch to form the new Purchase and Standardization Branch. Functions: To supervise research in the standardization, classification, and cataloging of materials of supply; to publish purchase catalogs; to maintain supervision over production and inspection methods in Department supply activities; to supervise the study of basic and strategic raw materials and substitutes; and to supervise the maintenance of an exhibit of Department materiel for procurement and educational purposes. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

ENGINEERING BRANCH, Cantonment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See ENGINEERING BRANCH, Construction Division, War Department.

ENGINEERING BRANCH, Construction Division, War Department.—Created on Way 24, 1917, in the Cantonment Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Became a Branch of the Construction Division upon its establishment on Warch 13, 1918. Operated through the following Sections: Architectural Work; Camp-Planning; Civil Engineer and Track-Work; Electric Equipment; Estimates; Expediting; Fire Protection; Heating and Flumbing; Illumination; Mechanical Engineering; Refrigeration; Roads and Sanitation; Schedules; Special Studies; and Water Supply. Functions: To prepare plans and specifications for cantonment and other emergency construction, including plans and specifications for buildings, water and sewer systems, roads, walks, wharves, drainage, heating, lighting, power, plumbing, railroads, docks, and other elements entering into this construction; to prepare estimates of cost for construction work; and to prepare bills of material entering into construction work. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, war Department.

- NUNERING BRACH, Production Buresu, Housing Section, Pacsanger Transportation and Housing Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Soard Energency Fleet Corporation.—Setablished both May 7, 1918; abolished on July 1, 1920. <u>Purctions</u> To supervise strest improvement and the setamsion of public utilities to the Corporation's housing projects. On one of the projects the Branch handled case of the more technical espects of the construction work. <u>Percodicts 1918-19</u> (£2 feet) in NA, Include financial records, specifications and correspondence, notes, emportant, and reports.
- ENGINEERING BRANCH, Scall Arms Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Wer Department, -- See MACHINE GIN AND SMALL ARMS SECTION, Engineering Division.
- NUNEERING BURRAU, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—Established on February 19, 1918, and terminated in Documber. Einstitumer Among its scutivities, it produced settinates of costs; gathered data relating to empireering, costs, and yieldes performed drafting work for the Bursey, it is a set of the price of the pric
- ENGINEERING BUREAU, Ordnance Chief's Office, Wer Department, -- See ENGINEERING DIVISION.
- ENGINEERING BUREAU, STEAM, Navy Department.—See STEAM ENGINEERING BUREAU.
- ENGINEERING COMMITTE, Netional Research Council, Appointed in 1917 with Geno Dung se Chairman and W. F. Durand as Vice Chairman in charge of the Weshington office. Superseded by the Digitalering Division, of the Weshington office. Superseded by the Digitalering Division, which was organized in March 1918. Punctions: Concentrated upon the which was organized in March 1918. Punctions: Concentrate body selution of or war problems such as the devience of protective body smort, the improvement of airplanes and airplane engines, and the development of devices for the protection of ships from submarines. Records: In the National Research Council.
- PRGINEERING COMMITTEE, CHEMICAL, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Divieton, National Research Council. -- See CHEMICAL ENGINEERING COMMITTEE.
- ENGINEERING DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.— See PROCUREMENT DIVISION.
- ENGINEERING INVISION, Housing Corporation.—Organized on April 1, 1928, in the Industrial Neuring and Transportation Bureau, Labor Department On April 1, 1920, continued with the entruction Existence of Pagineering-Construction with the Engineering-Construction and the Engineering Construction and Engineering Construction and Engineering Construction and Construction

- ENGINEERING DIVISION, Motor Transport Corps Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on August 30, 1918. Included the Engineering, Experimental and Test, Office Administration, and Technical Service Branches; the Specification and Design Drafting Room; and a Planning, Information, and Advisory Staff. Functions: Responsible for the design of all motor vehicles and equipment under the control of the Motor Transport Corps and for the engineering work connected therewith. Cooperated with the Inventions Section of the War Plans Division of the General Staff in the investigation and development of new ideas and inventions pertaining to motor transport. Records: In the War Department.
- ENGINEERING DIVISION, National Research Council.—Organized in March 1918, and its Chairman, Henry M. Howe, was appointed in April. Succeeded the Engineering Committee appointed in 1917 under the chairmanship of Cano Dunn. Operated mainly through four Sections: Mechanical Engineering, Metallurgical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, and Prime Movers. Functions: As indicated by the names of its sections. Records: In the National Research Council.
- ENGINEERING DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- Organized as the Engineering Bureau, on January 14, 1918, by Office Order No. 104, at which time it took over some of the functions and personnel of the Carriage, Cun, and Small Arms Divisions. On May 25, 1918, the Bureau became a Division. Functioned through the following Sections: Administration, Aircraft Armament, Artillery Ammunition, Cannon, Design, Equipment, Explosives, Gauge, General Control, Machine Cum and Small Arms, Mobile Carriage, Mobile Cum Carriage, Motor Equipment, Planning, Railway and Seacoast Carriage, and Trench Warfare. Functions: To handle matters relating to experiments, inventions, and patents; to prepare handbooks and instruction pamphlets giving descriptions and instructions for the use of articles of ordnance; to conduct experiments and research work for the determination, adoption, improvement, and organization of new articles of ordnance; to supervise proving grounds, including the Aberdeen, the Sandy Hook, and the Savannah Proving Grounds; to be responsible for the inspection, maintenance, alteration, and repair of mobile seacoast and railway artillery material in the hands of troops in the United States insofar as it pertained to the Ordnance Department; to investigate causes of defects in ordnance materials and prescribe the necessary corrective measures; and to assign and keep records of all serial numbers for ordnance material. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- ENGINEERING DIVISION, AIRPLANE, Aircraft Production Bureau, War Department.—See AIRPLANE ENGINEERING DIVISION.
- EIGNIEERING DIVISION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF DEPOTS, Depot Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—In existence by June 21, 1918. Operated through three Sections: Design, Construction, and Equipment. In accordance with Supply Circular No. 99, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, of October 22, 1918, its functions were transferred to the Nachinery and Engineering Materials Division, Office of the Director of Purchase.

 Functions: To plan and construct depots. Records: Probably among those of the Office of the Chief of Engineers in NA.
- ENGINEERING MATERIALS BRANCH, MACHINERY AND, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS BRANCH.

- ENGINEERING MATERIALS DIVISION, MACHINERY AND, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See EACHDEEN AND PIGINFERING LATERTALS DIVISION.
- ENGINEERING RESEARCH INVISION, Standards Eureau, Cornerce Department.
 Probably organized in 1912. Succeeded by the Engineering Physics Division in 1920. Emetions: To conduct research on various scientific problems connected with the creation and use of standards. During the war it investigated and tested instruments for the air servone war it investigated and tested inetruments for the Mar and Navy Departments and cooperated with the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, the Aircraft Production Bureau, and eirplane manufacturers. Records: In the National Bureau of Standards.
- ENGINEERING SCHOOLS, NAVIGATION AND, Recruiting Service, Shipping Board. See NAVIGATION AND PROTRETERING SCHOOLS.
- ENGINEERING SCHOOLS RELATION TO THE COVERNMENT SUBCOMMITTEE, University Section, Engineering and Education Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense. — See ENGINEERING AND EDUCATION CONSISTEE,
- RIGHERRIO SECTION, Agremantics Division, Steam Engineering Eurest, Many Department.—Established on June 1, 1917; functions transferred to the Eureau of Aeromautics in 1921. Eunctions: To design or approve the design of the power-plant installations and power-plant accesses the design of the power-plant installations and power-plant accesses. rice on aircraft, for balloon gas squipment, and for experimental and developmental work. Records: With those of the Aeronautice Bureau in NA.
- ENGINEERING SECTICI, Mitrate Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Mar Department, Tetablished during the latter part of 1917. Included Dratting and Sefety Franches. Ordnances: To handle ell natives relating to the engineering problems of the Division and matter. relating to safety and accident prevention work within the plants of the Division. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA. ENGINEERING SECTION, Steel Ship Construction Division, Construction
 - Organization, Shipping Board Energency Fleet Corporation. -- See TECH-HICAL SECTION, Ship Construction Division.
 - ENGINEERING SECTION, ELECTRICAL, Engineering and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department,—See ELECTRICAL ENGI-ENGLIBERGING SECTION, ELECTRICAL, Engineering Division, National Research
 - Council .- See ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SECTION. ENGINEERING SECTION, PLANTING AND, Small Arms Division, Ordnance Chief's
 - Office, Mar Department. -- See FLANTING AND FIGUREERING SECTION.
 - ENGINEERING SECTION, SANITARY, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See SANITARY ENGINEERING SECTION, ENGINEERS, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF, Mar Department, -Established in 1818
 - OTHERS, OFFICE of the Corps of Engineers of the Arry. to supervise the several rate organizations included the following: Civil Division, Civil Works Branch, Finance Division, Fortification Civil Division, Livil moras mannen, rimance Division, Fortification Division, General Engineer Depot, Military Branch, Military Construc-tion Division, Military Railways Director General's Office, Public 533477 O - 43 - 12

Buildings and Grounds Office, and Troop Division. Its civil engineering functions include jurisdiction over river and harbor improvements; until 1925 they also included jurisdiction over public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia. Functions: To be responsible for the engineering work of the War Department, exclusive of those duties entrusted to separate organizations (such as the Construction Division); to procure and supervise the operations of engineering personnel and to procure engineering materials; and to advise the Chief of Staff and the Secretary of War on engineering matters. Records: 1866-1931 (4,332 feet) in NA. Those for the central office (1894-1923) include general correspondence and related record cards, procurement and production files, and a "military" decimal file. References: Office of the Chief of Engineers, Annual Reports, 1917-21; W. Stull Holt, The Office of the Chief of Engineers of the Army (Baltimore, 1923).

ENGINEERS BOARD, War Department.—A permanent board of officers designated by the Chief of Engineers with the sanction of the Secretary of War. Functions: To act in an advisory capacity to the Chief of Engineers upon important questions of engineering, particularly in connection with the preparation of designs for the various structures and devices required in the military engineering service. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, Services of Supply, War Department.

ENGINEERS BOARD, SURVEY AND CONSULTING, Shipping Board. -- See SURVEY AND CONSULTING ENGINEERS BOARD.

ENGINEERS ERANCH, Domestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Furchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See DOMESTIC OPERATIONS DIVISION.

DIGNEERS COMMITTEE, Fuel Administration.—Organized early in January 1918. Submitted its final report to the United States Fuel Administrator on July 1, 1919. Cyrus Garnsey, Jr., Chairman. Functions: To study and report upon methods of price fixing and to prepare and submit cost data to the Fuel Administrator so as to assist him in fixing cost prices for the entire country. Among other activities of prices and made many special investigations for revisions with those of the Fuel Administration in NA. References: Fuel Administration, Report of Engineers Committee, 1918-1919 (Washington, 1942).

ENGINEERS CORPS. -- See ENGINEERS, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF, War Department.

PIGINEERS DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Eoard Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Organized in the Division in December 1918, becoming a Department in May 1919. On February 1, 1920, it was merged of the Operating Department, Operations Division. Punctions: To supervise all engineer officers and to check the work of the engineer NA. Correspondence and reports concerning engineer officers and supplies on vessels.

- NUDEERS FOR RIVERS AND HARBORS BOARD, Office of the Chief of Engineers,
 Wer Department.—Established under authority of an act of June 13,
 1902, Pancianes To report your excludations and survey provided
 for by Congress and upon projects and changes in projects relating
 to triers and harbors. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Ingineers, Services of Supply, New Department. Correspondence relating
 to its cooperation with the Shipping Board in matters pertaining to
 port and harbor Reclittes after December 1, 1919, is among the records of the Shipping Board in Makes.
- RIGNERS: SUBMIVISION, Fort Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nar Department.—Dy Purchase and Storage Notice No. 9, October 25, 1918, there was established an Englanger Branch in this Division. In a representation of November 2, 1918, this Branch became the Engineers' Subdivision. In Account of November 2, 1918, this Branch became the Engineers' Subdivision. In Stationary Forces and reports of the Computation of records and reports Director to have charge of the compilation of records and reports of embarkation for the American Expeditionary Forces, and to regulate the novement of such supplied in accordance with established priorities, Records: Some are among those of the Quarternaster Omeral's Office in NA.
- ENGINES EXPARMENT, Production Division, Aircraft Production Eureau. Was Department. See PRODUCTION INVISION.
- ENGRATING AND PRINTING EUREAU, Treasury Department, Created in 1862, Panchioms: To supply all the major, and nost of minor, avidances of a financial claracter now issued by the bitted States or under the supply authority. During the war the production of such advances was greatly suthority. During the war the production of such advances of Records: In the freesury Department. References: Laurence F. Schmeckelier, The Eureau of Formating and Frinking, 3-15 (Beltimore, 1939).
- EMILISTED DIVISION, Adjutant Ceneral's Office, War Department.—Established in 1998 as the Emilished Men's Division of the Beolid and Emilished Men's Division of the 1917, its nase was changed to Emilished and other Punctions: To administer the records, correspondent and other Divisions: To administer the records, organization of the Menilished personnel mediated personnel mediate personnel mediate to recurring the conduct of correspondence and other conduct of correspondence read the preparation of orders and other conduct of correspondence relating to the sasignament transportation of orders and discharge of enlisted men. Records: In The Adjutant Ceneral's Office.
 - EXLISTED MEN SECTION, ORGANIZATION AND, Personnel Division, Military Branch, Engineer Chief's Office, War Department. —See ORMANIZATION AND EXISTED MEN SECTION.
- BILISTED PERSONNEL DIVISION, Nilitary Branch, Office of the Unief of Engineers, War Department—originated as the Enlisted Personnel Saction, Equipment and Operations Division, about July 2, 1918. By an office order of September 6, the Section becames 2 Evision of the office order of September 5 section becames 2 Evision of the Hill tary Branch. It became a Section of the Troop Division upon the stabilishment of the Juster same time prior to February 22, 1919. Establishment of the Juster same time prior to February 22, 1919. Section 1919. The Company of the Office in NA.
- ENLISTED FERSONREL DIVISION, Navigation Bureau, Navy Department.--See NAVIGATION BUREAU.

- ENLISTED FERSONIEL SECTION, Administration Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created previous to 1918 as the Personnel Division, which operated directly under the Chief of Ordnance. Transferred on January 14, 1918, to the General Administration Bureau as its Enlisted Personnel Section. On May 25, 1918, it was attached to the Administration Division. Included the following Branches: Assignments, Transfers, Travel Orders, and Promotions; Examining; General Administration; Recruiting; and Regular Army. Functions: To control the recruiting, examining, assigning, and training of all enlisted personnel under the jurisdiction of the Chief of Ordnance, and to keep records of enlisted personnel, including qualification records and a vocational census. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- ENLISTED PERSONNEL SECTION, Personnel Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—A permanent unit of the Division. Functions: To handle all matters relating to enlisted personnel of the Medical Department, including administrative control of their appointment, promotion, and assignment to stations. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- ENLISTED PERSONNEL SECTION, Troop Division, War Department.—See ENLISTED PERSONNEL DIVISION, Military Branch.
- ENTERTAINMENT COUNCIL, MILITARY, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department.—See MILITARY ENTERTAINMENT COUNCIL.
- ENTOMOLOGY BUREAU, Agriculture Department .-- An agency dating from the appointment of an entomologist in 1863. In 1878 a Division of Entomology was established, which received bureau status on July 1, 1904. On July 1, 1934, the Bureau was merged with the Eureau of Plant Quarantine to form the Eureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine. Functions: During the war, the Bureau's regular functions of studying and investigating the history, habits, and economic effects and methods of prevention and destruction of injurious insects and the more efficient use of beneficial ones were continued but directed toward the war effort. It sought to stimulate food production by an insectreporting service, insect-eradication projects, and a Nation-wide campaign to increase honey production and by aiding in the conservation and distribution of the limited supplies of arsenic available for insecticides. It cooperated with the military forces in inspecting food supplies and furnished information relative to insect damage to lumber and stored wooden implements. It cooperated with the Surgeon General's Office of the War Department in testing insect remedies, in investigating problems connected with the body louse, and in perfecting laundry processes to control vermin. In cooperation with the Chemical Warfare Section, it experimented with proposed methods for the utilization of gases used in warfare as furnigants. Records: 1878-1924 (371 feet) in NA. Those for the war period include central correspondence files. Letters relating to war activities are not filed separately, but those filed under the headings "dar" and "Navy" are particularly pertinent. Significant findings of the insect-reporting service were reproduced in a monthly bulletin entitled "Emergency Entomological Service," and a record of Burcau activities was included in a "Monthly Letter," copies of which are in NA. References: Gustavus A. Weber, The Eureau of Entomology, 50-52 (Washington, 1930).

ENTOMOLOGY DEPARTMENT, Army Medical Museum, Museum and Library Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See ARMY MEDICAL MUSEUM.

EFIDENIOLOGY SECTION, Infectious Diseases and Laboratories Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. -- See INFECTIOUS DISEASES SECTION:

EQUINION AND CONSTRUCTION INVISION, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Wer Department.—Established about April 6, 1971, and operated through the following Sections: Fortifactions and Cablegrams, Genoral Equipment, and Military Mapping. By an office circular of Auly 8, 1918, it was divided into two new Divisions: Equipment and Operations and Fortification and Mapping, while some duties were assigned to the Military Construction Division. Functions: To supervise the procurement of enlisted men and the training of engineer troops, engineer military operations in connection with seacost fortifications and military mapping, the proparation of tables of organization, and the producement of military onginous equipment and supplies. Perorist Probably among those of the Office in Ma.

EQUINENT AND OFERATION INVESTOR, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Mar Department—fortated by an office circular of July 8, 1918, to sewer most of the dutter formerly sassigned to the Engineers and descriptions of the Chief of the State of the Chief of the Chie

RUIFERT BRNICH, Notor Equipment Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established about January 15, 1915; abolished about Setweber 5, 1915, when Supply Circular No. 87 trunsferred the functions to the Quartermaster Corps. Functions To handle the purchase of automotive equipment for the Ordanic Department, Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

EQUIPMENT BRANCH, Operations Division, General Staff, War Department,— Established in February 1918. Functions: To approve designs and types of equipment and to perform related research; to supervises the distribution of all equipment and to determine priorities in such distribution; and to deal with questions of came sites and construction. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

EQUIPMENT DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.— See PROCUMENTED DIVISION.

EQUINDET HUTSICH, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department,—Creeted on April 15, 1917, to take over some of the functions formerly performed by the Scall Arms and Equipment Division. Operated through formed by the Scall Arms and Equipment Division. Operated through former Scattons Aluminum and Hess Equipment, Centrol, Sirchick, Cantrol, Marchine, Inspection, Leather, Leather Equipment, Record, Textile, Explanate, Anderson, Leather, Leather Equipment, Record, Textile, Explanated, Armstille, Damary Li, 1918, most of the Textile Fouriers of the Division were transferred to the Equipment Scatton of the Procurement Division. Pincidens: To be responsible for the procurement of all personal and horse equipment. Records: Probably with those of the Office in RA.

- EQUIPMENT MECHANICAL ENGINEERING SECTION, Laundries Branch, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See LAUNDRIES BRANCH.
- EQUIPMENT SECTION, Engineer Subdivision, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See ENGINEER SUBDIVISION.
- EQUIPMENT SECTION, Engineering Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on January 19, 1918. Functions: To handle questions of a technical nature in connection with personal and horse equipment, including helmets, mess equipment, harnesses, pack outfits, blacksmiths' and saddlers' tools, and cleaning and preserving materials. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- EQUIPMENT SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Organized in January 1918, when it assumed most of the duties of the Equipment Division. Functioned through the following Branches: General Administration, Textile, Leather, Mess Equipment and Metal Equipment, Preserving and Cleaning Fluids, Leather Equipment, Textile Equipment, Packing Box, Record, and Office Organization.

 Functions: To handle all negotiations involved in the purchase of personal equipment for infantry and personal and horse equipment for cavalry and field artillery, including all finished equipment in which leather or textiles were the principal materials used. Records:

 Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - EQUIPMENT SECTION, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Organized early in 1918. Operated through the following Branches: Administration, Manufacturing, Material, and Statistical. Abolished on October 23, 1918. <u>Functions</u>: To supervise and regulate the production of personal and horse equipment. <u>Records</u>: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - EQUIPMENT SECTION, Troop Division, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See EQUIPMENT AND OPERATIONS DIVISION, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers.
 - ESTIMATES AND APPORTIONMENTS DIVISION, Finance Service, War Department.—Established on November 13, 1918. Functioned through the Executive, Estimates, and Apportionments Branches. Functions: To keep records pertaining to all financial estimates and apportionments of appropriations; to correct and revise the estimates furnished to the Director of Finance by the other bureaus of the War Department; and to apportion appropriations, allot them to the various distributing and disbursing officers, and furnish information concerning the allotments to the Funding Division. Records: In the War Department.
 - ESTIMATES AND REQUIREMENTS DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on Way 25, 1918, by Office Order No. 202, taking over various functions from the Control Bureau, which was abolished by the same order. It operated through several Sections, including the following: Appropriation, Complaint and External Relations, Executive, General Administration, Planning, Progress, Project, and Requirements. Abolished on December 10, 1918, by Office Order No. 453. Some of its personnel were transferred to the reorganized operating divisions of the Office and some to other Government agencies, and those not so transferred formed the nucleus of the

Statistical Section of the Administration Division. <u>Functions</u>:
Among other duties, to prepare estimates and schedules of requirements of the property of the state of the order of the protection of the progress of the Ordenace Department in procuring, producing, impecting, and supplying ordenace material, to couplie statistic based on these reports; and to follow up and report progress on projects. <u>Records</u>: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

ESTIMATES SECTION, Engineering Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Originally in the Engineering Branch, Cantenment Division, Canterment Division, Canterment Division of March 1918. Sunctions: 8 part of the Construction Division on March 13, 1918. Functions: To prepare estimates of costs and hills of materials for the construction work of the Division. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers. War Dearwise of the Chief of Engineers. War Dearwise of the Chief of Engineers. War Dearwise of the Chief of Section 1918.

ETHI ALCOND, SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.— Formed on Way 1, 1918, taking over functione pertaining to styll alcohal from the Sulphur, Alcohal, and Fyrites Section, Discontinued on December 31, 1918. Functions: To regulate the production, distribution, and use of styll alcohal, and to promote the use of sicohal hamufactured from polasses. Records Among those of the Board in Ma.

EUROPE, AGRICULTURAL COMMISSION TO, Agriculture Department. -- Sea AGRI-CULTURAL COMMISSION TO EUROPE.

EUROPEAN CHILDREN'S FUND, -- See AMERICAN RELIEF ADMINISTRATION EUROPEAN CHILDREN'S FUND.

EUROPEAN COAL COMMISSION, --Ses COAL MISSION, American Relief Administration,

SUMPERS DEPLEMENTS, Grain Corporation.—Established July 1, 1919, when it took over the functions of the Miscellaneous Commodities Department and the Balgian Department. Terminated in June 1920, Empirical To coordinate and handle transactions in momercal composities purchased and shipped for various Acarious related organizations operating in Europe. <u>Records</u> 1986-20 (20 feet, including those transferred by the two producessors agencies) in Na. Include purchase, sale, and shipping records. <u>Petermonas</u> Prais M. Surface, The Orain Tende During the Borist Mar. 298-419 (New York, 1928).

EUROPEAN DIVISION, Cheedeel Warfare Service, War Department.—Becan
with the overation of a Gas Service as a part of the American Expeditionary Forces on Saptember 9, 1917. With the formation of the
Committee of the Committee

EUROPEAN WAR REQUIREMENTS SECTION, Mining Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See MINING DIVISION.

- EXAMINING BOARD, FERMANENT, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.-See PERMANENT EXAMINING BOARD.
- EXCESS PROFITS TAX ADVISERS BOARD, Internal Revenue Bureau, Treasury Department.—Created by the Secretary of the Treasury in November 1917. Composed of men of wide professional and business experience, who were recruited from outside the Government to represent public opinion in the administration of the excess-profits tax law. Functions: To assist the Bureau of Internal Revenue in the interpretation and administration of the excess-profits tax law, and to issue regulations and establish procedures for such administration after hearings and conferences. Records: In the Chief Counsel's Office, Internal Revenue Bureau, and in the Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury in charge of internal revenue matters.
 - EXCESS PROFITS TAX REVIEWERS, Internal Revenue Bureau, Treasury Department.—Created in December 1917 by the Secretary of the Treasury. Reviewers comprised former excess—profits tax advisers, expert accountants, and experienced employees of the Bureau. Functions: To review returns of excess—profits taxpayers whose legal status made accurate assessment difficult. Records: In the Income Tax Unit, Internal Revenue Bureau.
 - EXCESS PROFITS TAXES SECTION, ORGANIZATION AND PLANNING AND, War Minerals Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See WAR MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.
 - EXECUTIVE SECTION, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on June 27, 1918, by Division Order No. 77, and included the following Branches: Artillery Ammunition and Trench Warfare; Cannon and Small Arms; District Office; Explosives and Loading; Gauge; Instruments, Machinery, and Container; Metallurgical; Nethods and Information; Motor and Carriage; Overseas Idaison; Personnel; Proving Grounds; and Small Arms Ammunition. Functions: To determine policies and to exercise general supervision over the work of the Division; to obtain and assign personnel for the Division; to supervise technical matters and to handle such matters not susceptible of delegation to other sections; to develop methods of procedure; and to maintain liaison between the Inspection Division and other agencies. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - EXEMPTION OF SKILLED LABORERS COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Authorized by the War Labor Policies Board on May 29, 1918. Its first meeting was held on June 18, and it probably terminated in July. <u>Functions</u>: To pass upon the Withdrawal of skilled laborers from the Army or from the operation of the Selective Service Act for assignment to work in war industries, and to determine the allotment of such skilled laborers among the various fields of production. <u>Records</u>: Interfiled among those of the Board in NA. Include minutes of meetings of the Committee.
 - EXPEDITIONARY CABLE BRANCH, Methods Control Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See TELEGRAPH AND CABLE BRANCH, Administration Division.
 - EXPEDITIONARY FLOUR DEPARMENT, Grain Corporation.—Established in July 1019; terminated in Earch 1919. Before and after this period similar functions were performed by the Flour Department. Functions: To nandle transactions of the "expeditionary flour program," that is,

the purchase of wheat flour for consignment to the American Expeditionary Forces and to various American service men's organizations operating abroad, such as the Salvation Amy and the Y. M. C. A. Records: 1918-19 (Li feet) in NA. Parchase, sales, and shipping records, consisting chiefly of correspondence, vouchers, and invokes. Balated papers are among the records of the Flour Bengtament.

- EXPERIENT STATIONS OFFICE, States Relations Service, Agriculture bepartment—forasted pursuant to an act of Narch 3, 1897. Transferred on July 1, 1915, to the States Relations Service, Oxyem independent status on July 1, 1923. Practions: During the war, to feedlitate cooperation among experiment stations for studying special working problems; to premote agricultural production by supplying information to fartere and extension workers concerning the best use and cultivabest of listing, or conservation of rater and goal resources, the finences such as disease and insect pestage and to promote the conservation of agricultural products by supplying information on practices to prevent loss in transit and storage and on the development of either stitutes in food and faced. Records: Those in MA (1867-1923; 180 feet) include administrative and technical correspondence and records of some experiment stations (see 1858-1858-18510510). Other
- EIFRIMENTAL SECTION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department,—Organized at the outbreak of the war and etill in containers, Elections In Charge of the preliationary design, specification, named the second of the Containers of the Con
- EXPLISIVE REMICH, Design Saction, On Division, Ordanes Chief's Office, War Department,—Created in the latter part of 1917; transferred with the Section to the Engineering Sursaw by Oan Division Order No. 58 on January 17, 1918. Papelines: To specify the various explosives to be used in amenition. Records: Probably among those of the Oflice in NA.
- EXPLOSIVE UNIT, Technical Branch, Inspection Section, Gun Division, Orchance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See TECHNICAL BRANCH.
- EXPLOSIVES AND EXPLOSIVES' MATERIAL COMMITTEE. —See INTERALLIED MUNITIONS COUNCIL.
- EXPLOSURES AND LOADING REWORK, Executive Section, Imagection Division, Ordnance Chef's Office, Nar Department—Originated about June 15, 1917, as the Forder and Explosives Branch, Imagection Section, Oun Division. Transferred to the Imagection Liviation on January 14, 1918, at about which time some of its functions were transferred to the memory originated that the section of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Imagection Division and included the following Branches: Cartridge Bags [Loading; Powder and Explosives; New Marrislay and Technological. At the time of the armittice it was in existence as the Explosives and Loading Franch, Executive Section, and functioned through the following Franches Cartridge Bags [Loading; Powder and Explosives; New Materials; and Technological.

- chemicals, explosives, powders, and pyrotechnic mixtures and the loading of ammunition with these materials. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- EXPLOSIVES AND LOADING DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Originated in the Explosives Section of the Production Division, created on April 27, 1918. This Section included a Loading Branch, which became the Loading Section on July 10. On November 6, 1918, the Explosives Section was consolidated with the Loading Section to form the Explosives and Loading Division. Functions: To control and supervise the production and loading of explosives.

 Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - EXPLOSIVES BRANCH, Purchase Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on September 20, 1917; transferred to the Procurement Division by Gun Division Order No. 57 of January 13, 1918. Functions: To handle business negotiations connected with the purchase of explosive articles and accessories, except raw materials and packing containers. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - EXPLOSIVES BRANCH, CHEMICAL LOADING AND, Plant Facilities Section, Inspector of Ordnance Establishments, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See PLANT FACILITIES SECTION.
 - EXPLOSIVES COMMITTEE, ORDNANCE AND, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
 - EXPLOSIVES DIVISION, War Industries Board.—Formed on June 1, 1918, in part succeeding the Chemicals and Explosives Division of the Board. Discontinued on December 12, 1918. Functions: To clear explosives contracts and provide for supplies of raw material for the manufacture of explosives. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
 - EXPLOSIVES DIVISION, CHEMICALS AND, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Council of National Defense.—See CHEMICALS DIVISION, War Industries Board.
 - EXPLOSIVES INVESTIGATIONS COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council .-- Appointed at the request of the Secretaries of War and the Navy on July 1, 1918, and terminated in June 1928. Composed of representatives of the War and Navy Departments and the War Industries Board, with Charles E. Munroe as Chairman. Worked closely with the Committees on Explosibility of Ammonium Compounds, Neuman Bands, and Publication of War Data and Information. Functions: Among its activities it surveyed investigations and research projects relating to explosives and kept in touch with their progress; transmitted such information to the War and Navy Departments; and brought to the attention of those Departments the proposals for supplementary investigations made by civilians, industrial companies, Government agencies, and universities. It also gave attention to the utilization of surplus war explosives, served as a source of information for other Government agencies, and acted as a medium for the interchange of information and publications between such agencies and officials and specialists in certain foreign countries. Records: 1918-28 (3 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, reports, memoranda, abstracts, translations, and special data files.

EXPLOSIVES DIVESTIGATIONS FOR ARMY AND NAVY SECTION, Mining Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Established in 1913 and continued

throughout the war. <u>Functions</u> To test the physical properties of explosives at the request of the Mar and Mary Departments, <u>Records</u> Probably in the Mines Bureau. <u>Enforcements</u> Mines Pureau. <u>Enforcement</u> Mines Dureau <u>Enforcement</u> Mines Machington, 1919).

EXPLOSIVES REGULATION DIVISION, Mines Bureau, Interior Department .--Organized on November 1, 1917, under authority of an act of October 6, for the regulation of explosives and their ingredients. The act was administered by a field force of over 15,000 men, all appointive officers of whom less than one percent raceived salaries, Operated through the following Sections: administrative and Policy-Forming; Examination and Licensing of Field Employees; Licensing of Manufacturers, Exporters, and Importers; Investigation and Prosecution of Violations; end Construction and Location of Magazines. The Division was given regulatory powers over certain minerals essential to explosives under an act of July 1, 1918. Restrictions on minerals and some commodities were removed by the Director on November 14. 1918, and all powers except certain licensing authority under the acts mentioned were rescinded by an act of July 19, 1919, The Explosives Regulation Act of October 6, 1917, was rendered inoperative by joint resolution of Congress of March 3, 1921 (approved March 9), but the power to regulate explosivas during war periode granted by that act remains in the Kinee Bureau. Punctions: To regulate the manufacture, dietribution, etorege, use, or possession of ex-plosives and their ingredients, and to limit the sale, possession, and use of platinum, palladium, and iridium and compounds thereof, After the war, the Division supervised the distribution of surplus stocks of trinitrotoluene (TNT) for use by Government agencies and investigated complaints of bomb outrages and improper storage of explosives, It coopersted with the Explosives Investigations Committee of the National Research Council and with the Department of Justice, to which dieloyalty cases were referred, Records: 1917-21 (108 feet) in NA. Include reporte and hearings concerning tha passage of the Explosives Regulation Act; reports of violations of the act; general correspondence; inspectors' reports on explosions, fires, and accidente; reporte on explosives tests; liets of exploeives manufacturere; reports of investigations of bombing incidente; records of magazine inspections; and material relating to post-war activities. Other records are believed to be in the Mines Bureau and in the files of the Pittsburgh Experiment Station. References: Mines Bureau, Explosives and Miscellaneous Investigations, 92-96 (Bulletin 178D. Washington, 1919),

EXPLICITES SECTION, Engineering Education, Ordanace Chief's Office, Mar Departure, "Established on Supury 19, 1918. Punctions To handle questions of a technical nature in consection with powders, cartriging bags, cartriging electroge onces, and the packing and ehipment of propelling charges for separate loading amounting, to handle the memineering problems relating to explosive and their components and the adaptation except small price or to shells, the control of the explosive electrons of the explosive probability work and of problems of interior ballistics. Seconds Probably among those of the Office in NA.

EXPLOSIVES SECTION, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See EXPLOSIVES AND LOADING BRANCH, Executive Section.

EXPLOSIVES SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- Originated about June 15, 1917, in work performed by

- the Powder and Explosives Branch, Inspection Section, Gum Division. Established in the Procurement Division on January 15, 1918, and took over some of the functions of this Branch. Functions: To handle business negotiations connected with the purchase of explosive articles, except the raw materials used in the manufacture of explosives, boxes, or other packing containers. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- EXPLOSIVES SECTION, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See EXPLOSIVES AND LOADING DIVISION.
- EXPLOSIVES SECTION, Supplies Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See SUPPLIES DIVISION.
- EXPLOSIVES SECTION, CHEMICALS AND, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—See CHEMICALS AND EXPLOSIVES SECTION.
- EXPLOSIVES SECTION, INVESTIGATION OF ACCIDENTS DUE TO, Mining Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See MINING DIVISION.
- EXPORT COAL DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Organized in accordance with a resolution adopted by the Shipping Board on May 5, 1919, and discontinued on February 1, 1920, when its functions were assumed by the Traffic Department. Also known as the Coal Export Department and the Exports and Imports Department. Functions: To receive commitments from coal shippers and to allocate vessels for the shipment of coal. Records: 1919-20 (7 feet) in NA. Correspondence, memoranda, and reports pertaining to coal affreightment contracts, the allocation of cargo space to foreign trade, and the organization and administration of the Department.
 - EXPORT DEPARTMENT, Grain Corporation .- See WHEAT DEPARTMENT.
 - EXPORT DEPARTMENT, Milling Division, Food Administration.—Organized in October 1917. Terminated with the closing of the New York office in July 1918. <u>Functions</u>: To cooperate with the Grain Corporation and the Wheat Export Co. (the representative of the Royal Commission on Wheat Supplies) in handling all wheat flour exports for "agreement mills," and with the War Trade Board regulating shipments from jobbers and exporters to neutral countries; and to allot to the nine milling divisions all Army, Navy, and Marine Corps requisitions for flour supplies. <u>Records</u>: 1917-18 (19 feet) in NA. Correspondence, invoices and shipping records, Grain Corporation contracts, and reports on export quotas.
 - EXPORT DISTRIBUTION SUBSECTION, Clothing and Equipage Section, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE SECTION.
 - EXFORT LICENSE SECTIC!, Lubricants and Foreign Requirements Bureau, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—See LUBRICANTS AND FOREIGN REQUIREMENTS BUREAU.
 - EXPORT LICENSES DIVISION, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau, Commerce Department.—Established to carry out provisions of the

- Espionage Act of June 15 and of Executive Order No. 2645 of June 22, 1917. Functions transferred on August 21 by Executive Order No. 2667-A to the Exports Administrative Board, which was in turn succeeded by the War Trade Board on October 12, 1917. Functions: To issue licenses for exports to foreign countries, to collect data as to the character of adhpers and consigness, and to analyze international trade in commodities having are significance. Aided by the District Offices Division in gathering applications for licenses from exporters. Reconding 1917 (contined with those of the Exports Administrative Board and the War Trade Roard, total 7,831 feet) in the State Decartement.
- EIFORT SALES SECTION, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established about October 1919, Still in existence on June 30, 1920. Purchase: To negotiate sales to forsign governments and forsign private purchasers.

 Records: Whereabouts unincom.
- EXFORT TRADE HIVISION, Federal Trade Commission.—Created to make effective an ext of April 10, 1918, o July 1, 1927, the Division became the Export Trade Section of the Legal Division, This Section is now in the Chief Counsel's Division. Practicent: To investigate trade conditione in and with foreign countries that might affect the foreign trade or the United States, and to prevent the restraint of truck by act or expresent of a succiations formed under Records; In the Federal Trade Commission types or the United States.
- EXPORTS AMMINISTRATVE BURKD.—Created by an Executive order of August 21, 1917, to replace the Export Licenses Pivrision of the Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau in the Commerce Department. Composed of representatives of the Secretaries of State, Agriculture, and Commerce, the Food Administrator, and the Shipping Board, Succeeded by the Raw Trade Board on October 12, 1917. Vance McCorrick, Chairman. <u>Functions</u>: To administer and execute the law relating to the Licensing of exports. No commodities on the prohibited lites could be exported without a license issue by the Board. <u>Recorning</u>: Buth blooms of the Ear Trade Board in the Otate
- EXPORTS AND IMPORTS DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See ELPORT COAL DEPARTMENT.
- EXPORTS BUEAU, Was Trade Board.—Took over the duties of the Export Monages Bueau of the Exports Administrative Board upon the establishment of the Was Trade Board on October 12, 1917. Norked in close cooperation with other cuits of the Board, such as the Research and Statistics and Nar Trade Intelligence Bureaus, and depended largely upon these for results. Estataines a corpe of trade advisers and trade distributors, who considered Licenses for export, and had brient offices at the chief ports of export. Transferred to the State Department on Association 20, 1919. Empirically To consider and dispose of applications for Licenses to support, committee from the Inited States. Attack Theoremy 14, 1928, all exports of the trade of the Company 14, 1928, all exports of the company 14,

rationing of supplies for the Allied and neutral countries and the measures intended to facilitate the movement of supplies for the Allies, the American Expeditionary Forces, and certain relief organizations. Records: 1917-19 (5,384 feet) with those of the Board in the State Department. Include applications for export licenses, copies of export licenses issued, and correspondence.

EXPORTS COMMITTEE, GOLD, Federal Reserve Board.—See GOLD EXPORTS COMMITTEE.

EXPORTS COMMITTEE, MINERAL IMPORTS AND.—See MINERAL IMPORTS AND EX-PORTS COMMITTEE.

EXPORTS CONTROL COMMITTEE.—Created jointly by the Secretaries of War and the Navy and the Director General of Railroads on June 11, 1918. Composed of representatives of the War and Navy Departments, the Railroad Administration, the Shipping Control Committee of the Shipping Board, and traffic executives controlling Allied traffic. Maintained an office in New York with the Shipping Control Committee and worked in part through the Freight Traffic, North Atlantic Ports, Southern Export, California Export, and North Pacific Export Committees. Disbanded on March 1, 1919. Functions: To control the flow of export traffic for overseas use by the routing of freight through various ports. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

EXPORTS COUNCIL.—Created by Executive orders of June 22 and August 21, 1917, under authority of the Espionage Act of June 15, 1917. Composed of the Secretaries of State, Agriculture, and Commerce and the Food Administrator. The last meeting of the Council was held on August 24, 1917. Functions: To formulate, for the consideration and approval of the President, policies to be carried out by the Export Licenses Division of the Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau, and to made the recommendations necessary to carry out the purposes of export control. Records: Minutes of the Council are among the records of the War Trade Board in the State Department.

EXPORTS EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, War Trade Board.—Created on October 18, 1918, as a successor to the Contraband Committee. Functions: To act in an advisory capacity to the Director of the Bureau of Exports, and to audit all applications for import and export licenses. Records: 1918-19 (combined with those of the Contraband Committee, total 12 feet) in the State Department.

EXPOSITIONS BUREAU, WAR, Film Division, Public Information Committee.— See WAR EXPOSITIONS BUREAU.

EXPRESS AND MAIL SECTICAL, Traffic Division, Hailroad Administration.—
Created on July 10, 1918; probably discontinued with the Division on March 1, 1920. Functions: To handle matters relating to the contract between the Administration and the American Railway Express Co. and to mail and express transportation problems. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.

EXPRESS SHIMMENTS SECTION, Freight Traffic Branch, Rail Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Departrent.—See FREIGHT TRAFFIC BRANCH.

EXTERSION WORK OFFICE IN THE MORTH AND EAST, States Helations Service, Agriculture Department.—Transferred from the Bureau of Plant

Industry under an appropriation act of March 4, 1915, that established the States Balations Service. Other charge of extension work in 31 northern and extern States. Functions: Cooperated work in 32 northern states are supported farmers functions: Cooperated when the Took Antichitarta the in conducting companies to increase when the took of the contract of the companies of the state of the companies of the contract of the companies of the companies of the contract of the companies of the companies of the contract of t

EXTENSION NORM OFFICE IN THE SOUTH, States Relations Service, Agrimulture Department.—Transferred from the Plant Industry Dureau
under an epyroprietion es to flarch 4, 1915, the teachblished the
States Relations Service. Given charge of the extension work in
15 southern States. Practions: Cooperated with the Food Admintration in celving problems of food conservation and distribution
existing from increased deamnds for food by the armed force.
Through home demonstration agents, instructed women in home cunning of mater, Inch., each code, and gas, and in methods of sunting of mater. Inch. each code, and gas, and in sothers of sunting of material code, and gas, and in sothers of sunting of material code, and gas, and in sothers of sunting of material code, and gas, and in sothers of sunting of the code of the code of the code of the community drying plants. Recording
1917-18 (30 feet) in Na. Include correspondence and annual parative and statistical records.

EXTERNAL PELATIONS AND DOMESTIC EQUIPMENT BRANCH, Demestic Entribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purphase and Storage Director's Office, Purphase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nor Department.—Established on Paymary 14, 1932, by a consolidation of the Engrapey Jesuse and Demestic Equipment Demestic Augment Personal With the sections of the Demestic Discourage of Payment and With the sections of the Demestic Discourage of Payment and Payment and Demestic Payment Demestic Discourage of Payment Payment Payment Demestic Discourage of Payment Payment Payment Payment Demestic Payments, State and Augustantia Departments, and to keep records of sales and ascertain when payment wes received. Records: Some ere among those of the Ourstreamster Coneral's Office in NA.

EXISSIAL HELATIONS BRANCE, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Rur Department.—Stablished by Supply Circular Mo. 86, September 5, 1988. Apparently inherited came of the functions of the Supply Program Section, Purchase and Supply Branch. Operated through the following Sections: Allied Relations, Clearance, Commoity, Demestic Relations, Friendley, Privative, and Faculty Commoity, Demestic Relations, Friendley, Privative, and Faculty and Commoity, Demestic Relations, Friendley, Tengal Properties, Transferred to the Administrative Franch of the Division about March 13, 1919. Punctions; To represent the Department in its relations with other organizations concerning the supply of the Any. Resynging Whereabustu unhown.

EXITERIAL HELATIONS BRANCH, Supplies Birlaton, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Ceneral Staff, Mar Department.—Established on May 19, 1909, and discontinuous on Assurace, 6, 1920. Composed of three Sections: Foreign Siles, Damestic Sales, and Record, Phritisms To handle sales of supplies to foreign governments, State adition, and Covernment departments. Records: Some are among those of the Quarternsater General's Office in Ma.

- EXTERNAL RELATIONS SECTION, Control Bureau, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See COMPLAINT AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS SECTION, Estimates and Requirements Division.
- EXTERNAL RELATIONS SECTION, Statistics and Requirements Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See STATISTICS AND REQUIREMENTS BRANCH.

- FABRICS COCHITTEE, CHEMISTRY OF TEXTILES AND, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—See CHEMISTRY OF TEXTILES AND PARKETS COUNTY OF
- FACILITIES DIVISION, War Industries Board.—Formed on August 26, 1916, discontinuou on November 23, 1918. Punctions: To coordinate activities of all Covernment war construction work except shipbuilding (nonwar facilities were handled in the Friorities Division); after the signing of the armistica, to act as a clearinghouse for all information relating to contract adjustment, animatining contact with the Department of Labor. Records: 1918 (21 feet segrement that the contract of the Board in 1918. Correspondence building conditions of the Board in 1918. Corresponding to the Contract of the Contract of
- FACILITIES NOW AUTHORIZED OR PROPRISED, BOIND TO REVIEW PRODUCTS FOR NEW, Ordnance Chieff of Office, Far Pepartment,—— body of four members (three officers and one civilian) appointed on Detober 26, 1918. On November 15, 1918, its duties were taken over by the Chains Board. <u>Punctions</u>: To review projects for new ordnance facilities, authorized or proposed, with the object of reporting such modifications of these projects as should eppear efter investigation to be advisable. <u>Pacords</u>: Probably with those of the Officers of the proposed with the object of the officers of the probably with those of the Officers of
- PAIN FULCE COLUMNETS FOR COVERNENT PURCHESS OF FEAT.—Certical 11 of the Food and Fuel Centrel Act of August 10, 1217, provided for Grunnent purchase and Centrel Act of August 10, 1217, provided for Greatment purchase for Centrel C
- FAR EASTENN INVISION, Foreign and Donestic Commerce Bureau, Connerce Department.—Began functioning in 1936 without any definite estates formally organized in 1939 under an appropriation act of July 3, 1938. Succeeded by the Regional Information Division of the Bureau in 1926. <u>Functions</u>? To accumulate and distribute trude information about the Far East, prepare comprehensive surveys about markets in that area, and prevent trade cluttone. During the war

533477 O - 43 - 13

special studies requested by war agencies were prepared on shipping and particular phases of trade in the Pacific. Records: In the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

FARM ENTERPRISES, HISTORY AND DISTRIBUTION OF, Farm Management Office, Agriculture Department.—See HISTORY AND DISTRIBUTION OF FARM ENTERPRISES.

FARM EQUIPMENT CONTROL OFFICE, Agriculture Department. - Established in April 1918 with Junius T. Cook, Assistant to the Secretary, in charge. Cooperated with the Conservation Division of the War Industries Board, the Office of Public Roads, and the Office of Farm. Management. Terminated at the close of the war. Functions: To insure to farmers, if possible, an adequate and continuous supply of farm machinery and equipment at reasonable costs; to assist the farm equipment industry in obtaining the requisite quantity of raw materials; to facilitate the shipment of such materials and the distribution of the finished product; to correct abuses over which the Food and Fuel Control Act gave power; and to carry out the provisions of a Presidential proclamation of May 14, 1918, which required all individuals or firms engaged in importing, manufacturing, storing, or distributing farm equipment (except those excluded by the Food and Fuel Control Act) to obtain licenses from the Secretary of Agriculture. Records: In the files of the Bureau of Agricultural Chemistry and Engineering in the Agriculture Department and in those of the Bureau of Agricultural Engineering (4 feet) in NA. Related records in the correspondence files of the Secretary of Agriculture, also in NA, consist of letters filed under "National Defense" and "Machinery"; press copies of letters prepared by Junius T. Cook for the signature of the Secretary; and a report by Cook entitled "Summary of Work Done" (Oct. 23, 1918). References: Labor Statistics Bureau, Historical Studies of Wartime Problems Division, Farm Machinery; Demand and Supply, Price, and Governmental Regulation, 1917-1918 (Historical Study No. 28. Jan. 1942. Processed).

FARM JOURNAL SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration.—
Organized in July 1917; terminated in the spring of 1919. Functions: To furnish a weekly syndicate service to farm journals in
order to encourage improved methods of production and conservation
of food. Records: 1917-19 (16 feet) in NA. Correspondence, press
releases, clippings of articles supplied by the Section, and a file
entitled "The Farm Press Periscope; a Reflection of Rural Sentiment Towards the Food Administration, Based on Comments of Leading
Farm Journals."

FARM LABOR [PROJECT], ASSISTANCE IN SUPPLYING, Agriculture Departments—On April 24, 1917, the Agriculture and Labor Departments entered into an agreement for the cooperative mobilization of farm labor. The work of the Agriculture Department in this sphere originally was carried on with funds of the Farm Management Office, and subsequently with appropriations allotted to the Office of the Secretary. From May 1917 until the close of the project in July 1919, general supervision of the work was exercised by R. A. Pearson, Charence Ousley, and G. I. Christie, Assistant Secretaries. Inseldiate supervision was exercised by E. V. Wilcox of the Farm Management Office, under whose direction were four supervising farm help specialists, in charge of activities in different regions, and farm help specialists in the various States, with headquarters.

at State agricultural colleges. Functions: To secentain the farm labor needs of the country; in connerstion with the United States Employment Service. State agricultural colleges and experiment stations councils of defense, complessioners of acriculture and Ishor county scents, and committy farm hursaus and committees to aid in the distribution to farmers of experienced form laborers and others recruited for farm works and to direct discharged soldiers and sailore back to the farms. Records: 1918-23 (9 feet) in NA. Include mese cour books of outgoing letters of Assistant Sagnetaries Pearson, Outley, and Christias correspondence, memorando reporte, and other papers filed under "Advisory Committee." "Farms." "Labor." "National Defence (5)." and "Reconstruction." in the general subject correspondence files of the Office of the Secretary of Arriculture for 1917-20 and 1923: notee, manuscripte, reports, schedule forms, and circular letters in the Farm Management Office "manuscript files": and correspondence and papers of farm help specialists in the Farm Management Office "farm help work files." 1917

FARM LABOR SECTION, EMERGENCY, Public Service Reserve, Employment Service, Labor Department,—See EMERGENCY FARM LABOR SECTION,

FARM LOAN BOARD, FEDERAL, Treasury Department, -- See FEDERAL FARM LOAN BOARD.

FARM MANAGEMENT OFFICE, Asriculture Department. -- Established formally in 1905. Pleced in the Office of the Secretary in 1915. In 1919 reorganized as the Office of Farm Management and Farm Economies. which was made an independent unit within the Department in 1920. Merged on July 1, 1922, with the Bureau of Markate and Crop Estimates to form the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Punctions: To increase the output of foodstuffe by providing information concerning costs of agricultural production to agencies engaged in stimulating such production, by fostering more effective utilization of farm machinery, and by providing immediate direction for the Assistance in Providing Farm Labor project in the Office of the Secretary. To prepare for The Inquiry and, subsequently, for the American delagation to the Peace Conference information concerning the agriculture of the territorias involved in the beace negotiations, Records: The correspondence of the Office for the period prior to 1919 has disappeared. However, scattered items (1 1/2 feet) relating to the war work of the egency are in NA among the manuscript files of the Office (1903-20), as well se in the general subject files of the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture.

FARM PRODUCTS PROJECT, MOTOR TRANSPORTATION OF, Markete Bureau, Agriculture Department.—Sam MOTOR TRANSPORTATION OF FARM PRODUCTS PROJECT.

FARM RESERVE DIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department, -- Sea FARM SERVICE DIVISION.

PAM SERVICE DIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department,—Created on annuary J, 1918, by a seconomism of the Secretary of Labor. Cooperated with the Essergency Para Labor Section of the Public Service Reserve. After the Division was shoulthed in April 1919, natter Formerly under its jurisdiction were referred chiarly to the Division Operations. Also known as the Para Reserve Division.

Functions: To register calls for farm help and to direct help to areas where it was most vitally needed; to cooperate with other divisions of the Employment Service in matters concerning farm labor problems; and to act as a coordinating link in the work of official and unofficial State organizations. Records: Whereabouts unknown. References: Gordon S. Watkins, Labor Problems and Labor Administration in the United States During the World War, 197-198 ([Urbana, 1920]).

FARMS BRANCH, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on October 28, 1918; discontinued about May 1, 1920. <u>Purctions</u>: In charge of the development and direction of agricultural activities on lands owned, purchased, or leased by the Department. <u>Records</u>: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

FATIGUE OF METALS COMMITTEE, Netallurgy Section, Engineering Division, National Research Council.—Created in 1918 with H. F. Moore as Chairman. Functions: Conducted studies that made advances in the "knowledge of fatigue of metals, and the permanence of the elevation of the elastic limit caused by distortion in the cold." Records: In the National Research Council.

FATS AND OILS DIVISION, Food Administration.—Established in November * 1917; transferred in Jume 1918 to the Collateral Commodities Division as the Oils and Fats Section. <u>Functions</u>: To assure an adequate amount of fats and oils for domestic consumption and to provide a large surplus for shipment to Allied countries; to study the production and consumption of oleomargarine, soap, glycerine, paints, varnishes, and lubricating oils; and to regulate the manufacture of soap and of substitutes for lard and butter in order to prevent the production of these commodities from being reduced. <u>Records</u>: 1917-19 (85 feet) in NA. Reports of manufacturers on production, consumption, and holdings of fats and oils, tabulations and card records of reports, correspondence, lists of firms, and statistical bulletins.

FATS EXECUTIVE, INTERALLIED MEATS AND.—See INTERALLIED MEATS AND FATS EXECUTIVE.

FEDERAL BOARD FOR VOCATIONAL EDUCATION .-- A Board of seven members created by an act of February 23, 1917. Comprised of four ex officio members, the Secretaries of Agriculture, Commerce, and Labor, and the Commissioner of Education, and three members appointed by the President. During the war the Board operated through the Divisions of Vocational Education, Vocational Rehabilitation, Industrial Rehabilitation, and Research. The functions pertaining to the rehabilitation of disabled vaterans were transferred to the Veterans' Bureau when it was created on August 9, 1921. In 1933 the remainder of the functions of the Board were transferred to the Office of Education, and the Board has since served in an advisory capacity without compensation. Functions: To promote vocational sducation. The Board represented the Government in its cooperation with the locally appointed State Boards for Vocational Education, which were aided by Federal grants. It made or caused to have made vocational studies, investigations, and reports for use in aiding the States where vocational schools and classes, of less than college grade, were established to train persons for

useful employment in agriculture, comperce, home economics, and trade and industry During the way the Roams sensofally proported the training of mechanics and technicians for mar purposes. The score of the work was expanded in 1918 to include vocational rehabilitation of disabled persons disabarcal from the armed forces and in 1920 of persons disabled in industry or otherwise. After January 1. 1919, the Board anoneous the treining of employment managers. It was necessary for the Federal Board and its etaff to cooperate continuously with thousands of public and private agencles. national. State, and local in their score, including most of the executive departments and such agencies as the War Industries Board, the Shipping Board, the American National Red Cross, the Council of National Defense, and the National Catholic War Council. Records: Those in NA [134 feet] include general correspondence of the Board, 1917-21, and general correspondence, memoranda, and other records of its field agents, 1917-22. The files accommulated by the Commissioner of Education as a member of the Board, which include correspondence, circulars, reports, personnel data, and memorands, 1917-31 (8 fsst), are also in NA. In 1925 the Board was given permission to destroy as useless papers certain records for the war period (26 feet). These included records pertaining to employment management and the training of persons for war occupations, correepondence with the five regional offices, and correspondence with the vocational rehabilitation district offices relating to purchases and other matters. The case files of disabled persons who were discharged from the armed forces and who applied for vocational rehabilitation are in the Veterans' Administration, The remainder of the files (some 1.700 feet) are in the Office of Education, Fedsral Security Agency, References: Federal Board for Vocational Education, Annual Reports, 1917-32, and Statement of Policies (Bulletin No. 1, Washington, 1917); W. Stull Holt, The Federal Board for Vocational Education (New York, 1922),

FEDERAL ELECTRIC RAILWAYS COLDISSION, -Before the war period, the etreet railways of the country were operating on a uniform 5-cent fare. This revenue proved inadequate to meet the riging costs of operation during the war, and the situation was made worse by growing automobils and jitney competition in the transportation of passengers. By the spring of 1919, no fewer than 50 of the most important urban railway systems (for example, those of New York, New Orleans, St. Louis, Denver, and Spokans) had fallen into the hands of receivers. Disturbed by this state of affairs, the Secretaries of Commerce and Labor on May 15, 1919, addressed a joint letter to the President requesting him to appoint a commission to investigate the slectric railway problem. On May 31, the President responded by appointing the Faderal Electric Railways Commission, a body of might members to which he allotted a sum of \$10,000 from hie National Security and Defence Fund. Three members represented, reepectively, the Commerce, Labor, and Treseury Departmente. Charles E. Elmquist, president and general solicitor of the National Association of Railway and Utilities Commissioners, served as Chairman, and Charlton Ogburn as Executive Secretary. The Commission performed its work by means of public hearings, questionnaires. and a epecial investigation conducted under contract by the Executive Secretary. On July 28, 1920, it made its report to the President. Functione: As conceived by the Commission, "to accertain, first, the actual financial and service conditions of the electric railways of the United States at the present time; second, the causes which have contributed to such conditione; third, what readjustments of the relations between the electric railways and the

communities which they serve must be brought about in order to restore the confidence of the public and to put the companies upon such a financial basis for the future as will enable them to render continuous and efficient service to their respective communities."

Records: Whereabouts unknown. References: Federal Electric Railways Commission, Proceedings... With Final Report (Washington, 1920. 3 vols.).

FEDERAL FARM LOAN BOARD, Treasury Department .-- Created by an act of July 17, 1916. Operated through the Federal Farm Loan Bureau of the Treasury Department. The Board was consolidated with other agencies in 1933 to form the Farm Credit Administration, which was transferred to the Agriculture Department in 1939. Functions: To supervise Federal land banks and national farm loan associations through which long-term loans secured by first mortgages on farm lands were made. During the war, the land banks aided in increasing the volume and in reducing the cost of agricultural production and, in cooperation with the Agriculture Department, made special loans in sections suffering from successive crop failures. ing the war, agricultural distress was reduced by the establishment of an intermediate credit system, which Congress authorized in 1923 to furnish short-term credit. Records: Those in NA for the war period consist of papers of liquidated national farm loan associations in the files of the Farm Credit Administration. References: W. Stull Holt, The Federal Farm Loan Bureau (Baltimore, 1924).

FEDERAL HORTICULTURAL BOARD, Agriculture Department.--Established in 1912 in accordance with the Plant Quarantine Act of that year. The Board was superseded in 1928 by the Plant Quarantine and Control Administration. Functions: To administer the Insect Pest Act of 1905, the Plant Quarantine Act of 1912, and various other acts designed to prevent the importation or spread of diseased or insectinfested nursery stock, and to conduct investigations into the need for additional regulatory measures. During the war period foreign commerce restrictions brought the Board into a cooperative relationship with the War Trade Board, particularly in regard to the importation of foreign cotton. This cooperation had to do with "the determination of the amount of foreign cottons which should be permitted to enter the United States to meet essential war and other needs" and with the enforcement of regulations insofar as they covered products permitted entry by the War Trade Board. Records: Minutes of Board meetings and hearings, and plant quarantine regulations, 1912-28 (5 feet), and records relating to importation of nursery stock and seeds, 1919-28 (80 feet), in NA; correspondence in the files of the Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine in the Department of Agriculture. Correspondence and records relating to the Board are in NA among the records of the Office of the Secretary, the Bureau of Entomology, and the Bureau of Plant Industry. References: Gustavus A. Weber, The Plant Quarantine and Control Administration (Washington, 1930).

FEDERAL MILK CCAMISSICNS, Food Administration.—Regional milk commissions, covering the New York, Chicago, Boston, Ohio, and San Francisco areas and composed of producers, distributors, consumers, and milk experts, were appointed in 1917 and 1918 by the Food Administration. The work of the Commissions was performed under the supervision of the Milk Section of the Perishable Foods Division. They terminated at various dates, the latest in November 1918. Functions: To hold public hearings and to decide upon fluid

milk prices for their respective erres. Becoming. In NA are hearings of the Commission for the Chicago area, in the Illiands Sates Rood Administration files, and correspondence of the Commission for the San Francisco area, in the California State Food Administration files. Also in NA among the records of the Milk Section ere correspondence with the Commissions and a copy of the hearings of the Commission for the New York eres. Beforences: Labor Statistics Burseu, Special Frice Research Section, Milk Products, 4 Supers of Conditions and Begulation of the Industry, 1034c-0336 (buty 1941.

FRIERL RESERTE BOARD.—Created by an act of December 23, 1913, which was nodified by the Banking act of 1955. Consists of seron members, five appointed by the Fresident and two ex-officio members, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Compreller of the Currency, Functions: To eduniater the banking system of the United States, that is, the Federal Reserve System, and to act as guardian of the Netion's reserves, credit, and currency. As special war functions, the Board took over control of security issues, foreign exchange, and allers, and the export of builders, oils, and paper memer, and the export of builders, oils, and paper memer, of the Board of Overmore of the Reserva Systems, oils, and paper memer, of the Board of Overmore of the Federal Reserve Systems, or

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION, -Created by an act of September 26, 1914, During the war it included Economic, Enemy Trade, Export, and Legal Divisions. Functions: To prevent persons, partnerships, or corporetions, except banks and common carriers subject to the acts to regulate commerce, from using unfair methods of competition in interetate or foreign commerce; and to investigate the organization. business, conduct, practices, and management of certain parsons. partnerships, or corporations engaged in interstate or foreign commerce. The functions of the Commission extended with the war. Pursuant to the Trading With the Enery Act of October 6, 1917, it received outhority to issue licenses under patents, trademarks, or converients mened or controlled by alien enemies and to supervise activities of the licensess, It also operated to prevent restraint of trade by act or egreement of associations formed under authority of an act approved April 10, 1918, which sized to promote the ex-port trade of the United States. In addition to its other duties, it was "a principal egency of the Government in matters relating to commodity quantities, production costs, and profits," Records; Those in NA (1915-32, 2,738 feet) include case files of the Legal Division, which contain material on trade practices that were believed to be affecting the war effort, and records of the Economic Division, which pertain to investigations of corporations, industries, and commodities. Other records are in the Federal Trade Commission. References: Federal Trade Commission, Annual Reports, 1917-20: W. Stull Holt. The Federal Trade Commission (New York,

FEEDS MARKET NEWS SERVICE, GRAIN, HAY, AND, Warkete Bureeu, Agriculture Decartment. —See UNDM, NAT, MND FEEDS MARKET NEWS SERVICE.

FELT SECTION, Seathle and Robber Division, War Industries Board.— Formed about May 1, 1917, as the Felt Department of the Supplies Council of Council of National Defense, Department of the Supplies Section of the War Industries Source on May 22, 1918, and the Felt Section of the Territies and Subser Division on the 1 Territies and Subser Division of the Territies and Subser Division of the Territies and Subservation of the Section of the Territies and Subservation of the Section of t

- control the production of felt mills, to allocate wools and raw materials to the mills, and to assist Government agencies in matters of supply. Worked through the Textile Felt Department, the Papermakers' Felt Department, and the Hatters' Felt Department.

 Records: Among those of the Board in NA. Included are records of orders, lists of manufacturers and subcontractors, and samples of felt (10 feet).
- FERRO-ALLOYS COMMITTEE, Metallurgy Section, Engineering Division,
 National Research Council.—Organized in 1918 under the chairmanship of J. E. Johnson, Jr. Also referred to as the Manganese Saving Committee. Functions: In cooperation with the Bureau of Mines,
 it studied the production of ferromanganese and its use in steel
 making. Findings revealed possible improvements in the steel manufacturing process that would effect a saving of manganese and thereby release shipping engaged in the importation of manganese ores.
 Records: In the National Research Council.
 - FERRO-ALLOYS SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—
 Formed in March and discontinued on December 31, 1918. Functions:
 To stimulate the production and assure a sufficiency of tungsten,
 molybdenum, vanadium, ferrosilicon, zirconium, cobalt, titanium,
 monezite sand, chromite, and manganese and their alloy derivatives.

 Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
 - FERROUS BRANCH, Raw Materials and Paints Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See RAW MATERIALS AND PAINTS DIVISION.
 - FERROUS BRANCH, Raw Materials Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Originated as the Ferrous Control Unit of the Raw Materials Branch, Purchase Section, Gum Division. On January 15, 1918, it became the Ferrous Branch of the Raw Materials Section. Functions: To handle the purchase of ferrous raw materials. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - FERROUS GROUP, Metallurgical Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See METALLURGICAL BRANCH.
 - FERROUS METALS SUBSECTION, Raw Materials and Scrap Section, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See RAW MATERIALS AND SCRAP SECTION.
 - FERROUS SECTION, Raw Materials Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See RAW MATERIALS BRANCH.
 - FERTILIZER AND GARBAGE SECTICM, Salvage Branch, Conservation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See SALVAGE AND GARDENING BRANCH.
 - FERTILIZER COITROL OFFICE, Agriculture Department.—Created under authority of the Food and Fuel Control Act by a memorandum of the Secretary of Agriculture of March 13, 1918, which appointed William Wallace Mein as Assistant to the Secretary in charge of the fertilizer regulations established by a Presidential proclamation of

February 25, 1918. Obeyeted through several Divisions. After the resignation of its head in December 1918, the Office was placed under the Bureau of Soils. With the conclusion of nears in 1021 the novers exercised under the Presidential proclamation ceased and the functions of the Office were terminated. Functions: To license fertilizer manufacturers, importers, and wholesale dealers, to enforce priorities, and to prevent hourding, profitogring, speculation and manipulation; and to essure an adequate summly and soultable distribution and to facilitate the movement of fertiliters and fertiliger incredients. One of the most significant of the achievements of the Office was the "thirty ton agreement" by which small lote of fartilizar could be surchased at the same price rate as large lote. The Divisions of the Office performed functions as follower. The Administration and Regulation Distain House the industry through the medium of the Food Administration and issued regulations under which the industry prevented; the Partilizer Production Division, conservating with the Europe of Conn Estimates and the Bureau of Soils, determined fertilizer requirements, evailable sumplies and notantial somesa and studied the melation costs and profits of fartilizer monutestweens the Fertilizer Distribution Division helped to setablish priority needs and advised the War Trads Board on questions of emports and imports; and the Transportation Division cooperated with the Pailroad Administration on problems relating to the transportation of fertilizers. Upon the conclusion of heatilities the Office sought to obtain nermanent fertilizer control legislation and made investigations as to the ultimate use to be made of the Government's nitrate plants at Muscle Shoale and Sheffield, Ala. General supervision ovar prices and practices of the fertilizer industry was continued. Records: 1918-21 (60 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence files; schedules of inquiry; data cards concerning licensed manufecturers and fertilisers: bibliographies: and reports on fertiliser manufecturers. on the distribution, use, and prices of fertilizers, and on fraudulent manufacturere, manipulatore, speculators, and hoarders, A "Report of the Assistant to the Secretary In Charge of Fertilizer Control" (1918) is in the correspondence files of the Office. Much related material is in the correspondence files of the Soils Bureau and of the Secretary's Office in NA.

FERTILIZER DISTRIBUTION DIVISION, Fertilizer Control Office, Agriculture Department.—See FERTILIZER CONTROL OFFICE.

FERTILIZER INVESTIGATIONS, SPECIAL JOINT CONSITTEE ON, Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fisheries Division. National Research Council .- Appointed in 1918 in accordance with a joint recommendation of the above-named Division and the Chemistry and Chemical Tachnology Division of the Council by which fertilizer work was consolidated in the former Division. Membership, which included representatives of both Divisions, consisted of soil and fertilizer specialists under the chairmanship of A. H. Woods. Functions: Among its activities it arranged for representatives of certain agricultural colleges, cooperating with the Council, to study fertilizer problems in the Middle West with reference to the most economical use of deposits of phosphate rock in Montana in connection with the quantities of sulphuric acid to be available after the war. It made plans to attdy the possible utiliza-tion of ammonia compounds available as byproducts of war industries and organized a subcommittae for research in commection with potash substitutes. The cooperation of the Agriculture Department was obtained for certain special studies. Records: In the National Research Council.

- FERTILIZER PRODUCTION DIVISION, Fertilizer Control Office, Agriculture Department.—See FERTILIZER CONTROL OFFICE.
- FERTILIZER RESOURCES INVESTIGATIONS DIVISION, Soils Bureau, Agriculture Department.—See SOILS BUREAU.
- FERTILIZER SECTION, GARBAGE AND, Waste Materials Branch, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See WASTE MATERIALS BRANCH.
- FERTILIZERS COMMITTEE, CHEMISTRY OF SOILS AND, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—See CHEMISTRY OF SOILS AND FERTILIZERS COMMITTEE.
- FERTILIZERS SUBCOMMITTEE, Chemicals Cooperative Committee, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Formed in May 1917. In January 1918 it became the Fertilizers Committee of the Chemical Alliance, Inc. Functions: To handle matters pertaining to fertilizers for the Chemicals Cooperative Committee. It made monthly surveys of the industry and acted as an allocation body for brimstone for the various fertilizer manufacturers. Records: Most of them were transferred to the Chemical Alliance, but a few are among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA, including an incomplete file of bulletins issued by the Subcommittee and the Alliance.
- FIBER BOARD AND CONTAINER SECTION, Pulp and Paper Division, War Industries Board.—Formed on October 31, 1918; discontinued on December 31, 1918. Functions: To standardize the industry, to substitute fiber board for tin wherever possible, and to promote conservation—for example, through the elimination of coloring matter in red rosin building paper and the elimination of many weights and half rolls of carpet and packing paper. Hecords: Among those of the Board in NA. Included is a card list of manufacturers.
 - FIBER SUBSECTION, RAG AND, Woolen Section, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board.—See RAG AND FIBER SUBSECTION.
 - FIBERS COMMITTEE, Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fisheries Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1917 with Edward M. East as Chairman. Functions: To promote research in war problems relating to vegetable fibers. Among its activities, it made a study of fibers available for binder twine. Records: In the National Research Council.
 - FIELD ARTILLERY BOARD, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—
 Created early in 1915. Functions: To investigate and make recommondations in reference to trucks and tractors for field artillery purposes, and to investigate the problem of armor plating of tractors for protection against rifle fire, shrapmel bursts, and the like. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - FIELD ANTILLERY CARRIAGE GROUP, Motor and Carriage Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See MOTOR AND CARRIAGE BRANCH.
 - FIELD ARTILLER/ CHIEF'S OFFICE, War Department.—Established pursuant to General Orders, No. 15, February 10, 1918. Included an Administrative Branch, with Mobilization, Personnel, and Routine

- Departments, and an Operations Branch, with Camps and Ranges, Materiel, and Organization and Training Departments. Punctions: To advise and assist the Secretary of Mar and the Chief of Staff in matters pertaining to field artillery. Records: In the Office of the Field Artillery. Army Ground Forces, Mar Department.
- FIELD ARTILLERY SECTION, Carriage Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department, -See 198112 CARRIAGE SECTION. Engineering Division.
- FIELD BAKERY EQUIPMENT SECTION, Mess, Camp, and Personal Equipment Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase, soft Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General, Staff, Sar Department.—See MINS, CAMP, AND PERSONAL EQUIPMENT SHANCH.
- FIELD BUTSION, Council of Instead Defense.—Established about October 1, 1918, pursuant to a resolution of the Council of August 29, and took over the functions of the State Councils Section and most of the functions of the State Councils Section and most of the functions of the Kennals Councilse. Operated through the following Sections: Pederal Agencies, Organisation and Information, Mors, Child Conservation, Americanization, Speakers, and Field. The work of the Division gradually terminated, ending about June 30, 1919. Functions: To direct and co-ordinate the mork of Date defense organisations, without the definite the work of Date defense organisations, without the definite the work of Date defense organisations, without the definite the council of the Counci
- FIELD INSPECTION DITISION, Animal Industry Bureau, Agriculture Department.—Overated on July 1, 1912, by the separation of field impercition work from the Irapection Division, which then became the Next Inspection Division to May 1, 1922, the Quarantine Division became s, part of the Field Inspection Division. Punctions: During the war, to encurage the production of sminal products, to reduce losses from disease, parsites, and stadiar causes, and to ensure the proper maintenance of and to improve the santiary conditions for Army horses and mules. Records: 1917-18 (6 feet) among the general files of the Bureau in NA. Include records pertaining to sminal diseases end to the exportation and importation of animals, hides, and the like.
- FIELD INTELLIGENCE SECTION, Lilitary Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See POSITIVE BRANCH.
- FIELD OFFICE EQUIPMENT AND SUFFILES SECTION, Miscellancous and Office Supplies Branch, Surplus Property Buiston, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Truffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MISCEL-IAMEDUS AND OFFICE SUPPLIES BRANCH.
- FIELD OPERATIONS INVISION, Planner Service, Ear Department.—Patablished in Karch 1935. At that time it took over from the Administrative Division the Demodification Branch (established December 5, 1918, to supervise all satters relating to the Payment of troop upon demodification) and the Special Service Branch (which handled questions of forcing exchange, seed known of which handled questions of forcing exchange, seed known of the Control of the Administration of the Control of the Control of the Control Renotes, the functions of which are indicated by their names. Functions 7D control nethods of administration and

personnel of finance offices in the field; to investigate the activities of such offices; and to make recommendations concerning the revision of blank forms used in connection with disbursements under the control of the Director of Finance. Records: In the Finance Chief's Office, War Department.

FIELD ORGANIZATION DIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Organized on August 5, 1918. Its name was subsequently changed to Organization Division. It was reduced in size after March 1919 because of a lack of appropriations, but several of its units continued to function to June 30 through the financial assistance of private welfare organizations. The work of the Division was largely taken over by the States. Functions: To create a system of employment offices in each State; to organize State advisory boards and community labor boards; and to supervise the work of the Public Service Reserve and the Boys' Working Reserve. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

FIELD SECTION, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on June 27, 1918, by Division Order No. 77. The work of this Section was conducted through inspection managers and inspection forces stationed in the following ordnance district offices (as of November 11, 1918): Baltimore, Boston, Bridgeport, Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroit, New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Rochester, St. Louis, and Toronto. Functions: To perform inspection duties in the field. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

FIELD SUFERVISION SECTION, Enforcement Division, Food Administration.—Created in August 1918 to substitute field supervision for the former system of food control through reports submitted by licensees. A full force of inspectors worked in close cooperation with the State Food Administrators, and a staff of inspectors was maintained in the Washington office for special assignments. Abolished in January 1919. Functions: To investigate charges of violations of food regulations by questioning the licensees involved and if necessary by examining and auditing their business records. Records: 1918-19 (5 feet) in NA. Correspondence and reports of inspectors. References: William C. Mullendore, History of the United States Food Administration, 1917-1919, 338-340 (Stanford University, 1941).

FIELD SUPPLY SECTION, Gas Defense Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Established on August 31, 1917. Functions: To supervise the purchase, manufacture, and inspection of gas masks and similar appliances for the military service. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

FIELD TESTS OF GASES SECTION, Physiological Research Division, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Organized in August 1917 at the suggestion of the Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. Transferred with the War Gas Investigations to the War Department on June 25, 1918. Functions: To develop apparatus for testing the toxicity of gases under large-scale field conditions. Records: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Eureau, War Gas Investigations, 23 (Eulletin 178A. Washington, 1919).

FIELD TRAFFIC SECTION, Inland Traffic Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Established with the Division in March

- 1918. Functions: Supervised matters originating in the Navy field traffic offices located in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Norfolk, Pittsburgh, Suffalo, Chicago, and Detroit. The field traffic officers kept in close touch with various contractors and subcontractors in their districts and remered regular and special reports on existing and prospective transportation and their conditions, to sasist these, the Elivector General of Railroad assigned three experienced railtond executives with headquarters in Boston, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh. Records: Probably dispersed among those of the Bureau
- FIELD WORK BRANCH, Production Section, Oan Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on October 1, 1917; transferred to the Production Division by General Division Order No. 58, January 17, 1918. Functions: In charge of all field work done under the Section. **Ecorods: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- FIRS INVISION, Committee on Public Information,—Organized by authority of Executive Order No. 2708 of September 25, 1917. Later it included the Bureau of Nar Expositions and the Bureau of Nar Expositions and the Bureau of Nar Expositions and Expositions and Expositions of Public Information of Public Information in June 20, 1917. The State and Charles 5. Nar. Discourage of Public Information in Seake and Charles 5. Nar. Discourage of Public Information in Seake and Charles photographs and motion pictures (Including such full-length files as "Perching's Granders" and "America" and America Anners") concerned with America's war estivities. Records: 1918-19 (8 inches) in NA. Correspondence and shipping "Foorfe News to State Correspondence, reports, and film lesses were disposed of as uscless papers in 1928 and 1910.
- FIMS INVISION, Foreign Section, Committee on Public Inferration.— Created in July 1913. Central office in New York, with branch offices shread. Directed the activities of the Foreign Picture Service Biriston and werked in cooperation with the Films Pivities of the Committee, which handled domestic notion-picture matters. Discontinued on July 1, 1919. Carl Byorin, Director, and Harcus A. Beeman, Special Assistant. Functions: To bring sbout the introduction of American files abroad, especially such propagands films on "Fershing's Crusaders" and "America" a America" America. Apparently disposed of es useless papers in 1928 and 1910.
- FINANCE, INTERALLIED COUNCIL ON WAR PURCHASUS AND. -- See INTERALLIED COUNCIL ON WAR PURCHASUS AND FINANCE.
- FIRMLOR AND ACCOUNTS INVISION, Quartermastro General's Office, Tar Department.—Existed prior to the outbreak of war as the Finance and Accounting Invision. In Jammary 1918 it became first the Finance and Accounts Branch of the Administration Division and then of the General Administration Bureau. On April 16, 1918, it was established as Invision. Operated through the following Branchest Money Accounts, Property Accounts, and Substatemes Returns. Its functions were transferred to the Finance Service, Nar Department, on October 22, 1918. Functions: To handle all natters pertaining to the central accounting and administrative suditing of all divisions of the Office, except these handled by the Central Disturring Dayless.

FINANCE AND PROPERTY SECTION, Small Arms Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created in June 1917. Upon the reorganization of the Office on January 11, 1918, effected by Office Order No. 101, it was transferred to the Finance and Property Section, General Administration Bureau, and it was later transferred to the Administration Division as its Finance Section. On February 1, 1919, pursuant to Office Order No. 195, it was transferred to the new Small Arms Division. Functions: To maintain records pertaining to appropriations, estimates, allotments, and production costs; to be accountable for Government property at manufacturing plants; and to exercise the functions of disbursing officers. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

FINANCE AND PURCHASES DIVISION, Railroad Administration.—Created on February 9, 1918, with John Skelton Williams as Director. It was discontinued on March 15, 1919, and in its place there were created the Finance Division and the Purchases Division. Functions: To coordinate and supervise purchases of materials and supplies by railroads, and to assist the roads in formulating plans for meeting their financial obligations. Records: Those dealing with finances are in the Treasury Department; those dealing with purchases were authorized for destruction in 1934.

FINANCE AND SPECIAL CONTRACT SECTION, Civil Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the outbreak of the war. Functions: In charge of matters pertaining to questions of contract law, the allotment of funds, the preparation of contracts for ordnance materials, and the preparation of financial reports and data. Records: In the Navy Department.

FINANCE AND SUPPLY DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department. -- See PROCUREMENT DIVISION.

FINANCE AND SUPPLY DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.-Established on September 20, 1917, with the consolidation of the Property Return and the Audit Sections of the Record, Correspondence, and Examining Division and the Supply and Finance Sections of the Supply Division. On November 15, 1918, the supply functions of the Division were transferred to the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division of the General Staff, and the payment of all accounts and property accounting were transferred to the Director of Finance. From that time on the Division functioned only in an advisory capacity insofar as the supplies of the Medical Department were concerned. Functions: To have change of matters pertaining to medical supplies and disbursements and to manage all matters pertaining to the finances of the Kedical Department. Records: 1917-20 (464 feet) in NA. Include contracts for medical and hospital supplies and related correspondence; shipping papers pertaining to the distribution of medical, surgical, and veterinary supplies; and correspondence and other papers pertaining to the financial relations of the Ledical Department and the American National Red Cross.

FINANCE CHIEF'S OFFICE, War Department .-- See FINANCE SERVICE.

FINANCE CORPORATION, WAR .- See WAR FINANCE CORPORATION.

FINANCE DIRECTOR'S ADVISORY COMMITTEE, Finance and Purchases Division, Railroad Administration.—The organization of an Advisory Committee to the Finance Director was announced in March 1918.

- The Committee probably terminated with the Division on Narch 15, 1919. Functions: Indicated by title. Records: Probably destroyed as useless papers in 1931.
- FINANCE DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established on May 10, 1912. Abolished on February ID, 1920, and replaced by the Construction Evision in the General Comptroller's Department of the Corporation. Functions: to expertise and control fund allosements, especially those for construction activities; to maintain accounts showing the financial status of the Corporation; to audit all financial transactions, insulating claims and adjustency; and to manage and control all financial transactions of the Corporation. Records: In the Earlier Commission of the Corporation.
- FINANCE DIVISION, Office of the Onief of Engineers, War Department.— Established prior to February 2h, 1919, to take over the duties of the former Accounts and Contracts Division, Civil Norke Branch, as well as other functions. Punctions: To handle all matters pertaining to contracts and money accounts, property accountability, claims, and various other matters. Records: Probably among those of the Office in No.
- FIRMICE DIVISION, Ordeance Chief's Office, War Department.--Created on May 31, 317, to take over the functions formerly performed by the Property and Finance Division. Operated through the following Sections: General Control, Bookkeeping and Alloiment, Auditing, Legal, Goet Accounting, Dichurring, Freight, Ferenmei, Fay Moll, Ball and Becord, and Stores and Gersp. for January 11, 1913, that hall and Decord, and Stores and Sersp. for January 11, 1913, that can be supported by the Control of the Co
- FIGMICE DUTSION, Religion Administration,—Greated on March 15, 1919, Nomenly a part of the Flannes and Petchases Entrien. Aboltand on January 11, 1925. Thereafter, its work was handled successively by the Office of the Director General of Sallreds and the Office of the Entretor General of Sallreds and the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury. Functions: To secretar general supervision over financial matters of the Administration; to approve, in certain instances, the declaration of dividends by carriers under Federal control; to epprove the issance of bonds, note, equipment trust agreements, and stocks by carriers; to perchase rail-road securities for the Overment; and, after Federal control ended, to assist the Administration in Hughdating its financial obligations partment. Include Opin account files, cash books, security ledgers, and paid checks. All other records were authorized for destruction as uscless papers on Earch 20, 1936.
- FINANCE SECTION, Supreme Economic Council. -- See SUPREME ECONOMIC COUNCIL.
- FINANCE SERVICE, War Department. -- A Director of Finance, who at the same time was an assistant to the Director of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic, was authorized by Supply Circular No. 98, October 11, 1918.

1

The Finance Service thus created was made an independent operating bureau of the War Department on April 11, 1919, and it continued without any further major change in status until an act of June 4, 1920, effective on July 1, created the Finance Department, headed by the Chief of Finance. Operated through several Divisions, including: Field Operations; Funding; Money Accounts; Property Accounts; and Settlements. Functions: To direct the activities, personnel, and equipment of the several finance and accounting divisions of the General Staff and of the supply corps of the Army; and to be responsible for the finances of the several corps, departments, and other separate activities of the Army, including accounting for funds and property. Records: Fragmentary records for the war period are in MA, including miscellaneous ledgers and accounts, as well as various budget papers. Others are in the Finance Chief's Office, War Department.

FINANCIAL CAPACITY OF THE ENEMY STATES—THEIR MEANS OF FAYMENT AND HEPARATION, SUBCOMMITTEE ON, Reparation of Damages Commission, Peace Conference.—Appointed February 1, 1919. Consisted of one representative from each of the five Great Powers (the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan) and three others chosen later as representatives of Rumania, Serbia, and Poland. Held 32 meetings (Feb. 15-Apr. 18, 1919). American representative, Thomas W. Lamont. Lord Cunliffe, Chairman. Functions: To study the financial capacity of the enemy States to make payments and reparations. Records: Probably some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace.

FINANCIAL COM/ISSION, Peace Conference .- On January 23, 1919, the Council of Ten created a Financial Drafting Committee of five members, composed of one representative from each of the Great Powers (the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan). This Committee functioned until March 1, 1919, when the Council replaced it with the Financial Commission, a much larger body. Two representatives from each of the Great Powers and six lesser powers served on the Commission, which worked through the following five Subcommissions: Immediate Requirements; Monetary Questions; Enemy Debts; Interallied Problems and Plans of the Financial Section of the League of Nations; and Payment of Austro-Hungarian Obligations. The Commission later reduced itself to a membership of four. American members, Albert Straus and Thomas W. Lamont. E. S. Vontague, President. Functions: To prepare financial clauses for incorporation into the peace treaties. Records: Some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Regotiate Peace. Referencest H. M. V. Temperley, ed., A History of the Peace Conference of Paris, vol. 1, p. 502; vol. 2, p. 64 (Iondon, 1920); Andre Tardieu, The Truth About the Treaty, 92 (Indianapolis [1921]).

FINANCIAL DHAFTING COMMITTEE, Peace Conference. -- See FINANCIAL COMMISSION.

FINANCIAL REQUISITION OFFICERS, Treasury Department.—The position of Financial Requisition Officer was created under the authority of an act of September 2h, 1917, in pursuance of a plan for pooling funds to the credit of disbursing officers in the American Expeditionary Forces. Financial Requisition Officers were named for France, Great Britain, and Italy. The Requisition Officers were given credits with the Treasurer of the United States, and working balances were maintained in Paris, London, and Rome. Against these balances the disbursing officers drew checks. Functions: To receive moneys

- from the Treasurer of the United States and distribute them to disbursing officers, thus obvicting the transmittel of requisitions to Machington and funds to Europe by suny officers. Records: Accounting records in the Accounts Bureau, Treasury Department; detailed by records in the Finance Chefic Office. For Department
- FIRE ARTS COMMISSION.—Established by an act of May 17, 1910. Punctions: To give advice concerning plans and designs of buildings and parks, and the location and designs of status, fountains, and monuments in the District of Columbia. On October 16, 1918, the Secretary of the Many directed that the Commission be consulted whenever a medial or decoration is suthorized by the Rany Department. A similar order was insued by the Secretary of War on October 18, 1918. The Consistion supervised the preparation of and approved and the United States. Records: 1910-40 (195 feet) in Ma, except for those relating to incomplete projects. About one-fifth of the total relates to projects directly concerned with or arising out of the war. References: Fine Arts Commission, Reports, 1915-25.
- FINE CHEMICALS SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.— See MISCELLANDUS CHEMICALS SECTION.
- FINISHED PRODUCTS DUTISION, Bar Inchestries Board.—Originated in the appointment by the Council of Estimonal Defense on duty 26, 1937. To Robert S. Brookings as Commissioner of Finished Products in the Bar Inchestrian Board. Reorganized on April 1, 1938, with George N. Farek as Commissioner. Discontinued on December 17, 1936. Punctions: To did the Coverment in Receiling it was needed for finished products of all kinds and to assist in stabiliting Industry. Morked through commedity sections. Encouncil 1937-15 in 18. Post of them are discommending sections as the stabiliting Industry. Morked through commedity sections. Factorist 1937-15 in 18. Post of them are discommended to the stability of the Commissioner's Office and there are successful approached the following Sections: Automotive Products; Grane; Relection Wire and Cablay Electrical and Power Equipment; Marchares and Hand Tooly Machiner Tool; Willtary Optical Class and Instrument; Miscellaneous; and Venticle, Implement, and Bood Products. In addition, there is a large quantity of records of the Resources and Convertion that Industrial Inventory Section of the Council of Matternal Defense.
- FINISHED STEEL SECTION, Steel Division, War Industries Board. -- See STEEL FRODUCTS SECTION.
- FIR PRODUCTION BOAND.—On June 1, 1917, the West Coast Lumbermen's Association created the voluntary Douglas Fir Emergency Dureau to control lumber production in the Facific Northwest. Because of enforcement difficulties, this Bureau was replaced on Pebruary 19, 1918, by the Fir Production Board, which was created by an interdopartmental conference of representatives of the Aircraft Board, the Signal Corps, the Emipping Board, the War Industries Doard, and the Gar and savy Departments. Uffices he Two-Lund, Dreeg, Abciliation on July 16, 1919, when its functions were turned over to the Chancel-Lation Section of the Doppy and Sales Division, Descripency Files to the Change of the Ch

The Finance Service thus created was made an independent operating bureau of the War Department on April 11, 1919, and it continued without any further major change in status until an act of June 4, 1920, effective on July 1, created the Finance Department, headed by the Chief of Finance. Operated through several Divisions, including: Field Operations; Funding; Money Accounts; Property Accounts; and Settlements. Functions: To direct the activities, personnel, and equipment of the several finance and accounting divisions of the General Staff and of the supply corps of the Army; and to be responsible for the finances of the several corps, departments, and other separate activities of the Army, including accounting for funds and property. Records: Fragmentary records for the war period are in NA, including miscellaneous ledgers and accounts, as well as various budget papers. Others are in the Finance Chief's Office, War Department.

FINANCIAL CAPACITY OF THE ENEMY STATES—THEIR MEANS OF PAYMENT AND REPARATION, SUBCOMMITTEE ON, Reparation of Damages Commission, Peace Conference.—Appointed February 4, 1919. Consisted of one representative from each of the five Great Powers (the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan) and three others chosen later as representatives of Rumania, Serbia, and Poland. Held 32 meetings (Feb. 15-Apr. 18, 1919). American representative, Thomas W. Lamont. Lord Cunliffe, Chairman. Functions: To study the financial capacity of the enemy States to make payments and reparations. Records: Probably some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace.

FINANCIAL COMMISSION, Peace Conference .- On January 23, 1919, the Council of Ten created a Financial Drafting Committee of five members, composed of one representative from each of the Great Powers (the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan). This Committee functioned until March 1, 1919, when the Council replaced it with the Financial Commission, a much larger body. Two representatives from each of the Great Powers and six lesser powers served on the Commission, which worked through the following five Subcommissions: Immediate Requirements; Monetary Questions; Enemy Debts; Interallied Problems and Plans of the Financial Section of the League of Nations; and Payment of Austro-Hungarian Obligations. The Commission later reduced itself to a membership of four. American members, Albert Straus and Thomas W. Lamont. E. S. Montague, President. Functions: To prepare financial clauses for incorporation into the peace treaties. Records: Some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. References: H. W. V. Temperley, ed., A History of the Peace Conference of Paris, vol. 1, p. 502; vol. 2, p. 64 (London, 1920); André Tardieu, The Truth About the Treaty, 92 (Indianapolis [1921]).

FINANCIAL DRAFTING COMMITTEE, Peace Conference. -- See FINANCIAL COMMISSION.

FINANCIAL REQUISITION OFFICERS, Treasury Department.—The position of Financial Requisition Officer was created under the authority of an act of September 2h, 1917, in pursuance of a plan for pooling funds to the credit of disbursing officers in the American Expeditionary Forces. Financial Requisition Officers were named for France, Great Britain, and Italy. The Requisition Officers were given credits with the Treasurer of the United States, and working balances were maintained in Paris, London, and Home. Against these balances the disbursing officers drew checks. Functions: To receive moneys

Section of the Finance and Purchases Edvision on July 16, 1918. Renamed the Fire less and Protection Section on October 22, 1918. Because a unit of the Finance Division after March 15, 1919, and was probably discontinued with that Division on Assuary 31, 1925. Functions: To handle the adjustment of fire losses of realized properly and to prevent such losses through inspection and insistence on the observance of fire rules and regulations. Fresumably, after March 15, 2019, it took over duties formerly bandled by the Marine Insur15, 1919, it took over duties formerly bandled by the Marine Insur15, 2019, it took over duties formerly bandled by the Marine Insur15, 2019, it took over duties formerly bandled by the Marine Insur15, 2019, it took over duties formerly bandled by the Marine Insur15, 2019, it took over duties formerly bandled by the Marine Insur15, 2019, it took over duties formerly bandled by the Marine Insur15, 2019, it took over duties formerly bandled by the Marine Insur15, 2019, it took over duties formerly bandled by the Marine Insur15, 2019, it took over duties formerly bandled by the Marine Insur15, 2019, it took over duties formerly bandled by the Marine Insur-

FIRE PREVENTION DEPARTMENT, DUST EXPLOSION AND, Crop Experts Office, Grain Corporation. -- See CHIP EXPERTS OFFICE.

FIRE FEGURATION SECTION, War Innautrice Board.—Organised on April 5, 1918, and shortly thereafter took over work that had been carried on for many months by the National Board of Fire Underwriters in cooperation with the Council of National Defense. Discontinued on December 31, 1918. Functions: To inspect plants manufacturing munitions for the Dovernment and to insue recommendations for securing adequate fire protection. Records: 1918 (40 feet) in MA Include general correspondency; corresponding to the Protection of the Council of the National Board of Fire Underwriters concerning plant protection.

FIRE PROTECTION DEPARTMENT, Procurement Section, Materials Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—See PROCUREMENT SECTION.

FIRE PROTECTION SECTION, Engineering Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Originally in the Engineering Branch, Cantorment Division, Quaternaster Generally office. Transfarred with its superior agancy to the Construction Division on March 13, 1918. Functions: To prepare plans for fire protection in the construction work of the Army. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, Mar Department.

FIRE FORTGOTION SUCTION, Shippard Plants Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Regramy Fleet Corporation.—Initiated on September 28, 1917, with the appointment in the Shippard Plants Division of an Advisory Engineer on Fire Fortection whose staff became known as the Fire Frutection Section. The Section terminated on Larch 12, 1919, and its functions were turned over to the Shippard Flants Construction Section. Function: I dispect shippards for Fire protection equipment to make reports on their physical conditions of the Construction of the Shippard Shippard Conditions of the Construction of the Shippard Shippard Conditions of the Shippard Shippard

FISCAL AFFAIRS DIVISION, ACCOUNTS, CLAIRS, AND, Judge Advocate General's Office, Mar Department,—See ACCOUNTS, CLAIRS, AND FISCAL AFFAIRS DIVISION.

FISCAL DIVISION, Housing Corporation.—Organized in the Industriei Housing and Transportation Eureus in February 1915, and one of the last divisions of the Corporation to case operations. Included administer the embargo on the sale or exportation of fir lumber to private individuals; and to furnish information concerning orders, the embargo, and priorities to Government agencies. Records: 1917-19 (152 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, memoranda, reports, and other data relating to lumber orders and prices, the lumber embargo, embargo releases, the lumber supply of shipyards, mill capacity, and freight-car and train movements. Also included are lumber orders, order placements, mill reports of lumber cut, and order records for various Government departments. A small group of records of the Board is with the files of the Supply and Sales Division, Emergency Fleet Corporation; another small group is with the records of the Lumber Section, Raw Materials Division, War Industries Roard.

FIRE AND ACCIDENT PREVENTION BRANCH, Operations Control Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—On May 13, 1919, with the abolition of the Domestic Operations Division, its Fire and Accident Prevention Branch became a part of this Division. Operated through three Sections: Statistical, Fire Prevention, and Accident Prevention. It remained in the Division when the latter was renamed Storage Administration Division in 1919. About January 26, 1920, it was transferred to the Supplies Division of the Storage Service as a Section of the Warehousing Branch. Functions: To have charge of fire and accident prevention as related to Army supply activities. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

FIRE AND ACCIDENT PREVENTION BRANCH, Service Subdivision, Domestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized on November 1, 1918, as the Fire and Accident Branch. On January 30, 1919, its name was changed to Fire and Accident Prevention Branch. On May 13, 1919, the Branch was transferred to the Operations Control Division, Storage Service. Functions: To install and supervise methods of fire and accident prevention in depots, stations, and camps and in private plants working on Army contracts. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

FIRE-CONTROL AND OPTICAL SECTION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the outbreak of the war. Functions: To have charge of the design and manufacture of all material pertaining to or forming part of the fire-control system of a battleship and, with a few exceptions, of the design, manufacture, and procurement of all optical instruments. It supervised naval optical shops and such other plants as were engaged in the production of fire-control or optical instruments for the Bureau. Records: In the Mayy Department.

FIRE CONTROL EQUIPMENT SECTION, Engineer Subdivision, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See ENGINEER SUBDIVISION.

FIRE CONTROL SECTION, Artillery Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See ARTILLERY DIVISION.

FIRE LOSS AND PROTECTION SECTION, Finance Division, Railroad Administration.—Originally created as the Insurance and Fire Protection

on daily and weekly prices, and mailing lists of dealers. References: William C. Mullendore, History of the United States Food Addinistration, 1917-1919, 2h2-2h9 (Stanford University, 19h1).

IXED NITROGEN ADMINISTRATION. War Department .- Established on March 29. 1919, with the appointment by the Secretary of War of Arthur G. Glasgow as Fixed Mitrogen Administrator. On April 2. George J. Roberts, Deputy Fixed Nitrogen Administrator (appointed March 31), was made Special Assistant to the Chief of Ordnance in charge of fixed nitrogen interests in the Ordnance Benartment. About November he became Administrator. The Administration appointed the Fixed Ritrogen Commission to etudy fixed mitrogen practices abroad, and also sent J. G. Litman abroad on a mission similar to that of the Commission. It cooperated with the Department of Agriculture. It ceased to function about the middle of 1920. Functions: To represent the Secretary of War in matters pertaining to fixed nitrogen. Particularly, to draft plans for the peacetime utilization of the nitrate plants of the Mar Repartment, to negotiate with various interests regarding the disposition of these plants, to make the plants ready for peacetime production. to reorganize the Nitrate Division of the Ordnance Department in order to further this objective, and to promote research into the utilisation of nitrogen products. Records: Whereabouts unknown. Correspondence with the Administrator and the Deputy Administrator, however, is in NA in the files of the Cnief of Ordnance, the Nitrate Division, and the Fixed Nitrogen Research Laboratory. Correspondence with the Administrator, including copies of reports and memoranda submitted by him to the Secretary of War, 1919-20 (1 inch), may be found in a folder on "Kusele Showla" in the Secretary of Agriculture's general subject correspondence file, 1921, also in KA.

FIRED NITHOOFS COMMISSION, Fixed Nitrogen administration, War Department.—Appointed by the Fixed Nitrogen Administration, A. O. Claegow, with the approval of the Secretary of Brand the Chief of Ordance, on or about May 28, 3919. Commission spent of the Nitrogen Strain of the Ordance Chief of Office and one member detailed from the Ordance Chief of Office and one member detailed from the Ordance Chief of Office and one member detailed from the Ordance Chief of Office and one member detailed from the Dission spent above a Study in Durope, and especially in the complete Chief of Office Chief of Office of Office Of

FIXED MITHOUGH RESEARCH LABORATORY, Hitrate Davision, Ordanace Chief's Office, War Department.—Under authority of the National Defense Act of June 3, 1915, the Secretary orders for the relative that 1915, the Secretary orders of the roll marked 29, 1919, established the Fixed Mitropen Research Lordings as a unit of the Mitrate Davision of the Undance Chief Control of the Mitrate Davision of the Mitrate of the Intention of the Executive order from the order of the Mitrate of Mitrate of Mitrate of Mitrate order from the Fartment of Agriculture. In 1925 it because the Partiller Research Division of the Bureau of Chemistry and Solis of that Department of Agriculture. In 1926 it because the Partiller Research Division of the Bureau of Chemistry and Solis of that Department of Two continues to various researches on niture of fixed to Degun during the war, to obtain further information necessary for the peacetime utilization of the two nitrates plants constructed by the Covernment at Sheffield and Muscle Shouls, Ala., and to conduct such other investigations as would

Auditing and Accounting Sections. Headed by a Comptroller. Functions: Controlled the financial transactions of the Corporation and kept records of all payments made by the Comptroller. Records: 1918-30 (600 feet) in NA. Include vouchers, field orders, general and special correspondence, and a general subject file.

FISH SECTION, Canned Foods Division, Food Administration.—Created in August 1917; terminated in December 1918. Functions: To license and regulate the fish canning industry, maintain an inspection service, and determine fair maximum prices for packs. Records: 1917-18 (h feet) in NA. Include correspondence, copies of agreements with sardine packers, minutes of conferences, and notices of allotments made by the Coordination of Purchase Division.

FISH SECTION, RETAIL, Wholesale and Retail Division, Food Administration. -- See RETAIL FISH SECTION.

FISHERIES BUREAU, Commerce Department. -- Created in 1903, succeeding the Fish and Fisheries Commission. A few years later the Alaskan Fisheries Division and the Alaska Fur Seal Service were merged with it. Transferred to the Interior Department in 1939, and merged with the Biological Survey Bureau in 1940 to form the Fish and Wildlife Service of that Department. Functions: To conserve the fisheries and increase their productiveness, to improve the methods of utilizing marine and fresh-water food products, and to bring about the increased use of such products. These activities were immediately useful in connection with the war food program, and throughout the war the Bureau concentrated its efforts on such of them as would serve to increase the available food supply. For example, its fishcultural work was concentrated on the propagation of commercial food fishes. It actively cooperated with the Food Administration, the Fuel Administration, the Shipping Board, the War Trade Board, and the War and Navy Departments. Records: Those in NA (1868-1940, 461 feet) include for the war period miscellaneous correspondence, files concerning "station histories" of fish hatcheries and laboratories, field notes, reports, photographs, and miscellaneous records of the Alaska Division. Other records, including practically all records of the other divisions, are in the Fish and Wildlife Service. References: Fisheries Bureau, Annual Reports, 1917-21.

FISHERIES COMMITTEE, Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fisheries Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1917.

H. F. Moore of the Bureau of Fisheries, Commerce Department, was a member. Functions: To promote investigations of war problems relating to fisheries. One such investigation, supervised by the Fisheries Bureau, was a study of the availability of alginic acids for use as sizing materials without decreasing the food supply.

Records: In the National Research Council.

FISHERIES SECTION, Perishable Foods Division, Food Administration.—
Organized in August 1917. Transferred nominally to the Canned
Foods Division in October 1918 but appears to have continued to
function as a separate unit. Functions: To stimulate the production of fish, to supervise the licensing of salt-water fishermen,
to investigate cases of apparent excessive prices, to maintain "fair
maximum" prices on frozen fish, and to survey and analyze, in conjunction with the Rotail Fish Section of the Wholesale and Retail
Division, retail fish margins. Records: 1917-19 (35 feet) in MA.
Correspondence, minutes of conferences, rules and regulations, data

- FIGUR AND CENTALS SHANCH, Subsistence Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storege Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SUBSIST-ENCE DIVISION.
- FLOUR AND SUGAR SECTION, Staple Grocerice Division, Food Administration.—See SUGAR AND FLOUR SECTION.
- FIGUR EFFARMENT, Grain Corporation.—Established in October 1917. After the later part of July 1918 it negitiated purchases of wheat and other finums from the sillers, work previously handled by the Milling and Gereal Britations of the Food Administration. Functions: To handle all purchases and sales transactions in wheat filour except cartain accounts kept by the Expeditionary Flour Department between July 1918 and March 1919. Records: 1917-20 (hijó feet, combined with files inherited with the functions indicated above from the Food Administration) in NA. Include purchase, sales, shipping, and claims records, correspondence, contracts, vuchers, increase, journals, and ledgers. Related papers are among the records of the Anditing and Expeditionary Flour Departments.
- FLOUR DEPARTMENT, EXPEDITIONARY, Grain Corporation. -- See EXPEDITIONARY FLOUR DEPARTMENT.
- FLOUR DIVISION, GRAIN AND, Food Administration. -- See COARST GRAINS SECTION, Gereal Division.
- FLOUR SECTION, SUGAR AND, Staple Groceries Division, Food Administration.—See SUGAR AND FLOUR SECTION.
- FIX AND MOSQUITO CONTROL SUBSECTION, Sanitary Engineering Section, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.— See SANITARY ENGINEERING SECTION.
- FOOD ADMINISTRATION .-- Created by Executive Order No. 2679-A of August 10, 1917, under authority of the Food and Fuel Control (Lever) Act of the same date (not to be confused with the Food Production Act, also of the same date), with Herbert Hoover as Food Administrator. Branch administrations were set up in every Stats and in Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia, and two corporetions, the United States Sugar Equalization Board, Inc., and the Food Administration Orain Corporation, were crested to act as agents of the Administration. It worked in close cooperation with the Department of Agriculture and after the armistice with agencies angaged in the reliaf of Europe. The Washington office functioned through numerous divisions and sections, which were continually being reorganized or combined with other units as new problems arose or as the changing situation demanded changes in emphasis. Following the armistice the activities of the Administration were gradually terminated, and after November 21, 1919, most of the remaining work was carried on by the Wheat Director, Julius H. Barnss. On August 21, 1920, all branches of the Administration still in existence were abolished by Executive Order No. 3320. Functions: To provide for the supply, distribution, and conservation of food, to prevent monopolias and hearding, and to maintain governmental control of foods by means of wolentary agreements and a licensing system. The follow-ing means of some of the more important Divisions give an indication of the scope and breakdown of its activities: Alimentation, Baking, Canadian Relations, Cannos Foods, Cereal, Collateral Commodities, Coordination of Purchasa, Dairy Producto, Distribution, Educational,

Enforcement, Garbage Utilization, Home Conservation, Hotels and Restaurants, Legal, License, Marine Transportation, Meat, Mexican Relations, Milling, Miscellaneous Commodities, Perishable Foods, Schools and Colleges, Staple Groceries, States Administration, Statistical, Sugar, Transportation, and Wholesale and Retail. Records: 1917-20 (13,000 feet) in NA. Include the files of the Washington office, which are relatively complete; the records of the State Food Administrations, with the exception of those of Delaware and Florida and certain files for California that are now in the Bancroft Library at Berkeley, Callif.; and the records of county and city administrations, which vary considerably in completeness. Papers of a number of officials of the Food Administration are in the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace at Stanford University, Calif. ences: Food Administration, Annual Reports, 1917-18; William C. Mullendore, History of the United States Food Administration, 1917-1919 (Stanford University, 1941), prepared in 1921 as the final report of the Administration; Frank M. Surface and Raymond L. Bland, American Food in the World War and Reconstruction Period (Stanford University, 1931); Nina Almond and Harold H. Fisher, Special Collections in the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace, 80-83 (Stanford University, 1940); William F. Willoughby, Government Organization in War Time and After, ch. 11 (New York, 1919); Charles O. Hardy, Wartime Control of Prices, ch. 9 (Washington, 1940); George P. Adams, Jr., Wartime Price Control, ch. 3 (Washington, 1942); Almon R. Wright, World War Food Controls and Archival Sources for Their Study," in Agricultural History, 15: 72-83 (Apr. 1941). Detailed studies of the work of two of the branch administrations may be found in George N. McCain, War Rations for Pennsylvanians (Philadelphia, 1920), and Ivan L. Pollock, The Food Administration in Iowa (Iowa City, 1923). A number of articles were published in various periodicals between 1937 and 1942 on the records in NA for the California, Idaho, Louisiana, Indiana, Missouri, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Puerto Rico, Virginia, and Washington Food

FOOD ADVINISTRATION DEPARTMENT, Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense.—Organized about May 1917 and probably terminated on October 1, 1918. Mrs. Joseph R. Lamar, Chairman. Functions: Served as a medium through which the cooperation of the women of the Nation with the Food Administration was obtained. Records: Some are among those of the Council in NA.

Administrations.

- epecial laboratory investigations regarding food conservation and preservation. Records: Probably among those of the Office in Ma.
- FOOD AND RELIEF SECTION, Supreme Economic Council, -- See SUPPEME COUNCIL FOR SUPPLY AND RELIEF and INTERALLIED FOOD COUNCIL.
- FOOD AND SANITATION COMMITTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—Created on November 4, 1915. Consisted of five members; Leo H. Backeland, Chairman.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
- FOOD COMMISSION, INTERALLIED SCIENTIFIC.—See INTERALLIED SCIENTIFIC FOOD COMMISSION.
- FOOD COMMITTEE, CONSULTATIVE. See INTERALLIED WHEAT EXECUTIVE.
- FOOD CONSERVATION DIVISION, Food Administration.—See HOME CONSERVATION DIVISION.
- FOOD CONTAINERS SECTION, SISAL AND TEXTILE, Collateral Commodities
 Division, Food Administration. Sec COLLATERAL CONDUCTIES DIVISION.
- FOOD CONTROL LABORAUGH, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department—in existence before the war. Functions: In cooperation with the Food Administration, to search For Tiour substitutes, assist in this Food Administration on the production of beer and mall liquours, and furnish information on the uses and consumption of amounts in the breating and refrigenting industries; in cooperation with the Council of Rational Defense, to obtain date on and review processes for making alcohol, fused oil, and actions for war needs; and to analyze food samples for the far Department, the Marine Corps, the Council of Council of
- FOOD COUNCIL, INTERALLIED .- See INTERALLIED FOOD COUNCIL.
- FOOD COUNCIL CONSISTER OF REPRESENTATIVES, INTERALLIED, Interellied FOOD COUNCIL CONSISTER OF REPRESENTATIVES.
- POOL INVESTIGATION SECTION, Impaction Breach, Substatemen Davision, Quarternaster General's Office, was Poparizant.—Organised February 23, 1915. On October 19, 1916, it was transferred with the Office of the Director of Funchase and Storage. Functions To investigate the relative values of foods; to study substitution in case of shortages; to maintain a file of unreliable products and unreliable Scalers; and to investigate the reliability of foods and of this productors. <u>Proceedings among those of the Office</u>
- FOOD PROMOTION AND HAND EXCHANGES EPARTHEST, Woman's Committee, Council of National Berine.—Organised etout May 1917 and terminated on October 1, 1915. Mrs. Stanley McGornite, Chairman, Functions: to cooperate with the Agriculture Department in transmitting information on the production and swring of foodstuffs. Records: Some ser among those of the Commell in Na.
- FOOD PRODUCTION PROGRAM COLMITTEE, Agriculture Department. Established in the latter part of Jume 1917 and reconstituted before each

agricultural season. Loosely organized with members drawn from bureau chiefs and their most important subordinates, who functioned under the chairmanship of an Assistant to the Secretary (later an Assistant Secretary) or his representative. Under the Committee were Subcommittees on Animal Products, Farm Implements, the Labor Situation, Perishable Food Products, Potatoes, Production and Requirements, and the Possibilities of Increasing the Production of Staple Crops. Also known as the Production Program Committee and the Program Committee. Continued to exist for several years after the armistice as the General Committee on Agricultural Policies. Functions: To formulate seasonal planting programs that the Department might recommend to farmers, with suggestions for executing such programs. Records: 1917-19 (1/2 foot) in NA. Include minutes of meetings, drafts of reports, and reports of subcommittees, together with correspondence of the Secretary's Office relating to the Committee, in the general files of the Secretary's Office under "Grain" and "Grain-Wheat" for 1917, under "Grain-Wheat," "Production," "Production Program," and "Program of Work" for 1918, and under "Production Committee" for 1919.

FOOD PRODUCTS INSPECTION SERVICE, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department. - Originated as a unit operating experimentally during the 1916 shipping season. Established on November 1, 1917, as the Food Products Inspection Service (also known as the Market Inspection of Perishable Foods Project) under authority of the Food Production Act of August 10, 1917. Functioned as part of, or in close relation with, the Market Grades and Standards Project. After 1919 its duties were carried on in the Fruits and Vegetables Division of the Bureau. Functions: To decrease the number of disputes causing delays in the unloading of perishable foods; to improve the distribution, accelerate the transportation, and further the conservation of foodstuffs by investigating and certifying to shippers and other interested parties the quality and condition of fruits, vegetables, and other perishable farm products when received at important central markets; and to inspect perishable foods for the armed forces and aid those forces in organizing such inspection. Records: 1917-21 (3 1/2 feet) in NA. Carbon copies of inspection certificates issued at Cleveland, New York, and Washington and correspondence of staff menbers with Bureau authorities and the public.

continued to meet weekly or biweekly until early August, when the Council was dissolved. Robert A. Taft and Col. James A. Logan, Jr., American representatives. Herbert Bowere, Chairman. Functions: To deal with problems relating to food supply. Records: Minerabouts unknown. Beferences: Frank M. Surface and Raymond. Elland, American Food in the World War and Reconstruction Period, 28-29 (Stanford Biyerseffer, 1931).

FOOD SUPPLY COMMUTEE. Agriculture Benartment .-- Probably established in November 1916 and continued to function through the early part of 1917. Membership composed originally of two representatives of the Bureau of Animal Industry, two of the States Relations Service, and the Chief of the Eureau of Flant Industry, who ected es Chairman. Representatives of the Office of Markets and Rural Organization (later the Eureau of Markets) and of the Eureau of Crop Estimates soon were edded as members or consultants. Members of the staff of the Bureau of Ficheries also served as consultants. Punctions: To escertain the quantity of foodstuffs available and to estimate future supplies; to determine the extent to which food prices were justified: and to consider the extent to which it might be advisable for the Department to stimulate production of food producte and the use of substitutes. Records: A few reports of meetings with memoranda prepared by Committee members (filed under "Food"), together with papers drawn up in the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture concerning the work of the Committee, are in the general files of the Office of the Secretary for 1916 in NA.

FOOD SURVEYS OF THE UNITED STATES. Markete Bureau, Agriculture Department .- Functioned as early as July 1917. Formally cetablished es a project in August 1917 with funds and authority provided by the Food Production Act of August 10, 1917, which empowered the Secretary of Agriculture, with the President's approval, to require of persons certain types of information possessed by them regarding the food supply. Functioned with the assistance of the States Relations Service and the Bureaus of Crop Estimates and of Chemistry. Terminated on June 30, 1919. Also known as the War Energency Food Survey. Functions: To eid the Coverment and the public in planning production, efficient distribution, and conservation of food by pro-viding information, in the form of periodic or special reports, concerning food supply of the country, particularly es to the quantity of important food commodities in the hands of farmers, manufacturers; deelers, etorage agencies, and householders and the rate of consumption of these commodities. Records: 1917-19 (19 feet) in NA. Include memoranda, circular letters, schedule forms, and editing and tabulating instructions, 1917-15, and echebies and tabulating instructions, 1917-15, and echebies and tabulating instructions, 1917-15, and echebies and tabulating instructions, 1917-16, and echebies and tabulating instructions, 1917-15, and echebies and tabulating instructions, 1917-16, and echebies and tabulating instructions. spondence between the project head and Bureau authorities among the Markets Bureau correspondence files; and an unpublished report for 1918 in the Eureaus of Markets and of Agricultural Economics "manuecript files." Large quantities of achedules were destroyed in 1918 and 1920, and most of the correspondence of the project was destroyed in 1926.

FOODS, AUTISORY COLUMNIES ON TOXICITY OF PERSERVED, Medicine and Palated Sciences Division, Battonal Research Council.—See TOXICITY OF PRESERVED FOODS AUTISORY COLUMNIESS.

FORAUE BRANCH, Fuel and Forage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department. Organized on December 11, 1917, as the Fuel and Forage Franch, Supplies Division. Because the Porage Branch of

the newly organized Fuel and Forage Division on January 26, 1918. Transferred to the Subsistence Division in October 1918, when that Division was transferred to the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage. Functions: To handle the procurement of forage for animals overseas and in the United States and insular possessions. Records: Probably among those of the Office in MA.

FORAGE BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SUBSISTENCE DIVISION.

FORAGE BRANCH, FUEL AND, Quartermaster Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See FUEL AND FORAGE BRANCH.

FORECAST DIVISION, Weather Bureau, Agriculture Department.—Organized in 1893 to coordinate the forecasting duties exercised since 1870 by the Forecast Room, the River and Flood Room, and the Telegraph Division. Functions: During the war it furnished special forecasts to Army camps and naval bases and to railroads and truckers and helped to train forecast officials for work with the armed forces. Records: Among the general files of the Bureau in NA.

FOREIGN AGENTS AND REPORTS BUHFAU, War Trade Board.—Established on Rovember 2, 1917. Maintained agents (designated as "special assistants of the Department of State") in 26 countries, whose reports were abstracted in the Washington office and referred to the proper bureau heads or Board members until April 18, 1918, when most of this work was turned over to the Research Bureau. By June 1, 1918, only seven of the foreign offices were being maintained. In the fall of 1918 the name was changed to Foreign Agents Bureau. Transferred to the State Department in accordance with an Executive order of March 3, 1919. Functions: To instruct and direct the agents in foreign countries who were engaged in carrying out the policies of or collecting information for the Board, and to make available the reports and information received from these agents and other official sources abroad. Records: Among those of the Consular Bureau in the State Department.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE BUREAU, Commerce Department.—Established in 1912 and still in existence. During the war it functioned through the following Divisions: Commercial Agents, Commercial Attaches, District Offices, Foreign Investigations, Export Ideenses, Far Eastern, Foreign Tariff, Latin American, Research, Statistics, and Trade Information. Functions: To promote the foreign and domestic commerce of the United States. During the war it gathered information concerning industrial and trade conditions at home and abroad; assisted in the procurement of raw materials and other essential war supplies; adjusted difficulties between business houses and Government agencies; and undertook to solve problems involving trade restrictions. It maintained close relationships with nearly all war agencies. Records: In the Eureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. References: Laurence F. Schmeckebier and Gustavus A. Weber, The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, 33-36 (Baltimore, 1921).

FOREIGN AND INSUIAR (WARITHE) QUARANTINE AND INVIGRATION DIVISION, Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—Probably in existence before the war. Functions: To enforce laws and regulations for preventing the introduction into the United States of quarantinable diseases, including, following the armistice, the investigation of

- the sanitary conditions of all ports from which troops or emigrants would embark for the United States. Repords: Some for the period of the war are among those of the Service in NA, including reports of quarantine stations and records of inspections of such stations.
- FOREIGN BORN DIVISION, MORK WITH THE, Committee on Public Information.—See MORK WITH THE FOREIGN BORN DIVISION.
- FOREIGN CLAIMS SECTION, War Department Claims Board, War Department. --- See WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS FORED.
- POMEIGN EDUCATIONAL MOVE MINISION.—See FOREIGN SECTION, Committee on Public Information.
- FORMION EXCHANGE MUTISION, Federal Reserve Board.—Organized on January 30, 1918, to administer powers eiten to the Secretary of the Freezewy by the Freezewa to the Secretary of the Freezewy by the Freezewa to the Expisions and to Freezewa 15, 1917, and the Trading With the Except Act of October 6, 1917, Functions To keep appriated of foreign exchange operations and to prevent all transactions directly or indirectly of brenit to the energy. Records: In the cutody of the Board of Governors of the Federal Receive Systems.
- FOREIGN EXPERIENCE SECTION, Conservation Division, War Industries Board. -- See CONSERVATION DIVISION.
- FOREION KINES AND SKINES SECTION, Hide, Leather, and Leather Goods Division, War Industries Deard.—Degaw work on May 21, 1918. Its members also served in the Hide and Leather Control Branch, Supply and Equipment Division, Countermatter General's Office, War Department, until that unit was abolished on October 1, 1918. Discontinued on December 31, 1918, with a recommendation that its activities as continued by the Survey of Markets, Agriculture Department. Functions: To prevent the development of a runwary sarket, threatened because of an enburgo on imports of hides and skine and increased Occument decands for leather and beather goods, by controlling prices, allocating available supplies, and succuraging conservation. Records: Acong those of the Board int.
- POREION NETURNET, DHRY PROFAGNING SECTION, Megative Branch, Military Intelligence Mixision, Deneral Staff, Ear Department.—One of the four Sections out of which grew the Branch. Operated through serms tubections, as follows: Executive, Departmental, Propaganda, Forreich, Legal and Liaiton, Research, and Labor and Sabotage. Functions of study espicanese and propaganda directed against the United Tables in the Company of the
- FUNCTION INTELLIGENCE INVISION, Settle Pepartment.—Originated as the Information Division, established in 1909, Became the Foreign Information Division, established in 1909, Became the Foreign Intelligence Division by Departmental Order No. 52, May 7, 1917. Superseeds by the Foreign Information Division, one of its functions were assumed by the Publications Division, Special Section of purpose were items for the Publications Division. Functions: To prepare meet items for the Press; to exercise censoriality over and to central departmental publicity; to furnish confidential information with press bulleting; and to distribute through new agencies explanations of American policies and activities. Records: In the Communications and Records Division, State Department.

- FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SECTION, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.--See POSITIVE BRANCH.
- FOREIGN INVESTIGATIONS DIVISION, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau, Commerce Department.—See COMMERCIAL AGENTS DIVISION.
- FOREIGN LANGUAGE NEWSPAPER DIVISION, Committee on Public Information.—Organized in April 1917 and discontinued in March 1918. William Churchill, Director. Also known as the Division of Foreign Language Publications. Functions: To keep a close watch on foreign language newspapers and to perform translating services. Records: 1917-18 (6 inches) in NA. Consist of propaganda articles and translations from Swiss newspapers in the German language. "Foreign newspapers" disposed of in 1928 as useless papers may have been records of this Division.
- FOREIGN LANGUAGE PRESS SUBSECTION, News Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See NEWS SECTION.
- FOREIGN LANGUAGE FUBLICATIONS DIVISION, Committee on Public Information.—See FOREIGN LANGUAGE NEWSPAPER DIVISION.
- FOREIGN LOAN BUREAU, Treasury Department.—A temporary unit over which, in April 1918, an Assistant Secretary of the Treasury was placed. Functions: To supervise the loans by the Government of the United States to foreign governments made under acts of April 2h and September 2h, 1917, and April h and July 9, 1918, which vested authority in the Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President, to establish credits in favor of foreign governments engaged in war with the enemies of the United States; and to the extent of the credits so established, to purchase from such governments their several obligations. Records: In the Treasury Department. References: Lloyd M. Short, The Development of National Administrative Organization in the United States, 287-288 (Baltimore, 1923).
 - FOREIGN MAILS DIVISION, Post Office Department. -- In existence before the war. Renamed the International Postal Service Division in 1928. Functions: In addition to its regular duties, to provide mail facilities for the American Expeditionary Forces; after July 1, 1918, to cooperate with the Military Postal Express Service of the War Department, which assumed responsibility for this work; and to assist the War Trade Board in the licensing of merchandise through the foreign mails. Records: Some may be among those of the Department in NA. Others are in the Post Office Department.
 - FOREIGN MARKETING INVESTIGATIONS, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department.—Established in 1916 in order to prepare for the return of normal conditions. Functioned during the fiscal year 1919 with the aid of emergency funds. Activities made normal functions of the Bureau by ar appropriation act for the fiscal year 1922. Flaced in the Statistical and Historical Research Division, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, in 1922. Duties now performed by the Foreign Agricultural Relations Office. Functions: To handle questions relating to exports and imports of agricultural products brought to the attention of the Bureau. To promote post-war reconstruction of American agriculture by providing statistical and news services relating to American foreign trade in agricultural products, by investigating facilities for handling exports and markets for exports of American farm and nonmanufactured food products, by advertising such products, and

by negotiating for their export. Records: 1916-22 (5 feet) An Ma-Include communiar reports accumulated by the project, cettered among the "Reports on Foreign Agricultural Conditions," 190-35 of the Foreign Agricultural Relations Office; correspondence of eaff meaber with Dureau authorities, the project made the public in the control of the Condition of the Sureaus of Markets and a public of the Sureaus of Markets

FOREIGN NEWS BUREAU, News Department, Woman's Committee, Council of Mational Defense.—See NEWS HEPARTMENT.

FOREIGN FERMIT OFFICE, Passport Control Division, State Department.— Established by Departmental Order No. 115, August 13, 1918, pursuant to a Presidential proclassation and Executive order of August 8, 1918. Discontinued on June 30, 1920, by Departmental Order No. 170, June 15, 1920, Tunctions: To perform work relating to the issuance of passports to aliens preparing to Leave the United States. Records: In the Communications and Records Division, State Department.

FORETOR FIGURE SERVICE DIVISION, Committee on Public Information.—
Authorized by Recentive Order No. 277h-A. December 17, 1937, although it had been actually organized in October. Office in New Forkthough it had been actually organized in October. Office in New Forkthough it had been actually organized in October. Office in New ForkInformation of the Foreign Section in July 1935. Jules E. Brulatour
and Lt. John Durrk, Directors auscessively. Functions: To furnish
motion pictures to Ascrician soldiers at home and Divisid and, through
such organizations as the Y. M. C. A., to the Allies. The Division.
promoted the dissessination abroad of "educational" films by coopersting with the War Trade Board in Hosenism thair approve. Records
1917-19 (3 feet) in Ms. Records of films reviewed for export, Tills
receipts and ohipments, and accounting records.

FORTION FRESS BUREAL-MAIL SERVICE, Foreign Section, Committee on Public Information.—Established an Normabre 1911 to suppliement the work Information.—Established an Normabre 1911 to suppliement the work New York. Cooperated with the Biriston of Syndicate Features, the Division of Pictures, and representatives of the Committee abroad. Ferminated in Kay 1919. Fremet Poole, Director. Functions: To compile and to mail weekly for dissemination abroad press material, consisting largely of news and features articles but including the consisting largely of news and features to Illustrate tendential, Records: 1918-19 (freed) in RA. Include some ports. The records free pressure were in large part disposed of as useless papers in 1920 2017 to the contract of the con

NOMINON PROCE-MINELESS AND CARLE SERVICE, Pereign Section, Committee on Public Information.—Pages functioning in September 1947. Main office in New York. Maintained agents in Europe, Asia, and South Assarica. In longest-lived of the Committee's divisions, it was terminated in June 1919, after facilitating transmission to the United States of news concerning the Peace Conference. And the Conference of the Peace of the Committee of the Conference of the Committee of the Committee

- FOREIGN RELATIONS DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENTAL AND, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See GOVERNMENTAL AND FOREIGN RELATIONS DEPARTMENT.
- FOREIGN RELATIONS SECTION, External Relations Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See ALLIED RELATIONS SECTION.
- FOREIGN HELATIONS SECTION, General Relations Division, National Research Council.—Organized in 1917 under the chairmanship of George E. Hale and was a part of the Administrative Division of the Council until the war organization was established, when it became a part of the General Relations Division. In the reorganization that followed the end of the war, it became the Division of Foreign Relations.

 Functions: Its chief work was to participate in plans for the international organization of research. These plans took form when the International Research Council was provisionally constituted at Paris in November 1918. Records: In the National Research Council.
 - FOREIGN RELIEF DEPARTMENT, American National Red Cross War Council. See AMERICAN NATIONAL RED CROSS WAR COUNCIL.
 - FOREIGN RELIEF DEPARTMENT, HOME AND, Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense.—See HOME AND FOREIGN RELIEF DEPARTMENT.
 - FOREIGN REQUIREMENTS BUREAU, LUBRICANTS AND, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—See LUBRICANTS AND FOREIGN REQUIREMENTS BUREAU.
 - FOREIGN SALES SECTION, External Relations Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See EXTERNAL RELATIONS BRANCH.
 - FOREIGN SECTION, Committee on Public Information.—Began work abroad about September 1917, at first under the direct supervision of George Creel, Chairman of the Committee. Operate i mainly through the Foreign Press-Wireless and Cable Service, Foreign Press Bureau-Mail Service, the Division of Foreign Picture Service, and local representatives abroad. Terminated in June 1919. Arthur Woods, Will Irwin, and Edgar Sisson, Directors successively. Also known as the Division of Foreign Educational Work. Functions: To disseminate abroad news and educational information regarding the United States. Records: 1917-19 (32 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, reports from representatives abroad, records of the postal censorship, news summaries, newspaper clippings, press releases, and news bulletins. Some records of the offices of the Committee's representatives abroad are also in NA. "Cables and daily reports of foreign bureaus" were among records disposed of as useless papers in 1928.
 - FOREIGN SERVICE COMMITTEE, National Research Council.—Created in April 1917, with Joseph S. Ames as Chairman. Functions: Soon after American entry into the war, its members went to Europe, where they obtained military and industrial information from the French and British Governments and from scientists engaged in research on war problems. Records: In the National Research Council.
 - FOREIGN SERVICE DIVISION, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau, Commerce Department.—See CONVERCIAL AGENTS DIVISION.

- FOREIGH TARIFF DIVISION, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau, Commerce Department.—An egency antedating the creation of the Bureau and still in existence. Functions: To furnish information regarding foreign teriffs and other trade regulations. During the war it supplied war agencies, especially the Shipping Board and War Irade Board, with information regarding trade restrictions in foreign countries. Later it studied the post-war tariff policies of foreign countries. Records: In the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.
- FORTION TRADE ADVISORIS DYPICE, State Department.—Originated in 1912. Functions: Under Departmental Order 10. Set of October 8, 1917, the UTILGS was given the function of conducting all correspondence of a routine nature with foreign diplomatic representatives in Meahington and with American representatives abroad with reference to the issuance of export licensee end of answering all requeste from the Exports Administrative Board for information as to whether it was desirable to grant export licensee for shipments to certain consignees in foreign countries. After the Exports Identification of the Control of the Co
- FORMICH WOOL SECTION, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board, "Created on June 13 and discontinued on December 21, 1918. For a period following July 17, 1918, while the Unit of the Sections was chread, its work was performed by the Woolean Section. Function: To handle Overnment purchases of foraign wool. Records: Among Whose of the Board in NA. Included is correspondence of the Chief, A. M. Pattason.
- FOREST FROMUCTS IMPARTMENT, Operations Division, Smigning Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Probably in operation for February to Cottober 1916, Functions: To super-time the Annual Impact of the Army, timber and insert for comporation, and forest for the Army, timber and table and lumber trade. Records: Whereshoule understone general tables and lumber trade.
- FOREST PRODUCTS JOINT OFFICE, LUMBER AND, -- See LUMBER AND FOREST PROD-UCTS JOINT OFFICE.
- NOMES PRODUCTS LEDUKUMI, Forst Service, Agriculture Department.—
 Relablished in Jose 2010 at Radion, His., through the cooperation
 of the University of Histonian and the Forst Service. Indivereity furnished the plant and stillies, and the Forest Service supplied the raw materials and a staff. During the war the case refunctions of rendering practical buring the war the case of the companion of the property of the property of the property of the companion of the practice of rendering practical timber sechanics, preservative
 treatment of woods, kill-ndrying, timber physics, paper-pulp making,
 and wood derivetives and of promoting forest conservation and the
 practice of forestry were continued. Special experience of the
 on research on the wars of forest produced specifications, watermond of carpinities, played and vanced specifications, watershould be companioned to the produced of the produced of the
 hipping containers. In its work on shipping containers, the
 hipping was box and creat tests, developed specifications for

containers, and conducted schools for Army officers. Records: 1917-18 (68 feet) in NA. Include production reports with information on the supply and availability of forest products for such wartime uses as airplane and ship construction; correspondence between the Washington office of the Service and the Forest Products Laboratory; and technical reports pertaining to its investigations.

FOREST PRODUCTS SECTION, Purchases Division, Railroad Administration.—
Established as part of the Central Advisory Purchasing Committee of
the Finance and Purchases Division in September 1918. Maintained
branches in New Orleans and Scattle and cooperated with the War Industries Board. Transferred to the Purchases Division on March 15,
1919, and probably discontinued with the Division on April 1, 1920.
Functions: To cooperate in the procurement, treatment, and distribution of all raw materials of wood. Records: Probably destroyed
with those of the Division in 1934.

FOREST SERVICE, Agriculture Department .- The Bureau of Forestry became the Forest Service in 1905. In the same year the administration of the national forests was transferred from the Interior Department to the Agriculture Department. Functions: Its regular functions of protecting, managing, and improving the national forests and promoting the conservation and best use of private and State owned forest lands were continued during the war and special experiments were conducted to learn the best use of the country's wood supplies for aircraft, wooden ships, boxes, crates, structural timber, and wood for offensive and defensive gas warfare. It also guarded means of communication, engaged in activities connected with wood fuel campaigns, and did translation work for the Army War College. Regiments of woodsmen were enlisted for forest service in the United States and the Allied countries. Records: Those in NA for the war period (90 feet) include correspondence in regard to the 10th and 20th Engineers and memoranda, reports, and other papers dealing with the cooperation between the Forest Service and other Covernment agencies during the war. Other records for the war period remain in the Agriculture Department. References: Jenks Cameron, The Development of Governmental Forest Control in the United States (Baltimore, 1928); Darrell H. Smith, The Forest Service (Washington, 1930).

FORESTRY COMMITTEE, Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fisheries Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1917, with Raphacl Zon and I. W. Bailey as members, to serve as a correlating agency for research in forestry and "to represent the interests of forestry and its relation to work in botany and agriculture."

Records: In the National Research Council.

FORESTRI SECTION, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established as a temporary unit prior to the end of 1917. Functions: To study forestry problems and to train and provide personnel for this work for the American Expeditionary Forces. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

FORGING SPECIFICATIONS, JOINT ARLY AND NAVAL BOARD ON GUN.—See JOINT ARLY AND NAVAL BOARD ON GUN FORGING SPECIFICATIONS.

FORGINGS, ORDMANCE, SMALL ARMS, AND SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION SECTION,
Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—Created on June 1
and discontinued on December 20, 1918. Also known as the Ordnance
Section and the Ordnance, Forgings, Machining, and Small Arms Section.
Functions: To carry on the programs of design, specifications, and

procurement of the commodities previously handled by the Small Arms and Ammunition Committee, Numitions Standards Board, Council of National Defense. Records: Amons those of the Board in Na.

FORTIFICATION AND MAPPING DITISTON, Military Franch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Kur Department.—Accessed by an Office circular of July 8, 1918, to exame all detice in connection with fortifications and militery suppling formicity assettings to the Equipment and Construction Division, Merged into the Fortification, Design, and Construction Section of the Kilitary Construction Division upon the formation of that Division some time prior to February 21, 1919; the mapping duties were assumed by the Military Mapping Section of the Division. Functions: In supervise the procurement of emissed men and the training of engineer throps and engineer military operations to connection with seasonst fortifications and military mapping. Records: Probably among those of the Office in Ma.

FORTIFICATION BOARD, ORINANCE AND, War Department .- See ORDNANCE AND FORTIFICATION BOARD.

FORTIFICATION, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTION SECTION, Military Construction Division, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See FORTIFICATION AND MAPPING UNIVSION, Military Branch

FORTIFICATION DIVISION, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF ENGINEERS, WAR Department. - See Military Branch.

FORTITICATIONS AND CASICARAS SECTION, Tequipment and Construction Division, Multicary Stance, Office of the Order of Engineers, Yar Department.—Established prior to the end of 1917. By an office atroular of July 8, 1918, the functions were transferred to the newlay created Fortification and Engoing and Equipment and Operations Divisions. Functions in Supervise the procurement of emission men and the training of engineer troops for essensit fortifications (As Alexander Stations. Becomes: Probably among those of the Office in Ma.

NUM UNITY MAN DIVISION, Committee on Public Information.—Organized printitely in Chicago by Doubld M. Byerson, and then over by the printitly in Chicago by Doubld M. Byerson, and then over by the Chicago of the Chica

JEMID AND GENT SCOTTINE Apprison Descent Military Jobaltance Division, General Staff, for Department, and chightent in the Courtermater General's Office carly in 1918 as a unit headed by a Military Intelligence office on detail. Pransferred to the Military Intelligence Division on July 13, 1918, and constituted a Subsection of the Army Section. On September 24, 1918, it was made a separate Section (scottimes called the Orat's and Tread Section), because of the province of the Court of the Court of the Courter Section of the Courter Section Courter Section of the Courter Section Section of the Courter Section Sectio

- of War Department Circular No. 268, July 16, 1920. Functions: To detect and prevent fraud and graft in the purchase and handling of military stores. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
- FREIGHT CLAIM SECTION, Law Division, Railroad Administration.—Created in August 1918; it was abolished and its functions were taken over by the Claims and Property Protection Section of the Law Division on September 1, 1918. Functions: To handle claims relating to losses and damages of freight and to take measures to prevent such losses. Records: Among those of the Division in NA.
- FREICHT RELEASE BRANCH, OVERSEAS, Port Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See OVERSEAS FREIGHT RELEASE BRANCH.
- FREIGHT TRAFFIC BRANCH, Rail Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—Established about March 11, 1919, as essentially a continuation of the Property Movements Branch of the Inland Transportation Service. Probably also known as the Cargo Branch. Operated through seven Sections, as follows: Bills of Lading and Transportation Requests; Adjustments and Decisions; Expedition and Demurrage; Rail Equipment; Reconsignments and Diversions; Transportation Orders; and Express Shipments. In addition, it included a Priorities Committee, which consisted of the heads of Subsections, as follows: Quartermaster, Ordnance, Signal Corps, Aviation, Medical Corps, Engineer Corps, Chemical Warfare, Refrigeration, Animal, and Statistical. Functions: To follow shipments through from point of origin to port in France, and to maintain a similar system covering shipments from France. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.
 - FREIGHT TRAFFIC COMMITTEES, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration.—Created July 22, 1918. There was an eastern committee with headquarters in New York City; a southern in Atlanta; and a western in Chicago. These were coordinated by the Traffic Section of the Division of Public Service and Accounting. Probably discontinued with the Traffic Division on March 1, 1920. Functions: To handle matters relating to changes in freight rates, rules, and regulations in official eastern, southern, and western classification territories. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - FREIGHT TRAFFIC CONTROL COMMITTEE, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Greated on April 23 and abolished on December 1, 1918.

 Functions: To facilitate the movement of freight traffic through Potonac Yard, Va., Hagerstown, Md., and Hampton Roads, Va., and to decide on embargoes affecting traffic passing through these points. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.
 - FREIGHTS AND LICENSES, COFFEE COMMITTEE ON.—See COFFEE COMMITTEE ON FREIGHTS AND LICENSES.
 - FRESH MILK AND BREAD DIVISION, Food Administration. -- See BAKING DIVISION.
 - FRUIT AND VEGETABLE UTILIZATION LABORATORY, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department.—In existence prior to the war. Functions: To study methods for drying fruits and vegetables with a view to improving the dehydration industry. Records: Those for the war period are interfiled with records of the Bureau in NA.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES MARKET NEWS SERVICE. Markets Bureau. Agriculture Department. -- Established July 1, 1916, as a separate project entitled "Collecting and Distributing Market Information" to carry on work begun in 1915. Greatly expanded under the Food Production Act of August 10. 1917. and supplementary appropriations of 1918. Functioned in close relation with the Market Surveys, Methods, and Coste Project. On November 24, 1919, it was placed under the Fruits and Vecetables Division of the Rureau. Functions: To improve distribution, accelerate transportation, further conservation, and stabilize prices of perishables by collecting and distributing information concerming supply. commercial movement, and market prices of fruite and vegetables. Records: 1915-40 (150 feet) in NA. Include processed copies of news bulleting issued at various stations; correspondence of staff members with Bursan authorities, the project head, and the public in the Market Surveys correspondence files, 1917-18, and in the Markete Bureau central correspondence files, and detailed annual reports, combined with those of related projects, in the "manuscript files" of the Bureaus of Markets and of Apricultural Economics.

FRUITS AND VECTABLES SECTION, Periabable Pools Division, Pool Administration.—Organized in August 1917; transferred to the Cammed Roos Division in October 1918. Punctions: To prevent wasts in transportation and to regulate sorrage charges and the marketing of first fruits and regutables. Records: 1917-18 (12 feet) in NA. Correspondence, interoffice mecorands, and related papers.

FRUITS SECTION, CANNED AND DRIED, Canned Foods Division, Food Administration.—See CANNED FOODS DIVISION.

FUEL AMMINISTRATION, --Authorized by the Food and Fuel Control Act of August 10, 1917. Harry A. Garfield was appointed Fuel Administrator by the President on August 23, 1917. The principal operative units were the Administrative, Distribution, and Oil Divisions, which in turn had many subunits. Some of the Fuel Administration's early work was based upon data gathered by the Federal Trade Commission. After the armistice was signed, the activities of the Administration case gradually to a closs, and it officially terminated on July 1, 1919. On October 29, 1919, however, the Puel Administrator was recalled to assist in temporarily restoring fuel regulations, and sarved, together with a few advisers, until December 13, 1919, working through the Railroad Administration. Functions: To exercise supervision over the production, distribution, and conservation of fuel. The Administration was at first concerned with coal and coke because of the great shortage during the winter of 1918-19. The importance of oil to industrial life and to modern warfare was econ recognized, however, and the Oil Division was created. General standardization of specifications, improved production methods, more efficient transportation. and the advancement of conservation practices were among the contributions of the Administration. Records: 1917-19 (2.116 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, reports, memoranda, tabulations, statistical data, and specialized records dealing with almost all phases of the production, distribution, and consumption of coal, moke, and oil. Matters relating to the supplying of the armed forces, of industry, and of the Allies are dealt with, and there is much material concerning conservation and increased efficiency in consumption. The general regulatory and educational policies of the Administration and the effects and successes of such policies are shown in detail. References: William F. Willoughby, Government Organization in War Time and After, ch. 12 (New York, 1919); Charles O. Hardy, Martine Control of Frices, ch. 10 (Washington, 1940); George P. Adams, Jr., Wartins

Price Control, ch. 4 (Washington, 1942). The Fuel Administration issued no annual reports. After the close of its activities there appeared the Report of the Distribution Division, 1918-1919, by Carl E. Lesher and Wayne F. Ellis (1919. 3 vols.), the Report of Engineers Committee, 1918-1919 (1919), the Final Report of the Eusiness Manager, edited by Lawrence Mitchell (1920), and part 1 of the Report of the Administrative Division, 1917-1919 (1920), which consists of reports of the Bureau of State Organizations and of the Federal Fuel Administrators for the various States and districts, edited by George E. Homes. Appearing in one volume, published in 1921, were three reports: the Final Report of the United States Fuel Administrative Division, 1917-1919, which consists entirely of the Administrative Division, 1917-1919, which consists entirely of reports of the bureaus with headquarters at Washington, edited by George E. Homes; and the Report of the Oil Division, 1917-1919, by Mark L. Requa.

FUEL AND FORAGE BRANCH, Quartermaster Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on November 1, 1918, and discontinued in January 1919. Functions: To be responsible for the delivery of the following classes of supplies to ports of embarkation and for securing priorities and releases therefor: Porage, oil and greases, and gasoline in bulk and drum. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

FUEL AND FORAGE DIVISION, Quarternaster General's Office, War Department.—Established December 11, 1917, as a Branch in the Supplies Division. On January 19, 1918, by General Orders, No. 8, it became a Division. Its functions were expanded by General Orders, No. 23, of March II, and General Orders, No. 53, of May 27. By October 28, the Division had split up, its Fuel and Oil Branches going to form the basis for the Raw Materials Division of the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage, and its Forage Branch going to the Subsistence Division. Functions: To handle the procurement, purchase, and distribution of Tuel, oil, and forage for the Army. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

FUEL AND FUEL HANDLING COLUMNITIES, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—Organized early in 1916. Consisted of 10 members; Spencer Willer, Chairman. Acted in conjunction with the Naval Fuel Oil Board. Functions: To gather and make available for the Navy Department engineering, scientific, and industrial information concerning the supply, transportation, storage, and use of fuel oil. Records: In the Navy Department. References: Lloyd N. Scott, The Naval Consulting Board of the United States, 56-63 (Washington, 1920).

FUEL AND FERSONNEL DIVISION, Steam Engineering Bureau, Navy Department.—Established in 1914 to take over certain functions of the former Bureau of Equipment. Discontinued about 1921. Functions: To have charge of the inspection of fuel for the Navy; the preparation of specifications for fuel; the supervision of the Naval Petroleum Reserve; the detail of engineering personnel in cooperation with the Bureau of Navigation; and the confidential files of the Eureau. Records: 1914-21 (combined with the general files of the Eureau of Engineering, total 4,134; feet) in NA. Chiefly correspondence. Other records are in the Navy Department.

- FUEL AND POWER SECTION, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office,
- FUEL BRANCH, Fuel and Forage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, Mar Department.—Originally part of the Nusl and Borage Branch, Supplies Division. On January 19, 1918, it became a Franch of the newly created Fuel and Forage Division. Transferred on October 28, 1918, as the Fuels Branch to the Rew Materiale Division, Office of the Director of Furchase and Storage. Functions: To handle the procurement of the coal, coke, and wood required by the Army; and to access manufacturers of supplies for the Army to obtain necessary fuel. Records: Probably among those of the Office in MA.
- FUEL CONSERVATION SECTION, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Greated on May 1, 191h; probably abolished with the Division on March 1, 1920. Functions: To develop efficient and economical methods of fuel consumption in locomotives and railroad power Plants; to improve the quality of fuel consumed; and to instruct engineers in the economical use of fuel. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.
- FUEL INSTRIBUTION SECTION, RAILROAD, Dituminous Cosl and Coke Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.—See SITUMINOUS COAL AND CORE SURFAU.
- FUEL MIVISION, LOGISTICS AND, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—See LOGISTICS AND FUEL MIVISION.
- FUEL OIL SECTION, Oil Conservation Bureau, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—See OIL CONSERVATION BUREAU.
- FUEL CIL SECTION, Petroleum Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See FETROLEUM DIVISION.
- FUEL REQUIREMENTS, NATT CONTRACTORS SECTION, Lociatics and fuel Diricion, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department,.-Dicted from 1917 to 1907. Functions: In charge of the procurement of naval fuel cupplies for contractors having Navy contracts. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in Me.
- FIGE. SECTION, Purchases Division, Bailroad Administration.—Originally solabilished on June 11, 1918, as part of the Central Advisory Purchasing Committee of the Finance and Purchases Division on Rarch 15, 1919. Probably abolished on April 1, 1920, thereafter the unfinished work was handled, first, by the Director General's Office, and, after May 15, 1920, by the Laudenton Chalms Striston Strict, and the Purchase 1918, and the Strict of the Stric
- FUEL SECTION, Raw Materiale Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Steff, War Department.—See RAW MATERIALS ERUCA.
- FUEL SECTION, ALLCTMENT AND DISTRIBUTION OF NAVI, togistics and Fael Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Kary Department.—See ALLCT-MENT AND DISTRIBUTION OF NAVI PMEL SECTION.

- FUEL STOCKS AND VESSEL ASSIGNMENTS, Logistics and Fuel Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Existed from 1917 to 1920. Functions: To have charge of assignments for loading of and ports of discharge for fuel cargoes, the assignments being based on requirements of vessels bunkering at the various ports; the upkeep of stocks of fuel at fuel depots; and the placing of orders with Navy contractors for the supplying of fuel. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
- FUEL ZONE COMMITTEE, JOINT, Railroad Administration.—See JOINT FUEL ZONE COMMITTEE.
- FUELING FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT SECTION, Logistics and Fuel Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—See DEVELOPMENT OF FUELING FACILITIES SECTION.
- FUELS BRANCH, Raw Materials and Paints Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—By Purchase and Storage Notice No. 13 of October 28, 1918, the Fuel and Forage Division of the Quartermaster General's Office, exclusive of the Forage Branch, was transferred to the Raw Materials Division, where it became the Fuels Branch. In existence when the Division became a Branch of the Regular Supplies Division of the Purchase Service on August 18, 1919. Functions: To maintain contact with the Fuel Administration in the coordination of Army coal and coke procurement requirements and in the allocation of fuel supplies to Army contractors. After the close of the war this Branch procured coal for the Army by direct purchase. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
- FUELS COMMITTEE, CHEMISTRY OF, National Research Council. -- See CHEMISTRY OF FUELS COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division.
- FUNDING DIVISION, Finance Service, War Department.—Established on October 11, 1918. Functioned through Executive, Apportionment and Allotments Accounts, and Funds Distribution Branches. Functions: To supervise the distribution of funds and allotments to disbursing officers. Records: In the Finance Chief's Office, War Department.
- FUNGICIDE BOARD, INSECTICIDE AND, Agriculture Department.—See INSECTICIDE AND FUNGICIDE BOARD.
- FUNGICIDE LABORATORY, INSECTICIDE AND, Miscellaneous Division, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department.—See INSECTICIDE AND FUNGICIDE LABORATORY.
- FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT SECTION, Operating Division, Housing Corporation.—See OPERATING DIVISION.
- FUZE AND CARTRIDGE CASE BRANCH, Projectile Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on April 12, 1918. Functions: To handle the purchase of complete fuzes, primers, and cartridge cases of all kinds. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- FUZE BRANCH, Purchase Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on September 20, 1917; transferred to the Procurement Division by Gun Division Order No. 57, January 13, 1918. Functions: To handle all business negotiations in connection with

the purchase of complete fuses of all kinds and of primers, not including the handling of the raw materials for fuses or any packing containers. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

FUZZ GROUP, Artillery Ammunition and Trench Warfare Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See ARTILLERY ANGUNITION AND TERMON WARFAIR BRANCH.

FUZE SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See PROJECTILE SECTION.

- GARBAGE AND FERTILIZER SECTION, Waste Materials Branch, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See WASTE MATERIALS BRANCH.
- GARBAGE SECTION, FERTILIZER AND, Salvage Branch, Conservation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See SALVAGE AND GAR-DENING BRANCH.
- GARBAGE UTILIZATION DIVISION, Food Administration.—Organized in November 1917. In October 1918 it became a Section in the Collateral Commodities Division. On March 7, 1919, its functions were transferred to the Soils Bureau, Agriculture Department. Functions: To encourage the building of garbage reduction plants from which to procure fats, glycerine, and fertilizer, and to promote the use of garbage as hog feed where reduction plants were not established. Records: 1917-21 (9 fcet) in NA. Correspondence, a tabulation of garbage disposal systems and uses to which garbage could be put, and related records. References: William C. Mullendore, History of the United States Food Administration, 1917-1919, 101-103 (Stanford University, 1941); Food Administration, Garbage Utilization, With Particular Reference to Utilization by Feeding (Washington, 1918).
- GARDEN ARMY, SCHOOL, Education Bureau, Interior Department.--See SCHOOL GARDEN ARMY.
- GARDEMING BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See SALVAGE AND GARDENING BRANCH, Conscription and Reclamation Division.
- GAS AND BY PRODUCTS COAL SECTION, Bituminous Coal and Coke Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.--See BITUMINOUS COAL AND
- GAS AND FLAME BRANCH, Trench Warfare Section, Engineering Division, Ordnance Chicf's Office, War Department.—Probably established in 1917 as part of the Trench Warfare Section, Gun Division; transferred with the Section to the Gun Division on January 18, 1918. In July 1918, duties relating to the production and handling of gases were turned over to the Chemical Warfare Service, but certain functions pertaining thereto were retained by the Trench Warfare Section. Functions: To handle the manufacture of the mechanical apparatus for employing toxic materials in the field, including such apparatus as gas cylinders, emplacement sets, twin projectors and drums, special nozzles, and flame projectors. Records: Probably among those
- GAS BUREAU, NATURAL, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—See NATURAL GAS BUREAU.
- GAS DEFENSE DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.--Organized on August 31, 1917. The work was divided among the following three Sections: Field Supply, Overseas Repair, and Training.

- With the establishment of the Chemical Warfare Service on June 28, 1918, gas defense coased to be a function of the Medical Department and the Division ceased to exist. All personnel, property, and funds were transferred to the new Service. Functions: To provide for the supply of gas-defense appliances, to repair them, and to give instruction in their use. Records: Probably among those of the Office in MA.
- GAS IEFFENSE FROMUNTION MIVISION, Chemical Farfare Service, War Department.—Batablished on June 25, 1915, to carry on work formerly performed by the Gas Defense Mivision of the Surgeon General's Office. Functions: To produce gas make and other defensive appliances. Facords: In the War Department.
- GAS ELECTRICAL SETS SECTION, Electrical Division, Enginearing and Furchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See SECTRICAL HIVISION
- GAS FACTORIES SECTION, SANITATION CONDITIONS AT POISON, Physiological Research Division, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department,—See SANITATION CONDITIONS AT POISON GAS FAUTORIES SEC-TION.
- GAS INVESTIGATIONS, WAR, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Sec WAR GAS INVESTIGATIONS.
- OAS-MACK RESEARCH MITISION, WAR OAR Investigations, Mines Dureau, Interior Department.—Organized in March 1917. At the request of the Army, it supervised the design and actual construction of gas makes prior to July 1917, when the construction work was transferred to the Surgeon General's Office. Continued as a research organization until it was transferred with the entire War Cas Investigations to the Mar Department on June 25, 1918. Functional To conduct Investigations, which was the property of the Case of the Case of the March 2018. Sections, which we have prepared in the summer of 1917. Absorbent Testing; Camieter Testing; Gas-Pametrability of Pabrics; and Canister-Pilling. Records in the War Department and the Mines Dureau. References: Kines Bureau, Mar Gas Investigations, 18-21 (Rullell JTAA. Maxington, 1919).
- OAS OFFENSE PRODUCTION MVISION, Chemical Marfare Service, War Department,—Originated in 1917 under the Ordenance Chief's Office, where on May 1, 1918, it was made a separate organization known as the Edgemood Arsemal (formerly the Sumpowder Reservation). On July 13, 1918, it was transferred to the Chemical Warfars Service. Functions to produce and test articles of gas offense. Records: In the War Department.
- GAS-PENETRABILITY OF FABRICS SECTION, GGS-Mack Research Division, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See GAS-MAIN RESEARCH DIVISION.
- GAS PLANTS HURZAU, interthution Utristom, Fuel Administration,—Created in June 1918 and discontinued in November. Included an Anthractic Saction, Administered in cooperation with the Natural Oas Burcau of the Oil Division. Functions: To supervise the artificial gas industry innofar as it affected the consumption of fuel, and to collect data on the heat unit and candle-power standards of artificial gas and the possible affects of changes. <u>Pecords</u>: 1918 (h feet) in NA. Correspondence and reports.

- GAS-SHELL SECTION, Pyrotechnic Research Division, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Probably organized late in 1917. Transferred with the entire War Gas Investigations to the War Department on June 25, 1918. Functions: To determine the stability of various gases and toxic solids when used in shells, and to study lachrymatory, smoke, and so-called noise bombs. Records: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Gas Investigations, 29 (Bulletin 178A. Washington, 1919).
- GASES AND GAS PRODUCTS SECTION, INDUSTRIAL, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board. -- See INDUSTRIAL GASES AND GAS PRODUCTS SECTION.
- GASES SECTION, FIRID TESTS OF, Physiological Research Division, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See FIELD TESTS OF GASES SECTION.
- GASES USED IN WARFARE COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1917 as the Noxious Gases Committee. V. H. Manning and George A. Burrell, Chairmen successively. In September 1917 its name was changed to Gases Used in Warfare Committee. Early in 1918, under the war organization of the Council, it became a part of the Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, and on August 13, 1918, it was dissolved because its work had been absorbed by the War Department. Functions: The Committee "inaugurated extensive research work on the problems of gas warfare," which was continued under the direction of the Bureau of Mines. Records: In the National Research Council.
- GASOLINE AND KEROSENE SECTION, Oil Conservation Bureau, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—See OIL CONSERVATION BUREAU.
- GASTROENTEROLOGY SECTION, Internal Medicine Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.--Created in October 1917; discontinued on July 1, 1918. Functions: To furnish trained gastroenterologists for service at base hospitals and to standardize the work in gastrointestinal diseases. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- GAUGE BRANCH, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on January 14, 1918. Included the following Groups: Artillery Ammunition and Trench Warfare, Gum and Carriage, Tank and Tractor, Small Arms Weapons, and Small Arms Ammunition. Functions: To supervise matters relating to master gauges and inspection gauges. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - GAUGE BRANCH, Miscellaneous Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on January 15, 1918.

 Functions: To handle the purchase of gauges for the Section. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - GAUGE SECTION, Engineering Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on January 19, 1918. Functions: To see that the gauges and test tools necessary for the production of material furnished by the Division were properly designed, and to act as consultant to the Design Section. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - GAUGE SECTION, Weights and Measures Division, Standards Bureau, Commerce Department.—Established in July 1917 and still in existence.

Punctions: To improve the decign and use of munition and other gauges and to originate and develop methods of testing, namufacturing, and calvaging gauges. Cooperated with the Mar and Navy Departmento, the Council of National Defense, and the National Screw Threed Commission. Those were branch laboratories in New York, Cleveland, and Bridgeport during the war. Becords: In the National Bureau of Standards.

GAUGE UNIT, Technical Branch, Inspection Section, Gun Division, Ordmance Chief's Office. War Department. See TECHNICAL REANCH.

CAUGES COMMITTEE, DIES AND, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense, -- See DIES AND CAUGES COMMITTEE.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION BRANCH, Equipment Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See CONINCL SECTION, Equipment Division,

GENERAL ALMINISTRATION BUREAU, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Ses ALMINISTRATION DIVISION.

CHEMAL AUDINSTRAINED SETTOR, Supply Birision, Ordence Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on Bay 23, 1917, and included the following Eranchas: Development, Inatoliction, and Maintenance of Rethods; Piold Depot; Financial Control; Inquiry and Adjustment; Inquiry and Complaint; Military Personnel; Office Management; Policy Determining Requirement Determination; and Statistical. Functions: To set for the Chief of the Division in planning, supervising, and directing the work of the Division as whole; to act so the connecting link on all special natures between the Division and outside military and civil branchose of the Government; to perform certain routine functions not readily susceptible of delegation to other sections; and to cooperate with ordinance depote not under the direct control of the Division as to personnel, methodo, and procedure. Records: Probably acong those of the Orfice in Na.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE BURGAU, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department. -- Sea ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION.

CREMEAL MINIMISTRATUR INVISION, Judge Advocate General to Office, War Department.—Probably existed before the war. Functions: To write opinions on questions not failting within the copie of the work assigned to other divisions. These included questions of allitary status, appointment, rank, procedion, and assignment and questions pertaining to command, the wearing of uniforms, badges, and ribbons, and many other subjects of a general character. Records: In the Judge Advocate General's Office.

GENERAL ROAD, Navy Department.—Established by General Order No. 5M of March 13, 1500, and still in extensee. Functions: To edvise the Secretary of the Navy on matters of naval polity, navel strategy, logistics, and administration. Records: Such as are extant are soil in the curving of the March. James the general correspondence files of the Secretary's Office in Ma. bowever, are manerous files pertaining to the Secretary's Office in Ma. bowever, are manerous files of the Secretary South Sarvey and Secretary South Secretary Secretary Secretary South Secretary Sec

- Board and of recommendations, see Navy Department, Annual Reports, 1917, p. 9-11; 1918, p. 117-120; 1919, p. 119-153.
- GENERAL CANCELLATIONS, CLAIMS, AND CONTRACTS BOARD, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation: -- See CONSTRUCTION CLAIMS BOARD.
- GENERAL CONSTRUCTION SECTION, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established as a temporary unit prior to the end of 1917. Functions: To study general construction problems and to train and provide personnel for general construction work for the American Expeditionary Forces. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- GENERAL CONTROL BRANCH, Design Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created during the latter part of 1917. Functioned through the following units: General Administration, Engineering Staff, Publications, Hilitary Information, Interview, and Instruction. Transferred with the Section to the Engineering Bureau by Gun Division Order No. 58, January 17, 1918. Functions: To coordinate the work of the various branches of the Section and that of cient the available technical knowledge by installing and maintaining routine work orders, standardizing specifications and bills of materials, directing the drafting room, preparing programs and estimates, and designing the master gauges. Records: Probably among
- GENERAL CONTROL SECTION, Engineering Bureau, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See GENERAL CONTROL SECTION, Gun Division.
- GENERAL CONTROL SECTION, Gum Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on September 7, 1918, by Gum Division Order No. 4. Operated through the following Branches: Administrative, Coordination, and Finance. Transferred on January 17, 1918, by authority of Gum Division Order No. 58, to the Engineering Bureau, with the exception of its Military Information Unit, which was transferred to the General Administration Bureau, and its Coordination Branch, which was transferred to the Control Bureau. Functions: To coordinate, direct, and supervise generally the work of the other sections of the Division; to be responsible for the determination of of the sections of general policy and the dissemination among the heads of the sections; and to approve all projects, estimates, work orders, purchase orders and accompanying allotments, and contracts. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- GENERAL CONTROL SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Originated as a Branch of the Purchase Section, Gun Division. By Gun Division Order No. 57 of January No. 1918, it was following Branches: Administration, American Ordnance Base Depot, Interbureau, Mail and Record, Ordnance Supplies, Personnel, Property and Service, and Statistical. Functions: To coordinate and exerpivision; to determine questions of general policy, plans, and methods of procedure; to transmit information and instructions to the divisions of the Office. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

GENERAL CONTROL SUBCOMMITTEE, International Regims of Forte, Waterwars, and Railways Cornlesson, Peace Conference.—Composed of minmembers. André Waiss of France), President. Functions: To draft regulations regarding rivers, ports, and railways. Records: Probably some era in the Communications and Records Division, State De-

CEMERAL EFFIGIENCY BOARD, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.— Creeked on December 21, 1917, by Office Order No. 88. Composed of the chairmen of the exparate divisional efficiency boards of the Office, together with the head of the Civilian Personnel Division. Functions: To assist and cooperate with the divisional efficiency boards in the preparation of efficiency ratings, to devalop a uniform rating system in each division of the Office, and to sot on such other efficiency matters as affected the interests of more than one division. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Ms.

GENERAL EMMINER EEPOT, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Wer Department.—Established in April 1917, and operated through the Colloging Departments: Business Administration, Depot, and Engineering and Furchasing. In eccordance with Supply Circular No. 99, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, October 22, 1918, post of fix purchasing, and storage functions were transferred to the Machinery and Engineering Materials Division, which was established the same day in the Office of the Director of Purchase. Phactions: To purchase and store engineer materist, equipment, and Supplies required for twops in the field, Scores: Postboly mong those of the Office

CENERAL EQUIPMENT SECTION, Equipment and Construction Exision, Military Brench, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Far Department.— Established prior to the end of 1917. By an office stroular of July 8, 1918, it was marged into the newly created Equipment and Operations Division. Functions: To handle the procurement of miscallaneous squipment for engineer troops. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

UNITERLIAURECTION DERMON, Supply Control Division, Guartermater Seneral's Office, War Department—Established on July 22, 1918, as its Impection and Production Branch. On August 30 the name was changed to Ceneral Inspection Branch. It was abolished on October 28, 1918, and its duties were trensferred to the Office of the Director of Furchase and Storage, Furciousn's To coordinate and supervise the inspection, production, and follow-up system of the effice. Records: Among those of the Office in MA.

GENERAL INSPORTION SERVICE, Public Health Service, Tressury Department—Originated in 1919 in an inspection section of the Division of Warine Rospitals and Relief. This was superseded on February 15, 1920, by an Inspection Section separate from the Division, which on August 29, 1920, became the Ceneral Inspection Service. The Service included two Sections: Records and Correspondence and Revisers and Reports. Fullowing the creation of the Veceracy Duract on August 9, 1921, the activities of the Service were gradually curtailed, and it ceased to function in the fiscal year 1925. Functions to the of the Public Seath Service, separatelly of relief attainers and of marine and contract hospitals. Records: 1919-25 (195 feet) in Ma. Include reports and other administrative records concerning

routine inspections and special investigations of Service activities. Also included is correspondence with the American Legion relating to its efforts to improve facilities for the treatment of veterans.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE, Interior Department .-- Established in the Treasury Department in 1812 and transferred to the Interior Department in 1849. Functions: To facilitate the orderly settlement and most effective utilization of the public lands. During the war it cooperated with the legislative branch of the Government in order to obtain appropriate legislation for the increase of agricultural and mineral products of the country, including natural sources of potash supply, and for the protection, benefit, and relief of homesteaders and other applicants for public lands and entrymen serving in the military and naval services. It administered the withdrawal of lands for aviation purposes and the sale of timber from the public domain for ship and airplane construction. Records: Those in NA for the war period (225 feet) consist of copies of outgoing letters of the Commissioner and of the divisions of the Office. Incoming correspondence, individual entry files, and other records remain in the General Land Office. References: General Land Office, Reports, 1917-18; Milton Conover, The General Land Office (Baltimore, 1923); Benjamin H. Hibbard, A History of the Public Land Policies (New York,

GENERAL MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR SECTION, Maintenance and Repair Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Probably created before the war as a Section of the Construction and Repair Division, Quarter-master General's Office. Transferred to the Maintenance and Repair Branch, Cantonment Division, on October 10, 1917. Probably became part of the Maintenance and Repair Branch, Construction Division, War Department, upon the formation of that Division on March 13, on Army construction jobs. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.

GENERAL MEDICAL BOARD, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense .-- Appointed under authorization of the Secretary of War on April 2, 1917, by Dr. Franklin Martin, Chairman of the Committee on Medicine and Sanitation. work, however, had actually begun on April 26, 1916, when the Executive Committee of American Physicians for Medical Preparedness tendered their services to the President. It operated through a number of committees and subcommittees, some of which were later absorbed by the Surgeon General's Office, War Department. Officially dissolved on April 1, 1919. Functions: To consider problems of the coordination of the medical, military, and civil resources of the country. It helped to recruit medical officers, made recommendations to the Surgeon General's Office, and completed various research studies. Records: Some are among those of the Council in NA, particularly records relating to membership in the Medical Reserve Corps, the Volunteer Medical Service Corps, and the Student

GENERAL MILITARY HISTORY SECTION, Historical Branch, War Plans Division, General Staff, War Department.—Created in 1918 and discontinued in December of that year. Functions: To collect data upon the war and the participation of the United States therein. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

GENERAL MUNITIONS BOARD, Council of Mational Defense .-- Created by a resolution of the Council of March 31. 1917. Composed of representatives of the War and Mayor Departments and of Several civilians. Frank A. Scott served as Chairman. The Board early sbsorbed the Munitions Standards Board, and it was itself superended by the new War Industries Board in July 1917. Functions: "To assume the prompt equipping and arming, with the least possible disadjustment of normal industrial conditions, of whatsower forces may be called into the service of the country. This was to be done by coordinate of the country. This was to be done by coordinate of the country. nating Army and Mavy purchases, by assisting the Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee of the Advisory Commission in the acquisition of raw materials, and by establishing precedence of orders between the War and Navy Departments and between military and Committees that functioned under it: Armored Cars and Motor Trucks; Army Vehicles: Army and Navy Artillery: Army and Navy Projectiles: Clearance: Dies and Gauses: Emergency Construction and Contracts: Fuses and Detonators: Machine Gumas Ontical Glass: Priorities: Small Arms and Ammunition: Storage Facilities: and Sulphuric Acid. Records: Among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in Ma. Included are general correspondence of the Secretary of the Board, minutes of meetings, miscellaneous papers of the Board and its committees, and data on contracts and supplies. Referencest General Munitions Board, Minutes ... April 4-August 9, 1917 (74 Cong., 2 seas., S. Com. Print 6. Washington, 1936).

CEMERAL PATHOLOUI SUBCOMMUTTER, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of Mational Defensa.—See STANMARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COM-NUTTEE.

ORMERAL FUBLICITY BOARD, Surgeon Ceneral's Office, War Department.
In Fobrary 1918, a Fublicity Committee was organized in the Office,
and in April of that year the General Publicity Board was crested
at timetioned as such until rebrury 1919, when it was attached
to functioned as such until rebrury 1919, when it was attached
to the property of the Committee of

GEREMIA RELATIONS DIVISION, National Research Council.—Greated in 1917 as the Administrative Division. In the war organization of 1918 to because the General Relations Division, with activities conducted by three Sections Foreign Helations, Industrial Research, and Relations With Educational Institutions and Sub-Council Research, and Relations with Educational Institutions and Sub-Council Research, and Relations of the Relations and Sub-Council Research, and Relations and Special Training, Arthur A. Roya served as Chairson throughout the war period. Functions: To develop and aministin relations with agencies abroad, in the Government, and in the States; to gather research information; and to corpelate research activities in industry and in educational Research Council.

GENERAL SERVICE DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Progressy Fleet Corporation .-- See INDUSTRIAL HELATIONS DIVISION.

.....

GENERAL STAFF, War Department. -- Created by an act of February 14, 1903, which abolished the separate office of the Commanding General of the Army and provided for a Chief of Staff and a General Staff Corps. The organization of the General Staff at the outbreak of the war was unsuited to the duties and responsibilities confronting it, so successive revisions were made, culminating in that set forth in General Orders, No. 80, August 26, 1918. This order divided the work of the General Staff into four primary Divisions: Operations; Purchase, Storage, and Traffic; Military Intelligence; and War Plans. In addition, there was an administrative office directly responsible to the Executive Assistant to the Chief of Staff. The General Staff was subsequently reorganized in accordance with the provisions of the National Defense Act of 1920, and it has undergone numerous organizational changes since then. Functions: To assist the Chief of Staff in performing his duty as the immediate adviser of the Secretary of War and in his coordinating and supervising capacity. These functions were performed mainly by preparing plans and policies and gathering information with reference to the Army's part in the national defense program and by issuing the necessary orders to make the plans effective. Records: 1903-25 (841 feet) in NA. clude central files of the General Staff, 1903-21, and records of some of the various subdivisions of the General Staff and related agencies, 1917-25. References: General Staff, Reports, 1917-21.

GENERAL SUPPLIES AND RAW MATERIALS SECTION, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.--Established on May 19, 1919, and functioned through the following Subsections: Domestic Fistribution, Export Distribution, Replenishment, Stock Record, and Surplus Property. In the divisional reorganization of November 6, 1919, it became the General Supplies Branch. On May 19, 1920, it was transferred to the Regular Supplies Division. Functions: To supervise the storage and distribution of kitchen utensils, tools, band instruments, refrigerators, typewriters, and other articles classed as general supplies and to determine the existence of General's Office in NA.

GENERAL SUPPLIES BRANCH, Quartermaster Subdivision, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on October 28, 1918. Functioned through the following Sections: Heavy Hardware and Metals; Kitchen and Camp Equipment; Office Supplies and Sundries; Small Tools and Chests; and Statistical. In existence on May 19, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Functions: To supervise the distribution to the Army and the conservation of articles classified as general supplies. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in MA.

GENERAL SUPPLIES BRANCH, Quartermaster Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Staff, War Department.—Fstablished on November 1, 1918. In existence on February 1, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Functions: To be responsible for the delivery of the following classes of supplies to ports of embarkation and for obtaining the necessary priorities and releases: Heavy hardware and metals; kitchen and camp equipment; office supplies and sundries; and small tools and

- cheste. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in Ma.
- GENERAL SUPPLIES BRANCH, Requirements and Requisitions Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See REQUIREMENTS AND ROQUISITIONS DIVISION.
- GENEMAL SUPPLIES BRANCH, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic classion, General Staff, Tam Department.—Organized on. Revenber 30, 1905 and Tamber 1909 is was functioning through the following Sections of Department of Company of the College of the Staff St
- GENERAL SUPPLIES DUTISION, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department,—Established by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 13, the Hardware and Metals Division of the Quarternesses Centerals to Office was transferred to this Division Operated through saveral Branches, including: Contract and Purchase and Established Conference and Established Staffardware, Corfage, and Miscellaneous; Hardware and Hand Tools; Heavy Hardware Kitchen and Camp Equipment; Heas, Camp, and Personal Division Decame the General Supplies Parach of the Parchase Services and Conference and Company of the Parchase Service. Tunctions to have charge of the sion of the Purchase Service. Tunctions to have charge of the service of the Conference of the Con
- CEMPALI SUFFLIES SECTION, Purchase Summaries Branch, Statistical Divieion, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Kar Department.—See PURGUSE SUFFARIES SEARCH.
- GENERAL SUPPLIES SUBSECTION, Quarternaster Stores Section, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Jar Department.--See QIARTERNASTER STURYS SECTION.
- COMMENTAL SUPPLY CONSISTED, Pressury Department.—Created by an act of June 17, 1912, and composed of representatives of the executive departments. The SuperIntendent of Supplies was appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury. The Consister was abolished in 1913. Punctions: To negotiate the waking of contracts for supplies and equipment in use by two or more executive department or other foverment establishments, During the war the work of the Consister extraction of the contract of such amplies Constructed liters in wardous places throughout the intend States. Proords: In the Procurrent Division, Treasury Department.

- GENERAL SURGERY COMMITTEE, General Modical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense. --
- OENERAL SURGERY DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—
 Established in June 1917. On November 30, 1918, it became a Section of the Surgery Division, in compliance with Office Order No. 97.

 Functions: To classify the surgeons of the Medical Reserve Corpe according to their professional qualifications; to provide schools for the training of men lacking in proficioncy; to standardize surgery and equipment; to inspect the surgical staff of hospitals; to maintain and increase surgical efficiency; and to investigate surgical problems. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- OFNITO-URINARY SUBCOMMITTEE, Standardization of Modical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.
- OEODESY DIVISION, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Commune Department.—In existence prior to the war. Formerly known as the Office of Inspector of Geodetic Works. Functions: To propare goodetic surveys throughout the United States and Alaska; to determine geographic nomic positions; and to establish stations at which the intensity of gravity is determined. During the war the Division worked almost exclusively for the War and Navy Departments. Records: Triangulation, astronomical, leveling, gravity, and other records of observations and surveys for the period of the war are in NA. Other records are in the Coast and Geodetic Survey.
- GEODETIC SURVEY, COAST AND, Commerce Department .-- See COAST AND GEO-
- OFOGRAMIC BRANCH, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—Probably established in February 1918 as a Section of the Positive Branch; on April 2h, 1919, it was elevated to the status of a Branch and operated through two Sections: Map and Monograph. Functions: To deal with the policies governing matters relating to maps and mapping and to terrain information propared in written form. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
- OFOGRAFHY COMMITTEE, National Research Council. -- Appointed about December 1916, with W. M. Davis as Chairman. Became a part of the Geology and Geography Division when it was organized in January 1918. Functions: The Committee "devoted its chief attention to special maps for military purposes (in cooperation with the Geological Survey), instructions for the use of topographic maps, hand-books on military areas, and physiographic features of the United States." Records: In the National Research Council.
- GEOLOGIC BRANCH, Geological Survey, Interior Department.—A unit of the Survey since 1889. During the war, it operated through four Divisions, as follows: Alaskan Mineral Resources; Chemical and Physical Research; Geology; and Mineral Resources. Functions: To country and abroad with a view to aiding the manufacture of munitions. Records: 1917-19 (h feet) in NA. Correspondence and data relating to mineral resources.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, Interior Department. - Established in 1879. During the war, when its activities were mainly diverted to emergency work, the Survey operated thro gh six Branches, as follows: Administrative; Geologic: Land Classification; Publication; Topographic; and Water Recources. Cooperated with the Bureau of Mines, the National Research Council, the Fuel Administration, the War and Navy Departments, and other agencies. George Otis Smith, Director. Functions: Among other duties, to locate new deposits of materials required in the manufacture of munitions; to advise other Covernment agencies in regard to allied and enemy mineral resources; to conduct extensive investigations of surface and ground waters in order to help promote agriculture in arid regions; and to furnish data concerning military camp water supplies. Records: 1917-19 (& feet) in NA. Consist of correspondence and date relating to mineral resources. Most of the records are in the Geological Survey. References: Geological Survey, Armual Reports, 1917-21; Institute for Government Research, The U. S. Geological Survey (New York, 1918); P. S. Smith, "The Geologist in War Times; the United States Geological Survey's War Work," in Economic Geologist, 13: 392-399 (July 1918).

GEOLOGY AND GEOGRAPHY DIVISION, National Research Council .- Organized in January 1918 by a consolidation of the Geology and Paleontology Committee (originally the Geology Committee) and the Geography Committee, which had been appointed about December 1916 among the originel 17 committees of the Council. Headed by J. C. Merriam. Reorganized for peacatime activity in February 1919. Functions: To stimulate, organize, coordinate, and carry out recearch in geology and geography in the interests of national defense and the prosacution of the war. Among its activities it promoted the utilization of geologists by the Corps of Engineers, both in Europe and the United States, in connection with operations involving a knowledge of the subsoil, such as in trench warfare; etudied the application of seismological methods to the measurement of earth vibrations as a means of locating distant artillery; carried out a survey of the location of rock materials suitable for quick highway, railway, and fortification construction along the Atlantic and Oulf coasts of the United States (the results of which were embodied in a 7-vol, manuecript report accompanied by 3 atlaces of large-scale maps); investigated clear-quartz resources with reference to the use of this material in certain instruments; atudied the question of water amply in military camps; gathered information on the geology and geography of the environs of Army cantonments and camps in the United States (some of which was published by the Deployical Survey and some of the State geological surveys); gathered information on the geography of the western front in Europe (some of which was published in Douglas W. Johnson, Topography and Strategy in the Ear, New York, 1917, and William E. Davie, Handbook of Northern France, Cambridge, Mass., 1918); fostered instruction in geology and geography, gap reading, and meteorology in military training campe and colleges, especially with reference to the Students' Army Training Corps (partly by preparing and publishing the following textbooks: Wilitary Geology and tropgraphy, edited by H. E. Gregory, Rev Earen, 1915; Introductory Meteorology, New Haven, 1915; and Geography of Europe, Kew Haven, 1918); sponsored the publication of the booklet Krat a Geologist Can Do in Ear, by R. A. F. Penrose (Philadelphia, 1917); and compiled a card index of personnel in geology and geography available for special kinds of service, Records: Some correspondence and other papers are in the Geology and Geography Division, Kational Research Council. Other records have probably been dispersed in various ways. In 1910, one copy of the road materiale

- report referred to above was transmitted to the Chief of Engineers, and another copy was deposited with the Geological Survey. References: Alfred H. Brooks, The Use of Geology on the Western Front Geological Survey, Professional Paper 128D. Washington, 1920), includes a list of publications relating to the war work of American geologists; Whitman Cross, "Geology in the World War and After," in Geological Society of America, Bulletin, 30: 165-188 (1919); Douglas W. Johnson, "The Role of the Earth Sciences in the War," in Robert M. Yerkes, ed., The New World of Science, ch. 12 (New York, 1920); National Academy of Sciences, Proceedings, 1916-19.
- GEOLOGY AND PALEONTOLOGY COMMITTEE, National Research Council.—Organized about December 1916 under the chairmanship of J. M. Clarke as the Geology Committee, but soon became known as the Geology and Paleontology Committee. Became a part of the Geology and Geography Division when it was organized in January 1918. Functions: Its subcommittees dealt with matters pertaining to camp sites and water supply, trenches, war minerals, roads and road materials, the measurement of earth vibrations, the geology of the Pacific Coast, the geology of cantonments, and topographical instruction in training camps. Records: In the National Research Council.
 - GEOLOGY DIVISION, Geologic Branch, Geological Survey, Interior Department.—In existence before the war. During the war it cooperated with the Mines Bureau, the Fuel Administration, and the War and Navy Departments. Functions: To conduct field investigations for the purpose of locating new deposits of minerals, both metallic and nonmetallic, required in the manufacture of munitions, as well as deposits of essential ores for which the United States had been dependent upon overseas transportation; to examine the structure of promising oil regions; and to conduct searches for natural gas of high helium content. Records: In the Geological Survey. Include correspondence files; records pertaining to the location and distribution of minerals, ores, and rocks; field notebooks; reports and descriptions of Army camps and camp sites in the United States; and reports concerning the discovery, extent, and development of domestic deposits of minerals in the United States.
 - GLASS AND INSTRUMENT SECTION, MILITARY OPTICAL, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—See MILITARY OPTICAL GLASS AND INSTRUMENT SECTION.
 - GLASS AND STONEWARE SECTION, CHEMICAL, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board. -- See CHEMICAL GLASS AND STONEWARE SECTION.
 - GLASS COMMITTEE, CHEMISTRY AND TECHNOLOGY OF, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—See CHEMISTRY AND TECHNOLOGY OF GLASS COMMITTEE.
 - GLASS COLMITTEE, OPTICAL, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense.—See OPTICAL GLASS COMMITTEE.
 - GLASS COLLITTEE, OPTICAL, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.— See OPTICAL GLASS COLLITTEE.
 - GLASS COLUTITIEE, OPTICAL, Faysics, Mathematics, Astronomy, and Geophysics Division, National Research Council. -- See OPTICAL GLASS COM-NITTEE.

- LOVE LEATHER SECTION, SHEEPSKIN AND, Hide, Leather, and Leather Coods Division, War Industries Board.—See SHEEPSKIN AND GLOVE LEATHER SECTION.
- LOYES AND LEATHER CLOTHING SECTION, Hide, Leather, and Leather Goods
 Division, War Industries Board,—Greated on Gotober 28 and discontinued on November 20, 1915. Functions: To administer the conservation program of the glove Industry as announced by the Conservation Division. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
- LOVES SECTION, SHEEPSKINS AND, Hide and Leather Control Branch, Supplies and Equipment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department. -- See HIDE AND LEATHER CONTROL BRANCH.
- LUE AND OTHER COLLOIDS SUBCOMMITTEE, CHEMISTRY OF, Chemistry Committee, National Research Council. — See CHEMISTRY OF COLLOIDS COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division.
- OLD AND SILVER SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.— Crested on September 9, 1918; discontinued after the armittice. Functions: To formulate and execute a program for the conservation of gold and silver. Records: Among those of the Board in MA.
- DOLD EXPORTS COMMITTEE, Federal Reserve Board.—Organized in September 1917, following Presidential Proclamation No. 1322 and Executive Order No. 267, both of Septembers, through the Federal Reserve Board, the Transaction of the Transaction o
- OOL-MINING SITUATION COMPTITE, Interior Department.—Crested in Auly
 1918 by the Secretary of the Interior. Probably terminated in October stres submitting its root Punctions: To investigate the
 ber stres submitting its root in the gold output of the United States,
 particularly the size in cost of gold-mining operations, and to make
 recommendations for the relief of the industry and the streaklation
 of gold production. Records: Merrabouts unknown. Interior Department, Famual Paport, 1919, vol. 1, p. 7619, 102-4 Uning Situation Coratitee, Report of a Joint Correttee
 the Bureau of Fines and the U.S. Second To the Secretary
 of the Interior To Study the Cold Situation (Uncer Bureau of Fines).
- STERNING SAIDS BOARD, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Scorer Elector's Office, Purchase and Scorer Elector's Office, Purchase and Scorer Elector's Norwher D. 1912, its remains of the Control of the Control of Purchase and Storage, except for one sender to be appointed by the Director of Purchase and Storage, except for one sender to be appointed by the Director of Purchase of the Director The Board was to consider of Purchase and Storage, and the Chief of Purchase; percept by the storage and storage, and the Chief of Purchase; percept by the storage of the Chief of the Chief

- direction relative to sales; to pass on the acceptance of bids; and to determine fixed prices on commodities for market sale or sale to designated purchasers. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
- GOVERNING SALES BOARD ON UNSERVICEABLE PROPERTY, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Comstituted by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 149, December 20, 1918, and still in existence on January 1, 1920. Its members were appointed by the Director of Purchase and Storage. Functions: To act as a board of review, approval, and direction relative to sales of unserviceable property. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS SECTION, Bituminous Coal and Coke Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration. -- See BITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE BUREAU.
- GOVERNMENT CONTRACT CLAUSES AFFECTING INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS, COMMITTEE CK, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Authorized by the War Labor Policies Board on May 29, 1918, and held its first meeting on June 18. Probably terminated in August. Functions: To prepare clauses affecting industrial relations for insertion in Government contracts. Records: Among those of the Board in NA. Include minutes of meetings of the Committee and its report.
- GOVERNMENT EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL SECTION, Constructing Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Established in the Constructing Branch, Cantonment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, on May 24, 1917. Transferred with the Branch to the Construction Division upon its establishment on March 13, 1918. Functions: To supervise the handling of Government equipment and materials on Army construction work. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.
- GOVERNMENT HOTELS, Housing Corporation.—On July 15, 1918, an Executive order was issued by the President authorizing the use of squares 29 and 230 in Washington, D. C., for housing purposes to alleviate the inadequate living conditions and general housing shortage in the Capital. The project covered an area of 15 acres and consisted of 12 houses, 2 administration buildings, an infirmary, a heating plant, a cold-strage and shop building, and a laundry. The Operating Diviber 25, 1918, to February 1919. After Harch 1, 1919, the manager of the hotels reported directly to the Vice President of the Corporation. Functions: To provide suitable residences for momen Covernment workers during the war and after the armistice. Records: 1918—30 (160 feet) in NA. General files and correspondence of the auditor, correspondence of the manager, forms, blueprints, laundry records, tenant records, vouchers, and receipts.
- GOVERNMENT RECREATION LEAGUE.—See HOUSING AND HEALTH DIVISION, War Department.
- COVERNMENTAL AND FOREIGN RELATIONS DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established on April 16 and dissolved on June 30, 1915. Functions: To review correspondence with the various Covernment departments and with representatives in foreign countries. Records: 1919 (h inches) in NA. Copies of correspondence with other Covernment agencies.

- GRAFT AND FRAUD SECTION, Megative Branch, Wilitary Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department. See FRAUD AND GRAFT SECTION.
- GRAIN AND FLOUR DIVISION, Food Administration. -- See COARSE GRAINS SEC-TION, Cereal Division.
- GRAIN CORPORATION, -- The Food Administration Grain Corporation was astablished by the Food Administrator in Amount 1917, under Executive Order No. 2681. On July 1, 1919, by Executive Order No. 3087, it was recreanized and expanded as the United States Grain Corporation under the direction of a Wheat Director After that date it included the following subdivisions, most of which had been in existence for some time previously: Coerse Grain, European, Flour, Marine Transportation. Statistical, Transportation, and Wheat Departments; Bean and License Divisions; and a Coon Property Office. Other units that had existed over various periods included the following Departments: Belgian, Cereal Products, Expeditionary Flour, Grain Reports, Mill Schedule, and Kiscellaneous Commodities. Liquidation was ordered on August 21, 1920, by Executive Order No. 3320, and was completed by December 31, 1927. Punctions: To resulate the grain trade by buying, selling, and storing grain and cereal products and, in cooperation with the war Trade Board, to control grain exports and imports. In 1918-19 it elso handled noncereal commodities for the Commission for Relief in Belsium, the American Relief Administration, and other European relief organizations, and in 1921-22 it served as fiscal agent for the Purchaeing Commission for Russian Relief. Rec-ords: 1917-27 (5,500 fest) in Na. Consist of central files of correspondence, official dieriss, regulatory agreements and minutes of conferences involving the grain trade, and claims papere; files kept separately by the verious officers, by the 9 commodity secount-ing departments, and by other units in the home office in New York City; records of the 1s page essencies or regional offices; and rec-Lity; records of the la sone agencies or regional offices; and records of some of the European offices. Perse's of some of the Officers are in the Hoover Library on Kar, Revolution, and Fesce at Standard Dutwerstry, Calif. References: Frank M. Surface, The Orsin Trade During the North Kar (few York, 1989); Frank M. Surface and Raymond L. Rhand, Aerican Food in the Dorth day and Reconstruction Period, 5, 17, 35-41, 15 (Standard Entwersity, 1931); Chester L. Outfire, "The United States Greath Origination Records in the Sation-Outfire," in Chief States Greath Origination Records in the Sational Archives," in Agricultural History, 12: 347-354 (Oct. 1938); Harold A. Van Dorn, Covernment Owned Corporations, ch. 4 (New York, 19261.
- GRAIN DEPARTMENT, COARSE, Grain Corporation.--See COARSE GRAIN DEPART-MENT.
- GRAIN DUST EXPLOSION DEPARTMENT, Crop Experts Office, Grain Corporation, -- See CROP EXPERTS OFFICE.
- GRAIN DUST EXPLOSIONS INVESTIGATIONS, Chemistry Sureau, Agriculture Department.—A unit originating in studies began in 1914 in cooperating office. In 1924 399 the Smatchine shade and Rural Engineering Office. In 1924 399 the Smatchine and personal were transferred to the Crain Corporation. In 1920 dust explosion work was assigned to the Development bent Office of the Craintiety Rureau. In 1927, etchne were continued by the Interior that Committee Burland and Committee and Research Symptotics During the war, to conduct, in cooperation

with the Food Administration, a campaign for the prevention of grain dust explosions. Records: Those for the war period are in NA. Include general correspondence in the central files and letters relating to the prevention campaign conducted in cooperation with the Food Administration in the special files of the Chemistry Bureau.

GRAIN, HAY, AND FEEDS MARKET NEWS SERVICE, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department .-- Established on August 11, 1917, under the Food Production Act of August 10, 1917. Also known as the Grain and Hay Market Reporting Service and, after January 1, 1919, as the Hay and Feed Market Reporting Service. Functioned in close relation with other grain projects of the Bureau. In 1920 its duties were assigned to the Hay, Feed, and Seed Division of the Bureau. Functions: To increase production, improve distribution, stabilize prices of foodstuffs, and conserve transportation facilities by collecting and disseminating to private persons and Covernment agencies information as to the demand for and the supply and prices of grain, hay, and feed; to make special surveys relating to such matters in behalf of the Railroad and Food Administrations and other agencies; and to arrange transactions necessary for the provision of feed for drought arcas. Records: 1917-22 (20 feet) in NA. Include correspondence of staff members with Bureau authorities, project heads, and the public scattered in the Federal Grain Supervision correspondence files, 1917-22, and in the Markets Bureau central correspondence files, 1913-22; and reports for 1918 and 1919 in the "manuscript files" of the Bureaus of Markets and of Agricultural Economics.

GRAIN INSFECTION DEPARTMENT, Crop Experts Office, Grain Corporation.— See CROP EXPERTS OFFICE.

GRAIN INVESTIGATION LABORATORY, CATTLE FOOD AND, Miscellaneous Division, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department.—See CATTLE FOOD AND GRAIN INVESTIGATION LABORATORY.

GRAIN REPORTS DEPARTMENT, Grain Corporation.—Established in August 1918. Terminated on June 30, 1919, when its functions were transferred to the newly created Information Bureau. Functions: To compile summaries of reports received from flour mills and terminal and country elevators. Records: 1917-19 (h feet) in NA. Consist of copies of material prepared by the Department.

GRAIN STANDARDS, INVESTIGATION AND DETERMINATION OF, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department.--See MARKETS BUREAU.

GRAIN SUPERVISION DEPARTMENT, Crop Experts Office, Grain Corporation.— See CROP EXPERTS OFFICE.

GRAIN THRESHING DIVISION, Grain Corporation.—Established in April 1918; terminated in February 1919. Also known as the Threshing Division. Functions: To promote conservation of grain among threshermen, chiefly by disseminating information as to threshing practices and the adjustment and repair of threshing machinery. Records: 1918-19 (13 feet) in MA. Include correspondence and questionnaires returned by threshermen. Related papers are in the records of the Cashier's Department of the Grain Corporation in MA.

GRAINS SECTION, COARSE, Cereal Division, Food Administration.—See COARSE GRAINS SECTION.

- GRAPHIC SECTION, Geographic Branch, Williamy Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Benartment,—See MAP SECTION.
- GREAT LAKES DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Deergangy Fleet Corporation.—Probably existed from May through Normeber 1917 Flunctions: To supervise the operation of wesser monstructed on the Ureat Lakes and the transfer of these test that the seaboard. In the latter work of mospet of the test of the Committee and the the latter work of mospet Claveland, Orto, both of the Shipping Board. Records: Thereadouts unknown. Related records, however, have be found amont those of the Special Agent's Office in MA.
- GEMADE ERANCH, Trench Warfare Section, Engineering Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Probably established in 1917 as part of the Trench Warfer Section, Oun Division; transferred with the Section to the Engineering Division on January 15, 1918. Punctions: To handle the design, downlopment, producement, production, and Inspection of hand grenades and rifle grenades. Records: Probably among those of the Office in Ma.
- GROCERIES MIVISION, STAPLE, Food Administration.—See STAPLE OROCERIES DIVISION.
- GROCERS! WHOLESALE HISTRIBUTION HIVISION, Food Administration. ~ See HISTRIBUTION DIVISION.
- GROUND WATERS HIVISION, Water Resources Branch, Coological Survey. Interior Department.—In existence prior to the war. Functions: the collect data concentral reprund waters. In the war period, the collect data concentral reprund waters. In the war period, the gations of ground-water supplies for military establishments. Renords: In the fater Resources Branch.
- QUARANTEES SUBCOMMITTEE, MEASURES OF CONTROL AND, Reparation of Danages Commission, Peace Conference.—See MEASURES OF CONTROL AND CUARANTEES SUBCOMMITTEE.
- GUN AND CARRIAGE GROUP, Gauge Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Wer Department. -- See GAUGE BRANCH.
- GUN DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.--Established before the war and designated on May 29, 197, so noe of the 10 divisions of the Office. After Speech 7, 15 included the following Sections: Gammon, Desdon, After Speech Bonton, Inspection, Production, and Archies. to other Chief Bonton, Desdon Canada, 197, 1915, with the transfer of the State of the Office. Functions: Control of the Office. Functions: Office of the State of the State of the Office. Functions: Office of the State of the Stat

- GUN FORGING SPECIFICATIONS, JOINT ARMY AND NAVAL BOARD ON.--See JOINT ARMY AND NAVAL BOARD ON GUN FORGING SPECIFICATIONS.
- GUN MOUNT SECTION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the war. Functions: To have charge of the design, specifications, manufacture, and procurement of gun mounts, gun firing batteries, and accessories, except such as were within the cognizance of other sections, and also of the procurement of rifles and small arms, signal devices such as Very's pistols, dotters, and other gunnery training devices. Records: In the Navy Department.
- GUN SECTION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—
 In existence prior to the war. Functions: To have charge of the design, manufacture, and procurement of naval guns, except rifles and small arms. Records: In the Mavy Department.
- GUNNERY EXERCISES AND ENGINEERING PERFORMANCES OFFICE, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.—Originated as the Offices of the Inspector of Target Practice and Inspector of Engineering Competitions, which were combined in 1911 in the Division of Fleet Operations under the designation "Office of the Director of Target Practice and Engineering Competitions." Transferred on May 11, 1915, to the Office of the Chief of Naval Operations, where on April 22, 1916, the name was changed to Office of Gunnery Exercises and Engineering Performances. Functions transferred by General Order No. 108 of June 6, 1923, to the Fleet Training Division of the Naval Operations Office. Functions: To direct all gunnery practice on naval vessels and reports relating thereto. Records: In the Fleet Training Division.
 - GYNECOLOGY SUBCOMMITTEE, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.

with reference to sources of supply, production, means of conservation and standardization, and poseible extension of facilities in order to meet the needs of purchasing agencies of the Government and the Allies. Records: With those of the Board in NA. Most of them are probably dispersed in the "consolidated files," but there are some segregated lists of manufacturers, records of purchase applications, clearance requests, and the like (15 feet).

HARDWARE AND HAND TOOLS BRANCH, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on December 31, 1918, taking over part of the functions of the former Small Tools and Cheste Branch and part of the functions of the Heavy Hardware Branch; on January 1, 1919, it assumed part of the functione of the Hardware, Cordage, and Miscellaneous Branch. Functioned through five Sectione: Heavy Hardware, Hand Tools, Cordage and Handles, Miscellaneous Hardware, and Records. In existence in August 1919, when the Division was transferred as a Branch to the Regular Supplies Division of the Purchase Service. Functions: In charge of the procurement of heavy hardware, hand tools, and cordage. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

HARDMARE AND METALS DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Established on April 16, 1918, as a Branch of the Supply and Equipment Division. On June 18, by Office Order No. 376, it was made a Division. Some time later the Equipment Section of the Bakery Branch, Subsistence Division, was transferred to it. Operated through several Branches, as follows: Contract and Purchase; Kitchen and Camp Equipment; Metals and Heavy Hardware; Office Equipment and Sundries; Production and Inspection; Small Tools and Cheste; and Tool and Hardware Sundries. On October 28, 1918, the Division was abolished and its duties were transferred to the General Supplies Division of the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage. Functions: To have charge of the procurement of hardware, office equipment, personal accessories, and kindred items. Records: Probably among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

HARLWARE ERANCH, Inspection Section, Equipment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See INSPECTION SECTION.

HARDWARE ERANCH, HEAVY, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See HEAVY HARDWARE ERANCH.

HARDWARE, CORDAGE, AND MISCELLANEOUS HEARCH, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Originated in the Metals and Heavy Hardware Branch, Hardware and Metals Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Became the Hardware, Cordage, and Miscellaneous Eranch on October 28, 1918. Functioned through the following Sections: Shelf Hardware and Cordags; Automobile and Bicycle Accessories; Athletic Suppliee; Brushes; Personal Accessories; and Records. Dissolved on January 1, 1919. Its functions were taken over by the Hardware and Hand Toole Branch and the Mess, Camp, and Personal Equipment Branch. Functions: To have charge of the procurement of certain types of heavy hardware, axes, cordage, brushes, trench mirrors, and similar products. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

- HARDWARE DEPARTMENT, Procurement Section, Materiale Branch, Construction Division. War Department. -- See PROCUREMENT SECTION.
- FARMARE SECTION, Equipment Division, Ordnames Chief's Office, War Department,—Created in 1917. Transferred to the Equipment Section of the Procurement Division of the Office on January 14, 1918. Punctions: To procure hardware—both complete units, such as picks, axes, showle, and pilers; and parts, such as hocks, rings, eyelsts, masp, fasteners, and buckles. Records: Probably among those of the
- RREMOOD SECTION, Lumber Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Offics, Purchase and Storage Elirector's Offics, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Sss LUMBER REMORE.
- HARRESS AND LEATHER SECTION, Clothing and Equipage Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CLOTHEM AND EQUIPAGE BRANCH.
- HARMESS AND PERSONAL EQUIPMENT SECTION, Hide, Leather, and Leather Goods Division, War Industries Board.—Organized on Juna 12, 1918, and discontinued on Docuber 31, 1918, Functions; 70 obtain and furnish manufacturers with information regarding the industry and to plan means of conservation. Records: Asong those of the Beard in NA.
- HARNESS AND HADDLERY ADJUSTMENT COMMISSION, NATIONAL, -- See NATIONAL HARNESS AND SADDLERY ADJUSTMENT COMMISSION.
- HARRES ERANCH, Vehicles and Harness Division, Cuartermaster General's Office, War Department,—Originally part of the Vehicles and Rarmed Phronch, Supplies and Forder Burkeline, satablished on April 16, Brunch, Supplies and Fordermanch, Vehicles and Harmess Division, upon the setablishment of the latter on May 18, Abolished in October, when its functions were transferred to the Lesbars and Rubber Franch, Clothing and Equippe Division, Office of the Director of Furchase and Storage Functions: To procure harmess for the use of the Army, Records, Frobally sanon those of the Quartermaster Demenl's Office in Na.
- HARMESS ERANCH, VENICLE AND, Dozestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. —See YEHICLE AND HARMESS ERANCH.
- HARDES EPANCH, VEHICLES AND, Quartermaster Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Furchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See VEHICLES AND HARDESS ERANCH.
- HARNESS DIVISION, VEHICLES AND, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department. -- Ses VEHICLES AND HARNESS DIVISION.
- HARNESS LEATHER SECTION, UPPER AND, Hide, Leether, and Leather Goode Division, War Industries Board.—See UPPER AND HARNESS LEATHER SECTION.
- EMMISS REPAIR ENANCH, SHOE AND, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Mirector's Office, Purchase, Storage,

- and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See SHOE AND HARNESS REPAIR ERANCH.
- HARNESS SECTION, Shoes, Leather, and Rubber Branch, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.--See SHOES, LEATHER, AND RUBBER BRANCH.
- HAT REPAIR BRANCH, Conservation and Reclamation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Established on January 26, 1918, as the Hat Repair Section of the Repair Branch, Reclamation Division. On April 16, 1918, it became a Branch of the Reclamation Division, and later, on April 22, of the Conservation and Reclamation Division. It was discontinued on October 28, 1918, and its functions were taken over by the Clothing Renovation Branch, Salvage Division, Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage. Functions: To handle the repair of hats at camps and other Army posts. Records: Probably among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
- HAT REPAIR SECTION, Repair Shops Branch, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See REPAIR SHOPS BRANCH.
- HAZARDOUS OCCUPATIONS COMMITTEE, Woman in Industry Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably created in the summer of 1918. Consisted of representatives of the Woman in Industry Service, of the Working Conditions Service, and the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Labor Department; the Surgeon General's Office, the Ordnance Chief's Office, and the Chemical Warfare Service of the War Department; the Navy Department; and the Bureau of Standards, the Public trics Board. Probably went out of existence with the Service on July 1, 1919. Functions: To determine the occupations in which hazards not inherent in industry. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- HEAD SURGERY DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. -- See SURGERY OF THE HEAD DIVISION.
- HEAD SURGERY SECTION, Surgery Committee, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Formed on July 7, 1917, as a superior coordinating office to control the activities of the Subcommittee on Oto-Laryngology and the Subcommittee on Ophthalmology. Functions: The Section apparently existed only for administrative purposes and to make recommendations to the Surgeon General's Office, War Department. Records: Some may be among those of the Council in NA.
- HEALTH AND MEDICAL RELIEF COMMITTEE, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Created on September 25, 1918; probably terminated with the Division on March 1, 1920. Executive Order No. 3389 of January 24, 1921, ordered the transfer of the records of the Committee to the Public Health Service. Functions: To conduct surveys of sanitary conditions on railroads and to make recommendations for under Federal control. Records: Probably among those of the Public Health Service in NA.
- HEALTH AND RECREATION DEPARTMENT, Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense.—Organized about May 1917 and terminated on October 1, 1918. At first known as the Department for the Safeguarding

of Morel and Spiritual Forces. Mrs. Fullip N. Moore, Chairman. Functions: Encouraged the providing of recreation in camps and camp vicinities for earl in allitary and maval service, cooperating with restore organizations engaged in such work. It also cooperated with the following Moone's Christian Association in providing recreation and patients is not for young momen. Records: Some are among those of the Court in NA, including reports on the entertainment of coulding-more on the entertainment of soldiers.

HEALTH AND SANITATION DEPARTMENT, Shippard Plante Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Flast Corporation. See HEALTH AND SANITATION SECTION.

HEALTH AND SANITATION SPOTION. Industrial Relations Division, Construction Organization. Shinning Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.-Initiated on Novembar 16, 1917, with the eppointment of a Fleet Corporation Medical Officer. On January 15, 1918, a Health and Sanitetion Department was setablished in the Shipvard Plants Division and was later transferred to the General Service Division. On May 17, 1918, it bacams a Section of the Industrial Relations Division. Abolished February 15, 1919. Functions: To supervise the conditions of health and semitation that might effect the physical welfars of the men working in shipwards; to provide care for injuries; and to exercise general supervision over canitation in housing projecte and the homes of workers. Records: 1918 (1 foot) in Ma. Include reporte on earlitary conditions and medical care in chipbuilding plants, photographs and blueprints of plant layouts and eanitary equipment, record cards on plant welfare activities, and a small amount of administrative correspondence. Additional metarial releting to the activities of the Section is in the general files of the Industrial Raletione and Shipward Plante Divisions in NA.

MEALTH DIVISION, HOUSING AND, War Department. -- See HOUSING AND HEALTH DIVISION.

HEALTH EDUCATION SECTION, PUBLIC, Public Health Service, Treesury Department. — See PUBLIC HEALTH EDUCATION SECTION.

HEALTH SERVICE, PUBLIC, Treasury Department,—See PUBLIC HEALTH SER-VICE.

WEALTH UNIT, Women in Industry Branch, Industrial Service Saction, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department, —Ses WOLEN IN INDUSTRY REAMON.

HEAT AND TEXPEMENTE DIVISION, Standards Bursan, Commerce Department,—Succeeded by the Heat and Power Dividing shout 1929. Functions To study and establish heat and thermosetry standards, During the war it assisted the War and Nawy Departments in the field of ecromattics and investigated roofing materials for temporary war structures, Records In the National Dursan of Standards.

HEATING AND FINEAUM SECTION, Engineering Branch, Construction Division, War Department, Originally in the Depineering Brench, Castroment Division, Compressate General's Office, Transferred with the Original Section of the Construction Division when the letter originated on March 13, 1938. Functioner To prepare plans for providing Army camps and contonents with heating and plumbing facilities. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department,

- HEATING SECTION, BEDS, STOVES, AND, Mess, Camp, and Personal Equipment Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MESS, CAMP, AND PERSONAL EQUIPMENT BRANCH.
- HEAVY HARDWARE AND METALS SECTION, General Supplies Branch, Quarter-master Subdivision, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See GENERAL SUPPLIES BRANCH.
- HEAVY HARDWARE BRANCH, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized shortly before the armistice, when it took over part of the functions of the Metals and Hardware Branch, Hardware and Metals Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Functioned through the following Sections: Chain [and] Blacksmith's Equipment; Track and reorganization of December 31, 1918, the Branch was abolished, part of its functions being taken over by the Hardware and Hand Tools Branch. Functions: To have charge of the procurement of Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
- HELIUM PRODUCTION RESEARCH, Mines Bureau, Interior Department. -- Investigations concerning helium production were begun as early as 1916 and were continued after July 31, 1917, under authority of appropriations made for the Army and Navy but allocated to the Mines Bureau. Two of the plants built and operated for the production of helium were closed on January 23, 1919, but the third continued in operation, financed by Army and Navy funds. Control of helium research and production has remained in the Mines Bureau. Functions: To design and operate plants for helium production. Actual construction was undertaken by the Quartermaster Corps of the Army, but research work was performed under the personal supervision of the Director of the Mines Bureau. The unit cooperated with the Geological Survey in the recovery of helium from natural gas, and also with the Bureau of Standards. Records: (11 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, reports, blueprints, photographs, and technical data relative to the construction and operation of the Experiment Station, Helium Plant No. 3, at Petrolia, Tex. Other records are probably in the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, Petroleum Investigations and Production of Helium, 75-87 (Bulletin 1780. Washington, 1919).
- HEIMETS AND BODY ARMOR COMMITTEE, Metallurgy Section, Engineering Division, National Research Council.—Organized in 1917 under the chairmanship of Bashford Dean. Also referred to as the Protective Body Armor Committee. Functions: Studied old types of body armor and their adaptation to modern war and the types of steel best adapted for helmets. Records: In the National Research Council.
- HIDE AND IFATHER CONTROL ERANCH, Supplies and Equipment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Established on February 7, 1918, as a Board. Shortly thereafter, it was reorganized as a Branch and operated through the following Sections: Administrative; Hides and Skins; Sheepskins and Gloves; Sole and

Belting Leather; Tenning Materials; and Upper Leather, Harness, Bag, and Strap Leather. In March the Chief of the Branch was appointed by the Chairman of the War Industries Board as Chief of the Hills, Leather, and Tanning Materials Section of that Board. On May 15, the work and personnal connected with tanning materials were transferred to the Chemicals Division, War Industries Board. On October 1, 1018, the resulted or the Personnal and activities of the Branch was transferred to the same Board. Functions To have jurisdiction over the production of lasther of all kinds and also of tarming materials, Records: Probably in MA among those of the Offices and of the War Industries Board.

HIE, LEATHER, AND LEATHER COOKS DEVISION, WAR Industries Board,—
Originated in Earch 1918 so the Bids, Leather, and Taming Materials Section of the Finished Products Division. About May 15
rials Section of the Finished Products Division. About May 15
rials section of the Finished Products Division. About May 15
rials section of the Hids and Leather Control
Brandshade Division Control of the Hids and Leather Control
Finished Cooks Division. Descontingued Becomber 31, 1918. Functions: To provide for Government, civilian, and Allied Leather,
Angulements, to protect the industry front he collective burging of
other nations; to stabilise prices and claimate nonesemitalisy and
to allocate materials where there were shortages. Records Among
those of the Board in NA. Include w considerable quantity of card
records (Sext), among then lists of dealers and namifecturers.

HIDE, LEATHER, AND TANNING MATERIALS SELTION, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board. -- See HIDE, LEATHER, AND LEATHER GOODS DIVISION.

HIDES AND SKINS SECTION, Mide and Leather Control Branch, Supplies and Equipment Division, Quarternaster General's Office, For Department,—See HIDE AND LEATHER CONTROL ENABLY.

HIDES AND SKINS SECTION, FOREIGH, Hide, Leather, and Leather Goods Division, War Industries Board. See FOREIGN HIDES AND SKINS SECTION.

HIGH COST OF LIVING DIVISION, Justice Department.—Organised following the passage on October 22, 1939, of an assendment to the Food from Prol Control (Lever) Act of August 10, 1937, excessities of life, and establishing general control of the stabilishing general control of the particularly on food prices and an extra size in 1920 because particularly on food prices and an extra Supress Court decition of the declination of the second of the secon

field organization. Functions: To check profiteering, hoarding, and other factors contributing to the high cost of living following the war. Records: 1919-20 (36 feet) in NA. Correspondence, chiefly with State Food Administrators, State Fair Price Commissioners, and United States attorneys; case and commodity files; price reports; and records of the Fair Price Committee of the District of Columbia. References: Justice Department, Annual Reports, 1919, p. 14-15;

HIGHWAYS AND ROADS SECTION, War Minerals Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See WAR MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.

HICHWAYS COUNCIL, Agriculture Department. -- Formed at the suggestion of the Secretary of Agriculture through the designation by the Secretary of War, the Director General of Railroads, the Chairman of the War Industries Board, the Fuel Administrator, and the Secretary of Agriculture of representatives to act in council. First meeting held on June 8, 1918. Terminated in 1919. L. W. Page, Chairman. Functions: To coordinate the activities of Government agencies insofar as they related to highways, with the objects of avoiding delay, confusion, and conflict and of conserving money, labor, materials, and transportation facilities for essential war purposes, through appropriate regulation of highways work. Arrangements were made with State highways departments whereby applications for approval of highways and street work were submitted to the Council, which restricted such work to the most essential needs. Records: 1918-19 (1 inch) among the correspondence files of the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture in NA. Records regarding engineering and clerical personnel, quarters, supplies, and equipment, which were supplied to the Council by the Public Roads Bureau, are in the files of the Public Roads Administration, Federal Works

HIGHWAYS TRANSPORT COMMITTEE, Council of National Defense. -- Established by the Council in November 1917 and functioned during the war through a system of State and local committees. It was dissolved on September 15, 1919, and its peacetime duties were transferred to a newly created Transportation Section. By the Federal Highways Act of 1921 these duties were transferred to the Secretary of Agriculture. Functions: To strengthen the Nation's transportation system by increasing the use of the highways, particularly as a means of relieving overcrowding on the railroads. The organization set up by the Committee assisted the War Department in the routing of its motortruck convoy service, encouraged the removal of snow from main highways, sought to relieve railroad terminal congestion, and developed motor express routes from agricultural areas to consuming centers or shipping points. Records: A small amount is in NA among the records of the Council of National Defense and of the Secretary of Agriculture. The whereabouts of the bulk of the records is not known, although they may be among those of the Public Roads Bureau in the Federal Works Agency. References: Council of National Defense, Annual Reports, 1918, p. 74-79; 1919, p. 88-92; 1920,

HISTORIAN OF THE WAR, OFFICE OF, State Department.—The Secretary of State appointed Gaillard Hunt Historian of the War on October 1, 1918. The Office of the Historian was incorporated in the Publications Division by Departmental Order No. 203, May 13, 1921.

Functions: To prepare "the history of the World War as shown by the records of the Department of State." (The narrative part of

this projected work has sever been published.) Records: In Communications and Records Britains, State Department, Engineers, State Department, Register, 1918, p. 126; American Historical Association, Annual Report, 1918, vol. 1, p. 160-161 [Smathurchu, 1923); Elizabeth, B. Drewy, Historical Unite of Agencies of the First World War, 19-12 (Hestingal Arrhives, Bulletin No. 4, Hestington 1942).

HISTORIAN'S OFFICE. Shimming Board .- Originated in the Division of Planning and Statistics established in February 1918. In April Raymond G. Gettell was sesigned to the Division to prepare the annual report of the Board. He was later designated Historian. and hie Office became practically independent of the Division. He was succeeded in August 1918 by James G. Randall, who served until August 31, 1919. The work was thereafter carried on in the Office of the Secretary, Functions: To obtain data on the origin, organization, and activities of the Board and of the Emergoncy Flest Corporation: and to propage material for the annual reports, for weekly and encoial reports and articles, and for a final history of the Roard. Recorder 7018-20 /8 feet) in W. consisting chiefly of materials on the activities and functions of the Board. These include histories of its white: organization charts; copies or digeste of minutes, orders, memoranda, newspaper accounts, and related material: and correspondence and reporte.

HISTORICAL BOARD, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. -- See HISTORICAL DIVISION.

MISTORICAL EMAICS, Deserval Administrative Division, Purchase and Storage Divertor's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traifed Division, Deserval Staff, Far Department,—Stabilished by Purchase and Storage Office Memoradum No. 1, Sammar 9, 1909, and still in extance on June 30, 1900. Punctions: To assemble the records of the Quarternasetar Corps and of the Purchase and Storage Service and to compile the history of these agencies. Records: Some are among those of the Quarternaset General's Office in NA.

HISTORICAL BRANCH, War Plans Division, General Staff, War Department. -Organised on March 5, 1918, under the direction of Lt. Col-Charles W. Wooks. Operated through the following Sections: Administrative: Diplomatic Relatione: Economic Mobilization: General Military Rietory: Military Mobiliestion: Operations (later ths Pietorical Section, Office of the Chief of Staff. American Expeditionary Forces); and Pictorial. It was greatly reduced in eite in the summer of 1919, and plane for the preparation of a general history of the war were abandoned by direction of the Secretary on August 4, 1919. In the same month it was placed under the direction of Brig. Gen. Oliver L. Speulding. In 1921 it became the Historical Section of the Army Mar College, Functions: To compile historical data relating to American participation in the war. The organization records accumulated by the Historical Section of the American Expeditionary Forces in France remained for a time in the custody of the Franch, but in 1922 they were transferred to The Adjutant General's Office. Records: Those in KA consist of part of the records of the Economic Mobilisation Section, 1918-19 (55 feet). Other records are in the General Staff, War Department, References: Eliesbeth B, Drewy, Rietorical Units of Arencies of the First World War, 7-13 (Metional Archives, Bullatin ho. 4. [hashington] 1942].

HISTORICAL DATA SECTION, Administrative Division, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established on February 23, 1918. Continued in the Office Division, which succeeded the Administrative Division early in 1919. It was finally abolished about 1923, but its functions essentially were taken over at that time by the newly created Intelligence Division.

Functions: To collect and arrange material for the eventual compilation of a history of the activities of the Engineer Corps and the Office of the Chief of Engineers during the war. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

HISTORIGAL DIVISION, Marine Corps.—Established on September 8, 1919, under Maj. Edwin N. McClellan, who had been historical officer for the Corps in France. Functions: To collect material of a historical nature relating to the Marine Corps, to prepare a history of the Corps for the period of the World War, and to revise and complete a history of the Corps from 1775. Plans for the longer history did not materialize and the Division became principally an agency for collecting, arranging, and indexing records. A brief history entitled The United States Marine Corps in the World War was published in 1920. Records: In the Navy Department.

HISTORICAL DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Established on August 23, 1917, as the Historical Board. On November 30, 1918, it became the Historical Section of the Museum and Library Division and, finally, on December 4, 1919, the Historical Division. Functions: To collect and prepare material for a medical and surgical history of American participation in the war. This history was issued from 1923 to 1929 in 15 volumes under the title Medical Department of the United States Army in the World War. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

HISTORICAL SECTION, Naval Intelligence Office, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department .- Established about June 20, 1918, under the direction of Rear Admiral W. W. Kimball, with personnel largely detailed from the Office of Naval Intelligence. Shortly after the armistice another Historical Section was set up by Admiral Sims in London under Capt. Dudley W. Knox, which was later merged with the Historical Section in Washington. On July 1, 1919, the Section became a part of the Office of Naval Records and Library, which had been established in 1915, succeeding the Navy Department Library and the Naval War Records Office. Functions: To collect and arrange naval records relating to American participation in the war. Files of both the Mavy Department and of naval forces operating abroad were collected, a number of administrative histories prepared in other branches of the Department were assembled, and there were prepared a number of monographs on naval activities in the war, some of which were published. Records: Most of those collected by the Historical Section and the Office of Naval Records and Library, as well as the records created by them, are still in the custody of the Office although located in the National Archives Building. References: Elizabeth B. Drewry, Historical Units of Agencies of the First World War, 13-18 (National Archives, Bulletin No. 4. [Washington] 1942). A partial list of the monographs prepared can be found in Waldo G. Leland and Newton D. Mereness, Introduction to the American Official Sources for the Economic and Social History of the World War, 110-112 (New Haven, 1926).

- HISTORICAL SUBSECTION, Information Section, Positive Branch, Wilitary Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—Sec INFOR-MATION SECTION.
- MISTORY AND DISTRIBUTION OF FARM ENTERPRISES. Form Management Office, Agriculture Department -- A project established in 1912 to determine historical and generanhical factors controlling the distribution of crops and types of livestock in the United States and foreign countries. An order of the Secretary lesued June 28, 1918, largely suspended the routine work of the project. As a result, activity during the following flecal year consisted mainly of aid to The Inquiry and its successor in the inerican Commission to Negotiate Peace, which partly financed this work. In 1919, the project became the Agricultural History and Geography Division, which contimued much of the emergency activity on a normal basis. Such work has been carried on eince 1922 by the Stetistical and Historical Research Division of the Agricultural Economics Bureau, but foreign etudies are now handled by the Foreign Agricultural Relstione Office. Functions: To supply date and prepare maps for use by the Labor Department, State labor commissioners, and farm help specialiste in mobilizing farm labor: and to prepare for The Inquiry and ite successor reports and maps relating to agricultural conditions in foreign countries and to the interdependence of such countries with regard to sgricultural products. Records Whereabouts unknown. Related material in Ma includes a few Porciect statements" of the Farm Management Office and several items releting to emergency activities of the project among the incoming letters of the Secretary of Agriculture for 1918.
- HISTORY AND STATISTICS EVANCH, MILITARY, Commissioned Personnel Section, Administration Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department,—See MILITARY HISTORY AND STATISTICS BRANCH.
- HISTORY SECTION, GENERAL MILITARY, Historical Branch, War Flans Division, General Staff, War Department, See GENERAL MILITARY HISTORY SECTION.
- HOG CHOURAN CONTROL COFFES, Anteal Industry Bureau, Agriculture Department,—sog chairs investigations were begun in the Bursen in 1883. After July 1, 1913, they were conducted on a wide scals under the direction of the Buchemic Division. The hop cholers field work was separated from this Division con January 1, 1916, when the Office of Riog Cholers courted was established. The Office becaus a Division on April 16, 1919. On July 1, 1914, the field work against hog cholers and other infections diseases of wine was assigned to the Division of Tick Dresidentian and Special Diseases. Functions I or investigate, suppress, and control outbrake of hog cholers and other infections diseases of wrine. Resorting 1917-18 (4 sets) manny the general files of the Dress in Na.
- HOME AND FOREIGN RELIEF DEPARTMENT, Woman's Committee, Council of Mational Defense, —Crymited about May 1917 and terminated on October 1, 1918. Functions: To cooperate with the American National Red Cross and other relief agencies. Recorder Some may be among those of the Council in Ra.
- HOME CONSERVATION DIVISION, Food Administration,—Organized in July 1917 and known as the Food Conservation Division or the Conservation Division. About December 1917 its Hotels and Restaurants Section was given division etatus, and the Division was remand the Rose

Conservation Division. It cooperated with the Educational and States Administration Divisions, which later took over some of its activities. In October 1918 the Schools and Colleges Division was formed by a consolidation of two of its sections. Dissolved early in 1919. Functions: To create public sentiment in favor of the food bill and of other legislation controlling profiteering, hoarding, and waste of food and to encourage the conservation of food in the homes. Records: 1917-19 (96 feet) in NA. Correspondence, recipes, msnus, and administrative and pledge campaign records.

HOME ECONOMICS DEPARTMENT, FOOD PRODUCTION AND, Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense.—See FOOD PRODUCTION AND HOME ECONOMICS DEPARTMENT.

HOME ECONOMICS OFFICE, States Relations Service, Agriculture Department. -- Nutrition investigations were conducted by the Experiment Stations Office from 1894 to 1915. On July 1, 1915, this Office became a part of the States Relations Service, where a separate Home Economics Office, coordinate with the other Offices in the Service, was organized. On July 1, 1923, the Home Economics Office was given bureau status. Functions: To survey and study war foods and diets, especially the use of dried fruits and vegetables, cottage cheese, and other milk products as substitutes for wheat and fats; to promote food conservation and improve dietetic practices through the preparation of pamphlets and leaflets distributed by the Agriculture Department, the Food Administration, the Education Bureau, and the Interior Department; and to prepare outlines for courses of instruction in food conservation. Records: Data relating to the work of the Home Economics Office is contained in reports of county agents, home demonstration agents, and other field workers, 1917-18 (100 feet), which are among the annual narrative and statistical reports of the Extension Service in NA. Schedules of a national dietary survey made in 1917-18 (50 feet) are in the Agriculture Dspartment. The destruction of correspondence and other papers rsgarding the dietary survey and a food survey mads in cooperation with the Markets Bureau was authorized Rsferences: Paul V. Betters, The Bureau of Home Economics (Washington, 1930).

HOME SECTION, CNN-YOUR-CNN, Public Works and Construction Development Bivision, Information and Education Servics, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See CNN-YOUR-CNN HOME SECTION.

Created in Juns 1918, taking over the functions of the Reference Library and Publication Division. On September 17 it took over Council of Defenss, the activities of which were coordinated with Committee on Requisitioned Housss. In addition to the work carried on in the Washington Office, this Division had supervision over the United States. Terminated on June 30, 1919. Functions: To Division, assembls data and inform the public commercial committies on committies on the surveys made by the Survey and Statistics projects, conduct vacancy canvasses in industrial communities and ployees in war industries, and maintain a reference library.

Records: 1918-19 (6 feet) in NA. Correspondence, dsscriptions of

- the various housing projects, reports of housing committees in various cities, interoffice memoranda, personnel records, work sheets used in writing the Housing Corporation report, and an index to complaints relative to rent profiteering.
- OGESTETERS' BUREAU, Agricultural Section, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration.—Organization announced on January 1, 1919; discontinued on March 1, 1909. Functions: To furnish free information to individuals shout opportunities in farming, dairying, stock raising, and related pursuits. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.
- ORSE AND HAND-DRAWN VEHICLES BRANCH, Motors and Vehicles Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department,—See MOTORS AND VEHICLES DIVISION.
- HORSE DRAWN TRANSPORT SECTION, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See CIVIL AND MECHANICAL DIVISION.
- HORSE EQUIPMENT BRANCH, PERSONAL AND, Ordenance Subdivision, Domestic Distribution Initiation, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Taffic Diriction, Occasial Staff, War Department,—See PERSONAL AND HORSE EQUIPMENT PRIMARY.
- BOSPITAL ADMINISTRATION SUBCOMMITTEE, Standardization of Medical and Surpical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Nedictine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense,—See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COUNTITIES.
- HOSPITAL DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department,—Greated safty in July 1917. Operated at first though the following Sections: Administrative, Argures Corps, Arry School of Nursing, tionas Administrative, Argures Corps, Arry School of Nursing, the Arry School of Nursing, and Salection. In Howenber 1918, two Sections, the Arry Murse Corps and the Arry School of Nursing, were transferred to the Personnel Division on July 10, 1918. In the course of coor montraction, University on July 10, 1918. In the course of coor the new Rospital Administrative Section the following units, which carried full Administration Section that following units, which carried full Administration Section of the Collection of the new Rospital Administration Section of the Pursial Reconstruction. Headling, Surgery, Psychology, and Pursial Reconstruction. Medicine, Surgery, Psychology, and Pursial Reconstruction. Well the Collection of the Collection of
 - HOSPITAL DIVISION, OVERSIAS, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.
 —See OVERSIAS HOSPITAL DIVISION.
 - ROSSITAL ENUISIDAT AND SUFFLIES EFANCS, Nedical and Bospital Supplies Division, Furchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Teeffic Editation, General Staff, Var Department.

- HOSPITAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES SECTION, Medical and Hospital Supplies Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES BRANCH.
- HOSPITAL SECTION, Yards and Docks Bureau, Navy Department.--Established in the fall of 1917, taking over work from the Marine Corps, Fuel Oil, and Radio Section of the Bureau. Functions: To be responsible for the design of hospital and dispensary lay-outs and buildings, the preparation of drawings and specifications, and the allotment of funds and expenditures in connection with hospital work. Records: Dispensed among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - HOSPITAL SUPPLIES BRANCH, MEDICAL AND, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. -- Sco LEDICAL AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES BRANCH.
 - HOSPITAL SUPPLIES DIVISION, MEDICAL AND, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES DIVISION.
 - HOSPITALS AND PHYSICAL RECONSTRUCTION DIVISION, SPECIAL, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. See PHYSICAL RECONSTRUCTION DIVISION.
 - HOSPITALS AND RELIEF DIVISION, MARINE, Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—See MARINE HOSPITALS AND RELIEF DIVISION.
 - HOSPITALS COMMITTEE, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—
 Appointed on April 9, 1917; transferred to the Surgeon General's Office, War Department, about June 1918. Functions: To recommend to general hospitals plans for the reorganization of their staffs so as to release personnel for war service; to classify hospitals as to size and facilities and to classify offers of private houses and buildings for use as military hospitals; to make studies looking toward uniformity in medical nomenclature; and to make plans for the hospitalization of roturned soldiers. Records: Probably in NA among those of the Surgeon General's Office and of the Council.
 - HOTELS, GOVERNMENT, Housing Corporation.—Sec GOVERNMENT HOTELS.
 - HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS DIVISION, Food Administration.—Created in July 1917 as a Section of the Food Conservation Division. During the latter part of the year it became a separate Division. The country was divided into seven districts, each with a prominent hotel man as chairman, and in each State chairmen were appointed to organize food conservation work among hotels and restaurants and to cooperate with the State Food Administrators. In August 1917 the dining-car services of the country were organized for this work through a committee of the Association of Dining Car Superintendents, and in October a chairman was appointed to head a steamship section. Terminated in January 1919. Functions: To organize food conservation programs in dining cars, hotels, restaurants, and clubs. Records: 1917-18 (31 feet) in Ma.

Questionnaires on the anount of food consumed in hotels, clube, and eteamships; benus; and recipes. References: William C. Mullendore, History of the United States Food Administration, 1917-1919, 95-97 (Stanford University

HOUSE FURNISHINGS SECTION, KITCHEN DYENSILS AND, Kitchen and Cemp Equipment Branch, General Supplies Division, Furchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department,—See KITCHEN AND CAMP EUTPRIVEN DEAD.

HOUSES IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMNIA COMMITTEE, REQUISITIONED, Housing Corporation.—See REQUISITIONED HOUSES IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMNIA COMMITTEE.

RUSING AND REALTH DUTSIGN, Far Department,—Greated after the United States entered the war. Terminated in March 1919. Functions? To consider the matter of the housing and health of Coverment employees and of Arry and Navy afferer stationed in Machington, D. C., and to give legal advice and to care for the health and recreation of employees. In carrying out the latter function, it operated through two subsidiary organizations, the War Department Red Gross War Department Recreation League. Records In the

HOUSING AND TRANSPORTATION BUREAU, IMPUSTRIAL, Labor Department, -- See INDUSTRIAL HOUSING AND TRANSPORTATION BUREAU.

HOUSING HANCH, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chiefs office, har Department.—Organized December 1917 in the Section, at that time directly under the Chief of Ordnance-Punctions: To supervise the ecops and design of howing projects for industrial workers at private Covernment—owned plants where crommance materials are nauntactured, and to outline the general scheme of development, prepare ektch plane for building and street law-outs, estimate costs, and approve the developed projects. After the organization of the Rouels or Corporation in July 1918, it was a function of the Branch to analyze and present the meeds for housing in Connection with ordnance establishments and to make requests that among them to be open the law of the Section of Probabily.

HOUSING conditions, council of Setimal Defense.—Appointed on October 9, 1917. After conducting a Z-eveks bearing, the Committee recommended that a Government agency be created to provide housing for war vertices. It was advised on January 10, 1918, that the administration of housing had been placed under the Secretary of Labor but that it would continue to act in an actionor capacity. On February 12, Onto M. Eddits, Chairman of the Cormittee, became the Injection of the Industrial Housing and Transportation hursen of the Labor Department, and the work of the Committee was continued by the Preliminary Corectification direction of the formers. Emericions to investigate and works employed on Government contracts and the relation of that problem to the supply of rear materials. Peccentry among those of the Mirretor of the Industrial Housing and Transportation Burseu in EM. HOUSING CORPORATION .-- Incorporated on July 9, 1918, under the laws of the State of New York under authority granted the President by an act of June 4, and delegated by an Executive order of June 18 to the Secretary of Labor, to carry on work begun by the Industrial Housing and Transportation Bureau of the Labor Department. Functioned through the following Divisions, some of which originated under the Bureau: Architectural, Construction, Engineering, Fiscal, Homes Registration and Information, Industrial Relations, Legal, Operating, Preliminary Investigation, Real Estate, Requirements, Survey and Statistics, Torm Planning, Transportation, and Treasury; also included Committees on Adjustment (of claims), Design, Requisitioned Houses in the District of Columbia, and Sites. In 1937 the Corporation was transferred from the Labor Department to the Procurement Division of the Treasury Department, where the work of liquidating its former undertakings was carried on. Since 1939 this work has been performed by the Public Buildings Administration of the Federal Works Functions: To make available housing and other facilities for laborers in war industries. It made available existing housing in crowded communities, attempted to reduce housing congestion by distributing labor through improved transportation, and constructed and operated houses, apartments, and dormitories. Records: 1918-32 (2,463 feet) in NA. Correspondence, contracts, vouchers, blueprints, building specifications, cost estimates, and memoranda. Other records are in the Procurement Division, Treasury Department. References: Housing Corporation, Report, December 3, 1918 (Washington, 1919), and its final Report (Washington, 1919-20); Harold A. Van Dorn, Government Owned Corporations, ch. 6 (New York, 1926); John F. Crowell, Government War Contracts, 268-269, 280-286 (New York, 1920).

HOUSING DEPARTMENT, Shippard Plants Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See HOUSING SECTION, Passenger Transportation and Housing Division.

HOUSING SECTION, Passenger Transportation and Housing Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established on May 7, 1918, as successor to the Housing Section of the General Service Division, created on February 23, 1918, and to the Housing Department of the Shippard Plants Division, created on August 30, 1917. Abolished on July 1, 1920. Functions: To survey housing requirements in communities in which shippards were labor. Records: 1917-19 (3 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, memoranda, and reports relating to housing requirements and house construction. Related records are in the general files of the

HOUSING SECTION, Welfare Work Subcommittee, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Appointed on June 28, 1917. After October 1917 its functions were carried on by the Housing Committee of the Council. Functions: To investigate housing conditions in munitions—making and shipbuilding centers throughout the country. Records: Some may be in NA among those of the Council or of the Industrial Housing and Transportation Eurcau.

HOUSING UNIT, Women in Industry Branch, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See WOYEN IN INDUSTRY BRANCH.

- FULL BRANCH, Technical Section, Ship Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See TECHICAL SECTION.
- HIRCORAPHI AND TOPOGRAPHI DIVISION, Coest and Geodatic Survey, Coesterce Department.—In existence prior to the war. Succeeded by merce Department.—In existence prior to the war. Succeeded by the Coestal Survey Division in 1941. Denotings To determine where surveys are required and parties, examine functed; to prepare interactions for supervise the construction, records, and inspect fields one supervise the construction, records, and inspect fields and field equipment (except instruments) to prepare the publication Coast Pilot and esting directions; and to compile tide and current data. During the war almost the entire work of the Bivision was for the War and Mary Departments. Records Some for the period of the war as compiled to the Survey in Ma. Others are in the Commerce Department.
- MIGIENT AND MEDICINE DIVISION, INDUSTRIAL, Working Conditions Service, Labor Department. -- See INDUSTRIAL HOTEME AND MEDICINE DIVISION.
- HOLDIE AID SUNITATION CCHITTEE, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Cornities, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense,—Appointed on April 9, 1917. Cooperated with the War Department, the Narl Pepartment, the Public Health Perries, the Asarcians Rational Red Cross, and civilian health greedless. Electronic Street Health Perries, Defection of Market Perries, Promotions of the Perries of the Production of Sanita Perries, Decided to the Production of Sanita Perries and Navy Departments or the protection of troops. Records: Some may be acong those of the Council in RA.
- HIGHERE ROARD, INTERCEPARTMENTAL SOCIAL.—See INTERCEPARTMENTAL SOCIAL MIGHENE BOARD.
- HTGIERE COMMITTEE, MEDICINE AND, Medicine and Related Sciences Division, National Research Council.—See MEDICINE AND HIGHERE COMMITTEE.
- ETGIETE DIVISION, SOCIAL, Training Comp Activities Corrission, Kary Department, —See SOCIAL REGISTED DIVISION.
- HTDIERE DIVISION, SOCIAL, Training Comp Activities Comission, Far Department.—See SOCIAL HTDIERE DIVISION.
- HIGHERIC LAPORATORY, Scientific Research Division, Public Fealth Service, Tressury Department. —See SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH DIVISION.

ICE SECTION, ALMONIA AND, Collateral Commodities Division, Food Administration.—See COLLATERAL COMMODITIES DIVISION.

ILLUMINATION SECTION, Engineering Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Originally in the Engineering Branch, Cantonment Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Transferred with the Branch to the Construction Division upon its organization on March 13, 1918.

Functions: To provide plans for illumination at Army camps and cantonments. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.

HLUSTRATIONS AND PLATES SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration.—Organized in July 1917 as the Photographic Section and renamed the Illustrations Section in December. Became the Illustrations and Plates Section in October 1918, when it absorbed the motion-picture work of the Advertising Section. Dissolved early in 1919. Functions: To furnish photographs, matrices, and cuts to newspapers, periodicals, and Government agencies and to provide lantern slides and motion pictures for publicity work. Records: 1917-19 (32 feet) in NA. Correspondence, photographs of Food Administration personnel used by the Speakers' Bureau, lantern slides, and some records relating to motion pictures.

PMIGRANT EDUCATION DIVISION, Education Bureau, Interior Department.

—A section on immigrant education was organized as early as April 1914. In May 1918 it became a Division (also known as the Division for the Investigation of the Education of Immigrants), and in September 1918 it was absorbed by the newly created Americanization Division. Functions: To promote the education and assimilation of foreign-born residents in this country through classes in schools and industrial plants and in connection with social organizations; to satablish standards in immigrant education; and to encourage the Probably destroyed as useless papers.

INCIGERATION BUREAU, Labor Department.—In existence since March 3, 1891; became a part of the Labor Department upon its creation in 1913; and as the Immigration and Naturalization Service was transferred in June 1940 to the Justice Department. Anthony Carminetti, Commissioner General during the war period. Functions: To enforce the Chinese exclusion and other immigration laws. During the war it assumed custody of alien enemiss taken from German merchant ships in American harbors at the declaration of war and administered an internment camp at Hot Springs, N. C., for those so detained; it aliens for contract war work; and it cooperated with the State Department in the promulgation and enforcement of passport regulations, with the War, Navy, and Justice Departments in investigating aliens of all classes and in assisting in the enforcement of the espionage, trading with the enemy, and sabotage laws, and with the Commerce Department in manning merchant vessels with alien

seamen. Records: 1917-20 (500 feet) in N. Loulude warrent, appeals, deportation, and alien raticalism ence files; records of silens admitted under bond; contracts for services and construction statement of the services of

DEMIGRATION DIVISION, FOREIGN AND INSULAR (MARITIME) QUARANTIME AND, Public Health Service, Treasury Department,—See FREEIGN AND INSULAR (MARITME) CHERNITME AND LUNGRATION DIVISION.

IMPORT SECTION, Port Operations Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See PORT OPERATIONS EMANCH.

DEPORTS AND EXPORTS COMMITTEE, MINERAL.—See MINERAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS COMMITTEE.

LIFORTS BUREAU, War Trade Board.—Established on October 15, 1917, the succeed the Imports Elvision of the Depter Licenses Bureau of the succeed the Imports Elvision Survey of the Company of the Company

DETROVERSHT OF METALS BY TREATENY AT RUE HEAT COMMITTEE, Metallurgy Section, Engineering Division, National Research Council.—Organized in 1918 under the chairmanship of Zay Jeffries. Panetions: To study the effects on netals of treatment in the blue heat range. Records: In the National Research Commonil.

- INCENDIARY SECTION, Pyrotechnic Research Division, War Gas Investigations, Wines Bureau, Interior Department.—Organized under the Chemical Research Division (Offense) in October 1917. Transferred to the Pyrotechnic Research Division in April 1918, and with the War Gas Investigations to the War Department on June 25, 1918, where it became a part of the Inorganic Section of the Chemical Warfare Service. Functions: To perfect bomb types for the Army and to develop incendiary darts and projectiles. Records: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Gas Investigations, 30 (Bulletin 178A. Washington, 1919).
- INDIAN AFFAIRS OFFICE, Interior Department.—Established in 1824 and charged with the education, property, and general welfare of the Indian tribes of the United States. Functions: During the war, its activities included the registration under the Selective Service Act of Indians and white persons resident on Indian reservations; the direction of reservation programs for the increased production and conservation of foodstuffs and other essential products; the supplying of Indian labor for productive employment; the sale of Liberty Loan bonds; and the organization of Red Cross assistance work and other work helpful to the war effort. Records: Those for the war period are interfiled with the general correspondence of the Office in NA. Include circulars initiating and regulating programs for emergency war work, narrative reports, special reports and letters from the Indian field service concerning war work, and correspondence with other Government agencies, agricultural colleges, welfare organizations, clubs, institutions, and individuals. In the library of the Office of Indian Affairs there are field reports made in 1920 on Indian war work (10 binders). References: Indian Affairs Office, Annual Reports, 1918-19.
- INDOOR ADVERTISING SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration.
 —See ADVERTISING SECTION.
- INDUSTRIAL BOARD, Commerce Department.—Began to function as a section in the Secretary's Office in February and terminated in May 1919.

 Functions: To promote general confidence and hasten the revival of trade by obtaining the voluntary assent of industries to reduction in prices. Records: 1919 (5 feet) in NA. General and administrative correspondence, reports, charts, memoranda, and other materials.
- INDUSTRIAL COMDITIONS SECTION, Planning and Statistics Division, War Industries Board.—Formed on November 30, 1918, and soon transferred to the War Trade Board. Functions: To issue, in cooperation with the Department of Labor, a "Weekly Report on Labor Conditions" (see COLMODITIES STATISTICS SECTION). Records: Probably among those of the War Trade Board in the State Department.
- INDUSTRIAL CONFERENCE, JOINT SHIPPING, Shipping Board.—See JOINT SHIPPING INDUSTRIAL CONFERENCE.
- INDUSTRIAL COOPERATION SERVICE, Commerce Department.—Began to function as a section in the Secretary's Office on January 1, 1919, under an authorization (probably issued on December 3, 1918) of the President by which \$100,000 was allotted to the Secretary of Commerce from the "National Security and Lefense Fund." Took over zone of the functions of the Conservation Division of the War Industries Board. Terminated on June 30, 1919. Functions: To serve

as s focal point for the study and discussion of business and industrial problems, particularly those concerned with standardisation, and to search for outlets for wasts products, commercial developments of new products, and plans for minimizing business abuses. Records: 1919 (& feet) in NA. Include general and commodity files and miscellaneous reports and semogramian.

IMUSTRIAL DIVISION, Boys' Working Reserve, Employment Service, Labor Department,—Date of creation uncertain. Frobably terminated with the Boys' Working Reserve in June 1919. Functions: To enroll boys the Boys' Working Reserve in June 1919. Functions: To enroll boys the Boys' Working Reserve in 1919 Punctions: To enroll boys the From 16 to 21 years of age for employment in industry, or to persuade then to return to school if that seemed the wiser course. Records: Merembouts unknown.

INDUSTRIAL DIVISION, Ordname Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the outbreak of the war. Headed by the General Lappenter prior to the outbreak of the war. Headed by the General Lappenter of Ordnames. Functions to have charge of the imperious the risks samufactured for or otherwise procured by the branching terminal production of sateral production of patients and the total productions, regulation, and represents of patients, and the like; the administration of matters relating to the solutions; and the administration of matters relating to the productions; and the administration of matters relating to the productions of industrial employment and the investigation, arithmetical productions of industrial employment and the investigation, arithmetical productions of industrial employment and the investigation, and settlement of labor disputes, in cooperation with refer agencies of the Government. Removing Records of inspectors of ordname, 1917-24 (1,800 feet), are in Ma. Other records are in the Navy Department.

INDISTRIAL LINGATION SECTION, Administration Division, Originate Chief's Office, War Department, --Latablished on February 23, 218, as the Office, War Department, --Latablished on February 23, 218, as the Advantising Franch of the Information Section, or all administrations of the Information Section of the Administration Division. It immediately blocked Section of the Administration Division. It immediately Republished February Section of the Administration Division. It immediately be the Ordanes Department; to the Company Department of the Proparation and Supervision of posters and proclamation of the Proparation and Sustribution of motion pictures and the amouncements of speakers authorized by the Ordanes Department. Records:

ELUSTRIAL FURLOUS SECTION, Adjutant General's Office, har Department,—Created by General Order, Ko. 94, October 19, 1918. Haront,—Created by General Order, Ko. 94, October 19, 1918. Harontimed on tomber 31, 1918. The records were transferred to continued on training the property of the continued of the straining of the continued of the straining of the strainin

MINISTRIAL PRILITIONS CONSISTED, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Departments—Organized, reported, and probably terminated in August 1918. Proctions: to consider, in comnection with granting industrial Turloughs to enlieted nem, such problems as pay, war risk insurance, allotments and allowances to dependents, and transportation expenses from camps to places of employment. Records: Interfiled with those of the Board in NA. Include minutes of the Committee and its report.

INDUSTRIAL GASES AND GAS PRODUCTS SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—Created in January 1918 as the Coal-Gas Products Section; in the spring of 1918 its name was changed to Industrial Gases and Gas Products Section. Discontinued on December 31, 1918.

Functions: To stimulate and increase the production of all the commodities in its charge; in practice, it particularly dealt with toluol, acetylene, and saccharine. Records: Among those of the War Department Claims Board in NA.

INDUSTRIAL HOUSING AND TRANSPORTATION BUREAU, Labor Department .-- Organized in February 1918. Pending the passage of a bill, introduced on February 2, 1918, appropriating \$60,000,000 to carry on its work, the expenses were borne by the President's emergency fund. An amendment of July 8 to the original act increased the appropriation to \$100,000,000, of which \$10,000,000 was to be expended for housing war workers in Washington. By an act of June 4, 1918, the President was authorized to create the Housing Corporation, which on July 8 was organized under the laws of the State of New York. The Bureau was responsible for the organization of the Corporation, and its offices became the offices of the new agency and thereafter served in a dual capacity. The work begun by the Bursau was taken over by the Corporation, with the exception of certain minor matters that it was deemed advisable to continue in the name of the Bureau. Otto M. Eidlitz, Director. Functions: To provide housing, local transportation, and general community utilities for industrial workers in arsenals and navy yards and in war industries. Records: Intermingled with those of the Housing Corporation in NA. ences: Housing Corporation, Report . . . December 3, 1918 (Washington, 1919), and its final Report (Washington, 1919-20); Harold A. Van Dorn, Government Owned Corporations, ch. 6 (New York, 1926).

INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE AND MEDICINE DIVISION, Working Conditions Service, Labor Department.—Probably organized with the Service in August 1918. Included a Section of Industrial Medicine. Operated through the six district offices of the Service and terminated with it on Minch some personnel was detailed. The Chief was A. J. Lanza, production by reducing labor turnover due to occupational diseases formulate sanitary and health codes in industry. Records: Where—

INDUSTRIAL INSIGNIA SERVICE, War labor Administration, Labor Department.—Organized in July 1912; probably terminated after the armitice. Also known as the Civilian Insignia Service. The War Induspacity. Functions: To administer a plan recommended by the War Induspor Policies Board (and probably formulated by the War Industries distinction to industrial workers who had been employed for at least fort. Proords: Whereabouts unknown, but the minutes and report of files of the War Iabor Policies Board in regard to the Service are in the

- EDUSTRIAL INVENTORY SECTION, Statistics Division, Council of National Polefones, —Information collected by the Committee on Industrial Preparedness of the Naval Connulting Board was transferred to the Council Preparedness of the Naval Connulting Board was transferred to the Council Division of the Industrial Inventory Section was obsorbed by the Resources and the Naval. This Section was absorbed by the Resources and the Naval. This Section Provided by the Resources and Jahout Nav 27, 1918. Functions: To provide the Nava and Navy Departments with information concerning plants available for the production of war materials. Records, show the War Industrials Board in Na. Include industrial inventories and surveyo, 1916-18 (139 feet), and card lists of plants and samufacturers, indexee, and other card records (118 feet).
- INDUSTRIAL MAN-POWER, COMMUTTEE ON THE RELATION OF MILITARY TO, WAR Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See RELATION OF MILITARY TO NOUSTRIAL MAN-POWER COMMUTTEE.
- DIDUSTRIAL MEDICINE AND SUMMERY COMMITTEE, General Medical Board, Nedicine and Santistion Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Created on January 28, 1918. The already grature of the Agalway Surgeons Committee was made a subcommittee of it. Coesed functioning after the arristice. Punctiones: to committee medical care and sunitation of industrial workers. Records; Some may be among those of the Council in MA.
- EDUSTRIAL FLANTS DIVISION, Information and Education Service, Labor Department, --Created in August 1918. Organised Converment constitues in over 2,000 plants. Probably the Industrial Plants Section of the Public North Services Parison in Assurance 1919. Publications and Public North Services of Industry with the war public to the Public North Services of Industry with the war public North Services of Industry with the war public North Services of Course on May 7, 1928.
- INUSTRIAL PLANTS SECTION, Public Works and Construction berelopment Division, Information and Education Service, Nat Port Administration, Labor Department.—Probably succeeded the Industrial Plants tion, Proposed the Probably succeeded the Industrial Plants 1919. Punctions: Probably to promote the Progress among employers and labor unions. Records: Disposition of the Service's records was enthorized by Congress on May 7, 1928,
- INDESTRIAL POISONIDGS COMMITTEE, Wedderms and Related Sciences Divisice, Nettonal Research Council.—Established in 1917 under the chairmanish of N. O. Wells. The Council is researches included chairmanish of N. O. Wells. The Council is researches included return and handling council is an approximate the council of return and handling council of the council of the facts of the facts as along munitions workers, and the developor protective varnishes or other skin coverings. As a result of the facts disclosed by its studies important steps were taken to protect the health of munitions and other industrial workers. Records: In the National Research Council.
- INUSTRIAL PREFARENCES COMMITTEE, Keval Committing Sourd, kavy Department.—Criginated in Screeder 1915 as the Committee on Production, Organizate Committee training, and Standardisation but soon chatten, Organizate Committee on Indoorstrial Preparadesses. Reward E. Coffin was Chaltran, Walter S. Oliford was in charge of the expected for national preparadesse, and Oroswoom S. Carriero was

in charge of publicity. Subcommittees of five members were established in each State. In December 1916 the leading men of the Committee were absorbed into the Council of National Defense, where the work was continued in the Industrial Inventory Section of the Statistics Division. In May 1918 the Section was transferred to the War Industries Board, where it became a part of the Resources and Conversion Section, Finished Products Division. Functions: To gather information concerning the resources of the country for the production of war materials, plan for the conversion of industry to the production of war materials, and accumulate information concerning labor that would facilitate the retention of skilled workers in war-related industries. Records: In the Navy Department, except for questionmaires of the 1916 industrial survey in MA, which are among the records of the General Munitions Board of the Council of National Defense, and a considerable number of questionnaires concerning various types of industries throughout the country, which are among the records of the Resources and Conversion Section of the War Industries Board. References: Navy Department, Annual Report, 1916, p. 67-70; Lloyd N. Scott, Naval Consulting Board of the United States, 14, 27-55 (Washington, 1920).

INDUSTRIAL REHABILITATION DIVISION, Federal Board for Vocational Education.—Established in 1920 under an act of June 2, 1920, wherein provision was made that the Government cooperate with the States in rehabilitating and restoring to remunerative employment any persons Vocational Rehabilitation Division, from 1922 it was known as the Civilian Vocational Rehabilitation Division, from 1923 through 1928 as the Vocational Rehabilitation Division, and thereafter as the Work of the States, aided by Federal grants, in rehabilitating disabled persons by providing each with one or more of the follow-working conditions, establishment in his or her own business, placement, or vocational training for specific occupations; and to make State boards in administering the provisions of the act. Records:

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS, COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT CONTRACT CLAUSES AFFECT-ING, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Sec GOVERNMENT CONTRACT CLAUSES AFFECTING INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS, COMMITTEE ON.

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS, COMMITTEE ON MUNITIONS, MANUFACTURING, AND, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See MUNITIONS, MANUFACTURING, AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS, SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE SECRETARY OF WAR IN CHARGE OF, War Department.—A position created in April 1917.

Functions: To deal with problems of industrial relations affecting the Department. At first controversies affecting war production in plants with Department contracts were referred to the Department of Labor for adjustment. Later, administrative units General's Office, the Construction Division, and the Aircraft Production Bureau to handle industrial relations. All these units Department.

Records: In the War

- DEDSTRIAL RELATIONS ERANCH, General Administrative Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Transferred from the Division Guarternaster General's Office, on Glothing and Equipage Division, Quarternaster General's Office, on Cotober 23, 1918. Included an Administration of Labor Standards Or Aury Clothing Department. Discontinued prior to June 1919. For Aury Clothing Department. Discontinued prior to June 1919. Functions: To prevent labor controversion inphi interfere With war production by adjustment of relations between employers and employees in firms engaged in Army supply contracts. Records: Socs are among those of the Quarternaster General's Office in NA.
- DRUSTRIAL RELATIONS BRANCH, Personal Planning Staff, Quartermaster Ceneral's Office, Mar Department.—Established a January 26 and sobolished on April 16, 1918. Functions: To comhet investigations and devise plans concerning matters relating to labor and personnel. Records: Osen are among those of the Office in Mar.
- NUUSTRIAL RELATIONS DEPARTIENT, Equipment Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department, -- See INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS DEPARTMENT, Production Division, Alteraft Production Bursau.
 - DUNSTRIAL RELATIONS DEPARTMENT, Production Division, Afterest Production Euram, War Department.—Established in the Equipment Division of the Office of the Chief Signal Officer and transferred to stand of the Office and Transferred to the Advantment of industrial disputes, production compaign publicity, the obtaining and distribution of an adequate abor supply, in the consideration of industrial conditions, the production of bounding and transportation for workers, and the consideration of bounding and transportation for workers, and the consideration of requests for deferred draft classifications by workers in the system industry. Records: In the offices of the Air Yorces, Nat Department.
 - DRUSTRIAL RELATIONS DIVISION, Committee on Public Information.—
 Connicted of but a single member, Roger Est above who began work
 in February 1918. Terminated a short called when he was treatferred to the Information and Education Service, Labor Department,
 ferred to the Information and Education Service, Labor Department,
 freed to increasing products. Research 1918 (2 indeed) and the
 Coping of the Control of the Control
 - RUBSTRIAL RELATIONS DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping, Board Emergency Fleet Corporations—Established on May 7, 1918, Board Emergency Fleet Corporations—Established on May 19, 1918, and the sense of the General Service Blvision, mich had been set the successor to the General Service Blvision, mich make the guperies working conditions among shippard workers including superrises two works of employers including superrises the work of employers the make the shippards; to superrise the work of employed disputes and administer yards; and to set as conciliator in labor disputement in the shippards; and the settlements make by the Shipbulkhada the General Service Blviscon, total 94 feet) in Ma. Includes the General Service Blviscon, total 94 feet) in Ma. Includes of estipard labor information, yard employment forms, "control compare of the Department of the Compare of the May and the Shippards of the Shippards of the Shippards of the Department of

in charge of publicity. Subcommittees of five members were established in each State. In December 1916 the leading men of the Committee were absorbed into the Council of National Defense, where the work was continued in the Industrial Inventory Section of the Statistics Division. In May 1918 the Section was transferred to the War Industries Board, where it became a part of the Resources and Conversion Section, Finished Products Division. Functions: To gather information concerning the resources of the country for the production of war materials, plan for the conversion of industry to the production of war materials, and accumulate information concerning labor that would facilitate the retention of skilled workers in war-related industries. Records: In the Navy Department, except for questionmaires of the 1916 industrial survey in NA, which are among the records of the General Munitions Board of the Council of National Defence, and a considerable number of questionnaires concerning various types of industries throughout the country, which are among the records of the Resources and Conversion Section of the War Industrics Board. References: Navy Department, Annual Report, 1916, p. 67-70; Lloyd N. Scott, Naval Consulting Board of the United States, 14, 27-55 (Washington,

INDUSTRIAL REHABILITATION DIVISION, Federal Board for Vocational Education.—Established in 1920 under an act of June 2, 1920, wherein provision was made that the Government cooperate with the States in rehabilitating and restoring to remunerative employment any persons disabled in industry or otherwise. In 1922 it was known as the Vocational Rehabilitation Division, from 1923 through 1928 as the Civilian Vocational Rehabilitation Division, and thereafter as the Vocational Rehabilitation Division. Functions: To supervise the work of the States, aided by Federal grants, in rehabilitating disabled persons by providing each with one or more of the following: Physical reconstruction, artificial appliances, favorable working conditions, establishment in his or her own business, placement, or vocational training for specific occupations; and to make or have made studies, investigations, and reports needed by the State boards in administering the provisions of the act. Records: In the Office of Education.

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS, COLLITTEE ON GOVERNMENT CONTRACT CLAUSES AFFECT-ING, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Sec GOVERNMENT CONTRACT CLAUSES AFFECTING INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS, COLLITTEE ON.

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS, COMMITTEE ON MUNITIONS, MANUFACTURING, AND, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See MUNITIONS, MANUFACTURING, AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS, SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE SECRETARY OF WAR IN CHARGE OF, War Department.—A position created in April 1917.

Functions: To deal with problems of industrial relations affecting the Department. At first controversies affecting war production in plants with Department contracts were referred to the Department of Labor for adjustment. Later, administrative units were set up in the Ordnance Chief's Office, the Quartermaster General's Office, the Construction Division, and the Aircraft Production Bureau to handle industrial relations. All these units were coordinated by the Special Assistant. Records: In the War Department.

- NDUSTRIAL RELATIONS BRANCH, General Administrative Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department,—Transferred from the Clothing and Squipege Division, Quarternaster Comeral's Office, on October 28, 1918. Included an Administration of Labor Standards for Army Clothing Department. Elsoontinued prior to June 1919, The Committee of the Commi
- RUISTRIAL RELATIONS EMANCH, Personal Flanning Staff, Quartermaster General's diffice, Mar Department.--Zetablished on January 20 and solitable on April 16, 1918. Functions: To continct investigations and devise plans concerning matters relating to labor and personnel. Records: Some are among those of the office in Ma.
- INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS DEPARTMENT, Equipment Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, war Department.—See INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS DEPARTMENT, Production Division, Aircraft Production Bureau
 - DUDSTRIAL PERATICIS ELEKTRICS, Production Durision, Aircraft Production Hursu, War Department,—Betallished in the Equipment Division of the Office of the Chief Signal Officer and transforred to the Aircraft Production Dursus in Nig 1918. Practices to bandle the adjustment of industrial disputes, production campaing publicity, the obtaining and distribution of an adequate labor supply, the standardisation of industrial conditions, the provision of howaing and transportation for workers, and the consideration of results for deferred craft classifications by workers in the article of the Company of the
 - DRUSTRIAL RELATIONS DIVISION, Committee on Public Information,— Consisted of but a cingle member, Roger N. Babson, who bagan work in February 1918. Terminated a borst time later when he was transferred to the Information and Shouthino Service, Isbor Department, Numericans; To appeal to the patriotize of labor and capital with a view to increasing production. Recording 1938 (2 inches) in Na. Copies of labor bulletime entitled Special Service for Employers and a poster.
 - NUMSHRIA RELATIONS DIVISION, Construction Grandsation, Shipping Board Engrouper Fleet Corporation—Intabilished on May 7, 1018, as the successor to the General Service Edvaion, which had been created in February. Abolished on May 1, 1919. Punctions: To supervise working conditions among shippard workers, including safety and sanitation; to recruit and train labor for the ship-yards; to supervise the work of employment management in the chip-yards; and to act as excellator in labor disputes and administer tha settlements made by the Shipballding Labor adjustment Board. Records: 1917-19 (combined with those of the Conserla Service Division, Modal 94 Teet) in Ma. Include administrative records; ship-record of the Conservation of the Conservation of the Conservation, Social Propaga, and correspondence, notes, and amounted propagation of the Christian of the Conservation, Some records of the Dirichon have been destroyed.

- INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS DIVISION, Housing Corporation.—Organized in August 1918; abolished on July 1, 1919. Functions: To adjust labor problems dealing with wages, hours of work, health, recreation, and living conditions of the employees of the Corporation and of employees of war industries who lived in quarters provided by the Corporation. Records: 1918-19 (3 feet) in NA. Daily personnel reports, general correspondence, reports and graphs of labor turnover on the various projects, and work superintendents' reports.
- INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS DIVISION, MARINE AND DOCK, Shipping Board. —See MARINE AND DOCK INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS DIVISION.
- INTUSTRIAL RESEARCH ADVISORY COMMITTEE, General Relations Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1918 in connection with the program of the Council to awaken industry to the importance of research. Composed of men "able to foresee the general benefits" to be derived "from the further progress of science and from a more general and more thorough application of ecience to industry." Theodore N. Vail, Chairman. Records: Presumably in the National Research Council.
- INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH ERANCH, Personal Planning Staff, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Established on January 26 and abolished upon the reorganization of the Office on April 16, 1918.

 Functions: To institute inquiries and make recommendations with respect to subjects and methods of research in the several divisione of the Office. Records: Among those of the Office in NA.
- INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH BUREAU, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Divieion, General Staff, War Department.—Eetablished about November 1, 1918. Traneferred to the Engineering and Standardization Branch on January 24, 1919. Appears to have been known also as Research Branch.

 Functione: To exercise staff supervision over the packing service unite of the Division; to study improved methods of marking, baling, packing, crating, and boxing Army supplies and munitions; and to issue circulars of specifications on these matters with a view toward the conservation of cargo space and the reduction of the stowage of Army supplies. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH SECTION, General Relatione Division, National Research Council.—Established in 1916 as the Committee on Promotion of Industrial Research, with J. J. Carty as Chairman. In 1918, under the chairmanship of John Johnston, it became the Section on Industrial Research in the Administrative Division (later the General Relations Division). In the peacetime reorganization of the Council it became the Industrial Relations Division, but the name was soon changed to Research Extension Division as being more indicative of its actual functions. Functions: It worked in cooperation with the Engineering Foundation of New York to bring about a wider appreciation of the importance of ecientific research within industries or groups of industries. Records: In the National Research Council.
 - INDUSTRIAL SAFETY SECTION, Welfare Work Subcommittee, Labor Committee, Advisory Cup in ion, Council of National Defense.—Organized in April 19's Officine summer of 1918 its functions were taken over by the Wion Bureau itions Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Depart coording Intions: To advise in regard to the maintenance of propartment. standards in establishments handling Government work.

 Ref e may be among those of the Council in NA.

- INDUSTRIAL SERVICE DEPARTMENT, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See INDUSTRIAL SERVICE SECTION, Industrial Paletteen Interface.
- NUMSTRIAL SERVICE SCOTION, Administrative Brench, Construction Divincion, War Department, "Criginated early in January 1918, in the Crisical Construction, Quarter Crisical Construction, Construction, Construction, Administrative Brench, Construction Division, Administrative Brench, Construction Division, shortly rafter the construction, Administrative Brench, Construction Division, shortly rafter a publishment of that Branch in March 1918, Purchased the Construction of the Construction of the Sam Indoor Policies Board to supervise matters pertaining to wages, houre, and conditions of work on construction projects; to deal with labor deligations; to adjust wages in cooperation with the War Labor Policies Board and the Emergency Construction Wage Countiesin (formerly the Cantenant Adjustment Commission); and to stiend to the recording and compilation of labor rates and agreements.
- DUISTRIAL SERVICE SECTION, Council of National Defence.—Created by the Council es a result of its decision on November 2, 1917, to authorize the Director to determine the present and future demand for labor in war andmatries, the relative priorities of the labor demand, and the necessity for the dilution of lebor; and to arrange for couplying the demand through the Pearlment of Labor er some other agency. Discontinued about Jenuary 4, 1918, when its recomtered that the second of the second of the second of the that the second of the Council and of the War Industries Board in Na.
- NUMERIAL SERVICE SOUTCH, Industrial Relations Director, Construction Organisation, Shipping Sour Emergency Flest Corporation.— Griginated as the Industrial Service Department established on September 14, 1917. Transferred to the General Service Direction on February 23, 1918, and becase a Section in the Industrial Relations Division when the latter replaced the General Service Direction in May. Abolished on October 25, 1918, when its functions were taken over by the newly creaved Labor Supply Section. Functions to coulert and discominate information on the supply of and decand for chipyral Labor, and to handle questions relating to deferred service classifications for shipyral worders. Recorded to the lined with those of the Aigned worders and general 10 family and the lined with those of the Aigned worders and general correspondence and emergends relating to methods of obtaining, keeping, and fitting men for work in antigrating.
- DIMISTRIAL SERVICE SECTION, Production Division, Ordname Chief's Office, We Department,—Latablished directly under the Office on December 5, 1937. Flaced under the Control Bursan on Jammary 14, 1918, and transferred to the Production Division on law 25, when the Bursan was abolished by Chief the Control Bursan on law 25, when the Bursan was abolished by Chief the Section again functioned directly under the Office. On April 3, 1939, by Office Order No. 620, it was set up as a Branch in the Executive Section. Functions to exercise general supervision over matters affecting labor engaged in the production of ordname that after the production of ordname that the section. Purctions to the production of ordname that after the production was set that the production of ordname that the production of ordname that the production of ordname that are set of the production of ordname that the production of the producti

Work; Emergency Labor Production; Employment, Management, and Working Conditions; Employment and Training Methods; Housing; Information Service; Mediation; Procurement of Labor; Safety and Sanitation; Wages and Hours of Labor; Women in Industry; and Women's. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS CENTRALIZATION COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See CENTRALIZATION OF INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS COMMITTEE.

INDUSTRIAL SURVEYS, JOINT BOARD ON.—Organized at a conference held at the Central Bureau of Planning and Statistics on October 5, 1918. Headed by the Central Statistical Clearing House of the Bureau and represented the joint action of the War, Navy, and Labor Departments, the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, the Housing Corporation, the Railroad Administration, and the War Industries Board. Discontinued after the armistice. Probably also known as the Joint Committee on Industrial Surveys, Planning and Statistics Division, War Industries Board. Functions: To survey all industrial communities of the country, particularly with regard to conditions holding up production in industrial centers where important war contracts had been placed, and to eliminate duplication in survey activities. The work was under way in Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, and other cities when the armistice was signed. Records: Some are in NA among those of the War Industries Board, particularly among those of the Resources and Conversion Section.

INDUSTRIAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See EDUCATION AND TRAINING SECTION, Industrial Relations Division.

INDUSTRIAL TRAINING SECTION, Welfare Work Subcommittee, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense .- Organized in April 1917. Composed of about 150 members, appointed by Samuel Gompers, Chairman of the Labor Committee, and representing labor, employers, and educators. Nine similarly constituted State committees were organized in important manufacturing areas. In July 1918 the activities of the Section were taken over by the Training and Dilution Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department. Functions: To encourage the training of workers in war industries in public and privately endowed vocational schools; to assist and advise in the organization of vestibule and training schools in numerous industrial establishments; and to disseminate information concerning activities in industrial training in England and in this country. The Section was particularly concerned with training unskilled workers to supplement skilled workmen. Records: Some are among those of the Council in NA, including correspondence, reports, photographs, and industrial training survey records.

INDUSTRIAL WORKERS INSURANCE COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See DISURANCE OF INDUSTRIAL WORKERS COMMITTEE.

INDUSTRIES ABROAD SECTION, WAR, Planning and Statistics Division, War Industries Board.—See WAR INDUSTRIES ABROAD SECTION.

INDUSTRIES BADGE COMMITTEE, WAR. -- See WAR INDUSTRIES BADGE COMMITTEE.

INDUSTRIES BOARD, WAR .- See WAR INDUSTRIES BOARD.

- INDUSTRY DEPARTMENT, WOMEN IN, Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense, -- See WOMEN IN IMPUSTRY DEPARTMENT,
- INDUSTRY SERVICE, WOMAN IN, War Labor Administration, Labor Department. See WOMAN IN INDUSTRY SERVICE.
- INDUSTRI SUBCOMMITTEE, WOMEN IN, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense, See Whien in INDUSTRY SUBCOMMITTEE.
- DEFOTIOUS DISSASS AND LARGEATHRES DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department,—Organized in June 1917. At first divided five War Department,—Organized in June 1917, at first divided five Sections, as follows: Laboratories and Infectious Dissasses, surgentially and Brology, and Combeting Veneral Dissasses, Follows Laboratories and Section Parameters of Section 1918. The Communicable Dissasses of the Communicable Dissasses. The America Dissasses of the Control of Infections of the Sandatist Division and, as a result, there was closs cooperation with that Division. Records: Probably source that Office of the Office in Na.
- INTECTIONS DISPASS SUTTION, Infactions Discuss and Laboratories Division, Surgeon Casardia office, for Department—a Laboratories and Infactions Discuss Section was established shortly after the Division was created in June 1917 and was divided into the Laboratory and the Infactions Discusses Sections, the latter Section Paparamity absorbed the Dividendicely Section of the Division (established on November 1, 1918) and the Innotions of the Communicable Discusses Section of the Science Section of the Division (established on November 1, 1918) and the Innotions of the Communicable Discusses Section of the Santataion Division, Functions to Institute Desaurces for the prevention and control of Infactions discusses, Records; Probebly acone thous of the Office in NA.
- DEFORMATION, CONDUCTED ON PUBLIC. See CONSULTIZE ON FUBLIC INFORMATION.
- INFORMATION AND ENGLISHOP, War Labor Administration, Labor Physicians, Recommended by the devisory Council, Asthoritas by an act of July 1, 1918, and organised the same day. Tentinated on June 30, 1919, Boper N. Baborn, Chief., Functions; To dissendate information acong employers and are sames concerning the national war labor program; to stimulate the counts of workers and employers and to "combat unsound industrial philosophies." Records: Authorized for disposition on Early 7, 1928, but there are non gata about the Service among those of the War Labor Folicies Board in Na. References Cordon S. Wetkins, Labor Problems and Labor Administration in the United States During the World War, 211-215 ([Urbans, 1920]).
- INTERATION MERIN, Shipping Board, --Greatless on March 22, 1919; abolished on Normber 1, 1919. Immediates of contributes and unity the press relations and publicity programs of the Shipping Board; to maintain contact with the leading merapapers and periodicals in the country; to cooperate with the Countries on Public Information; and to advise the Chairman and other high officials of the Board

- in the preparation of speeches and the handling of press conferences and interviews. Records: 1915-19 (5 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence; drafts and copies of releases and articles; press releases; and photographs.
- INFORMATION DIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department,—Created on January 3, 1912, by a memorandum of the Secretary of Labor. On March 1 it was expanded into the Division of Information, Administration, and Clearance. In August it again became a separate division. Probably terminated in 1920. Functions: To conduct a Mationwide publicity campaign for the recruiting of workers for war industries; to publish the Employment Service Bulletin; and, after the armistice, to conduct various publicity campaigns designed to secure jobs for coldiers and to increase public buying as a stimulus to business recovery. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - INFORMATION DIVISION, Information and Education Service, Labor Department.—Created on July 11, 1918. Probably terminated with the Service on June 30, 1919. Functions: Through the use of motion pictures and of a staff of speakers, to stimulate factory production, reduce labor turn-over, and improve good will between employers and employees. Records: Disposition authorized by Congress in 1928.
 - INFORMATION SECTION, Planning Division, Training and Dilution Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably organized in July 1918 and terminated on June 30, 1919. Functions: To prepare bulletine, news letters, news articles, special information, and textbook matter in the field of industrial training. Records: Disposition authorized by Congress in 1928.
 - INFORMATION SECTION, Positive Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—Probably originated in February 1918 as part of the Positive Intelligence Section, becoming a separate Section under the Positive Branch when the latter was formally organized. Renamed Evaluation and Collation Section upon the signing of the armistice. Included an Historical Subsection. Functions: To digest, collate, and dieseminate information coming into the possession of the Division; particularly, during wartime, to prepare a daily estimate of the strategic situation. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
 - INFORMATION SERVICE, RESEARCH, National Research Council.—See RE-SEARCH INFORMATION SERVICE.
 - DIMAND TRAFFIC DIVISION, Food Administration.—See TRANSPORTATION DIVISION.
 - INIAND TRAFFIC DIVISION, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Originated in February 1918 with the appointment by the Director General of Railroads of an Inland Traffic Manager for the Navy Department. This representative of the Railroad Administration headed the Inland Traffic Division, which was set up in the Supplier and Accounts Bureau by an intrabureau order of March 30, 1918, absorbing the Rush Delivery Section of the Furchase Division. The Inland Traffic Division was divided into nine Sections: Car Service, Tracer, Routing, Field Traffic, Statistical, Terminal Facility, Passenger Transportation and Labor, Marine, and Record. Direcontinued in March 1919. Functions: To handle Many and Marine Corps transportation matters. Records: Probably dispersed among the general files of the Eureau in Ma.

- MIAND FRAFFIC DUTSION, Wheat Director's Office, Probably organised in July 1919 and terminated constitue in 1920. Under the direction of a Hanager of Inland Traffic, Functions In close compression with the Transportation Department of the Oranic Corporation, to facilitate the movement by rail and water of wheat and wheat flour, Remoris' 1918-30 (2 feet, including more records therefore from the Transportation Department) in Na. Chiefly fragments of correspondence pertaining to a dipping permits and allocations to etcamers. Nore important records relating to the work of the Division are among the files of the Transportation Personal Personal
- BLAND TRAFFIC LIAISON SECTION, Special Service Divicion, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department,—Existed by June 21, 1918. Functions: To maintain close contact between the Inland Traffic Service and the Office of the Chief of Engineers. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- DILAND TRAFFIC MANAGER, Food Administration.—See TRANSPORTATION DIVI-
- INLAND TRAFFIG MANAGER, Fuel Administration. -- See TRAFFIG AND TRANS-PORTATION HUREAU. Administrative Division.
- INLAND TRAFFIC MANAGER, Oil Division, Fuel Administration. -- See TRAF-FIC AND TRANSPORTATION EUREAU. Oil Division.
- NIAID TRAFFIC MANAGERS, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration.— Appointed early in 1918, as representatives of the Director General on traffic entered in the ray and New Departments, the Fuel and Food Administrations, the Shipping Board, and the War Industrice Board. Discontinued in Fabruary 1919. Functions: To cooperate with and direct traffic of the designated Government agencies. Records: See the sinand traffic unite of the agencies concerned.
- NUALD TRAFFIG SECTION, Priorities Division, War Industrice Board.— Formed in May and discontinued about December 31, 1913. Therefore, or French Inland Traffic Manager. Functions: To set as a point of context between the shipping public and the Railroad Administration. Records: Asson those of the Board in Mt. Include general correspondence, correspondence of the Manager, and indexes (24 feet).
- BUAND TRAFFIC SECTION, Transportation Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Energency Fleet Corporation.—Established with the sypointeem of a Division of Market Plant Corporation of the Corporation of Corporation
- INLAND TRAFFIC SERVICE, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on January 10, 1918, as the Inland Transportation Division in the Storage and Traffic Division, which operated through a Property Novements Franch and

Troop Movement Branch and supervised the activities of 26 branch and district offices and of representatives at the various warehouses, ports, camps, and cantonments. It was reorganized as the Inland Traffic Service by an order of April 22, 1918, and its duties were enlarged by an order of June 8, 1918, issued by The Adjutant General, which transferred to it the duties hitherto performed by the Land Transport Branch, Transportation Division, Quartermaster General's Office. On March 11, 1919, the Inland Traffic Service was consolidated with the Embarkation Service to form the new Transportation Service. Functions: To keep records of the movements of Government property and personnel by rail, and to regulate the arrival of property and personnel at points of embarkation so as to prevent congestion by operating a system of releases in conjunction with the Embarkation Service. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.

INLAND TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Storage and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. See INLAND THAFFIC SERVICE, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division.

INLAND WATER TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE, Council of National Defense.—Created on June 15, 1917. Discontinued on February 16, 1918, when its functions were taken over by the Inland Waterways Committee of the Railroad Administration. Functions: To study the use to which navigable waters of the United States could be put for the relief of freight congestion on the railroads; to ascertain, for example, what water carriers were available for immediate service, what factors prevented the full use of existing tonnage, and what steps were necessary to create a fleet of inland water carriers. Records: Transferred to the Inland Waterways Committee, Railroad Administration, and probably transferred with the records of that Committee to the War Department. References: Council of National Defense, Annual Report, 1918, p. 220-221; Harold A. Van Dorn, Government Owned Corporations, 206-207 (New York, 1926).

INLAND WATERWAYS BRANCH, Port Terminals and Inland Waterways Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—See PORT TRAINALS AND INLAND WATERWAYS DIVISION.

INLAND WATERWAYS COMMITTEE, Railroad Administration.—Created on February 16, 1918, succeeding the Inland Water Transportation Committee of the Council of National Defense. Abolished on September 5, 1918, when its unfinished business was taken over by the Inland Waterways Division of the Railroad Administration. Functions: To make investigations concerning internal waterways and to prepare a plan for their additional use in the movement of traffic. Records: Probably in NA with those of the Inland Waterways Division among the records of the Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.

INLAND WATERWAYS DIVISION, Railroad Administration.—Created on September 5, 1918, and took over the unfinished work of the Inland Waterways Committee. Abolished on Warch 1, 1920, when the Port Terminals and Inland Waterways Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department, took over its duties. Functions: To have jurisdiction over the acquisition, operation, and construction of vessels and other equipment for the Administration on the New York and New Jersey Canals, the Delaware and Raritan Canal, and the Mississippi and Warrior Waterways. Records: Probably in NA among those of the Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.

- References: Harold A. Van Dorn, Government Owned Corporatione, 214-217 New York, 1926).
- INLAND WATERWAIS DIVISION, PORT TERMINALS AND, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—See PORT TERMINALS AND INLAND WATERWAYS DIVISION.
- INCROANIC CHEMICAL RESEARCH SECTION, Chemical Research Division (Offense), War Ges Investigations, Kines Bursau, Interior Department.—See INVESTAGE SECTION.

DOUIRY, THE -- Originated about April 1012 when Col. Edward M. House at the remeat of the President brought together a group of research investigatore to study peace problems. Enlarged by September 1917. Than The Inmiry was fully developed it had 18 divisions, each headed by a specialist. Il of which divisions dealt with individual problem countries or regions. Sidney E. Mases became the first Director. Reorganisation was effected during the summer of 1918 by Issiah Rowman, who then became Executive Officer. The organiestion es such may be eatd to have ended with the departure for Paris in December 1918 of the American Commission to Magnitude Peace. Most of the investigators of The Inquiry became members of the Commission's Division of Territorial, Economic, and Political Intelligence. Functione: To conduct studies of the various geographical. cthnographic, historical, economie, and political questions likely to come before the peace conference that would terminate the war. Records: These may be divided into three groupe: (1) Typewritten reports and memoranda frequently accompanied by specially prepared manuscript mane fone set at the State Department, 40 feets a partial est at the secrican Geographical Society of New York: and a third est at the Hoover Library on Far, Revolution, and Peace, Stanford University, Calif.). These records here never been published 40 & ceries. Certain individual memorande are printed in Sunter Miller, My Diary, and a few reporte have been published, e. g., in G. L. Beer (edited by L. C. Gray), African Questions et the Parie Peace Conference (1923). (2) Letters and other records dealing with the establishment and organization of The Inquiry (s) among the Meses papers from the College of the City of New York, now preesrved at Columbia University (about 1,200 pages; microfilm of a colection representing about one mearter of the total in the American Documentation Institute, Washington, D. C.): and probably among (b) the Hunter Miller papers in the custody of the Council on Foreign Relations, New York, (c) the Woodrow Wilson papers in the Division of Manuscripte at the Library of Congress, and (d) the Edward M. House papers at Tale University. (3) A series of some 40 enecially drafted bese sape, or cutline mans, as well se block diagrams, i. e., perspective drawings, of problem areas, which were printed and on which were superimposed in hand coloring and lettering the various data dealt with in the Inquiry reports or the data needed daily by the various Commissions at the Peace Conference. (Complete set in the American Geographical Society of New York. Several Andicidual mans in Ma.) Beforences State Demortmant. Foreign Relations, 1919, The Parks Peace Conference, vol. 1, p. 9-118, 122-123, 183-184, 416-447 (Washington, 1942); Edward M. house and Charles Seymour, eds., Fhet Really Happened et Paris; the Story of the Peace Conference, 1915-1919, by American Delagetes, 1-14. (New York, 1921); James T. Showkell, At the Faris Peace Conference, 1-19, 28-33 (New York, 1937).

INQUIRY BUREAU, Interstate Commerce Commission.—Originally established in 1907 as the Prosocutions Division; redesignated in 1911 as the Inquiry Division, and on October 17, 1917, as the Inquiry Bureau. Functions: To investigate alleged criminal violations of the Act To Regulate Commerce; to provide the Commission with information for deciding whether or not matters should be referred to the Justice Department; and to prepare cases for prosecution by the appropriate United States attorneys. Hormally a large majority of cases investigated are disposed of without prosecution by the agreement of the offenders to correct or discontinue their unlawful practices. During the war the Bureau was instrumental in the prosecution of several lumber dealers who sought to avoid embargoes upon lumber shipments to the Atlantic ports by falsely consigning such shipments to various Government agencies and officials. Records: 1907-42 (800 feet, in the Interstate Commerce Commission). Include investigative files, docket books, briefs, and records of violations.

INSECTICIDE AND FUNGICIDE BOARD, Agriculture Department .- Established by General Order 143 of the Socretary of Agriculture on December 22, 1910. Abolished and functiono transferred to the Food, Drug, and Insecticide Administration on June 30, 1927. Administration of the Insecticide Act was transferred to the Agricultural Marketing Serviso on Juno 30, 1940. Functiono: To administer the Insecticide Act of 1910 and to conduct investigations relating to insecticides and fungicidos. During the war the Board cooperated with the Bureaus of Chemistry and Entomology in enforcing the provisions of the Food and Fuol Control Act of August 10, 1917, relative to insecticides. In cooperation with the Wood Chemicals Section of the War Industries Board and the Entomology Burcau, the Board obtained the release of large quantities of acctic acid for use in the airplans program by arranging for the substitution of vinegar for acotic acid in the manufacture of Paris green. The Board also assisted the Entomology Bureau in the examination and development of preparations . effective in destroying body lice and other vermin. Records: Some matorials pertaining to the Board (10 feet) are among the Plant Industry Buroau files in NA. Reference: Insecticide and Fungicide Board, Report, 1919.

INSECTICIDE AND FUNGICIDE LABORATORY, Miscellaneous Division, Chemistry Burcau, Agriculturo Department.—An Insecticide and Fungicide Board was created in the Department in 1910. In 1911 a laboratory was eotablished in the Chemistry Bureau to carry on the Board's analytical work on samples collected. Functions: To determine whether Pickering Bordeaux formulas could replace standard American Bordeaux formulas and, if so, on what plants and under what conditions; to find substitutes for insecticidal plant materials, the importation of which was forbidden; to investigate commercial methods of preparing calcium arsenate; to find substitutes for Paris green; and, in collaboration with the Entomology Burcau, to investigate for the War Department the chemical composition and affectiveness of various lice killers. Records: Those for the war period are among the general files of the Chemistry Burcau in NA.

INSIGNIA SERVICE, INDUSTRIAL, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See INDUSTRIAL INSIGNIA SERVICE.

INSPECTION AND CONTROL DIVISION, Food Administration. —Sec ENFORCE-MENT DIVISION.

- DESPECTION AND INVESTIGATION DIVISION, Provost Marshal General's Office, Nar Department.—Creatized late in 1918; discontinued by July 15, 1919. Functions: To have jurisdiction over all information concerning the activities of the local and district draft boards readwed from sources other than official, lovestigate complaints against boards or draft executives, and supervises the system of national inspectore. Records; Long those of the Office in Na.
- INSPECTION AND PRODUCTION EPANCH, Supply Control Division, Quartermaster General's Offics, War Department,—See GENERAL INSPECTION ERANCH.
- INSPECTION AND SURVEY BOARD, Navy Department.—See INSPECTION DIVISION, Naval Operations Office.
- INSPECTION AND TEST SECTION, Operation Division, Pailroad Administration.—Created on March 19, 1918; presumably abulished with the Division on March 1, 1920. Punctions: To supervise tests and inspections of materials and worksmable in the construction of standard locomotives and care. Recorder Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1924.
- INSPECTION EDAMOR, Conceivation and Reclamation Division, Quartermater General's Office, Nur Department.—Distablished on May 6 and abolished on October 28, 1918, when its duties were taken over by the Salvage Division, Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage. Functioner To impect concervation and reclamation work at camps, cautomassic, and posts, and to subhat reports thereon, with a wise to suggesting improvements with regard to methods of work. Records: Trobably many there of the Office and
- DISPOTICION REALEN, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nar Department.—Datablished by Supply directles No. 86 of September 5, 1918. Operated through Administration and Methods Sections. Placentimed about January 25, 1919. Punctions: To supervise inspection matters in relation to Army supply activities. Records: Whereshouts unknown.
- IMPSCHION EMANN, Subsistence Enteion, Coartermater General's Office, War Department.—Created early in 1918. By March of that year, the Inspection Franch had been formally coordinated with the Flaming Franch, though each actually operated as a separate unit, on October 19, 1918, the Inspection Branch was transferred to the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage, Functions: To have charge of inspection with reference to subsistence. Records: Probably among those of the Office in M.
- DISPLCTION FRANCH, Supplies and Equipment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, Nar Department.—See PRODUCTION AND INSPECTION BRANCH, Clothing and Equipment Division.
- INSPECTION RESIDES, GENERAL, Supply Sentral Division, Quartermentar General's Office, War Department.—See General Inspection Eranch.
- INSPECTION EFANCH, PRODUCTION AND, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See PRODUCTION AND INSPECTION FRANCH.

INSPECTION BRANCH, PRODUCTION AND, Hardware and Metals Division,
Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See PRODUCTION AND
INSPECTION BRANCH, Hardware and Metals Division.

INSPECTION DIVISION, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.—Organized under an act of August 5, 1882, as the Board of Inspection and Survey. On May 11, 1915, it was transferred to the Office of the Chief of Naval Operations, where it constituted the Inspection Division of the Office. Functions: Charged with conducting acceptance examinations and trials of naval vessels and aircraft, except experimental aircraft, and with the inspection of newly commissioned vessels, naval vessels on their return from foreign stations, and naval vessels in the United States. Records: 1890-1940 (358 feet) in NA. Include reports on trials and inspections of naval vessels, with related correspondence, copies of outgoing correspondence, and a manuscript "History of the Board of Inspection and Survey," probably prepared about 1919.

INSPECTION DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department .-- Originated in May 1917. In September it became the Inspection Section, Gun Division. On January 14, 1918, by Office Order No. 104, the Section was consolidated with the Inspection Sections of the Small Arms and Equipment Divisions to form a new Inspection Division. Inspection Division Order No. 77, June 27, 1918, divided the new Division into four main Sections: Executive, Auxiliary, Planning, and Field. Functions: To perform duties connected with the inspection, acceptance, and rejection of ordnance and ordnance stores and supplies procured by purchase or manufacture, excepting those manufactured at arsenals and those manufactured at plants especially excepted from inspection by order of the Chief of Ordnance; to follow up the results of operations and processes so as to keep informed as to the quality of material during all stages of manufacture; to receive and digest reports of proving-ground tests and to control certain proving grounds; to be responsible for shipping from private plants all component articles in accordance with shipping orders issued by the Production Division and to ship articles of issue in accordance with shipping orders issued by the Supply Division; and to furnish progress reports on each contract and order to the Production or Supply Division and such other reports and information as might be prescribed by the Estimates and Requirements Division. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

INSPECTION DIVISION, Steam Engineering Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the war. Consolidated with the Supply Division of the Bureau of Engineering in September 1923. Functioned through a field force of inspectors located in various inspection districts near manufacturing centers. Functions: To inspect engineering material for new construction, spare parts, and repairs; to prepare specifications for material; and to make various tests of material and keep records of those tests. Records: 1911-23 (combined with the general files of the Bureau of Engineering, total 4,134 feet) in NA. Correspondence. References: Navy Department, Annual Report, 1918, p. 531-535.

INSPECTION SECTION, Bituminous Coal and Coke Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.—See BITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE BUREAU.

INSPECTION SECTION, Carriage Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See MOTOR AND CARRIAGE BRANCH, Executive Section, Inspection Division.

HESPOTION SECTION, Equipment Invision, Ordance Chief's Office, War Department,—Greated in 1917, Operated through the following Franchess Cleaning and Pressing Exterial; Hardware; Leether and Leether Equipment; Steel Relates and Aluminum Ress; and Textile and Textile Equipment, Transferred to the Inspection Division on January 14, 1918, Functions: To inspect before acceptance material purchased by the Division to see that it mat Government specifications. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Mt.

INSPIRION SETTOM, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Nar Department,—Originated es a Division in Nay 1917. On September 7, 1917, by Oun Division Order No. 4, it became a Section in the Oun Division. Included the following Framebers Administration, Metalliurgical, Office Efficiency, Pender and Explosives, and Technical. Ordnaurary 1912 it was consolidated with the new Inspection Division. Nunctions: To have complete responsibility for questions affecting the impaction, test, and seceptance of material under naunfecture at private plants for the Gun Division, except cammon and their accessories. Records; Probably with those of the Office in Na.

HISPECTICN SECTION, Industrial Division, Ordnance Buress, Newy Department,—In existence prior to tha war. <u>Punctioner</u> To have charge of the earbeithe section and maintenance of the imspection estrice of the Buress. The occurry was divided into 10 inspection districts, and a number of inspection stations were maintained, Records: Records of inspectore of ordnance, 1917-24 (1,800 feet), are in Ma. Other records are in the Newy Congression.

INSTOLICE SETTOM, Nitrets Division, Ordanos Chief's Office, War Department.—Datablished during the latter half of 1917. <u>Punctions</u>: To follow up the construction of mitrate plants and machinery; to impact the completed machinery; and to adjust nechanical difficulties in the construction of machinery. <u>Records</u>: Probably with those of the Office in M.

MINISTON SECTION, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officerie Office, For Department, -Stablished on September 7, 1918, Amentioned through everyfixed offices, covering the following prographical departments; iortheastern, Esstern, Maryland and Machington, D. G., Suthheastern, Contral, Southern, and Western, Functions; To supervise the inspection of saterial at samufacturing plants, depots, and warehouses, and to assist in expediting production and shipments. Records: Probably among those of the Office in MA.

INSPECTION SECTION, Purchase Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established about April 1919, and still in existence on June 30, 1919. Functions In supervise inspection methods employed in Department supply ectivities. Recorder Minerabouts unknown.

INSPECTION SECTION, Small Arms Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See INSPECTION DIVISION.

INSPECTION SERVICE, GENERAL, Public Health Service, Treasury Department, -- See GENERAL INSPECTION SERVICE.

INSPECTION SERVICE, STEAMBOAT, Commerce Department. See STEAMBOAT INSPECTION SERVICE.

INSPECTION SECTION, SANITARY, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. See SANITARY INSPECTION SECTION.

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, War Department.—In existence before the war. Apparently did not operate through subdivisions. Functions: To inspect, as prescribed by law and by Army regulations and existing orders, various phases of military activity, such as the organized combat divisions, coast artillery, aviation fields, mobilization and other camps, general and base hospitals, remount depots, transport service, ports of embarkation, service schools, military arsenals and depots, disciplinary barracks (including food and its preparation), instruction and training, discipline, equipment, clothing, supply and administration, public and semipublic funds, and the efficiency and fitness of officers of all grades. Records: In the War Department. References: Inspector General's Department, Reports, 1917-21.

INSPECTOR OF ORDNANCE ESTABLISHMENTS, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established about January 1919. Supervised the work of the Plant Facilities Section. Functions: To supervise and coordinate the activities of inspectors stationed at various plants doing work for the Office of the Chief of Ordnance and for the Ordnance Department, and particularly to supervise and expedits the salvage of machinery and equipment in accordance with policies laid down by the Arsenal Board, the War Department Claims Board, and similar bodies. Records: Among those of the Office in NA.

INSTRUCTION SECTION, Administration Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on February 11, 1918, by Office Order No. 135, to take over the instruction work of the various personnel sections of the General-Administration Bureau (later the Administration Division). By July the Section had been abolished. Functions: To supervise and operate schools of instruction in the Ordnance Department, and to perform other duties connected with the instruction of commissioned, enlisted, and civilian personnel. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

INSTRUMENT DIVISION, Weather Bureau, Agriculture Department.—In existence prior to the war. Functions: During the war, to extend its aid to the Army and Navy by constructing meteorological instruments to meet special needs and by furnishing equipment for meteorological stations at camps and naval bases. Records: Among the general files of the Bureau in NA.

INSTRUMENT, MACHINERY, AND CONTAINER BRANCH, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on May 1, 1918. Operated through the following Groups: Administrative, Optical Instrument, Technical Investigation, Machinery and Stamped Metal, and Packing Container. Functions: To supervise the inspection of optical and fire control instruments; packing containers of fiber, wood, or metal; machinery of all types; stamped metal ware; steel helmets and body armor; metal cartridge clips; and shell lifting plugs. Records: Probably with those of the Office in MA.

INSTRUMENT SECTION, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Commerce Department.—
In existence prior to the war. Sometimes called the Instruments
Division. Functions: To design and supervise the construction of
new instruments and maintain the old ones. During the war it repaired sextants and other instruments needed by the Navy and designed new instruments for the War and Navy Departments. Records:
In the Coast and Geodetic Survey.

INSTRUMENT SECTION, MILITARY OPTICAL GLASS AND, Finished Products Edvision, War Industries Board.—See MILITARY OPTICAL GLASS AND INSTRUMENT SECTION.

INSTRUMENTS COMMITTEE, NAVIGATION AND NAUTICAL, Physics, Mathematics, Astronomy, and Geophysics Division, National Research Council.—See NAVIGATION AND NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS CONSISTENCY.

INSULAR AFFAIRS BUREAU, War Department. - Created as the Division of Customs and Insular Affairs in the Office of the Secretary of War on December 13. 1898. as a result of the acquisition by the United States of a colonial empire following the war with Spain. On December 10. 1900. by order of the Secretary of War, its name was changed to Bureau of Insular Affairs. Its functions were transferred to the newly created Territories and Island Possessions Division, Interior Department. effective July 1, 1939, by Reorganication Plan No. 2. Functions: Supervision of and limison with civil governments in Cuba, 1898-1902 and 1906-9, Puerto Rico, 1898-1900 and 1909-34, and the Philippine Islands, 1898-1939; and supervision of the Dominican Customs Receivership, 1905-39, and the Haitian Customs Receivership, 1920-24. During the period of neutrality, 1914-17, the Bureau was concerned with diplomatic problems arising out of belligerent shipping through the porte of Wantla, San Juan, and other Philippine and Puerto Rican ports; it also ressived and transmitted to the Board of Relief or otherwise seted amon numerous applications for the relief of destitute Americans and Filipinos stranded in Europe. Following the entrance of the United States into the war, the Bureau had ex-tensive relations with the War Treds Board, the War Industries Board. the Alien Property Custodian, and the War Finance Corporation on matters affecting the Philippine Islands and Puerto Rico and supervised the registration of aliens in these islands. Records: 1898-1939 (1,600 feet). In NA, except those for the years 1935-39, which are in the Territories and Teland Possessions Division. Include Administrative correspondence and reports relating to islands over which the Bureau had juriediction. About 8 feet are known to relate to the war activities described above. References: Insular Affairs Bureau, Reporte, 1914-19.

INSULE RESERVINE RUYSION, Truste Bureau, Allen Property Custodian,—Organized in 1917 and abolished in 1920. The function of administrating the relevant trusts was continued by the Trusts Bureau. Functions, Juried total over 1918, lensey property located in the incular powersions and ferritories of the United States, in connection with which it performed functions of investigation and cale and handled related legal matters. Records: 1917-20 (15 feet, including related records to 1975) in R. Include correspondence and other records pertaining to the investigation, supervision, and other records pertaining to the investigation, supervision,

INSUAS STATUONS HITSION, Experiment Stations Office, States Relations Certics, Agriculture Department—Organized in 1002, but invalue experiment stations had already been established in Almaka in 1898, in Rewall in 1898, and in Pareto Rico in 1901. Similar stations were established in Ouas in 1908 and in the Virgin Islands in 1918. Punctions: During the war, to stimulate and increase the production of Tood in Almaka, Eswall, Fuerto Rico, and Ouas to meet the situation created by the reduction of tornage for food shipments resulting from the use of coastwiss weedals for transport service to Durope. Becomes 1000 as in M include records of targetiment stations

- in Alaska, 1897-1923, and in Guam, 1908-32 (30 feet), in the files of the Office of Experiment Stations. Correspondence of the Division, annual financial reports, and other papers remain in the Agriculture Department.

 References: Milton Conover, The Office of Experiment Stations, 62-65 (Baltimore, 1924).
- INSURANCE BUREAU, WAR RISK, Treasury Department. -- See WAR RISK INSUR-ANCE BUREAU.
- INSURANCE CLAIMS DIVISION, COMPENSATION AND, War Risk Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department.—See COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE CLAIMS DIVISION.
- INSURANCE DEPARTMENT, Finance Division, Construction Organization,
 Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established on December 27, 1917, as a part of the Auditing Division. It was transferred on May 10, 1918, to the newly created Finance Division and appears to have been abolished when the latter was replaced by the General Comptroller's Department on February 10, 1920. This Insurance Mepartment was entirely separate from the Insurance Division of the Operations Division. Functions: To handle insurance matters in connection with ship construction and to administer the Corporation's system of insurance. Records: In the Maritime Commission.
- INSURANCE DIVISION, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Originally established as the Advisory Insurance Committee of the Operations Division on September 28, 1917, by a resolution of the Shipping Board. On September 28, 1918, the Committee became a Division with expanded functions. At present it is in the Maritime Commission. Functions: The Advisory Insurance Committee advised the Shipping Board on all questions relating to marine, war risk and protection, and indemnity insurance and handled an insurance fund for the Operations Division. It also fixed premium rates in agreement with the commercial market and the War Risk Insurance Bureau. The Insurance Division, on its part, fixed premium rates, insured vessels under the control of the Board against maritime and war risks, managed insurance funds, and investigated insurance claims. Records: 1917-23 (72 feet) in NA. Correspondence, forms, and reports.
 - INSURANCE DIVISION, Trusts Bureau, Alien Property Custodian.—Greated in 1917. Continued until some time after 1924. Functions: To exercise supervision over matters relating to the property, the operation, and the liquidation of enemy insurance companies. Records: 1917-37 (45 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, inventories, requests made by the Alien Property Custodian, statements of securities held by insurance companies, accounts of income and disbursements, reports of insurance company managers, and other papers.
 - INSURANCE DIVISION, War Risk Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department.—Authorized by the "Organization Chart and Organization Memoranda" of August 20, 1918. The Division was under the direction of a Departy Commissioner of Military and Naval Insurance responsible to the Director of the Bureau. Terminated on August 9, 1921. Functions: To control records pertaining to military and naval insurance, to conduct the work of converting term insurance policies into pernanent forms of Government life insurance, and to administer the insurance features of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act (see CIVIL RELIEF SECTION). Records: In the Veterans' Administration.

- INSURANCE DIVISION, MILITARY AND NAVAL, WAR Fisk Insurance Bureau,
 Treasury Department. -- See MILITARY AND NAVAL INSURANCE DIVISION.
- INSURANCE DIVISION, WAR RISK, Adjutant General's Office, War Department.--See WAR RISK INSURANCE DIVISION.
- INSURANCE OF INUISTRIAL MORKERS COMMITTEE, Was Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department—authorized by the Mar Labor Folicies Board on October 15, 1918, and probably terminated in December. Punctions To investigate and report on the question of general insurance for war workers. Records: Among those of the Board in NA. Include situates of meetings of the Committee.
- INSURANCE SECTION, contracts Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Probably established on May 94, 1917, as a part of the Contonment Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Probably transferred with the Branch to the Construction Division, when the latter was established on March 13, 1918. Punctions: To handle ratters relating to surety bonds, fire insurance, socient's compensation, and employer's liability insurance. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.
- INSURANCE SECTION, Operating Division, Housing Corporation, -- See OPER-
- INSURANCE SECTION, MARINE, Finance and Purchases Division, Railroad Administration. -- See Marine Insurance Section.
- INSURANCE SECTION, WAR RISK, Disbursing Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau. Navy Department.—See WAR RISK INSURANCE SECTION.
- INTELLIGENCE BUREAU, WAR TRADE, War Trade Board. See WAR TRADE INTEL-LICENCE BUREAU.
- INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT, MARITIEF, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See MARITIME INTELLIGENCE DE-PARTMENT.
- INTELLIGENCE HIVISION, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.— See NAVAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.
- INTELLIGENCE DIVISION, FOREIGN, State Department.—See FOREIGN INTEL-LIGENCE DIVISION.
- INTELLIGENCE DIVISION, MILITARY, Ceneral Staff, War Department.—See MILITARY INTELLIGENCE DIVISION.
- INTELLIGENCE DIVISION, TERRITORIAL, ECONOMIC, AND POLITICAL, American Commission to Negotiate Peace.—See AMERICAN COMMISSION TO NEGOTI-ATE PEACE.
- INTELLIGENCE INSTRUCTION SUCTION, OWERT, Foottive Branch, Military Intelligence Division, Oeneral Staff, War Department.—See COMBAT INTELLIGENCE INSTRUCTION SECTION.
- INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, NAVAL, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.—See NAVAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.
- INTELLIGENCE SECTION, FIELD, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department. See POSITIVE BRANCH.

INTELLIGENCE SECTION, FOREIGN, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See POSITIVE BRANCH.

INTERALLIED AERONAUTICAL COMMISSION, Peace Conference.—A successor of the Interallied Aviation Committee. Its members were formed into three subcommissions to consider, respectively: Technical matters; military matters; and legal, commercial, and financial matters. Held its final meeting on May 22, 1919. Functions: To study aeronautical questions referred to it by the Supreme Council and, conversely, aeronautical questions that the Commission considered should be submitted to the Council; also to draft a convention in regard to international air navigation in time of peace. The Commission passed various resolutions, including several dealing with terms imposed on Cermany and the limitation of German civil aviation. Records: 1919 (3 inches) in NA. Include correspondence, reports, and memoranda. References: H. W. V. Temperley, ed., A History of the Peace Conference of Paris, vol. 2, p. 502 (London, 1920).

INTERALLIED AVIATION COMMITTEE.—Created pursuant to Joint Note No. 7 adopted by the Supreme War Council at its third session, February 1, 1918. Comprised two representatives of each of the four Allied Powers. Succeeded by the Interallied Aeronautical Commission of the Peace Conference. Functions: To conduct investigations of the programs of production of aviation material; to arrange for the distribution of raw materials among the Allied air services; and to examine measures to be taken in order to bring about an eventual standardization of types of airplanes, motors, and aeronautic material in general. Records: 1918-19 (3 inches) in NA. Include correspondence, reports, and memoranda. References: State Department, Foreign Relations... the Lansing Papers, 1914-20, vol. 2, p. 243-245

INTERALLIED CHEMICAL COMMITTEE. -- See INTERALLIED MUNITIONS COUNCIL.

INTERALLIED COAL AND COKE PROGRAMME COMMITTEE.—One of about two dozen interallied programme committees, the establishment of which was recommended at the Interallied Conference at Paris in November 1917 to cooperate with the Allied Maritime Transport Council. Although it apparently existed in some form as early as July, it was not finally set up as an operating unit until September 1918. On it were representatives from Great Britain, Italy, France, and the United States. Sir Guy Calthorpe, Chairman. The Committee continued to hold meetings after the war. Functions: To determine the needs of the American Expeditionary Forces and the Allied countries in general for coal, coke, and manufactured fuels other than petroleum products; and to recommend available British coal supplies for use where they were most needed. Records: Whereabouts unknown. References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1918, supp. 1, vol. 1, p. 590; Fuel Administration, Final Report of the United States Fuel Administrator, 112 (Washington, 1921).

INTERALLIED COAL COMMISSION. —See COAL MISSION, American Relief Administration.

INTERALLIED COMMISSION ON SCIENTIFIC ALIMENTATION. -- See INTERALLIED SCIENTIFIC FOOD COMMISSION.

INTERALLIED COMMISSION ON STANDARDIZATION OF PETROLEUM SPECIFICATIONS, Interallied Petroleum Conference.—Created on June 25, 1918. Wet in Washington, D. C., in August and September. Ended in December 1918.

<u>Functions:</u> To determine sources of petroleum supply, and is recommend specifications as to quality, apparatus, and tasts. <u>Records:</u>
Whereabouts windows. The activities of the Commission are reflected in the records of the Oil Division. Push Administration. In NA.

INTERALLIED COMMITTEE FOR THE REEDSCATION OF WAR CRIPPIES .- Composed of representatives of verious Allied countries and of private welfore and philanthropic organisations. The original invitation for the United States to send delegates came from the Belgish Legation in Washington. The first meeting was held in Paris in 1017, and subsequent annual mestings wers held in London, Rome, and Brussels. The number of dala-Fates from the Noted States waried, but there were neually persons Dresent representing the Parertments of the Interior State and Wor. The permanent headquarters, satablished in Paris, was financed through Philanthropic sifts and by annual grants from the Allied countries. In making appropriations for the diplomatic and consular services for the fiscal years 1919-22, Congress appropriated \$6,000 annually for the support of the Committee. Ammarently its work was later taken over by the Health and Labor Section of the League of Nations. Functions: To deal with all omestions affecting disabled soldiers, such as pensions, artificial limbs, and vocational training: to serve as a central bureau for information and the study and coordination of afforts made in the different Allied countries for war crimoles: to collect a library of publications and deciments and issue a monthly periodical: and to stimulate the crastion and development of research laboratories for the special study of protective apparatus, artificial limbs, and work tosls. Records: Whereaboute unknown.

BYTHMILLIED COMPENSION, —Conversed at Faris from November 29 to becomber 3, 1917, with representatives in attendance from nearly every country that was at the time at war against the Central Powers, The chief members of the daipstion from the United States under Col. Edward M. House ware: Admiral W. S. Benson, Chief of Neval Operations; Omneward States, Chief of Staff; Oscar T. Croby, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; Vance C. McCornick, Chairman of the Near Trade Board; Emindring Colby, representing the Supplementage of the Near Trade Board; Reinbridge Colby, representing the Supplementage of the Near Trade Board; representing the Fide States Board Countries covering a great variety of subjects were organized. As a result of their recommendations, the Allied Marities Transport Council, the war exchange programs countliered, and service of Countries of the various Programs of the Countries of the various Allied Marities Transport Council to the serve stabilished Programs of the Countries of the various Allied Marities and machinery for handling silitaty and economic problems. Records: Whereshouts unknown. References: Massat A Saltar, Allied Shirping, Control, 1921); State Department, Foreign Melations, 1917, scop. 2, vol. 1, passin, especially, 203-256, 334-455.

DITERLIED COMPENSES OF FREE EMUSSIES, --Composed of the head of government of the principal Alised and Associated Powers, this Conference held meetings from 1920 to 1920. Bigh Hellsce, American representatives. Practicants bestle with such matures as the Surgarian treaty, Allied relations with Soviet Resuls, the Advistic question, the occupation of platfactic somes, who became unpertion, the structure of the companion of the companion of the structure, was critically, and the astradition of Milliam II. Facordist Experience whose was

INTERALLIZED COUNCIL ON WAR PURCHASES AND FINANCE. — Created in December 1917 as one of the results of the Interallied Conference which met

in Paris. The Council was composed of representatives of Great Britain, France, Italy, and the United States, and held its meetings in London and Paris. Oscar T. Crosby, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, served as American representative and President. <u>Functions</u>: To deal with Allied war purchases in America and credits advanced by the United States Government. In time the Council came more and more to confine its work to questions of international exchange and the adjustment of international credits. <u>Records</u>: Some are in the Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; part of the correspondence of the President of the Council is in the papers of the Allied Purchasing Commission in NA. The whereabouts of the remainder of the records is unknown. <u>References</u>: Dwight W. Morrow, <u>The Society of Free States</u>, 103-104 (New York [1919]); Ernest L. Bogart, "Economic Organization for War," in <u>American Political Science Review</u>, 14: 605 (Nov. 1920); State Department, <u>Foreign Relations</u>, 1917, supp. 2, vol. 2, p. 546 ff.

INTERALLIED DANUBE HIVER COMMISSION.—Established by the Supreme Economic Council on May 20, 1919. Financed by the American Relief Administration. Replaced by the reinstated European Commission of the Danube (originally established in 1856) under the terms of article 347, Treaty of Versailles, Jume 28, 1919. Functions: To facilitate the transportation of relief supplies and the movement of commerce on the Danube in connection with its control of international trade on that river. Records: In the Moover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace, Stanford University. References: American Relief Administration, Bulletin No. 11, p. 10-15 (May 30, 1919).

INTERALLIED FOOD COUNCIL. - A body of four members organized in London on July 29, 1918, and composed of the Food Controllers of Great Britain, France, and Italy and the Food Administrator of the United States. It was to meet once every 3 months or as often as necessary. Under it served a permanent body of technicians known as the Interallied Food Council Committee of Representatives. Through this Committee the Food Council exercised authority over the following Programme Committees: Wheat Executive, Meats and Fats Executive, Oil Seed, and Sugar. In February 1919 the work of the Food Council was taken over by the Food and Relief Section of the Supreme Economic Council. Functions: To coordinate the purchase and importation of food supplies; to eliminate competition in purchasing food supplies and to see that food was given proper consideration in the shipment of commodities; and to act as liaison between the four food programme committees and the Allied Maritime Transport Council and Interallied Council on War Purchases and Finance. <u>Records</u>: Whereabouts unknown. <u>References</u>: State Department, <u>Foreign Relations</u>, 1918, supp. 1, vol. 1, p. 535-558; Frank M. Surface, The Grain Trade During the World War, 205-207 (New York, 1928); James A. Salter, Allied Shipping Control, 304-310 (Oxford, 1921).

DITERALLIED FOOD COUNCIL COMMITTEE OF HEPRESENTATIVES, Interallied Food Council.—Established by the Council in London on July 29, 1918. Each member of the Council was permitted to appoint "an equal number of representatives" to serve on the Committee. An independent chairman without voting power was to be elected by the members of the Committee "from outside their own members." Delegates from the Interallied Maritime Council, the Interallied Council on War Purchases and Finance, and the Interallied Scientific Commission assisted the Committee. After the armistice the duties of the Committee were taken over by the Supreme Council of Supply and Relief. Functions: To

coordinate and direct the following agencies: Wheat Executive, Heats and Pats Executive, Sugar Programs Committee; on Gil Seed Programs Committee; to act as the sole means of communications between these bodies and the Interallied Martine Council and the Interallied Council Council and Council

INTERALLED HEATS AND FAIS EXECUTIVE.—Organized in Lendon on August 29, 1917, when representatives of Great Britain and France signed, and a representative of Laby consented to, the Heats and Arts Executive Agreement. In F. Sheldon, Foed Administration representative at London, kept the United States Government informed of the skilberations of the Executive. In the spring of 1918 it became one of the State Government informed of the skilberations of the Executive. In the spring of 1928, the States are the second of Representative booken its immediate appearance Conditions. On July 29, 1928, this superior to the Condition of the Supreme Peconodic Council. The Allied Provisions Export Condition of the Supreme Econodic Council. The Allied Provisions Export Condision, an agency staffed with British personnol, acted for it in America. Proceedings To coordinate the purchase and distribution of seats, edible entail fats, dairy products, cannot fruits, and vegetables, Records; Whereabouts unknown. References; State Department, Experiment, Expe

NHERALLIED MILITARY TRUISFORMATION DAMED,—Greated by the Internalised Railway Committee on March 5, 1319, as a subcommittee of the Internalised Fechnical Board. Considered of one representative from the United States and one from each of the Halles having military forces in Siberia. The Aspanses representative was Chairman of the Board, which held its first needing in Vicedivatok on March 18, 1519. The Board ceased to function on October 25, 1922. Nanctions: To coordinate the services of Allied controlled railways in Siberia and Chairman under the direction of Allied military estimations. Becomiss 1209—2000. The Allied compiles for the Nationalist Control of the Committee of th

INTERLIMED HUNTRICES COUNCIL.—Flammed by the Internalised Conference at Parks as an organ under the Supress Mar Council. Began operations on Juns 4, 1918, and set at Parks as Mar Council. Began operations on Juns 4, 1918, and set at Parks about once a month thereafter. Consisted of two members from each of the four principal Allied powers, including the Kinisters of Munitions of Orest Britain, Prance, and Italy. By Ally 16, 1918, Edward R. Stetthinus, Second Assistant Secretary of Mar, was given limited authority to represent the bitted States on the Council. Subsequently, it. E. Summers of the Mar Industries Roard also cerved as representative. The Council was served by a permanent secretariat, an internalised Dressu of Statistics, and the following Countitiess; Markinson Bernical, Internalised Aristion, Internalised Dressus of Statistics, and the following Countities of Soda Executive), Membergroup, Machanical Transport, and Steel. There was also planted, but probably never oranized, a cornities on resilway and transport supplies to cooperate

with the Interallied Transport Committee at Versailles. An Allied Rubber Committee was operating under the Munitions Council at the time the armistice was signed. Functions: To examine and make recommendations relative to the manufacture, availability, and need for war munitions; and to act as liaison between the programme committees dealing with munitions and the Interallied Maritime Transport Council. Records: Whoreabouts unknown. References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1918, supp. 1, vol. 1, p. 581-617, especially 584-589; James A. Salter, Allied Shipping Control, 182-185, 327 (Oxford, 1921); Great Britain, War Cabinet, Report, 1918, p. 23, 108-109 (Parliament, Papers by Command, Cmd. 325. London, 1919).

INTERALLIED NITRATE COMMITTEE .- See NITRATE OF SODA EXECUTIVE.

INTERALLIED PETROLEUM CONFERENCE. - Established on recommendation of the Interallied Conference at Paris on November 30, 1917. Consisted of representatives from the United States, Great Britain, France, and Italy. Preliminary meetings were held at London as early as February 1918, but the first formal meeting was delayed until May 6, 1918, when representatives from the United States could attend. The five sessions held during the war were at Paris, London, or Rome. Several subcommittees dealt with the following subjects: Petroleum storage in France; standardization of petroleum products; an importation program in accordance with the schedule of the Allied Maritime Transport Council; and petroleum requirements of the Allies in Europe and the Mediterranean. United States delegates, L. I. Thomas, Commander Foley, U. S. N., and Chester Naramore. Sir John Cadman, Chairman. Functions: To agree upon the petroleum requirements of each Ally, the best sources of supply, and specifications, tonnage, and routes for conveyance of supplies. Records: Whereabouts unknown. Minutes of meetings and some correspondence and reports are among the records of the Petroleum Division, Mines Burcau, and of the Fuel Administration in NA. References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1918, supp. 1, vol. 1, p. 572, 590, 591; James A. Salter, Allied Shipping Control, 328 (Oxford, 1921); Fuel Administration, Final Report of the United States Fuel Administrator, 269 (Washington, 1921).

INTERALLIED PIG TIN POOL .- See INTERALLIED TIN EXECUTIVE.

INTERALLIED PROGHAMME COMMITTEES .-- At the Interallied Conference at Paris, November 29 to December 3, 1917, the organization of about two dozen programme committees to cooperate with the proposed Allied Maritime Transport Council was recommended. Each committee was to be modeled upon the Interallied Wheat Executive and was to deal with a specific article of import. Forgotten for a time, the plan was revived upon the strong recommendation of the Allied Maritime Transport Council in May 1918. Organization began in June and still was in progress at the essation of hostilities in November. In June, committees dealing with munitions of war were placed under an Interallied Munitions Council. In July, four committees dealing with foods were placed under an Interallied Food Council. A plan for Interallied Haw Materials Council was conceived but not carried out. Programme Committees known to be functioning in November 1918 and not under one of the two Councils mentioned above were: Coal and Coke; Cotton; Flax, Hemp, and Jute; Leather and Hides; Paper; Petroleum; Timber; Tobacco; and Wool. Beginning in June 1918 the Interallied Wheat Executive served as one of the committees. Although references have been noted to an Imports Programme Committee, a Horse and Mules Programme Committee, and a Gum Revin and Varnish Programme Committee, evidence that these units actually functioned as programme committees has not

been found. Functions: To agree upon and make recommendations for Joint Allied Programs for the purchase and importation of the raw materials and finished products with which each Ally was concerned, and to make statistical reports on the commodity in question for report to the Interallied Rightime Transport Council and the Interallied Council on Mar Purchases and Finance. The functions of each scatter wards widely, depending upon the personalities of the mostifier wards widely, depending upon the personalities of the Market of the Allied Purchasing Council and Market organization charts of the Fingrame Council the Allied Purchasing Council and Market of the Allied Shipping Control, 1913-195, 1903-304, 327-328 (ordered, 1921); ores for Fitting, Naw Cacilliet, Reports, 1917, p. 18-20, and 1918, p. 22-24 (Parliament, Papers by Command, Od. 9005, Cad. 325. London, 1918-19).

INTERLIZED FURCHASING COURTISION.—This body (not to be confused with the Allied Purchasing Countries) was created by resolution of the Interallied Relivary Countries on April 11, 1919. Controlled by Enterthied Technical Board. Members consisted of a representative of the Minister of Meys and Communications of the Bussian Provisional Covernment and of a representative each from Great Stiting, Japan, and the United States, Terminated on November 11, 1922. Copt. C. E. Spengler of the United States, California, Punctionary Copt. C. E. Spengler of the United States, California, Punctionary of Cartet the selection, purchase, inspection, end foreign transfer for the Sibertian unit Othere Eastern Bullways. Records; 1919-22 (6 feet) in NA. Include nimits of the Commission, financial records, and other papers.

INTERALLIED RATIFAY COUNTTIES .- Creeted under the terms of the Interallied Railway Agreement of January and February 1919 between the United States and Japan and subscribed to by the Allied end Associatad Powers end the Provisional Covernment of Russia (et Omsk). The Committee included one representative each from Japan, the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, Czechoslovakie, China, and the Provisional Aussian Covernment. The Russian representative, L. A. Oustrugoff, served es Chairman, and the American representative, G. Smith, as Secretary. The first meeting was held at Vladivostok on March 5, 1919. In accordance with the terms of the Interallied Railway Agreement, the Committee terminated upon the withdrawal of the last foreign military forces from Siberia on October 25, 1922. Functions: To rehabilitate and to reestablish efficient trans-Portation on the Chinese Eastern and Siberian Railways by the super-Vision of railroad operations in the some of Allied intervention in Siberia and China. Records: 1919-22 (5 feet) in NA. Include original minutes and correspondence. References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1915, Russia, vol. 3, p. 274-307; 1919, Russia, P. 236-593; 1920, vol. 3, p. 437-727.

INVESTIGITO SANTAKI COMMISSION.—Organized in Paris in 1917. American delegate, Rugh S. Comeding of the Public Health Service. Functions: To investigate sanitary conditions in European esports and Inland communities where expense was to be located. Records: Reverbouts unknown. References: Public Health Service, Annual Report, 1918.

INTERALLIED SCIENTIFIC ALIMENTATION CONNISSION.—See INTERALLIED SCIENTIFIC FOOD COMMISSION.

INTERALLIED SCIENTIFIC COMMISSION. -- See INTERALLIED SCIENTIFIC FOOD COMMISSION.

INTERALLIED SCIENTIFIC FOOD COMMISSION.—Created by the Interallied Conference at Paris in November 1917, to be composed of two representatives each from the United States, Italy, Great Britain, and France. The American representatives, Russell Chittenden, professor of physiological chemistry at Yale University, and Graham Lusk, professor of physiology at Cornell Medical School, were appointed in January 1918 and attended conferences in Paris, Rome, and London until June 1918. A permanent central secretariat was set up at Paris, with local secretaries in each Allied country. On July 29, 1918, the Commission was instructed to send a delegate to the Committee of Representatives of the Interallied Food Council. Commission was also called the Interallied Scientific Commission and is usually referred to in American records under its original title, the Interallied Commission on Scientific Alimentation. Functions: To plan equal distributions of food in countries that suffered a deficiency, and to study, scientifically, interallied food problems and to suggest remedies. Records: Whereabouts unknown. The accounting records of the American representatives and also a copy of the Commission's "First Report on the Food Resources, Consumption and Requirements of the Allied Countries, Paris, July 1918" are among the records of the Food Administration in NA. References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1917, supp. 2, vol. 1, p. 665-666; 1918, supp. 1, vol. 1, p. 552-553, 558.

INTERALLIED TECHNICAL BOARD.—Created under the terms of the Interallied Railway Agreement of January and February 1919 and controlled by the Interallied Railway Committee. One railway expert from each of the Allies with military forces in Siberia sat on the Board. First meeting held on March 5, 1919. Terminated on November 1, 1922. John F. Stevens, American member of the Board, was President. Functions: The technical and economic management of all railways in the zone of operations of the Allied military forces in Siberia. Records: 1918-22 (combined with those of the Russian Railway Service Corps, 1917-20, total 91 feet) in NA. Include minutes, correspondence, and reports. References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1918, Russia, vol. 3, p. 27h-30h; 1919, Russia, 236-590; 1920, vol. 3, p. 138, 500, 513, 561, 568-569.

INTERALLIED TIN EXECUTIVE.—By an agreement of August 28, 1918, the Governments of the United States and Great Britain created a Tin Executive, which was to meet at London. George N. Armsby and John Hughes represented the United States on this body, and Sir Leonard Llewelyn became Chairman. France and Italy joined in this agreement in September, and Japan in October. The United States was allowed two-thirds of the world's tin production, which was distributed by the War Industries Board through the United States Steel Products Co. The agreement, known as the Interallied Pig Tin Pool, came to an end on January 1, 1919. Functions: To arrange for the purchase, allocation, and distribution of tin; to control the price of tin among the signatory powers; and to form a monopoly of the world's supply of tin. Records: Whereabouts unknown. References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1918, supp. 1, vol. 1, p. 601-60k, 61k; James A. Salter, Allied Shipping Control, 327 (Oxford, 1921).

INTERALLIED WHEAT EXECUTIVE.—As a result of the Conference of Representatives of the Allies at Paris on November 15 and 16, 1916, the

Wheat Executive Agreement greating the Interallied Wheat Executive was signed by representatives of Great Britain. France, and Itely on Movember 20 The headquarters of the Franctive was set up in London, with a single delegate from each of the three Allies. 1917 L. P. Sheldon made reports to the Holted States Covernment recarding its deliberations. The Theat Executive established buying agencies in the wheat-growing areas of the world. For the United States this agency was the Wheat Export Co. On Angust 31, 1919. the restricted duties of the Wheat Executive were taken over by the Consultative Food Committee, which ceased to function on august 30. 1920. Functions: To arrange for the purchase, transport, and allo-cation of cereals, namely, maize, barley, rice, rye, peac, beans, and oats, and of cereal products; and to make studies and surveys of the availability and need of cumplies. The Executive served as one of the Interallied Programma Committees heginning in June 1918. making reports to the Allied Maritime Transport Council and the Interallied Council on War Purchases and Finance and, after July 1918, to its newly created somerior, the Interallied Food Council. In June 1918 it took over the work of the Belgian Relief Commission. Records: Whereabouts unknown. References: Great Britain, Royal Commission on Wheat Supplies, Pirst Report, p. 11:-16, 68-78, 85 (London, 1921); Frank W. Surface, The Grain Trade During the World War. 30-35 (New York, 1928).

INITIADEPLATEMENTAL AUTHORY COMMITTEE, Council of National Defense-Batabilished on March 29, 1917. Composed of representatives from the 10 executive departments and the National Research Council, the Chief of the Section on Cooperation Fith the States of the Council of National Defense, and the Director of the Council, who served as Chaimann. On November 2, 1917, the Council the adjourned, subject to the call of the Chaimann, and was never recalled. Duritional deburge the several branches of the Council of the Chief of the Chief

INTERDEPARTMENTAL AMMONTA CONTROL COMMITTEE .- Created in November 1917, and consisted of representatives of the Agriculture, Interior, War, and Navy Departments, the Food Administration, and the Council of National Defence, Terminated early in 1919. Functions: To coneider the conservation and distribution of amnonia, with a view to . securing as far as possible an adequate supply for explosives, cold storage, and agricultural purposes and to curtailing its use for nonessential purposes. Also to license, through the License Division of the Food Administration, individuals or firms engaged in the importation, manufacture, etorage, or distribution of any prima product of ammonia as produced in byproduct coke-oven plante, coalgas plants, and nitrogen-fixation plants. Records: Whereabouts un-known. Records relating to the work of the Committee (2 feet) are in NA in the files of the Secretary of Agriculture, of the Chemistry Bureau, and of the Collateral Commodities Division, Food Administra-Included are minutes of meetings, regulations, correspondence, and memoranda.

INTERPRESENTATION CONSISTED ON CONSUMERATIONS.—A body of four members, February the State, Br., and Navy peartments and the Constitute on Fublic Internation, appointed in response to invitations issued on May 21, 1915, by the acting Socretary of State to the Secretaries of Mar and the Navy. A subcommittee of noted scientists and regimeers collected technical data. The Committee apparently closed its operations after submitting a preliminary report in January 1919. Breckenridge Long, Third Assistant Secretary of State, Chairman. Functions: Originally appointed for the purpose of improving cable and wireless service with China and Japan, the Committee extended its activities to include submarine cable service in general. Records: Whereabouts unknown. Some correspondence relating to the Committee is in the State Department and in the files of the Secretary of the Navy in NA. References: Interdepartmental Committee on Communications, "Preliminary Report" [January 25, 1919], in Committee on Public Information, Official U. S. Bulletin, February 4, 1919, p. 8-9.

INTERDEPARTMENTAL COST CONFERENCE.—Established by the Secretary of Commerce in the spring of 1917. The Conference held various meetings which were attended by representatives of the War and Navy Departments, the Council of National Defense, the Federal Trade Commission, and leading private concerns. Terminated in the summer of 1917 when its functions were transferred to the Federal Trade Commission. Also known as the Interdepartmental Conference. Functions: To discuss the war contract problem and to prepare a manual on cost methods and contract forms. In July 1917 it issued a pamphlet entitled "Uniform Contracts and Cost Accounting Definitions and Methods." Records: Probably in the Federal Trade Commission. References: Benedict Crowell and Robert F. Wilson, Demobilization; Our Industrial and Military Demobilization After the Armistice,

INTERDEFARTMENTAL DEFENSE BOARD, Council of National Defense .-- Created on November 2, 1919, to bring about liaison between the executive departments concerned with national defense matters. Frequently referred to as the Interdepartmental Board. Included one representative from each of the six executive departments represented on the Council, under the chairmanship of the Director of the Council. first meeting was held on November 10, 1919, and its last on October 29, 1920. Grosvenor B. Clarkson and Herbert N. Shenton, Chairmen successively. Functions: The Board reviewed the administration of the Government's war program in order to make recommendations for future emergencies; studied the duties of the Council and prepared a plan of organization; initiated studies on leather supply, hydroelectric power reserve, and railroad facilities; and recommended the establishment in the Council of a division of statistics to centralize data required for adequate planning for national defense. In order to avoid duplication of effort, it arranged with the Economic Liaison Committee of the State Department for an exchange of information regarding their respective activities. The Board proposed to make use of the records of the War Industries Board which were then in the possession of the Council. Records: 1919-20 (among the files of the Council of National Defense) in NA. Include minutes and related correspondence and a file of Herbert N. Shenton, the second Chairman, which contains some reports. References: Council of National Defense, Annual Report, 1920.

INTERDEPARTMENTAL SOCIAL HYGIENE BOARD.—Created by an act of July 9, 1918, which also created a Division of Venereal Diseases in the Public Health Service. Composed of the Secretaries of War, the Navy, and the Treasury, as ex officio members, and of representatives of the Surgeons General of the Army, the Navy, and the Public Health Service. Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, Chairman. Functions: To correlate the efforts of the War and Navy Departments and of the Public 'Allth Service in waging a Nation-wide campaign

against veneral diseases or their underlying conditions; and to direct the sependiture of noneys allotted to the States and to hattitutions and organizations energing out wedded and protective social measure for the presentation representation of the more real diseases. Records: 1918-29 (75 terms of the Correspondence, memorands, minuses of Generales, allotants Ledgers, account books, and copies of proceeded and printed materials issued by the Board, References. Interdepartemental Social lytiques Board, Kunual (Washington, 1970), and Reports, 1920-22; Kavy Department, Annual Report, 1918, p. 92.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT. - Established by an act of March 3, 1849. War work was performed chiefly through the Mines Bureau, the Geological Sureey, the Patent Office, the Education Bureau, the Reclamation Service, the Office of Indian Affairs, and the General Land Office. Franklin Knight Lans, Secretary of the Interior during the war. Functions: To coordinate and give general direction to the activities of the various bureaus of the Department. Particularly concerned during the war with the development of natural resources of importance to the war effort, the conduct of important war-related scientific experiments, the control of explosivee, map making, the direction of courses of study in schools to mest war needs, the supervision of the proper use of valuable patents, and the registration of Indians under the Salective Service Act. Records: The Secretary's filae for the war years are in the Department of the Interior, except for those relating to the Secretary's supervision over the Patent Office (6 inchee) and the Pension Bureau (1 foot) and files relating to the special Americanisation program superwised by the Secretary of the Interior (h feet), which are in MA. For records other than those of the Office of the Secretary, see the bureaus listed above. References: Interior Department, Annual Reports, 1917-19.

INTERNAL COMMUSTION NOTORS COMMUTTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—Greated on November L, 1915. Consisted of four membars A. L. Riker, Cadiman.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.

INDERNAL MEMICINE DUISION, Surgeon General's Office, Was Department—Probably established in use 1917. Operated at first through two Sections: Tuberculcate and Cardiovascular. The following Sections were added later: Gastrewesterology, Psychiatric, and Orthopedic, the latter two Sections being active only temporarily. In November 1928, when the Office was reorganised, the Division becomes proposed to the Office was reorganised, the Division because of the Section 1928, when the Office was reorganised, the Division of the Section of the tubercular and neuropsychiatric cares held over from the war. Functions: To direct and supervise the professional medical work in Division, where it was consequenced to be responsible for the ealection, training, and assignment of the Office in Na. Or the work. Secondar Probably with these of the Office in Na. Or the work. Secondar Probably with these of the

INTERNAL METHICINE SUBCONNITIES, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Saritation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See STANDARDIZATION OF ME

INTERNAL REVENUE BUREAU, Treasury Department.—Created in 1861. During the war its activities were greatly expanded. "The personnel in

Washington was increased from less than 600 to more than 3,000, while the field forces expanded from 4,500 to more than 10,000, making the total personnel in 1919 approximately 14,000." Functions: To have charge primarily of the assessment and collection of internal revenue taxes. During the war, to collect the increased income, estate, excess profits, and other taxes imposed by the Government in order to meet its demands for additional revenue. On September 2, 1917, the Bureau was given control over the production of distilled spirits for beverage purposes as part of the food control program and was later charged with the enforcement of restrictions on the sale of intoxicating liquors which went into effect in the summer of 1919. Records: Most of those for the war period are in the Internal Revenue Bureau. Some estate tax returns and records relating to industrial alcohol and wartime prohibition are in NA. References: Laurence F. Schmeckebier and Francis X. A. Eble, The Bureau of Internal Revenue, 1-60 (Baltimore, 1923).

INTERNATIONAL HIGH COMMISSION.—Established as a result of the meeting of the Pan-American Financial Congress held in Washington in May 1915. Consisted of financial representatives of the American republics. The Secretary of the Treasury was designated as Chairman of the United States Section. The Secretary of Commerce became Chairman in 1921, the Secretary of the Treasury continuing as honorary chairman, and in that year the name of the Commission was changed to "Inter-American High Commission." In 1933, the United States Section was dissolved and its work and records were transferred to the State Department. Functions: To foster improved commercial relations among the American nations, particularly between the United States and South America. Records: 1915-3h (49 feet) in NA. (The records of financial transactions of the United States with the Commission are in the Accounts Bureau, Treasury Department.) References: Treasury Department, Annual Reports, 1915-22.

INTERNATIONAL LAW DIVISION, CONSTITUTIONAL AND, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department.—See CONSTITUTIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL LAW DIVISION.

INTERNATIONAL LEGISLATION ON LABOR COMMISSION, Peace Conference .--Created at the plenary session of the Peace Conference on January 25, 1919. Functioned between February 1 and March 24, 1919. posed of two representatives from each of the five Great Powers (the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan) and five representatives chosen by Belgium, Cuba, Poland, and Czechoslovakia. American members, Samuel Compers and Edward N. Hurley (who was later replaced by Henry M. Robinson). Samuel Gompers, President. Functions: To inquire into the conditions of employment from the international aspect; to consider the international means necessary to obtain common action on matters affecting conditions of employment; and to recommend the form of a permanent agency to continue such inquiry in cooperation with, and under the direction of, the League of Nations. Records: Some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. References: James T. Shotwell, At the Paris Peace Conference, 155-156, 225 (New York, 1937).

INTERNATIONAL REGIME OF PORTS, WATERNAYS, AND RAILWAYS COMMISSION, Peace Conference.—Created at the second plenary session of the Peace Conference on January 25, 1919. Composed of fifteen members, two for each of the five Great Powers (the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan) and five chosen by all the

powers with epscial interests (Belgium, China, Greece, Serbia, and Unuguay). One delegate each from Foland, Britugal, Rumania, and Cachealovalia was added later. First meeting held on February), 1919. Two Subcommittees ware established: Transportation and Genaral Control. Asertian members, Henry Mnite and David Hunter Miller, the latter being succeeded by James Brown Scott. S. Crespi (of Italy), Freddent. Functions: to inquire into and report on the international control of certain ports, subcreavys, and railways. Records: Some are in the Stete Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. References: Bavid Bunter Miller, By Diary at the Conference of Paris, vol. 11, p. 901, 201, 12, p. 501, vol. 2, p. 501, vol. 201, vol. 501, vol. 3020.

INTERNATIONAL SUGAR COMMITTEE .-- Formed in September 1917 and composed of five members, two representing Great Britein, France, and Italy, two the American refiners, and one tha Food Administration. Existed through the greater part of 1918 but was largely superceded by tha Sugar Equalization Board, created in July 1918. Functions: To harmoniae the eugar requirements of the Allies and the United States. to assure a supply of sugar at reasonable prices by negotiating agreements with Guban producers and by arranging for financial support from American bankers, and to intercede in behalf of sugar dealers with other governmental agencies in order that they might obtain the necessities of their trade. Records: 1917-18 (combined with these of the Sugar Equalization Board, 15 feet) in NA. Records of the Chairman of the Committee include the minutes of the Committee and correspondence relativa to its affairs. References: Almon R. Wright, "Archival Sources for the Study of War-Time Helatione of Latin America With the United States, 1917-1920, Illustrations of Their Use," Inter-American Bibliographical Review, 1: 23-35 (apring 1941).

INTERURNT DIRECTOR'S OFFICE, Immigration Bureau, Laber Department.—
The care of internet allians by the Bureau was provided for by an act of June 15, 1917. The Assistant Commissioner Denaral of Immigration, Alfrad Hampton, was detailed as interment Director, with headquarters at the Bureau's interment camp at Not Springs, N. G. and the Commissioner Denaration of the Commissioner Denaration of the Commissioner of the Commis

INTERMENT SUCTION, Far Pasagency Division, Justice Department.—Exsized from Genbers 1, 1917, to lay 15, 1919. Punctions: To control the arrest, electricin, interment, parole, bondling, and repartration of elien emerics. Heoretis, 1917-20. Interpreted among the central files of the Justice Department in RA. Include correspondence, memoranda, regulations, instructions, force, end case files.

INTERREGIONAL HIMING-CAR COMMITTEE, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration.—Appointment announced on September 21, 1918. Discontinued on March 1, 1920. Functions: To inaugurate a plan to standardise meals served in dining cars. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

INTERREGIONAL TRAFFIC COMMITTEE, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration.—Appointed on February 9, 1918; discontinued in June 1918.
Functions: To make a study of traffic movements with a view to reducing congestions at terminals and ports. Records: Part of its files are with the records of the Port and Harbor Facilities Commission, Shipping Board, in NA.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.—Created in 1887. In 1917 it included the following Bureaus: Car Service, Carriers' Accounts, Inquiry, Locomotive Inspection, Safety, and Statistics. A Compensation Board functioned under the Commission from April 6 to September 5, 1918. Functions: During the war period the Commission's normal duties of regulating freight rates, passenger fares, and rules and practices of the railroads were partly altered, partly curtailed, and partly expanded. An investigation of the car supply situation, undertaken by it in November 1916, resulted in the enactment of the Esch Car Service Act of May 20, 1917, which added to its powers wide regulative authority over the "movement, exchange, interchange and return of cars used in the transportation of property." After the assumption of control over the railroads by the Government on December 26, 1917, and the creation of the Railroad Administration, the Commission cooperated with this agency in various ways. It made numerous. special investigations covering such matters as the prospective capital requirements and security issues of the roads, the advisability of Federal control over express companies, the information or sources of information available to the Railroad Administration in the various agencies of the Government, and the intercorporate relations of railroads. It was required under the Federal Control Act of March 21, 1918, to determine and certify to the President the average annual operating incomes of the several carriers for the test period of 3 years ending June 30, 1917, upon which compensation for the use of railroad properties was to be based. And it was directed in the act to appoint boards of referees to consider claims for such compensation not adjusted by contractual agreement. It was also authorized to receive and file all rates, fares, charges, classifications, regulations, and practices approved by the President and to determine, upon complaint, the reasonableness of those so established. Records: The bulk of the records (which total about 80,000 feet, 1887-1942) are in the Interstate Commerce Commission. Those in NA (3,261 feet) consist of "formal dockets 1-10,000," "investigation and suspension dockets 1-2,500," and "finance dockets 1-1,000"; certain related maps and exhibits; and certain files of the Safety Bureau. References: Interstate Commerce Commission, Annual Reports, 1917-21; I. L. Sharfman, The Interstate Commerce Commission (New York, 1931); Joshua Bernhardt, The Interstate Commerce Commission, 47-54 (Baltimore, 1923).

INVENTIONS BOARD, Council of National Defense.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD, Navy Department.

INVENTIONS, RESEARCH, AND TRIAIS DIVISION, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the outbreak of the war. Functions: To be responsible for matters pertaining to inventions and suggestions for the improvement of naval ordnance material; for the initiation of research relating to ordnance and gunnery; and for the formulation and execution of plans for experimental and trial works and for the making of official tests and trials. The head of the Division served as President of the Special Board of Naval Ordnance, which formally considered inventions and proposed improvements, and over which the Division exercised control. Records: In the Navy Department.

INVENTIONS SECTION, War Plans Branch, War Flans Division, General Staff, War Department.—Formed on April 16, 1913, as a Section under the War Plans Division. It was assisted in its work by an advisory board upon which numerous scientific societies and branches of the Government were represented. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919, it became part of the War Plans Branch, War Flans Division, and by General Orders, No. 96, July 30, 1919, it was transferred to the Operations Division of the General Staff. Functions: To investigate inventions, suggestions, and device submitted to the Department, and to make recommendations on their disposition. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

INVENTORY AND APPRAISAL SECTION, Supply and Sales Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation .-Established on June 11, 1919, as the successor to the Property Inventory and Custody Section of the Shipyard Plants Division, which had been created on August 10, 1918. In the reorganization of the Supply and Sales Department on August 1, 1920, the functions of the Inventory and Appraisal Section were taken over by the Inventory Section of the Warehouse and Sales Department and by the Staff Assistant in Charge of Appraisals. These services were abolished on April 1, 1921, however, and the Inventory and Appraisal Section was reestablished. Functions: To take inventory of and appraise all property in which the Corporation had ownership or investment interast; to determine the appraisal value of surpluses and salvage; and to auporvise inventories. Records: 1917-22 (combined with those of the Property Inventory and Custody Section, total 112 feet) in NA. Include inventories of surplus property; liets of buildings, tools, and aurplus material; certifications of surplus and salvage material; and correspondence, notes, memoranda, reports, and work sheets relating to the appraisal of materials, mortgages, the prices of materials, the reappraisal of aurplus material, claims for surplus and salvage steel disposal, and the administrative work of the Section.

INVENTINY AND CATALOUTE BRANCH, Operations Control Division, Storage Service, Pruchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traifie Division, General Staff, War Department.—On May 13, 1919, the Inventory Branch or the Operations Department than Inventory and Catalogue Branch of the Operations Evision became the Inventory and Catalogue Branch of the Operations Control Division. Functioned through five Sections as follows: Receiving and File, Editing, Commodity List, Fosting, and Statistical. Upon the abolition of the Division (then known as follows: Receiving and File, Editing) on May 19, 1920, the Branch was transferred to the newly created Administrative Division as its Inventory Dranch. Functionar to supervise the taking operations of the Carminor State of the Catalogue State of the C

INVESTIME HEXCAS, Commarks Operations Markaton, Surrage Threaton's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Centeral Staff, War Department.—Organized about November 7, 1918. Transferred to the Operations Control Division, Storage Service, on May 13, 1919, where it became the Inventory and Gatalague Staff. Purchases to Staff and end out and the Commark of the Commark of the Control of the second of the Commark of the Commark of the fact army supplies; to receive inventory reports and questionnairys and consolidate then according to them, somes, and corps;

سيتمتن

and to compile a nomenclature list of material stored, distributed, and issued. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

INVESTIGATION AND INSPECTION SERVICE, War Labor Administration, Labor Dspartment.—Provided for by an act of July 1, 1918, and established shortly thereafter. Investigations of labor and industrial conditions and practices were made for other agencies, including the War Industries Board and the Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. Since this work infringed somewhat upon that of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, it was agreed that the Service should handle the acute situations. Discontinued on June 30, 1919. Ethelbert Stewart, Director. Functions: To provide a field force of inspectors, examiners, and investigators for units of the Department and other Government agencies requesting such services. Records: It has been reported that those of the Service were transferred to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, but their present whereabouts is unknown.

INVESTIGATION BUREAU, Administrative Division, Fuel Administration.—
Created on July 10, 1918, to perform functions pertaining to the coal industry that were transferred from the Federal Trade Commission to the Fuel Administration by Executive order on July 3, 1918. The Bureau contained the following Sections: Report, Field, Research, File, and Examiners. Discontinued in May 1919. Functions: Received and analyzed monthly reports from coal and coke jobbers and from anthracite operators as a check on their observance of the orders of the Administration. Prosecuted violations of laws and regulations relating to fuel. Worked in close cooperation with the Legal Department. Records: 1918-19 (71 feet) in NA. Correspondence and reports concerning the investigation of violation cases.

INVESTIGATION BUREAU, Alien Property Custodian.—Created shortly after the appointment of the first Custodian. Abolished in 1921. Functions: To investigate all reports of alien property and determine whether a report disclosed the proper subject matter of a trust, and to conduct various general investigations. Records: 1917-21 (100 feet) in NA. Include reports of investigations and case files.

INVESTIGATION BUREAU, Housing Section, Passenger Transportation and Housing Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established in March 1918 and abolished about the end of December. Functions: To investigate housing conditions in communities in which shippards were located, and to determine the necessity of building houses in communities for which houses had been requested. Records: 1917-19 (8 feet) in NA. Include reports and correspondence.

INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—
Established on January 13, 1920, as the successor to the Plant Protection Section, the functions of which it took over. Terminated about October 1926. Functions: To perform secret service work for the Corporation. Records: 1918-26 (367 feet) in NA. Include reports, correspondence, notes, and memoranda relating to investigations and correspondence relating to the issuance of shipyard passes.

INVESTIGATION DIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Created on January 3, 1918, by a memorandum of the Secretary of Labor, and abolished by a second memorandum, effective March 1, 1918. It is doubtful whether the Division had anything but a paper existence. Functions: No information available. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

- INVESTIGATION DIVISION, Examination Department, National War Labor Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably organized in 1918 and terminated with the Board in 1919. Functions: To bandle matter dealing with the conduct of examiners hearings and to serve complaints, summon witnesses, and conduct investigations ordered by the Board or its secretary. Records: Among those of the Roard in Na.
- INVESTIGATION INVISION, Justice Department.—In existence before the war. On March 16, 1909, it was designated the Investigation Burseu, but later became a Division. Since 1935 it has been known as the Federal Burseu of Investigation. Functions: By 1917 the Division's principal work had to do with matters related to the war. These included elleged violations of the neutrality laws, energy activities, disloyatty cases, the naturalization of alien sensies, the enforcement of the onservition, espionage, and sedition acts, frauch in war contracts, were risk incurance, and, in redicate and their organizations. Records: In the Federal Burseu of Investigation.
- INVESTIGATION INVISION, Mar Rick Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department,—Authorized by the "Organization Chart and Organization Memorands" of August 20, 1913, to be under the Division of Military and Naval Insurance in the charge of a Deputy Commissioner responsible to the Commissioner of Military and Naval Insurance. Probably terinated in 1919. Functions: to make well the investigations which are required to see Use? The money being dictured by the State Dressury is properly received and the of the veterans conducted in the Veterans! Administration. References: Treasury Department, Annual Report, 1916, p. 81.
- INVESTIGATION DIVISION, RESEARCH AND, War Trade Intelligence Bureau, War Trade Board.—See RESEARCH AND INVESTIGATION DIVISION.
- INVESTIGATION OF ACCIDENTS DUE TO EXPLOSIVES SECTION, Mining Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department. -- See Mining Division.
- INVESTIGATION OF THE EDUCATION OF IMMIGRANTS DIVISION, Education Bureau, Interior Department.—See IMMIGRANT EDUCATION DIVISION.
- NOM AND SYMIL SCHEP SECTION, Steel Diriction, Nar Inchartres Board,—
 Formed in October 1918 to compense with the Screp Iron and Steel
 Subcommittee of the American Iron and Steel Institute, which had
 been carrying on this work for more than a year. Discontinued on
 December 21, 1918. Functions: To allocate iron and steel acrap end
 to prevent price violations by both buyers and sellers. With the
 aid of the Nary Department and other agencies, it imported acrap
 from Fannam, Nexico, and Contral America. At the thought of the
 sea signed, it amputing into operations.

 Becords: Among those of the
 Board in Na.
- IRON SUBCOMMITTEE, SCRAP, Steel and Steel Products Competer, Raw Esteriels, Mincrals, and Wetals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See SCRAP IRON SUBCOMMITTEE.

JAMS, JELLIES, PRESERVES, SYRUP, AND MOIASSES BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SUBSISTENCE DIVISION.

JOINT ARMY AND NAVAL BOARD ON GUN FORGING SPECIFICATIONS.—Existed prior to the war. Composed of four members each from the War and Navy Departments. According to a memorandum from the Secretary of War to the Secretary of the Navy on April 15, 1920, this Board, as well as a Joint Army and Navy Board on Smokeless Powder (established in 1906), was "allowed to lapse during the period of the war." The views of the Navy Department "in regard to the reestablishment of these Boards" were requested in this memorandum. On April 22, 1920, the Secretary of the Navy nominated two members to each of these Boards for the approval of the Secretary of War. Functions: To prepare specifications covering the manufacture of gun forgings and similar parts. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

JOINT ARMY AND NAVY BOARD .- See JOINT BOARD.

JOINT ARMY AND NAVY BOARD OF SURVEY OF MERCHANT VESSELS.—See JOINT MERCHANT VESSEL BOARD.

JOINT ARMY AND NAVY TECHNICAL AIRCRAFT BOARD.—Members appointed on April 27 and May 5, 1917, by the Secretaries of the Navy and of War. Functions: To act in an advisory capacity to the War and Navy Departments. No aircraft or any accessory in connection therewith that had not first been approved as to type by this Board was to be supplied to either service for use in the war. Records: 1917-19 (2 inches) in NA. Other records are in the Air Corps Chief's Office and in The Adjutant General's Office, War Department.

JOINT BOARD.—Established by a joint order of the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy on July 17, 1903, and reorganized by a joint order of the Secretaries on July 21, 1919. Its members have been high ranking officers of the Army and Navy. Also known as the Joint Army and Navy Board. Functions: To consider policies, projects, and plans that involved joint action by the Army and the Navy, a function that it performed during the war. Records: The secretaryship of the Joint Board and with it the custodianship of the records alternate between the War and Navy Departments. The general correspondence files of the Secretary's Office, Navy Department, in NA contain some material relating to the Board.

JOINT BOARD OF CONCILIATION, Shipping Board.—Tentatively authorized on January 1h, 1919, by the Shipping Board and the International Seamen's Union, and organized in March 1919 with six members, representing the San Francisco office of the Shipping Board and marine workers' unions and principal ship operators of the Pacific Coast. Functions: To decide, by majority vote, controversies between Shipping Board agents, managers, or operators on the Pacific Coast

- and the members of the various seamen's unions in their employ.

 Records: Whereaboute unknown. A few papers pertaining to its organization are in NA in the files of the Marine and Dock Industrial

 Relations Division. Swington Reserved.
- JOINT BOARD OF REVIEW.—Created in June 1919 at a conference of representatives of the War Department, the Mary Department, and the Skipping Board. Consisted of representatives of these agencies, with War Department nester as Chairman. The Mary member of the Board was also Senior Nember of the Demobilitation Board of the Board was Flower of the Board was recommended by the State of State of the State of th
- JOINT COMMITTEE ON INDUSTRIAL SURVEYS, Planning and Statistics Division, War Industries Board.—See IMPUSTRIAL SURVEYS JOINT BOARD.
- JOINT COMPITTEE ON WEST INVIES TRANSPORTATION.—Appointed by the Shipping Board and the Pool Administration late in 1977. Described se being "in practical discolution" by October 25, 1916. Functions: 10 take general charge of the movement of Not Indian raw sugars, determine official enlipsing rates, and obtain the mecessary transportation with s minimus number of chips. Records: 1917-19 (2 inches) in NA. Correspondence.
- NOTH FUEL 20NE CONSISTEE, Railroad Administration.—Appears on Railroad Administration organization charts, but no other information about its solvities or organization has been found. Probably worked in cooperation with the Distribution Elviston of the Fuel Administration and its Coal Zone Permit Bureau.
- JOINT COVERNMENTAL COMMUTTEE ON EMPLOYMENT MANAGEMENT COURSE, WAR Industries Board.—See EMPLOYMENT MANAGEMENT COURSE SECTION.
- JOINT INFORMATION BOARD ON MINERALS AND THEIR DERIVATIVES .- See MINERALS AND THEIR DERIVATIVES JOINT INFORMATION BOARD.
- JOINT MERCHANT VESSEL BOARD .- Originated as a result of a report of the Joint Army and Mayy Board recommending the joint inspection of merchant vessels, which was approved by the President on May 1, 1916. The first meeting of the Joint Army and Navy Board of Survey of Merchant Vescels, as it was then known, took place on October 9, 1916. On May 9, 1917, the name was changed to the Joint Merchant Vessel Board. It cooperated closely with the Board of Inspection and Survey (or Inspection Division) of the Naval Operations Office, and after the war it continued as a part of the Inspection Division. Functions: To direct the inspection of merchant vessels by district sections of the Board in the naval districts; to determine the euitability of these vessels for use in war; and to make recommendations as to the allocations of veesels for naval or military use. Records: General files, 1916-19 (2 feet) are in Ma, and inspection reports are in the Navy Department. Copies of thesa reports and survey reports made by the Board are in the files of the Naval Dietricts Division in NA.

JAMS, JELLIES, PRESERVES, SYRUP, AND MOLASSES BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SUBSISTENCE DIVISION.

JOINT ARMY AND NAVAL BOARD ON GUN FORGING SPECIFICATIONS.—Existed prior to the war. Composed of four members each from the War and Navy Departments. According to a memorandum from the Secretary of War to the Secretary of the Navy on April 15, 1920, this Board, as well as a Joint Army and Navy Board on Smokeless Powder (established in 1906), was "allowed to lapse during the period of the war." The views of the Navy Department "in regard to the reestablishment of these Boards" were requested in this memorandum. On April 22, 1920, the Secretary of the Navy nominated two members to each of these Boards for the approval of the Secretary of War. Functions: To prepare specifications covering the manufacture of gun forgings and similar parts. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

JOINT ARMY AND NAVY BOARD .- See JOINT BOARD.

JOINT ARMY AND NAVY BOARD OF SURVEY OF MERCHANT VESSELS. -- See JOINT MERCHANT VESSEL BOARD.

JOINT ARMY AND NAVY TECHNICAL AIRCRAFT BOARD.—Members appointed on April 27 and May 5, 1917, by the Secretaries of the Navy and of War. Functions: To act in an advisory capacity to the War and Navy Departments. No aircraft or any accessory in connection therewith that had not first been approved as to type by this Board was to be supplied to either service for use in the war. Records: 1917-19 (2 inches) in Na. Other records are in the Air Corps Chief's Office and in The Adjutant General's Office, War Department.

JOINT BOARD.—Established by a joint order of the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy on July 17, 1903, and reorganized by a joint order of the Secretaries on July 24, 1919. Its members have been high ranking officers of the Army and Navy. Also known as the Joint Army and Navy Board. Functions: To consider policies, projects, and plans that involved joint action by the Army and the Navy, a function that it performed during the war. Records: The secretaryship of the Joint Board and with it the custodianship of the records alternate between the War and Navy Departments. The general correspondence files of the Secretary's Office, Navy Department, in NA contain some material relating to the Board.

JOINT BOARD OF CONCILIATION, Shipping Board.—Tentatively authorized on January 14, 1919, by the Shipping Board and the International Seamen's Union, and organized in March 1919 with six members, representing the San Francisco office of the Shipping Board and marine workers' unions and principal ship operators of the Pacific Coast. Functione: To decide, by majority vote, controversies between Shipping Board agents, managers, or operators on the Pacific Coast

was performed by the High Cost of Living Division and its Division of Women's Activities. Thomas Watt Gregory was Attorney General during the war. Functions: To give advice and opinions on questions of law to the President and heads of departments; to represent the United States in legal matters generally, including the conduct or supervision of suits to which the United States is a party and the investigation and prosecution of offenses against Federal criminal statutes; and to advise the President on requests for pardons. During the war the Department prepared and enforced laws and regulations on neutrality, treason, the registration, internment, and naturalization of alien enemies, the protection of factories and communication facilities, conscription, espionage, sabotage, sedition, passports, trading with the enemy, the confiscation and condemnation of property, claims, frauds in war contracts, the high cost of living, and radicalism. Records: 1914-25 (1,500 feet) in NA. These include most of the records of the Department for the war period, other than those of the Division of Investigation, which are in the Justice Department. The records of most of the subdivisions of the Department are included in the central files, but the Division for the Defense of Suits and the Pardon Attorney's Office maintained separate files. The records consist of general correspondence, subject and case files, memoranda, opinions, briefs, pleadings, transcripts of records, legal monographs, pardon case files, regulations, instructions, reports, forms, war literature, and the like. References: Justice Department, Annual Reports, 1915-20; Homer S. Cummings and Carl McFarland, Federal Justice, 413-431 (New York, 1937); John Lord O'Brian, Civil Liberty in War Time (65 Cong., 3 sess., S. Doc. 434, serial 7469. Washington, 1919).

JUSTICE DIVISION, MILITARY, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department. -- See MILITARY JUSTICE DIVISION.

JUTE DIVISION, CHELICALS, SISAL, AND, Food Administration. -- See COL-LATERAL COLLECTION.

JUTE, HEMP, AND CORDAGE SECTION, War Industries Board.—Created on May 16 and discontinued on December 19, 1918. Functions: To conduct surveys of conditions in the jute, hemp, and cordage industries; to compile statistics regarding raw materials; and to advise the industries as necessary. The Section handled matters pertaining to both raw materials and finished products. Records: Among those of the Board in MA.

- KERNAN BOARD. See ARMS, MUNITIONS, AND EDUTPHENT BOARD.
- LITCHEM AND CAMP DUSITIONS ERANCH, General Supplies Division, Furchase Director's Office, Furchase and Storage Director's Office, Furchase and Storage Director's Office, Furchase, Storage, and Fraffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department, Organised on July 17, 1918, as a branch of the Marthare and Metal Mission of the Quartermaster General's Office; transferred to the Division of the Director's Office; transferred to the Mission Staff of Staff Company of the Staff of the Mission Staff
- KITCHEN AND CAMP EQUIPMENT SECTION, General Supplies Branch, Quartermaster Subdivision, Demestic Distribution Evision, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See GAMERIA SUPPLIES RAMACH.
- ELTGERN UTERSILS SECTION, Necs, Camp, and Personal Equipment Branch, General Supplies Birision, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Mirector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MESS, CAMP, AND PERSONAL EQUIP-MENT BRANCH.
- XMIT GOODS BRANCE, Clothing and Engineer Division, Quartermaster General's Office, Far Department—Organized in Jensary 1918 to take over work formerly performed by the Knit Goods Cooperative Committee of the Council of Netional Defense. On October 28, 1918, when the Division was transferred to the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage, this Presch was closed with the Woolene Sranch to form the Woolene Sranch to form the Woolene and Enit Goods Sranch. Functions: To supervise the Office and Council Storage that Goods. Mooreds: Probably Among those of the Office and Enit Goods.
- NAT COME COOPERATURE COMMITTEE, Supplies Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Created on May 1 and dissolved on Becember 1, 1917, when there sembers were transferred to the Committee on Supplies and most of its work was senued by the Charlemanter Central's Office, Now Department. Also known as the Charlemanter Central's Office, Now Department. Also known as the charlemant of the Supplies of the Committee of the Committee
- ENIT COORS SECTION, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board,—Organised on June 10 and discontinued on December 16, 1918. Functions: To allocate Covernment purchases in order to prevent

undus competition; to advise industry on the obtaining of clearances; and to survey the knitted underwear and hosiery industries. Records: Among those of the Board in NA. Included are card lists of manufacturers.

- LABOR ADJUSTMENT AGENCIES, CONFERENCE COMMITTEE OF NATIONAL. -- See CON-FERENCE COMMITTEE OF NATIONAL LABOR ADMISSIONAL AGENCIES.
- LABOR ADJUSTMENT BOARD, SHIPPUILDING. Sae SHIPPUILDING LABOR ADJUSTMENT BOARD.
- LABOR ADJUSTMENT EVANCE, Industrial Relations Dirision, Construction Cramission, Shipping Board Dargemory Fleet Co-poration.—Eccabilabod on October 25, 1918, to take over the adjustment activities of the former Labor Section. Terminated on March 4, 1919, Purctions: To adjust labor disputes within the juriciation of the Division, especially to settle controversies in plants producing shiphuliding materials over which the jurisdiction of the Shipbuilding materials over which the jurisdiction of the Shipbuilding Labor Adjustment Board did not extend. Records: 1918-19 (1 foot) in NA. Include s reading file; various informational records, including those of the action taken on labor controversion and reports from assumingstaturers on types of work and wageo paid.
- LADRA ANUSTMENT ESPUTCH, War Labor Administration, Labor Department, and created to the Scentary of Labor by the Advicory Council of the Department, and created in Auly 1918 with H. L. Keyrin so Edirector, Karvin was also Director of the Diricin of Concilisation, which the Service apparently shoorbed until after the war, whon the stitle of Division of Concilisation are restored. Roquests for intervention in labor disputes increased greatly during the war, and the Service was generally successful in bringing shout adjustency. Punctions: To conciliate and sedisto in labor disputes, in a "diplement of the control of
 - LABOR ADMINISTRATION, WAR, Labor Department.—See WAR LABOR ADMINISTRATION.
- LAGG ALKIMISTRATICE DIVISION, Working Conditions Service, Labor Department—Apparently organised in August 1918 and terminated in June 1919 with the superior agency. Punctions: To maintain war production by reducing labor turnows: in war Industries resulting from faulty labor administration and personnel policies; to callect information, standardies sethods, and offer commulation on methods of administering labor forces; and to prevent regimentation and develop industional ministratus. Recorders whereacoust unknown.
- LADG AND COUSTIONS INTERESTS INVISION, you data intertestion.—Orgentaed in August 1917. Its head represented the Food administration of the North Court of the Properties of the Food administration of the North Court of the Properties of the Properties 1918, the North Court of the Properties 1918, the North Court of the Properties 1918, the North Court of the Properties 1918, the

- LABOR AND SABOTAGE SUBSECTION, Foreign Influence, Enemy Propaganda Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—See FOREIGN INFLUENCE, ENEMY PROPAGANDA SECTION.
- LABOR BATTALION PERSONNEL BRANCH, Personnel Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See PERSONNEL DIVISION.
- IABOR BOARD, NATIONAL WAR, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.
 —See NATIONAL WAR LABOR BOARD.
- LABOR BRANCH, PROCUREMENT OF, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. See PROCUREMENT OF LABOR BRANCH.
- LABOR BUREAU, Administrative Division, Fuel Administration.—Established on July 23, 1918, to carry on functions performed since the previous September by the Labor Adviser to the Fuel Administrator. Terminated on July 1, 1919. Functions: To consider matters related to labor in coal mines and to settle labor disputes. Records: 1918-19 (5 feet) in NA. General correspondence, labor agreements, and related papers.
- LABOR CLAIMS UNIT, Claims Department, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See WAGE RELIGURSEMENT COMMITTEE.
- LABOR COMMISSION, INTERNATIONAL LEGISLATION ON, Peace Conference.— See INTERNATIONAL LEGISLATION ON LABOR COMMISSION.
- LABOR COLMITTEE, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.--Organized on April 2, 1917, at a meeting of representatives of labor, employers, the general public, and welfare experts. The meeting was called by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who had been appointed by the President of the United States on October 11, 1916, as the member of the Advisory Commission in charge of labor matters. Carried on its activities through the following Subcommittees: Cost of Living and Domestic Economy, Information and Statistics, Mediation and Conciliation, Press, Publicity, Wages and Hours, Welfare Work, and Women in Indus-By the summer of 1918 many of its activities had been taken over by the War Labor Administration of the Labor Department, and after the signing of the armistice most of its work ceased, although the organization was not dissolved until after June 30, 1919. Functions: To advise in regard to the welfare of workers in the Nation's industries and in regard to the means of adjustment of employment problems without interruption of industry. Records: 1917-19 (35 feet) in NA. Include correspondence and other papers of the Chairman and his assistants, James W. Sullivan and Matthew Woll; minutes of meetings; reports of subcommittees; and files relating to welfare work, industrial training for the war emergency, and
- LABOR CONFERENCE BOARD, WAR, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See WAR LABOR CONFERENCE BOARD.
- LABOR COORDINATION SECTION, Building Branch, Cantonment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See INDUSTRIAL SERVICE SECTION, Administrative Branch, Construction Division, War Department.

LARCE DEPARTMENT .- Created as a senarate executive department by an act of March 4. 1013, which transferred to it four homeous from the former Department of Commerce and Labor. At the outbreak of the war, it was composed of the Division of Conciliation, the Bursau of Labor Statistice the Childrenia Puresu the Bureau of Immigration. and the Bureau of Naturalization. In January 1018 the Employment Service. formerly a part of the Bureau of Immigration, was made a separate unit of the Department. In the following month there was organized the Industrial Homeing and Transportation Purcey (most of the work of which was taken over by the Rousing Corneration in July). On January 4. 1918, the President appointed the Secretary of Labor as War Labor Administrator, and a number of special boards and services were set up under the Department to perform functions partaining to war labor (see WAR LABOR ADMINISTRATION). The Secretary of Labor during the war was William B. Wilson, Functions: To foster, promote, and develop the welfare of the wass sampers of the United States: to improve their working conditions: to advance their opportunities for profitable employment, and to mediate and concilists in cases of labor dismutes through the Secretary of labor or commissioners appointed by this. Records: Those in NA for the period of the war consist chiefly of records of the Industrial Housing and Transportation Bureau (conhised with those of the Housing and Transportation Bureau (conhised with those of the Housing ing Corporation, total 2,463 feet), the Immigration Bursau (500 feet), the National War Labor Board (219 feet), the Children's Dureau (64 feet), the Naturalization Dureau (54 feet), the Woman in Industry Service (32 feet), and the War Labor Policies Board (13 feet). Records of the Conciliation Division and of the Labor Statistice Bureau ers in the Labor Department, and some war-related records of the Burssue of Ismigration and Naturalization are in the Justice Department. Many records relating to war lebor schinietration have been disposed of as useless papers, and still others are reported to be in private hands, among them papers of the Scoretary, References: Labor Department, Reports, 1918-20; Gordon S. Watkins, Labor Problems and Labor Administration in the United States During the World War, ch. 6 ([Urbana, 1920]).

LABOR REPAIRING RECOGNITY-LICE CONSTITUTE, Was Labor Policies Board, Mar Labor Administration, Labor Department.—A unit which hald its first and published the part of the property of examine the help of the regions were labor Administration services for the purpose of determining their usefulness as reconstruction bottles and as possible personent parts of the Department of Labor, Records: 'Interfiled with those of the Sourd in NA, Include papers and ninutes of the secting of the Committee.

LABOR DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Energency Fleet Corporation. -- See LABOR SECTION, Industrial Relations Division.

LARCE DIVISION, Reilroad Administration.—Orested on February 9, 1918. On February 21, 1930, the Birector General issued a circular solutioning the Division, to take effect on Harch 1. <u>Punctions</u> represents the season of the s

- LABOR DIVISION, War Industries Board.—Created in July 1917. Under authorization of December 12, 1917, a War Prison Labor Committee, later known as the War Prison Labor and National Waste-Reclamation Section, was established in the Division. Discontinued about January 1, 1919. Hugh L. Frayne, Chairman. Functions: To consider matters affecting labor coming before the War Industries Board; to call conferences for the prevention or adjustment of strikes; to obtain skilled labor for war industries; and to cooperate with other Government agencies dealing with labor, including the Concies Board. Records: 1917-19 in NA. These include general correspondence of the Chairman (6 feot) and records of the War Prison Labor and National Waste-Reclamation Section (with records of the Waste Reclamation Service, Commerce Department, total 7 feet).
- LABOR LAWS COMMITTEE, ENFORCEMENT OF STATE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department,—See ENFORCEMENT OF STATE LABOR LAWS COMMITTEE.
- LABOR POLICIES BOARD, WAR, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See WAR LABOR POLICIES BOARD.
- LABOR PRIORITIES SECTION, Priorities Division, War Industries Board.

 —Formed in June 1918; discontinued about December 31, 1918.

 Functions: To determine priorities in labor, as a corollary to the priorities of production and delivery already in effect. Records:

 Among those of the Board in NA.
- LABOR PROCUREMENT SECTION, Administrative Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Established on August 19, 1918. Cooperated with the Employment Service, in conjunction with which it was instrumental in bringing to this country "nearly 13,000 Porto Rican and 2,600 Bahaman laborers." Functions: To procure labor for the construction projects of the Department; and to arouse public sentiment in regions suffering from labor shortage to bring about the employment of so-called "slackers." Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.
- LABOR PRODUCTION BRANCH, EMERGENCY, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See EMERGENCY LABOR PRODUCTION BRANCH.
- LABOR PUBLICATIONS DIVISION, Committee on Public Information.—Organized in August 1917. Operated in cooperation with the Alliance for Labor and Democracy, with which it had joint offices in New York City. Discontinued on December 31, 1918. Robert Maisel, Director. Functions: To issue literature appealing to the patricular of labor in support of the war effort. Records: July-November 1918 (2 inches) in NA. Press releases. In 1920 the Council of National Defense reported that "no files and records of this division have thus far been located."
- LABOR REQUIREMENTS SECTION, Industrial Relations Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—
 See LABOR SUPPLY SECTION.
- LABOR SECTION, Industrial Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the outbreak of the war. Functions: To have charge of matters relating to the application and operation of policies, rulings, and decisions of the Department in questions

- directly pertaining to compensation and conditions of industrial exployment. Records: In the Navy Department.
- LASCR SECTION, Industrial Relations Division, Construction Organisation, Styping Board barquency Flast Corporation——Established on December 17, 1917, such has Labor Division, which on May 17, 1918, became the Labor Section in the Industria Relations Division. Abolished on October 25, 1918, when its functions were turned over to the Labor Supply and Labor Adjustent Sections. Functions: To have charge of the supply and distribution of labor, to Investigate working conditions in ahryaving and to investigate and adjust labor disputes that did not come within the jurisdiction of the Shipbuilding Labor Adjustment Board, principally in plants gamufecturing shipbuilding materials. Records: 1917-18 (4 feet) in Ma. Include correspondence and seconds.
- LABOR SECTION, SKILLED, Clearance Division, Employment Service, Labor Department. See SKILLED LABOR SECTION.
- LABOR SECTION, UNSKILLED, Employment Service, Labor Department, -- See UNSKILLED LABOR SECTION.
- LABOR SITUATION SUBCOMMITTEE, Agriculture Department. -- See FOOD FRO-
- LAGOR STANDARDS FOR ARM CLOTHUM CONTROL ROAD, Was Department,— The Board of Control of Labor Standards for Army Glothing was creeted on August 22, 1917, by an order of the Berretary of War, following the recommendations of a committee of investigation sppointed by the Secretary about August 1 to report on conditions in the garment industry affecting the saking of unforces. It was dissolved on January 23, 1918, by order of the Secretary, and its work was continued by the Administration of labor Chandards for work was continued by the Administration of labor Chandards and Storage Hirestor's Office. Punctions: To set up standards with regard to wages, hours, fire hazards, and entitary and other conditions in entellighments producing clothing for the Army. Records: In the War Department.
- LASCR STANDARDS FOR ARMY CLOTHER DEPARTMENT, ADMINISTRATION CY, Industrial Rollstone Branch, General Administrative Envision, Purchases and Storage Birrector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Liviation, General Staff, Fan Department.—Detablished on Jammay 23, 1918, to continue the work forwardly performed by the Board of Control of Labor Standards for Army Colothing. Discontinued on the Control of Labor Standards for Army Colothing. Discontinued on twages and hours in stabilitiments producing clothing for the Army. Records: In the War Department.
- LABOR STAIDARDS SUBSECTION, Contract Section, Administrative Branch, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department,—See Contract SECTION.
- LARCH CHITISTES SUREAU, Labor Department,—designally created so the Barson of Labor in the interior Department in 1824, under the title of Burson of Labor Statistics, it became in 1913 a part of the Labor Department. Functions During the war, to gether statistical data relating to such war-labor problems as prices, wages, cost of living, women in industry, types of collective bargaining, and

industrial hazards; to supply other Government agencies with statistical information and to undertake special studies at their request, particularly for the War Labor Policies Board; and to publish the Monthly Review (after July 1918 called the Monthly Labor Review). Records: In the Bureau of Labor Statistics (1917-20, 25 fest). References: Gustavus A. Weber, The Bureau of Labor Statistics (Labor Statistics Bureau, Bulletin 319. Washington, 1922).

LABOR SUBCOMMITTEE, Agricultural Advisory Committee. — See AGRICULTURAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

LABOR SUPPLY SECTION, Industrial Relations Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established on October 25, 1918, taking over some of the functions of the former Labor and Industrial Service Sections. Terminated in February 1919. Also known as the Labor Requirements Section. Functions: To handle all matters of labor supply; to meet labor shortages in shipyards; to arrange draft deferments and furloughs for shipyard workers; and to handle matters relating to shipyard volunteers. The Section used the machinery of the United States Employment Service for the recruiting of labor. Records: With those of the Industrial Service Section of the Division.

LABORATORY SECTION, Infectious Diseases and Laboratories Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Originated in the Laboratories and Infectious Diseases Section, which was established when the Division was created in June 1917. This Section was later divided into the Laboratory and the Infectious Diseases Sections. Functions: To furnish trained laboratory personnel, to supervise and direct the laboratory service of the Medical Department, and to institute measures for the prevention and control of infectious diseases. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

LAKE AND CANADIAN SECTION, Bituminous Coal and Coke Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.—Ses BITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE BUREAU.

LAKE SHIPS VALUATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE, Shipping Board.—See VALUATION OF LAKE SHIPS ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

LAKE TRANSPORTATION SUBCOMMITTEE, PIG IRON, IRON ORE, AND, Steel and Steel Products Cooperative Committee; Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.

—See PIG IRON, IRON ORE, AND LAKE TRANSPORTATION SUBCOMMITTEE.

LAND AND LEASE SECTION, Maintenance and Repair Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Probably created befors the war as a section of the Construction and Repair Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Transferred to the Maintenance and Repair Branch, Cantonment Division, on October 10, 1917. Transferred with the Branch to the Construction Division probably upon its formation on March 13, 1918. Functions: To handle quastions of land and leases in connection with maintenance and repair work of the Division. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.

LAND ARMY DIVISION, WOLEN'S, Employment Service, Labor Department.—
See WOLEN'S LAND ARMY DIVISION.

LAND CLASSIFICATION BRANCH, Geological Survey, Interior Department,— Betablished in 1912. Functioned through two Dirictoner Mineral and Hydrographic. By Gurvey Order 115 of July 1, 1925, consolidated with the Oil Jessing Organisation and Mineral Leasing Divideon of the Company et al. Tensing in public conversity, thus a saidting in making the lands evaliable for entry under the appropriate laws. During the war it clessified lands as naval petroleum reserves and ee naval oil-whale recerves. Records: In the Geological Survey.

LAND DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Created with the reorganisation of the Office on October 1, 1917. An Electrical Engineering Section was established in this Division in Electrical Engineering Section was established in this Division in February 1918 and was transferred to the Engineering and Research Division on July 17. Abolished with the reorganisation of September 7, 1918. Functioner 10 superior scatterpertaining to consistsomed and emilisted personnel of the Signal Corpe, exclusive of the Ariston Section, Including procurement, sestiment, organization, and training matters; the training of radio personnel of the Ariston, and training matters; the training of radio personnel of the Ariston, and Corpe and the maintenance of radio estions; and Education Corpe, and Corpe and the maintenance of radio estions; and Education Section (and Corpe and the Maintenance of radio estations) and Education, and Corpe and the Corpe of the Office in No.

HAND OFFICE. GENERAL. Interior Department .- See CEMERAL LAND OFFICE.

LAMD TRANSPORT REARCH, Transportation Division, Quartermaster Genoral's Office, War Department, — Established prior to the outbreak of the war es the Land Transportetion Franch. On April 16, 1916, renamed the Land Transport Branch. On June 8, by order of the Adytant General, its functions were transferred to the Inductions of Company Parchase, Storage, and Traffic Division. Functions: To supervise land noncents of troops and quartermastar supplies. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, Nar Decartment.

LAPINOCLOCY AND RHINOLOCY SUPCOMMITTE, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicina and Sanietion Countities, Authory Commission, Goundil Of Netional Pedema.

—See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.

LATIN AUGRICAN AFFAIRS DIVISION, State Department, —Zetablished in 1909. Functioner Special duties connected with the war were more stated to the search of the search of

LATIN APPRICAN DIVISION, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Dursan, Commerce Department, --Established in 1915 as the Latin Assirian Section, and organized ass Edivision in 1916. Succeeded by the Regional Information Division in 1926. Functions To encourage

and develop trade between the United States and Latin America and to collect and distribute trade information about Latin America. During the war it prepared economic data for war uses and assisted investigators from other Government agencies, cooperating especially with the Shipping Board and the War Trade Board. Records: In the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

LAUNDRIES BRANCH, Conservation and Reclamation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Established on April 16, 1918, in the Reclamation Division. Later, on April 22, it became a part of the Conservation and Reclamation Division. On October 28, 1918, its functions were taken over by the Laundries Branch, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office. Functions: To supervise Government-cwned laundry plants at camps, posts, depots, and cantonments. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

LAUNDRIES BRANCH, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department .- Established on October 28, 1918, as a continuation of a similar unit in the Quartermaster General's Office. In May 1919 it was operating through three Sections, as follows: Administrative, Operation Standardization, and Equipment Mechanical Engineering. Still in existence on June 30, 1920. Functions: To direct the establishment, maintenance, and operation of Government-owned laundries at camps, cantonments, posts, and depots; to have charge of the development and purchase . of machinery and equipment for mobile laundries for overseas service; to prepare proposals and contract forms and to contract for general and reclamation laundry service at military stations where no Government-owned laundry existed; and to standardize laundry methods and formulas for the automatic sterilization and delousing of clothing sent to Government Laundries. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

LAW EUREAU, Aliem Property Custodian.—Created shortly after the appointment of the first Custodian in 1917 and continued to function until 1926 or later. Functions: To act as legal adviser to the Custodian and to conduct litigation. Records: 1917-26 (45 feet, including related records of later date) in NA. Correspondence, litigation files, law notes, and memoranda.

LAW FURFAU, Oil Division, Fuel Administration. -- See COUNSEL'S OFFICE.

LAW DEPARTMENT, Shipping Board. - Organized in June 1917 as a part of the Shipping Board, and given authority in November 1917 to furnish legal advice to the Operations Division of the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. In June 1919 the legal functions of the Shipping Board and the Emergency Fleet Corporation were unified under a single General Counsel who reported directly to the Shipping Board, but in February 1920 the Board of Trustees of the Emergency Floet Corporation created a separate Legal Department to handle the legal work of their organization. In August 1920 the Law Department of the Shipping Board and the Legal Department of the Emergency Fleet Corporation were consolidated into a Law Division responsible both to the Shipping Board and the Emergency Fleet Corporation. Functions: To carry on the legal work of the Shipping Board and of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, particularly in connection with the settlement of contract, suspension, and cancelation claims. In August 1921 the Claims Section of the Law Division took over part of the functions of the former Construction Claims Board of the Emergency Flest Corporation. Records: In the Maritime Counteston.

- LAW DIVISION, Provost Marehal General's Office, War Depertment,— Organized lete in 1918. Discontinued by July 15, 1919. Functions: To hamling general questions of law artising in connection with the Selective Service System, except those relating to citizenship, alienage, and international law. Included were nattere involving amendments, charges, or interpretations of the Selective Service Regulations and natters relating to the jurisdiction, powers, and duties of boards and draft officers generally, including questions of procedure. Records, With those of the Office in KA.
- LAW DUTISION, Rallroad Administration—Created on February 9, 1918. Frobably abdilated on February 86, 1932, and fix untrinstend business was handled by the Assistant Birector General. Functiones To have general supervision over legal activities of the rallroads under Federal control, over the preparation of contrasts with the reliroads, and over work relating to claims and property protection. Records: 1918-79 (764 feet) in RM. Include correspondence and legal paper relating to property damage and personal injury claims and to claims made by the Rallroad Administration against indiradials and organizations for freight and demurage charges. Also the relimitation on contracts between the Eirector Ceneral and the reliminations of the property described and control of the control and reliminations of property.
- LAW DIVISION, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. -- See LAW DEPARTMENT, Shipping Board.
- LAW ENCONCEMENT DIVISION, Training Camp Activities Commission, Novy Department.—See TRAINING CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION, New Department
- LAN ENCONDENT HIVISION, Training Comp Activities Commission, War Department.—Greated irrediately upon the organization of the Gominston in 1917. Functioned through the following Sections Vice and Liquer Control, Nort With Women and Grids, Raformatories and Houses Detections the Legislation. Detections provide the Training and Legislation. Detections for the United States, to depresent the United States, to depresent which we want and girl delinquents, to establish reformatories and houses of detention for the relabilitation of offenders, and to carry out a program in the various States looking toward the adoption of the Legislation necessary to carry out the Department policy for the protection of the armed forces, Records, In the General, Staff, War Department.
- LAWS AND LIERARY DIVISION, WAR, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department. See MAR LAWS AND LIBRARY DIVISION.
- IEAD COOPERATIVE COSCITTEE, Row Meterials, Minerals, and Metale Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense—Appointed by the Chairman of the superior Committee on April 6, 1917. Its administrative headquarters were in New Tork, and it had a branch in Neshington. Terminated on October 31, 1917. Functions: To add in fixing prices and in allotting Coverment ordars for lead. Records: Some may be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS COMMISSION, Peace Conference. - Appointed at the second plenary session of the Peace Conference, January 25, 1919. Composed of 15 members, 10 representing the Great Powers (the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan), and 5 representing powers with special interests (Belgium, Brazil, China, Portugal, and Serbia). Representatives of Greece, Poland, Rumania, and Czechoslovakia were added later. The Commission held 15 sessions in all between February 3 and April 11, 1919. (A small Drafting Committee examined the Covenant of the League in detail and a Committee on Revision redrafted the whole.) American members, Woodrow Wilson and Edward M. House. Wilson, Chairman. Functions: To work out the details of the constitution and functions of the League of Nations. Records: Some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. There is other material among the Edward M. House papers at Yale University and the Woodrow Wilson papers in the Library of Congress. References: H. W. V. Temperley, ed., A History of the Peace Conference of Paris, vol. 2, p. 25-27; vol. 3, p. 54-55; vol. 6, p. 434-436 (London, 1920-24); Foreign Relations Committee, Senate, Treaty of Peace With Germany, Hearings, 263-276 (66 Cong., 1 sess., S. Doc. 106, serial 7605. Washington, 1919).

LEATHER AND HIDES PROGRAMME COMMUTTEE.—See INTERALLIED PROGRAMME COMMUTTEES.

LEATHER AND LEATHER EQUIPMENT BRANCH, Inspection Section, Equipment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See INSPECTION

LEATHER AND PAPER LABORATORY, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department. -- A Dendro-Chemical Laboratory was established in July 1902. In July 1904 it was reorganized as the Leather and Paper Laboratory. Functions: To recover and utilize wool-scouring waste; to test the serviceability of leather and leather substitutes for shoes; and to study the waterproofing of leather and leather goods. the Cotton Goods Branch of the Supplies and Equipment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department, to test fabrics, especially tentage, paulins, and wagon covers, for water and mildew resistance; and to investigate and develop effective formulas for water and mildemproofing such fabrics and for waterproofing uniforms and clothing. For the Shoes, Leather, and Rubber Branch of the Supplies and Equipment Division, to test sole-leather waterproofing preparations and to prepare formulas for such preparations; to determine the relative value of different kinds of shoe leather; and to supply information on tanning materials. For the Division of Industrial Research, General Staff, to study the baling of quartermasters' stores for overseas shipment. Records: (4 feet) among the general files of the Chemistry Bureau in NA. 1917-18

LEATHER AND RUBBER BRANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE DIVISION.

LEATHER AND RUBBER BRANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See SHOES, LEATHER, AND RUBBER BRANCH.

- LEATHER BELITING SECTION, Hide, Leather, and Leather Goods Division, War Industriee Board.—Organized on August 1 and discontinued on November 23, 1918. Functions: To prepare specifications of leather belting for Government procurement; to insure the maintenance of sufficient tocks to fill Government requirements; and to keep records of stocks on hand and materials in process of fabrication. Records: Among those of the Board in M.
- LEATHER CONTROL BRANCH, HIDE AND, Supplies and Equipment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See HIDE AND LEATHER CONTROL BRANCH.
- LEATHER EQUIPMENT COOPERATIVE CONVITTEE, Supplies Committee, Advicory Commission, Council of National Defense,—Crganized about
 Aprill, 1917, by the Chairman of the Committee on Supplies. Probably dissolved the following August. Functions: To keep the
 superior Countitee inforced as to the situation in the leather industry. Records: Some may be among those of the Cruncil and of
 the Mar Industries Board in Ni.
- LEATHER GOODS DIVISION, HIDE, LEATHER, AND, War Industries Board.— See HIDE, LEATHER, AND LEATHER GOODS DIVISION.
- LEATHER INDUSTRIES COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, SHOE AND, Supplies Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defence. —See SHOE AND LEATHER INDUSTRIES CONFERTIVE CONSISTED.
- IRATHER MATERIALS ERANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, Nar Department,—Formed on June 14 and aboliched on Septamber 21, 1918. Functions: To procure leather materials in connection with the work of the Division. Records: Probably amont those of the Office in M.
- LEATHER SECTION, Equipment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department,—Created in 1917; because the Leather Eranch, Equipment Section, Procurement Division, on January 14, 1913. Functions: To procurs leather for the manufacture of leather equipment. Records: Probably manne those of the Office in MA.
- LEATHER SECTION, RUBBER AND, Salvage Branch, Conservation Division, Quartermaster Ceneral's Office, War Department,—See SALVAGE AND OARDENING FRANCH.
- LEATHER SECTION, SHEEPSKIN AND GLOVE, Hide, Lasther, and Leather Goods Division, War Industries Roard,—See SHEEPSKIN AND GLOVE LEATHER SOUTION.
- LEATHER SECTION, SOLE AND SELTING, Hida, Leather, and Leather Cooda Division, War Industries Board,—See NOLE AND SELTING LEATHER SECTION.
- LEATHER STATISTICS SECTION, War Industries Board, -- See JOINT CTTICE ON LEATHER STATISTICS.

- LEGAL AND ADVISORY BOARD, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—
 Appointed on January 26 and dissolved on March 6, 1918. Functions:
 To coordinate and direct the legal work of the various units of the
 Office, and to act as the agency through which matters were taken
 up with the Office of the Judge Advocate General. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- LEGAL COMMITTEE, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense.
 --Sce LEGAL SECTION, War Industries Board.
- DEPARTMENT, Administrative Division, Fuel Administration.—
 Originated in September 1917, and was placed under the Administrative Division in May 1918. Included the following Sections: Enforcements, Briefs and Authorities, Contracts, Licenses, and Requisitions and Diversions. Discontinued on July 1, 1919. Functions: To frame, interpret, and enforce orders and regulations, working closely with the Investigation Bureau after July 1918. Records: and special data files. Most of the material relates to enforcement cases.
- LEGAL DEPARTMENT, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See LAW DEPARTMENT, Shipping Board.
- Fleet Corporation.—Established on August 20, 1917; combined with the Legal Department of the Corporation on February 1, 1920. Functions: To handle legal questions arising from the emergency ship-vessels. The Division functioned only for the Construction of zation and not for the Corporation as a whole. Records: In the
- LEGAL DIVISION, Federal Trade Commission.—Established during the fiscal year ending Junc 30, 1916, as the Legal Department. Became the Legal Division in 1918. Functions: To enforce legislation against unfair methods of corpetition or restraint of trade in interstate or forcign commerce. Records: 1916-22 (1,200 feet) in IAA. Include case files consisting of correspondence, memoranda, of competition, chiefly of trade practices believed to be affecting the war effort.
- LEGAL DIVISION, Food Administration.—Organized on July 12, 1917, as part of the organization preliminary to the Food Administration also as the Law Department and the Legislative Division. C. H. Lindley and William A. Glasgow, Jr., successive Chiefs. Functions: to give legal advice to the heads of the divisions of the Administration. Records: 1917-19 (39 feet) in NA. Drafts of food-control Aultendore in preparing the final report of the Food Administration, published under the title History of the United States Food Administration, 1917-1919 (Stanford University, 1941); memoranda on investigations; and files of the Chief of the Division.

LEGAL DIVISION, Housing Corporation.—Organised in April 1918 in the Industrial Housing and Transportation Bureau, Labor Department, and continued to function after the war in cennection with the astilement of the property claims of the Corporation. Functions: Gave legal advice in the organising of the Housing Corporation, in the acquisition of real estate, in the drafting of construction contracts, and in business negotiations with private firms, municipalities, and transportation and public utility companies. Records: 1918-19 (20 feet) in Nt. Correspondence relative to land, contracts, and adjustments; opinions on legal questions; reports; and claims papers.

LEAL DIVISION, War Risk Insurance Bureau, Treesury Department,—the August 20, 1919; provision was made for a law Division of the Bureau under the supervision of the Secretary of the Treesury of the Treesury

LEMAL SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bursau, Newy Department, — Satablished in April 1917. <u>Purctions</u>: To have charge of legal problems and susters of precedent and prestice involved in the following problems and commandeering of naval supplies. In addition, all the modifications of contracts were approved by the Section, although the modifications originated in the Award or Naterial Sections, Records: In National Section of Communications of the Section of Communications of the Section of Section of Communications of the Section of Section of Communications of the Section of Se

IEMAL SECTION, War Industries Board, -- Organized as the Legal Committee of the General Luntitions Board, Council of National Defense, under authorization of April 19, 1917. Because the Legal Section of the War Industries Board after the setablishment of the latter on 1917 23, 4917. Discontinued on Poccaster 31, 1912. Punctions 70, 1912.

May 25, 307. Discontinued on December 31, 5918. Punctions 70 rander opinions on the Government's rights and liabilities under existing law; on just compensation under war conditions; on the facilities are also as the second of the section and card records pertaining to State and Federal legislation.

INDISATION COMMUTER, General Resical Board, Redicting and Santiation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Appointed on April 9, 1917. The Chairman, Victor C. Vaughan, was also Chairman of the Research Committee, appointed the same date, the functions of which were later transferred to the Surgeon General's Office of the Nar Department, Panctions Aided in safeguarding the troops from vice in the scnes around Army posts, parily through drafting provisions that were included as section 13 of the Army Act of May 18, 1917. Also recommended and brought about American samufacture of several General-owned residently appropriations. The Committee was closely attend. Research Council investigated section-provisionations and equilications substited by private individuals and firms for adoption by the Army and Nary. Records: Some are among those of the Council in Ma, including correspondence and other papers of the Chairman relating to the work of both Committees,

- LEGISLATION, REGULATIONS, AND RULES BRANCH, War Plans Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized in 1918. Functions: To draft bills for the consideration of Congress designed to carry out recommendations of the Department, and to prepare regulations and rules for the Military Establishment. Records: In the Gensral Staff, War Department.
- LEGISLATION SECTION, Law Enforcement Division, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department.—Organized in 1917. Functions: To carry out a program in the various States looking toward the adoption of the legislation necessary to carry out the Department policy for the protection of the armed forces. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
- LIAISON AND INTERBUREAU UNIT, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchass, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—An interbureau procurement unit was transferred as part of the Hardware and Metals Division from the Quartermaster General's Office to the General Supplies Division on October 28, 1918. In the divisional bureau Unit, which was discontinued prior to June 30, 1919. Functions: To pass on procurement requisitions from supply bureaus, and maintain contact with other supply bureaus. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
- LIAISON BRANCH, Supply Control Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Created on August 30 and abolished on October 28, 1916. Functions: To act as liaison between the Division and the Purchase and Supply Branch of the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division. Records: Among those of the Office in NA.
- LIAISON DIVISION, Motor Transport Corps Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on August 30, 1918, as the Overseas Liaison Division, and later became the Liaison Division. Operated through two subdivisions handling overseas and domestic liaison. Functions: To handle questions of liaison relating to that portion of the Motor Transport Corps that was with the American Expeditionary of the Motor Transport Corps and the various other War Department Division of Washington. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Transportation, Services of Supply.
- LIAISON SERVICE BETWEEN THE SURGEON GENERAL OF THE ARMY AND THE SURGEON GENERAL OF THE NAVY, Overseas Hospital Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Probably organized during the latter part of 1918 upon the establishment of the Division. Functions: To handle the liaison service between the Office and the Surgeon General of the Navy with respect to returning the sick and wounded from abroad. Records: Probably with those of the Office
- LIAISON WITH THE AMERICAN PROTECTIVE LEAGUE SUBSECTION, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—The American Protective League was a volunteer civilian organization operating under the supervision of the Justice Department. This agency was placed at the disposal of the Military Intelligence Division, and a Maison Subsection was created under

the direction of an officer of Military Intelligence, who was also an officer of the American Protective Legue. Ite exact relationship to the Negative Dranch is not known. Functions to facilitate for the American Protection directly with the various local branches of the American Protection and the Control of the American Protection Protec

LIBERTY LOAN COLLITTEE, NATIONAL WOMAN'S, Treesury Department .-- See MATIONAL WOMAN'S LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE

LIEBRY LOW COMMITTEES.—A Liberty Lown Committee was organized in each Federal Reserve district. These Committees were under the general supervision of the Ker Loawn Equatisation of the Treasury Department and reported to it. They operated through State, city, and county committees, which functioned under the suspices of the Federal Reserve Danke. Functions: To sid the Liberty Loan carpaigne by publicity, subscriptions, receiving payments, making deliveries, effecting exchanges, and helping to convert bonds from one issue to enother. Records: In the Treesury Department.

LIBERTY LOAN DEPARTMENT, Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense. —See NATIONAL WOMAN'S LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE.

LIBERT LON SECTION, Dishursing Division, Supplies and Accounts Dursou, Navy Departume, -u-created in the early part of the war se a unit in the Dishursing Division. On March 1, 1918, it was tremeferred to the newly created Allothent Division, where it remained until January 1, 1919, when it was restablished in the Dishursing Division, Functions: To afford officers and enlisted sen of the Navy serving at outlying stations and at sea an opportunity to subscribe for Liberty Loan bonds on the ease terms of partial payments as were offered by banks to subscribers throughout the country. The bonds were sold to officers and non through their supply officers, and populate were made through the allothed the Dates of the

LIBERTY THEATER DIVISION, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department,—Organized in August 1917. Functions: To provide theatrical and motion-picture entertainment for soldiere in training. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

LIRRAT AND EMHERTS SETTOM, Educational Division, Food Administration,—Created in December 1917 as the Library Section. Terminated in January 1916, Ridth Guerrier, Chief. Functions: To distribute Food Administration Literature to library directors on the staffs of the State Food Administrations and to encourage food conservation by means of library establists. Within a single year the Section sent cut, in addition to other printed matter, over 1,500,000 pamplists and leaflats and about 600,000 posters. Records: 1917-19 (2 foet) in NA. Correspondence. Other records are in the Hoover Library on Mary Revolution, and Passe. References: Edith Querrier, We Fledyed Allegtance; a Librarior Intlante Story of the United States Food Administration (Stanford University [1944]).

LIBRATO DOMENATION DUNISION, Boye Working Reserve, Employment Service, Labor hepartents—Probably organized in 1918 and terminated with the Spys Working Reserve in June 1919, Punctions, To enliet the cooperation of public libraries as publicity and encoling agencies for the Boys Working Reserve, Records; Whereeboats unknown.

LICENSE DEPARTMENT, Trusts Bureau, Alien Property Custodian.—Organized in 1917. Abolished shortly after the war. Functions: To have jurisdiction over matters involving enemy-trade licenses granted by the Enemy Trade Bureau of the War Trade Board. Records: Intermingled with the trust and report files of the Trusts Bureau in NA.

LICENSE DIVISION, Food Administration .-- Created early in 1918 from the License Section of the Legal Division. The Report Division was merged with it the following June, and in February 1919 it became a section of the Enforcement Division. Terminated in November 1920. Functions: To license wheat and rye elevators and mills, wholesalers and retailers of food commodities, bakers, and salt-mater fishermen; to prepare and mail the forms that licensees were required to submit at regular intervals; to cooperate with the Fuel Administration in licensing coal dealers and with the Agriculture Department in licensing fertilizer manufacturers and stockyard companies; to report to the Grain Corporation on all licenses granted to grain dealers, elevators, and mills; to keep an accurate record of changes in the name, address, and nature of the business of each licensee; and to establish a "stop order" system to prevent the issuing of new licenses in cases where the original one had been revoked. Records: 1917-20 (1,492 feet) in IM. Applications and approvals relating to the licensing of salt-water fishermen and manufacturers of and dealers in food commodities, ammonia products, and insecticides containing arsenic; reports from licensed dealers; milling permits; contracts; questionnaires; correspondence; and related records. References: Charles O. Hardy, Wartime Control of Prices, ch. 9 (Washington, 1940); Charles R. Van Hise, Conservation and Regulation in the United States During the World War, ch. 5 (Washington and Madison, 1917-18).

LICEISE DIVISION, Grain Corporation.—Established in August 1918. Worked in cooperation with the Food Administration and, after June 30, 1919, with the Wheat Director. Terminated in July 1920. Functions: To license and regulate the grain and flour trade.

Records: 1918-20 (7 feet) in NA. Chiefly correspondence concerning licenses issued and canceled.

LICENSES BUREAU, PRICES AND, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—See PRICES AND LICENSES BUREAU.

LICENSES DIVISION, Wheat Director's Office.—Authorized by Presidential Proclamation No. 1527 of June 23, 1919; functions expanded by Proclamation No. 1528 of June 24, 1919; and terminated by Proclamation No. 1565 of May 25, 1920, effective June 1. Functions: In cooperation with the Grain Corporation, to license the storage and distribution of wheat; the manufacture, storage, and distribution of wheat flour; the import and export of wheat and wheat flour, which had previously been controlled by the War Trade Board; and the manufacture of bakery products. Records: 1919-20 (167 feet) in NA. Consist chiefly of applications for licenses, related correspondence, and card records and lists showing action taken on licenses.

LICENSING OF MANUFACTURERS, EXPORTERS, AND IMPORTERS SECTION, Explosives Regulation Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See EXPLOSIVES REGULATION DIVISION.

LIFE-SAVING AFFLIANCES COMMITTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—Created in the Naval Consulting Board on November 4, 1915.
Consisted of three members; Spencer Miller, Chairman.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.

LICHTHOUSES BUREAU, Commerce Department .- Created by an act of June 17, 1910. es suecessor to the Lighthouse Board. Abolished on July 1. 1939, and functions transferred to the Coast Guard, Tressury Department. Functions: To operate aids to navigation along the cosst lines and river charmels of the United States and its dependencies: to establish and maintain all equipment and work incident theretor and to publish separately or with other Government ageneies information reparding side to pavigation. During the war the Bureau made various investigations at the request of the Department of Justice and the military and naval information services, sesisted the Shipping Board with respect to the design and sea trials of Various types of vessels, and aided the War Industries Board in the standardization and allocation of iron and eteel chains for Government use. Officers of the Lighthouse Service cooperated with the mayal and military suthorities in matters of navigation and coast defense. Vessele of the Porean laid submarine nete, which they removed after the armietice was eigned, laid mines, placed buoye and marke for military uses, and acted as lookouts and reporting stations. Records: 1789-1939 (2.120 feet) in NA, Those for the war period include correspondence, reporte, and administrative papers, Other records are in the Treasury Department. References: George Weise, The Lighthouse Service, 20-27 (Baltimore, 1926).

LIQUIDATION CLAIMS DIVISION, Relirond Administration.—Created by circular No. 95 of the Unretor General on February 15, 1920. Terminated about June 15, 1924. Functions: To investigate and dispose of claims presented by the railroade on secount of undermaintenance of ways, structures, and equipment or on eccount of improvements for war purposes wrongly charged against the roads; also to be the claims presented to the Interstate Commerce On the Commerce of the Director General's Office. Other records were suthorized for disposition on March 20, 1934.

LIGHTMATION COMMISSION, War Department, —Created by the Secretary of Nar on February 11, 1919. The Commission exhalished headquarters in Five where it liquidated claims a maptisted for the sale of rains where it liquidated claims and various forms of novalls or opening the control of the sale of rains of the sale of

- informal, and to adjust and settle the claims of foreign governments or individuals against the United States, insofar as such contracts and claims arose in connection with the war. Records: In the War Department with those of the Foreign Claims Section, War Department Claims Eoard.
- LITTLE SILVER LABORATORY BRANCH, Radio Development Section, Engineering and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See RADIO DEVELOPMENT SECTION.
- LIVESTOCK AND MEATS MARKET NEWS SERVICE, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department. -- Inaugurated in December 1916 and greatly expanded with funds provided by the Food Production Act of August 10, 1917, and supplementary appropriations of 1918. Functioned in close relation with the Marketing Live Stock, Meats, and Animal By-Products Project. Its duties were assigned in 1920 to the Livestock, Meats, and Wool Division of the Bureau. Functions: To increase production, improve distribution, further conservation, and stabilize prices of food by gathering and distributing to the general public and Government of livestock, meate, and other animal products. Records: Those in NA for the war period (2 feet) include correspondence of staff members with Bureau authorities, the project head, and the public in spondence of the project leader, L. D. Hall, in the numerical correspondence files of the Bureau of Markets; correspondence files of the Bureau for 1917 and 1918 in Economics.
 - LIVESTOCK AND PACKING PRODUCTS SUBCONNITTEE, Agricultural Advisory Committee.—See AGRICULTURAL ADVISORY CONNITTEE.
 - LIVESTOCK MARKET COMMITTEE.—Appointed in October 1918 by the Food Administration. Functions: To undertake the supervision of a plan concerning the marketing of hogs adopted at a conference of the Subcommittee on Livestock and Packing Products of the Agricultural Advisory Committee. Pecords: 1918 (2 inches) in NA. Include correspondence, memoranda, and other papers in the correspondence files of the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture, filed under
 - LIVESTOCK, MEATS, AND ANIMAL BY-PRODUCTS PROJECT, MARKETING, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department.—See MARKETS BUREAU.
 - LIVING COMPITIONS COMPITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See COMPITIONS OF LIVING COM-
 - LIVING COMDITIONS OF WAR WORKERS COMMISSION, Labor Department.—Appointed by the Secretary of Labor in October 1918 upon the recommendation of the War Labor Policies Board. Its funds were provided by the Housing Corporation. Abolished in June 1919. Functions: In conference with various Government agencies and officials, it investigated the extent to which local living conditions were a factor in retarding war production and devised ways and means for the improvement of such conditions. After the armistice, attention was directed to the formulation of national policies relating to housing and living conditions. Records: 1918-19 (5 feet) in MA.

- Correspondence, general files, fiscal records, and mimutes of the Commission are smong the records of the Corporation. A few related papers are among the records of the War Labor Folicies Board.
- LOADING AND EXPLOSIVES BRANCH, CHEMICAL, Flant Facilities Section, Inspector of Ordnance Establishments, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See FLANT FACILITIES SECTION
- LOADING ERANCH, Explosives Sactium, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See EXPLOSIVES AND LOADING ERANCH, Executive Saction.
- LONDING SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordnence Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on November 9, 1971, by Furchase Section Order No. 16, as the Loading Branch, Furchase Section, Gun Division. Transferred to the Procurement Division in January 1918 as a Section, and under it was placed a Trench Marfare Franch. Functions To supervise negotistions connected with planning orders and contracts for loading projectiles, Jusse, and trench warfare material; and to plan orders and contracts for the assembly of fixed assunition where the process was under a separate contract and not included in the purchase of the complete azumnition. Records: Probably among those of the Office in Na.
- LANDING SECTION, Production Distaion, Ordanace Chief's Office, War Department, Originated as Branch of the Dyplotynes Section and became as a Branch of the Dyplotynes Section and became as the Company of the Dyplotynes and Leading Distaion on July 10, 1918. Transferred to the Dyplotynes and Leading Distaion on November 6, 1018. Punctions: To supervise and regulate the loading of shells. Recorded Probably smooth these of the Office in NA.
- LOADING SPECIFICATIONS SECTION, Facking Service Branch, Operations Control Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department,—See Packing Service English.
- LOAN BOARD, FEDERAL FARM, Treasury Department.—See FEDERAL FARM LOAN BOARD.
- LOAN BUREAU, FOREIGN, Treasury Department .- Saa FOREIGN LOAN BUREAU.
- LOAN COMMITTEES, LIBERTY .- San LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEES.
- LOAN ORGANIZATION, WAR, Treasury Department.—See WAR LOAN ORGANIZATION.
- LOAN SECTION, LIEERTY, Dieburaing Division, Supplies and Accounts Buresu, Navy Department. Sea LIEERIT LOAN SECTION.
- LOANS AND CURRENCY DIVISION, Pressury Department.—Created in 1876 and now in the Public Debt Derrent. Prestitions To take care of the issue, sections that the control of the public debt has been sections that distates, and to supervise the destruction of mattleted currency and canceled bonds and coupone. The accounting work for the Liberty and Victory Loans was performed by this Division. Records: Nost of those for the way period are in the Treasury Department, but a few are in N.

LOCOMOTIVE INSPECTION BUREAU, Interstate Commerce Commission .-- Organized as the Locomotive Boiler Inspection Division in 1911; redesignated in 1917 as the Locomotive Inspection Bureau. Functions: To inspect locomotives and tenders and to supervise inspections mads by the carriers; to order defective equipment out of service; to investigate accidents caused by the failure of locomotives and tenders; to check specifications for the design, construction, and major repairs with reference to statutory or administrative requirements; and to report violations of the law for possible prosecution. From November 1917 to March 1918 almost all the inspectors of the Bureau wers engaged in checking congestion at terminals; and from time to time throughout the period of Government control they were called upon to make special investigations and reports. Records: 1911-42 (5,811 feet) in the Interstate Commerce Commission. Include monthly reports on the condition of every locomotive, reports on accidents by the railroads and by inspectors, specifications for every locomotive, and itineraries and daily reports of inspectors.

LOCOMOTIVE SECTION, Transportation Division, Railroad Administration. —Created on February 9, 1918; probably abolished on July 1, 1918, when its functions were taken over by the Mechanical Department of the Operation Division. Functions: To supervise the maintenance and repair of locomotives at railway shops and roundhouses. Records: Probably destroyed as useless papers in 1934.

LOCOMOTIVES AND CARS STANDARDS COMMITTEE, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—See STANDARDS FOR LOCOMOTIVES AND CARS COM-MITTEE.

LOCOMOTIVES COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Transportation and Communication Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—
Created on May 1, 1917, with four members; dissolved on September 20, 1917, when its functions were absorbed by the Committes on Production of the War Industries Board. Functions: To keep the Government constantly advised of the stats of locomotive production; to increase output by coordinating the efforts of manufacturers; to assist in designing and building locomotives for the use of the United States Government in France; and to regulate the division of American-built locomotives between the United States and the Allies. Records: Some may be among those of the Council in NA.

LOGGING AND ENTREMCHING TOOLS SECTION, Heavy Hardware Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See HEAVY HARDWARE ERANCH.

LOGGING, SAWLILL, AND WOOLWORKING SECTION, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See CIVIL MECHANICAL DIVISION.

LOGISTICS AND FUEL DIVISION, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Established on January 12, 1918, taking over functions from the Fuel and Transportation Section of the Purchase Division. Divided into the following Sections: Confidential Matters and Logistic Records; Fuel Stocks and Vessel Assignments; Allotment and Distribution of Navy Fuel; Development of Fueling Facilities; Ship Charterings and Reports; and Fuel Requirements and Navy Contractors.

Terminated on March 4, 1920, when its functions were transferred to the newly created Divisions of Planning and of Fuel and Transportation. Functions: To have charge of the procurement of free supplies; the upkeep of stocks; the chartering, loading, and discharging of fuel cargo vessels; the development and maintenance of fueing estations; the review and study of the fuel situation at home and in foreign ports; the keeping of logistic records with respect to fuel needs and war plan reports (including data relative to the warting disposition of servicent wessels; and the preparation of lists of mines producing acceptable coal. Records: Probably among the green's Place of the Powen in Mil.

LODON RAVAL BOARD ON CLAIMS, Newy Department.—Organized pursuant to instructions addressed by the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Franklin D. Rocewesti, to Capt. E. G. Tobey on February 12, 1919. The first nesting of the Roard took places in London on February 26, 1919. Upon its dissolution on June 30, 1921, the staff representative of the Navy Department in London took over the remaining bursters of the Board. Finnetical Lishlity of the United States artising from settivities during the war and the demobilization arrange from the Capt. The Capt. The Capt. 1919. The

LOST EMGGAGE SECTION, Enbarkation Service, Purchess, Storage, and TRAIGE Division, General Staff, War Department.—See BACGAGE, REMAINS, AND EFFECTS ERANCH, Administrative Division, Transportation Service Chieffe Office.

LIERICANTS AND FOREIGN EDQUIREMENTS EVERAU, Oil Division, Poel Administration,—Created on February 11, 1918. Included an Dopot Linease Section. Terminated en November 27, 1918, when it innations were transferred to the Domestic Consumption Bureau. Interiors in Coordinate shipments of oil provess and develop and standarding November 1, 1918, The Standard of Section 1, 1918, The Standard of Section 1, 1918, The Section 1, 1918,

LURRICANTS, FUELS, AND CHRICCALS SECTION, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department, --See CIVIL AND MECHANICAL DIVISION.

LUBRICANTS SECTION, Petroleum Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See FERROLEUM DIVISION.

LIMER AND YORST FROMUTS JOINT OFFICE.—In existence by Kwember ZO, and 1918. Composed of representatives of the War Industrias Board and the War Trade Board. Purchisons To prepare attaictical reports on lumber and forest products, to serve as a clearing-tone for information on these consolities, and to eaks recommendations on policies for their control. Forfed in close cooperation with the Forest Services. Records: Furreabout unknown.

- LUMBER BRANCH, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized on January 18 and abolished about May 31, 1919, when its functions were taken over by the Machinery and Engineering Materials Branch. Functioned through the Hardwood Section and the Yellow Pine and Others Section. Functions: To be responsible for the disposal of surplus lumber owned by the Department. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
- LUMBER COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Appointed by the Chairman of the superior Committee on April 27 and ceased functioning about August 10, 1917. Its Chairman became the Lumber Director for the War Industries Board and later head of the Lumber Section of the Board. Functions: To serve as the point of contact between the lumber industry and the Government. It organized emergency bureaus through which orders were placed for lumber for Government requirements, negotiated price agreements, and prepared specifications. Records: Some are among those of the War Industries Board in NA.
- LUMBER SECTION, Machinery and Engineering Materials Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS BRANCH.
- LUMBER SECTION, Production Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.--See PRODUCTION DIVISION.
- LUMBER SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Created during the war. Functions: To see that an adequate supply of lumber was purchased and, by means of cooperation with the Traffic Section, to provide quick deliveries of lumber for the repair, fitting, or building of ships. A problem of especial importance was that of the supply of airplane spruce (see also SPRUCE PRODUCTION CORPORATION). Records: Probably among the
- LUMBER SECTION, Raw Materials Division, War Industries Board.—Organized in November 1917 to continue the work of the Lumber Corporation Committee of the Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense (organized on April 27, 1917). Discontinued on January 15, 1919. Functions: To make recommendations as to the allocation of orders for lumber from Corporation, and the Failroad Administration; to administer the rulings of the War Industries Board affecting the lumber industry; and to furnish technical advice concerning lumber. Records: 1917-records are in the "consolidated files" of the Board.
- LUMBER SECTION, Supplies Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See SUPPLIES DIVISION.

LUMBER SECTION, Supply Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Energency Fleet Corporation .- Initiated with the appointment of a Lumber Administrator in the Purchasing Division on March 25. 1918. On August 28, 1918, a Lumber Section was created within the Supply Division, but it appears to have been abolished with the orsation of the Supply and Sales Division on May 1, 1919 (although 4 few of its records are dated as lets as 1020). Functions: To supervise the purchasing and to expedite the shipment of lumber for the construction of shine built on the stlantic and Gulf Counts. Similar work for wooden shins being built on the Pacific Coast and particularly in the Pecific Northwest was handled by the Fir Production Board. Records: 1918-20 (95 feet) in NA. Include invoices and vouchers for lumber chipped to shipperds: lumber inventories; tally sheets describing the contents of loaded railroad cars; lumber requisitions; and correspondence, notes, and memorands releting to shipments of lumber, lumber received in shipwards, and the transportation of lumber and lumber products to shipwards. A considerable amount of correspondence relating to the supply of lumber is in the "old" general files of the Supply and Salse Division.

- MACHINE GUN AND SMALL ARMS SECTION, Engineering Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on January 19, 1918, by the consolidation of the Machine Gun Section of the Carriage Division and the Engineering Branch of the Small Arms Division. Functions: To handle questions of a technical nature in connection with small arms, including rifles, pistols, and ammunition, and in connection with machine guns and 37 mm. automatic guns, including aviation machine-gun equipment, voiturettes, and handcarts, but excluding harness and pack outfits. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - MACHINE GUN BRANCH, Small Arms Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on January 15, 1918.
 Functions: To purchase machine guns of all kinds. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - MACHINE GUN SECTION, Carriage Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See MACHINE GUN AND SMALL ARMS SECTION, Engineering Division.
 - MACHINE GUNS COMMITTEE, General Humitions Board, Council of National Defense.—Established on April 18, 1917; dissolved after the establishment of the War Industries Board on July 28, 1917. Functions: To investigate and report on the prices and delivery of machine guns. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - MACHINE TOOL SECTION, Finished Products Division, War Industries
 Board.—Organized on October 1, 1917; discontinued on December 31,
 1918. Functions: To control the manufacture and distribution of
 metal-working machinery. The Section surveyed production and
 available equipment and tabulated military requirements. Records:
 1917-18 (lul feet) in NA. Coneist chiefly of general and "company"
 correspondence files and records of machine-tool purchases. Other
 records are in the "consolidated files" of the Board.
 - WACHINE TOOLS AND ACCESSORIES SECTION, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineere, War Department.—See CIVIL AND WECHANICAL DIVISION.
 - MACHINE TOOLS SECTION, Machinery and Engineering Materials Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MACHINERI AND ENGINEERING MATE-RIALS BRANCH.
 - MACHINE TOOLS SECTION, Salee Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established about January 1, 1919, and still in existence on June 30, 1920. Functions: To supervise the sale of surplus machine tools held by War Department bureaus. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

MACRIMENT AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS ERANCE, Requirements and Requisitions Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchass, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Wer Department,—See REQUIREDMENT AND REGULATIONS HUTSION.

MIGHINERT AND ENGINEERING MITERIALS ENANCH, Surplus Property Invision, Skorage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage birector's Office, Purchase Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Rur Department.—Organized about January 8, 1939. On May 31 it assumed the functions of the former Lumber Branch. On June 30, 1939, it included the following Sections: Miccellaneous Flant Equipment; Machinel Tools; Steems and Santiary Penimering Fauthment; Electrica Chiefment (Equipment) Mechanical, Robber; and Leather Good Incendical Instruments; Steel; and Lumber. Functions: To be consisted for the disposel of surplus machinery, engineering equipment, and technical instruments. Atta May 31, 1939, it was also responsible for the disposel of surplus lumber. Records: Some are among those of the Quarternature General's Office in Na.

MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS DIVISION. Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff. War Department. -- Established on October 22, 1918. In accordance with Supply Circular No. 99 of that date, it took ever the entire Depot Department, the Administrative Department, and the Engineering and Purchasing Department of the General Engineer Depot. The procurement of Signal Corps supplies was taken ever by the Divisien about October 28, 1918. Finetiened through an Administrative Branch and through the following procuremough an administrative branch and through the additioning productions branches: Machinery, Electrical Apparatus and Supplies, Engineering and Construction Materials, Practicion Instruments, and Signal, About August 18, 1919, the Division became the Machinery and Engineering Katerials Branch of the Regular Supplies Divisien. Functions: To have charge of the purchase of materiels assigned to It and of the production and ecceptance of asterials contracted for. The Division had just begun to function when the armistice was eigned, and thereafter elthough procurement activities continued, it wee principally engaged in the adjustment and cettlement of the claims of contractors. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in Rt.

MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS SECTION, Purchase Summaries Branch, Statistical Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Treffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See FUNCHASE SHAMMES BRANCH.

MACHINERY AND MACHINE SHOP EQUIPMENT BRANCH, Furchase Section, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Difficer's Office, War Department.— See Pucarase Section.

MACHIMENT AND MATERIALS ERANCH, Production Section, Our Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on October 1, 1917, transferred to the Production Division by Our Division Order No. 58 on January 17, 1918. Functions: To have charge of satters to 5. 58 on January 17, 1918. Functions: To have charge of satters to 5. 58 on the satter of the satter of the country of the satter and the ectaal commencement of operations; expecially, to see that mach contractor was fitted with the satchinery, supplies, on saterials necessary to commence operations on scheduled time and to carry out the contract. Records: Probably with these of the Office in MA.

- MACHINERY AND STAMPED METAL GROUP, Instrument, Machinery, and Container Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See INSTRUMENT, MACHINERY, AND CONTAINER BRANCH.
- MACHINERY BRANCH, Machinery and Engineering Materials Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS DIVISION.
- MACHINERY BRANCH, Miscellaneous Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Dapartment.—Established on January 15, 1918. Functions: To handle purchases of machinery of all kinds. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- MACHINERY BRANCH, Projectile Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on April 12, 1918.

 Functions: To purchase artillery ammunition projectiles.

 Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- MACHINERY BRANCH, Technical Section, Ship Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See TECHNICAL SECTION.
- MACY BOARD .- See SHIPBUILDING LABOR ADJUSTMENT BOARD.
- MAGAZINE AND FEATURE SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration.—Organized in August 1917 as the Women's Journals and Women's Pages Section and renamed in December 1917. Abolished in December 1918. Gertrude B. Lane and Harriet Anderson, Chiefs successively. Functions: To prepare a weekly mimeographed clipsheet on food conservation, recipes, menus, special articles, and other material for publication in magazines. Records: 1917-19 (10 feet) in NA. Correspondence, questionnaires to newspapers on the acceptability of Food Administration material for publication, press releases, and scrapbooks of clippings of articles prepared by the Section.
 - MAGAZINE CONSTRUCTION AND LOCATION SECTION, Explosives Regulation Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department. -- See EXPLOSIVES REGULATION DIVISION.
 - MAGAZINES AND GENERAL ORDNANCE FACILITIES SECTION, Yards and Docks Bureau, Navy Department.—Established in March 1917. Its functions today are performed by the Ordnance Shore Establishments Section.

 Functions: To have charge of the design and construction of facilities at magazines, depots, and ordnance plants. Records: Among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - MAGNESIA SECTION, ASBESTOS AND, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—See ASBESTOS AND MAGNESIA SECTION.
 - WAGNETISM DIVISION, TERRESTRIAL, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Commerce Department.—See TERRESTRIAL WAGNETISM DIVISION.
 - WAIL AND EXPRESS SECTION, OVERSEAS, Cargo Traffic Branch, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—See CARCO TRAFFIC BRANCH.
 - VAIL SECTION, EXPRESS AND, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration.-- See EXPRESS AND VAIL SECTION.

- MAIL SERVICE DIVISION, RAILWAY, Post Office Department .-- See RAILWAY
- MAILS DIVISION, FOREIGN, Post Office Department. -- See FOREIGN MAILS
- MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR BRANCH. Construction Division, War Department .-Created before the declaration of war as the Construction and Repair Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Absorbed into the Cantonment Division as ito Mintenance and Repair Branch on October 10. 1917. Transferred to the Construction Division. War Department. upon the establishment of that Division on Earch 13, 1918. Operated through the following seven Sections: Building Repair; General Kaintenance and Rapair: Land and Lease: Procurement: Statistical; Tachmical Service: and Utilities. Operation. and Maintenance. Functions: To direct maintenance and rangir work at permanent and temporary Army posto and camps and at other places where Covernment construction work hed been done, carrying out plans preparad by the Engineering Branch and by itself; to correspond with local officers in charge of maintenance work in recard to plans and related matters and to the work of the Branch; and to allot funds in connection with its sctivities. Records: In the Office of the Chisf of Engineers, War Department.
- MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR DEPARTMENT.
 - MAINTENANCE DEPARTMENT, ENGINEERING AND, Operation Division, Railroad Administration. -- See ENGINEERING AND MAINTENANCE DEPARTMENT.
- MAINTENANCE DIVISION, Construction and Repair Bureau, Navy Department.—
 In existance prior to the war Punctions: To be responsible for the
 supply and sanitomance between the contract of the supply and sanitomance between the contract of the supply and contract of the first in charge of casculage and other
 protective devices and, in general, of matters under the organisme of the Bureau relating to complated ships. Records: Correspondence
 and other records for the war period are smolly the general files or
 the Bureau in RA.
- MINTENANCE DIVISION, Motor Transport Corps Chief's Office, Mar Department.—Extellished on August 20, 1918. Included an Advisory partment.—Extellished on August 20, 1918. Included an Advisory partment of the Chief of the Chief
- MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING SOCIAL SERVICE AGENCIES DEPARTMENT, Roami's Committee, Council of National Defense.—Organized about May 1927, and terminated on October 1, 1918. Functions: To encourage for continuation of financial support and the braining of workers the cristing social service species and the creation of such new agencies and the creation of such new agencies as war conditions might require. Records: Among those of the Council in MA.

- MAINTENANCE OF WAY DEPARTMENT, Railway Engineering Division, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Existed by Juns 21, 1918. Functions: Through the several departments of the General Engineer Depot, to procure track materials for the use of the American Expeditionary Forces. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- HANGANESE SAVING COMMITTEE, Metallurgy Section, Engineering Division, National Research Council.—See FERRO-ALLOYS COMMITTEE.
- MANNING AMERICAN MERCHANT MARINE SPECIAL COMMITTEE, Planning and Statistics Division, Shipping Board.—Organized on July 24 and ceased to function about November 15, 1918. Functions: To make a study of conditions in the merchant marine affecting the standing of American merchant officers and crews as a body; to report on ways and means of putting American merchant crews on the highest level of character, discipline, and efficiency; to study working and living conditions on American ships and general operations of the seamen's law as to wages and hours of labor; and to study the recruiting service and the special war angles of manning the merchant marine. Records: In NA (3 inches of segregated material; other records are in the general files of the Division).
 - MANUFACTURED GOODS BRANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.--See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE DIVISION.
 - MANUFACTURERS: INQUIRY SECTION, Employment Service, Labor Department.—
 Organized early in 1918 and terminated in July when most of its
 functions were taken over by the Information and Education Service,
 set up directly under the Secretary of Labor. Functions: To explain the war role of the Employment Service to manufacturers in
 order to encourage them to utilize its facilities. Records:
 Whereabouts unknown.
 - MANUFACTURES DIVISION, Census Bureau, Commerce Department.—In existence before the war. Functions: To collect, compile, and prepare for publication statistics pertaining to manufactures. During the war it assisted in the compilation of a census of various materials and commodities for the Commsrcial Economy Board, the Council of National Defense, the Food Administration, the Shipping Board, the War Industries Board, and the War Trads Board. Records: In the Ceneus Bureau.
 - MANUFACTURING BRANCH, Clothing and Equipags Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Formed on January 18, 1918. Becams the Manufactured Goods Branch upon the transfer of the Division to the Office of the Director of Purchase in October 1918. Functions: To execute requisitions, supervise production, and distribute textile materials for the Division. Records: Probably with those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - MANUFACTURING BRANCH, Equipment Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chisf's Office, War Department.—Organized early in 1918 and aboliensd on October 23, 1916. Functions: To handle matters relating to the production of leather, leather equipment, textiles, textile squipment, steel helmsts, periscopes, mess equipment, fencing equipment, hardwars, cleaning and preserving materials, and machinery equipment. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

- MANUTACTURING BRANCH, Small Arms Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on Lennary III and scholished on October 23, 1915. Functions on handle anters relating to the production of riller, platols, reculrer, and small arms accessories. Records: Frobally with those of the Office in
- MANUFACTURING DEVELOPMENT DIVISION (DEFENSE), War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Organised in January 1918 then a separation of offense and defense research was affected. Transferred with the entire War Gas Investigations to the War Department on June 25, 1918. Functions: To conduct research relating to defense against poison gas by developing asthods of gas datection, protective fabrics, filters materials, quantitative nathods for the hydrolysis of sulphonds acids, and a mask for Army horses. In May 1918 it undertook the production of gas masks for industrial use. Cooperated with the Gas Defense Division of the Surgeon General's Office, War Department. Records: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Gas Investigations, 35-36 (Bullstin 176A. Machington, 1919).
 - MANUFACTURING DEFINITION INTIGION (OFFINE), War dar Investigations, which shares, Interior Department.—Organized in August 19/1. All shares are always 19/2, when a separation of offerms of defense research was affected, this Division was concerned on with the part relations to offerms. Transferred with the start Relations to the Mars Department on June 25, Dal. Promisers, To conduct recease the Barbard of the manufacture of the Promisers of the Section of the Mars Department of the Section of Production on e large calls of determining the most relating purposes; to produce and to purchase the product of the Section of the Sectio
 - MANUFACTUREMO SECTION, Palp and Paper Division, War Industries Board.— Organized on October 1 and discontinued on Beember 31, 1928. Punctions: To sifect afficiency in production by standardisation of grades, colors, and weights of paper. Records: Among those of the Board in Na.
 - MANUFACTURING SURVET BRANCH, Production Section, Our Division, Ordnamos Chint's Office, War Department.—Created on October 1, 1977, transferred to the Production Division by Our Division Order No. 50 on January 17, 1916. Functions: To handle matter pertaining to the manufactures and manufacturers of gen material preliminary to the placing of contracts. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - MAP SECTION, Geographic Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department .—Established on April 22, 1919. During the flacal year ending June 30, 1920, ite name was changed to Graphic Section. Functions: To forminate policies with reference to military topographical europs and maps, and to construct and reproduce apecial maps for intelligence purposes. Records: In the General Staff, Ear Department.
 - MAPPING MIVISION, FORTIFICATION AND, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See FORTIFICATION AND MAPPING MYSION.

- MAPPING SECTION, MILITARY, Equipment and Construction Division, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department. -- See MILITARY MAPPING SECTION, Equipment and Construction Division.
- MAPPING SECTION, MILITARY, Military Construction Division, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.--See MILITARY MAPPING SEC-TION, Military Construction Division.
- [MARINE] ADVISORY BOARD TO THE BUREAU OF WAR RISK INSURANCE, Treasury Department.—Established under authority of an act of September 2, 1914. Composed of three members expert in matters pertaining particularly to marine insurance, who served on a per diem basis. Functioned until January 4, 1919, when the rates for marine insurance were withdrawn. Functions: To advise the Bureau on marine insurance rates, risks, and practices. Records: 1914-19 (6 feet) in NA, interfiled with those of the Karine and Seamen's Division. Consist of rate schedules, memoranda, correspondence, reports, recommendations, and decisions pertaining to marine insurance.
- MARINE AND DOCK INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS DIVISION, Shipping Board .-- Originated in the appointment of a labor expert on November 12, 1917; formally established by a resolution of the Board on September 19, 1918. Its name was changed to Industrial Relations Division on November 20, 1919, when it took over the work of the former Industrial Relations Division of the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. The Division continued, under varying jurisdictions, until the abolition of the Shipping Board in 1933. Functions: To coordinate Shipping Board action in labor matters; to exercise general supervision over labor questions pertaining to the operation of vessels and marine equipment, including loading and unloading; to adjust disputes and set up adjustment machinery; to take any necessary steps to improve industrial relations, strengthen morale, and bring about effective cooperation between employers and employees; and to supervise applications for deferred classifications and furloughs of certain classes of essential workers. Records: 1917-22 (38 feet) in NA. Include a classified file containing correspondence, docketed cases, material on the organization and administration of the Division, the National Adjustment Commission, and local adjustment commissions and a "data file" of information on labor matters; records pertaining to the National Marine Conference of 1918 and to the Joint Shipping Industrial Conference of 1919; transcripts of hearings; copies of awards and agreements; material on piece-work rates in Pacific Coast shipyards; draft deferment correspondence; and working materials used in the preparation of various reports. Later records are in the Maritime Commission. References: Shipping Board, Marine and Dock Industrial Relations Division, Warine and Dock Labor: Work, Wages, and Industrial Relations During the Feriod of the War; Report of the Director . . December 31, 1918 (Washington, 1919), and Report of Acting Director . . . August 1, 1919 ([1919]. Processed).

EARINE AND SEAMEN'S DIVISION, War Risk Insurance Eureau, Treasury Department.—Established under a Commissioner of Marine and Seamen's Insurance in pursuance of an act of October 6, 1917. The Marine Division and the Seamen's Division of the Eureau, which had existed previously, were brought together in the new Division, but they continued to function as separate administrative divisions each under a Deputy Commissioner. This system prevailed until January 4, 1919, when the withdrawal of the rates on marine and seamen's insurance brought about the reduction of the two administrative divisions to the status of sections of the Marine and Seamen's Division. The

- work of the Division was continued in the Veterans' Administration after 1921. Sea MAKING DIVISION AND SPAKEN'S DIVISION.
- WARINE CABLES DIRECTOR, Wire Control Board, Telegraph and Telephons Administration, Post Office Department.—See WIRE CONTROL BOARD.
- MARINE CONFERENCE, NATIONAL, Shipping Board.—See NATIONAL MARINE CONFERENCE.
- MARKE CORPS, FUEL CIL, AND RAITO SECTION, Tards and Docks Eureau, havy Department.—Established in March 1917. Functions: To be resoundable for the personal control of designs and specifications for control coll etcrage stations. Records: Among the general files of the Bureau of NA.
- MARINE CORPS HEADQUARTERS. Navy Department .-- Established by an act of July 11, 1798. Administered through the Major General Commandant's Office, the Adjutant and Inspector's Department, the Quartermaster's Department, and the Paymaster's Department. Functione: The Harins Corps functions as a part of the armed forces of the United States, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy. The Major General Commandant is responsible for the recruiting, aducation, training, discipline, and distribution of the officers and men of the Corps. Records: Most of them are in the Navy Department. Those in MA for the period after 1914 include statements of estrice of officers and salisted men; a few records of the Adjutant and Inspector's Department, such as death registers. records of diecharges, records of promotione and reductions of noncormissioned officers, personnel records of deceased officers, records of general courts martial and prisoners restored to duty, and records of desertere released; some miscellansoue Headquarters records; and records of expeditionary forcee in Haiti. References: Edwin N. McClellan, United States Warine Corpe in the World War (Wasnington, 1920); Clyda H. Watcalf, A History of the United States Marine Corpe (New York, 1939).
 - MARINE DEPARTMENT, Operation Division, Bailmost Administration.—Probably created on July 1, 1918, and probably abulished with the Divicion on karch 1, 1920. The property of the property of the process of the property of the property of the property of the provision of the sarine facilities of the Division, and to handle special matters such as protection of the coal supply for the New England States and the movement of potatoes from Maine. Recording Probably destroyed with those of the Brission in 19. Records:
 - MARIKE DIVISION, War Rick Insurance Bureau, Pressury Department.—Entablished in June 1917 when the activities of the Bureau of Her Rick
 Insurance were asymeded to include fauntument of American merchant
 Insurance were asymeded to include fauntument of American merchant
 Insurance were asymeded to include fauntument of American merchant
 under the Marine Division and the Sanders Division were continued
 season. The Marine Division and the Sanders Divisions. The rates
 but both continued to exist the year of a surface of the Sanders of the Sanders of Sanders

- war risks. Records: 1914-24 (150 feet) in NA. Include administrative, claims, and insurance policy files; application folders; correspondence; registers; and indexes.
- MARINE DRAFTING SECTION, Civil Division, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established prior to February 21, 1919.

 Functions: To do marine drafting work for the Office. Records:

 Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- MARINE HOSPITALS AND RELIEF DIVISION, Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—Probably existed before the war. Functions: To extend hospital and out-patient relief to merchant seamen; to operate the National Leprosarium; and, during the post-armistice period, to provide medical examinations and hospitalization for beneficiaries under acts administered by the Federal Board for Vocational Education and the Bureau of War Risk Insurance. In order to carry out the latter function the Division was subdivided into the following Sections: Dental; X-Ray; Laboratory; Neuro-Psychiatry; Tuberculosis; Mursing; Dietetic; Construction; Reconstruction; and Dispensary. Almost all of these Sections disappeared when this function was transferred to the Veterans' Bureau in 1921. Records: Reports of marine hospitals and relief stations and records of inspections and investigations of such hospitals and stations for the period of the war are in NA. Other records, primarily case files relating to medical examinations and treatment of war veterans, were transferred to the Veterans' Bureau and are now in the Veterans' Administration.
 - MARINE INSURANCE SECTION, Finance and Purchases Division, Railroad Administration.—Created on October 8, 1918. Probably discontinued with the Division on March 16, 1919, when its duties presumably were taken over by the Fire Loss and Protection Section of the Finance Division. Functions: To provide insurance against marine and war risks on vessels and floating equipment under Federal control and also on their cargoes. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.
 - MARINE INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See MARITIME INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.
 - MARINE INTELLIGENCE SECTION, Vessel Operation Branch, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—See VESSEL OPERATION BRANCH.
 - MARINE RAILWAY SECTION, DRYDOCK AND, Shipyard Plants Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.— See DRYDOCK AND MARINE RAILWAY SECTION.
 - MARINE SECTION, Inland Traffic Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Established upon the creation of the Division in March 1918. Functions: To investigate the possibilities of the use of inland waterways and coastwise steamship services in order to relieve rail congestion. The Section handled all matters concerning port and railroad control and lighterage and car-floating facilities that involved contact with the Railroad Administration. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - MARINE SECTION, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Greated on February 15, 1918. Probably under the jurisdiction of the Marine Department from July 1 to September 1, 1918, when it was abolished.

 Functions: To supervise the operation of shipping under Federal

- control and to coordinate water and railroad transportation. Assisted by the Coastwise Sieanship Advisory Committee. Records: Probably destroyed mith those of the Division in 1934.
- WARME SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Operations Division, Shipping Board Energency Fleet Corporation.—Probably existed from June 1918 through August 1919. Functions: To supervise regains, ettend curveys and trial trips, and handle the arming and protection of vescis. Records: 1918-19 (5 feet) in MA. Correspondence and reports concerning protective apparatus on vessels.
- WARINE TRANSPORTATION BUREAU, Oil Division, Fuel Administration. -- See COUNSEL'S OFFICE.
- WARLE TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT, Grain Corporation.—Established in March 1919, prior to which time it to functions were performed by the Export Department. Terminated in Amarth 1920. Functions: To handle negotiations and only the forth of the performance of the commodinegotiations and only the Grain Carporation. Records: 1918-20 (17 feet) in MA. Correspondence, storage records, and chipping papers. (Records of marine transportation work prior to 1919 are interfilled with those of the Meast Department.)

MARINE TRANSPORTATION DIVISION. Food Administration .-- Established on

- Narch 3, 1918, and terminated in the spring of 1919. Puntiones and bandle matters pertaining to overseas transportation of Took and bandle matters pertaining to overseas transportation of Took and supplies necessary for the production of food, to prevent congestion at various ports, and to map out a unified and coordinated program of imports. The Division acted as interestinary essent the Shipping Board and the heads of the commonty divisions of the Took Administration, who were acquainted with the import togrammate of the country. Records: 1918-19 (10 feet) in No. Togrammate of the country. Records: 1918-19 (10 feet) in No. Togrammate and reports of the Shipping Board relating to imports and of the Transports of the Shipping Board relating to the consumption of feed on ships.
- MARINE WORKERS DIVISION, STEVEDORES AND, Employment Service, Labor Department. -- See STEVEDORES AND MARINE WORKERS DIVISION.
- MARITIME DIVISION, ADMIRALTI AND, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department. -- See ADMIRALTY AND MARITIME DIVISION.
- MARTIME INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Skipping Roard Resegency Fleet Corporation.—Created by resolution of the Schipping Board on May 22, 1917; continued until May 1919, when it became the Skipping Information Department. Also referred to a the Marine Intelligence Department and the Ship Intelligence Department. The Constitution of the Ship Intelligence Department, including to coastifice trade, foreign trade other than that with the Allies and vessel movemente. Records: 1917-19 (interflied with other records in the filles of the Control Records and Information Bureau) in Ma.
- MARITIME TRANSPORT COUNCIL, ALLIED. See ALLIED MARITIME TRANSPORT COUNCIL.
- MARITIME TRANSPORT EXECUTIVE, ALLIED, Allied Maritime Transport Council.—See Allied MARITIME TRANSPORT EXECUTIVE.
- MARKET GRADES AND STANDARDS PROJECT, Markete Bureeu, Agriculture Department.—See FOOD PRODUCTS INSPECTION SERVICE.

10

- MARKET INSPECTION OF PERISHABLE FOODS PROJECT, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department. -- See FOOD PRODUCTS INSPECTION SERVICE.
- MARKET SURVEYS, METHODS, AND COSTS PROJECT, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department.--See MARKETS BUREAU.
- MARKETING LIVESTOCK, MEATS, AND ANIMAL BY-PRODUCTS PROJECT, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department.--See MARKETS BUREAU.

MARKETS BUREAU, Agriculture Department .-- Established in 1913. Emergency functions, financed largely by the Food Production Act of August 10, 1917, and supplementary appropriations of November 21, 1918, consisted to a considerable degree of the extension of ordinary work to new commodities and areas. Until the adoption of a divisional organization in the latter part of 1919, the dominant type of subunit was the "project." Representative of the projects in existence on July 1, 1918, are the following: City Market Service; Cotton Testing; Emergency Traffic and Storage Assistance; Food Surveys of the United States; Foreign Market Investigations; Investigation and Determination of Grain Standards; Market Inspection of Perishable Foods; Market News Services on (1) Butter, Cheese, Eggs, and Poultry, (2) Fruits and Vegetables, (3) Grain, Hay, and Feeds, and (h) Livestock and Meats; Market Surveys, Methods, and Costs; Marketing Livestock, Meats, and Animal By-Products; Motor Transportation of Farm Products; Seed Reporting Service; and Transportation and Storage. Emergency activities during the fiscal year 1919 generally were organized as projects that functioned in close connection with, or as parts of, units performing related normal duties. The Bureau was combined with the Bureau of Crop Estimates in 1921 to form the Bureau of Markets and Crop Estimates, which in turn was combined with the Office of Farm Management and Farm Economics in 1922 to form the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Functions formerly performed by the Bureau of Markets are now performed mainly by the Agricultural Marketing Administration. Functions: To increase the production of agricultural commodities and to further the conservation of such commodities, and also of transportation facilities, by providing information, demonstration, inspection, and regulatory services necessary to the organizing of efficient distribution of agricultural products and articles needed in agricultural production. To increase such production by distributing mitrate of soda to farmers; to inspect food supplies in behalf of the armed forces; to develop substitutes for fabrics used in aircraft manufacture and for other military purposes; and to promote post-war reconstruction of American agriculture by research and other work connected with foreign markets. Records: 1913-22 (31h feet) in NA. Include central correspondence files, which contain some material on war activities. Special war emergency correspondence files, 1917-18, which contained a large amount of correspondence with the Food and Railroad Administrations, as well as with other agencies and private persons, were destroyed in 1926. References: Markets Bureau, What the Bureau of Markets Is Doing To Help in the War Emergency ([1918?]. Processed).

MATERIAL DIVISION, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.—In 1915 functions formerly performed in the Secretary's Office by the Aid for Material were transferred to the Naval Operations Office, where a Material Division was set up. This Division later became the Fleet Maintenance Division. Functions: To coordinate the work of navy yards and other naval industrial establishments; to study projects involving the expansion of navy yards; and to study the future material needs of the May. Records: In the Mayy Department.

MATERIAL ORDER SECTION, Compensation Board, Mavy Department.—Established soon after the creation of the Board on March 22, 1917.
Functions: To analyze, compare, and record prices of asterial entering into the construction of wessels building to the basis for the Mavy; to recommend action the state of the Board in th

MATERIAL SAIFS DIVISION, Surplus Property Department, Shipping Board Energency Fleet Corporation.—See SUPPLY AND SALFS mivision, Construction Organization.

EXTERIAL SECTION, Supply and Sales Mivision, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation .- Established on June 11, 1919, as a successor to the Purchasing and Production Section of the Supply Division. In the reorganization of the Supply and Sales Division on August 1, 1920, the functions of the Material Section were taken over by the Purchasing Department. On October 20, 1921, thie Department was aucceeded by the Katerial Section of the Material Sales Division, which was abolished with the Division on January 30, 1923. Functions: To exercise control over the operation of storage yards and warehouses over which the Supply and Sales Division had juriediction; to purchase chipbuilding aupplice or materials if shortagee existed; to insure adherence to manufacturing schedules by aupply contractors: and to issue shipping instructions for the adequate distribution or storage of current ehipbuilding supplies or materials. Records: In MA. Consolidated with the general files of the Supply and Salee Division. The "old" general file of the Division, 1917-24 (366 feet), includee correspondence, memoranda, snd reporte on the ordering, purchasing, transporting, allocating, inepeting, salvaging, canceling, appraising, listing, and selling of raw and finished shipbuilding materials, squipment, machinery, instruments, and many types of aupplies.

MATERIAIS ERANCH, Construction Division, Mar Department.—Greated on May 24, 1917, as the Materials and Transportation Brench in the Cantonnent Univision, Quarternae term 25 office. Transferred to the construction Univision of the Construction Univision for use in construction mork at hand, to coopered with the various constitutes and organization formed to stabilize prices and keep in the Construction English of the Construction of Construction of the Construction of Construction o

MATERIALS DEVELOPMENT SECTION, Chemical Research Division (Offense), War Gas Investigations, Minee Bureau, Interior Department. -- See TOXIC MATERIALS DEVELOPMENT SECTION.

MATERIALS INFORMATION BRANCH, Requirements Division, Housing Corporation,—Organized in May 1918 and abolished in 1919. Functions: To work with the Building Materials Section of the War Industries Board

on problems relative to standardization, conservation, and centralized control of materials; to inspect building materials; and to be responsible for the compliance of the housing projects with the recommendations of the War Industries Board. Records: 1918-19 (1 foot) in NA. Include correspondence, blueprints, and telegrams, interfiled with other records of the Requirements Division.

MATERIALS PROCUREMENT BRANCH, Construction Division, Housing Corporation.—Organized on April 15, 1918, in the Industrial Housing and Transportation Bureau, Labor Department. Its work was divided among the Requisition, Materials, Traffic, and Priorities Sections. Abolished on April 15, 1919. Functions: To supervise the procurement of materials needed by the Corporation for construction purposes and to aid municipalities and private corporations in obtaining materials needed for the extension of public utilities and transportation facilities made necessary by the Corporation's projects. Records: 1918-19 (25 feet) in NA. Include requisitions for materials; records of the status of material shipments, modifications or cancelations of orders, waivers of damages for changes in orders, and allocation of field orders; and other papers concerning the procurement of materials.

MATHEMATICS COMMITTEE, Physics, Mathematics, Astronomy, and Geophysics Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1917 with E. H. Moore as Chairman. Became a part of the Division when it was organized in 1918. Functions: To promote research and to advise on military problems involving higher mathematics. Records: In the National Research Council.

WATTRESSES AND FILLOWS COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Supplies Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Organized on August 10, 1917, at the request of the Chairman of the Committee on Supplies. Functions taken over by the War Industries Board in the fall of 1917. Functions: To aid in the procurement of mattresses and pillows for the Army and Navy. Records: Some may be among those of the Council and of the Board in NA.

MEASURES OF CONTROL AND GUARANTEES SUBCOMMITTEE, Reparation of Damages Commission, Peace Conference.—Appointed on February 4, 1919. Consisted of one representative from each of the five Great Powers (the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan), and three members chosen to represent Belgium, Greece, and Poland. Held four meetings (Feb. 24-May 2, 1919). American representative, Bernard M. Baruch. Chairman, W. M. Hughes (of Great Britain). Functions: To recommend methods of obtaining reparations payments. Records: Probably some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace.

MEAT AND MEAT FOOD PRODUCTS SECTION, Inspection Branch, Subsistence Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Created in March 1918. On October 19, 1918, it became part of the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage upon the transfer of the Inspection Branch to that Office. Functions: To have charge of the inspection, storage, and handling of meat and meat food products at Army stations and ports of embarkation in the United States. Records: Probably with those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

WEAT DIVISION, Food Administration. -- Organized in October 1917, at which time it absorbed the activities of the Animal Industry

Committee, established a short time before. The work of the Division was carried on through a Chiesgo office known as the Meat furchase bureau. Terminated on December 13, 1916. Punctions the packing industry by means of the Internation of profile in seaton packing industry by means of the Internation greatests and late purchases of meat for the Army, but you will be a sea of the committee of the Chief of available committee to the Chief of the Chief of available committee to the Chief of available committee to the Chief of the Chief

MEAT INDUSTRY COMMISSION.—Appointed by the President on March 31, 1935, at the request of the Food Administrator. Composed of representatives of the Agriculture and Labor Departments, the Federal Frade Commission, the Tariff Commission, and tha Food Administration. Bissolved on May 27, 1935. Functions: To consider the most industry in all its phases and to make recommendations to the Covernment's vartise meat policy. Records: 1936 (2 lanches in files of the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture) in M. Include correspondence relating to needings of the Commission, drafts of reports, memoranda from officials of the Agriculture Department, and papers of a subcommittee of the Commission.

MEAT INSPECTION MINISION, Animal Industry Bureau, Agginalture Department—The work of this Division had its origin in the Federal meatinapeotion service which was cetablished on August 30, 1890, and importion service which was cetablished on August 30, 1890, and placed under the Inspection Division organizes appell 1, 1891. On placed under the Inspection Division on a created. Functions tuly 1, 1912, the Meat Inspection Division on a created. Functions the principle of the property of the p

WEAT PURCHASE BUREAU, Food Administration .- See WEAT DIVISION.

WRATS AND FATS EXECUTIVE, INTERALLIED.—See INTERALLIED MEATS AND FATS EXECUTIVE.

WEATS MARKET NEWS SERVICE, LIVESTOCK AND MARKET NEWS SERVICE.

Department.—Sem LIVESTOCK AND MEATS MARKET NEWS SERVICE.

MOCHANICAL DEPARTMENT, Hilling Diviston, Food Administration—Organised in January 1918; discontinued with the closing of the New York office of the Milling Division in July 1918. Punctions: To assist the mills in obtaining better extraction of Thour and thus to increase the food supply and prevent available waste. Records: 1918 (6 feet) in NA. Correspondence.

ECHARICAL DEPARTMENT, Operation Invision, Ralloued Askindstration probably created on only 1, 1255, thing over functions forserly performed by the Locoscitive Data Repair Sections. Probably shollands forsed by the Locoscitive 1, 1920. Functions: 10 energies purissitive the Rivision on the performance of the Company of the Section 1, 1920. Functions: 10 energies purissitive methods of the Company of the Company of the Section 1, 1920. The Company of the Section 1, 1920. The Company of the C

sion in 1934.

- MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT, Railway Engineering Division, Military Branch,
 Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Existed by June
 21, 1918. Functions: Through the several Departments of the General Engineer Depot, to procure motive power and rolling stock for
 the use of the American Expeditionary Forces. Records: Probably
 with those of the Office in NA.
- MECHANICAL DIVISION, CIVIL AND, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See CIVIL AND MECHANICAL DIVISION.
- MECHANICAL ENGINEERING SECTION, Engineering Branch, Construction Division, War Department.--Originally in the Engineering Branch, Cantonment Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Transferred to the Construction Division upon its organization on March 13, 1918. Functions: To prepare plans for mechanical engineering work at Army camps and cantonments. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.
 - MECHANICAL ENGINEERING SECTION, Engineering Division, National Research Council.—Created in 1918 under the chairmanship of W. J. Lester.

 Functions: To develop certain inventions for use in warfare. Among projects worked upon were the redesign of the original telescope signaling device, a dual control for airplanes, long-range small balloons, an armored motorcycle, a centrifugal gun, an improved carburetor, a rotary internal-combustion engine, a parachute, and a walking-beam tractor for use on soft sand. Records: In the National Research Council.
 - MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT DEPARTMENT, Procurement Section, Materials Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—See PROCUREMENT SECTION.
 - MECHANICAL RESEARCH DIVISION, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Probably organized in the summer of 1917, although mechanical research had begun in April. In May 1918 a separation of Army and Navy research was effected within the Division. Transferred with the War Gas Investigations to the War Department on June 25, 1918. Functions: To improve and standardize the mechanical parts of the Army and Navy gas masks; to develop special clothing for the use of workmen in poison-gas factories; and to design trench fans and canisters. Records: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Gas Investigations, 21-22 (Bulletin 178A. Washington, 1919).
 - MECHANICAL, RUBBER, AND LEATHER GOODS SECTION, Machinery and Engineering Materials Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS BRANCH.
 - MECHANICAL SECTION, ELECTRICAL AND, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL SECTION.
 - MECHANICAL TRANSPORT COMMITTEE. -- See INTERALLIED MUNITIONS COUNCIL.
 - MECHANICAL UNIT, Technical Branch, Inspection Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See TECHNICAL BRANCH.

ECHATION AND CONCILIATION BOARD.—Created by the Newlands Law of July 15, 1913. Consisted of a Commissioner, an Assistant Commissioner, and a third member appointed by the President Modiane by an act of December 21, 1921. Function:
The Consistency of the Commission of the Commissi

MEDIATION AND CONCULTATION SUBCOMMITTEE, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense—Organized in April 1977, but never active, as other governmental agencies were already as a subject of the same work of the control formed. Probably dispute by sediminating the control of the council of the council the council fail on and, when these failed, to bring about arbitration. Records: Some may be among those of the Council in Merchanics.

MEDIATION BRANCH, Industrial Service Section, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See MAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR BRANCH.

MEDIATION COMMISSION, PRESIDENT'S.—See PRESIDENT'S MEDIATION COMMISSION.

MEDICAL ADVISORY SOARDS COMMITTEE, Coneral Medical Board, Medicine and Santiation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense, "Formed shout known by 1927; cased functioning efter the Markettee. Description of the Markettee of t

MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL DIVISION, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND VETERIMARY SUPPLIES SECTION, COMMONDATING SUPPLIES DIVISION.

NEURCAL AND HOSPITAL SECTION, Purchase Summaries Branch, Statistical Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See PURCHASE SUMMARIES BRANCH.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES REARCH, Requirements and Requisitions Division, Furchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Comercia Staff, War Department.—See EPQUIRZ-MENTS AND REQUIS

MEMICAL AND HOSPITAL SUPPLICE BRANCH, Surplus Property Division, Storage-Director's Office, Pachase and Storage Director's Office, Storage-Director's Office, Teaffice Division, General Staff, Mar Depart-Parchase, Storage, James 13, 1919. Practicate through three stages of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Sections: Drugs and Medicines; Medical, Boopties, and Durplus Supplies; and Bengtial Equipment and Depublies. Transferry to the Supplies; and Bengtial Equipment and Depublies. Clothing and Equipage Branch as a Section about May 31, 1919.

Functions: To negotiate and be responsible for the transfer or sale of surplus medical and hospital supplies. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES DIVISION, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 1 of October 19, 1918. On November 15, in accordance with Supply Circular No. 102 of October 24, 1918, the Supply and the Supply Depots Branches of the Finance and Supply Division, Surgeon General's Office, were transferred to the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage, where their work was carried on by the Medical and Hospital Supplies Division. The Division functioned through an Administrative Branch and four procurement Branches: Drugs and Medicines; Hospital Equipment and Supplies; Medical, Hospital, and Surgical Apparatus; and Dental Instruments, Appliances, and Supplies. Still in existence on June 30, 1920. Functions: To have charge of the procurement of medical and hospital supplies, the preparation and revision of specifications, and the revision of medical supply tables. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES SECTION, Clothing and Equipage Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE BRANCH.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT, COMMITTEE ON STANDARDIZATION OF, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.

MEDICAL BOARD, GENERAL, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See GENERAL MEDICAL BOARD.

MEDICAL BRANCH, Domestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See DOMESTIC OPERATIONS DIVISION.

MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND VETERINARY SUPPLIES SECTION, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on May 19, 1919, and organized into the following Subsections: Domestic Distribution, Export Distribution, Replenishment, Stock Record, and Surplus Property. In the divisional reorganization of November 6, 1919, it was made a Branch. On May 19, 1920, it became the Medical and Hospital Division. Functions: To have charge of the storage and distribution of medical and hospital supplies and equipment and to determine surplus stocks. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, War Department .- See SURGEON GENERAL'S OFFICE.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT TRAINING DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Established on May 11, 1917. With the signing of the armistice, the need for special war training disappeared and the

Division was discontinued. Functions: To institute a comprehensive plan for the training of Nedical Department personnel in basic military duties. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Na.

MEMICAL UNISION, Chemical Marrare Service, Mar Department.—Established to perform functions transferred from the Surgeon General's Office on June 28, 1918. Functions to Impect gas factories were and supervise of the Company of the

EUICAL MIVISION, Provost Marshal General's Office, War Department,— Organised in 1918. Discontinued by July 15, 1919. Functions: To haddle nather relating for rules and regulations covering physical requirements and the examination of registrants and, in cooperation with the Administration Division, satters regarding the medical sides assigned to State headquarters and the local medical advisory boards. Records: With those of the Office in NA.

ECUICAL DIVISION, War Risk Insurance Bureau, Transury Department.—On August 20, 1915, provision was made for a Moccal Division under the August 20, 1915, provision was made for a Moccal, who shall be an supermiston of the Moclacal Advisors of the Teasury, a Through the August 20, 1915, and the Mockan and Moclaca and

WEDICAL DIVISION, AIR SERVICE, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. See AIR SERVICE WEDICAL DIVISION.

MEMICUL ENGLATION SECTION, Personnel Division, Surgeon General's Office War Department, --Originated as a result of the Selective Service was present of the sedentiers of 1917, which private and for the administration of the General Section of 1917, which provides the Selective Servica Act. The section of 1917 and 1917 and 1918 and 19

NEWICAL INNERTH SECTION, War Industries Board.—Org.—nised on June 2, 1915, taking over sons of the functions of the Medical Section of the Gouncil of Kational Defense. To find sources of medicals, 7. F. Simpson, Chief Tuncillal supplies; to aid in the conservation drugs, and medical and to furnish the industry with information resort times supplied the control of times of the product of the control of the co

MEMICAL MUSEUM, ARMY, Missum and Library Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. —See AFMY MEMICAL MUSEUM.

MEDICAL HECORDS SECTION, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Established prior to the war. It was first known as the Medical Records Division and was attached to the Sanitation Division for administrative purposes. It apparently soon became a Section of the Division. An Anthropology Subsection was created on July 23, 1918, for the purpose of obtaining the highest possible accuracy in anthropological statistics of recruits. The personnel of the Section was gradually reduced in 1920. Functions: To record and file reports of sick and wounded; to code cards and prepare permanent statistical tables of sickness and injury; and to collect and tabulate data regarding physical examinations and discharges for disability. The statistics on sick and wounded represented the final and accurate figures, as opposed to the statistics compiled by the Current Statistics Section. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

MEDICAL RELIEF CONSITTEE, HEALTH AND, Operation Division, Railroad Administration. -- See HEALTH AND MEDICAL RELIEF COMMITTEE.

MEDICAL SECTION, Council of National Defense.—Organized early in 1917. Served as the administrative office for the Medicine and Sanitation Committee of the Advisory Commission. About June 2, 1918, many of the functions of the Section were transferred to the newly created Medical Industry Section of the War Industries Board, but it continued to exist in an advisory capacity until the end of the war. Both sections were headed by F. F. Simpson. Functions: To study the material medical resources of the country with a view to the standardization and stabilization of medical products, the speeding up of industry, and the curtailment of demands resulting from civilian medical activities. Records: Correspondence, reports from manufacturers, mailing lists, and other records are in NA. Include a manuscript entitled "Information Regarding the Correlated Activities of the Council of National Defense and Advisory Commission, the Medical Departments of Covernment, and the Committee of American Pnysicians for Medical Preparedness."

MEDICAL SECTION, Military Aeronautics Division, War Department.--See MILITARY AERONAUTICS DIVISION.

MEDICAL SERVICE CORPS CENTRAL COVERNING BOARD, VOLUNTEER, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory, Commission, Council of National Defense. -- See VOLUNTEER MEDICAL SERVICE CORPS CENTRAL COVERNING BOARD.

MEDICAL SUBDIVISION, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on October 28, 1918. Functioned through the following five Sections in November 1918: Equipment Assembly; Requisition; Stock Control; Requirements, Procurement, and Purchase; and Zone Depots and Camp Depots. In existence on May 19, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Functions: To control the issue, distribution, and storage of medical, dental, veterinary, X-ray, and laboratory supplies and equipment; and to determine and report surplus stocks. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

MEDICAL SUBDIVISION, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—

Established on November 1, 1918, but did not function until January 13, 1919. In existence when the Division was nerged in the Overseas Supply Edvision on February 1, 1919. Functions: To be responsible for the filling of requisitions for medical supplies for overseas shipment and for the novement of these supplies to ports of embarkation. Seconds:

Some are among those of the Quartermaster Cenerals Offree Cont.

EXECUL 200100T COLUMNESS, Medicine and Related Sciences Division, Rational Research Council, —These Committees, organized in 1917. Committee of an Antonology Committee, needed by L. O. Howard; a Committee of the Committee of th

NUMBER AND HYDERE COUNTIES, Redicine and Related Sciences Division, National Research Council. "Organised in 1917 with Victor C. Sughan as Chairman. Placed under the Hedicine and Belated Sciences Division in 1918. In the same year its many belated Science and Science of the Secondary of the Secondary and Psychiatry Counties, suppointed in 1917, became the Heronards state the two foliations of the Secondary and Psychiatry Counties of the Bivision. At the time Insulated that the Communities were activer Sandardization of Transfusion Lowing Subcommittees were actived. Panels, Punctions: Activities Ectives and Treatment of Chronic Secondary Punctions: Activities in the United Secondary Secon

EMICINE AND RELATED SCIENCES ETVISION, Extincal Beserrch Council,—
Greated in February 1938 around bus medical of continues already
engaged in nectical actual factor of the wave appointed under the original
council organization factor of the rese, Chairman, at the time of
Council organization that the council these were actives. Anatory, Interpriory of the council organization of the council organization of the council organization of the forcouncil organization of the council organization of the foricity of Preserved Tools. In the personal configuration of the Councity of Preserved Tools. In the prescribe organization of the Councity of Preserved Tools. In the prescribe organization of the Councity of Preserved Tools.

Sciences Division under the chairmanship of Henry A. Christian. Functions: To mobilize civilian medicine and research facilities for aid in the solution of problems related to national defense and the conduct of the war. This was accomplished by close cooperation with the Surgeons General of the Army and the Navy and the support of scientific investigators throughout the country. Problems to be investigated were determined with the advice of the War, Navy, and Labor Departments. Usually the committee plan was followed in conducting investigations but in some cases independent workers gave their time and facilities. The following were among the many problems dealt with: Traumatic shock, control of lice and their eggs, prevention of postoperative neuromata in amputation stumps, native medicinal plants, production of acetone, industrial poisonings, and influenza. Records: In the National Research Council.

MEDICINE AND SANITATION COMMITTEE, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—One of the seven committees of the Advisory Commission, originating in the appointment on October 11, 1916, of Dr. Franklin Martin as Chairman. It operated through the Medical Section of the Council, headed by F. F. Simpson, and through two main committees, the General Medical Board and the Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, with their various subcommittees. Ceased functioning after the armistice. Functions: To serve as a liaison agent between the medical profession and the manufacturers of medical supplies and equipment of the country and the Government. Records: Some have been destroyed under Congressional authorization; others are among those of the Council in NA, including records concerning medical and surgical supplies and equipment and a large quantity of card records of physicians and nurses.

MEDICINE AND SURGERY BUREAU, Navy Department.—Created in 1842. Headed by the Surgeon General of the Navy. Functions: To be responsible for the maintenance of the health of the Navy, the inspection of sanitary conditions, and the care of the sick and injured; the professional education and training of officers, nurses, and enlisted men of the Medical Department; and the upkeep and operation of naval hospitals, medical supply depots, medical laboratories, the Naval Medical Center, and technical schools. Records: In the custody of the Navy Department. Some for the war period are located in the National Archives Building, however, including journals and abstracts of patients on ships and at shore stations and hospitals, dental treatment and operations records, surgical operations records, and hospital rosters. References: W. C. Braisted, "Activities of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery During the European War" ([1919?]. Manuscript in the Office of Naval Records and Library).

MEDICINE AND SURGERY COMMITTEE, INDUSTRIAL, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Committee, Council of National Defense.—See INDUSTRIAL MEDICINE AND SURGERY COMMITTEE.

MEDICINE DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—In the reorganization of the Office in November 1918, the three Divisions of Internal Medicine, Neurology and Psychiatry, and Psychology were consolidated into the Division of Medicine, which had the following four Sections: Internal Medicine, Tuberculosis, Neuropsychiatry, and Psychology. This reorganization was for the purpose of convenience in office administration and changed in no essential the scope or character of the work or personnel of the divisions. On September 9, 1919, the Internal Medicine and Psychology Sections were made

Sections of the Hospital Division. Functions: To direct and superise the professional medical work in the base and general hospitals; to institute nethods to insure care and accuracy in the disposis of pulmonary conditions; to conduct neuropsycnitaric examinations; to provide a general int-ligence classification in the Army; and to be responsible for the salection, training, and satigment of personnel. Mecords: Probably with those of the Offenches Toobably with those of the Offenches Too

MEMICINE DIVISION, INDUSTRIAL HIGIERS AND, Norking Conditions Service, Labor Department.—See INTUSTRIAL HYGIENI AND MEMICINE DIVISION.

MUNICINE DIVISION, INTERNAL, Surgeon Ceneral's Office, War Department. —See INTERNAL MEDICINE DIVISION.

MELICINE SUBCOMMITTER, INTERNAL, Standardization of Nadical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Santietion Condities, Advisory Cornission, Council of National Defense.—See SIMINABIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SUBGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COM-NUTTEE.

ICM'S NOW SECTION, Social Hygiene Division, Training Camp Activities Commission, Man Department,—Created in the latter part of 1917. Tunctions; To stimulate the enforcement of existing laws against Prostitution and to have new ones passed where needed to curb vice and liquer selling; and to promote deutation in industrial establishments about reneral diseases. Records: In the Ceneral Staff, Man Department.

EXECUTIONS DEPARTMENT, Sales Dureau, Alien Property Gustodian.—Orpindized in August 1916. Prior to this date the functions assigned to this Department were performed by the General Business Department of the Property of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the custody and sale of seized meny serchandizes and of the collection of accounts and bills receivable. Accounts in this property of the Company of the Co

MERCHANT AND PRIVATE VESSELS APPRAISAL BOARD, Navy Department. -- Appointed under suthority of the Mayal Appropriation Act of March 4, 1917, which gave the Navy Department power to commandeer vessels needed for naval use. Consisted of three naval officers and three civilian experts. Headquarters in New York City. The Board was sssisted by local boards of sppraisal appointed by the Department. An set of June 15, 1917, authorized the Navy Department to take possession of vessels subject to the payment of just compensation to the owners, the compensation to be determined by the President, and on July 2, 1917, the President issued an order designating this Board to carry out the provisions of the act. The Board was thereafter sometimes referred to as the "Board to Determine the Price or Just Compensation for Vessels Purchased or Taken Over, but it contimued to be generally known by the former name of Board of Appraisal for Merchant and Private Vessels. Succeeded after the war by the Board of Review. Functions: To sppraise and fix s fair value, based upon reports submitted by the local boards, for vessels considered by the Navy Department for purchase or charter; later, under the Provisions of the set of June 15, 1917, mentioned above, to determine a reasonable price or just compensation for ships purchased or requisitioned by the Navy Department. Records: Among those of the Soard of Review in NA. References: Many Department, Annual Report, 1918, p. 121.

Sciences Division under the chairmanship of Henry A. Christian. Functions: To mobilize civilian medicine and research facilities for aid in the solution of problems related to national defense and the conduct of the war. This was accomplished by close cooperation with the Surgeons General of the Army and the Navy and the support of scientific investigators throughout the country. Problems to be investigated were determined with the advice of the War, Navy, and Labor Departments. Usually the committee plan was followed in conducting investigations but in some cases independent workers gave their time and facilities. The following were among the many problems dealt with: Traumatic shock, control of lice and their eggs, prevention of postoperative neuromata in amputation stumps, native medicinal plants, production of acetone, industrial poisonings, and influenza. Records: In the National Research Council.

MEDICINE AND SANITATION COMMITTEE, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—One of the seven committees of the Advisory Commission, originating in the appointment on October 11, 1916, of Dr. Franklin Martin as Chairman. It operated through the Medical Section of the Council, headed by F. F. Simpson, and through two main committees, the General Medical Board and the Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, with their various subcommittees. Ceased functioning after the armistice. Functions: To serve as a liaison agent between the medical profession and the manufacturers of medical supplies and equipment of the country and the Covernment. Records: Some have been destroyed under Congressional authorization; others are among those of the supplies and equipment and a large quantity of card records of physicians and nurses.

MEDICINE AND SURGERY BURFAU, Navy Department.—Created in 1842. Headed by the Surgeon General of the Navy. Functions: To be responsible for the maintenance of the health of the Navy, the inspection of sanitary conditions, and the care of the sick and injured; the professional education and training of officers, nurses, and enlisted men of the Medical Department; and the upkeep and operation of naval Nedical Center, and technical schools. Records: In the custody of Navy Department. Some for the war period are located in the Stracts of patients on ships and at shore stations and hospitals, dental treatment and operations records, surgical operations records, and hospital rosters. References: W. C. Braisted, "Activities of the Eureau of Medicine and Surgery During the European War" ([1919?]. Manuscript in the Office of Naval Records and Library).

MEDICINE AND SUPPORTY COMMITTEE, INDUSTRIAL, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Committee, Council of National Defense.—See INDUSTRIAL MEDICINE AND SURGERY COMMITTEE.

WEDICINE DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—In the reorganization of the Office in November 1918, the three Divisions of Internal Medicine, Neurology and Psychiatry, and Psychology were consolidated into the Division of Medicine, which had the following four Sections: Internal Medicine, Tuberculosis, Neuropsychiatry, and Psychology. This reorganization was for the purpose of convenience in office administration and changed in no essential the scope or character of the work or personnel of the divisions. On September 9, 1919, the Internal Medicine and Psychology Sections were made

Sections of the Hospital Division. Functions: To direct and superise the professional modical work in the base and general hospitals; to institute sethods to insure care and accuracy in the diagnosis of pulmonary conditions; to conduct neuropsycuteric examinations; to provide a general intelligence classification in the Arwys and to be responsible for the selection, training, and salignment of personnel. Henords: Probably with these of the Officery of the processing the contract of the Con

HEDICINE DIVISION, INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE AND, Working Conditions Service, Labor Department.—See INDUSTRIAL HYGIENT AND MEDICINE DIVISION.

WEDICINE INVISION, INTERNAL, Surgeon General's Offics, War Department.—See INTERNAL MEDICINE INVISION.

WELICINE SUBCOMMITTEE, INTERMAL, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Santiation Committee, Advisory Commission, Commonil of National Defense.—See SIANDROIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COM-HITTEE.

UNIS NOW SECTION, Social Hygiess Division, Training Camp Activities Commission, Was Department—Creteted in the latter part of 1917. Functions: To sticulate the enforcement of existing laws against prostitificion and to have ner once passed where needed to curb vice and flavor selling; and to promote education in industrial establiaments about venerual diseases. <u>Records</u>: In the General Staff, War Department.

MERCHAUDIST DEPARTICET, Sales Eureau, Alien Property Custodian.—Organized in August 1918. Prior to this date the functions assigned to this Department were performed by the General Business Department of the Trusts Bursau. Abolished with the Seles Bursau in 1920. Functions: To have cherge of the custody and sele of seized energy herchandias end of the collection of secounts and bills receivable. Records: In MA, intermingled with those of the Corporation Vanagement Extistion of the Custodian.

KERCHANT AND PRIVATE VESSELS APPRAISAL BOARD, Navy Department .- Appointed under authority of the Baval Appropriation Act of March 4, 1917, which gave the Navy Department power to commandeer vessels needed for naval use. Constated of three paval officers and three civilian experts. Headquarters in New York City. The Board was assisted by local boards of appreisal appointed by the Department. -An act of June 15, 1917, authorized the Navy Department to take possession of vessels aubject to the payment of just compensation to the owners, the compensation to be determined by the President, and on July 2, 1917, the President issued an order designating this Board to carry out the provisions of the act. The Board was thereafter sometimes referred to as the "Board to Determine the Price or Just Compensation for Vessels Purchased or Taken Over," but it continued to be generally known by the former name of Board of Appraisal for Merchant and Private Vessels. Succeeded after the war by the Board of Review. Functions: To appraise and fix a fair value, based upon reports submitted by the local boards, for vessels considered by the Navy Department for purchase or charter; later, under the provisions of the act of June 15, 1917, mentioned above, to determine a reasonable price or just compensation for ships purchased or requisitioned by the Navy Department. Records: Among those of the Soard of Review in NA. References: Navy Department, Annual Report, 1918, p. 121.

- MERCHANT MARINE SPECIAL COMMITTEE, MANNING AMERICAN, Planning and Statistics Division, Shipping Board.—See Manning AMERICAN MERCHANT MARINE SPECIAL COMMITTEE.
- MERCHANT VESSEL JOINT BOARD .-- See JOINT MERCHANT VESSEL BOARD.
- MESS, CAMP, AND PERSONAL EQUIPMENT BRANCH, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on December 31, 1918, as a successor to the Kitchen and Camp Equipment Branch. On January 1, 1919, it took over part of the functions of the Hardware, Cordage, and Miscellaneous Branch. Functioned through six Sections, as follows: Kitchen Utensils; Beds, Stoves, and Heating; Athletic Equipment; Field Bakery Equipment; Brushes and Brooms; and Records. In existence when the Division became a Branch of the Regular Supplies Division about August 18, 1919. Functions: To have charge of the procurement of field kitchens, brushes and brooms, athletic equipment, and bads and stoves. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - WESS EQUIPMENT AND METAL EQUIPMENT BRANCH, Equipment Section, Procursment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See ALUMINUM AND MESS EQUIPMENT SECTION, Equipment Division.
 - MESS EQUIPMENT SECTION, Kitchen and Camp Equipment Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.--See KITCHEN AND CAMP EQUIPMENT BRANCH.
 - METAL SECTION, Salvage Branch, Conservation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, war Department. -- See SALVAGE AND GARDENING BRANCH.
 - METALLURGICAL BRANCH, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnancs Chief's Office, War Department.—Originated on September 6, 1917, as the Metallurgical Branch, Inspection Section, Gun Division. Operated only in an advisory capacity until January Mi, 1918, when it became the Metallurgical Branch of the Executive Section, Inspection Division, with enlarged functions. On June 1, 1918, it was given control of all forging matters, and thereafter it operated through the following Groups: Ferrous, Mon-Ferrous, and Executive. Functions: To supervise metallurgical inspection; to supervise the work of testing engineers and chemists; to prepare instructions to field inspectors, testing engineers, and chemists; and to check and maintain records of the metallurgical work done on materials, such records to include data on chemical analysis, physical tests, heat treating, and process of manufacture. Records: Probably with those of the Office in MA.
 - METALURGICAL DIVISION, Mines Bureau, Interior Department. -- Probably in existence before the war. Functions: To conduct investigations for the prevention of waste in the utilization of minerals. War work was performed chiefly by the Metallurgy and Concentration of War Material Section and by the Oxygen Furnace Section. Cooperated with the Bureau of Standards, the War and Navy Departments, and the War Industries Board. Records: Probably in the Mines Bureau.
 - METALLURGICAL MATTERS COMMITTEE, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Appointed on August 14, 1918. Consisted of three officers and three civilians. Its decisions were reported to the Engineering

Burecu after approval by the Chief of Ordnance. On September 16, 1715, it took over the functions formerly performed by the "Robert to Consider Specifications and Production of Scall Arms," Dissolved on December 20, 1918. Functions: To consider methods of selection, samufacture, and testing of retailurgical naterial used in the production of ordnance goods and emphlies. Records: Probably with those of the Office in MA.

- RETAILURGICAL URIT, Technical Brunch, Inspection Section, Oun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See TECHNICAL BRANCH.
- METALLURGY AND CONCENTRATION OF WAR MATERIAL SECTION, Vetallurgical Division, Wines Bureau, Interior Department. -- See VETALLURGICAL DIVI-SION.
- METALLURGY COMMITTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department, -- Probably created early in 1916. Consisted of four members; J. W. Richards and Lawrence Addicks, Chairmen successively, -- See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
- MEDALLUNGY MYTSION, Standards Bureau, Commerce Department, --Established in 1913. Punctions: To conduct researchee on the thermal analysis end eturiture of Inetals and on heat treatment end its effect upon the properties of metals and alloys. During the wer it cooperated with the War end Mary Departments and with the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautice in aclying various problems deling with metale. Records: In the Mational Bureau of Standards.
- MEMALURAT SECTION, Engineering Davision, National Research Council.— Established in 1918 under the chairmanship of Bredley Stoughton. Punctions: Worked chiefly through committees created to attack specific problems, such as the development of a pyrometer for the in the manufacture of etael, practices in making etael injusts, fetigue of metals, end protective body armor. Records: In the National Research Council.
- METALS, COMMITTEE ON IMPROVEMENT OF BY TREATMENT AT SLUE HEAT, Metallurgy Section, Engineering Division, National Research Council. — See IMPROVEMENT OF METALS BY TREATMENT AT BLUE HEAT COMMITTEE.
- METALS AND HEATT HARDRAYE BRANCH, Barchare and Retals Division, Quarternaster Cennevel's Crice, Nor Department,—Creeted on July 17, 1915. On October 19, 1918, transferred to the General Supplies Division, Office of the Director of Purchase end Sourage, where it became known as the Mardwere, Cordage, and Miscellances Strick. Functions of the Office in MA. Development Records: Probably Will Lines of the Office in MA. Development Records: Probably Will Lines of the Office in MA. Development Records: Probably Will Lines of the Office in MA. Development Records: Probably Will Lines of the Office in MA. Development Records: Probably Will Lines of the Office in MA. Development Records: Probably Will Lines of the Office in MA. Development Records R
- METALS COMMITTEE, RAW MATERIALS, MINERALS, AND, Advisory Commission, Council of Netional Defense.—See RAW MATERIALS, MINERALS, AND METALS COMMITTEE.
- METALS DIVISION, HARDWARE AND, Quartermater General's Office, Wer Department. -- See HARDWARE AND METALS DIVISION.
- METALS SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies end Accounts Bureeu, Navy Department.—See FURCHASE DIVISION.

- METALS SECTION, Waste Materials Branch, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See WASTE MATERIALS BRANCH.
- METALS SECTION, NON-FERROUS, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department. -- See NON-FERROUS METALS SECTION.
- METALS SECTION, MON-FERROUS, Raw Materials Division, War Industries Board. -- See MON-FERROUS METALS SECTION.
- METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION, AGRICULTURAL, Weather Bureau, Agriculture Department.—See AGRICULTURAL METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.
- METEOROLOGICAL SECTION, Special Service Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—In August 1917 the Chief of the Science and Research Division was instructed to submit plans for an Army mcteorological and aerological scrvice, and as a result this Scction was organized in September 1917. Functions: To furnish and administer meteorological service for the Army overseas and in the United States. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- MEXICAN RELATIONS DIVISION, Food Administration.—Organized in December 1917; terminated in December 1918. George J. McCarthy, Chief.
 Functions: To advise the State Department and the War Trade Board
 concerning the amount of foodstuffs that could be exported to Mexico,
 and to cooperate with the War Trade Board in issuing licenses for
 such exports. Records: 1917-18 (17 inches) in NA. Correspondence.
- MICA COOFERATIVE COLLITTEE, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Appointed by the Chairman of the superior Committee about May 1, 1917, and dissolved in the late summer or fall of that year. Functions: To keep the Committee on Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals informed as to the mica situation. Records: Some may be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.
- MICA SECTION, Chemicals Divisi n, far Industries Board.—Organized in June and discontinued on December 31, 1918. Functions: To procure adequate supplies of mica for Government needs; to handle allotments among Government contractors; and to regulate prices. Records:

 Among those of the Board in NA.
- MICROBIOLOGICAL LABORATORY, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department.—Established in 1905. Functions: To study the relation of home canning to food poisoning, with special reference to botulism; methods of conserving perishable products other than by canning, such as by brining, salting, and fermentation; the utilization of waste products in the manufacture of home-made vinegar; and the production of much needed chemicals through the action of bacteria. Records: Those in NA for the war period are chiefly in the general files of the Eureau, but correspondence and reports on projects to investigate conditions of evaporated and condensed milk in 1918 are in its special files.
 - MICROCHEMICAL LABORATORY, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department.— Established by order of the Secretary of Agriculture in 1904. Functions: To examine samples of cloths for thread count and ply of turead, in collaboration with the Leather and Paper Laboratory; to examine paper for stock determination; to analyze food products

for their ingredients and for the presence of glass; and to assist the Sanitary Corps of the Army in the detection of adulteration in foods. Records: Those for the war period are interfiled with records of the Bureau in NA.

MILITARY AFRONAUTICS DIVISION, War Department .-- This unit had a complicated history. By order of the Secretary of War on April 2h. 1918. a Division of Willtary Astronauties and a Rureau of Africatt Production were established in the Office of the Chief Signal Officer. Following the passage of the Overman Act, the President by Executive Order No. 2862, May 20, 1918, relieved the Signal Corps of its aviation work, except for the design and manufacture of radio apparatus for aeronautical rurnoses, and divided the control of aviation matters between the Division and the Bureau as separate units of the Department under the direction of the Secretary of Mar-By Executive Order No. 3066, March 19, 1919, these units were consolidated under the Director of the Air Service. Functions: To control the operations and maintenance of military aircraft and the training of aviation personnel. Functioned through a Control Board and the following Sections: Executive, Medical, Operations, Personnel, Supply, Tschnical, and Training. Records: In the offices of the Air Forces, War Denartment.

[HILLTARY ADD NAVAL INSURANCE] ANTISORY BOARD OF THE SUREAU OF WAR RISK INSURANCE, Treasury Department—Letablished on December 1/2, 1917, under suthority granted by an set of October 6, 1917. Consisted of three sembers expert in the "prestice of insurance against destin or disability," who served on a per diem basis. Punctioned to a limited deprea until the Buresu was abolished on August 9, 1921. Functions: To assist the Division of Hilltary and Naval Insurance In Illiany pradum rates and adjusting insurance and compensation elabiase. Records: Mherabouts unknown. References to the Barestor in the Yetzerski Administration.

MILITARY AND HAVAL INSURANCE STVISTON, War Bisk Insurance Bureau. Treasury Department .- Established by an act of October 6. 1917. rapid growth of the Sureau during 1917-16 and the magnitude of the program for which the Military and Maval Insurance Division was responsible made necessary the establishment of esparate administrative divisione to handle the Division's several functions. It appears to have been found impractical to group all of these adminietrative units under the Division of Military and Naval Insurance, and by August 1918 the name of the Division had disappeared from the organizational scheme of the Bureau. Functions: To administer the following three distinct parts of the military and naval insurance program for the benefit of persons in the armed forces: (1) Allotment of pay and emplementary allowances by the Government for the support of dependents, (2) life insurance, and (3) compensation for disability incurred in line of duty. Records: Certain of those relating to administration are to be found in the files of the Director of the Bureau in the Veterana! Administration. For the most part records relating to particular functions are interfiled with those of the divisions of the Veterans! Bureau and Veterans' Administration charged with the same or similar functions. Other records relating to individual veterans form the basis for the various case file series in the Veterans' Administration.

MILITARY ATTACKES SECTION, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—See POSITIVE BRANCH. MILITARY BRANCH, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—
Established on April 6, 1917, and organized into the following units:
Administrative Division, Camouflage Section, Drafting Division,
Electrical and Mechanical Section, Engineer Motor Transportation
Service, Enlisted Personnel Division, Equipment and Construction
Division, Equipment and Operations Division, Forestry Section, Fortification and Mapping Division, General Construction Section, Mining
and Quarrying Section, Personnel Division, Railroad Division, Railway Engineering Division, Record Division, Sound and Flash Ranging
Section, Surveying and Printing Section, and Water Supply Section.
The Branch was abolished some time in 1918, and many of its duties
were transferred to the Troop Division. Also known as the Fortification Division. Functions: To coordinate the military activities
of the Office. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

MILITARY COMMITTEE, National Research Council .-- See MILITARY DIVISION.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established prior to February 24, 1919, to assume some of the duties formerly assigned to the Equipment and Construction Division, Military Branch. Operated through the following Sections: Drafting; Fortification, Design, and Construction; and Military Mapping. Functions: To handle the design and construction of fortifications and military mapping. Records: Probably with those of the Office in MA.

MILITARY DIVISION, National Research Council.—Organized as the Military Section in 1916 and became the Military Committee in January 1917. Consisted of representatives of the Army and Navy and the technical branches of the Government, under the chairmanship of Charles D. Walcott, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution. In the war organization of the Council it became the Military Division. Functions: Served as an important agent in bringing about cooperation between the Army, the Navy, and other agencies of the Government; formulated a large number of military research problems for investigation by other branches of the Council; and was instrumental in the organization of the Research Information Committee (later the Research Information Service) and in bringing about the weekly conferences on war problems held by the Physics, Mathematics, Astronomy, and Geophysics Division and the Engineering Division. Records: In the National Research Council.

MILITARY ENTERTAINMENT COUNCIL, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department.—Probably organized in 1917. Functions: To arrange for the sale of "smileage" books through volunteer agents throughout the country, more than a half million dollars worth of which were used by soldiers to obtain admission to entertainments within camp limits. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

MILITARY HISTORY AND STATISTICS BRANCH, Commissioned Personnel Section, Administration Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.— Orieinated about January II, 1915, as the Eilitary History Unit of the Commissioned Personnel Branch of the Personnel Section, General Administration Bureau. Later became the Eilitary History and Statistics Branch of the Commissioned Personnel Section, Administration Division. Its functions were taken over on November 1, 1918, by the Personnel Branch of the Operations Division, General Staff.

Functions: To maintain the military history and statistics of the Commissioned personnel of the Ordnance Department. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

MILITARY HISTORY SECTION, GENERAL, Historical Branch, War Plans Division, General Staff, War Department,—See GENERAL HILITARY HISTORY SECTION.

MILITARY INFORMATION UNIT, General Control Branch, Design Section, Gun Division, Orchance Chief's Office, War Department.—See GENERAL CON-TROL BRANCH.

MILITARY INTRILIGRACE DIVISION, Separal Staff, War Department, -- From 1835 until 1903 there existed a Military Information Division responsible to The Adintant General. However the establishment of the General Staff in 1903 this Division was transformed to it, and its organizational status underwent various changes, until a Military Intelligence Section was erested by an order dated May 3, 1917. Upon the General Staff reorganization of February 9. 1918. by General Orders En. 1h the Military Intelligence Section was placed under the new Executive Division, and upon a second reorganization, effected by General Orders No. 80, August 26, 1918, it became a Division. Operated through three Branches: Geographic. Positive. and Negative, each of which was further subdivided into sections. The officer in charge, who was designated as the Director of Kilitary Intelligence, was also Chief Filitary Censor. Functions: The so-called "positive" functions had to do with the maintenance of daily revised estimates concerning the military and economic situation throughout the world and the collection, collection, and distribution of military intelligence: the "negative" functions had to do with measures to prevent information from reaching the enemy and to prevent satotage. Records: 1917-30 (639 feet) in NA. Include records of personal investigations and of the administration of consorabin and plant protection during the war, and \$180 reports of military attaches accredited to foreign covernments. 1918-10

MINITAR JUSTICE DUTATION, Judge Advocate General's Office, Nar Department.--Probably in existence before the war. Punctioned through the following Sections: Special Opinions, Dienisable and Capital Syntheses, Pointentiary Sentences and Ordicers' Cases not Involving Dienisaal, Dientplinary Surracks Sentences, Retained-In-Service Sentences, Clemency and Restoration, Statistical, Doard of Review, and Conscientious Objectors. Functions: To pass upon, in an advisory capacity, questions ariging in the sadistatistation of justice by general courts wartial, courts of inquiry, and military commissions. Records: In the judge Advocate General's Office.

MILITARY MAPPING SECTION, Equipment and Construction Division, Hiltary Franch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Nor Department.— Created as a result of the transfer on September 29, 1917, of the map files from the Administrative Division to the Equipment and Construction Division. By an office circular of July 8, 1916, tt was merged into the newly created Fortification and Mapping Division. Functions: To preserve and reproduce twips for the Engineer.

Department. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

MILITARY MAPPING SECTION, Military Construction Division; Office of the Office of Requested Property Carlot of Peterstry Ca, 1919, to saume the suppling datase formerly and good to the Furtherization and import Mixiston of the Military Parameth.

and The Procurement of the necessary personnel. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

- WILITARY MOBILIZATION SECTION, Historical Branch, War Plans Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized in 1918. Functions: To collect historical data upon mobilization, replacement, supply, and demobilization. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
- MILITARY OPTICAL GLASS AND INSTRUMENT SECTION, Finished Products
 Division, War Industries Board.—Organized on March 15, 1918, to
 deal with commodities formerly handled by the Small Tools Section.
 Discontinued on December 6, 1918. Functions: To survey the industry for nonessential work that might be eliminated, and to supervise it so that military requirements might be met. Records: 1918
 (16 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence, correspondence
 concerning requests for permission to fill optical glass contracts
 and concerning shipments, lists of Government and Allied requirements, records of clearance requests, and blucprints of instruments.
 Other records may be in the "consolidated files" of the Board.
 - MILITARY ORTHOPEDIC SURGERY DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Dopartment.—Established on August 17, 1917. Became the Orthopedic Surgery Section of the Surgery Division on November 30, 1918, in compliance with Office Order No. 97. Functions: To study and recommend a comprehensive plan for the organization and equipment of orthopedic hospitals for reconstruction purposes, and to handle all phases of orthopedic work in the military service. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - MILITARY PUBLICATIONS SECTION, Equipment and Operations Division, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See EQUIPMENT AND OPERATIONS DIVISION.
 - PILITARY HAILWAYS DIRECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Originated in the appointment on July 17, 1917, of a Director General of Railways by the Secretary of War, responsible to the Chief of Engineers. The title of this official was changed on January 1, 1918, to Director General of Military Railways in order to avoid confusion with the newly appointed Director General of Railroads of the United States Railroad Administration. Functioned through a Personnel Division and a Laterial Division. Abolished upon the reorganization of the War Department under the National Defense Act of 1920. Functions: To procure personnel, materials, and supplies for Army railroad operations in France. Records: With those of the Office of the Chief of Engineers in NA.
 - MILITARY RELIEF DEPARTMENT, American National Red Cross War Council.—See AMERICAN NATIONAL RED CROSS WAR COUNCIL.
 - WILITARY TRANSPORTATION BOARD, INTERALLIED.—Sec INTERALLIED MILITARY TRANSPORTATION BOARD.
 - MILITIA AFFAIRS DIVISION, NAVAL, Navigation Bureau, Navy Department.—See NAVAL MILITIA AFFAIRS DIVISION.
 - MILITIA BUREAU, War Department.—Established by General Orders No. 21, July 6, 1916, pursuant to the provisions of an act of June 3, 1916. Essentially, the Bureau represented a reorganization of the former Division of Militia Affairs (or Militia Division). Functions: To perform administrative duties involving the organization, argument, instruction, equipment, discipline, training.

impaction, and payment of the Mational Guard; its preparation for participation in field exercises and nanewers of the Regular Argits mobilization in time of peace; and matters pertaining to the National Guard not in federal service. When the Hational Guard was "Federalized" on August 5, 1917, the States took steps to organize flows Guard organizations to protect public utilities and other property, and these Name Guards were placed in the charge of the Hillian Durau. These Guards were authorized by Fresidential preclamation of November 15, 1917. Records: Arcount books and related papers of November 16, 1917. Records: Arcount books and related papers are found to the ver are in Ma. Other records are in the far

- MIK, BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS, AND FRESH VEGETABLES BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SURSISTENCE DIVISION.
- MIK COMMISSIONS, FEDERAL, Food Administration.—See FEDERAL MIK COMMISSIONS.
- MILK, ICE, AND COAL DISTRIBUTION COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See DISTRIBUTION OF MILK, ICE, AND COAL COMMITTEE.
- NIK SECTION, Perisheble Foods Division, Food Administration.—Organized in October 1918. Kerged in October 1918 with the Gaumed Milk Saction of the Carned Milk Saction of Perisheble Foods Division to June the Perisheble Foods Division to June 19 Perisheble Foods Division of The Saction of Perisheble Milk Saction of The Saction of The Perished Milk Saction of The Saction of The Perished Milk Saction of The Milk Saction of the Perished Milk Saction of the Perished Milk Saction of the Milk Saction
- MILK SECTION, CANHED, Canned Foods Division, Food Administration .-- See CANNED WILK SECTION. Canned Foods Division.
- MILK SECTION, CANNED, Coordination of Purchase Division, Food Administration.—See CANNED MIK SECTION, Coordination of Purchase Divi-
- NILL SCHEDULE DEFARMENT, Grain Corporation.—Established in August 1918. Cooperated with the Gereal Division of the Food Administration and with the State Food Administrator and resulting the Companies on the basis of verying freight 1919, Functions: To compute, on the basis of verying freight 1914, Paril price schedules or maximum prices for Flour and Geod Companies of the Comp
- MILLING MYMSTON, Food Arkinistration.—Crganized in June 1917 as the Milling Committee. The United States was divided into nine divisions, with a committee, beaded by a chairman, in each division. The nine chairmen comprised the control committee. The ordite orthe nine chairmen comprised the control committee or the ordite chairment of the committee of the chairman of the Readounters were established in New York, Most of the furnitions

were transferred to the Milling Section of the Cereal Division on July 25, 1918. Functions: To administer regulations, to obtain agreements, and to act as intermediary between mills and the Food Administration; and to assist the Army, the Navy, and the Allies in meeting their grain requirements. Work was carried on through the voluntary cooperation of the millers. After June 1918 the Flour Department of the Grain Corporation negotiated the purchase of wheat and other flours from the millers. Records: 1917-18 (71 feet) in NA. Correspondence, drafts of milling regulations, bulletins, elippings, and weekly reports.

MILLING SECTION, Coreal Division, Food Administration.—Established on July 1, 1918, to continue the work of the Milling Division. It operated through the Grain Corporation zone representatives and a Milling Advisory Committee, which included the former divisional chairmen of the Milling Division. Abolished in January 1919. Functions: To obtain the cooperation of the milling industry in carrying out milling plans for the 1918 crop. Records: 1918-19 (11 feet) in NA. Correspondence and monthly reports of wheat-flowr millers. Related records are in the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace.

Crganized on August 24, 1918, to carry on functions previously performed by the Technical Adviser to the Fuel Administrator. Discontinued in November 1918. Also known as the Mine Track Bureau. Functions: To consider applications for mine sidings and to pass on the advisability of opening new coal workings. The Committee advised the Railroad Administration, the Capital Issues Committee, and other agencies concerning its findings. Records: 1918-19 (1 foot) in NA. Chiefly correspondence.

MINERAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS COMMITTEE .-- Organized by the Division of Planning and Statisties of the Shipping Board on February 28, 1918. Represented the Shipping, War Trade, and War Industries Boards. It went out of existence as an official committee of the Shipping Board on June 7, 1918, and through a cooperative arrangement continued to function under the supervision of the War Industries The new organization terminated on January 1, 1919, but a small group of the Shipping Board's technical assistants worked in cooperation with the Division of Mineral Resources of the Geological Survey until March 1919 in order to complete certain studies on mineral imports and exports. This Division took over part of the Committee's records. Edwin F. Gay, Director. Functions: assist in formulating programs relative to the importation and exportation of minerals, especially in regard to a more effective use of shipping facilities. Records: 1918-19 (7 1/2 feet) in NA. Correspondence, reports, memoranda, and mimeographed and printed material, including bulletins, journals, and other publications of the War Trade, War Industries, and Shipping Boards; copies of War Trade Board rulings (1917-19); embargo recommendations of the Committee; data on mineral reserves, production, resources, and other like information, and information on mineral imports during January, April, and May 1918; and an index to Executive orders and all other regulations and rulings on imports and exports (1917-19). Part of the Committee's records are combined with certain records of the Joint Information Board on Kinerals and Derivatives and of the Mineral Resources Division of the Geological Survey, in a mineral subject file of 8 1/2 feet, in NA.

WINERAL RELIEF COMMISSION, WAR, Interior Department. -- See WAR MINERAL RELIEF COMMISSION.

MINERAL RESOURCES DIVISION, Geologic Branch, Geological Survey, Interior Department .- Established before the war. In 1925 it was incorporated into the Bureau of Mines. Functions: During the war, to serve as the primary source of information concerning the mineral production of the United States, especially as to etatistics, conditions, and prospects of production; to prepare and release this information in the form of reports, special press bulletins, and reviews of conditions; to advise Government agencies as to Allied and enemy mineral resources, their extent, location, and utilization; and to give special assistance to the mining industry and miners. Records: 1917-19 (h 1/2 feet) in NA. Consist of the correspondence and data files of Edson S. Bastin, Geologist in Charge of the Section on Cooperation, February 1918-January 1919, and of F. J. Katz, Assistant Chief of the Division, January-September 1919. Also in NA are some records of the Diviston that were combined with certain records of the Committee on Mineral Imports and Exports and of the Joint Information Board on Minerals and Derivatives in one mineral subject file of 8 1/2 feet. This file contains reports, data, statistics, memoranda, printed material, and general information on the development of domestic supplies of minerals; that use of minerals and derivatives for war purposes; supply and consumption; foreign and domestic resources; and imports and exports. Other records are in the Bureau of Kines. References: Goological Survey, Annual Reports, 1917-19; Edson S. Esstin and Hiram D. Survey, Annual Reports, 1917-19; Edson S. Done by the United States Oceany, "the nork on kineral resources and on the observed deep colored Survey," in occa he was the colored Survey, where A peak the colored Survey. The Colored Survey, the colored Survey, the colored Survey, bulletin 666. Tabilitation, 1937) 1937 [Supplement of the Colored Survey, Bulletin 666. Tabilitation, 1937) (Sashington, 1921).

MIMERAL RESOURCES DIVISION, ATASKAN, Geologic Branch, Geological Survey, Interior Department. -- See ATASKAN MINERAL RESOURCES DIVISION.

KIRGAL TECHNOLOGY DUVISION, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Created before the war increased before the war increased to that the production and utilized the production of the war, increased the production of naturals products. During the war, it is more increased the production of naturals for explosives and fertilizers and the preparation of steel alloys. Fork was performed through the following Sections: Electric Pursace and homogeneous Alloys; Mitrogen Fixation; Rare Betals and August the Contact Cyanide Plant (Chemical Plant No. 1) and Plant the Character Charles of Tries, has related to the Industries Board, the Bureauties of the American General Society, and various conservation of the Character C

MINDRAIS AND GRIVATUES, JOINT INDOCATION BOARD ON.—First organized in February 1918 as an informal Joint Committee on sinceals. The Joint Information Board on Minerals and Derivatives, as later Goused, was composed of representatives of the Far, Farry, Agriculture, sucree, Interior, Treasury, and State Departments of the State of the Farry and State Departments of the Mark Tarde, and Shipping the Mercey the Tartiff Commission; the Federal States Commission; and the Rational Research Council. Ended January 1, 1919, and its records were targetered to the Kineral Resource

Division, Geologic Branch, Geological Survey. Pope Yeatman of the War Industries Board, Chairman. Functions: To coordinate and distribute information concerning minerals of importance in the prosecution of the war; to provide opportunity for the discussion of administrative problems relative to minerals; and to aid Government administrators in obtaining all available information on minerals. Records: 1918-19 (1 foot) in NA. Include a correspondence file (3 inches) of Edson S. Bastin, Secretary of the Board; minutes of meetings of the Board; reports; and data on the activities of Government agencies in regard to minerals. Most of the Board's records are combined with certain records of the Committee on Mineral Imports and Exports and of the Division of Mineral Resources in one mineral subject file of 8 1/2 feet, in NA.

MINERALS COMMITTEE, WAR .- See WAR MINERALS COMMITTEE.

MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS, WAR, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See WAR MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.

WINERALS SECTION, POLITICAL AND COMMERCIAL CONTROL OF, War Minerals Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See WAR MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.

MINES AND NET SECTION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—Organized at the outbreak of the war and still in existence. Functions: To have charge of the design, manufacture, and procurement of naval mines, complete with their attachments and loaded and ready for use, and also of the procurement of depth charges, nets, and naval defense bombs and entanglements, exclusive of torpedo nets on board ship. Records: In the Navy Department.

MINES AND TORFEDDES COMMITTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—Created on November 4, 1915. Consisted of four members; Elmer A. Sperry, Chairman.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.

MINES BUREAU, Interior Department. - Established on July 1, 1910. Functions: To conduct scientific, technologic, and economic investigations relative to increasing health, safety, and efficiency in mining and mineral industries. The Bureau initiated important war-related research prior to April 1917, and conducted numerous special investigations during the war in cooperation with, and partly financed by, the War and Navy Departments. It cooperated also with the Capital Issues Committee, the Council of National Defense, the Fuel Administration, the War Industries Board, and other agencies. War work was performed through research projects carried on under the supervision of the Director, as well as by special research units and permanent units of the Bureau, as follows: Helium Production Research; War Gas Investigations; War Minerals Investigations; and Explosives Regulation, Metallurgical, Mineral Technology, Mining, and Petroleum Divisions. Records: 1917-23 (126 feet) in NA. Include those of the Explosives Regulation Division, a few records of other divisions, records of the War Minerals Investigations, and some Helium Production Research records in the files of the Director of the Bureau. Consist of correspondence, statistical data, reports of investigations, reports to other branches of the Government, and circular questionmaires and replies. Other records are in the Mines Burcau and in the Bureau's experiment stations. References: Mines Bureau,

- Bulletins, 1764-178D (Washington, 1919), which were prepared as chapters of a projected volume to be entitled "War Work of the Bureau of Mines"; Fred W. Powell, The Bureau of Mines (New Lork, 1922).
- WINING AND QUARTY SECTION, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See CIVIL AND MECHANICAL DIVI-SION
- MINIO AND QUARRIED SECTION, Military Branch, Office of the Onlef of Engineers, Bar Department.—Techellated as a temporary unit prior to the end of 1917. Functions: To study mining and quarrying problems, and to train and provide personnel for mining and quarrying work for the American Expeditionary Forces. Records: Probably with those of the Office in MA.
- KINING COSTS AND ORE MARKETS SECTION, WAR Minerals Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See MAR MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.
- MINING MIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department. Probably created in 1918 and terminated at the close of the war. Functions: To recruit and distribute mine labor. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- ULINIO ULIVISION, Mines Duress, Interior Department,—In existence before the saw, Functions; Indicated by the rames of the following Sections, which performed war-related work: Breathing and Resuscitating Apparatus for Soldiers; Coal for hard hurpose; European War Requirements; Explosives Investigations for Army and Mary Investigation of Accidente but to Explosives; and thereforeund Sound Detecting and Ramps Finding. Cooperated with the War Mineral Investigations, the Army, the Sawy, the Mary the Mar Industries Deard, and Investigations, the Army, the Sawy, the Mary the Mar Industries Deard, and Parameters in Mines Enthus Explosives and Mines Library, 1979, 99-102 (Guillein 1971). Realington, 1979,
- MINING METHODS SECTION, War Minerals Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department. —See FAR MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.
- MINT BUREAU, Treasury Department. Greated as a bureau in 1873, although the first mint was established in Philadelphia as early as 1792. Functions: To axecute the coinage of the United States, make assays of coin and of bullion, purchase and refine precious metels, and melt and recoin uncurrent coins. During the war the Kint Bureau was responsible for meeting the extraordinary demand for coinage, especially for subsidiary and minor coin, that came with increased business and higher prices. Further war work was entailed by the increased use of platimum in Covernment work, by the melting of silver dollars under an act of April 23, 1918, and by the export of silver to the Allied countries. Records: Those in NA (1792-1934, LS1 feet) include (1) correspondence; reports; and statistical files relating to mining, the purchase of silver, deposits, coinage and recoinage, foreign coins, and medals and assays, and (2) accounting and administrative records of various mints and assay offices. Most of the records are in the Treasury Department. References: Jesse P. Watson, The Bureau of the Mint, 3-12, 19 (Baltimore, 1926) ..

- MISCELLANEOUS AND OFFICE SUPPLIES BRANCH, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized about December 1, 1918. Functioned in February 1919 through five commodity Sections, as follows: Miscellaneous Unassigned Articles, Office Equipment, Office Supplies, Drafting Equipment and Supplies, and Field Office Equipment and Supplies. About May 1, 1919, it took over the functions of the Remount Branch. Abolished about June 1, 1919, when its functions were assumed by the General Supplies Branch. Functions: To be responsible for the disposal of surplus office supplies and office equipment, drafting equipment and supplies, and miscellaneous articles. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office In MA.
 - MISCELLANEOUS BRANCH, Artillery Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created as a separate branch in March 1913. Continued in operation until the armistice. Functions: To handle the procurement of mounts, precision instruments and chests, tools and accessories for all artillery, fore sights, taps, dies, drills, and electrical equipment. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - MISCELLANEOUS BRANCH, Small Arms Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.--Established on January 15, 1918, as the Accessories Branch. Later in 1918 it became the Miscellaneous Branch. Functions: To handle the purchase of accessories and miscellaneous items for small arms, machine guns, and side arms. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - MISCELLANEOUS CHEMICALS SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Hoard.—Established on April 23 and discontinued on December 31, 1918. Also known as the Fine Chemicals Section. Functions: To gather data relating to the importation and domestic production of chemical materials, to ascertain the various needs for chemicals, and to act as a clearinghouse between producer and consumer with reference to chemicals not handled by any other section of the Chemicals Division. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
 - MISCELLANEOUS CHEMICALS SUBCOMMITTEE, Chemicals Cooperative Committee, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Formed about May 1917. Became the Miscellaneous Chemicals Committee of the Chemical Alliance, Inc., in November. Functions: To handle matters pertaining to miscellaneous chemicals for the Committee. Records: Most of them were transferred to the Chemical Alliance, but a Tew are among the records of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.
 - EISCELLANEOUS CIVIL DIVISION, Civil Works Branch, Office of the Chief of Fngineers, War Department.—Established prior to the outbreak of the war. Became the Miscellaneous Civil Section of the Civil Division upon the establishment of that Division prior to the end of 1916. Functions: To handle administrative work in connection with the establishment of and changes in harbor lines, the removal of obstructions to navigation, the bridging of navigable waters, and the supervision of the harbor of New York, and to perform various miscellaneous duties. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - MISCELLAMEOUS COLLODITIES DEPARTMENT, Grain Corporation. -- Established in December 1918. Terminated on June 30, 1919, when its functions

were transferred to a new Duropean Department. Functions: To handle transactions in incellancous noncernel commodities—chiefly meats, dairy products, sugar, notor oll, and automobiles—purchased and ehipped for the Aserican Felicia Administration and other relief organizations operating in Europe and the Hear East after the armiestice. Records: 1918-19 (3h feet, not including records combined with those of Its euccessor, the European Department) in NA. Include purchase, sales, and athipping records, chiefly wonders, involves, and journal entries. Beferences: Prank M. Surfaco, The Organ Trado During the World War, 400-413 (New York, 1920).

WISCILLANDOUS COMMONITIES HIVISION, Food Administration.—Organized in June 1917 as the Storage and Market Univision and later callad successively the Organization and Folicy Division, the Commercial Schalinons Division, and the Wiscellansons Cornodities Unvision. Marged on January 10, 1918, with the Chemicals, Steal, and dute Division, with later because the Collatorial Commonities Division. The common of the commonities of participation of production of food, were inclinded in the program of the Food Administration; to coordinate the work of associations and conferences with that of the Administration; and to find are qualified to take charge of the workous commercial activities of the Administration. Records: 197-18 (f feet) in Na. Correspondence.

MISCELLANDUS CONSOUTIES SOUTION, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—Organized in the sumer of 1918 discontinued on December 31, 1918. Punctions: To prevent ehortages, provide producing capacity, end set as a clearinghouse for materials not epoclifically assigned to any other section of the Board. Assumed some of the duties forcetly performed by the Miscellaneous Section of the Frocurement Division, Ordanoc Onie's Office, Nar Department. Recording Among those of the Board in NA.

MISCILAMBUS DIVISION, Adjutant Ceneral's Office, War Department— Organized about 1899, Punctions: To handle general questions concerning the administration, evaluates, and supply of the Army and the novement of troops and to conduct correspondence relating therato; to code and decode cipher messages; and to handle questions relating to the administration of war prisoner barracks, disciplinary

to; to code and decode cipher messages; and to handle questions relating to the administration of war prisoner barracks, disciplinary barracks, and alien enemiss in the Army. Records: In The Adjutant General's Office.

MISCELLANDUS MATERIAL ERANDH, Purchase Section, Oun Division, Ord-

manner Otief "nither Babbon, parents accessed on September 20, 1921; transferred to the Procurement Division by Om Division Order 10: 1921; transferred to the Procurement Division of the No. 17, January 13, 1918. Functions: To bandla business negotitions from the Purchase of the Chalmons natural of all kinds not within the purchase of microllanous natural of all kinds not within the purchase of my other branch of the Purchase Section. Records: Trobably with those of the Office in Ma.

NINGELANDRUS SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department, -Established on Jamany 15, 1915, and included the following Branchess Gags, Machinery, and Maccellanceux. Functions: to hands purchases of gages, fuse actives, machinery, and machine tools, equipment for field and experimental plante, various kinds of slectrical equipment, ernes, lococontives, care, conveyors, hardware and hand tools of all kinds, notor accessories, cartridge atorage cases for propollant charges, forgular equipment, gas electric

generating sets, portable hand and cap lamps and lanterns, dry cell flashlights, time interval recorders or stop watches, and other articles not coming within the province of any other section. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

MISCELLANEOUS SECTION, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established in 1918. Absorbed the functions of the Transportation Section, established on January 30, 1918, and of the Fuel and Power Section, established on June 5, 1918. Functions: To handle matters of transportation, fuel and power distribution, industrial housing, and industrial safety and sanitation insofar as they related to the functions and activities of the Division. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

MISCELIANEOUS SECTION, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Established in July 1918 to consolidate for administrative purposes special activities having no logical relation to those of any other section of the Division or to each other. As first organized, it comprised five Subsections, as follows: Personnel, Physical Standards and Examinations, Vermin Infestation and Disinfestation, Correspondence (relating to the physical conditions of individual officers and enlisted men), and Development Battalions. The functions handled by the Personnel Subsection were transferred to the Personnel Division about the middle of 1919, the Physical Standards and Examinations Subsection was ultimately established as a separate Section of the Sanitation Division, and the Vermin Infestation and Disinfestation Subsection ceased to exist as of July 31, 1919. Functions: To handle a variety of problems, including matters pertaining to administrative sanitary personnel for camps, cantonments, and recruit depots, physical standards and examinations, investigation of vermin problems, and supervision of development battalions. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

MISCELLANEOUS SUPPLIES BRANCH, Supplies and Equipment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Formed on January 18, 1918, as a Branch of the Clothing and Equipage Division and became part of the Supplies and Equipment Division on January 26. Abolished on April 16, 1918. Functions: To procure those supplies for the Army not handled by other branches of the Division. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

MOBILE ARTILLERY COMMITTEE, Munitions Standards Board, Council of National Defense.—See ARMY AND NAVY ARTILLERY SUBCOMMITTEE, General Munitions Board.

MOBILE CARRIAGE SECTION, Engineering Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on January 19, 1918, as the Mobile Gun Carriage Section by the consolidation of the Field Artillery and the Anti-Aircraft Sections of the Carriage Division.

Functions: To handle questions of a technical nature in connection with field artillery and antiaircraft material, with the exception of sights, fire control instruments, guns, and motor equipment. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

LOBILE GUN CARRIAGE SECTION, Artillery Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See ARTILLERY DIVISION.

MOBILIZATION DEPARTMENT, Administrative Branch, Field Artillery Chief's Office, War Department.—See FIELD ARTILLERY CHIEF'S OFFICE.

- WOBILIZATION HIVISION, Provest Marshal General's Office, Mar Department.—Established in 1918. Basomatimed by July 15, 1919. Purnations: To handle satters relating to allocation and to the according to the satters relating to allocation and to the according to the satters relating to allocation and to the according to the confer with the other divisions of the Office on questions of interpretations, soulfications, shampe, or suspensions of the Selective Service Act and Regulations. Seconds: Bith those of the Office in Na.
- MOBILIZATION SECTION, MILITARY, Historical Branch, War Plans Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MILITARY MOBILIZATION SECTION.
- MOLASSES BRANCH, JAMS, JELLIES, PRESERVES, SYRUP, AND, Subsistence Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See JAMS, JELLIES, PRESERVES, SYRUP, AND DULASSES PARKET.
- MORT ACCOUNTS INTISION, Finance Service, War Department,—Betablished brior to the outbreak of the war as the Money Accounts Branch of the Rinance and Accounting Existen of the Quarternaster General's Office. On August 27, 1913, it became, through reorganisation, the Money Accounts Enther the Pay, Money Accounts Enther the Money Accounts Enther Pay, Money Accounts Entherston, and Officers' Pay Branches. Became Part of the Finance Service when the Latter was created in Cotober 1915. Purclions: To receive and examine money accounts and to transmit them to the Auditor Accounts Enther the Auditor Accounts Commission of the Auditor Accounts and to transmit them to the Auditor Accounts and the Pay Auditor Commission of the Auditor Accounts and Commission o
 - NOMET ORDER DIVISION, Roet Office Department.—In existence before the war. Functions: During the war it handled a large volume of butleness of the troops in the camps and coantoments in the United States, Europe, end Siberia. Records: Some may be among those of the Department in UA. Others remain in the Post Office Department.
- MORAL AND SPIRITUAL PORCES, DEPARTMENT FOR THE SAFEGUARDING OF, Mosan's Countitée, Council of National Defense.—Sew HEALTH AND REGRE-ATION DEPARTMENT.
- MDRILE BRANCH, General Staff, War Department.—Originated as a Subsection of the Army Section, Regative Brunch, Bilitary Intelligence Division. On August 18, 1918, it became a Section of the Negative Brunch. Detecte a separate Franch of the General Staff, on October 19, 1918, Transferred to the War Flans Division, General Orders No. 88, July 18, 1919. All normle organizations were discontinued in 1921 by Bulletin No. 15. Functions: To stimulate normal throughout the Army and maintain a Coine consection and lisison with similar activities in civil life. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
- MORALE DIVISION, Navigation Bureau, Eavy Department.—See NAVIGATION BUREAU.
- IDRALE SECTION, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, Ceneral Staff, War Department.—See MDRALE BRANCH, General Staff.

- MORGAN SALVAGE DEPOT GROUP, Explosives and Loading Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. See EXPLOSIVES AND LOADING BRANCH.
- MOSQUITO CONTROL SUBSECTION, FLY AND, Sanitary Engineering Section, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.— See SANITARY ENGINEERING SECTION.
- MOTION PICTURE SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration. -- See ADVERTISING SECTION.
- MOTION FICTURE SECTION, Information Division, Information and Education Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably created in July 1918 and terminated in June 1919. Functions: To interest and instruct the public in labor and industrial policies of vital importance for increasing war production. Records: Disposition of the Service's records was authorized by Congress on May 7, 1928.
- MOTION PICTURE SECTION, Social Hygiene Division, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department.—Organized in 1917. Functions: To conduct, by means of motion pictures, educational campaigns in camps and among the civilian population, aimed at the prevention of venereal disease. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
- MOTION PICTURE SUBSECTION, COMMERCIAL, News Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MEWS SECTION.
- LOTION PICTURES BRANCH, Industrial Education Section, Administration Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION SECTION.
- MOTOR AND CARRIAGE BRANCH, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Organized in May 1917 as the Inspection Section, Carriage Division. On February 1, 1918, this Section became the Motor and Carriage Branch of the Executive Section, Inspection Division. Operated through the following Groups: Field Artillery Carriage; Railway and Seacoast Mount; Miscellaneous Artillery Vehicles; Tanks; Tractor; and Motor Equipment. Functions: To supervise the inspection of field artillery carriages; antiaircraft, seacoast, and railway mounts; tractors and tanks; and miscellaneous vehicles. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- MOTOR CARS BRANCH, Motors Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on November 1, 1918, and in existence on February 1, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Functions: To be responsible for filling requisitions for motor cars required for overseas forces. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - NOTOR DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—In August 1918 a Special Assistant to the Chief of Ordnance was in charge of tanks. His supervision later was extended over tractors and trailers. On November 9, 1918, Office Memorandum No. 133 created a Division to handle this work. Functions: To stimulate the production

- of tanks, tank materials, tractors, and trailers. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- IDTOR EQUIPMENT GROUP, Motor and Carriage Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See MOTOR AND CARRIAGE BRANCH.
- MOTOR RULIFICHT SECTION, Engineering Bivision, Ordnance Chief's Office, War bepartment.—Fathblished on January 19, 1915. Functions: To handle questions of a technical nature in connection with motor equipment issued by the Ordnance Department, including motorcycles, tracks, caterpillar trectors, and amoved whicles of all kinds. Records: Probably with those of the Office in MA.
- NOTOR BUILTHEAT SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordanos Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on January 15, 1918. Originally included six Branches Callews: Chassis, Bodies, Squiprent, Table of State of St
- NOTOR STORAGE SECTION, Reserve Depot and Space Allotment Branch, Operations Control Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Servics, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nar Department. —See RESERVE DEPOT AND SPACE ALLOTERY BRANCH.
- MOTOR TRACTION BOARD, SECOND, Ordnance Chief'e Office, War Department, -- See BECOMD MOTOR TRACTION BOARD.
- MOTOR TRANSPORT BRANCH, Domestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Offics, Purchass and Storage Director's Offics, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.-See DUMNSTIC OFFRANTONS IN
- NORS TAMEROR CRESS CHIEVES OFFICE, War Department.—Originated on sommary 26, 1918, as the Noters Division in the Quartermaster Corps; on April 16 the name was changed to Motor Tensport Division; and on April 18, by General Orders No. 38, 14 was changed to Motor Transport Services. Reorganized into a separate Corps under General Orders No. 75, August 15, 1918. In addition to an Executive Blurision, which handled general edulinistrative work and provide Blurision, which handled general edulinistrative work and provide Blurision. Engineer, and the state of the Company of the Services of

- MOTOR TRANSPORT SERVICE, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department. See MOTOR TRANSPORT CORPS CHIEF'S OFFICE.
- MOTOR TRANSPORT SUBDIVISION, Port Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—A Motor Transport Branch was established by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 9, October 25, 1918. On November 22, 1918, this Branch became the Motor Transport Subdivision. In existence on February 1, 1919, when the Port Operations Division was abolished. Functions: To have charge of the compilation of records and reports relative to the movement of Motor Transport Corps supplies through ports of embarkation for overseas forces, and to regulate the movement of such supplies in accordance with established priorities. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - MOTOR TRANSPORTATION BRANCH, Operations Division, General Staff, War Department.—Created in August 1918. Functions: To supervise the work of the Motor Transport Corps in the design, procurement, storage, operation, upkeep, and repair of motor vehicles and accessories and in the control of the personnel to operate these vehicles; and to coordinate the relations of the Motor Transport Corps with the troops. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
 - MOTOR TRANSFORTATION OF FARM PRODUCTS PROJECT, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department.—Established on March 15, 1918, with funds provided by the Food Production Act of August 10, 1917. Discontinued on June 30, 1919. Functions: To increase production and improve transportation of foodstuffs and other commodities by studying the need for and the methods and costs of operating motor routes in rural districts; by developing and fostering the use of improved business and accounting methods for operators of these routes; by establishing, in cooperation with such operators, demonstration routes; and by arranging for the provision of motor-transportation facilities for important shipping sections during the period of the heaviest crop movements in such sections. Records: Some are in NA among the records of the Markets Bureau. Included are correspondence of the Philadelphia office, 1918-19 (6 inches), and a report of the Project for 1918.
 - MOTOR TRANSPORTATION SERVICE, ENGINEER, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See ENGINEER MOTOR TRANS-PORTATION SERVICE.
 - MOTOR TRANSPORTATION SUBDIVISION, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MOTORS SUBDIVISION.
 - Part of the Motor Transportation of Farm Products Project. Discontinued on June 30, 1919. Functions: To arrange for the provision of motor-transportation facilities for important shipping sections during the period of the heaviest crop movements in such sections. Records: Some are in NA among those of the Markets Bureau.
 - NOTOR TRUCKS CONSITTEE, ARROWED CARS AND, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense.—See ARROWED CARS AND MOTOR THUCKS COMMITTEE.

- MOTOR VEHICLE BOARD, Ordnance Chief's Office, Mar Department.—Created on April 18, 1916, by Special Order No. 91. Functions: To handle satters pertaining to solto whiches, regardless of the corps or branch of the service by which such webtcles were used. Records: Probably with those of the Office in No.
- MOTOR VEHICLES AND AIRCRAFT SECTION, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—Estoblished on Jammary 17, 1919, as the botors and Vehicles Sales Section. Its name was changed on February 4. Still in existence on December 1919. Functions: To supervise the sale of surplus setor vehicles and diversit and equipment held by War Department bureaus. Records: Mhercabouts unknown.
- MINES AND VEHICLES REANCH, Demestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Estarage, and Traffic Division, Central Staff, War Department.—Estatlished about March 1, 1919, by a consolidation of the Motors Branch and the Vehicles and Harmess Branch. In azistence on May 19, 1919, when the Division was abolismed. Functions: 10 supervise the storage, distribution, and paintenance of a focks of motor and animal-drawn vehicles. Records: Some are smong those of the Quartermaster General's Office in Na.
- MUTTICE AND VEHICLES BRANCE, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase property of the Storage of June 1919; Motor Vehicles and Parts and Anthail and Hand Bream Vehicles. Still in existence on June 30, 1930. Functions: To have charge of the sale of surplus wehicles. Resorting Some are smong those of the Quarternaster General's Office in Na.
- MUNICA AND VERTILES BUTISTON, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Butween's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Director's Office, Purchase of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control performed by the Vehicles and Harness Division of the Control of
 - MOTORS AND VEHICLES HIVISION, Storage Service, Purchass and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MOTORS AND VEHICLES SECTION, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division.
 - EDTORS AND VEHICLES SAIES SECTION, Sales Branch, Furchase, Storags, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MOTOR VEHICLES AND AIRCRAFT SECTION.

- **Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on May 19, 1919, and consisted of the following Subsections: Domestic Distribution, Export Distribution, Replenishment, Stock Record, and Surplus Property. On November 6 it became a Branch of the Supplies Division, and on May 19, 1920, it became the Motors and Vehicles Division. Functions: To have charge of the storage and distribution of automotive and animal-drawn vehicles and parts, and to determine surplus stocks. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - MOTORS AND VEHICLES SECTION, Purchase Summaries Branch, Statistical Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.--See PURCHASE SULVARIES BRANCH.
 - MOTORS BRANCH, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on October 28, 1918. Consolidated with the Vehicles and Harness Branch about March 1, 1919, to form the Motors and Vehicles Branch. Functions: To supervise the storage, distribution, and maintenance of stocks of motor vehicles and parts. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - MOTORS COMMITTEE, INTERNAL COMBUSTION, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.--See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
 - MOTORS DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See MOTOR TRANSPORT CORPS CHIEF'S OFFICE.
 - NOTORS SUBDIVISION, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on November 1, 1916, as the Motor Transportation Subdivision, and later designated the Motors Subdivision. Operated through the following Branches: Notor Cars; Priority; Release and Servicing; Spare Parts; Transportation; and Trucks. In existence on February 1, 1919.
 Functions: To be responsible for the supply of motor vehicles and parts for overseas shipment. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - MOTORS, VEHICLES, AND HARNESS BRANCH, Requirements and Requisitions Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See REQUIRE— MENTS AND REQUISITIONS DIVISION.
 - MOVING PICTURE DEPARTMENT, Army Medical Museum, Museum and Library Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See ARMY MEDICAL MUSEUM.
 - MUNITIONS ADVISORY COMMITTEE, PLANTS AND, War Industries Board.—See PLANTS AND MUNITIONS ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
 - MUNITIONS BOARD, OEMERAL, Council of National Defense.—See GEMERAL MUNITIONS BOARD.
 - MUNITIONS COUNCIL, INTERALLIED .- See INTERALLIED MUNITIONS COUNCIL.

MINITURE, PARTYACTURED, AND REMEMBER FLATONS CONCETTED, Advisory Concession, Council of Authoral Defines,—Organized on October 11, 1916.

1916. Advisory Control of Monard 2, Coffin. Herged into the Central Luministano Loard with the approximent of Orfin to that body upon its creation on March 31, 1917. Functions: To study questions relating to national defense as indicated by the nare of the Cormittee. Records: Some may be mong those of the Council and of the Far Industries Spoard in 15.

KUNITICES PATERTS BOARD, War and Early Departments. -- Established on September 25, 1918, by a joint order of the Acting Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy. Consisted of one representative cach from the War and Mavy Departments and a civilian Chairman. Remained active until February 1921, notwithstanding the fact that it received no appropriation for the fiscal year 1920-21. Lt. Col. Frank Griffin of the Signal Corps, a patent authority, succeeded to the position of War Department representative in July 1920, and he continued the operations of the Board for the next 8 nonths. By a memorandum of Kovember 17, 1920, the Patent Section of the Mar Department Claims Board was authorized to hear certain patent claims against the War Department (but not jointly against the Army and Eary) still pending before the Eunitions Patents Board. On December 3, Lieutenant Colonel Griffin was placed in charge of the Patent Section, and for the next 3 months he served as both Chairman of the Patent Section and War Department representative on the Runitions Patents Board. Punctions: To coordinate patent policies of the two Departments; to consider clauses in contracts of the respective Departments dealing with patents and with questions as to the validity or infringerent of patents and the patentsbility of inventions; and to astinate the amount of compensation to be paid for patents or for their use. Records: Arong those of the Judge Advocate General's Office, Har Department, in NA. Include a correspondence file, 1918-21, with index; minutes of meetings, 1913-20; and photostats of patents.

KUMITIONS FLANTS SECTION, STEEL AND, Bituminous Coal and Coke Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration,—See HITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE BUREAU.

NUMITIONS SIMULATION EMAID, Council of National Defense, --Created on Larch CO. 1917; absorbed by the General Hunitions Band about April 9, 1917. Frank A. Scott, Chairman. Functions: To insure speedy and efficient quantity production of munitions, exhaultions, senderities amintions, specifications, assist in the survey of cantoment amendment age facilities, and improve transportant and those of the General Lunch those of the General Lunch those of the General Lunch and the Mark State of the Council and of the Sar Industries Board in IM, Mark Council and of the Sar Industries Board in IM, Mark Council and of the Sar Industries Board in IM, Mark Council and of the Sar Industries Board in IM, Mark Council and of the Sar Industries Board in IM, Mark Council and of the Sar Industries Board in IM, Mark Council and of the Sar Industries Board in IM, Mark Council and of the Sar Industries Board in IM, Mark Council and of the Sar Industries Board in IM, Mark Council and of the Sar Industries Board in IM, Mark Council and of the Sar Industries Board in IM, Mark Council and Office Council a

MUNITIONS TECHNICAL COMMITTEE. -- See INTERALLIED MUNITIONS COUNCIL.

WUSEIM AND LIBRARY DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Organized before the war. Functions: To supervise the administration of the Army Kedical Museum and the Library of the Surgeon General's Office. Records: With those of the Office in NA.

MUSIC AND SOME DIVISION, Training Camp Activities Commission, Navy Department.—See TRAINING CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION.

- MUSIC DIVISION, CAMP, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department.—See CAMP MUSIC DIVISION.
- MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS SECTION, ATHLETIC GOODS AND, General Supplies Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See GENERAL SUPPLIES BRANCH.

NATIONAL ADJUSTMENT COMMISSION. —Established in August 1918 by agreement of the Shipping Board, the War and Labor Departments, the American Federation of Labor, the International Longshoremen's Union, and the principal ship operators. Financed largely from Shipping Board appropriations. Composed of four members, one each representing the Shipping Board, the War Department, the International Longshorenen's Union, and the operators. Closely connected with the Shipping Board's Karine and Dock Industrial Relations Division because, during part of the period, the Shipping Board's rapresentative, who served as Chairman, was head of that Division. Under the above-mentioned egreement, local adjustment commissions of somewhat similar composition were also set up in leading ports. The Commission appears to have been inactive during part of 1919 but was reconstituted by the Joint Shipping Industrial Conference in September of that year. Terminated on October 1, 1920. Functions: To adjust and control by arbitration, or sometimes by mediation, wages and conditions of labor in the loading and unloading of vessels. Under a Shipping Board resolution of October 21, 1919, the Corniesion was directed to make a study of longshore labor conditions at the port of New York, where it maintained close rolations with the New York Marbor Wage Adjustment Board, Records: 1918-20 (20 feet) in NA. Include organizational and administrative correspondence and reports, dockets of adjusted and current casee, copies of local agreements with related correspondence, transcripts of hearinge, and copies of awarde of local commissions and tha National Adjustment Commission. References: National Adjustment Comission, Chairway's Report for the Fried Indian December 31, 1918 (Rashington, 1919), and Report of the Exacutive Secretary . . . January 1, 1919, to June 30, 1920 (1920). Processed).

NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERCNAUTICS .- Established by a naval appropriation act of Harch 3, 1915, which authorized the Praeident "to appoint not to axceed twelve members, to consist of two members from the War Department, from the office in charge of military aeronautice; two members from the havy Department, from the office in charge of naval aeronautics; a representative each of the Smithsonian Institution, of the United States Weather Bureau, and of the United States Buresu of Standards; together with not more than five additionel persons who shall be acquainted with the needs of aeroneutionl science, either civil or military, or skilled in seromautical engineering or its allied sciences." Served as the Asymmautica Conmittee and later as the Aeronautics Section of the National Research Council. Functioned through a number of subcommittees. Functions: During the war the Committee investigated the condition of the aircraft industry; made recommendations to the War and Nevy Departments for increasing the quantity production of aircraft; recommended the creation of the Aircraft Production Board; made available to that Board information sequired by the Committee from a census of the production facilities of manufacturers of aircraft and seronautic engines; and took the initiative in organizing ground schools for eviators. Among the aubjects for which subcommittees were formed were the following: Aerial mail service, aero torpedoes, sircraft communications, airplane mapping, bibliography of eeronautics, buildings, laboratories and equipment, civil aerial transport, design,

construction, and navigation of aircraft, free flight tests, helicopter or direct-lift aircraft, aeronautics nomenclature, patents, policy, power plants, radiator design, relation of the atmosphere to aeronautics, engineering problems, standardization and investigation of materials, and steel construction for aircraft. Records: In the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics. References: National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, Annual Reports, 1915—20; Laurence F. Schmeckebier, The Aeronautics Branch, Department of Commerce, 3, 86-88 (Washington, 1930).

NATIONAL DEFENSE COUNCIL .-- See COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE.

NATIONAL DEFENSE PROJECTS SECTION, War Plans Branch, War Plans Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized in 1918. Functions: To prepare general war plans and, as successor to the Board of Review, to supervise seacoast defense projects and plans. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

NATIONAL HARNESS AND SADDLERY ADJUSTMENT COMMISSION.—Established on September 26, 1917, by agreement among the Government, the principal harness manufacturers, and the United Leather Workers International Union. Composed originally of five members, three appointed by the Secretary of War and one each by the manufacturers and the Union; the War Department representation was later reduced to one member. Dissolved by the Secretary of War on January 15, 1919.

Functions: To adjust differences between manufacturers and employees engaged in the production of harness and saddlery for the Government, and to fix wage standards for skilled workers and hours of labor in the industry. Records: Whereabouts unknown. References: Alexander M. Bing, War-Time Strikes and Their Adjustment, 63-64 (New York [1921]).

NATIONAL MARINE CONFERENCE, Shipping Board.—Called by the Shipping Board to meet in Washington, April 29 to May 4, 1918, and attended by delegates of shipowners; and seamen's organizations. Resulted in the agreement of Atlantic and Gulf shipowners and employees to accept wage standards determined by the Shipping Board and in the appointment of a standing committee, the Committee of Five. Functions: To discuss any questions affecting supply, remuneration, living conditions, and efficiency of marine labor. Records: February-July 1918 (2 feet with the records of the Marine and Dock Industrial Rolations Division, Shipping Board) in NA. Include transcripts of speeches and briefs of testimony, tentative wage scales and related materials submitted as exhibits, press reports, correspondence and reports pertaining to the resulting agreements, and complote stenographic transcripts of the proceedings. References: Shipping Board, Marine and Dook Industrial Relations Division, Marine and Dock Labor: Work, Wages, and Industrial Relations During the Period of the War; Report of the Director . . . December 31, 1913 (Kashington, 1919).

NATIONAL MUSEUM, Smithsonian Institution.—Created in 1846. Functions: During the war, to meet the requirements of certain Government agencies by conducting the research necessary to the solution of problems of a highly specialized scientific character, especially in mineralogy, anthropology, geology, and biology, and to assist generally in the preparation of exhibits and publications relating to conservation. Records: In the National Museum. The records of the Museum relating to its war activities are in the files of the specialized divisions in which the investigations were undertaken.

They include investigations pertaining to strategic einerale and derivetives; the procuring of special varieties of optical quarts for use in subsarine instruments per of the cridinary garden folgs as superseems the strategies of the cridinary garden folgs as superseems and the strategies of the cridinary garden folgs as a superseems as the strategies of the cridinary garden folgs as a superseems as the strategies of the critical strategies of the critical strategies with a superseems followed power, and concrete chip construction. Selated records in NA are smong those of the Shipping Board, the Fuel Administration, the Food Administration, agencies. References: National Nucleum, Reports, 2018, p. 13-25; 1919, p. 13-14.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION COMMITTEE, Production Bureau, Administrative Division, Fuel Administration.—See PRODUCTION BUREAU.

RATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL .-- Originated in 1916 at the request of President Wilcon in response to the offer by the Netibnal Academy of Sciencee of its services in the intereste of national security. Wemberehip comprised the chiefe of the technical bureaus of the Kar and Mavy Departments, the heads of other Government bureaus engaged in ecientific research, and representatives of aducational institutions, research foundations, and engineering and industrial research. At first activities were carried on by independent committees (originally 17 in number) assigned to the various branches of science and to epecial projects, but early in 1918 all committees investigating closely related projects were grouped in divisions. As of October 31, 1918, the war organization included the Rassarch Information Service and eight Divisions, as follows: General Relations; Mili-tary; Engineering; Physics, Mathematics, Astronomy, and Geophysics; Chemistry and Chemical Tsohnology; Geology and Geography; Medicine and Related Sciences; and Agriculture, Sotany, Forestry, Coolegy, and Fisheries. As early as May 11, 1918, the President had issued Executive Order No. 2859 requesting the perpetuation of the Council and stating its duties; accordingly, in 1919 the Council adopted a personnent organization to carry on ite pescetime activities. Pune tione: Engaged almost exclusively in eccentific and research work with and for the War and Mavy Departments, the War Industriee Board, and other Government sgencies. Served as the Science and Research Department of the Council of National Defense and cooperated closely with the Science and Research Division of the Office of the Chief Signal Officer. Conducted a national ceneus of research and research facilities. Organized the Research Information Service, which fediitated the exchange of research information between the United States and the Allies. Promoted research in many fields bearing upon astional welfare and defense. Initiated the acund-ranging service of the Army; developed the psychological tests for Army recruits; organized research on submarins problems; organized cooperative investigations in agriculture; promoted medical researches; and helped to devise instruments for use by the Army and the Navy. Records: In the National Research Council. Those for the war period consist of correspondence, reports, and administrative papers, and include the records of most of ite investigative committees. Material on "War Problems" is not esparated by constittees but is maintained in one file. References: National Academy of Sciences, Proceedings, 1916-19; National Research Council, Annual Reports, 1916-21; William F. Willoughby, Government Organisation in War Time and After, 22-30 (New York, 1919).

NATIONAL SCREW THREAD COMMISSION. —Established as the Commission for the Standardization of Screw Threads by an act of July 18, 1918. According to this act it was to be composed of "mine commissioners, one of whom shall be the Director of the Bureau of Standards, who shall be chairman of the commission; two commissioned officers of the Army, to be appointed by the Secretary of War; two commissioned officers of the Navy, to be appointed by the Secretary of the Navy; and four to be appointed by the Secretary of Commerce, two of whom shall be chosen from nominations made by the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, and two from nominations made by the Society of Automotive Engineers." The members of the National Screw Thread Commission, as this body came to be called, were appointed on September 21, 1918. By Executive Order No. 5960, December 9, 1932, the "administrative duties, powers, and authority" of the Commission were transferred to the Bureau of Standards, and the Commission was directed to serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of Commerce. The Commission was abolished by Executive Order No. 6166, June 10, 1933, which transferred "its records, property, facilities, and supplies" to the Commerce Department. S. W. Stratton was Chairman during the war. Functions: To ascertain and establish standards for screm threads. These standards were to be submitted to the Secretaries of War, the Navy, and Commerce for their acceptance and approval. After approval, the standards were to be used in the several manufacturing plants under the control of the War and Navy Departments. Records: In the National Bureau of Standards (176 feet).

NATIONAL SERVICE SECTION, Industrial Relations Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Inaugurated with the appointment of Charles A. Eaton to the staff of the Vice President and General Manager of the Corporation on January 1, 1918. He established a National Service Section, which later became part of the General Service Division and in May 1918 became a part of the Industrial Relations Division. On August 23, 1918, the Section was made directly tributary to the office of Vice President Piez. It was abolished on January 15, 1919. Functions: To promote interest and enthusiasm in the shipbuilding program through public meetings and gatherings of shipyard managers and workers and of workers in plants manufacturing articles needed in shipbuilding.

Records: 1918 (6 feet) in NA. General correspondence, notes, memoranda, and reports.

NATIONAL WAR LABOR BOARD, War Labor Administration, Labor Department .--Created upon the recommendation (Mar. 29, 1918) of the War Labor Conference Board, the members of which were appointed by the Secretary of Labor acting in his capacity as War Labor Administrator to constitute the National War Labor Board. This action was confirmed by Presidential proclamation of April 8, 1918. Cases were heard by the Board, by sections of it, or by its Chairmen, as well as by examiners sent to places where controversies arose. No cases were accepted after June 25, 1919, and those pending were completed by the Joint Chairmen, William Howard Taft, representing capital, and Basil M. Manly (successor to Frank P. Walsh), representing labor. The final meeting was held on August 12, 1919, and the Board was dissolved. Functions: To effect settlements by mediation or conciliation of controversies arising between employers and workers in the fields of production necessary for the effective conduct of the war, or in other industries in which delays or obstructions might detrimentally affect war production. Records: 1918-19 (219 feet) in NA. correspondence, transcripts of proceedings, briefs, findings and awards, minutes of executive sessions, examiners' reports, and auditors' files. Other records of the Board were retained by staff members, and their present location is not known. References: Labor

Department, Reports, 1918-20; Labor Statistics Euresu, Netional Kar Labor Board (Bulletin 287. Nashington, 1922); Grosvenor B. Clarkson, Industrial America in the Korld Kar, ch. 15 (Boston, 1923); Alexander M. Ring, Mer-Time Strikee and Their Adjustment, ch. 10 (Mer Tork (1921)); Gordon S. Wakkins, Labor Problems and Labor Administration in the United States During the Morled Est., 163-175 ([Urbana, 1920]).

NATIONAL WAR SAVINGS COMMITTES, Treasury Department.—Appointed by the Sceretary of the Treasury in Scenestry 1917 in accordance with an extensive state of the Treasury in Scenes of a Chairman, 6 Federal directors each having general supervision over one or more Federal Reserve districts, and 52 State directors, each of whom had complete obargs of Mar Savings activities in the area. The Committee was discolved for Savings activities in this area. The Committee was discolved for Early, and was nucceeded by the Savings Division to a sales of thrift gainstion. Functions: To organize and predents the citizens of stamps and Mar Savings contributed on the committee of maring for the war. Rescording to the Committee of the Savings of the S

NATIONAL NUMBRIS LIBERTI IOAN COMMITTEE, Tressury Department.—Composed of 12 women sponished by the Servicey of the Tressury in May 1917, one for each redoral Reserve district on upperfised the work of use for each redoral reserve district the Market of the Parket of the Nar Joan Organization, council of National Defense, Mrs. Rillian (Neidoo, Chairan, Functions) to comprete in the work of the Nar Joan Organization, The Committee served in a paid of the Nar Joan Organization. The Committee served in a practic of the Nar Joan Committee, The Committee served in a practic in the Nariana Service of the Liberty Loan Committee, Reports. Land Committee (New York of the Nariana), and Nariana Committee (New York of the Nariana Casandam). April 18-20x 10, 1932 (Manhagan, 1930).

MATURAL GAS EMPRAU, Cdl Mirision, Fuel Administration.—Created in May 1918; terminated in June 1919. Fuertions: To promote the use of natural gas in order to conserve other fuels. The Eurean "ctoped wasteful practices in certain producing fields, and asong dementic consumers, by means of educational campaigns, and was instrument in having restrictions placed on the use of natural gas in Administration where the demand was heavy and the supply latted. Records: Correspondence and related papers are included in the central files of the Division in MA.

NATURAL GAS DIVISION, PETROLEUM AND, Mines Burssu, Interior Department. -- Sao PETROLEUM DIVISION.

NATURAL DAS SECTION, Cil Conservation Bureau, Cil Division, Fuel Administration, -- See CIL CONSERVATION BUREAU.

NATURALIZATION SUREAU, Labor Department.—In existence since June 29, 1900; became a part of the newly missed Labor Department in 1913; and as the Interpretation and include the properties of the June 1940 to th

naturalization of aliens in the sorvice of the United States, made possible by an act of Congress of May 9, 1918; and to assist the Army exemption boards in determining the status of foreign-born residents. Records: 1917-20 (54 feet) in NA. Include some court lists of aliens naturalized under the act of May 9, 1918, and Americanization records. The general files of the Bureau, retained in the Justice Department, contain most of the records of the war period. References: Darrell H. Smith, The Bureau of Naturalization (Baltimore, 1926).

- NATURALIZATION SECTION, REGISTRATION AND, War Emergency Division, Justice Department.—See REGISTRATION AND NATURALIZATION SECTION.
- NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS COMMITTEE, NAVIGATION AND, Physics, Mathomatics, Astronomy, and Geophysics Division, National Research Council.—See NAVIGATION AND NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS COMMITTEE.
 - NAVAL ACADEMY SECTION, Yards and Docks Bureau, Navy Department.—Established in March 1917. Its functions today are performed by the Training Facilities Section. Functions: To have charge of the design and construction of buildings, roads, and the like at the Naval Academy at Annapolis. Records: Dispersed among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - NAVAL AERONAUTICS OFFICE, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.—Established by an order of the Secretary of October 15, 1915. Transferred to the Bureau of Aeronautics in 1921. Functions: To submit recommendations as to types, numbers, and general characteristics of aircraft for the naval service. After conferring with the technical bureaus concerned as to the practicability of such recommendations, the Chief of Naval Operations submitted to the Secretary of the Navy a program for naval aircraft. Records: 1914-21 (251 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence, blueprints, confidential, reports, orders, dispatches, requisitions for equipment, contract awards, and flight log sheets. References: W. H. Sitz, A History of U. S. Naval Aviation, 9-13 (Aeronautics Bureau, Technical Note, No. 18. Washington, 1930); A. W. Johnson, A Brief History of the Organization of the Navy Department, 93-94 (1933. Processed).
 - NAVAL AIRCRAFT FACTORY (PHILADELPHIA), Navy Department. -- On July 27, 1917, after a preliminary study to determine the feasibility of constructing and putting into operation an aircraft factory owned by tho Navy Department, work was begun on a plant at the Philadelphia Navy The Department's chief purposes in the project were to assure a part, at least, of its aircraft supply, to obtain cost data for guidance in dealing with private manufacturers, and to have under its omn control a factory capable of producing experimental work. factory was formerly operated by a naval officer who acted as manager or superintendent under the direction of the Office of the Chief of Maval Operations. Today it is operated under the direction of the Bureau of Aeronautics. Functions: As indicated above. In addition to facilities for manufacturing sirplanes and sirplane engines, the factory includes laboratories, shops, and equipment for exporimental work and testing, as well as a supply department that has distributed technical aircraft material to the whole naval aviation organization. Records: 1917-33 (359 feet) in NA. Include reports and miscollansous papers regarding material and structural tests, blueprints and experimental drawings, general correspondence, and personnel records. References: W. H. Sitz, A History of U. S. Naval Aviation (Acronautles Bureau, Technical Note, No. 18. (Washington, 1930); S. M. Kraus, "The Naval Aircraft Factory," in Aero Digest, 36: 46-47 (Feb. 1940).

- NAVAL BOARD FOR APPRAISAL AND CONDEMNATION, Newy Department .- See NAVY BOARD FOR COMMANDEERING. Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.
- NAVAL BOARD ON CLAIMS, LONDON, Navy Department. -- See LONDON NAVAL BOARD ON CLATES.
- HAVAL BOARD ON CLAIMS, PARIS, Navy Department .- See PARIS NAVAL BOARD ON CLATES. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE, Maval Operations Office, Nevy Department .-
- See COMMUNICATION DIVISION. NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD, Navy Department .- Created in July 1915 as the Naval Advisory Board, with Thomas A. Edison, the famous inventor, es President. In addition to the President and a member nominated by him, it consisted of two delegates from each of the leading scientific eccieties of the country. It met for organization on October 6, 1915,

when it adopted the name Naval Consulting Board. In November it es-teblished the following Committee; Aeronautice; Chemistry and Physics; Electricity; Food and Sanitation; Industrial Preparedness; Internal Combustion Motors; Life-Saving Appliances; Mines and Torpedoes; Navigation Aids; Ordnance and Explosives; Public Works, Yards, and Docks; Ship Construction; Steam Engineering and Ship Propulsion; Submarines; Transportetion; and Mirelese and Communicatione. The following Committees were organized later; Chemistry; Fuel and Fuel Handling; Metallurgy; Optical Glass; Physics; and Special Problems (with regard to developing devices for detecting and destroying enemy submarina). The Naval Consulting Board was given official status by the Naval Appropriation Act of August 29, 1916, and on September 19, 1916, it was given official approximation by the Secretary of the Navy. In February 1917 the Board began to serve so the Board of Inventions for the Council of National Defense. It continued after the war es an agency of the Navy Department. Functions: To give technical aid and advice on naval problems, improve the instrumente of warfare, especially those of subvaries warfare, survey national industrial recourcee, and mobilize the inventive talents of the mation. Records: Those in NA consist chiefly of general correspondence files, 1945-34 (325 fest). Also in NA are questionnaires of a survey of industrial recources made by the Board in 1916 among the records of the Council of National Defense and the War Industries Board. Raferences: Navy Department, Annual Reports 1915, p. 44-47; 1915, p. 67-69; Lloyd N. Scott, The Naval Consulting Board of the United States (meshington 1997). 1920); William F. Willoughby, Government Organization in War Time and After, 29-32 (New York, 1919).

NAVAL COUNCIL, ALLIFD .- See ALLIED NAVAL COUNCIL.

NAVAL DISTRICTS DIVISION, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department. - The ORval districts, which were ast up in 1902 and 1903 for the nevel defense of the coast and the regional administration of the above establishments of the Navy Department, were placed under the juriediction of the Euresu of Newlegation. The Office of Newl Militis Affairs and Newl Districts, established in the Euresu in 1912, was transferred in 1916 to the Office of the Chair of Keyel Operations. It became the Neval Districts Division in 1918. <u>Functions</u>: To handle the central addinistrative work in connection with naval districts and to savise addinistrative work in connection with naval districts and to savise the Chief of Neval Operations in regard to matters of policy affecting them. In time of war or national emergency the Division has cognimance of commandeering vessels for the Kavy and of returning these venesla upon demobilisation. Racords: 1915-37 (76 feet) in NA.

Include correspondence and reports relating to the use of private vessels by the Navy during the World War and their disposition thereafter. General correspondence from 1917 is still in the custody of the Division. References: Navy Department, Annual Reports, 1916, p. 87; 1917, p. 6; 1918, p. 20-21; Naval Operations Office, Naval District Manual, 1921 (Washington 1921). Histories of activities in the various naval districts during the war have been prepared by the Office of Naval Records and Library and are available in that Office.

NAVAL INSURANCE DIVISION, MILITARY AND, War Risk Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department.—See MILITARY AND NAVAL INSURANCE DIVISION.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, Naval Operations Office. Navy Department .-Established in 1882 in the Bureau of Navigation. After experiencing several transfers it was in 1915 attached to the Office of the Chief of Naval Operations. Known also as the Intelligence Division. Functions: To collect and disseminate technical information about naval affairs; to cooperate with other agencies of the Government in apprehending persons engaged in activities against the United States; and to supervise the activities of naval attachés stationed in foreign countries and field agents in the United States. Records: 1886-1922 (87 feet) in NA. Consist of naval attaches' reports, papers relating to merchant vessels and their suitability for naval use in time of war, and papers relating to the movements of merchant vsssels during the war. Other naval attaches' reports for the war period are in the Office of Naval Records and Library. The general correspondence since 1912 is in the Office of Naval Intelligence. References: Albert P. Niblack, The History and Aims of the Office of Naval Intelligence (printed but not published, Washington, 1920); Edward McCauley, "The Office of Maval Intelligence Before and During the World War" (1920. Manuscript in the Office of Haval Records and Library).

NAVAL WILLITIA AFFAIRS DIVISION, Navigation Bureau, Navy Department .--Administrative matters connected with Federal contributions to the naval militia of the States, which had been made since 1891, were placed under the Bureau of Navigation in 1912. In 1914 the naval militia was placed under Federal control and the Naval Militia Affairs Division was established under the Bureau. On May 5, 1915, the Division was transferred to the Office of the Chief of Naval Operations, but on September 22, 1916, it was returned to the Bureau of Navigation. Upon the outbreak of the war the naval militia became part of the National Naval Volunteers, and the activities of the Division were thereafter greatly restricted. It was discontinued in 1918. The function of providing a reserve force for the use of the Navy in time of war was continued by the Naval Reserve Force Division, which was created in the Bureau in September 1919. Functions: As indicated above. Records: 1891-1918 (60 feet) in NA. Correspondence and other records. References: Navy Department, Annual Reports, 1916, p. 2, 24, 778; 1917, p. 24-25; 1918, p. 67, 71.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY, Navigation Eureau, Navy Department.—Originated in 1830, in the Depot of Charts and Instruments, which was later known as the Naval Observatory and Hydrographical Office. The Hydrographic Office became a separate agency in 1866. Functions: To supply and care for the navigational instruments used by the Navy; to provide the data required for navigational astronomy; and to establish the standard time. Records: Those for the war period are in the Navy Department.

NAVAL OPERATIONS OFFICE, Navy Department .- An act of March 3, 1915, provided for the office of Chief of Naval Operatione, and the position was first filled on May 11, 1915, by the appointment of Rear Admiral Milliam S. Benson, who held it until September 25, 1919. The units operating under the Office of Naval Operations during the war included the Communication, Inspection, Intelligence, Material, Naval Districts, Operating Forces, Planning, and Submarine Divisions (some of which also had other designations); the Offices of Gunnery Exercisee and Engineering Parformances and of Naval Aeronautics; and the Armed Guard Section. Functions: To direct the operations of the fleat and develop plans for its use in war. Escords: Those in NA for the war period consist of records of the Chief of Naval Operations, included in the files of the Office of the Secretary of the Navy, and records of some of the subdivisions lieted above. Other records are in the Navy Department, where many of them re-lating to the war have been assembled in the Office of Naval Records and Library. References: A. W. Johnson, A Brist History of the Organization of the Navy Department, 75-83 (1933. Proceeded).

NAVAL ORDINANCE SPECIAL BOARD, Ordinance Eureau, Navy Department. -- See INVENTIONS, RESEARCH, AND TRIALS DIVISION.

NAVAL OVERSEAS TRANSPORTATION SERVICE, Operating Forces Division, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department .- Established by order of the Chief of Naval Operations of January 9, 1918. A large fleet was built up of vassele taken over from the merchant marine, of Dutch vessele, and of new vessels furnished by the Shipping Board Dnargency Flast Corporation. A General Inspector was assigned to New Tork on March 20, 1918, and removed to Washington on January 1, 1919. District supervisors were stationed at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk, and Charleston. Abolished on July 7, 1920. Functions: To direct the operation of a flact of vassels angaged in carrying supplies to neval forces in Europe and to sasist the Army in transporting and supplying the American Expeditionary Forces in France. Upon the conclusion of hostilities, while part of the fleet was being demobilised, another part was used to aupply the forces saintained in Durope and to transport troops home. Records: Those in Na (2½ feet) include correspond-sons of the General Inspector and of the district supervisors at New York and Baltimore. Most of the racords, however, including other records of the district supervisors, are in the Office of Naval Records and Library. References: Navy Department, Annual Reports, 1918, p. 19, 20, 27, 1919, p. 236-227; Lewis P. Clephane, "History of the Naval Crarsass Transportation Service in the World War" (1920. Manuscript in the Office of Naval Racords and Library); Josephus Daniela, Our Havy at War, 241-249 (Washington, 1922).

NAVAL RECORDS AND LIERARY OFFICE, Naval Intelligence Office, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.—See HISTORICAL SECTION.

NAVIGATION AIDS COMMITTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.— Crested on November 4, 1915. Constated of five members; Elmer A. Sperry, Chairman.—Sea NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.

MATHGATION AND ENTIREMENT SCHOOLS, Recruiting Service, Shipping Board.—The Nerigetine Schools were established on June 4, 1917, Board.—The Nerigetine Schools were severed to the Springering and wars disconneyed on September 15, 1921; the Engineering Schools in 21, 1921, By September 1938 there were 40 marigation and 12 Engineering Schools in extenses. After September 22, 1939, they

Were under the direct supervision of the Shipping Board. Henry G. Vaughan, Superintendent. <u>Functions</u>: To provide quick and intensive training for deck and engineer officers of the merchant marine. <u>Records</u>: 1917-21 (25 feet) in NA. Include administrative correspondence and reports of the various Schools.

NAVIGATION AND NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS COMMITTEE, Physics, Mathematics, Astronomy, and Geophysics Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1917 at the request of the General Munitions Board with L. A. Bauer as Chairman. Became a part of the Division when it was organized in 1918. Functions: To investigate problems concerning navigation and the use, manufacture, and supply of nautical instruments in time of war. The Committee cooperated with the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation in the preparation of specifications for ship watches, sextants, compasses, aneroid barometers, thermometers, hydrometers, marine glasses, and other nautical equipment required for the emergency fleet. Records: In the National Research Council.

NAVIGATION BUREAU, Commerce Department.—Established in 1884. United with the Steamboat Inspection Service in 1932 to form the Navigation and Steamboat Inspection Bureau, which became the Marine Inspection and Navigation Bureau in 1936. This Bureau was abolished in March 1942, when its functions were transferred to the Coast Guard and the Customs Bureau. Functions: To administer the navigation laws of the United States. During the war, it cooperated with the Shipping Board in connection with the operating of merchant vessels under Government ownership and control and with the Council of National Defense, the War and Navy Departments, and the war missions of the Allies. Records: 1789-1941 (combined with the records of the Steamboat Inspection Service, total 4,090 feet) in NA. Those for the period of the war include general correspondence and certificates of registry, enrollment, and license. References: Lloyd M. Short, The Bureau of Navigation (Baltimore, 1923).

NAVIGATION BUREAU, Navy Department .-- Created in 1862. During the war it operated through various units including the Aviation, Chaplains, Enlisted Personnel, Mail and File, and Sixth (later Morale) Divisions, and the Naval Auxiliary and Navy Mobilization Services. The Hydrographic Office and the Naval Observatory were also under its jurisdiction. Functions: To serve primarily as the personnel bureau of the Department. Responsible for the procurement, sducation, training, discipline, and distribution of the officers and enlisted personnel of the Mavy; the issuance, recording, and enforcement of the orders of the Secretary of the Navy to individual officers; the maintenance of records of service of officers and men; matters pertaining to appointments and commissions; and the upkeep and operation of the Naval Academy and other schools and of the Haval Home at Philadelphia. Records: 1801-1941 (31,600 feet) in NA. Records for the period of the war include general correspondence; service records of enlisted personnel; inactive officers records; recruiting and enlistment records; certificates of identification; muster rolls; ship logbooks; ship files of radio ressages; and photographs of officers and vessels. Other records arc in the Navy Department.

NAVY ALASKAN COAL COMMISSION, Navy Department.—Originated in a sense in the Navy Alaska Coal Commission, which was appointed on May 31, 1919, and was charged with the duty of investigating the coal situation in Alaska. On May 3, 1920, the Navy Alaskan Coal Commission was appointed to undertake the mining of coal in Alaska for the use

of the Navy. Terminated on May 1, 1922, when the Interior Department took over the functions of the Commission. Commander Otto C. Dewling, Senfor Member. Functions: 4s indicated above Records; 1900-22 (3 fast) in NA. Correspondence and miscellances papers. The whereboots of the Navy Alaxia Coel Commission records is unknown.

NAVI ARTILLERY SUBCOMMITTEE, ARMY AND, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense. -- See ARMY AND NAVY ARTILLERY SUBCOMMITTEE.

NAVI BOARD FOR COMMANDEERING, Supplies and Accounts Bureeu, Navy Department.—Orginated on September 15, 1917, when its members were appointed to inventory, appraise and take the necessary etepa to take over for Covernment use, all machinery and equipment in Hamburg-American stores, Hoboken, New Jersey." On February 13, 1918, upon the recommendation of the Director of Naval Intelligence, the duties of the Nevy Board for Commandeering were expanded. Its work was distributed among seven Sections: Chief Clerk, Vachinery, Materials, Appraisals, Shipping, Distribution of Lists, and Files. It functioned directly under the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts and continued in eriatence until December 1919. Also known sa the Navel Board for Appraisal and Condemnation. Functions: To commander machine tools, machinery, foodstuffs, raw materials, metals, and other articles of interest to the Navy held in and around the New York area. Records: 1917-19 in NA. General correspondence (2 fast), claims files, and the final report of the Board (in the Secretary's files). References; Supplies and Accounte Buresu, "Historical Record of the Activities of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts . . . 1917-18, 46-49 ([19197]. Manuscript in Office of Neval Records and Library).

MAYY DEPARTMENT. -- An executive department established in 1798. During the pariod of the war it functioned through the Office of the Chief of Neval Operations; the Judge Advocate General's Office; the Bureaus of Construction end Repair, Medicine and Surgery, Navigation, Ordnance, Steam Engineering, Supplies and Accounts, and Terds and Docks; the Marine Corps Headquarters; and various boards, such as the Ceneral Board, the Neval Consulting Board, and the Compensation Board. The Coast Quard functioned as a part of the Navy during the war. Josephus Daniels, Secretary; Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary. Func-tions: Among the war functions of the Department were coast patrol duties, the protection of serchant ships and the solution of the submarine problem, and cooperation with the War Department in transporting troops and supplies. During the war the Assistant Secretary was in general concerned with the conduct of the business effeirs of the Navy, and immediately after the war with demobilization activities. Records: The greater part of the records of the various bureaus and offices of the Newy Department for the war period are in NA. Included ars general correspondence and other records of the Secretary and the Acaiatant Secratary. References: Navy Department, Annual Reports, 1917-21; Judge Advocate General (Mavy), Laws Relating to the Nevy (Wash-4917-21; Judge Advocate General (Mary), Lear Relating to the Navy (Wasington, 1922); Josephus Dundels, Our Navy at Naw (Washington, 1922); Pating E. Norton, Astroic Makes and the Nodern Aserican Hary, ch. 18-24; (Boaton, 1922); On Lelmad and Seven D. Hercaes, Introduction to the More of the Mary of the Ma Department during the war.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, AUDITOR FOR THE, Treasury Department.—Ses AUDITOR FOR THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

HAVY PATENT BOARD, ARMY AND .-- See ARMY AND NAVY PATENT BOARD.

DECATIVE BRANCH, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—Created on August 18, 1918, by uniting the following Sections: Foreign Influence; Enemy Propaganda; Army; News; and Military Morale. In September 1918 the Travel and Fraud Sections were added. At one time it included a Subsection which maintained relations with the American Protective League. On October 19, 1918, the Military Morale Section became a separate Branch. The major portion of the intelligence work of the Branch, distinctly negative in character, was discontinued with the cessation of hostilities, and by 1920 only three Sections remained: Foreign Influence, News, and Graft and Fraud. Functions: To collect, collate, and disseminate information upon which preventive measures against enemy and disloyal activity tending to impair military efficiency might be based. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

NECRO DEPARTMENT, States Administration Division, Food Administration. See NEGRO FRESS SECTION, Educational Division.

NEGRO DIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Created by a memorandum of the Secretary of Labor dated February 22, 1918, and organized on May 1, 1918. Worked in conjunction with the Negro Economics Division of the Department. Termination date uncertain. Functions: To prepare plans for the mobilization, employment, and housing of Negro labor. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

NEGRO ECONOMICS DIVISION, War Labor Administration, Labor Department. Upon recommendation of the Advisory Council, the War Labor Administrator on May 1, 1918, appointed a Director of Negro Economics to act as adviser to him on questions involving the Negro and to have charge of a Division of Negro Economics. The administration of the Division's policies was in the hands of a field force of State supervisors of Negro economics who worked in close cooperation with the Federal directors of the Employment Service in the States. out the country cooperative committees of white and colored citizens were formed to consider matters relating to Negro labor. The Division completed a study on "Negro Migration in 1916-17," begun outside the Department, and made a report on "The Negro at Work During the World War and During Reconstruction," both of which were published as bulletins. When Congress failed to appropriate funds for the Division, it was continued by the Secretary of Labor until March 4, 1921, as a "necessary but temporary post-war service." Functions: To enlist the interest of Negroes in the war effort, to foster interracial cooperation, and to investigate and report upon Negro economic Records: Authorized for disposition by Congress on May 7, References: Labor Department, Reports, 1918, p. 111-115; 1919, p. 132-135; 1920, p. 40-41, 70-73; Gordon S. Watkins, Labor Problems and Labor Administration in the United States During the World War, 219-221 ([Urbana, 1920]).

NEGRO EDUCATION DIVISION, Education Bureau, Interior Department.—See RACIAL GROUPS DIVISION.

NEGRO PRESS SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration.—Fstablished on November 16, 1917; abolished in October 1918, at which time its functions were probably taken over by the Negro Department of the States Administration Division. <u>Functions</u>: To keep the Negroes informed of Food Administration conservation programs through their press, schools, motion-picture theaters, and social organizations.

- Records: 1917-18 (5 fest) in NA. Correspondence of this Section and of the Negro Department and lists of colored ministers, schools, and social organizations.
- NET SECTION, MINES AND, Technical Division, Ordnance Burssu, Navy Department.—See MINES AND NET SECTION.
- NEUROLOGI AND PSYCHIATRY COMMITTES, Medicine and Related Sciences Division, National Research Council.—Created in 1917 as the Psychiatry Successives of the Medicine and Pyrele Committee; became in 1918 Sciences Division of the Medicine and Related Sciences Division. Stewart Paton, Chairman. Functions: Its under takings included an analysis of the records of 13,000 soldiers discharged from cervices because of nervous and sental disturbances. Records: In the National Research Council.
- REMOLOY AND PSIGHARM DIVISION, Surgeon General's office, War Department, "Organized on July 19, 1937, by Office Order No. 166, partment of the No.
- NEUROLOUT SUBCRUITTEE, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Santation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense, See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT CHARTTEE.
- MEDROPSYCHIATRY SECTION, Medicine Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. -- Ses NEUROLOGY AND PSYCHIATRY DIVISION.
- NEUTRAL CONTRIES DIVISION, frusts bureau, Alien Property Custodian, To Crganized in 1977. Abolished shortly first the war Functions: To Crganized in 1977. Abolished shortly first property of those alien be responsible for the spend reserved countries, of the countries assumes who were spend reserved countries as meanizes who were spend of the countries as sometises who were reserved to the countries as that had either declared war upon the Central Power or broken or relations with them. Records, Asong those of the Trusts Eurem in NA.
 - NDW YORK CANAL SECTION, Hallroad Administration.—Apparently originated with the appointment of a samager on April 22, 1918. Probably Girls continued on September 9, 1918. Procling Origination of Section 9, 1918. The properties the construction, acquisition, and operational construction to the New York State Darge Canal. Recorder: Received anniverse.
- NEW YORK MARSA MADE ADMISSION FRANCE,—Created on October 20, 3917, under the sponsorship of the Shipping board, by servesent of certain the sponsorship of the Sarias Korear's Affiliation of the Forth of New York. At first sade up of three sablements of the Hort of New York. At first sade up of three sablements on the Hort Shipping Board and the Department to the Administration of the Shipping Board and the Department to seven, the new analyse repressed in May and June 1925 to seven, the new analyse repressenting harbor-ratic engineses, harbor-craft commons, the failured senting harbor-ratic engineses, harbor-craft commons, the failured

Administration, and employees of railroad-owned harbor craft. The Board maintained close relations with the Shipping Board, which in practice acted as the enforcement agency for its decisions, and with the National Adjustment Commission. Terminated early in 1919. Known officially as the "Board of Arbitration, New York Harbor Wage Adjustment, United States Shipping Board." Functions: To arbitrate disputes concerning wages and working conditions on tugs, barges, lighters, ferries, and other harbor eraft in the port of New York. Records: 1917-19 (5 feet) in NA. Include administrative files, general correspond-once, complaints, minutes of mestings, transcripts of hearings, and official decisions. References: Shipping Board, Marine and Dock Industrial Relations Division, Marine and Dock Labor: Work, Wages, and Industrial Relations During the Period of the War; Report of the Director... December 31, 1918, p. 29-34 (Washington, 1919).

NEWS DEPARTMENT, Woman's Committee, Council of National Dofense.—Established in July 1917. After October 1, 1918, thie work was performed by the News Section of the newly created Field Division. Mrs. Joseph R. Lamar, Chairman. Functions: To furnish material to the press relating to the work of the Woman's Committee and war activities of women. It published a semimenthly news letter concerning women's activities, and its Foreign News Bursau collected news of women's activities and problems in other lands. Records: Among those of the Council in NA. Include correspondence and publicity material.

NEWS DIVISION, Committee on Public Information.—Created in April 1917 and discontinued in December 1918. L. Ames Brown, J. W. McConaughy, and Leigh Reilly, Directors successively. Functions: To prepare and release news ooncerning the war effort of the Govornment, especially news of the Army and Navy, and to administer the voluntary censorship. Records: 1917-18 (6 feet) in NA. Consist of news releases, most of which are dated in 1917. Some correspondence and numerous mimeographed press releases were disposed of as useless papers in 1928.

NEWS SECTION, Field Division, Council of National Defense. -- Organized on October 1, 1918, and probably terminated early in 1919. Functions: To publish a magazine, National Defense (of which only one number was issued), and to distribute other news material to the State councils of defense and cooperating organizations. Records: Among those of the Council in NA.

NEWS SECTION, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—Created on August 16, 1917, as the Censorship Section. At its maximum it operated through the following 14 Subscotions: Executive, Legal, Postal, Prisoners of War, Radio, Telegraph and Telephono, Commercial Motion Picture, Official Photograph, Photographic Permit, Press, Foreign Language Press, Book, Propaganda, and Digest; it also included a Clipping Burcau. At the conclusion of the war censorship became unnecessary, but the informational functions were continued. Functions: To handle the informational functions resulting from the assumption of the duty of Chief Military Censor by the Director of Military Intelligence, a function which entailed the examination of publications and communications for purposes of censorship. Also to collect and digest current news. Records: Some of those relating to censorship are in NA.

NEWSPAPER DIVISION, FOREIGN LANGUAGE, Committee on Public Information. --- See FOREIGN LANGUAGE NEWSPAPER DIVISION.

NEMPAPER SECTION, Pulp and Paper Division, War Industries Sourd.—Organised on October 1 and discontinued on December 31, 1918. Functions: To edminister the rules and regulations of the Sourd epplying to weakly and daily newspapers. Records: 1918 (13 feet) in Nutherly reports of publishers on memounts of papers used and on hand.

BICKEL COOPERATUR COUNTIES, has Meterials, Minerals, and Metals Conmattee, Advisory Countains on, council of National Defense. -Approach to the superior Counties of National Defense. -Approach November, when its functions were taken over by the Mer Industrias Soard. <u>Functions</u> To provide information concerning nickel. <u>Repords</u>: Note of them are in the possession of private individuals, but a few fragmente are scattered through the records of the Council and of the Mar Industrias Board in MR.

NITAIT COMMISSION, For Persitant. — Appointed by the Assistant Secretary of the continuing A DNB, following the decision of the Overment to the continuing t

MITRATE COMMITTEE OF THE UNITED STATES .- Established on February 20, 1918, with offices in New York City, in order to facilitate execution of the decisions of the Mitrate of Soda Executive and the Mar Industries Board with regard to the importation end distribution of sodium nitrate, as well as to maintain the interests of the nitrate importing firms in the proportions prevailing prior to the entrance of the United States into the war. Consisted of two representatives of each of the four approved importers and a representative of the War Industries Board who, besides setting as limison officer between the Board and the Committee, directed the routine work of the latter body. From the termination of the Board on December 31, 1918, until the dissolution of the Committee, probably in the epring of 1919, the Government , representative acted on bahalf of the Mar Trade Board. Functions; Subject to the suthority of the War Industries Board, to draft or view contracts for importation and distribution of nitrate of sods, to apportion purchases smong the importers, to negotists with the shipping suthorities for wessels to be used in importing nitrate, to allocate such vessels among the importere, and to fix pool prices. Records: Whereabouts unknown. Records relating to the Committee and its sctivities (3 fest) are in NA in the Ear Industries Board consolidated or "commodity" files (under the heading "Mitrate of Soda"). Include correspondence of the Chemicals and Explosives Section of the War Industries Board concerning the origin and sctivities of the Committee; correspondence of the Board representative (H. Ray Paige) and other Committee officers with the Section; and copies of correspondence tetween the Committee and the importers.

MITRATE DIVISION, Ordnames Chisf's Office, Kar Department, -Established on July 21, 1917, in secondance with a latter of July 13 from the Secretary of Iar instructing the Crimance Department to undertake nutrogen fixation projects that had been recommended by committees of

-

investigation and approved by the President and to construct and operate the necessary plants. Included the following Sections: Auxiliary; Commissioned Personnel; Contract; Engineering; Finance and Accounts; Inspection; Mail and Records; [Mitrate] Plant No. 1; [Nitrate] Plants Nos. 2, 3, and 4; Personnel; Purchase; and Research Technical. Also included the Fixed Nitrogen Research Laboratory, established on March 29, 1919. Assisted in its work by the Council of Mational Defense, the National Research Council, the War Industries Board, and other To handle the investigations and manufacturing agencies. <u>Functions</u>: operations authorized by section 124 of the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, wherein \$20,000,000 was appropriated for nitrate supply; to carry on investigations leading to improvements in processes of nitrogen fixation; to construct plants for the manufacture of ammonium nitrate; to have jurisdiction over experimental stations; and to cooperate with universities, technical schools, Government bureaus, and the National Research Council in connection with nitrogen fixation Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

NITRATE INVESTIGATIONS COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council .- Appointed in May 1918 under authority granted by the Second Assistant Secretary of War on April 23, 1918, replacing the Subcommittee on Nitrates and Ammonia. Consisted of A. A. Noyes, Chairman, and John Johnston, members of the Council who were serving as consulting chemists to the Office of the Chief of Ordnance, War Department, and Lt. Col. Alfred H. White, who was in charge of the Research Technical Section of the Nitrate Division in that Office. The actions of the Committee were subject to the approval of the Chief of the Nitrate Division. Known also as the Nitrate Research Committee. Functions: To survey researches in progress; to plan further investigations to be made by the Research Technical Section and the Committee in cooperation with other Federal agencies, universities, scientific institutions, and industrial laboratories; to perform the liaison work necessary for the active prosecution of such investigations; to scrutinize the researches of the Section and its collaborators; and to make recommendations designed to promote their effectiveness. Records: In the National Research Council. Material about the Committee, Committee reports, and reports of individual members is among records of the Fixed Nitrogen Research Laboratory (investigation 53) in NA.

NITRATE OF SODA EXECUTIVE .- Established on December 19, 1917, by international agreement between the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Russia, and joined by Japan in January 1918. Also referred . to as the Interallied Nitrate Committee. Each nation appointed either one or two representatives, who acted subject to the approval of their governments. The Director of the Commission Internationale de Ravitaillement served as Chairman; the American representative, Robert P. Skinner, Consul General in London, was Vice Chairman; and a Director of Purchases carried out the decisions of the Executive. Functioned in close connection with the British Ministry of Munitions. nated in April or May 1919. <u>Functions</u>: To control the price and distribution of nitrate of soda by negotiating for the purchase of such nitrate from the Chilean authorities, allocating the quantities purchased among the participants in the pool and neutrals, obtaining shipping facilities from interallied shipping authorities, apportioning those facilities among the various nations obtaining nitrate, and fixing monthly pool prices. Records: Records concerning the Executive (1) feet) are in the War Industries Board consolidated or "commodity" files in NA. Include printed and mimeographed statements of purchases

and stocks evailable, sgends and minutes of meetings, reports of the Secretary and the Director of Purchases, and correspondence between the Kar Industries Board, the State Department, and the American representative.

[SIRATE] PLANT NO. 1 SECTION, Nitrate Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Far Department.—Created during the latter part of 1917. Punctions: To bandle the construction and operation of U. S. Nitrate Plant No. 1, to the construction of progress and cost records, and the handling of authorizations for purchases of saterials. Records, Probably with those of the Office purchases of saterials. Records.

in NA. NITRATE PLANTS INTERDEPARTMENTAL BOARD, LOCATION OF .- Established by Executive Order No. 2515, January 15, 1917, under authority of the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916. Consisted of the Secretaries of Agriculture, the Interior, and War, the Last-named being Chairsan-In scordance with a menorandum of the Secretary of War, dated February 10, 1917, the technical work of the Board was assigned to the Office of the Chief of Engineers of the Mar Department. The Board was largely inactive efter the first month or two of its existence owing to the development of plane for producing mitrogen without using large amounts of water power. It eppeare, however, to have contributed to the selection in September 1917 of Muscle Shoale, Ala., es e site for e nitrate plant. Functions: To escertain and recommend to the President the most suitable water-power sites for the location of plante designed to produce mitric soid and other produsts required in the manofacture of explosives and fertilisers. Rec ords: Venoranda of the Board and other papers relating to its solid-ties (1917-18) are in NA among records of the Mittrete Division of the Crdnance Chief's Office (particularly in e volume labeled "Original Pepers Covering Appropriation for Mitrate Plants and Mitrate Divisions); in correspondence files of the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture for 1921 under the heading "Muscle Shoele"; and among records of the Fixed Nitrogen Research Laberatory.

[NIRATE] FLANTS NGS. 2, 3, AND 4 (SECTION, Mitris to Division, ordnance Chief's Office, Nor Department.—Created in 1708. Nirate Plant No. 1709. Nirate Plant No. 1709. Nirate Plant No. 1709. Nirate Plant No. 1709. Nirate Ni

NITRATE RESEARCH COMMITTEE, Chedistry and Chemical Technology Division, Netional Research Council.—See NITRATE INVESTIGATIONS COMMITTEE.

NITRATE SECTION, Markets Bursau, Agriculture Department...Originated in work begun under sutherity of the Food and Fuel Control act in the fell of 1974 W. B. Hidmens, assistant to the Secretary of Agrifold of 1974 W. B. Hidmens, assistant to the Secretary of Agritude of the Secretary of the Secretary of the Secretary to the Chief of the Secretary to the Secretary to

...

known as the "Purchase and Distribution of Nitrate of Soda Project." The higher personnel were associated with the cotton projects and a part of the field force with the States Relations Service. Wajor activities terminated early in 1920 and the project ceased to exist about October. Its business was handled thereafter by the Cotton Marketing Division of the Bureau. Functions: To acquire nitrate of soda and distribute it to farmers at cost, thereby stabilizing the price of fertilizer and fostering agricultural production. Records: Those in NA (12 feet) consist of correspondence and other papers, including correspondence of Wilkinson, 1917-21, and related correspondence covering the origins and general development of nitrate distribution by the Department in the Secretary's incoming correspondence files, 1917 and 1918, particularly in files on fertilizer. A manuscript entitled "A Report of the Project 'Procuring and Disposing of Nitrate of Soda' as of August 15, 1920," is in the Secretary's incoming correspondence files, 1920.

NITRATE SUPPLY COMMITTEE, National Research Council .- Appointed in May 1916 at the instance of the Secretary of War by the president of the National Academy of Sciences, in cooperation with the American Chemical Society, and known originally as the Nitric Acid Supply Committee. Consisted of nine scientists and engineers under the chairmanship of A. A. Noyes. On March 26, 1917, a new Nitrate Supply Committee with similar functions was appointed. This Committee, on its own recommendation, was superseded in April by a Nitrate Supply Committee in the War Department, which was virtually identical in personnel. Discontinued on August 15, 1917. Functions: To supply such information as might aid the War Department in ascertaining the best method of manufacturing nitric acid by a process not involving dependence upon a foreign source of supply. Records: In the National Research Council. A copy of the summary and conclusions of the final report of the first committee, dated January 6, 1917, is in NA in the general correspondence files for 1921 of the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture. Correspondence of the War Department relating to this committee, 1916-17, is among records of the Fixed Nitrogen Research Laboratory and of the Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department, in NA.

NITRATE SUPPLY COMMITTEE, War Department .- Appointed on April 9, 1917, by the Secretary of War to replace and continue the work of the Nitrate Supply Committee of the National Research Council, which had been appointed at his request. Comprised, in addition to the Chiefs of Ordnance of the War and Navy Departments, representatives of the Department of Agriculture, the Bureau of Mines, and the Bureau of Standards, and a number of engineers and scientists not connected with the Government. The Chief of Ordnance, War Department, was Chairman. Committee submitted a report on May 11, 1917, which was approved by the Secretary of War on July 13, 1917, and formed the basis for the domestic nitrate program of the Government. Functions: Similar to those of the Mitrate Supply Committee, Mational Research Council. Particularly to consider the subject of nitrate supply in the light of that Committee's report and the reports of certain other official investigators. Records: Mhereabouts unknown. Records in NA relating to its activities include correspondence scattered in files of the Fixed Mitrogen Research Laboratory, the Ordnance Chief's Offics, and the Mitrate Division of that Office. References: Ordnance Department, A Statement of the Action Taken and Contemplated Looking to the Fixation of Mitrogen (Washington, 1917).

NITRATES AND ACIDS SECTION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.--Apparently organized for the duration of the war.

- Chief's Office, and commercial companies. Records: In the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Minerals, Nitrogen Fixation, and Sodium Cyanide, 54-58 (Bulletin 178B. Washington, 1919).
- NITROGEN RESEARCH LABORATORY, FIXED, Nitrate Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See FIXED NITROGEN RESEARCH LABORATORY.
- NOILS AND WASTE ADMINISTRATOR'S OFFICE, Wool Division, War Industries
 Board.—The Administrator was appointed on May 9, 1918, and his Office
 was discontinued after the armistice. Offices in New York City.
 Functions: To control activities of dealers in noils and wool wastes.
 Records: 1918 (15 feet) in NA. Correspondence of the Administrator,
 weekly reports of purchases, sales, and stocks on hand, and copies
 of permits to transfer noils.
- NON-FERROUS ALLOYS SECTION, ELECTRIC FURNACE AND, Mineral Technology Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See MINERAL TECHNOLOGY DIVISION.
- NON-FERROUS ERANCH, Raw Materials and Paints Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See RAW MATERIALS AND PAINTS DIVISION.
- NON-FERROUS BRANCH, Raw Materials Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Originated as the Non-Ferrous Control Unit of the Raw Materials Branch, Purchase Section, Gun Division. On January 15, 1918, it became a Branch of the Raw Materials Section, Procurement Division. <u>Functions</u>: To handle the purchase of nonferrous raw materials. <u>Records</u>: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - NON-FERROUS COMMITTEE. -- See INTERALLIED MUNITIONS COUNCIL.
- NON-FERROUS GROUP, Metallurgical Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See METALLURGICAL BRANCH.
- NON-FERROUS METAL SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Probably created during the war. Functions:
 To purchase shells, cartridge cases, brass and copper tubes, powder tanks, rotating bands, submarine nets, steel wire rope, tin, copper, zinc, lead, and cement and to make these commodities available for use by the Navy. Records: Probably among the general files of the Eureau in NA.
 - NON-FERROUS METALS SECTION, Raw Materials Division, War Industries
 Board.—Organized in October 1917; discontinued on December 31, 1918.

 Functions: To keep records of stocks and requirements; to pass on
 and approve requests submitted through the Allied Purchasing Commission; and to approve priority requests and requests for clearances
 on the metals under its control. Retords: Among those of the Board
 in NA. Included are copies of licenses issued by the Bureau of Mines
 for the purchase and sale of platinum, iridium, palladium, or compounds thereof, with applications and related materials, and some
 records relating to tin and lead (7 feet). Other records are dispersed in the consolidated or "commodity" files of the Board.
 - NON-FERROUS METALS SUBSECTION, Raw Materials and Scrap Section, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See RAW MATERIALS AND SCRAP SECTION.

- NON-FERROUS SECTION, Raw Materials Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See RAW MATERIALS RUNGH.
- NON-FERROUS TUBE SECTION, War Industries Board.—Ses RUASS SECTION, Finished Products Division.
- NON-METALLIC MIMERALS SECTION, INFORMATIONAL MATTERS AND, MAY Minerals Investigations, Mines Dureau, Interior Department. -- See WAR MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.
- NON-MAR CONSTRUCTION SECTION, Priorities Division, Kar Industries BoardOrganized in the early part of September and discontinued about December 2, 1913. Functions: To conserve labor, materials, and capital
 for direct mar work; and to have charge of the program to defer all
 building construction not required for may purposas. Records: Among
 those of the Board in NA. Included is an assembled file, 2017-18 [13]
 feet), constituting of correspondence of the Chief of the Section and
 correspondence of the Chief of the Deilding Materials Section of the
 Raw Materials Livision, together with applications for and copies of
 nowar construction permits, arranged alphabetically by State and
 thereumer by type of building.
- NOXIOUS GASES COMMITTEE, National Research Council. -- See GASES USED IN WARRARE COMMITTEE, Chemistry and Chemical Tachnology Division.
- NURSE CORPS SECTION, ARMI, Personnel Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. —See ARMI NURSE CORPS SECTION.
- NURSING, ARM SCHOOL OF, Hoapital Division, Surgeon General's Office, Kar Department.--See ARMI SCHOOL OF NURSING.
- NURSING COMMITTEE, General Medical Board, Yesicine and Sanitetion Committee, Advisory Commission; Committee in Battonal Defense, "Formed about June 24, 1917; cassad unuttoning after the armistica. Mary about June 24, 1917; cassad unuttoning after the armistica. Mary Adelaide Nutting, Chairmes Functions. To act as a lisiaon agent between the monon as makely applicative cassagin was inasquared to interest young women in nursing as a profession and to encourage the amount of graduate nurses in the Arry, Nary, and Red Cross nursing services; and plans were made for the enlistment of student nurses in the Student Nurse Reserve. Removin: Security Succession and the Council in NA, including card records of members of the Student Nurse Reserve.
- NURSING DEPARTMENT, American National Red Cross War Council. See AMERICAN NATIONAL RED CROSS WAR COUNCIL.
- NURSING SUBCOMMITTE, Standardisation of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defause.—Ges STANDARDIZATION OF MEDI-CAL AND SERICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT CONDITIES.
- NURSING SUBCOMMITTEE, PURLIC HEALTH, Bygiene and Sanitation Committee, General Medical Board, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense, -- See FUELIC HEALTH NURSING SUBCOMMITTEE.
- AUTRITION DIVISION, FOOD AND, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. See FOOD AND NUTRITION DIVISION.

- OBSERVATION COMMITTEE, Shipping Board.—Appointed on September 25 and apparently became inactive by December 1, 1917. The Committee never prepared a formal report, but the work which it did had great influence on the policies later developed by Charles Piez, its Chairman, who became Vice President and General Manager of the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. Also known as the Production Committee. Functions: To investigate conditions in shippards with which contracts had been signed and to make suggestions as to their equipment or management in order to expedite their work. Records: The known records of the Committee, consisting of several memoranda suggesting methods for improving the output of shippards, are in NA in the "old" general file of the Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.
 - OBSTETRICS SUBCOMMITTEE, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.
 - OCEAN ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON JUST COMPENSATION, Shipping Board.—Established on April 1, 1918, and dissolved on May 1, 1919, by the resignation of its members. Also known as the Advisory Board of Just Compensation. On October 8, 1919, the Requisition Claims Committee was created with broader powers to complete the work of the Ocean Advisory Committee. Functions: To determine the compensation to be paid to owners of requisitioned vessels lost while in Government service. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - OCEAN SECTION, Construction, Maintenance, and Repair Branch, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—See CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, AND REPAIR BRANCH.
 - OFFICE EQUIPMENT AND SUNDRIES BRANCH, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on July 17, 1918, in the Hardware and Metals Division, Quartermaster General's Office, and transferred on October 19, 1918, to the Purchase Director's Office. Still in existence when the superior Division was transferred as a Branch to the Regular Supplies Division, Purchase Service, about August 18, 1919.

 Functions: To have charge of the procurement of office equipment, paper products, and musical instruments. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - OFFICE EQUIPMENT SECTION, Miscellaneous and Office Supplies Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MISCELIANEOUS AND OFFICE SUPPLIES BRANCH.
 - OFFICE EQUIPLENT SECTION, Supplies Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See SUPPLIES DIVISION.

- OFFICE SERVICE BRANCH, Requirements and Requisitions Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See REQUIREMENTS AND REQUISITIONS DIVISIONS
- OFFICESS DIVISION, Adjutant General's Office, Far Department.—Tetablished by en order of The Adjutant General of Pabrany 17, 1931, through the consolidation of the Appointment, Commission, and Perreomed Division, the Beturns Division, and the Efficiency Section of the Miscellanceus Division. Functions: To administer the records, correspondence, and other business relating to the commissioned personnel of the Army, including the appointment, essignment, and commissioning of officers, the detail of officers to duty at educational institutions, the conduct of officers training camps, the preparation of the Army Register and Directory, and the outsoly of efficiency records and prior military service records of officers of the Army Section of the Army Security. In The Adjutant General's Officers
- OFFICIAL BULLETIN HYISION, Committee on Public Information. -- Created in April 1917. Discontinued on March 31, 1919. E. S. Mochester, Director. Functions: To make available a complete end enthorities the record of Covernment orders and news through publication of the skip Official Militerin, Later issued as the Official U. S. Mulletin, Carlotter and the second of Covernment of Covernment of Covernment of Covernment of Covernment of Covernment (Covernment of Covernment (Covernment of Covernment (Covernment of Covernment (Covernment of Covernment of Covernment (Covernment of Covernment of Covernment of Covernment (Covernment of Covernment of Covernment
- OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPH SUBSECTION, News Section, Negetive Branch, Military Intelligence Divicion, General Staff, Wer Department. -- See NEWS SECTION.
- OIL BRANCH, Fuel and Forege Division, Quarternaster General's Office, Nar Department,—Greated on April 16, 1915. On October 26, 1915, it became the Oils and Faints Branch of the Raw Lateriale Division, Purchase Director's Office. Punctions: I bandle the procurement, Purchase, and distribution of Essolling, kerosene, Jubricating oil, greases, paints, and varnishes for the Army. Records: Probably with those of the Quarternaster General's Office in Na.
- OIL CONSERVATION BURSAU, Oil Division, Puel Administration,—Created on June 5, 1928. Worked through the Natural Ces, Goodine and Kerosene, Petuvieum Field and Refinery Westage, and Fuel Oil Sections and through an extensive field organization. Terminated in Pebruary 1919, Functions: To bring shout the most efficient use of the country's supply of petuvieum, peturbaum products, and natural ges by means of educational compatins and inspections. Records: In Ia. Those filled apparably from the central files of the Division include correspondence, reports, memorands, questionnaires, record cards, and indexes (3il feet).
- OIL COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metala Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense, —See PRINCIPLY COMMITTEE.
- OIL HIVISION, Fuel Administration .- Created on January 10, 1913.
 Included a Counsel's Office and the following Eureeus: Domestic

Consumption, Engineering, Lubricants and Foreign Requirements, Marine Transportation, Natural Gas, Oil Conservation, Oil Well Supplies, Pipe Lines, Prices and Licenses, Production, Refining, Special Assignments, Statistics, Technology, and Traffic and Transportation. There was a Federal Oil Director for the Pacific Coast. Although many of the bureaus were brought to a close in the months immediately following the signing of the armistice, the Division did not officially end until June 6, 1919. Mark L. Requa, General Director. Functions: To stimulate the production of crude pctroleum and its products, the production and conservation of natural gas, and the increase and improvement of transportation facilities; to bring about the equitable distribution of refined products; to ensure the provision of an ample supply of retroleum products for the usc of the Army, the Navy, the Shipping Board, and the Allies; to prevent unfair and improper trade practices; and to assist the industry in organizing to help win the war. A policy of cooperation between the oil industry and the Fuel Administration was followed, whereby the oil industry, acting through the National Petroleum War Service Committee, was self-governing, with only the nccessary Government supervision and counsel. Records: 1918-19 (155 feet) in NA. Include files of the Washington office and of the field offices. Among them are correspondence, tabulations, general statistical compilations, memoranda, circular letters, inventories, and indexes. Records of the various bureaus are dispersed in a "general consolidated file of correspondence and related documents," January-May 1919 (85 fect), and there are also separate files for most of the bureaus. Tabulations of important data may be found in the records of the Statistics Bureau, the Technology Bureau, and the Engincering Bureau. References: Fuel Administration, Report of the Oil Division, 1917-1919, in volume with the Final Report of the United States Fuel Administrator, 1917-1919 (Washington, 1921).

- OIL, FAT, AND WAX IABORATORY, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department.—Established in 1909. Functions: To analyze and prepare specifications for fat, oil, and lard substitutes for the War Department and specifications for soap for the Ordnance Department; to compile statistics on the production of glyccrinc; and, in cooperation with a special commission of the American soap manufacturers and the Food Administration, to study means of obtaining an adequate supply of glyccrinc. Records: Those in NA for the war period include records in the Chemistry Bureau's general files and correspondence and reports relating to glyccrine in its special files.
 - OIL PLANT INVESTIGATIONS OFFICE, DRUG, POISON, AND, Plant Industry Bureau, Agriculture Department.—See PLANT INDUSTRY BUREAU.
 - OIL SEED PROGRAMME COMMITTEE, Interallied Food Council. -- See INTER-ALLIED FOOD COUNCIL.
 - OIL WELL SUPPLIES BUREAU, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—Created on March 27, 1918. Removed to New York on April 15. Discontinued on December 10, 1918. Functions: To bring about an equitable distribution of oil well supplies, and to obtain information as to sources of manufactured and raw materials. Records: In Ma. Those filed separately from the central files of the Division include correspondence, reports, and vouchers (1 foot).

- OILS BRANCH, Raw Materials and Paints Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department .-- An Oils and Paints Branch was established by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 19 of October 28, 1918, taking over the work of the Oil Branch of the Fuel and Forage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, and the paints procurement activities formerly handled by the General Engineer Depot. In November 1918 this Branch was split into an Oils Branch and a Faints Branch. The Oils Branch was in existence on August 18, 1919, when the Division was transferred to the Regular Supplies Division of the Purchase Service. Functions: To maintain contact with the Mational Petroleum Committee for the purpose of preventing depletion of stocks in the procurement of gasoline, kerosene, and fuel oils for overseas shipment. After March I, 1919, it procured oils for the Army by direct purchase. Standard specifications were drawn up for various types of oils and distillates. Records: Some are smong those of the Quarternaster General's Office in iiA.
- OILS DIVISION, PATS AND, Food Administration.—See FATS AND OILS DIVI-SION.
 - OILS SUBSECTION, GRITICAL AND, Raw Materials and Scrap Section, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See RW MATERIALS AND SCRAP SECTION.
 - OPEN FIRELISE SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Kary Department.—In extremce prior to the outbreak of the War. Euncidons: To have charge of supervising yard and station purchases. If issued uniform instructions relative to the placing of bids, swards, various purchasing principles, controversies between purchasing officers and contractors, errors in Mids, cancellations of swards, amendments to specifications, and partial payments. Bids forwards by the various yards were examined this view to ascertaining the reasonableness of the prices, whether enfittient competition had been obtained, and whether all purchasing principles had been recognized in the businessical, bids on amountain, the Section arounded to place a communication order with the firm best able to undertake the contract. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in M.
 - OFFERITIO EPHRENDIA, Operations Division, Salepine Board Emergency Fleet Corporation—installated on February 1, 1920, by the consolidation of most of the departments formerly reporting to the Assistant Director of the Operations Bylation in Charge of Vessel, Kanagement. Functions: To have general jurisdiction over the purchase of emplies and equipment for the account of the Division, the establishment of foreign appeares, ratio and subsarine signal merrice, and other mattern processes, ratio and subsarine signal persists of the processes of
- OFRATING UNVISION, Mousing Corporation—Organized in June 1918 in the Industrial Mousing and Transportation Bureau, Labor Department, Mollished on June 15, 1920. Worked through a Furniture and Equipment Section, an Insurance Section, a Commission Franch, and a Community Facilities Transh. Punctions: Examined and criticised

housing plans from the point of view of operation; purchased furniture and equipment for hotels, dormitories, and cafeterias; and acted as real-estate agent through a town manager appointed on each project to collect rents, supervise repairs, and initiate a rental policy and a plan of operation to protect the Government's investment. The Division managed the Government Hotels (q. v.) for women in the District of Columbia from September 25, 1918, to February 1919; and on June 30, 1919, it took over the work of the Committee on Requisitioned Houses in the District of Columbia. Records: 1918-20 (120 feet) in NA. Correspondence, collectors' records, contract ledgers, vouchers, general ledgers, leases, rent receipts, and general files.

OPERATING DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department .--Existed under various titles. Originated as the Storage Branch, Supplies Division, established by Office Order No. 76, August 15, 1917. On October 16, this Branch was combined with the Overseas Cable Service and the Overseas Shipment Branch to form the Warehousing Division (Office Order No. 107). During the period January 11 to February 13, 1918, this Division was known as the Storage Division; and from the latter date until April 16 it was again known as the Warehousing Division. On April 16 it became the Depot Division (Office Order No. 376). The functions and branches of this Division were outlined on June 4, 1918, in Office Order No. 459, by which the head of the Depot Division became also Director of Quartermaster Operations. On August 15 the Depot Division became the Operating Division (Office Order No. 522), which functioned through several Branches, including the following: Depot, Domestic Distribution, Overseas Distribution, and Stock Records. On October 19, 1918, by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 1, this Division became the Domestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Aurchase, Storage, and Traffic Division. Functions: To supervise and coordinate matters relating to the provision of adequate storage facilities for the maintenance and distribution of quartermaster supplies; to place the depot organization that was effective in Washington in the general supply depots subordinate to this Division: to handle matters pertaining to warehousing, the provision of storage space, cold storage, and fire and accident prevention on all storage projects; to perform such other functions as pertained to the actual handling of supplies and the operations of various depots under the jurisdiction of the Office; and to coordinate the work in the field with that in Washington. Records: Probably with those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

OFERATING FORCES DIVISION, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.—
Established on May 11, 1915, with the assignment of an officer to the Office of Naval Operations as Assistant for Operations. At first referred to variously as the Operating Forces Division, the Operating Division, and the Operations and Naval Operating Forces Division; designated the Ship Movements Division in 1920. Functions: To supervise, under the direction of the Chief of Naval Operations, the movements of ships of the Mayy and to keep records relating thereto. Records: In the Naval Operations Office.

OPERATING SECTION, Supply Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established in 1917. Functions: To exercise direct authority over storehouses immediately controlled by the Division; to maintain close relations with ordnance depots at ports of embarkation on matters not affecting the policy of the port; to follow

- up, if necessary in the field, shipments made under the direction of the Division; and to conduct negotiations in connection with the acquisition of land and buildings for storage facilities.

 Records: Probably with those of the Office in M.
- OFEMAINS SEMINISCES SECTION, Operation Division, Railmost Administration.—Cocated in May or June 1916.

 The Division on March 1, 1920. Destination and administration for March 1, 1920. Destination on March 1, 1920. Destination for March 1, 1920. Destination of March 1, 1920. Destination of analyse and same marize such reports and make the results available to Administration officials; and to make such detailed analyses of operating results of specific roads or groups of roads as were required. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1931.
- OFFRAIGH AND MAINTENANCE SECTION, Aeronauties Division, Steam Engineering Dureau, Many heaptasent.—Established on June 1, 1917; Aunchions transferred to the Bureau of Aeronautica in 1922 Panations: To have charge of the case, operation, and maintenance of AVIETO material. Hoursel, with those of the Aeronautics Dureau in NA.
- OPERATION DIVISION, Railroad Administration .- Created on February 9, 1918, as the Transportation Division, with Carl R. Gray as Director. Became the Operation Division on June 11, 1918. W. T. Tyler succeeded Gray as Director on January 15, 1919. Discontinued in March 1920. Functions: To control and coordinate the operating activities of railroads, water carriers, and telephone and telegraph compenies under Federal control. These activities included the supply and distribution of care, the maintenance of aquipment, fuel conservation, tests and inspections of materials, the promotion of safety, secret service activities, and troop movements. The Division conducted its work through numerous departments, sections, and committees. Records: 1918-20 (61 feet) in NA. Include files of tha Director of the Division dealing with its functions, organization, and administration; files of the Assistant Director and others concerming railroad labor, operation, and maintenance; and files of the Automatic Train Control Committee. A few records are presumably in the custody of the Association of American Railroads (formerly the American Railway Association). All other records of the Division were authorized for disposition by Congress on March 20, 1934. It should be noted, however, that correspondence, meroranda, and reports prepared by the Division's subunits for the attention of the Director General are in the Director General's files in NA.
- OFFMATION SERVICE BRANCH, Service Subdivision, Domestic Operations Physicing, Storage Enrector's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase as Storage of Practice Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on November 1, 1915. Discontinued with the abolition of the Division on May 13, 1919. Functions: To maintain an efficient organization of service officers in order to from a connecting link between depots and the Office of the Chief of Domestic Operations; and to maintain Histon with Covernment bureaus. Records: Suce are among those of the Quarternaster Generals Office in NA.
- OFFIRITIONS ERANCH, Operations Bivision, General Staff, War Department.—Organized in 1915. Functions: To direct the abbilization of the Army; to control the supply of men for the Army; and to take charge of the distribution and assignment of all men entering the

- scrvice whether drafted men or volunteers. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
- OPERATIONS COMMITTEE, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—
 Organized on August 3, 1917, as the Transportation Committee. On
 Scptcmbcr 8, 1917, its name was changed to Committee of Operation,
 and in September 1918 to Operations Committee. It functioned
 through June 1920. Functions: To carry out the duties of the Corporation relating to the repair, equipment, manning, management,
 operation, or chartering of vessels under the control of the Shipping Board. Records: Minutes of the Committee, 1918-20 (4 inches),
 are in NA. The whereabouts of other records is unknown.
- OPERATIONS CONTROL DIVISION, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Scrvicc, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department .- Originated as the Operating Division, Quartermaster General's Office, which on October 19, 1918, became the Domestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office. By Purchase and Storage Notice No. 450 of May 13, 1919, this Division was consolidated with the Storage Administrative Division to form the Operations Control Division, Storage Service. The name of the latter was changed to Storage Administrative Division on November 22, 1919. Abolished in the reorganization of May 19, 1920. Functions: To be responsible for all personnel, military and civilian, and all industrial relations and welfare matters under the supervision of the Director of Storage; to have charge of the coordination of the operating activities of the Storage Service; and to maintain supervision over office service, cold-storage plants, general supply depots, Army reserve depots, and fire and accident prevention. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - OPERATIONS DIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Succeeded the Clearance Division after the armistice. Probably terminated in 1920. Functions: To find employment for workers released by cancelation of war contracts. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - OPERATIONS DIVISION, General Staff, War Department .-- Created on February 9, 1918, from the former Operations and Equipment Committees of the General Staff, and reorganized on August 26, 1918. Functioned through the following Branches: Operations, Equipment, Commissioned Personnel, and Motor Transportation. The officer in charge was designated as the Director of Operations. Functions: To be responsible for the recruitment and mobilization of the Army, including the assignment and distribution of men obtained through the draft; the personnel of troops; the movement and disposition of troops, including demobilization of organizations; the determination of overseas priorities; the procurement, assignment, promotion, transfer, and discharge of the commissioned personnel of the several branches of the Army; the determination and distribution of all types and quantities of equipment and supplies for the several branches of the Army and regulations concerning the same; and the design, production, procurement, reception, storage, maintenance, and replacement of motor vehicles and the assignment and training of personnel necessary for their maintenance and operation. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
 - OPERATIONS DIVISION, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.— Established on September 29, 1917, by the trustees of the Corporation. Functions: In general to carry on the work relating to

ship operation, which had grown beyond the capacity of the Operation Corrittee. In particular to equip, man, repair, and operate reveals under the control of the Shipping Board, stabilish freight toll neutral vessels entering American porter to control of marties; to allocate vessels to corrows and crouters and to rake rites; to allocate vessels to corrows and amonging operators. (From 1938 to days 1939 the Shipping Board, Shipping Control Committee ellocated vesters, 1936 to all 1939 the Shipping Board 1917-5 (19,63) feet) in Nt. Correspondence, memorately logicoxis, printed and processed materials, forms, and reports. References: Shipping Board, Amual Reports, 1917-21; Schard Nt. durley, the Fridge to France, passin fertilatelotist, 1927).

OFTAMIONS SPOTION, Historical Branch, Wer Flans Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized in 1918. In June it was established in Flance, where it remained until the surser of 1919. Its limited in France, where it remained until the surser of 1919. Its limited is section of the Germonic was later serged with that of a Historical Section of the Germonic War of the Staff of

OPHINALACION SUBCONTITES, Standardization of Fedical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Cormittee, Fedicine and Sanitation Cormittee, Actions of Supplies and Equipment Cormittee, Supplies and Equipment Condition. SATION OF FEDICAL AND SUBJICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT CONDITION.

OPHIMINOLOUS SUSCINITES, Surgery Committee, Ceneral Hadical Beard, of Medicine and Sanitation Courtiles, Advisory Commission, Council of Medicine and Sanitation Courtiles, Advisory Commission, Council Sational Defence.—Organized on May 15 council to 6 of the Surgery Sethods Committee set to be considered by the Surgery Sethods Committee set together of the Surgery Sethods. Theresfort 1 by the Surgery Council and as part of the Surgery Sethods. Therefore 1 by the Surgery Council of Surgery Sethods Council Sethods Sethods

OPTICAL GLASS AND INSTRUMENT SECTION, MILITARY, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—See MILITARY OPTICAL GLASS AND INSTRU-ISBN SECTION.

OFTICAL GIASS CONTITUE, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense.—Organized some time prior to Eay 25, 1917, see the Optical Instruments of the Peccase the Optical Giass are of the Authority of the Peccase of the Peccase of the Authority of the National Action with a committee of the Authority of the National Action with a committee of the Authority of the National Authority of the National Authority of the National Authority of National Authority of National National Authority of National Research Countries National Research Countries National Research Countries National National Research Countries National Nationa

OPTICAL GLASS COMMITTEE, Neval Consulting Board, Nevy Department.— Established early in 1916. Consisted of three members; Leo H. Backeland, Christan. The Constitute worked in cooperation with

- the Carnegie Institution and the National Research Council. Functions: To aid and encourage the development of formulas and methods for the manufacture of optical glass in this country. Records: In the Navy Department. References: Lloyd N. Scott, The Naval Consulting Board of the United States, 215-218 (Washington, 1920).
- OPTICAL GLASS COMMITTEE, Physics, Mathematics, Astronomy, and Geophysics Division, National Research Council.—Organized in 1917 under the chairmanship of R. L. Millikan, who was succeeded in 1918 by A. L. Day. Became a part of the Division when it was organized in 1918. Functions: Working with the General Munitions Board, it attacked the problem of securing the necessary supply of optical glass for military and other purposes. Through the cooperation of the Bureau of Standards, the Geophysical Laboratory of the Carmegie Institution, and several corporations, the needed supply was obtained. Records: In the National Research Council.
- OPTICAL INSTRUMENT GROUP, Instrument, Machinery, and Container Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See INSTRUMENT, MACHINERY, AND CONTAINER BRANCH.
- OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS COMMITTEE, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense. -- See OPTICAL GLASS COMMITTEE.
- OPTICAL SECTION, FIRE-CONTROL AND, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department. -- See FIRE-CONTROL AND OPTICAL SECTION.
- OPTICS DIVISION, Standards Bureau, Commerce Department.--Probably in existence before the war. Functions: To study and develop optical standards. During the war it supplied information to manufacturers engaged in military optical work, investigated the use of ultraviolet light for signaling purposes for the Signal Corps of the Army and the Steam Engineering Bureau of the Navy Department, and investigated the use of unusually rapid plates for airplane cameras.

 Records: In the National Bureau of Standards.
 - ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVES COMMITTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—Created on November 1, 1915. Consisted of nine members; Hudson Maxim, Chairman.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
 - ORDMANCE AND FORTIFICATION BOARD, War Department, -- Established in 1888. Discontinued by General Orders, No. 49, August 14, 1920, when its duties were taken over by the Inventions Section, Operations Division, General Staff. Functions: To consider and recommend projects for fortifications and to examine and report upon ordnance and other inventions submitted to the War Department. Records: 1888-1919, in 18, with those of the General Staff. Correspondence and reports on projects and administrative papers.
 - ORDMANCE AND ORDMANCE STORES SECTION, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established in January and still in existence on December 1, 1919. Functions: To supervise the sale of surplus ordnance materials held by the Department. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - OPDIANCE BASE DEPOT SECTION, AMERICAN, Supply Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See AMERICAN ORDNANCE BASE DEPOT SECTION.

- ORDNANCE PRIORITY COMMITTEE, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See ORDNANCE SPECIAL SERVICE COMMITTEE.
- ORDNANCE SALVAGE BOARD, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—
 Created on November 19, 1918. Functions: To have charge of the disposition, by sale or storage, of manufacturing materials, equipment, and buildings that were the property of the United States or that became its property as the result of the termination of contracts made by the Office of the Chief of Ordnance. Records:
 Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- ORDMANCE SECTION, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.— See FORGINGS, ORDMANCE, SMALL ARMS, AND SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION SEC-TION.
- ORDMANCE SECTION, War Department Claims Board, War Department.--See WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS BOARD.
- ORDNANCE SECTION, AVIATION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.--See AVIATION ORDNANCE SECTION.
- ORDNANCE SPECIAL SERVICE COMMITTEE, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Organized in 1918 as the Ordnance Priority Committee. On October 8, 1918, its name was changed to the Ordnance Special Service Section, and, on October 26, this became the Ordnance Special Service Committee. Dissolved on December 26, 1918. Functions: To handle priority matters relating to the Office in conjunction with the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- ORDNANCE SUBDIVISION, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on October 28, 1918. About March 1, 1919, it took over the functions of the Vehicle and Harness Branch relative to harness. Functioned through the Small Arms and Ammunition Branch and the Personal and Horse Equipment Branch. Still in existence on May 19, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Functions: To control the supply of small arms, machine guns, ammunition, personal equipment, horse equipment, standard ordnance tools, and target material for the Army. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - ORDMANCE SUBDIVISION, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized on January 20, 1919. In existence when the Division was merged in the Overseas Supply Division on February 1, 1919. Functions: To be responsible for the filling of requisitions for ord-nance materials for overseas shipment and for the movement of these materials to ports of embarkation. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - ORDMANCE SUBDIVISION, Port Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—By Purchase and Storage Notice No. 9, October 25, 1918, there was established an Ordnance Branch, which became the Ordnance Subdivision about November 22. This unit was in existence on February 1, 1919, when

- the Division was abolished. Punctions: To have charge of the compilation of records and reports relative to the avenent of ordance supplies through ports of scharkshion for overseas forces, and to regulate the novement of such supplies in accordance with established priorities. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster Centrality Office of IMA.
- ORDMANCS SUPPLIES SECTION, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Stoff, dar Department.—Established on May 19, 1919, and made a Branch on November 6. Discontinued about May 19, 1920, when its functions were assigned to the Motors and Vehicles, Regular Supplies, and Clothing and Equipage Divisions of the Storage Service. Functions: To have charge of the storage and distribution of ordnance supplies and equipment. Records: Soms are among those of the Gurtermaster General's Office in Ma.
- ORE MARKETS SECTION, MINING COSTS AND, War Minerals Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department. -- See MAR MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.
- ORGANIZATION AND ENLISTED DEM SECTION, Personnal Division, Williary Branch, Office of the Unief of Engineers, War Department.—Stablished before the end of 1917. Upon the formation of the Troop Division early in 1919, this Section became a part of its Emisted Personnel Section. Punctions: to handle satters relating to enlisted personnel and engineer organizations. Recervis: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- ORTHOFFUIG AIRES SECTION, Physical Reconstruction Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. -- See PHYSICAL RECONSTRUCTION DIVISION
- ORTHOPEDIC SURGERY SECTION, Surgery Division, Surgeon General's Office. War Department.—See MILITARY ORTHOPEDIC SURGERY DIVISION.
- ORTHOTEDIC SURDERY SUBCOMMITTEE, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Santation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of Matical Defense.—Ses SIANDARUZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COM-MITTEE.
- CTOLARYMCOLOGY SECTION, Surgery of the Head Division, Surgeon General's Office. War Department. See SURGERY OF THE HEAD DIVISION.
- OTO-LARYNCOLOUY SUBCOMMITTEE, Surgical Methods Committee, Ocneral Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advasory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See OTOLOGY, RHINGLOGY, AND LARYNCOLOGY SUBCOMMITTEE, Surgery Committee.
- OTCLOY, RHINGLOY, AND LARTWOOLDOY SUBCOMMITTEE, Surgery Committee, General Medical Board, Medicine and Santiation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Formed une 22, 1917, as the Otc-Larymoology Subcommittee of the Surgical Methods Committee, and the first that has been supported by the Committee of the Surgical Methods Committee in the American Constitution of the Committee of the Commi

- cooperate with the War and Navy Departments in mobilizing medical specialists for the war effort. Records: Some may be among those of the Council in NA.
- OTTER GEAR BRANCH, Technical Section, Ship Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.--See TECHNICAL SECTION.
- OUTDOOR ADVERTISING SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration.--See ADVERTISING SECTION.
- OVERSEAS CABLE SERVICE, Supplies Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department. See OPERATING DIVISION and CABLE SERVICE AND OVERSEAS BRANCH, Warehousing Division.
- OVERSEAS CARGO SHIPMENTS SECTION, Cargo Traffic Branch, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—See CARGO TRAFFIC BRANCH.
- OVERSEAS DISTRIBUTION BRANCH, Operating Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Originated in the Distribution Branch, Depot Division, established on June 14, 1918. On August 15 this Branch was abolished and its duties were transferred to the Domestic Distribution and the Overseas Distribution Branches of the newly created Operating Division. The Overseas Distribution Branch was abolished on November 1, 1918, and its duties were transferred to the Overseas Distribution Division, Office of the Director of Storage. Functions: To handle matters connected with the shipment of supplies to the American Expeditionary Forces and to control the supplies at Army reserve depots and ports of embarkation. Records: Probably among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - OVERSEAS DISTRIBUTION DIVISION, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 19, October 28, 1918, and operated through the following Subdivisions: Administrative, Engineer, Medical, Motors, Ordnance, Quartermaster, and Signal. On February 1, 1919, it became part of the Overseas Supply Division. Functions: To have charge of the detailed movement of supplies to ports, in accordance with tonnage allotments set up by the Port Operations Division; and to be responsible for the filling of requisitions for overseas forces. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - OVERSEAS DIVISION, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—
 Replaced the Shipping Section of the Supply Division for the duration of the war. Functions: To be responsible for supplying the vessels sent overseas and the bases established for their use, for the shipment of supplies for Navy and Marine forces in the West Indies, and for the issuance of detailed instructions for forwarding all consignments covered by shipment orders issued by the various bureaus. A liaison officer was maintained to keep in constant touch with the Naval Overseas Transportation Division and the Ships' Movements Division of the Naval Operations Office. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - OVERSEAS FOLIOW-UP BRANCH, Equipment Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department. -- See PURCHASE SECTION, Procurement Division.

- OVERSEAS FEXIONT RELEASE REAMEN, Port Operations Invision, Storage Inrector's Office, Purchase and Storage Inrector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—By Purchase and Storage Notice No. 9, October 25, 1913, three was established an Overseas Storage Service Branch. In the reorganization of November 22, 1913, this Franch was discontinuing, and an Overseas Freight Release Branch was established in its stead. The latter was in existence on February 1, 1919, when the Division was abolished, Punctions: To control the amount of freight placed in transit, to direct its novement by designating ports of established; on, and to equalize its distribution. Records: Some are among those of the Quarternaster General's Office in Rs.
- OVENERA MESTIAL INVISION, Surgeon General's Office, Mar Department,—
 Organized carly in June 1917 as the Overseas Hospital Section of the Hospital Edvision, Owing to its increased activities, it was elavated to the status of a Nuvision on July 10, 1918, by authority of
 Office Order No. Gi. Ineladed a "Liaison Service between the Surgeon
 Ceneral of the Army and the Surgeon General of the Many." Discontinued on December 1, 1918. Functions: To organize overseas units
 such as base hospitals, a vencuation hospitals, abulance compendes,
 hospital trains, convalement camps and depots, and hospital ships;
 and to handle the liaison service between the Office and the Nadicine and Surgery Burseu of the Navy Department. Records: With
 those of the Office in M.
- OVERSES LIAISON BRANCI, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Were Peparteent.—Established ain September 1918. Functions: To gather and distribute information, prizarily technical, Folking to the problems of inspection; to deel with the British and French Covernments at home and abroad and with the American Expectitionsy forces in collecting such information; and to exlect personnel for overseas work. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Ma.
- OVERSEAS LIAISON DIVISION, Notor Transport Corps Chief's Office, War Department. -- See LIAISON DIVISION.
- OVERSEAS MAIL AND EXPRESS SECTION, Cargo Traffic Branch, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department,—See CARCO TRAFFIC BRANCH.
- OURSESS MEMAIR SECTION, Gas persons Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—There was an Overseas Repair Section No. 1, which left for France on October 25, 1917. Functions: To receive, test, and store gas defense appliances and lissue time to troops as required; to consider timpertions medicated out out equipment; and by with those of the Office in Na.
- OVERSEAS SECTION, Distribution Branch, Supply Control Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See LISTRIBUTION BRANCH.
- OVERSEAS SERVICE BRANCH, Substatence Diwision, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See OVERSEAS SUBSISTENCE BRANCH.
- OVERSEAS SERVICE SECTION, Distribution Branch, Supply Control Division, Quarternaster General's Office, War Department.—See DISTRIBUTION BRANCH.

- OVERSEAS SHIPMENT BRANCH, Supplies Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See OFERATING DIVISION and CABLE SERVICE AND OVERSEAS BRANCH, Warehousing Division.
- OVERSEAS STORAGE SERVICE BRANCH, Fort Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See OVERSEAS FREIGHT RELEASE BRANCH.
- OVERSEAS SUBSISTENCE BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Organized on January 26, 1918, as the Overseas Service Branch. In June it became known as the Overseas Subsistence Branch. On August 15, 1918, it was transferred to the Overseas Distribution Division. Functions: To handle subsistence requirements and distribution for the men overseas. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- OVERSEAS SUPPLY DIVISION, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on February 1, 1919, by the consolidation of the Port Operations Division and the Overseas Distribution Division. On May 19, 1919, the Overseas Supply Division became part of the Supplies Division, Storage Service. Functions: To have charge of the movement of supplies to and through Ports of embarkation for the supply of overseas forces. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- OVERSYAS TRANSPORTATION SERVICE, NAVAL, Operating Forces Division, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.—See NAVAL OVERSEAS TRANS-PORTATION SERVICE.
- OWN-YOUR-OWN HOME SECTION, Public Works and Construction Development Division, Information and Education Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably established in January and terminated with the Service on June 30, 1919. Functions: To interest the people of the Nation in home-owning. Records: Disposition authorized by Congress in 1928.
- OXYGEN FURNACE SECTION, Metallurgical Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See METALLURGICAL DIVISION.

- PACIFIC COAST SRANCH SECTION, Coordination of Purchase Division, Food Administration.—Established in Hay 1918 with offices in San Francisco. Terminated in January 1919. Punctions: To handle allocents of canned foods and dried fruits produced in California, Grepon, Washington, and Alaska. Watters pertaining to purchases were handled by the Washington office of the Division. Records: 1917-19 (2 feet) in Na. Correspondence.
- PACK TRANSFORTATION SERVICE, Animal-Drawn Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, Was Department.—Stabilished about May 6, 1919. Functions: To operate and sange pack transportation in the Arry. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, Was Department.
- PACKING CONTAINER GROUP, Instrument, Machinery, and Container Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See INSTRUMENT, MACHINERY, AND CONTAINER SAINCY,
- PACKING CONTAINER SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Oftice, War Department—Created on September 20, 1917, as a Srandof the Purchase Section, Our Division; transferred to the Procurement Division on Journay 13, 1928, by ome Division Order No. 57. Functions: To bandle business negotiations in counsetion with the purchase of packing containers of all kinds. These included boxes for explosives and small arms, corrupted paper packing for trench warfare material, there containers for cartridge cases, and tin boxes for fuses and primers. The Section did not bandle negotiations for the purchase of rew materials, provers, or of packing containers if separately purchased in bulk. Records: Probably smout those of the Office in NA.
- PACKIN MCCES PRODUCTS SHANCE, Substatemen Division, quarternaster General's Office, War Department.—Created on July 3, 3918. On October 19, 1918, it was transferred with the Division to the Office of the Director of Purchase. Functions: To handle meet requirements for the Army in this country and overseas. Records: Probably among those of the Office in Re.
- PACKING HOUSE FRODUCTS DIVISION, DAINY PRODUCTS, COLD STORAGE, AND, FOOD Administration.—See PERISHABLE FOODS DIVISION.

 PACKING HOUSE PRODUCTS SECTION, Subsistence Branch, Surplus Property
- PACKING HOUSE PRODUCTS SECTION, Subsistence Branch, Surplus Property Existion, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SUBSISTENCE BRANCH.
- PACIENT SERVICE SERVICE, Operations Sources Detector, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Dirision, General Staff, War Department.—Established on November 11, 1918, in the Service Studied Vision, Demostic Operations Division, 1918, 1918, 1919,

Baling; Boxing and Crating; Inspection; and Loading Specifications. Transferred about January 26, 1920, to the Supplies Division of the Storage Service as the Packing Service Section of the Warehousing Branch. Functions: To have charge of the boxing, baling, crating, and marking of goods for overseas and domestic shipment. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

- PACKING SERVICE SECTION, Inspection Branch, Subsistence Division,
 Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Organized on August
 24, 1918. On October 19, 1918, it was transferred to the Office of
 the Director of Purchase, together with the other sections of the
 Branch. Functions: To insure that boxes in which subsistence was
 packed complied with specifications and were correctly marked.
 Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- PAINT AND PIGMENT SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—Organized on May 6 and discontinued on December 21, 1918. Functions: To adjust the paint industry to war conditions, to issue specifications that would further conservation, and to exercise control, in some cases jointly with the Food Administration, of paints, varnishes, and the raw materials entering into their manufacture. Records: They appear to have been transferred to the Agriculture Department and may be among those of the Chemistry Bureau of the Department in NA.
- PAINTS AND REFRIGERATION DEPARTMENT, Procurement Section, Materials Branch, Construction Division, War Department. See PROCUREMENT SECTION.
- PAINTS BRANCH, Raw Materials and Paints Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Originated in an Oils and Paints Branch, established by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 19 of October 28, 1918. In November 1918 this Branch was split into an Oils Branch and a Paints Branch. The latter was in existence on August 18, 1919, as the Paints and Chemicals Branch, when the Division was transferred to the Regular Supplies Division of the Purchase Service. Functions: To publish specifications for the procurement of paints and proposals of purchase bids. In addition to the procurement of paints and related materials, the Branch handled the purchase of all chemicals and miscellaneous items assigned to the Division. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in MA.
 - PAINTS BRANCH, RAW MATERIALS AND, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Divicion, General Staff, War Department.—See RAW MATERIALS AND PAINTS BRANCH.
 - PAINTS DIVISION, RAW MATERIALS AND, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See RAW MATERIALS AND PAINTS DIVISION.
 - PAINTS, OILS, AND CHECICALS SECTION, Raw Materials Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See RAW MATERIALS BRANCH.

- PALEONTOLOGY COVARITEE, GEOLOGY AND, National Research Council.—See GEOLOGY AND PALEONTOLOGY CONSTITUEE.
- PAPER AND MISCELLANEOUS SECTION, General Supplies Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Furchase and Storage Director's Office, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See GEMERAL SUPPLIES EMANCH.
- PAPER HIVISION, FULP AND, War Industries Board.—See FULP AND PAPER DIVISION.
- PAPER ECONOMY SECTION, Pulp and Paper Bivision, War Industries Board.— Formed on Geober 1, 1915, when the Pulp and Paper Section was expanded into a Division. Tarminated on December 19, 1918, Punctions: To curtail the use of paper by the book trade, mail-order houses, wallpaper manufacturers, lithographers, printers, and commercial stationers; to eliminate wasteful practices in Covernment departments; and to campaign for the conservation of paper by the public. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
- PAPER LABORATORY, LEATHER AND, Chemiotry Bureau, Agriculture Department. -- Sec LEATHER AND PAPER LABORATORY.
- PAPER PROGRAMME COMMITTEE. -- See INTERALLIED PROGRAMME COMMITTEES.
- PARCON ATTORDET'S OFFICE, Justice Department.—Created in 1891. More formally known as the Office of the Attornay in Charge of Farchus functions: To investigate, consider, and prapairs resommendations and populations for horotic classics, except in Arry and like a large production of the catter classics, except in Arry and like a large production of the condens of the catter of the production of the condens o
- PARTS MYML BOARD ON CLAIRS, Navy Department,—Organized pursuant to an order of the Secretary of the Navy to Capt. 7. T. Carren, dated February 12, 1919. Its first meeting took place in Paris on February 23, 1919. On June 15, 1920, the affaire of the Board were turned over to Rear Admirel T. F. Wagruder, Naval Attaché et Paris, who continued to handle than until July 1, 1921, when the Board was abolished. Functions: In liquidate the Insacrial Hability of the Histories of Inval forces in European staters and on Land. Records: 1918-21 (7 feet) in Ms. Correspondence and other records Folking to claims cases. The records of the Secretary's Office, Navy Department, in NA contain other material relating to the Board, including its proceedings.

PARIS PEACE CONFERENCE. - Sae PEACE CONFERENCE.

PASS EMERAU, Operation Extision, Emilroad Administration.—Probably established early in 1918. Punctions: To issue around transportation passes on railroads under Federal control and on the Pullman ear lines. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 193h.

- PASSENCER SECTION, Embarkation Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established prior to December 1917. Abolished as a separate Section when the Embarkation Service was merged with the Inland Traffic Service on March 11, 1919, to form the Transportation Service. Functions: To maintain records of troop movements overseas and returning, including a log of each organization from the date it was reported ready for overseas service by the Operations Division, General Staff, until it was reported landed at a European port. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.
 - PASSENGER TRAFFIC BRANCH, Rail Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—Established about March 11, 1919, as essentially a continuation of the Troop Movement Branch of the Inland Transportation Service. Operated through three Sections: Organizations, Detachments, and Individuals. Functions: To control the movement of military passengers by rail and by water within the country and on regular Army transport routes. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.
 - PASSENGER TRAFFIC COMMITTEES, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration.—Appointed in April and May 1918. There was an eastern committee with headquarters in New York; a southern in Atlanta; and a western in Chicago. Discontinued on March 1, 1920. Functions: To handle passenger traffic matters in their respective areas. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION AND HOUSING DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation .-- Established on May 7, 1918, as the successor to the Housing and Passenger Transportation Service Sections of the General Service Division. an independent unit of the Corporation on July 1, 1920, under the new title Transportation and Housing Operations Division. Functions: To determine the passenger transportation requirements of shipyards holding contracts with the Corporation; to increase transportation facilities, investigate housing needs, and construct houses where necessary; and to maintain, operate, and, after July 1, 1920, dispose of houses and transportation facilities owned or controlled by the Corporation. Records: 1917-21 (203 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, memoranda, statistics, reports, and related materials concerning housing requirements of municipalities in which shipyards were located, the shipment of materials for housing projects, and the planning, carrying out, and management of housing and transportation projects.
 - PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION AND LABOR SECTION, Inland Traffic Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Established with the creation of the Division in March 1918. Functions: To handle matters pertaining to passenger, express, and baggage traffic that involved contact with the Railroad Administration. Assisted in arranging direct and permanent routes and schedules between particular points in the United States for the movement of enlisted personnel. For some time after the signing of the armistice, the Section arranged for train and steamboat reservations for commissioned and enlisted personnel needing assistance. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION SECTION, Passenger Transportation and Housing Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Succeeded the Passenger Transportation

Service Section on May 7, 1938. Abolished on July 1, 1920. Nunctions: To survey passenger transportation requirements for SHD-YARGS holding contracts with the Corporation; and to build, operate, and maintain ratirons, street car, intervans, and buy lines to shippards. Records: 1938-19 (5 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, emergands, and reports relating to transportation facilities and to the construction of additional facilities. Additional information relating to passenger transportation facilities is to be faint in the general correspondence file of the Division. The Sacchard of the Company of

PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION SERVICE SECTION, General Service Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Energency Float Corporation.—See PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION SECTION, Passenger Transportation and Housing Envision.

PASSIONT SECTION, Negative Branch, Militory Intalligence Division, Ceneral Siaff, Wer Department,—Greated as a result of passport regulations which became effective on September 25, 1928. Apparasably also known as the Trawal Section. Its duttes were distributed among seven Subsactions: Executive, Passport, Visé, Alien Permit, Walfare Norters, I. N. C. A., and Laison. Punctions: To investtion of the Computer of the Computer of the Computer of the Computer Large Section of the Computer of the Computer of the Computer Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

PATENT BOARD, ARLY AND NAVY .- See ARMY AND NAVY PATENT BOARD.

PATENT HIVISION, ENERY, Federal Trade Commission. -- See ENERY TRADE DIVISION.

PAIRMY OFFICE, Intestor Department.—Greated in the State Department in 1836, and transferred to the Intestor Department in 1816. In the Commerce Department since 1925. Functions: To administer the Patent laws of the United States. During the war, with the Advice of the Primary Exeminar's Advisory Committee, the Office supplied information regarding petwel to the War and Mary Departments and information regarding petwel to the War and Mary Departments. Outstodian, and the Ordeanes Chief's Office of the War Department. Seconds: In the Patent Office. There are in 100, bower, a few records for the war period (5 inches) relating to the supervision of the Office by the Sacretary of the Interior. References: Patent Office, Patent Laws (Washington, 1934); Gustavus A. Weber, The Patent Office (Saltimore, 1934).

- PATENT OFFICE COMMITTEE, General Relations Division, National Research Council, "Created in 1917 in response to a request by the Commissioner of Patents that the National Research Council "appoint a committee to investigate the Patent Office and patent system, with a view to increasing their effectiveness." On the departure of its Chairman, W. T. Durand, to Europe, in R. Basceland became Acting a Program for the consideration of Congress. It recommended that the Patent Office be made independent of other Covernment agencies and that its staff and salaries be increased; the enacteent of certain semidents to section 1621 of the Partset Statutes benefiting the patentes; and the establishment of a single court of National Research Conduct." As Indicated above. "Decorate" In the

- PATENT SECTION, Engineering and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Formed in October 1918. Functions: Responsible for the control of patent matters, including the determination of questions of patent law, infringements of patent rights, and the validity of patents. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- PATENT SECTION, Industrial Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the outbreak of the war. The head of the Section, a civilian technical assistant, served on the Army and Navy Patent Board and as liaison officer between that Board, the Munitions Patents Board, and the Solicitor for the Navy Department.

 Functions: To handle patent questions for the Navy Department, as well as patent work falling under the cognizance of the Ordnance Bureau. Records: In the Navy Department.
- PATENT SECTION, Radio Division, Steam Engineering Bureau, Navy Department.--Established on January 15, 1919. In March 1923 its functions were transferred to the Office of the Judge Advocate General. Functions: To establish a system for obviating delays in compensation for patents, without interfering with the prompt use by the Government of all latest developments, and to make recommendations for prompt compensation of parties having just claims against the Navy Department. Records: Among the general files of the Bureau of Engineering in NA. Consist chiefly of correspondence concerning radio patent claims.
 - PATENT SECTION, War Department Claims Board, War Department.-- See WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS BOARD.
 - PATENTS BOARD, MUNITIONS, War and Navy Departments.—See MUNITIONS PATENTS BOARD.
 - PATENTS BRANCH, Contract Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established early in 1918. Functions: To handle the preparation of special clauses and contracts relating to letters patent, and to handle all matters of patent law for the Ordnance Department. Records: In NA, partly with other patent records of the Ordnance Chief's Office and partly with the patent records of the Judge Advocate General's Office.
 - PATENTS MIVISION, Trusts Bureau, Alien Property Custodian.—Organized in 1917 or 1918 and abolished after the war. Functions: To exercise supervision over the seizure, sale, transfer, assignment, and release of patents, trade-marks, and copyrights owned by alien enemies. Records: 1918-29 (18 feet) in NA. Include assignments of patents, trade-marks, and copyrights; lists of patents seized; legal opinions concerning patents; records relating to the sale of patents to the Chemical Foundation Co., Inc.; and other records relating to the administration and disposition of patents, trade-marks and copyrights.
 - PATENTS SECTION, Purchase Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on December 20, 1918, and discontinued on June 30, 1920. Functions: To have charge of the collection of information about patents in relation to contracts; to maintain records of rights to inventions possessed by the United States; to supervise the gathering of information about inventions by officers and employees of the Department;

to supervise negotiations for the purchase of patente and inventions by Department bureaus; and to assemble information to guide the procedure of the Department in these matters. Records: Among the patent records of the Judge Advacta General's Office in M.

PATENTS SECTION, Settlements Division, Finance Service, War Department.—Created on May 6, 1919. Functions: To arrange for the settlement of fees end royalties and other Government obligations of like character controcted during the war. Records: In the Finance Chief's Office, War Department.

PARTICIONICAL INTUSION, Animal Industry Bursau, Agriculture Department.—Establehed on April 1, 1891, as the Division of Animal Pathology, a mass subsequently changed to the Division of Pathology, end, later, to the Pathological Division. Functions: During the war, to prepare vectors for immunising young cattle from the blackel gifesses; to test commercial biological products such as servas, vectnes, and bacteria used in the control of animal diseases; to test equine blood serum; to examine diseases; to test equine blood serum; to examine diseases animal tissues; to investigate plants poisonous to animales; and to prepare bulleting regarding hemorrhagic sapticests, important poultry diseases, and stock-poisoning plants of westorn Europe, the latter for the use of the American Expeditionary Forces. Records; 1917-13 () feet) among the general files of the Bureau till BlA.

PATHOLOGICAL EXPLACE DIVISION, Was des Investigations, Hines Bureau, Interior Department, -organized es a Section of the Physiological Research Hirision in the summer of 1917 and became e separate Division in May 1915, with quarters at the American University Experience Station, Washington, D. C. Trensferred with the entire Nor Des Investigations to the Chemical Mayriar Service of the New Desire of the Chemical Company of the Company of the Chemical Chemical Company of the Chemical Chemi

PATHOLOGY AND ACCESSIONS DEPARTMENT, Army Medical Museum, Museum and Library Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. -- See ARMY MEDICAL MUSEUM.

PATHOLOGY AND BACTERIOLOGY DIVISION, Hygienic Laboratory, Scientific Research Division, Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—See SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH DIVISION.

PATHOLOGY SUBCOMMITTE, CEMERAL, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Arisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.

PARMONIC PRODUCTION SECTION, Adminstrative Branch, Construction Division, Nar Department.—Organised in July 1918. Punctions: Through posters, circulars, and speeches, to inspire a proper particle spirit among workers on construction jobs in order that labor discontent sight he subject and an insentive provided for Diminerce, May Department.

- PAYMASTER'S DEPARTMENT, Marine Corps Headquarters, Navy Department.--See MARINE CORPS HEADQUARTERS.
- PEACE, AMERICAN COMMISSION TO NEGOTIATE.—See AMERICAN COMMISSION TO NEGOTIATE PEACE.
- PRACE CONFERENCE .- Summoned after the armistice by the United States and the Allied Powers to meet at Paris. Following an informal meeting of the representatives of the Great Powers, the first Plenary Session of the Conference was held in the Hall of Mirrors in the Palace of Versailles on January 18, 1919, the anniversary of the proclaiming of the German Empire in the same place in 1871. Clemenceau was elected President. A considerable number of councils, committees, and commissions, meeting for the most part in Paris, performed the work of the Conference. These included the Council of Ten, the Economic Commission, the Commission on Reparation of Damages, the League of Nations Commission, and the Central Committee on Territorial Questions. The Conference may be said to have terminated with the signing of the Treaty of Sevres with Turkey on August 10, 1920. Functions: To conclude peace between the Allied and Associated Powers and the Central Powers. The first treaty to be concluded was the Treaty of Versailles, which was signed by the representatives of the Allied and Associated Powers and Germany on June 28, 1919, the anniversary of the assassination of the Archduke Francis Ferdinand. Records: Those of the American participants in the Peace Conference are described under the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. References: Paris Peace Conference, Conférence des préliminaires de paix; composition et fonctionnement, ler avril 1919, and Fonctionnement de la conférence, ler octobre 1919 ([Paris, 1919]); State Department, Foreign Relations, 1919, The Paris Peace Conference (Washington, 1912-); H. W. V. Temperley, ed., A History of the Peace Conference of Paris (Iondon, 1920-24); James T. Shotwell, At the Paris Peace Conference (New York, 1937); Paul Birdsall, Versailles Twenty Years After (Hew York, 1941).
 - PENITENTIARY SENTENCES AND OFFICERS' CASES NOT INVOLVING DISMISSAL SECTION, Military Justice Division, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department.—See MILITARY JUSTICE DIVISION.
 - PERIODICAL SECTION, Pulp and Paper Division, War Industries Board.—
 Formed on October 1, 1918, when the Pulp and Paper Section was expanded into a Division. Terminated on December 19, 1918. Functions: To administer regulations issued by the Pulp and Paper Division with reference to periodicals. These related to the quality and weight of paper, the prohibition of new publications, reductions in tonnage, and the discontinuance of wasteful practices. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
 - PERISHABLE FOOD PRODUCTS SUBCOMMITTEE.—See FOOD PRODUCTION PROGRAM COMMITTEE, Agriculture Department.
 - PEFISHABLE FOODS DIVISION, Food Administration.—Originated early in July 1917 in work performed by a Division of Fruits and Perishables (later known as the Fruits, Vegetables, and Fish Division) and a Division of Markets and Marketing, both under the direction of G. Harold Powell. It was established as the Perishable Foods Division in December 1917, and to it were transferred the Potatoes and Staple Vegetables Division and the Dairy Products, Cold Storage,

and Facking House Products Division. It functioned through the following Sections: Agricultural Relations, Butter and Chrese, Gold Storage, Fisherias, Fraits and Vegetables, Farinable Foods, Potato and Dehytration, Poultry and Eggs, and Kilk. If was ordered dissolved in October 1918, and some of its sections were transferred to other divisions, but apparently it centimed to function until February 1919. O. Harold Fowell, Chiaf. Punctions: To stimulate the production and the preservation of Portifiable Toods, to maintain maximum price margins for dealers in mold storage products, and to climinate unfair practices tending to interfere with competition. Records: 1917-19 (185 feet) in NA. Correspondence, minutee of conferences, and reports. Refarences: William F. Oephart, Perishable Produce Under Food Regulation, in Quarterly Journal of Economics, 32: 621-631 (Aug. 1918).

PERISHABLE FOODS PROJECT, MARKET INSPECTION OF, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department, -- Ses FOOD PRODUCTS INSPECTION SERVICE.

PERISHABLE PRODUCTS SUBCOMMITTEE, Agricultural Advisory Committee.— Sae AGRICULTURAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

PERMANENT FIAMINISO BOARD, Ordenace Chief's Office, War Department, organized on March 23 and dissolved on November 21, 1915. Purchisson To examine candidates for commissions in the Office and to Fectimend and pase upon the suitability of assignments of officers to recommend promotion or denotion; to consider reports of unfitness; and to receive resignations and to make recommendations concerning them. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Na.

FERRIT SECTION, Steal Division, Was Industries Board.—Created on June 1 and discontinued after Docember 31, 1918. Punctioner To issue permiss for the manufacturing and shipping of steel. Records: 1918 (12 fast) in RA. Include applications for permits, with related correspondence, and priority certificates.

FEMIT SECTION, War Emergency Division, Justice Department, —Existed from October 1, 1917, to lay 15, 1919. Functions: To deal with the protection of war plants, docks, wharves, waterfront shipping and terminal facilities, and other problibited areas. The Section prepared regulations and instructions with regard to such areas and supervised a pass and permit system. Records: 1917-19. Among the central files of the Department in NA. Tunclude correspondence, necorating, regulations, instructions, forms, badges, and cass files.

PERSONAL ACCESSORIES SECTION, Hardware, Cordage, and Miscellaneous Branch, General Supilies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See HARDWARF, CORDAGE, AND MISCELLANEOUS BRANCH.

PERSONAL AND HORSE EQUIPMENT BRANCH, Orderance Subdivision, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See OREMANCE SUBJUNISION.

FERSONAL DEFOSITS AND ALIGHERMS BRANCH, Central Disbursing Division, Quartermaster Gensral's Office, War Department.—Existed prior to the war as the Deposits and Allotments Branch, Finance and Accounting Division. From January 26 to April 16, 1918, it was the Deposits and Allotments Section, Finance and Accounts Branch, General Administration Bureau. From April 16 to June 12, it operated as the Personal Deposits and Allotments Branch, Finance and Accounts Division, and on the latter date it was transferred to the newly established Central Disbursing Division of the Office. On October 21, 1918, its functions were transferred to the Finance Service, War Department. Functions: To handle the payment of officers' allotments and the payment of "Class E" allotments by enlisted men. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Finance, War Department.

PERSONNEL DIVISION, Military Branch, Engineer Chief's Office, War Department.—Established about April 6, 1917. Abolished upon the establishment of the Troop Division early in 1919. Functions: To handle applications for commissions in the Engineer Corps and in the Engineer Officers Reserve Corps, and to handle matters pertaining to enlisted personnel. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

PERSONNEL DIVISION, Ordnancé Chief's Office, War Department.--See COMMISSIONED PERSONNEL SECTION and ENLISTED PERSONNEL SECTION, Administration Division.

PERSONNEL DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—
In existence before the outbreak of war as the Personnel Branch,
Administrative Division. Became a Division on October 9, 1917.
Performed its functions through the following Branches: Administrative, Civilian Personnel, Commissioned Personnel, Departmental Personnel, Enlisted Personnel, Labor Battalion Personnel, Liaison, and
Training. Abolished on January 12, 1918. Its duties were taken
over by the Administrative Division. Reestablished on April 16,
1918, as the Personnel Division. On December 6, 1918, it became
the Personnel Section of the Administrative Branch, Office of the
Director of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic. Functions: To handle
the personnel matters of the Office. Records: Probably among
those of the Office in NA.

PERSONNEL IN THE ARMY, COMMITTEE ON CLASSIFICATION OF, Adjutant General's Office, War Department.—See CIASSIFICATION OF PERSONNEL IN THE ARMY COMMITTEE.

PETROLEUM COMMITTEE, Council of National Defense.—Created in March 1917 and terminated in the late fall of 1917. The work of the Committee was continued by the Petroleum War Service Committee and the Oil Division of the Fuel Administration. Also known as the Oil Cooperative Committee and more commonly as the Oil Committee. Functions: To mobilize the oil industry and to aid in the procurement of oil and oil products for the use of the Army and Navy. Records: Some are among those of the Council in NA, including fragmentary correspondence, reports, and telegrams (1 inch).

PETROLEUM CONFERENCE, INTERALLIED.—See INTERALLIED PETROLEUM CONFERENCE.

PETROLEUM DIVISION, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Created on July 1, 1916, and still in existence. Also known as the Petroleum and Matural Gas Division. War work was performed by the following Sections: Aviation Fuels; Fuel Oil; Lubricants; and Technical Research. Functions: To undertake investigations relative to the increase and conservation of petroleum supplies through greater

- June 25, 1918, it was transferred with the entire War Gas Investigations to the War Department, where it became the Pharmacological Research Section of the Chemical Warfare Service. Functions: To devise toxicity tests for gases; to determine the skin-irritant effects of gases; to test fabrics for permeability to mustard gas; and to determine variations in skin sensitivity to gases. Records: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Gas Investigations, 26 (Bulletin 178A. Washington, 1919).
- PHARMACOLOGY DIVISION, Hygienic Laboratory, Scientific Research Division, Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—See SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH DIVISION.
- PHARVACY SUBCOMMITTEE, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.
- PHOTOGRAPH SUBSECTION, OFFICIAL, News Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.--See NEWS SECTION.
- PHOTOGRAPHIC DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.— See PHOTOGRAPHIC SECTION, Special Service Division.
- PHOTOGRAPHIC PERMIT SUBSECTION, News Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.--See NEWS SECTION.
- PHOTOGRAPHIC SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration .-- See ILLUSTRATIONS AND PLATES SECTION.
- PHOTOGRAPHIC SECTION, Special Service Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Originated as the Photographic Section of the Office, established in July 1917, which on October 1, 1917, became the Photographic Division of the Office. On September 7, 1918, the Division became the Photographic Section of the Special Service Division. Functions: To supervise the photographic work of the Signal Corps, including the collection of still and motion pictures to constitute a comprehensive pictorial history of the war; and to provide pictures for technical use, particularly for instruction purposes. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - PHOTOGRAPHS BURFAU, WAR, Films Division, Committee on Public Information.—See WAR PHOTOGRAPHS BUREAU.
 - PHOTOGRAPHY AND FIELD GLASSES BRANCH, Production Section, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See PRODUCTION SECTION.
 - PHOTOGRAPHY BRANCH, Purchase Section, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See PURCHASE SECTION.
 - PHOTOGRAPHY DEPARTMENT, STILL, Army Medical Museum, Museum and Library Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See ARMY MEDICAL MUSEUM.
 - PHYSICAL RECONSTRUCTION DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Organized as the Special Hospitals and Physical Reconstruction Division on August 22, 1917, and renamed some time in

May 1918. Operated through the following Sections: Clinical, Education, Physiotherapy, Publicity, and Orthopedic Asine. (The Latinamed Section was transferred from the Military Orthopedic Surgery Division in May 1918.) The work of the Division may coordinated with that of the Hospital Division, and it became a Section of that Division on June 20, 1919. Functions: To apply complete sectical and surgical treatment to disabled soldiers before their discharge from the Army in order to restore them to a maximum functional condition, both mentally and physically. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Ma.

- PHISICAL RESEARCH DIVISION, CHRUIGAL AND, Geologic Branch, Geological Survey, Interior Department.—See CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL RESPANCH DIVISION.
- PHYSICAL STANDARDS AND EXAMINATION SECTION, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See MISCELLANEOUS SECTION.
- PHYSICIANS COMMITTEE, WOMEN, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See NOMEN PHYSICIANS COMMITTEE.
- . HYSICS COMMITTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department, -- See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
 - PAISICS COMMITTEE, Physics, Mathematics, Astronomy, and Geophysics Division, National Research Council, -Organized in 1917 under the chairmanship of R. A. Millikan. Became a part of the Division when it was organized in 1918. Functions: Devoted its attention to military problems, working Glossly with the War and Navy Departments. In cooperation with a French scientific mission, it arranged conferences of physicists on special problems and initiated investigations for their solution. Subjects in which it was interested are indicated by the names of its Subcommittees: Airplane Instruments, Arc-Light Problems, Balloon Problems, Bomb Sights and Stabi-lizers, Camouflags, Crystal Detectors, Illumination, Location of Invisible Aircraft, Location of Mining and Tunneling Operations, Monoculars and Binoculars, Muzzle Velocity of Projectiles, Naval Range Finders, Navigation of Airplanes, Optical Signaling, Parachute Problems, Photo Receiving, Pressures in Sound Waves, Range Finders for Antisircraft Service, Sound Ranging, Static Charges on Airships, Submarine Investigations, Submarine Mines, Upper-Air Problems, Use of High Pressure in Manufacturing Guns, Visibility, and Wireless, Records: In the National Research Council.
 - PHISICS, MATHEMATICS, ASTRONOUT, AND CEOPHISICS INVISION, National Research Council.—A part of the war organization of the Council, it was formed in 1918 by tringing together tha Thyrics, Extensition, Council.—A council.

special optical questions relating to secret signaling, increased visibility at sea, and detection of camouflage. With the authorization of the Military Division, it initiated a joint weekly conference with the Engineering Division at which military officers and civilian scientists received research reports from abroad and discussed scientific and technical problems connected with the conduct of the war. Records: In the National Research Council.

PHYSIOLOGICAL RESEARCH DIVISION, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Organized on April 4, 1917. Transferred with the entire War Gas Investigations to the War Department on June 25, 1918. Functions: To conduct medical science research concerning gas warfare. Included pharmacological, pathological, and therapeutic research until those functions were assigned to separate divisions. The war work of the Physiological Research Division was accomplished by the following Sections: Aviation Investigations; Field Tests of Gases; Sanitation Conditions at Poison Gas Factories; and Shock, Asphyxia, Hemorrhage, and Carbon Monoxide Investigations. Records: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Gas Investigations, 22-24 (Bulletin 178A. Washington, 1919).

PHYSIOLOGICAL SALT REQUIREMENTS OF CERTAIN CULTIVATED PLANTS COMMITTEE, Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fisheries Division, National Research Council.—Appointed in 1917 with Burton E. Livingston as Chairman. Functions: To promote a cooperative study by research institutions of the subject indicated by its name. The Committee prepared a prospectus for the study in order that all investigators might follow the same methods and use the same materials. This study was continued after the war under the direction of the Biology and Agriculture Division of the Council. Records: In the National Research Council.

PHYSIOLOGY COMMITTEE, Medicine and Related Sciences Division, National Research Council.—Organized in 1917 with Walter B. Cannon as Chairman and W. H. Howell as Vice and Acting Chairman. Became a part of the Division when it was established in 1918. At the time of the armistice the following three Subcommittees were active: Fatigue in Industrial Pursuits, Frederick S. Lee, Chairman; Investigations on the Physiology of Shock, W. B. Cannon, Chairman; and Control of Hemorrhage, W. H. Howell, Chairman. Functions: Cooperated with the Medicine and Hygiene Committee. Organized numerous investigations on physiological problems arising from the war, including studies of hemorrhage, fatigue, industrial efficiency, hygienic conditions in industrial establishments, and traumatic shock. Reoords: In the National Research Council.

PHYSIOLOGY SUBCOMMITTEE, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.

PHYSIOTHERAPY SECTION, Physical Reconstruction Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. -- See PHYSICAL RECONSTRUCTION DIVISION.

PHYTOCHEMICAL LABORATORY, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department.—
In existence before the war. Functions: During the war at the suggestion of the National Research Council, it investigated the sources of caffeine other than those usually available. Records: Those in NA for the war period are among the general files of the Chemistry Bureau.

- FIGURIAL PUBLICITY UNIVERSE, Cornettee on Public Information.—Established in April 1917 and discontinued in Describe 1918. Office as New York City. Charles Bers Cithens Director. Punctions To unilist the artists of the country in the war effort, especially in the drawing of posters. Records: Routine correspondence on hand at the close of the Division's activities was retained by Glübon.
- FIGURIAL SECTION, Hietorical Branch, War Plans Division, General Staff, War Department.—Grganized in 1916. Functions: To collect official and other photographs relating to the war, and to edit a pictorial history of the war. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
- FICTURE SERVICE HIVISION, FOREIGN, Committee on Public Information.— See FOREIG: PICTURE SERVICE HIVISION.
- FIGURES INVISION, Committee on whole information.—Authorised by Executive Order No. 2008, September 25, 1017. Merged into the Films Division as the Eureau of Mar Photographs in March 1918. Kendall Banning and L. R. Rabel, Directors successively. Functions: To promote the making and distribution of official way photographs, to issue permits for photographs, to issue permits of prophotographic Government activities, and to trundeh pictures for the Foreign Press Bureau-Mail Service. Records: 1917-18 (3 feet) in Na. Largely involves for photographs.
- FIG 180M, INDI ONE, AND LAKE TRANSPORTATION SUMMANDAL TITE, Seed and Steel Products Cooperative Cormittee, Raw Meterials, Minerela, and Metals Commission Commission, Council of Retinal Defense, organized in June 1517 Defense, Commission of November, When it is functional to the commission of the State of the Commission of the State of the St
- FIG INCH SECTION, Steel Division, War Industries Board, -- Created shortly after the organization of the Steel Division in November 1937r. Discontinued after December 31, 1913. Puncilonal: In conjunction with the Fig Iron, Iron Ore, and Lake Irangoritation december 1915. The Procurement and supply of all pig iron require by various Coverment departments or by private firms for governmental purposes. Records: 1917-16 in Na. Include correspondence and allocation requests, with eupporting papers (25 feet). Other proords are probably in the "consolidated files" or the Board.
- FIG TIN POOL, INTERALLIED, -See INTERALLIED TIN EXECUTIVE.
- FRO THE SUBCOMMITTEE, Steel and Steel Products Cooperative Committee, Raw Materials, Hinerals, and Ketals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Organized in June 1917. Discolved the following November, when its functions were taken over by the following National Committee of the Council National Committee of Informed of developments in the Industries Beard in Nat.
- PIGEON SECTION, Special Service Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department. Criginated as the Pigeon Service of the Signal Corps, which was suthorized in November 1917. On September 7, 1918, the Service became the Pigeon Section. Special Service

Division. Functions: To procure, breed, and train pigeons, and to train personnel for the pigeon service. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

PINTO BEAN DIVISION FOR GROWING DISTRICTS (COLORADO), Food Administration .-- Created in response to appeals for aid from pinto bean planters who were unable to dispose of their 1917 crop. (The pinto bean, a medium-sized, heavily mottled, highly nutritious seed, had been practically unknown in the East.) On February 13, 1918, the Federal Food Administrator for Colorauo, at the request of the Bean Section of the Food Administration, appointed O. H. Liebers as Pinto Bean Commissioner. Through his "Pinto Bean Division for Growing Districts," located in Denver, Liebers exercised jurisdiction over the pinto bean growing districts of five States--Colorado, Wyoming, New Mexico, Kansas, and Nebraska. He worked in close collaboration with the Bean Section of the Food Administration and the Bean Division of the Grain Corporation. The county agricultural agents of the Agriculture Department handled the signing of contracts with planters. The Grain Corporation purchased and sold the bulk of the crop of pintos. The producers of the "Colorado Speckled Beauties" wanted to receive similar favored treatment for their 1918 crop, but in view of the complaints of growers of other varieties of beans and the ending of hostilities in Europe, the Food Administration did not enter upon a fresh agreement with them. The Pinto Bean Division terminated in February 1919. Functions: To handle problems connected with the purchasing and marketing of the enormous pinto bean crop of 1917. Records: 1918-19 (lk feet) in NA. Correspondence, contracts between pinto bean growers and the Grain Corporation, shipping orders, reports of stock on hand and of shipments, and lists of county agents, growers, and shippers. Related records are among those of the Bean Section, Canned Foods Division, Food Administration, and of the Bean Division, Grain Corporation. References: Frank M. Surface, The Grain Trade During the World War, 361-364 (New York, 1928).

PIFE LINES BUREAU, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—Established on March 13, 1918, and removed to New York on April 15. Terminated in December 1918. Functions: To gather information concerning pipe lines and to bring about an increased flow of oil to the Eastern seaboard. Records: In NA. Correspondence, tracings, and blue-prints (4 feet) are filed separately from the central files of the Division.

PISTOL BRANCH, Small Arms Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.--See ARMS BRANCH.

PIANES DEPARTMENT, Production Division, Aircraft Production Bureau, War Department.--See PRODUCTION DIVISION.

PLANNING AND ADJUSTMENTS BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Organized on January 26, 1918, as the Control and Planning Branch. A Planning and Inspection Branch was established on June II by uniting the Planning Section of the Control and Planning Branch with the Inspection Branch (that is, inspection and planning activities were coordinated to form one branch, although, in reality, the Planning and Inspection Branches continued to function separately). On August 5, the Planning Branch absorbed the adjustments and accounting work and was then called the Planning and Adjustments Branch. On October 19, 1918, this Branch was transferred with the Subsistence Division to

the Office of the Director of Furchase. Functions: To have charge of the inspection and greeding of camed goods, of matters pertaining to receptuales for packing, and of specifications pertaining to subsistence in general. Records: Probably with those of the Quartermaster General's Office in MA.

FLANKING AND CONTROL SECTION, Control Bureau, Ordnancs Chief's Office, War Department.—See FLANKING BRANCH, Executive Section.

FLANDING AIM CONTROL SECTION, Supply Distribute, Ordnance Chief's Office, Mar Department.—Established in 1917. Included the following Branchess Audit, Balance of Stores, Executive, Pollow Up and Distribution, Order of Bork, Procurement Order and Delivery Eccord, and Supply and Shipping Order. Functions: To isaulie routine operations of the Division pertaining to the Procurement and distribution of ordnance supplies, and to maintain related records. Records: Probably with those of the Office in MA.

FRANKIN AND EMPLEERING SECTION, Small Arms Mivision, Ordanace Onder's Office, War Department. -Organized in June 1917. Transferred on January IL, 1915, together with the engineering functions of the Eachine Out Section, Carriage Division, to the Engineering Bureau so it Machine Out and Small Arms Section. It again became a part of the Small Arms Division upon the resubhlehench of that Division by Office Order No. 1955, effective on February 1, 1919. Functional to Nave charge of engineering work for the Division, including this revision of drawings, the inspection of new designs, and the making the Contractions relating to sampletion, in deving up specifications for the raw meterials required. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

FIANNING AND INSPECTION BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Quartermaster Ocneral's Office, War Department.—See Planning and Adjustments BRANCH.

PLANNING AND STATISTICS CENTRAL BUREAU. -- See CENTRAL BUREAU OF PLANNING AND STATISTICS.

PIANNING AND STATISTICS DIVISION, Shipping Board .- Created by a resolution of the Shipping Board on February 11, 1918. Ceased to function on August 31, 1919. Edwin F. Gay and W. S. Tower, Directors Successively. Functions: To keep a daily record in graphic form of the movement of ships; to plan voyage schedules so that the Board might use all ships to the limit of their capacity; to obtain knowledge of commodities exported and imported; and to collect data and prepare plans on special subjects. Cooperated with other similar etatistical units in the various governmental war organizations, especially with those of the War Trade Board and the War Industries Board. Also served the Allied Maritims Transport Council, Some of its functions were continued under the Intalligence Section, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. Records: 1917-19 (15 feet, exclusive of records on minsrel exports and imports now combined with those of the Geological Survey) in MA. Include e general file; etatistical reports; Intelligence Section reports; administrative papers; files of the Secretary of the Manning of American Merchant Marine Committee; and a report on "Terminal Charges at United States Ports." Records relating to the work of the Division ers probably among those of the War Trade Board in the State Department.

PLANNING AND STATISTICS DIVISION, War Industries Board .-- Created in June 1918, succeeding the part of the Statistics Division of the Council of National Defense remaining after the transfer in April of the greater part of its personnel to the Statistics Branch of the General Staff. Organized by and operated under the general supervision of Edwin F. Gay, who was also in charge of the Central Bureau of Planning and Statistics, the Planning and Statistics Division of the Shipping Board, and the Research and Tabulation of Statistics Bureau of the War Trade Board. On July 1, 1918, the Division of Planning and Statistics was placed under the immediate supervision of a Director, H. R. Hatfield. It was discontinued after December 31, 1913, and several of its sections were transferred to the War Trade Board. Functions: To coordinate and tabulate the statistical work of the commodity sections; to make studies of wartime price movements; to collect information on war contracts and deliveries; to collect information of interest to the Board about conditions in foreign countries; and to conduct special investigations upon request. Various series of bulletins on contracts, the production of different commodities, and prices were prepared and sent to Government officials and other interested persons. Records: Some are among those of the War Trade Board in the State Department; some are in the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace at Stanford University, Calif.; and the remainder form a part of the records of the War Industries Board in NA. These include a file of monthly reports on war contracts and operating capacities of plants, with related correspondence, 1917-18 (45 feet); sample sets of questionnaires sent out by all sections of the Board and by other agencies; copies of bulletins and circulars; and card records of firms holding war contracts. References: Leo Wolman, "The Statistical Work of the War Industries Board," in American Statistical Association, Quarterly Publications, 16: 248-260 (Mar. 1919).

FIANNING AND STATISTICS SECTION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See RECORDS SECTION, Ship Construction Division.

PLAINING BRANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Established on June 14, 1918. Operated through the following Sections: Planning, Research and Specifications, and Statistical. Transferred with the Division in October 1918 to the Office of the Director of Purchase. Functions: To plan a program of procurement and inspection for the Division. Records: Probably with those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

PLANNING BRANCH, Depot Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Organized on February 13, 1918, as a Branch of the Warehousing Division. Became part of the Depot Division on the establishment of that Division on April 16. Abolished on June 14, 1918. Functions: To determine warehouse space requirements for the Quartermaster Corps, and to conduct research to develop the most efficient methods to be followed in the various depots of the Division. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

PLANNING BRANCH, Executive Section, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established as the Planning and Control Section of the Control Bureau on January 1h, 1918, by Office Order No. 10h. Transferred by Office Order No. 222 of May 25, 1918, to the Estimates and Requirements Division as its Planning Section. When Office

Order No. 297 of august 10, 1918, established the Executive Section, the Flanning Section was transferred to 1 as a Branch. Functions: To snalyze reports and communications received from the silitary forces and from other sources that the property of the communication reports of the silitary in the communication of the source and the section of the source and the section of the

FLANNIOD DIVISION, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.—Originated in the easignment in May 1016 of Commander Frank H. Schoffield to the Office of Naval Operations. Functions: To deliberate upon questions of policy in using the fleet in Mar and to cooperate with plans committees of the Department. Records: In the Division.

FIANUES INVISION, Training and Bluttion Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably instituted with the Service on Muly 16, 1919. Operated through Training Nethods, Research, and Antomation Sections. After the armdaton, it wend the Training Blvision's field service to gather information. Probably terminated with the Service on June 30, 1919. Punctions: To study ways and heasts of training and diluting skilled Labor. Records: Disposition authorized by Congress in 1928.

FAMILIO SECTION, Positive Branth, Military Intelligence Division, Ceneral Staff, Are Department.—Established carring the finest year ending June 30, 1921. Functions: To examine the tactical, logictical, and strategical information returned by the Invision and to transmit this information to the proper places. Records: In the Ceneral Staff, Var Department.

PLAINTHG SECTION, Statistics Bureau, Distribution Division, Fusl Administration, -- See STATISTICS SUREAU.

PLANS DIVISION, WAR, General Staff, War Department. -- See WAR PLANS DIVISION.

FLANT DISPOSAL SECTION, Shipyard Flants Division, Construction Organization, Singing Sourd Brargency Fleet Corporation.—Established on April 21, 1919. On February 1, 1920, the Section was trunsferred to the jurisdiction of the Supply and Sales Division, where its the jurisdiction of the Supply and Sales Division, where its the surface of the Supply and Sales Division. Practically, however, section of the Supply and Sales Division. Practically the Supply and Sales Division. Practically to the Supply and Sales Division. Practically a section when the Supply and Sales Division. Practically a section of the Supply and Sales Division. Practically and Sales Division. The Sales Division of the Supply and Sales Division. Sales Division of the Sales Division.

Plant Equipment Section, RISCULLANDUS, Eachinery and Engineering Naterial: Erance, Surplus Property Bivision, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Eirector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department, —See MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS BRANCH. PLANT EXTENSION SECTION, SPECIAL RENTALS AND, Compensation Board, Navy Department. -- See SPECIAL RENTALS AND PLANT EXTENSION SECTION.

PLANT FACILITIES SECTION, Inspector of Ordnance Establishments, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. - A memorandum of December 30, 1918, of the Office of the Chief of Ordnance outlined the functions of this projected Section, and Office Memorandum No. 166 of January 29, 1919, announced the establishment and functions of the Plant Facilities Section, under the Inspector of Ordnance Establishments. Early in January 1919, the records and files of the Gauge Section (presumably a part of the Engineering Division) and of the Plant Section (formerly a part of the Production Division) were taken over by this Section. Functioned through the following Branches: Administrative or Executive, Inventory, Artillery, Small Arms, Artillery Ammunition, Chemical Loading and Explosives, Electrical, Maintenance, Stores, Materials, and Arsenal Requirements. Functions: To salvage machinery and equipment of every description needed at the Govern-.. ment arsenals and ordnance establishments in order to carry out a policy recommended by the Arsenal Facilities Board; and to replace any worn out and obsolete machinery and equipment that might be on Records: Among those of the Office in NA.

PIANT FACILITIES SECTION, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established by Supply Circular No. 39 of June 5, 1919. Still in existence on June 30, 1920. Functions: To supervise and direct the disposal of plants and plant facilities owned, leased, or otherwise controlled by the United States for the use of the Department upon their being recommended for disposal by agencies of the Department. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

PLANT INDUSTRY BUREAU, Agriculture Department .-- Established by an act of March 2, 1901, through consolidation of eight divisions concerned with plant and crop problems. Functions: During the war, with a view to increasing production, avoiding waste, and providing substitute products, to conduct investigations dealing with fruit diseases, cereal diseases, and diseases responsible for the spoilage of vegetables and for defects of airplane and gun-carriage timber; methods of corn production and possibilities of improvement; the . production of currency paper from domestic flax to replace paper made from rags formerly obtained from Germany; the location of raw materials for the manufacture of gas masks; the development of larger production of extra-staple cotton used in the manufacture of automobile tires, airplane wings, and balloon and other fabrics requiring the greatest possible strength and durability in fiber; the technology of castor-oil manufacture; and agricultural conditions in Algeria, made at the request of the French High Commission. Also to conduct campaigns to ensure as nearly as possible the maintenance of the normal supply of sugar and to stimulate the development of home gardens. Records: 1886-1942 (38,514 feet) in NA and the Department of Agriculture. Records for the war years in NA include press-book copies of outgoing letters of the Office of the Chief, and correspondence of the following Offices: Agricultural Technology, in regard to its work on the production of extra-staple cotton and other fibers of great strength and durability; Cereal Investigations, in regard to its investigations of cereal diseases; Drug, Poison, and Oil Plant Investigations, in regard to its investigations of castor-oil manufacture; Fruit Diseases and Horticultural and Pomological Investigations, in regard to its investigations of the storage of fruits, vegetables, and truck crops; Soil Fertility Investigations, in regard to its endies of American sources of potash and new nitureen sources; end Sugar Plant Investigations, in regard to its work on the maintenance of a normal supply of sugar. There is also a file of war emergency food letters pertaining to the increase in the production of the food supply.

PLANT PROTECTION EUREAU, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See PLANT PROTECTION SECTION, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff.

PLANT PROTECTION SECTION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Energency Fleet Corporation .- Established on April 6, 1918, under the general supervision of the Vice President and General Manager of the Corporation. On October 1, 1919, its few remaining protection activities were transferred to the jurisdiction of the district managers. On January 13, 1920, the Section was abolished as a part of the Construction Organization and was recreated as the Investigation Department of the Corporation. Functions: To supervise the guarding of shippard plant properties; to supervise fire protection measures and investigate fires; to conduct confidential investigations and perform accret service work; and to maintain liaison and cooperate with other governmental intelligence and secret service organizations. Records: 1917-20 (37 feet) in NA. General correspondence, notes, reports, and memoranda, including reports of the district guard and fire marshals. Related records in NA include a few papers dealing with plant protection among racords of the Shipyard Plants Division, and material dealing with fire protection among the records of the Fire Protection Section of that Division; records concerning the investigative sotivities of the Plant Protection Section are in the files of the Invastigation Department.

FLANT FORDSTON STOTICN, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, Mar Department—Originated in the Office of the Chief Signal Officer on July 23, 1917. Became a Subsection of the Foreign Influence, Emery Propaganda Section, about December 20, 1917, and on July 1, 1918, became a Subsection of the Aray Section, Became a Section of the Heyative Branch probably when that Branch was formed on August 18, 1918. Functions: To protect Coverrount plants and construction, projects and private plants engaged in war work. Records: Some ere among those of the Division in NA.

PLANT PROTECTION SECTION, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. — See INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT.

PLAY SECTION, Production Division, Ordance Chief's Office, No Pepartment.—Created on April 27, 1918. On Auly 39, 1918, it showshed the functions of the Construction Section of the Control Bureau. Operated through the following Branches: Construction, Dutipent, Plant Survey, and Requirements. Punctions: To determine what new plants and additions to plants and additions to plants and additions to plants and adjustent of which provided at the expense of the United States; to check estimates of costs and approve purchase orders; to certify reached of waterial for the construction and equipment of mew plant heilities; to complie and new positions of the Sources of apply of mandrace, tools.

Additional Confession of the Confessi

- PLANT SURVEY BRANCH, Plant Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on April 27, 1918. Functions: To list available plant facilities and initiate new projects in connection with the utilization of available facilities. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- PLANTS AND MUNITIONS ADVISORY COMMITTEE, War Industries Board.—
 Created on May 28, 1918, taking over the functions and much of the personnel of the Committee on Production of the Board. Discontinued after the armistice. Functions: To represent the Board in the distribution and placing of orders and to assist the War and Navy Departments in production problems, particularly with reference to the production of guns, forgings, and railroad gun mounts and the standardization of freight cars and locomotives. Records: 1917-18 (2 feet) in NA. Include correspondence of the Chairman and reports on locomotives, both of which antedate the formation of the Committee. Related records may be in the "consolidated files" of the Board.
 - PLANTS COMMITTEE, PHYSIOLOGICAL SALT REQUIREMENTS OF CERTAIN CULTI-VATED, Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fisheries Division, National Research Council.—See PHYSIOLOGICAL SALT REQUIRE— MENTS OF CERTAIN CULTIVATED PLANTS COMMITTEE.
 - FLANTS CONSTRUCTION SECTION, SHIPYARD, Shipyard Plants Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See SHIPYARD PLANTS CONSTRUCTION SECTION.
 - PIANTS DIVISION, SHIPYARD, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See SHIPYARD PLANTS DIVISION.
 - PLASTIC AND ORAL SURGERY SECTION, Surgery of the Head Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See SURGERY OF THE HEAD DIVISION.
 - PLATINUM SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.--Formed in March and discontinued on December 31, 1918. Functions: To control and conserve the supply of platinum by ascertaining Government and essential civilian requirements and administering and distributing the supply to meet these demands, while gradually building up a reserve. Records: Among those of the War Department Claims Board in NA.
 - PLEDGE CARD CAMPAIGN OFFICE, Home Conservation Division, Food Administration.—Organized in August 1917. Its work was later taken over by the Educational and States Administration Divisions. Functions: To supervise and encourage the conservation of food by carrying on personal-pledge campaigns among housewives. The Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense cooperated in this work. Records: 1917-19 (15 feet) in NA. General correspondence, reports, lists of officials, club rosters, record cards, memoranda, and signed pledge cards. References: William C. Mullendore, History of the United States Food Administration, 1917-1919, 86-87 (Stanford University, 1911).
 - PLUMBING SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT, Procurement Section, Materials Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—See PROCUREMENT SECTION.

- POISONINGS COMMITTEE, INDUSTRIAL, Medicine and Related Sciences Division, National Research Council.—See INDUSTRIAL POISONINGS COMMIT-TEE.
- POLICE SECTION, SECRET SERVICE AND, Operation Division, Railroad Administration. -- See SECRET SERVICE AND POLICE SECTION.
- FOLICIES AND PLANSING BOARD, Employment Service, Labor Department.— Crewted on March 1, 1918, by a memorandum of the Secretary of Labor, Probably terminated after the armistics. Functions: To consider the policies and progress of the various divisions of the Employment Service. Records: Menerabouts unknown.
- POLITICAL AND CONCERCIAL CONTROL OF MINERALS SECTION, WAR Minerals Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department, -- See WAR KINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.
- NOVILATION LUTSION, Census Bareau, Comerce Department,—In existmence before the war. Functions: To collect, compile, and proper for publication statifice relating to population, religious buddes, and marriage and divorce. During the war it participated in various war-related dattee of the Bareau. hearthmarriage in the Compus Bureau.
- PORT AND HARBOR FACILITIES COUNTSSION, Shipping Board, -- Began to function early in Eay 1916, and formally organised on Eay 23, 1918, as the Commission on Port, Terminal, and Earbor Improvement. The title was later changed. On Becember 1, 1919, nearly all its staff was transferred to the Rivers and Harbore Board of the War Department, but the truncated Commission continued to operate for some time thereafter. Some of the functions are still performed jointly by the War Department and the Maritime Commission under the Transportation and the Merchant Marine Acts of 1920. Functions: To make a survey of port facilities: to recommend plans for the more effective utilization of port facilities and for the construction of new facilities; and to take charge of such new construction as might be authorized. Records: 1918-26 (92 feet) in NA. Include the general files; port data and correspondence; reports of the Commission; information files and pamphlets on foreign ports; press releases and clippings; part of the files of the Interregional Traffic Conmittee of the Traffic Division of the Failroad Administration; a file on the cost of cargo handling: port information questionnaires; charts, tables, maps, and blueprints; and catalogs of industrial machinery and supplies.

PORT OF NEW YORK WAR BOARD .- See WAR BOARD FOR THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

FORT OPERATIONS REANCH, Supplies Dirision, Sharage Service, Furchase and Storage Service, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Edvision, Genrall Staff, Mar Department.—Stabilished about May 17, 1919. Operated through the fourthing the Sections: Import; Tourney & Dartated through the fourthing the Sections: Import; Tourney & Dartdor its functions being taken over by a Fort and Cable Breach in the Dirision. Functions: In serve as a clearinghouse through which all amaterial at ports ind to pees on its way to and from the American Expeditionary Forces; to allocate tourney to and from the American Expeditionary Forces; to allocate tourney to provide any to a force the fourthing the Charles of the Cable Section of the Cable Section of the Cable Section of the Cable Section of the Charles of the Cable Section of the Ca PORT OPERATIONS DIVISION, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Ceneral Staff, War Department .-- Originated as the Cargo Section of the Embarkation Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division. Became the Port Operations Division on October 25, 1918, by authority of Purchase and Storage Notice No. 9. On February 1, 1919, by authority of Purchase and Storage Notice No. 28 of January 18, this Division became a part of the Overseas Supply Division. Functions: To have charge of supply operations at primary and secondary ports of embarkation; to regulate the movement of supplies to these ports; and to see that the supplies moved through the ports in accordance with established priorities. Statements showing the tonnage required at each port of embarkation for floating and port reserve stocks were prepared and transmitted to the Overseas Distribution Division. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

PORT, TERLINAL, AND HARBOR IMPROVEMENT COMMISSION, Shipping Board. -- . See PORT AND HARBOR FACILITIES COMMISSION.

PORT TERMINALS AND INLAND WATERWAYS DIVISION, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—Formed at the Port Terminals Section after July 1, 1919, when the supervision of War Department port terminals was assigned to the Office of the Chief of the Transportation Service. Absorbed the Inland Waterways Division of the Railroad Administration upon the dissolution of that organization, and on March 1, 1920, was renamed Port Terminals and Inland Waterways Division. Operated through two Branches: Inland Waterways and Port Terminals. Functions: To supervise the operation of War Department port terminals and to operate inland waterways. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.

PORTS, WATERWAYS, AND RAILWAYS COMMISSION, INTERNATIONAL REGIME OF, Peace Conference.—See INTERNATIONAL REGIME OF PORTS, WATERWAYS, AND RAILWAYS COMMISSION.

POSITIVE BRANCH, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—Probably established in February 1918 as the Positive Intelligence Section (also known as Foreign Intelligence Section). It was soon raised to the status of a Branch, with various subordinate sections which underwent several organizational revisions, particularly after the signing of the armistice. These Sections existed at various times under the following names: Cable and Telegraph; Code and Cipher; Collection (also called Military Attachés); Combat Intelligence Instruction (also called Field Intelligence); Editorial; Evaluation and Collation; Geographic; Information (including an Historical Subsection); Planning; and Translation.

Functions: To collate, evaluate, and disseminate information to other units of the Department and the Army. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

POST EXCHANGE CONMITTEE, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department.—Organized in July 1917. Functions: To formulate plans for a system of post exchanges in the various tactical divisions; to select and train post-exchange officers; to contract for the original stock for post exchanges; to arrange for the erection of the necessary buildings; and to supervise the operations of the exchanges until they became solvent. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT .-- Created in 1789 but did not attain the status of an executive department until 1872. During the period of the war it functioned through the Classification, Dead Letters, Equipment and Supplies, Finance, Foreign Mails, Loney Order, Post Office Inspectors, Post Office Service, Railway Kail Service, Registered Wails, Solicitor, and Stamps Divisions, the Purchasing Agent's Office, the Censorship Board, the Telegraph and Telephone Administration, and the Wire Control Board. Albert S. Surleson, Postmaster Ceneral. Functions: To provide for the delivery of the mail; to seli money orders, stamps, and related items; to conduct the postal savings banks; and to act for other Government agencies in various activities. The war duties of the Department were to establish and maintain mail service for the military forces in the United States and abroad; to operate the telephone and telegraph systems; to help carry out the provisions of the Trading With the Enemy act and the Espionage Act relating to illegal use of the mails; to register enemy aliens and list enemy-owned property; to report disloyal utterances; to furnish information to the intelligence services of the War and havy Departments; to distribute questionnaires to registrants under the Selective Service Act; to assist in recruiting; to sell the warious war issues of bonds and stamps; and to transmit official war information to the public. Records: 1869-1939 (2,190 feet) in Na. Include fragmentary records of many divisions, Most of the records remain in the Post Office Department. References: Post Office Department, Annual Reports, 1913-19.

POST OFFICE HISPECTORS HITSION, Post Office Department.—In existence bafore the war. Functions: During the war it sided in conbuting hostile propagatos under the Trading With the Enery Act and the Espionage Act by investigating foreign-language publications and treasonable and dislayed literature. It maintained close contact with the intelligence spencies of the lar and May Departmente, Records: Some may be among those of the Department in NA. Others Temain in the Fost Office Department.

FOST OFFICE SKYTET DIVISION, Deat Office Department.—In extense before the sar, Punctions: During the war it provided and supervised branch post Offices at military camps; assisted in the registration of enewy alterns; comperated with the Alien Proparty Custodian; reported any disloyal utterance cosing to its attention; assisted in the recruiting work of the far and lawy Department; posted casualty lists and distributed them to mempapers; aided in publicity work for many permenently are organizations; and subers provided to the complex of the propagation of the complex of the com

POSTER SECTION, Public Works and Construction Development Evision, Information and Education Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably created in February and terminated with the Service on Juny 30, 1919. Functions: To prepare and distribute building construction posters. Records: Disposition authorized by Congress on May 7, 1925.

POSTER MYSIOW, Information and Education Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Organized on May 1, 1919. Probably terminated in February 1979. Functions: To prepare and distribute posters with the object of bringing about competition between Labor and the object of bringing about competition between Labor and the object of bringing about competition of the object of the object

POTATO AND DEHYDRATION SECTION, Perishable Foods Division, Food Administration.—As early as July 1917 a Potatoes and Staple Vegetables Division was in existence. This became the Potato and Dehydration Section of the Perishable Foods Division in December 1917. In October 1918 the dehydration problem was transferred to the Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department, and the Canned Foods Division took over the work with regard to potatoes. Functions: To deal with matters relating to the dehydration of fruits and vegetables; and to encourage the formation of potato growers' and shippers' associations, standardize grading, provide storage, arrange for loans on warehouse receipts, regulate transportation, and campaign for increased consumption of potatoes as a substitute for wheat. Records: 1917-19 (20 feet) in NA. Correspondence and reports of potato shippers.

POTATOES SUBCOMMITTEE, Food Production Program Committee, Agriculture Department.--See FOOD PRODUCTION PROGRAM COMMITTEE.

POULTRY AND EGGS SECTION, Perishable Foods Division, Food Administration.—From July to December 1917 matters pertaining to poultry and eggs were handled by the Dairy Products, Cold Storage, and Packing House Products Division. The work was then transferred to the Perishable Foods Division and performed by the Poultry and Eggs Section. In October 1918 it was transferred to the Distribution Division. W. F. Priebe, Chief. Functions: To prevent the killing of egglaying poultry, discourage speculation, prescribe margins, prohibit resales and fix prices of cold-storage eggs, determine license provisions, and regulate the transportation and packing of poultry and eggs. Records: 1917-19 (20 feet) in NA. Correspondence, reports concerning the storage of poultry and eggs, and mailing lists of commodity dealers.

POULTRY PRODUCTS MARKET NEWS SERVICE, DAIRY AND, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department.—See DAIRY AND POULTRY PRODUCTS MARKET NEWS SERVICE.

POWDER AND EXPLOSIVES BRANCH, Inspection Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See EXPLOSIVES AND LOADING BRANCH, Executive Section, Inspection Division.

POWDER, EXPLOSIVES, AND FUSE SECTION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Havy Department.—In existence prior to the war. Functions: To have charge of the design, manufacture, and procurement of powder and explosives, small—arm and machine—gun ammunition, cartridge cases, powder tanks, fuses, smoke boxes, funnels, and chemicals. Also responsible for shell and ammunition loading carried on at naval ammunition depots. Records: In the Mavy Department.

POWDER PLANTS PROJECT BRANCH, Construction Division, Housing Corporation.—Organized on May 28, 1918, in the Industrial Housing and Transportation Bureau, Labor Department. Terminated in February 1919. Functions: In cooperation with the Architectural Division, the staff prepared designs of temporary buildings on powder-plant projects and supervised their construction. In the main, it completed housing projects started by the War Department and provided housing for workers in powder and ammunition loading plants. Records: 1918-19 in MA. Interfiled with other records of the Construction Division.

- POMER AND CONSTRUCTION DEPARTMENT, American Ordnance Bass Depot in France Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See AMERICAN ORDNANCE RASE DEPOT SECTION, Supply Division.
- POWER EQUIPMENT SECTION, ELECTRICAL AND, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—See ELECTRICAL AND FOWER FQUIPMENT SECTION.
- FOWER FLANTS SECTION, Yards and bocks Bureau, Navy Devartment.— Established in the fall of 1917, taking over work formerly performed by the Marine Corps, Pusl Cil, and Raddo Section. Functions: To supervise the preparation of plane and specifications for new power plants; distributing systems for light, hest, end power; and the alectrical and mechanical equipment of shops, dry docks, training camps, berracks, and hospitals. Records: Among the general files of the Euresu in EM.
- POMER RESOURCES INVISION, Water Resources Branch, Geological Survey, Interior Department.—Organized in 1916 as result of an agreement with the Fuel Administration, Still in existence. Functions: Io collect and compile information concerning developed and potential water power of the United States. Records: In the Water Resources Branch.
- FORME SECTION, Shippard Flants Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Energency Fleet Copproaction.—Established in Spidenber 1910, efter having originated with the appointment of a Fower Engineer to the staff of the Assistant to the Vice President and General Manager in Charge of Organization and Methods of the Corporation. The Section appears to have terminated in August or September 1919. Functions: To survey power conditions in localities in which subpulleders were located to prepare perport on power requirements to prepare plana for providing adequate power facilities; 1918-19 (7 feet) in NA. Include reports, sentornada, notes, Offfer spondence on power conditions and requirements in engagers and other industrial plants, and some rate schedules of power companies.
- RUMER SECTION, War Industries Board.—Formed about May 1918 to continue the work of an informal committee organized in December 1917. He activities practically cessed soon after the armistice. Functions to survey and report on the power situation throughout the country; to make plans for supplying power required for war infustries; and to advise the Capital Insure Committee and the Ray Finance Corporation of the Capital Insure Committee and the Ray Finance Corporation of the Capital Insure Committee and the Ray Finance Corporation of the Capital Insure Committee and the Ray Finance Corporation of the Capital Insured Committee and the Ray Finance Corporation of the Capital Insured Committee (Insured Committee) and the Capital Capital Capital Committee (Insured Capital Capit
- POWER SECTION, FUEL AND, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.---See MISCELLANEOUS SECTION.
- PRECISION INSTRUMENTS BRANCH, Machinery and Engineering Materials Division, Furchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS DIVISION.
- PREFERRID SALES SECTION, Sales Supervision Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established about January 15, 1919. Transferred to the

Administrative Branch as its Preferential Markets Section about June 9, 1919. Functions: To develop a preferential market for surplus among governmental, public, and institutional agencies, and to assist the commodity branches of the Division and of other bureaus of the Department in sales and transfers to preferential users. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION DIVISION, Housing Corporation.—Originated in the Housing Committee of the Council of National Defense, which was created in October 1917 under Otto M. Eidlitz. Organized on April 1, 1918, as the Preliminary Investigation Division of the Industrial Housing and Transportation Bureau, Labor Department, and later became a Division of the Corporation. Merged into the Surveys and Statistics Division of the Corporation on August 15, 1918.

Functions: Conducted preliminary investigations to determine the need for housing accommodations after the Director of the Corporation and the Labor, War, and Navy Departments had signified the need for such accommodations. Its work was supplemented by that of the Statistical Division. Records: April 1-August 15, 1918 (h feet), in NA. Interfiled with those of the Survey and Statistics Division and of the Reference Library and Publication Division.

PRESERVED FOODS ADVISORY COMMITTEE, TOXICITY OF, Medicine and Related Sciences Division, National Reserach Council. -- See TOXICITY OF PRESERVED FOODS ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

PRESERVING AND CLEANING FLUIDS BRANCH, Equipment Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See CLEANING AND PRESERVING MATERIALS SECTION, Equipment Division.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES .-- In accordance with the Constitution, the President acts as Chief Executive of the Government and Commander in Chief of the armed forces. During the war period, by virtue of his constitutional powers, he created several new agencies, such as the Committee on Public Information and the Federal Electric Railways Commission. In general, however, Congress passed acts which specifically authorized him to establish administrative agencies to carry out the provisions of these acts. Among the agencies that were created under statutory authority during the period were the Food, Fuel, Railroad, and American Relief Administrations, the Exports Council, the Grain Corporation, and the Shipping, Censorship, and War Trade Boards. The establishment of so many new agencies and the tremendous expansion of others already in existence naturally caused a need for proper coordination of effort. Early in 1916 the United States Senate proposed to meet this need and curb the power of the President by creating a strong war cabinet of three members with wide authority to supervise the Covernment agencies. The President opposed the plan strongly, saying that it "would involve long additional delays and turn our experience into mere lost motion." He then proposed a bill giving his office greatly increased powers, and soon began to call together for weekly conferences at the White House a so-called "War Cabinet," composed of the heads of the six greatest war agencies. The bill, in the words of Senator Overman, who introduced the measure, "was advocated by the President and sent to mc by the President . . . " It became law on May 20, 1918, by the passing of the Overman Act, which authorized "the President to coordinate or consolidate executive bureaus, agencies, and offices, . . . in the interest of economy and the more efficient concentration

- functions were performed through the Committee on Public Information. Probably dissolved about August 10, 1917. Functions: To handle newspaper publicity for the Committee. Records: Probably none.
- PRFSS SUBSECTION, News Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See NEWS SECTION.
- PRESS-WIRELESS AND CABLE SERVICE, FOREIGN, Foreign Section, Committee on Public Information. -- See FOREIGN PRESS-WIRELESS AND CABLE SERVICE.
- PRICE COMMITTEE FOR GOVERNMENT FURCHASE OF WHEAT, FAIR. -- See FAIR PRICE COMMITTEE FOR GOVERNMENT PURCHASE OF WHEAT.
- PRICE CONTROL COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Authorized by the War Labor Policies Board on July 19, 1918, and probably terminated in September. Also known as the Fixing of Retail Prices Committee. Functions: To consider the problem of fixing prices to the consumer on certain fundamental commodities and possible methods which the War Industries Board might use in fixing such prices. Records: Interfiled with those of the Board in NA. Include minutes of the meeting of the Committee and its report.
- PRICE FIXING COMMITTEE, War Industries Board .-- When the War Industries Board was reorganized by the President on March 4, 1918, the determination of prices was delegated to a special committee, to be appointed by the President and to report directly to him, which would function with and yet independently of the Board. The Committee, composed of a Chairman (Robert S. Brookings), the Chairmen of the War Industries Board, the Federal Trade Commission, and the Tariff Commission, the Fuel Administrator, and representatives of the Army, the Navy, labor, and agriculture, held its first meeting on March 14, 1918. The resignation of the Committee became effective on March 1, 1919. Functions: To advise upon prices of basic materials, with the exception of food; to advise as to general price policies; to advise, when requested, any executive department concerning a specific contract; and to fix the prices to be paid for materials commandeered by the Government. Records: Among those of the Board in NA. Included are correspondence of the Chairman, minutes, circulars, and other papers. References: Paul W. Garrett and others, History of Prices During the War; Government Control Over Prices (Washington, 1920), prepared in the war Trade Board with the cooperation of the War Industries Board and issued also as W. I. B. Price Bulletin 3; Hermann Hagedorn, Brookings; a Biography, chs. 12-14 (New York, 1936); Lewis H. Haney, "Price Fixing in the United States During the War," in Political Science Quarterly, 34: 104-126, 262-289, high-use war, in rollical science quarterly, 34: 104-120, 202-207, high-use war, 1929; Simon Litman, Prices and Price Control in Great Britain and the United States During the World War, 185-187, 201-206, 278-317 (New York, 1920); War Industries Board, Price Fixing Committee, Minutes . . . March Un-December 30, 1918 (74 Cong., 2 sess., 5. Com. Print 5. Washington, 1936); Charles O. Hardy, Wartime Control of Prices 170-110 (Washington, 1936). of Prices, 119-140 (Washington, 1940); George P. Adams, Jr., Wartime Frice Control, ch. 6, 7 (Washington, 1942).

PRICE-FIXING SECTION, External Relations Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established by Supply Circular No. 86 of September 5, 1918, and discontinued in November 1918. Functions: To conduct inquiries on fair prices and

departures therefrom; to advise agencies of the Department on these matters; and to represent the Department on the Frice Fixing Committee of the Amr Industries Deard. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

PRICE SECTION, Planning and Statistics Division, War Industries Board .-- Organized on April 24, 1918, as the Price Statistics Section, with Wesley C. Mitchell as Chief, under authorization from Edwin F. Gay, then Director of the Division of Planning and Statistics of the Shipping Board. On June 17, 1913, soon after it had begun to function, it was transferred to the Division of Planning and Statistics of the Mar Industries Board as the Price Section. On January 1, 1919, it was transferred to the War Trade Board. Functions: To make studies of wartime price movements. The Section worked in close cooperation with the Price Fixing Committee and prepared many reports for it. After the armistice a comprehensive history of prices during the entire period of the World War was undertaken in order to assist in planning policies for post-war reconstruction; before its completion this work was transferred to the War Trade Board. Records: Among those of the Jar Trade Board in the State Department.

FRICE SECTION, RETAIL, State Organizations Bureau, Administrative Division, Fuel Administration. -- See STATE ORGANIZATIONS BUREAU.

PRICE STATISTICS SECTION, Planning and Statistics Division, War Industries Board. -- See PRICE SECTION.

PRICE SUFERVISION SECTION, Enforcement Division, Food Administration .--Established in August 1913 to handle work formerly performed by the Statistical, the Distribution, and the Wholasale and Retail Divisions. In November 1918 this work was transferred to the Distribution Division. Functions: To control the unlicensed retailers through a system of ascertaining and giving publicity to fair selling prices. The Section ascertained the cost price to wholesalers of licensed commodities at principal distributing centars; fixed their rargins of profits, thus determining at the same time retailers! costs; and cooperated with the State Food Administrations and Fair Price Committees in endeavoring to enforce fair prices. Records: 1918 (3 feet) in NA. Correspondence, schedules of freight rates for food, and replies to questionnaires concerning market conditions and food prices. References: William C. Mullendore, History of the United States Food Administration, 1917-1919, 222-225 (Stanford University, 1941).

PRICES AND ICESSES BUREAU, cil Division, Fuel Administration.—Fatablished on May 2, 1918, taking over part of the Intelious from the Ergineering Bureau, Ended on March 1, 1919. Functions: To stabilize prices; to develop fair and unifore business practices; and to issue Dicenses to cammacturers and distributors. Unlike the case in regard to coal, the Administration had no authority to fix maximum prices for cil, and it was necessary to work through the voluntary comparation of oil producers, refiners, and distribulice of the companies of the companies of the companies of the contral like. The companies of the companies of the contral files and the companies of feeth.

PRICES SUREAU, Administrative Division, Fuel Administration.—Zetablished in June 1918, to perform functions carried on since the previous Kovember under the direction of H. D. Nies, assistant to the Fuel Administrator in charge of production, operators' prices, and legal matters. Discontinued on March 1, 1919. Functions: To recommend the prices to be charged for coal and coke by operators, jobbers, and retailers. These recommendations were based on production costs determined by the Engineer Committee. Records: 1917-19 (24 feet) in NA. Correspondence, memoranda, and reports.

PRIMARY EXAMINER'S ADVISORY COMMITTEE, Patent Office, Interior Department.—Organized in April 1917 by the Commissioner of Patents.

Probably eeased to function at the end of the war. Functions: To determine which patents were significant for the work of the various governmental war agencies and, in accordance with an act of October 6, 1917, to eensor the publication of information about patents used in war activities. Cooperated with the Federal Trade Commission, the Alien Property Custodian, and the War, Navy, and Treasury Departments. Records: Destroyed.

PRIME MINISTERS INTERALLIED CONFERENCE.—See INTERALLIED CONFERENCE OF PRIME MINISTERS.

PRIME MOVERS AND ACCESSORIES SECTION, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.--See CIVIL AND MECHANICAL DIVISION.

PRIME MOVERS SECTION, Engineering Division, National Research Council.—Organized in 1918 under the chairmanship of Lionel S. Marks. Functions: To study problems connected with engines for aircraft. Among these were the development of lighter motors per horsepower, carburetors to maintain engine efficiency at all altitudes, and increased power at high altitudes. Records: In the National Research Council.

PMIORITIES AND CIEARANCE BRANCH, General Supplies Division, Purehase Director's Office, Purehase and Storage Director's Office, Purehase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized shortly before the armistice from the former Priorities and Clearances Section of the Hardware and Metals Division, Quartermaster General's Office, which was transferred on October 28, 1918, to the General Supplies Division. In the divisional reorganization of December 31, 1918, this Branch was abolished. Functions: To obtain priorities from the War Industries Board for the supply of raw materials required for the manufacture of products placed on order by the Division; and to obtain clearances from the Board for purchases by the Division. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

PRIORITIES BOARD, Priorities Division, War Industries Board.—Formed on Narch 17, 1918, to determine priorities of delivery, which had formerly been determined by the Priorities Committee. The Board ceased to function on December 31, 1918. Functions: As indicated above. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.

PRIORITIES COMMITTEE, Freight Traffie Branch, Rail Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—See FREIGHT TRAFFIC BRANCH.

PRIORITIES COUNTITEE, Priorities Division, War Industries Board.—Formed about March 17, 1918, to determine priorities of production.

These, together with priorities of delivery, had forward been handled by a committee of the same mane that preceded the Friorities Edwision. The new Partiese Committee cased to Structionard December 31,915. Purclaim Among those of the Board in Ka. Included is the report of the Committee, November 1918, with supporting papers, and materials relating to the organization, functions, regulations, and publications of the Committee.

PRIORITIES DIVISION, War Industries Scard .- Established as the Priorities Subcommittee of the General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense, under resolutions of the Council of May 3 and May 14, 1917. With the creation of the War Industries Board in July 1917. it became the Priorities Committee of the Board, Robert S. Lovett was appointed Chairman, and its activities were expanded and its authority increased. In March 1918 it was reorganised to form the Priorities Division, with two main subdivisions, a Priorities Board in charge of priorities of delivery and a new Priorities Committee in charge of priorities of production. It included a Fon-War Construction Section and a labor Priorities Section. The Division was discontinued efter the armistice. Functions: To assure the "selective mobilization of the products of the soil, the mines, and the factories for direct and indirect war needs." A "preference list," Which classified industries and plants, was setablished. At first the sotivities of the original Committee were concerned with the distribution of iron and steel, but they were soon extended to other commodities. Records: Among those of the Board in MA. Included are copies of priority certificates, with related papers (306 faet); correspondence and permit papers relating to nonwar construction (18 faet); reports of plant operations; copies of circulars and bullstine; and meterials relating to the history and organization of the Division and the Committee. Other records are in the "consolidated files" of the Board.

PHUDRITIES SECTION, Enternal Relations Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Dividation, General Staff, War Department,—Established by Supply Circular No. 86 of September 5, 1927, and terminated in No-worker 1928. Punctions: To decide matters of priorities among agencies of the Department; to obtain priorities for the Department from the Ray Industries Dourd; and to represent the Department on the Priorities Committee of the Deard. Records: Nevershousts unknown.

FRUORTIES SECTION, Technical Division, Ordanace Bureau, Navy Department,—Apparently organized for the duration of the Mar. Functions: To represent the Bureau in its relations with the Tar Industries Board in the matters of procurement and priorities. Records: In the Ravy Department.

PRIORITIES SUBCOMMITTEE, General Eunitions Board, Council of National Defense.—See PRIORITIES DIVISION, War Industries Board.

PEUDITY BRANCH, Motors Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, per Storage, and Traffic Division, Sensel Staff, Nar Department, 1918, and still in existence on February 1, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Functions: To be responsible for priorities required for the prompt and complete dispatch of trucks and motor cars for overseas forces. Records: Some are mont those of the Quarternater General's Office in Na.

- PRIORITY CLEARANCE BRANCH, Administrative Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on November 1, 1918. In existence when the Division was abolished on February 1, 1919. Functions: To be responsible for obtaining from commodity units priority lists showing the quantities of items to be sent overseas, for recording these, and for transmitting them to the Chief of Port Operations. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - PRIORITY COMMITTEE, ORDNANCE, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See ORINANCE SPECIAL SERVICE COMMITTEE.
 - PRIORITY EQUIPMENT SECTION, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division,
 Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage,
 and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.--Established
 on May.13 and terminated on November 6, 1919, when the Division
 was reorganized. Functions: To supervise and maintain stocks at
 ports, and to supply troops leaving or returning through ports of
 embarkation. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster
 General's Office in NA.
 - PRICRITY SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Created during the war. Functions: To brief all contracts calling for material wherein the supply was limited. The brief or abstract was then forwarded to the War Industries Board for the issuance of a priority certificate that would enable the contractor to obtain certain necessary materials or machinery. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - PRIORITY SECTION, Supply Division, Steam Engineering Bureau, Navy Department. -- See SUPPLY DIVISION.
 - PRIORITY SECTION, War Minerals Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.--See WAR MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.
 - PRISON LABOR AND NATIONAL WASTE RECLAMATION SECTION, WAR, Labor Division, War Industries Board. -- See WAR PRISON LABOR AND NATIONAL WASTE RECLAMATION SECTION.
 - PRISONERS OF WAR SUBSECTION, News Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—See NEWS SECTION.
 - PRIVATE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TRANSFER AND, Shipping Board.--See TRANSFER AND PRIVATE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION.
 - PRIVATE ENTERPRISE BRANCH, Requirements Division, Housing Corporation.—Organized in September 1918 and abolished in 1919. Functions: To investigate private applications for Federal licenses to construct houses for war workers and to make final recommendations to the Non-War Construction Section of the Priorities Division of the War Industries Board as to the granting of such licenses. Records: 1918-19 (2 feet) in NA. Include applications for approval of private building enterprises and correspondence. Interfiled with other records of the Requirements Division.

PROCUREMENT BRANCH, MATERIALS, Construction Division, Housing Corporation. -- See MATERIALS PROCUREMENT BRANCH.

FROMMENDENT MUNISION, Aircraft Production Bureau, Mar Department,— Created on May 20, 1918, saunding dates formerly performed by the Purchase and Supply Depais Branch, Engineer Entry period Cfore of the Chief Signal Officer, Punctioned through the Contract, Excetive, Purchasing, and Storage and Traffic Departments. Functions: To supervise the purchase of material and accessories for Aircraft and the storage and transportation of material. Records: In the offices of the Air Forces, Far Department.

FROUNDENT BUISSON, Chief Signal Officer's Office, Mar Department. Originally the Engineering Division, one of three divisions of the Office. Became the Finance and Supply Division on Jame 2, 1917, which was recorporated on Geotober Las the Equipment Division, Electrical engineering work was triansferred to the Land Division in February 1918 and in July was assigned to a new Engineering and Research Division. On September 7, 1918, the remaining functions of the Equipment Division were taken over by the newly organized Froursment Division. Functioned through the following Sections: Inspection, Production, Purchase, Board of Review, and Salvags and Furnization. Functions: To purchase and contract for raterial upon requisition from the Supply Division; to airunate and aid production; to inspect and accept material; and to approve invoices for payment. Records: Probably among those of the Office in Na.

PROGREGION EVISION, Ordernoe Chae's Office, Mar Department .-Established by Office Order No. 10k on January Li, 128, by the consolidation of the purchasing functions of the following Editions: Gun, Carriage, Equipment, and Small Arms. Included the following Sciums: Sun, Carriage, Equipment, Sciums: Artillary, Contract, Credits, Equipment, Epploaivas, Fuse, General Control, Legal, Loading, Miscoellancous, Motor Equipment, Packing Control, Sciums of Control Cont

PROGRESSIT OF LASOR SHACE, Instatrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordennec Chaffer Office, Ear Department.—Probably created in August 1918 to take ower certain functions from the Employment, Managesent, and Working Conditions Branch, which was reorganized as the Employment and Training Methods Branch. Furctions: To see that the labor needs of the industries represented by each of the sections of the Ordennec Chief's Office concerned with production were met; to furnish necessary information concerning labor supply and to dismatters concerning "stealing" of labor through advertising and overhidding. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Na.

- PROCUREMENT ORDER BRANCH, Contract Section, Procurement Division,
 Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established early in
 1918. Functions: To draft procurement orders. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- PROCUREMENT SECTION, Maintenance and Repair Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Probably created before the declaration of war as a Section of the Construction and Repair Division, Quartermaster General's Office. This Division became the Maintenance and Repair Branch of the Cantonment Division on October 10, 1917, and on March 13, 1918, was transferred to the Construction Division of the Department. Functions: To handle the procurement of supplies for maintenance and repair work of the Division. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.
 - PROCUREMENT SECTION, Materials Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Created on May 2h, 1917, in the Materials and Transportation Branch, Cantonment Division, Quartermaster General's Office.

 Transferred to the Materials Branch, Construction Division, on the establishment of that Division on March 13, 1918. Functioned through the following Departments: Building Materials, Steel, Steam Heating, Electrical Equipment, Plumbing Supplies, Water Supply, Mechanical Equipment, Stove and Special Equipment, Fire Protection, Hardware, and Paints and Hefrigeration. Functions: To control the procurement and mobilization of building materials of all kinds, including sand, gravel, cement, and steel; plumbing, lighting, power, heating, and cooking fixtures and equipment; and other articles or materials necessary for use in construction work or incident thereto. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.
 - PROCUREMENT SECTION, Purchases Division, Railroad Administration.—Created on June 13, 1918, as a unit of the Central Advisory Purchasing Committee of the Finance and Purchases Division. On March 15, 1919, the Section became a part of the Purchases Division. Probably discontinued with the Division on April 1, 1920. Functions: To facilitate delivery of equipment ordered by the Railroad Administration and to pass on applications from railroads and related industries for priority ratings. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1931.
 - FRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION, Committee on Public Information.—An outgrowth of the Distribution Division, which was organized in June 1917 and was for a time a Branch of the Division of Business Management. Offices in Washington and New York. Discontinued on December 15, 1918. Henry Atwater, Director. Also known as the Publications and Distribution Division. Functions: To print and distribute publications issued by the Committee on Public Information and certain other Covernment agencies. Cooperated in particular with the Division of Civic and Educational Cooperation. Records: 1917-19 (1 foot) in NA. Include correspondence and records of the distribution of publications. Among records disposed of as useless papers in 1923 were "requisitions for distribution of pamphlets, etc."
 - PRODUCTION AND INSPECTION BRANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Created on January 26, 1918, as the Inspection Branch of the Supplies and Equipment Division. On April 16, 1918, its title was changed to Production and Inspection Branch. On May 18, 1918, it came under the jurisdiction of the newly formed Clothing and Equipage Division.

Abolished on June 14, 1915. Functions: To standardize inspection methods in the operating branches of the Division. Records: Probably among those of the Office in Ma.

FROMINION AND INSPECTION BRANCS, General Supplies Division, Furchase Birector's Office, Aurobase and Storage Director's Office, Aurobase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—Organized on July 17, 1918, in the Hardware and Mexia Division, Quartermaster General's Office, and transferred on October 28, 1918, to the General Supplies Division, Functions: Responsible for the Disminued prior to June 30, 1918. Functions: Responsible for the Disminued Prior to June 30, 1918. Functions: Responsible for the Press and September 1918, and the Press of Period Properties of Production progress and Production of Section 1918.

PROJUCTION BEANCE, Cannon Section, Can Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Was Papartsent.—Paraballshed in 1921; transferred on October 27, 1927, to the Production Expineering Branch, Production Section, Cun Division, Functions: To superintend and etd the production of field and seacoss; cannon and their accessories. Records: Probably with those of the Office in MA.

PRODUCTION BRANCK, Purchase, Storage, and Frafic Division, Coneral Staff, War Department, —Established by Supply Circular No. 66 of September 5, 1918, and cased to Inuction on December 11, 1918. Operated through three Sections: Administration, Wathada, and Progress. Functions: To supervise production natters in Army supply activities, and to derise measures for expediting production. Records: Miscrebuts unknown.

FRODUCTION BURPAU, Administrative Division, Fuel Administration .--Created on June 7, 1916, to perform functions carried on since the Previous November under the direction of H. D. Nims, assistant to the Fuel Administrator in charge of production, operators' prices, . and legal matters. Assisted by the National Production Committee, a committee of sight men appointed by the Director to aid in the formulation and carrying out of policies designed to increase production. The country was divided into 28 production districts, eside from an anthracite region, each headed by a production managar, and some 5,000 mine committees were responsible to the production Managers. Ended in June 1919. James B. Neale, Director. Functions: To maintain adequate and regular freight car supply, working in close Cooperation with the Railroad Administration; to maintain labor supply; and to increase the efficiency of workers, management, and mining operations. As an example of the activities of the Bureau, "it was undertaken, wherever possible, to arrange for the cancellation of fairs, picnics, carmivals, and other celebrations scheduled for mining districts" that would draw miners from their work, "coupled with a general recommendation of innocent relaxation on Sundays." Extensive propagands and education campaigns were carried on among the miners, "much of it in as many as mine languages." Records: 1917-19 (56 feet) in NA. Correspondence, mesorands, reports, committee lists, notebooks, forms, and pledge cards, including records of the National Production Committee and the production managers.

PRODUCTION BUREAU, Housing Section, Passenger Transportation and Housing Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established about May 7, 1918. Operated through three Branches: Design, Construction, and Engineering. Appears to have been abolished on July 1, 1920. Functions: To supervise the designing and construction of houses and the improvement of project sites. Records: 1918-20 (29 feet) in NA. Include statements submitted by contractors wishing to bid on projects, building contracts, blueprints, and construction progress records.

PRODUCTION BUREAU, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—Created concurrently with the Oil Division on January 10, 1918. Headquarters in New York City. Terminated with the resignation of its head, effective on January 1, 1919. Functions: To increase the production of oil through cooperation with the industry as a whole. Records: 1918 (6 inches) in NA. Include general correspondence and tabulations concerning the production and consumption of petroleum.

PRODUCTION COMMITTEE, Shipping Board .-- See OBSERVATION COMMITTEE.

PRODUCTION COMMITTEE, War Industries Board .-- Created on September 20, 1917, and took over the functions of the Army and Navy Artillery Subcommittee, the Cooperative Committee on Cars, and the Cooperative Committee on Locomotives. When the War Industries Board was scparated from the Council of National Defense on May 28, 1918, the personnel and most of the duties of the Production Committee were absorbed by the newly created Advisory Committee on Plants and Munitions. Functions: To represent the War Industries Board in the distribution and placing of orders and to assist the War and Navy Departments in promoting the production of guns and forgings by preventing conflicts in requirements and by aiding in the creation of new facilities and the utilization of maximum plant capacity. The Committee also assisted in providing plans for the standardization of locomotives and freight cars for the usc of the Covernment in the United States and France. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.

PRODUCTION DIVISION, Aircraft Production Burcau, War Department.—Created on May 20, 1918, to take over functions of the Production Department, Equipment Division, Office of the Chief Signal Officer. In November 1918 the Division was divided into eleven Departments, as follows: Accessories, Armament, Balloons, Control, Engines, Executive, Expediting, Industrial Relations, Inspection, Planes, and Raw Materials. Functions: To supervise the production and inspection of aircraft, including material and parts, and the selection of sources of supply. Records: In the offices of the Air Forces, War Department.

PRODUCTION DIVISION, Construction and Repair Bureau, Navy Department.—Established in March 1918 and consolidated with the Contract Division in December 1919. Functions: To assemble data concerning the needs of the Bureau for materials and to uncover new sources for the supply of such materials when normal sources were inadequate; to obtain priorities and arrange allocations of materials for manufacturers of naval equipment; to collect information concerning shipbuilding facilities; and to prepare production charts and reports. Records: In NA among the general files of the Bureau.

PRODUCTION DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. -- Established about January 1, 1918, as the successor to the Production Department of the Purchasing Division. Abolished on June 10, 1918, and its duties were then performed by

the Purchasing and Production Section of the Supply Division. Functions: To exercise general supervision ower the production of All Shipbuilding materials purchased by the Corporation either for title for for its contractors. Records: In No, interfiled with those of the Division's successors; makely, the Supply Division and the Supply and Sales Division.

FROMCTION DIVISION, Engineering and Aurchaeing Department, General Engineer Depot Office of the Chief of Endineers, Sar Department,—Existed by June 21, 1912. Operated through sine Sections, as follows: Electrical, Railway, Sheel Forders, Intla Equipment, Lumber, Kiscellaneous Equipment and Supplies, Inspection, Transportation, and Increased Production. In accordance with Supply Circular No. 99, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Hivision, October 22, 1918, its functions were transferred to the Hachmerry and Engineering Laterials Division, Office of the Director of Furchase. Functions to be responsible for expediting production and delivery for asThe responsible for expedition of the Probably with those of the
Office in Hg.

PRODUCTION DIVISION, Orchance Chief's Office, Jar Department.--Established on January 14, 1918, by the consolidation of the Production Sections of the Cun and Small Arms Divisions, Functioned through the following Sections: Administration, Amounition, Cannon, Carriags, Equipment, Explosives, Fuel and Power, Industrial Service, Loading, Liscellancous, Plant, Small Arms, Technical, Transportation, Trench Jarfere, and Truck. Abolished on October 23, 1916. Functions: To follow up, supervise, and regulate production, that is, to recommend sources of materials prior to purchase; to determine the tool hours necessary to do a given piece of work; to estimate the capacity of plants; to increase the capacity of plants when necessary; to arrange to have as many men as possible working on drawings, patterns, lists of materials, and orders for materials; to ses that plants were operated on as efficient a basis ea possible; end to see that the production of the component parts of artillery were coordinated so that they might be essembled at the right time. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

PRODUCTION EMINSTRIAG BRANCS, Production Section, Jun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Ear Department—Greated on October 1, 1917, and on October 27 sebarned the Production Dranch, Cammon Section, Transferred to the Production Division by General Division Order No. 58, dated January 17, 1918. Punctions: To have charge of matters relating to production affer the contracts were lat, excepting such matters as were under the jurisdiction of the Inspection Section, Records: Probably with those of the Office in MA.

PRODUCTION ENGINEERING SECTION, Engineering and Education Cormittee, Advisory Cormission, Council of Lational Defense,—See PRODUCTURE AND EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

PRODUCTION, ORGANIZATION, MANUFACTURE, AND STAINDARDIZATION COMPITTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—See INCESTRIAL PROPARTOMESS COMMITTEE.

PRODUCTION PROGRAM COMMITTEE, Agriculture Department.—See FOOD PRO-INCTION PROGRAM COMMITTEE.

- PRODUCTION SECTION, Aeronautics Division, Steam Engineering Bureau,
 Navy Department.—Established on June 1, 1917; functions transferred
 to the Bureau of Aeronautics in 1921. Functions: To have charge of
 the production, inspection, and shipment of material. Records:
 With the records of the Aeronautics Bureau in NA.
- PRODUCTION SECTION, Carriage Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See CARRIAGE AND BATTERY VEHICLES BRANCH, Cannon Section, Production Division.
- PRODUCTION SECTION, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department .- Established on September 7, 1917, by Gun Division Order No. 4. Operated through the following Branches: Advisory, Clerical, Control, Field Work, Machinery and Materials, Manufacturing Survey, Production Engineering, Records and Statistics, and Schedules. Dissolved by Office Order No. 104 on January 14, 1918, when its functions were consolidated with those of the Production Section, Small Arms Division, to form the Production Division. Functions: To be responsible for matters concerning the ability of plants to manufacture materiel and the actual manufacture of the materiel. This involved collecting data in regard to the suitability of such plants and furnishing the Purchase Section with lists of manufacturers capable of producing the materiel required; following up the movements of manufacturers with regard to the character of their equipment, supplies, and labor, as they affected the performance of contracts; and keeping the supply of materiel and components properly balanced as between the various assembling plants and prime contractors. The facilities of the Inspection Section were used as far as possible in the collection of manufacturing engineering data and reports on manufacturers. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - PRODUCTION SECTION, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Established on September 7, 1918. Functioned through the following Branches: Miscellaneous Equipment, Telephone and Telegraph, Radio Equipment, Tire Construction Materials, Photography and Field Glasses, and Wire and Cable. Functions: To maintain production data, prepare bills of material, render plant service, and follow up production on all orders and contracts for Signal Corps material and supplies. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - PRODUCTION SECTION, Purchase and Supply Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established about April 20 and discontinued on September 5, 1918. Functions: To provide for the fulfillment of promised deliveries of products in accordance with approved schedules. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - PRODUCTION SECTION, Purchase Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established about April 1919, and still in existence on June 30, 1919. Functions: To keep data on the production potentialities of the United States, to act as a consulting production agency for the Department, and to exercise supervision over production methods employed in Army supply activities. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - PRODUCTION SECTION, Small Arms Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Organized in June 1917. On January 11, 1918, its functions were consolidated with those of the Production Section,

Our Division, to form the Production Division. It again became a part of the Small Arms Division upon the restablishment of that Division by Office Order Ko. 185, effective Promary 1, 1919.

Dimition: To design, develop, and the catton necessary to stimulate production; to develop and take action necessary to stimulate production; to develop new sources of namefacturine; and to investigate the machine equipment and capacities, organization, personnel, labor, supply, financial conditions, and output of private plants and arsenals. Records: Probably with those of the

PRODUCTION SECTION, Statistics Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.—See STATISTICS BUREAU.

PRODUCTION SECTION, Supply Division, Steam Engineering Bureau, Navy Department.—See SUPPLY DIVISION.

PRODUCTION STIMULATION COMMITTEE, War Labor Folicies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See STIMULATION OF PRODUCTION COMMITTEE.

PROFESSIONAL AND SPECIAL SECTION, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Created after the amustice and terminated late in 1919.
Functions: To place such persons as teachers, lawyers, engineers, and executives. Records: Theresbouts unknown.

PROFESSIONAL DIVISION, TEACHERS' AND, Employment Service, Labor Department. See ENGINEERING AND EDUCATION DIVISION.

PROGRAM COMMITTEE, Agriculture Department.—See FOOD PRODUCTION PROGRAM COMMITTEE.

PROGRESS REPORT SECTION, Statistics and Requirements Branch, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nar Department. -- See STATISTICS AND REQUIREMENTS BRANCH.

CHOMPROS SECTION, Estimates and Requirements Division, Ordanoc Chief's Office, Nar Department,—Established on Describer 10, 1917. Because a Section of the Control Bureau on January 11 and was transferred to the Estimates and Requirement Division on key 25, 1912. Included the following Branches: Adult, Cablegras, Grover, On ment, Order of Royk, Progress, Becords Live Long 10, 1912. The Control of the Control

PROJECT ENTINATION BRANCH, Oredits Section, Procurement Division, Grebance Actet's Office, Far Pepartment.—Zetablished in the latter part of 1918. Punctions: To estimate the amount of money necessary to complete such project and to advise the Finance Section, Administration Division, to set saide the necessary sums. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

- PROJECT SECTION, Estimates and Requirements Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created as a Section of the Control Bureau on January 11, transferred to the Estimates and Requirements Division on May 25, and discontinued on December 10, 1918. Functions: To plan, direct, and execute operations in connection with approved procurement projects; to assemble and transmit to operating divisions material on completed and approved projects; and to maintain records of purchases. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- PROJECTILE AND TRENCH WARFARE SECTION, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See ARTILLERY ALMOUNTION AND TRENCH WARFARE BRANCH, Executive Section, Inspection Division.
- PROJECTILE BRANCH, Purchase Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on September 20, 1917. Transferred to the Procurement Division as its Projectile Section by Gun Division Order No. 57 of January 13, 1918. Functions: To handle business negotiations connected with the purchase of projectiles, complete with all components and explosive charges, from the forging to the finished, assembled, loaded, and packed article. This function did not include the purchase of raw materials for any of the articles, explosives used in the loading of the shells, or packing coxes. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- PROJECTILE GROUP, Artillery Ammunition and Trench Warfare Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. See ARTILLERY ALMANITION AND TRENCH WARFARE BRANCH.
- PROJECTILE PLANT SECTION, ARMOR AND, Yards and Docks Bureau, Navy Department. -- See ARMOR AND PROJECTILE PLANT SECTION.
- PROJECTILE SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established as the Projectile Branch, Purchase Section, Gun Division, and transferred to the Procurement Division as a Section on January 13, 1918. Absorbed the Fuze Section of the Division on February 13, 1918. Operated through the following Branches: Components, Fuze and Cartridge Case, Machinery, Office Management, and Steel and Forging. Functions: To handle business negotiations connected with the purchase of artillery ammunition projectiles, except explosives; to negotiate for the purchase of proof shot and of proof materials for artillery ammunition; to handle the purchase of complete fuzes, primers, and cartridge cases of packing containers, or explosives. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - PROJECTILE SECTION, ARMOR AND, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—See ARMOR AND PROJECTILE SECTION.

- PROOF OROUP, Artillery Assumition and Trench Warfara Branch, Executive Section, Ordmance Chief's Office, War Department.—See ARTILLERY ANDWATTON AND TERROR WARFARE BRANCH.
- PROPAGANDA SUBSECTION, Foreign Influence [and] Enery Propaganda Section, Negative Branch, Ullitary Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—See FOREIGN INFLUENCE, ENERY PROPAGANDA SECTION.
- PROPAGANDA SUBSECTION, News Section, Regative Branch, Filitary Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—See NEWS SECTION.
- PROPERTY AND FINANCE DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. See FINANCE DIVISION.
- FEDERIT BUREAU, Housing Saction, Passenger Transportation and Housing Distains, Construction Organisation, Shipping Board Designing Distains, Construction Organisation, Shipping Board Designing Fleet Corporation.—Established about Eay 7, 1913. Abolished on July 1, 1920, when it was nucenced by the Manager's Department of the Transportation and Housing Operations Division. Functions: To acquire the material and property necessary for the construction of houses; to manage the completed houses; and to sell the houses. Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, Records: 1918-22 (195 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, NA. Include correspondence, NA. Include correspondence, NA. Include corresponden
- PROPERTY INVESTORY AND CUSTORY SECTION, Shippard Flants Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Energyncy Flest Corporation.—See INVESTORY AND APPRAISAL SECTION, Supply and Sales Divi-
- FEDERAT MYMCENTS BRANCH, Inland Traffic Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Operal Staff, far Department—Trobably created in January 1918. Then the Inland Traffic Service was merged with the Debarkation Service on March 11, 1919, to from the Transportation Service, this Branch was essentially continued by the Freight Traffic Branch or the Bail Transportation Division, Transportation Service Onleft Office. Punctions: To keep records of the flow of Overmeent freight by TallFord, and to regulate the arrival of freight at points of embarkation. Records: In the Quarternater General's Office, Services of Gupply, War Department.
- PROPERTY PROTECTION SECTION, CLAIMS AND, Law Division, Railroad Administration.—Sea CLAIMS AND PROPERTY PROTECTION SECTION.
- PROTECTION AND INVESTIGATION SECTION, Constructing Brench, Construction Division, War Department.—Probably established with the creation of the Construction Division upon its satulitation to the Construction Division upon its satulitation of March 13, 1918, Functions: To supervise investigation and protection work in connection with Many construction projects. Records: In the Office of the Calef of Manneers, War Department.

- PROTECTION OF RAILROAD PROPERTY SECTION, Iaw Division, Railroad Administration.—Created on March 26, 1918. Functions taken over by the Claims and Property Protection Section of the Iaw Division on September 1, 1918. Functions: To enforce Federal laws against theft from cars, stations, sidings, and wharves and to take necessary measures, in cooperation with the carriers, to prevent such losses. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- PROTECTIVE BODY ARMOR COMMITTEE, Metallurgy Section, Engineering Division, National Research Council.—See HELMETS AND BODY ARMOR COMMITTEE.
- PROTECTIVE WORK FOR GIRLS DIVISION, Training Camp Activities Commission, Navy Department.--See TRAINING CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION.
- PROTEIN METABOLISM IN ANIMAL FEEDING COMMITTEE, Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fisheries Division, National Research Comcil.—Appointed in 1917 with H. P. Armsby as Chairman. Functions: To conduct a study with reference to protein metabolism. The procedure for this study consisted in feeding "beef or dairy calves . . . upon two different planes of protein intake but with equal net energy supply." Emphasis was laid "upon the quality of the protein consumed, the influence of accessory substances and the variation in the ash of the rations." Records: Presumably in the National Research Council.
 - PROVING GROUNDS BRANCH, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established early in March 1918. Functioned through the following Groups: Construction, Operating Equipment, Administrative Equipment, Personnel, Property, and Office Management. Functions: To handle the construction, equipment, and operation of Inspection Division proving grounds. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - PROVISIONS SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.--Created for the duration of the war. Functions: To purchase the necessary food supplies for use by the Navy, to coperate with the Food Administration, and to gather information on available supplies in foreign markets and report on the possibility of obtaining them for Navy use. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE, War Department.—On May 22, 1917, Brig. Gen. Enoch H. Crowder, the Judge Advocate General, was formally designated Provost Marshal General by General Orders, No. 65, to administer the Selective Service Act of May 18, 1917. The Selective Service System was operated through 1,618 local and 155 district boards, which were supervised, as directed by the Provost Marshal General, by State or Territorial headquarters in which the State Adjutant General usually represented the Governor. Cooperating with the local and district boards were industrial advisers, Government appeal agents (one or more for each local board), legal and medical advisory boards, and boards of instruction. The first registration under the act was held on June 5, 1917, for men between the ages of 21 and 30, inclusive; a second registration and a supplemental registration were held on June 5 and August 21, 1918, respectively, for men who had since reached the age of 21; and a third registration was held on September 12, 1918, for men within the new age limits of 18 to 15 provided for by an amendment of August 31, 1918,

to the set. On July 15, 1919, the Offics was discontinued. Functions: To direct the process of selecting men for induction into the military service, from the initial registration to the sctual delivering of the men in camp. The functions included the examination of registrants; their classification in groupe; the rendering of decisions in cases involving claims for exemption; the handling of eppsels from the rulings of local boards; and the entraining of men for camp. The names of the following Divisions, ss they existed at the end of October 1918, indicate the subdivision of functions within the Office: Administration, Aliens, Appeals, Auxiliary agencies and Statistics, Classification, Finance, Information, Inspection and Investigation, Law, Medical, Mobilizetion, Publication, and Registration. Actual registration (except the initial registration of June 5, 1917), classification, and selection of the men was by the local boards. The dietrict boards reviewed the decisions of the local boards upon sppeel and as courte of first instance heard and detarmined all questions of eccepting or excluding persons engaged in necessary occupations. Each district board was aided by three industrial advisers, ons nominated by the Labor Department, one by the Agriculture Department, and one by the board itself. The Government appeal agents handled the sutomatic speeds from the decisions of the local boards in all cases of discherge on account of dependency, se well se a variety of other matters connected with claims for exemption. The medical advisory boards examined physically those registrants whose cases had been appealed to them by a registrant, an appeal agent, or a local board and judged cases involving obscure physical defects. Registrants were advised and assisted by the lagal advisory boards and were given information and instruction by the boards of instruction preparatory to their arrival in camp. Records: 1917-19 (8,695 feet) in NA. Include records relating to Bliens, appeals, deserters, quotas, secounts, board personnel and administration, and other matters under the supervision of the Office; correspondence and other papers of State headquarters, district boards, and medical advisory boards; and docket books and classification lists of local boards. These consist of all extant records of the Selective Service System except "cover sheets" of inducted men, which ere in the War Department. Records of noninducted registrants (come 90,000 cubic feet) and miscellaneous records of the local boards have been destroyed es ueelees papers. References: Provost Marshal General'e

Office, Report .. on the Trit Draft . 1917 (Rashington, 1918), Seond Report .. to December 20, 1918 (Washington, 1919), and Final Report .. to July 15, DD (Washington, 1929), and Final Report .. to July 15, DD (Washington, 1929).

PSYCHIATRY COMMITTER, REUROLDGY AND, Kedicine and Related Sciences Division, National Research Council ..-See NEUROLDGY AND PSYCHIATRY

PSICHIATRY DIVISION, NEUROLOGY AND, Surgoon General's Office, War Department.—See MEUROLOGY AND PSICHIATRY DIVISION.

ISIGNIOOT COMMITTEE, Medicine and Related Sciences Evision, National Research Countil. spondered in April 1971 and Tunctioned independ Property of the County of the County of the County of the County At the county of the Medicine and Related Sciences Division: At the time of the armietice the following Subcommittees were active: At the time of the armietice the following Subcommittees were active: Problems of Aviation, Everaul L. Thomshike, Chairman; Frohlems on Reeducation, Shepherd I. Frans, Chairman; Viewal Problems of Education of the County of the County of the County of the County of the Dodge, Cheirman; Feynbological and Pedagogical Agencia of Filitary

COLCUTTEE.

Training and Discipline, W. C. Bagley, Chairman; Emotional Fitness for Warfare, R. S. Woodworth, Chairman; Acoustic Problems of Military Importance, C. E. Seashore, Chairman; and Adaptation of Psychological Instruction to Military Educational Needs, Raymond Dodge, Chairman. On October 20, 1919, psychological activities of the Council were placed on a peacetime basis with the organization of the new Psychology and Anthropology Division. Functions: Working chiefly through subcommittees and military appointees in the Army and Navy, the Committee performed psychological services, which touched upon or modified many aspects of military personnel work. It devised tests for mental alertness that facilitated the elimination of mental defectives and other unsuitable types from the Army and the selection of recruits especially suited to aviation or use as observers and scouts. This work resulted in the organization of the Psychology Division in the Surgeon General's Office under Major Yerkes for the purpose of applying psychological tests to all new recruits for the Army. Although the Navy did not utilize the system of mental tests employed by the Army, it received the Committee's assistance in connection with rating, classifying, and assigning men according to their mental capacity and in selecting suitable lookouts for merchantmen, men for assignment to gunfire squads, or men for training as "listeners." Records: In the National Research Council.

PSYCHOLOGY DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Organized in September 1917 as a Section of the Neurology and Psychiatry Division. Became a Division on January 19, 1918, and in November a Section of the Medicine Division. On September 9, 1919, it was transferred to the Hospital Division. Functions: To provide an immediate and reasonably dependable classification of recruits according to general intelligence, and to train and supply the military service with psychological examiners. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS OFFICE, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department .-- Existed in this Office from 1867 to 1925. On the latter date its functions were transferred to a newly created independent establishment, the Office of Public Buildings and Fublic Parks of the National Capital. Functions: To construct, care for, maintain, improve, and police public buildings, grounds, parks, monuments, and memorials in the District of Columbia. These functions were broadened during the period 1917-20, owing to the expansion of Covernment agencies, and responsibility was assumed for the erection of temporary office buildings for the War and Navy Departments. The agency also cooperated with the Housing Corporation in providing emergency housing facilities for Government employees. Records: 1918-20 (8 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, reports, drawings, maps, blueprints and other plans, and photographs relating to functions described above. A large quantity of records covering the period 1907-21 has been destroyed by Congressional authority. References: Public Buildings and Grounds Office, Reports, 1917-20.

PUBLIC HEALTH EDUCATION SECTION, Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—Organized on April 7, 1919. Incorporated during the fiscal year 1922 in the Sanitary Reports and Statistics Division. Functions: Steming from the appeals for authoritative information during the influenza epidemic, the Section was designed as a national center or clearinghouse on the subject of public health education. Records: Records concerning public health education are among those

PUBLIC ROADS BUREAU, Agriculture Department .-- Originated in the Office of Roads Inquiry, established in 1893. Title changed to Office of Public Roads in 1903, to Office of Public Roads and Rural Engineering in 1915, and to Bureau of Public Roads in 1918. The Bureau later became the Public Roads Administration, Public Works Agency. Functions: During the war the Bureau assisted the Construction Division of the Army in planning and constructing roads in various camps and cantonments; in connection with the administration of the Federal Aid Road Act, constructed public roads of economic and military importance in cooperation with State highway commissions; in cooperation with the Geological Survey and the Engineer Corps, prepared highway maps for use in connection with military activities, particularly for the use of the Motor Transport Corps; cooperated with the Concrete Ship Division of the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation in the design of concrete ships and in testing the use of concrste in ship construction; and constructed apparatus for use in determining the power of high explosives for the Ordnance Chief's Office of the War Department. Through the Highways Council, it assisted the War Industries Board in arranging priority orders in connection with the use of structural and reinforcing steel, crushed stone, sand, and gravel for highways; assisted the Fuel Administration in passing upon applications for permits to obtain from manufacturers and refiners oils, asphalts, and tars to be used for road and street purposes; and assisted the Railroad Administration in arranging for the transportation of material for constructing highways and city streets. Records: 12,000 feet in the Federal Works Agency. Include general correspondence of the Bureau covering the war years and other materials pertaining to war activities, including those relating to the preparation of highway maps, to the construction of military roads, and to the Bureau's cooperation with various war agencies through the Highways Council. References: W. Stull Holt, The Bureau of Public Roads (Baltimore, 1923).

PUBLIC SERVICE AND ACCOUNTING DIVISION, Railroad Administration.—
Created on February 9, 1918. Discontinued on February 1, 1919, when the Divisions of Public Service and of Accounting were created.
Functions: To handle complaints from the public; to exercise joint jurisdiction with the Traffic Division over rate changes; and to handle the accounting work of the Administration. Records: Those relating to accounting are in NA; those relating to public service were authorized for destruction in 1934.

PUBLIC SERVICE DIVISION, Railroad Administration.—First existed as a part of the Public Service and Accounting Division; created as a separate Division on February 1, 1919. It was discontinued on March 1, 1920, and its unfinished work was completed by the Liquidation Claims Division. Functions: To handle complaints from the public relating to rates, fares, classifications, regulations, and practices affecting freight, passenger, and express traffic; to exercise and modification with the Traffic Division over the establishment various freight traffic committees of the Railroad Administration; and to act as liaison between the Administration and the Stats Authorized for destruction as useless papers on March 20, 1934.

PUBLIC SERVICE RESERVE, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Created on June 14, 1917, by the Secretary of Labor. In January 1918 it became part of the Employment Service. It had its own Director,

Hillian E. Hall, and in each State a field staff of voluntary movies under a Federal Director, who usually was also the Employment Service State Director. It was discontinued after the close of the was manufactured in serve as a registration against office of the was marked to be served as a registration against force and the service of the support of the support

RILLIC RELIEFES MUTSION, National Mar Labor Abard, Asr Labor Administration, labor Department——probably organised in 1918 and terminated with the Scope 1819. Constron Opturn, Crist, Functions: I call upon a mage and other labor disputes involving public utilities when the cases were substituted to the Board by both parties concerned. The majority of the cases that case before the Juisison involved street railways, and were handled by the Street Railway Department. Records: May be among the records of the Board in Ma.

FREELE SERS AND CONSTRUCTION DEVELOPMENT DIVISION, Information and Education Service, labor Department, repeated in January 1919 and took and anlarged he work of June Economics Division. Probably terminal and the work of June Economics Division. Probably terminal that the state of the property of the

RUBLIC WORKS, YARDS, AND DOCKS COMMITTEE, Mayal Consulting Board, Mayy Department. -- Created on November H, 1915. Consisted of six members; Alfred Craven, Chairman. -- See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.

PUBLICATIONS AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION, Committee on Public Information, -- See PRODUCTION AND HISTARBUTION DIVISION.

NUMICATIONS INVISION, Agriculture Department.—Established before the arr. Absorbed by the Office of Indocation in 1925. Functions the warr. Absorbed by the Office of Indocation in 1925. Functional the warr. Absorbed by the Operation of the Indocation of Indocation, and the like, issued by the Department es part of its program to stimulate but output of agricultural products and to proceed the or output of agricultural products and to proceed to not not not produce the operation of the Indocation of Indocation Indocation of Indocation Indoc

FUBLICATIONS INVISION, Constitute on Public Information.—Executive Order No. 2708, September 25, 1217, provided for the creation of a Mixiston of Publications, but it appearantly was mere organized. The Civic and Educational Cooperation Division performed the function of a publications with

- PUBLICITY BRANCH, METHODS OF, Industrial Education Section, Administration Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION SECTION.
- PUBLICITY COMMITTEE, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See GENERAL PUBLICITY BOARD.
- PUBLICITY DIVISION, Food Administration .- See EDUCATIONAL DIVISION.
- PUBLICITY DIVISION, Training Camp Activities Commission, Navy Department.--See TRAINING CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION.
- PUBLICITY SECTION, Public Works and Construction Development Division, Information and Education Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably created in January and terminated with the Service on June 30, 1919. Functions: Indicated by name. Records: Disposition authorized by Congress in 1928.
- PUBLICITY SECTION, Wholeeale and Retail Division, Food Administration.—Organized in October 1917 as a part of the Distribution Division; transferred to the Wholeeale and Retail Division in April 1918.

 Terminated in January 1919. Functione: To mobilize sentiment behind the pledge-card campaigns. Recorde: 1917-19 (151 feet) in NA.

 Correspondence and pledge cards.
- PUBLICITY SUBCOMMITTEE, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defenee.—Organized in April 1917 and composed of the chairmen of the eight subcommittees making up the Labor Committee; never functioned except through its individual members acting as chairmen of their own subcommittees. Probably dissolved about August 10, 1917. Functions: To handle general publicity for the Committee. Recorde: Probably none.
 - PULLMAN CAR LINES [SECTION], Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Originally the Operating Department of the Pullman Co. Name changed to Pullman Car Lines on August 17, 1918. Headed by a Federal Manager, who reported to the Director of the Division. Precumably terminated with the Division on March 1, 1920. Functione: To operate Pullman car lines. Records: Probably destroyed with
- PULP AND PAPER DIVISION, War Industriee Board.—Organized on June 6, 1918, as the Pulp and Paper Section and reorganized on October 1 as a Division. Terminated on December 19, 1918. Functione: To curtail civilian uses of paper in order to provide an adequate supply for war and Covernment requirements. Also, by concerving paper to conserve the coal, transportation, and labor required in its manufacture and distribution. Records: In NA. Include reports received from publishers by the Newspaper Section (13 feet) and some card records of the Fiber Board and Container Section (1 foot). Other records are probably in the "consolidated files" of the Board.
- PURCHASE ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on October 19, 1918, by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 1. Operated through several Branches, including: Award and Contract, External Relations, Inspection, Production, Purchase, and Research. In existence on June 30, 1920, as the Administrative Division. Functions: To coordinate

the settrities of purchase commodity divisions; to expertise purchase policies and methods; to have charge of personnel; to maintain contacts with agencies concerned with the control and manufacture of Tew matorisis; to handle contracts and legal mitters; and to have charge of office, service. Records: Some are among those of the Curtermatter General's Office in Ma.

FURCHASE AND STANDARDIZATION BRANCH, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See FURCHASE BRANCH.

FURCHASE AND STORAGE DIRECTOR'S OFFICE, Purchase, Storaga, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—On September 12, 1918, by Supply Circular No. 91, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, R. E. Mood, the Acting Quartermastar General, was designated Director of Purchase and Storage. This Director reported to the Director of Purchase, Storaga, and Traffic. Supply Circular No. 110 of November 6, 1918, directed that the procurement, etorage, and distribution divisions of the Cuartermaster General's Office and the corresponding functions of the Quartermaster Corpe be transferred to the Purchase and Storage Director's Office. The Office included the Purchase Director's Office, the Storage Director's Office, the Remount Service, and General Administrative, Requirements and Requisitions, and Statistical Divisions. On April 11, 1919, a General Staff memorandum designated the organization encompassed by the Office se the Purchase and Storage Service. The title of Director of Purchaes and Storage was abolished by Special Orders No. 42, War Department, July 11, 1920, and the Purchase and Storage Service was replaced by the Supply Service, established the following day by Memorandum No. 6 of the Quartermaster General's Offices. Functions: To have responsibility for and authority over the purchase, storage, distribution, and issue within the United States of supplies for the Army. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in Ki.

FURCHASE AND STORAGE SERVICE, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See FURCHASE AND STORAGE MIMESTORYS OFFICE.

FORMARS AND SUPPLY BOANCY, Purchase, Storys, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department—Rebablished about April 16, 1919, under the Purchase, Storyse, and Traffic Division as a continuation of the former Purchase and Supply Division of the General Staff.
Operated through the following Sections: Emergency, France, Transchetton, and Purchase. Abolished in the programation of the Computer of the Computer

FURCHASE AND SUPPLY DEPOTS BRANCH, Equipment Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Sea FURCHASE SECTION, Procurement Division.

PURCHASE AND SUPPLY DEPOTS BRANCH, Finance and Supply Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See PURCHASE SECTION, Procurement Division.

FURCHASE AND SUPPLY INVISION, General Staff, War Department.—See FURCHASE, STORAGE, AND TRAFFIC DIVISION. FURCHASE AND SUPPLY LIAISON SECTION, Special Service Division, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.--Existed by June 21, 1918. Functions: To maintain close contact with purchase and supply organizations in other branches of the Department. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

FURCHASE BRANCH, Cannon Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.--Established in 1917; transferred on October 27, 1917, to the Purchase Section, Gun Division. Functions: To handle the procurement of field and seacoast cannon and their accessories. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

PURCHASE BRANCH, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established by Supply Circular No. 86 of September 5, 1918. Operated through the following Sections: Administrative, Commandeering, Inspection, Methods, Patents, Production, Progress, Purchase Information, and Standardization. Absorbed the Standardization Branch on October 15, 1919, and became the Purchase and Standardization Branch. Functions: To supervise supply purchasing by the Department; to formulate and supervise the execution of purchasing policies; and to study methods of purchase. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

PURCHASE COORDINATION DIVISION, Food Administration. -- See COORDINATION OF PURCHASE DIVISION.

PURCHASE DIRECTOR'S OFFICE, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department .- Supply Circular No. 91 of the Division dated September 12, 1918, designated a Director of Purchase, who was to report to the Director of Purchase and Storage. His Office operated through a number of Divisions, including the following: Clothing and Equipage; General Supplies; Machinery and Engineering Materials; Medical and Hospital Supplies; Motors and Vehicles; Raw Materials and Paints; and Subsistence. In April 1919 the operating units of the Office were designated as the Purchase Service. Memorandum No. 6, Quartermaster General's Office, July 15, 1920, established the Supply Service as a combination of the former Purchase and Storage Services, each of which became a Division of the new organization. Functions: To have charge of the procurement of supplies for the Army, including their purchase, production, and inspection. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

PURCHASE DIVISION, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department .--In existence prior to the outbreak of the war. Functions: To have charge of all Navy purchasing. During the war it retained its old system of competitive buying, but enlarged the list of bidders to whom schedules were sent. Contracts were let on a cost-plus-profits basis, the settlements and the payments on the cost-plus contracts being determined by the Accounting Division. Some material had to be commandeered. Because of the great increase in work, a number of "material sections" were set up to deal with particular commodities and to maintain contact with the corresponding sections in such agencies as the War Industries Board, the Food Administration, and the Fuel Administration. Although there were various organizational changes, the Division functioned during the war, in the main, through the following Sections: Award, Chemicals and Explosives, Clothing, Contract, Correspondence, Emergency Purchase, Fuel and Transportation, Legal, Lumber, Kailing List, Navy Order, Non-Ferrous Motal, Open Purchass, Printing and Machinery, Priorities, Provioins, Rash Delivery, Salvage, Schedule, Stoel, Stock Upkeep, Supply, and Stock Control of the Such and Innaportation Section was nucceed by the Such and Innaportation Section Machinery Section by the Inhand Traffic Division. Records: Asong the general files of the Dureou in National Section Sec

FURCHASE INFORMATION SECTION, Purchase Branch, Purchaoo, Storage, and Trafic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established doost september 5, 1918, and still in existence on June 30, 1919. Functions: To collect and diotribute to the public information about the purchase and acle of commodities for the Army to direct for the conversion of peacatise industries to war work; and to outpervise the methods of publishing Department requirements, contracts, and swards. Records: Morerabouts unknown.

PRINCISE OF FURICA STUMES AND REMOND ESTATES ANY SOME CONSETTED,
SEXIFISION DEFICION, ONLY OF A STATES AND A

PURCHASE SECTION, Engineering Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See FURCHASE SECTION, Procurement Division.

PROMISS SECTION, Our Division, Ordance Chieft Office, Far Department.—Falshladed on September 7, 1971, by Our Division Order Wo. h. on October 27, it shoethed the Farchase Eranch of the Camon Section. Operated through the following Pranchoot Cartridge Case, Explosives, Pinance, Pauc, Georal Control, Loading, Miscellaneous Raterial, Packing Containers, Projectic, Raw Material, Patholical, and Trench Harfare. Transferred on January 13, 1918, by suthority of Our Bivision Order. So, to the Procurement Division. Functions: To be responsible for questions of a business nature affecting the negotiation, pathogram, sendification, extension, and canonal Chieffic Case of the Cifice of the Case of the Cifice in Ma.

Beoords: Probably with those of the Office is Ma.

FURGUES SECTION, Ritrate Division, Ordenance Chief's Office, Ear Department.—Schalidhood during the latter half of 1917, and included the following Branchase Furcheafurg Relations With Council of Mational Defence, Fuel Andinistration, Exp., and Transportation. Functions: To purchase building saterials and manchinery for nitrate Plants under construction; to bandle the transportation of plant materials; to approve certain important orders of contractors and to obtain clearunous and priorities through the War Industries. Sourd; and to handle fuel requests of plants. Records: Probably with those of the Office in MA.

6

PURCHASE SECTION, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Originally the Purchase Section of the Engineering Division. Became the Purchase and Supply Depots Branch of the Finance and Supply Division on June 2, 1917. From August 2 to 29, this Branch functioned as the Purchase and Supply Depots Branch of both the Equipment and the Finance and Supply Divisions. On October 1, 1917, its functions were divided between the Purchase and Supply Depots and the Overseas Follow-up Branches of the Equipment Division. Finally the Purchase Section was reestablished in the newly organized Procurement Division on September 7, 1918. As such, it functioned through the following Branches: Photography, Machinery and Machine Shop Equipment, Radio Equipment, Telephone and Electrical Equipment, and Miscellaneous Equipment. Functions: To place orders and contracts and to obtain the necessary clearances and priorities. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

PURCHASE SECTION, Purchase and Supply Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established about April 20, 1918, and discontinued on September 5. Functioned through six Subsections, as follows: Purchase Records, Contract, Coordination, Administration, Operations, and Auxiliary. Functions: To coordinate and correlate the purchase activities of the supply bureaus of the War Department; to cooperate with the War Industries Board in matters of clearances on behalf of the Department; and to lease and purchase real estate and supervise the commandeering and appraisal of property taken for the use of the Department. The Section standardized contract forms; established standard purchase policies and legal procedures; and conducted investigations to reduce the types of articles purchased. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

PURCHASE SECTION, Small Arms Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Organized in 1917. Transferred on January 14, 1918, to the Procurement Division as a part of its Small Arms Section. It again became a part of the Small Arms Division upon the reestablishment of that Division by Office Order No. 195, effective February 1, 1919. Functions: To handle the procurement of small arms ordnance material. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

PURCHASE SECTION, War Department Claims Board, War Department.—See WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS BOARD.

PURCHASE SERVICE, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See PURCHASE DIRECTOR'S OFFICE.

PURCHASE, STORAGE, AND TRAFFIC DIVISION, General Staff, War Department.—A composite of several predecessor units. A Storage and Traffic Service was established in the Office of the Chief of Staff by General Orders, No. 167, of December 28, 1917, to take charge of and exercise supervision over the transportation of troops and supplies for the Army and the storage facilities connected therewith. General Orders, No. 5, of January 11, 1918, established a Purchasing Scrvice in the Office of the Chief of Staff, to take charge of and exercise supervision over the acquisition of supplies and munitions for the Army and to provide for the coordination of the Army's procurement activities. These two services were made Divisions of the General Staff, to be known as the Purchase and Supply Division and the Storage and Traffic Division, by General

Orders, No. IL, of February 9. Finally, General Orders, No. 36, of April 16, consolidated the two Divisions to form the Purchase, Storage, end Traffic Division. The latter took over many of the functions of the Quartornaster General's Office in the fell of 1918 and thereafter operated through a very large number of subordinate units. Most of these were under the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storegs. In the reorganization of the General Staff which occurred ir August 1920, the Division was discontinued. Kaj. Gen. George W. Goethals, Director (formerly Acting Quartermaster General). Functions: The detailed functions of this Division were described in General Orders, No. 80, of August 26, 1918. The Director of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic was to supervise and direct calculations of requirements, procurement and production activities of the agencies of the War Department, and the coordination of these activities; to represent the Army in all arrangements for the coordination of these activities with those of other egencies of the Government and with the Allies; to maintain an estimate of the military resources of the United States relative to materials; to determine priorities among agencies of the Department and in relation to other Covernment egencies; to supervise and coordinate financial matters relating to the purchase of aupplies; to control the storing and werehousing of property for the Army: to control matters relating to the routing of troops and Department property; and to control the ambarkation and transport overseas of troops and aupplies. It should be noted, however, that Supply Aulletin No. 29, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, of November 7, 1918, stressed the point that the function of the Director was to be executive and not supervisory. Records: Some are among the files of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA. The whereabouts of others is unknown, and still others remain in The Adjutant General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.

FURGUSE SUPPLYIES BRANCH, Statistical Dirigion, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Furciase, Storage, and Traffic Dirigion, Consentl Staff, far Department.—Statishland on October 28, 1913. Functioned through the Collowing Sections: Clothing and Equipage; Subsistance and Forage; Motore and Vehicles; General Supplies; Raw Materials; Resourch; Signal Corps; Machinery and Engineering Materials; and Medical and Hospital. Became a Section of the Ceneral Statistics Faculty, Requirements Briston count March 27, 202. Section of the Control Statistics of the Office. Records: Some are among those of the Cuntermater Comparily Office in Some are among those of the Cuntermater Comparily Office in Sections.

PURCHASES AND FINANCE, INTERALLIED COUNCIL ON WAR. - See INTERALLIED COUNCIL ON WAR PURCHASES AND FINANCE.

FUNCAISS; MYISION, Railroad Administration, --Created on March 15, 1919. Formerly a part of the Buiston of Finness and Burchasses. It was discontinued on April 1, 1920, after which its unfinished work was handled by the Haquidation Calaisa Mirision. Functions: To coordinate and supervise purchases of a sacricials and Supplies by Records; Authorized for destruction on March 20, 1930.

PURCHASING ACENT'S OFFICE, Fost Office Department... In existence before the war. Functions: During the wer, it cooperated with the War Industries Board in mobilizing the entire envelope industry to meet the needs of the Overnment for franked envelopes. Records:

- May be among those of the Department in NA. Others remain in the Post Office Department.
- PURCHASING AND CONTROL BRANCH, Supplies and Equipment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.--See PURCHASING BRANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division.
- PURCHASING AND PRODUCTION SECTION, Supply Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established on July 11, 1918, as the immediate successor to the Purchasing and Production Divisions. The Section was abolished on January 30, 1919, and on June 11, 1919, its functions were assumed by the Material Section of the Supply and Sales Division. Functions: To supervise the purchasing of shipbuilding materials; to expedite the production of shipbuilding materials and equipment; and to supervise the inspection of shipbuilding materials and supplies. Records: 1918-19 (16 feet) in NA. Include inspection reports, purchase orders, and lists of materials necessary to the construction of vessels. The main records of the Section, however, are in the general files of the Division.
 - PURCHASING BRANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Established on January 26, 1918, as the Purchasing and Control Branch of the Supplies and Equipment Division. Became the Purchasing Branch of that Division on April 16 and of the Clothing and Equipage Division on May 18. Abolished on June 11, 1918. Functions: To handle purchases and contracts for materials recommended by the procurement branches. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - PURCHASING BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Established on June 14, 1918, by the union of the Controlled Bids and the Uncontrolled Bids Branches, both of which had been in existence since March 21, 1918. The Purchasing Branch also took over the functions of the dissolved Procurement Subdivision. On October 19, 1918, the Branch was transferred, together with the other branches of the Division, to the Office of the Director of Purchase. Functions: To handle the procurement of subsistence items for troops at home and abroad. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - FURCHASING COMMISSION, ALLIED. -- See ALLIED PURCHASING COMMISSION.
 - PURCHASING COMMISSION, INTERALLIED.—See INTERALLIED PURCHASING COMMISSION.
 - PURCHASING COMMITTEE, CENTRAL ADVISORY, Finance and Purchases Division, Railroad Administration. See CENTRAL ADVISORY PURCHASING COMMITTEE.
 - PURCHASING DEPARTMENT, ENGINEERING AND, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See ENGINEERING AND PURCHASING DEPARTMENT.
 - PURCHASING DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Initiated with the appointment of a General Purchasing Officer for the Corporation on May 31, 1917. The organization that he headed was known as the Purchasing Division as early as August 20, 1917. About January 1, 1918, the Production Department

- of the Division became the Production Division. The Furchasing Zivision was abolished on June 10, 1925, and its duties were then performed by the Burchasing and Production Section of the Supply Division. Punctions: To procure, have custody of, and distribute stipbulling supplies, meterials, and equipment. Records: 1928-29 (16 feet) in MA. Include inspection reports, purchase orders, and lists of naterials nacedstay to the construction of vessels. Most of the records of the Purchasing Division, however, are included in the "old" general files of the Supply and Sales Division, slow in
- FURSER'S DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Desengency Flast Copporation, —Established in December 1918, intil May 1929 the superago metal to the best of the presence of the superago are the state that the supersion's offices after that date the percention and servard's personnel offices were continued under the Fursers' Department, which became part of the Supervisors and Supercargo Section of the Operating Department, Operations Division, on February 1, 1920. Functions: To supervise supercargoes and attended on Shipping Board Vessels, Records: 1918-20 (65 feet) in NA. Correspondence and forms concerning the work of the supercargoes and stewards.
- PIRITES SUBCOMMITTE, Chemicals Cooperative Committee, New Materiele, Munarale, and Weslam Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Formed about May 1917. Became the Section on Foreign Pyrites of the Chemical Alliance, Inc., in November 1917. Functions: To handle matters pertaining to pyrites for tha Committee. Macrois Note of them were transferred to the Chemical Alliance, Dail I fee fragments are seattered through the records of the Council and of the May Industries Roard in MA.
- PROMETER COMMITTER, Metallurgy Section, Engineering Division, National Research Councils—Organised in 1916 under the chairmanship of George K. Burgels. Punctions: To develop an improved pyrouter for better control of the Stell-Desking process. Records: In the National Research Councils.
- FIRSTGRING BRANCH, Treach Markare Section, Ingineering Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, We repartment.—Established on September 27, 1915. Functions: To design protechnics for the use of the Army, including signal and parecture rockets, signal pitsuba and their amountion, position and signal lights, end flares end sooks torches. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Na.
- PROTECUTE RESEARCH MIVISION, War Gas Investigations, Wines Bureau, Interior Department.—Organized in June 1971; transferred with the entire War Gas Investigations to the War Department on June 25, 1938. Punctions: Indicated by its names and the names of its Sections, as follows: Fisating-Liquid; Gas-Suelly Hand-Grende; Incondizery Singal-Light; and Soaks-Green. Pacordis: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Gas Investigations, 27-31, Callettin 1743. Washington, 3939).

- QUALITY OF WATER DIVISION, Water Resources Branch, Geological Survey, Interior Department.—Formerly a part of the Division of Ground Waters, it became a Division on January 2, 1918. Functions: To analyze surface and ground waters and to interpret these analyses to determine the value of the waters for domestic and industrial uses. During the war reports were made to the War and Navy Departments on the quality of the water supplies at camps and cantonments. Records: In the Water Resources Branch.
- QUARANTINE AND IMMIGRATION DIVISION, FOREIGN AND INSULAR (MARITIME), Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—See FOREIGN AND INSULAR (MARITIME) QUARANTINE AND IMMIGRATION DIVISION.
- QUARANTINE DIVISION, Animal Industry Bureau, Agriculture Department.—
 Established on April 1, 1891. Name changed to Miscellaneous Division on July 1, 1896, and back to Quarantine Division on July 1, 1903. On May 1, 1922, it became a part of the Field Inspection Division. Functions: During the war, in addition to its regular work of excluding contagion from abroad, to supervise the importation of tick-infested cattle from Mexico, South America, Central America, and the islands of the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean Sea under the restrictions imposed by section 9 of the Food Production Act of August 10, 1917. Records: 1917-18 (4 foet) in NA. Include general files.
- QUARANTINE DIVISION, DOMESTIC, Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—See DOMESTIC (INTERSTATE) QUARANTINE DIVISION.
- QUARRY SECTION, MINING AND, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See CIVIL AND MECHANICAL DIVISION.
- QUARRYING SECTION, MINING AND, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See MINING AND QUARRYING SECTION.
- QUARTERMASTER BRANCH, Domestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See DOMESTIC OPERATIONS DIVISION.
- QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, War Department.—An act of March 28, 1812, established a Quartermaster's Department for the Army. During the World War most of the functions and duties of the Office of the Quartermaster General were transferred to other arms of the service, or to other units of the Department, especially to the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division of the General Staff, to the Finance Scrvice, and to the Motor Transport Corps. The Office operated through a number of Divisions, including the following: Cantonment; Clothing and Equipage; Conservation and Reclamation; Hardware and Metals; Operating; Remount; Subsistence; Transportation; and Vehicles and Harness. Functions: To procure, by purchase, construction, or other neans, supplies of standard manufacture and supplies common to

tee or more branches of the Mur Department or Army; to store supplies; to supervise certain construction work; to squire certain real estate to furnish necessary transportation. Records: The sain decimal and to furnish necessary transportation. Records: The sain decimal in M. (combined see and various other records for the war period are in M. (combined see and various other records for the war period are offices surpred into it; and records of realizes fixed offices of the Department, they total 32,800 feet). Included in the files are some of the records of the Durchas; Storag, and Trifle Division of the General Staff end of offices subordinate to him, record or many subdivisions of the Quartermaster General's Office, seconds of many subdivisions of the Quartermaster General's Office, Reports, 1947-20.

QUARTERISTIC STORES SETTION, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department,—Stabilished shout February 15, 1919, and still in existence on June 30, 1920. Functioned through four Subsections, as follows: Clothing and Equipage, General Supplies, Subsistence, and Miscelleneous, Functions: To Supervise the sale of surplus quurtermaster atores, including such items as food, furniture, clothing, leather and rubber goods, and fuel and draft animals. Regenty: Interabouts unknown.

CUATIONATIES SIEDIVISION, Describ Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase, and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—Established on October 25, 1918, and operated through the following Evunchase Clothing and Equipmeng General Supplies; Raw Materials; and Subslatence. In extractor com May 19, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Directors of Storage, and distribution of quartermater supplies to the Army. Rescrict: Some are among those of the Quartermater General's Offices in Na.

QUARTMANSTER SUBULYMICS, Overnees Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Genard Staff, Ner Department.—Established on Novasber 1, 1918, and operated through the following Franches: Clothing and Equipage, General Supplies; Fuel and Forege; Salvage; Substatance; and Vahicles and Narmess. In sketchece when the Division was repred in the Overseam Supply Division on February 1, 1979. Functions: To be responsible for the prompt end complete dispatch of the quartermester supplies handled by its branches. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermester General's Office in Mar.

QUANTRANSFER SUBDIVISION, Fort Operations Division, Shorage Director's Office, Inverse and Storage Director's Office, Invense, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Ear Department.—By Turchase and Storage Hottice Do. 9, of October 25, 1918, there was satablished a Quarternaster Franch. In the reorganization of the Division on November 25, 1918, their Branch became the Quarternaster Subdivision. In existance on February 1, 1919, when the Division was ebolished. Dinnicions: To have charge of the completion of records and reports Charles of the completion of records and reports Charles of the completion of the cords and reports Charles of the completion of the covered of the completion of the covered of the supplies in accordance with satablished priorities. Records: Dose are among those of the Quarternostar General's Office in NA.

- QUARTERMASTER SUPPLY CONTROL BUREAU, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.--See SUPPLY CONTROL DIVISION.
- QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT, Marine Corps Headquarters, Navy Department.—See MARINE CORPS HEADQUARTERS.
- QUESTIONNAIRE SECTION, Planning and Statistics Division, War Industries Board.—Established on September 15, 1918; discontinued after the armistice. Functions: To supervise questionnaires issued to industrial establishments by the War Industries Board. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.

- RACE IN RELATION TO DISEASE COMMITTEES, Medicins and Related Sciences Division, National Research Council.—See ANTHROPOLOGY COMMITTEE.
- PACIAL GRUPS DIVISION, Education Bureau, Interior Department.—Each rebilabled as the Megra Education Division in 1913 with the help of the Ihalpa-Stokes Fund, In 1916 the mane was changed to Racial Groups Birtsion. On July 1, 1919, such financial arrangements as had existed with the Phelpa-Stokes Fund became illegal, and since no funde were voted for continuing the work of the Division, it went out of existence. Functions: To study the work of the Grandon octobols and to gather and disseminate information about Megra education. During the war the Division aided the War Department in celecting training schools for Negro derited coldiers, scottated the War and labor Departments in placing persons in responsible positions, and investigated the conditions among Negro troops in canton-ments. The information as to the needs of Negro soldiers gathered in this investigation was sade use of by nearly every agency writing the interest of soldiers. Becomis Marchael and School of Sch
- RAUIO ERRATMENT, Operations Initiation, Shipping Seard Emergency, Fleet Corporation.—Perchaly astablished in May 1919. On February 1, 1920, it became the Radio Section of the Operating Department. Functions: To supervise another relating to radio and submarine olignal service in which the Rivision was interested. Records: 1919-20 (5 feet) in NN. Correspondence concerning radio Operators, Licensee for ship radio stations, and other information about radio opprarium on vessels operated by the Shipping Board or ship research of the Shipping Board or special contents.
- ARMO LETELOPHENT SECTION, Degineering and Research Division, Onlet Signal Officer's Office, wher Department.—Prior to the war the twide scivities of the Office were carried on in the Engineering Division. How were turned over to the Badio Davision upon its formation in Section of the Engineering and Research Division. The Section Functioned through the following Brancheso Experimental and Development, Trans-Atlantic Radio, Outside Development, Radio Drafting, Bursau of Standards Laboratory, and Little Silver Laboratory. Functioner to handle and direct the development, design, and preparation of com-
- RADIO DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department .-- See RADIO PEYMOPUSHT SECTION. Engineering and Research Division.
- RAUTO HUTSIGN, Steas Engineering Eurasa, Mary Department,...In extermore prior to the war. At first known as the Unision of Eadio Telegraphy, and after September 1930 as the Division of Eadio and Sound, Functions: To have charge of the design and supply of radio apparatus For Ship and shows installations and for seirraft and elso

- of the development of antisubmarine and antiaircraft sound devices. Records: In NA. In addition to material in the general files of the Bureau, there are separate groups of correspondence concerning aircraft-radio activities in France, 1918-20, reports from radio stations and from radio plants aboard ship, 1912-22, and inventories, memoranda, schedules, and blueprints, 1912-22. References: Navy Department, Annual Report, 1918, p. 528-531.
- RADIO EQUIPMENT BRANCH, Production Section, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.--See PRODUCTION SEC-TION.
- RADIO EQUIPMENT BRANCH, Purchase Section, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department. -- See FURCHASE SECTION.
- RADIO SECTION, Operating Department, Operations Division, Shipping
 Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See RADIO DEPARTMENT, Operations
 Division.
- RADIO SECTION, MARINE CORPS, FUEL OIL, AND, Yards and Docks Bureau, Navy Department.--See MARINE CORPS, FUEL OIL, AND RADIO SECTION.
- RADIO SERVICE, NAVAL, Navigation Bureau, Navy Department .-- See COM-MUNICATION DIVISION, Naval Operations Office.
- RADIO STATIONS BRANCH, FERMANENT, Electrical Engineering Section, Engineering and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SECTION.
- RADIO SUBSECTION, News Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department. See NEWS SECTION.
- RADIO TELEGRAPHY DIVISION, Steam Engineering Bureau, Navy Department.—See RADIO DIVISION.
- RAG AND FIBER SUBSECTION, Woolens Section, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board.—Created on June 2h and discontinued on December 21, 1918. Functions: To see that prices and regulations established by the Price Fixing Committee were observed. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
- RAGS, RUBBER, PAPER, STOCK, EQUIPMENT, ETC. SECTION, Waste Materials Branch, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See WASTE MATERIALS BRANCH.
- RAIL EQUIPMENT SECTION, Freight Traffic Branch, Rail Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—See FREIGHT TRAFFIC BRANCH.
- RAIL TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—Created about Earch 11, 1919, as essentially a continuation of the Inland Traffic Service, which, on that day, was merged with the Embarkation Service to form the Transportation Service. Operated through the following three Branches: Construction, Maintenance, and Operation; Freight Traffic; and Passenger Traffic. Functions: In cooperation with the Railroad Administration, to direct and control the movement of Government property and troops on railroads. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.

RAILROAD AIMINISTRATION .-- Under authority of an act of August 29, 1916, the President by Proclamation No. 1419, December 26, 1917, took control of the railroads of the country and named William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, as Director General of Railroads. On December 28 these transportation systems actually came "within the possession and control" of the Mirector, but his organization, known as the United States Railroad Administration, was not announced until February 9, 1918. The Administration operated through a number of Divisions, including the following: Inland Waterways, Labor, Law, Operation, Purchases, and Traffic. After March 1, 1920, most of the Divisions were discontinued. On July 1, 1939, the Office of the Director General was abolished, and its functions were transferred to the Secretary of the Tressury. Functions: To operate railroads and their appurtenances, coastwise steamenip lines, inland waterways, and telephone and telegraph companies that were taken over by the Government. Records: 1917-37 (2,320 feet) in NA. Include files of the Director General; the Comptroller's Office; the Board of Railroad Wages and Working Conditions; the Railroad Wage Commission; and the Divisions of Law, Operation, and Labor, including Railway Boards of Adjustment Mos. 1, 2, and 3 and the Women's Sarvice Section. Wost of the records of other subdivisions and of the regional offices were suthorized for disposition by Congress in 193h. Other records are in the custody of the Treasury Department, the General Accounting Office, and the Interstata Commerca Commission. Still other records remained with the various reilroads, and some have been mentioned in the inventories compiled by the Survey of Federal Archives. References: Walker D. Hines, War History of American Railroads (New Haven, 1928); William J. Curningham, "The Railroads Undar Government Operation," in Quarterly Journal of Economice, 35: 288-340; 36: istration of the Railways in the United States and Great Britain (2d rev. ed. New York, 1919); and William F. Willoughby, Doverr ment Organization in War Time and After, 174-191 (New York, 1919).

RAILROAD MIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department .- Probably organized in 1918 and terminated in 1919. Functions: To recruit labor for work on the Nation's railroads. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

RAILROAD DIVISION, Willtary Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department .- See RAILWAY ENGINEERING DIVISION.

RAILFOAD FUEL DISTRIBUTION SECTION. Bituminous Coal and Coke Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration .- See BITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE BUREAU.

RAILPOAD PROPERTY SECTION, PROTECTION OF, Law Division, Railroad Administration .- See PROTECTION OF MAILMOND PROPERTY SECTION.

PATEROAD TRANSPORTATION COOP-RATIVE CONSTITUTE, Transportation and Communication Countitee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense .- Established on February 16, 1917, as a cooperating conmittee of the Committee on Transportation and Communication by the executive committee of the American Railway Association; officially designated as the "Special Committee on National Defense of the

American Railway Association." Originally composed of 18 members, including the body formerly known as the "Special Committee on Cooperation With the Military Authorities"; enlarged on April 11 to 33 members. Organized into numerous subcommittees, the most important of which were an Executive Committee, commonly known as the "Railroads' War Board," and a Car Service Committee (which had existed previously as the Commission on Car Service). It ceased to function on December 28, 1917, upon the Government taking over control of the railroads, and it was dissolved by order of the Director General of Railroads on December 31. Functions: To coordinate activities of the roads with those of the Committee on Transportation and Communication; under authority of an agreement entered into by the principal railroads on April 11, 1917, to formulate detailed policies for all subscribing roads; to order, through its Executive and Car Service Committees, the movement of cars and engines to places where they were most needed without regard to ownership; and to cooperate with the Army in preparing schedules for troop movements. Records: Some may be among those of the Council in NA. References: Walker D. Hines, War History of American Railroads, 10-21 (New Haven, 1928); Frank H. Dixon and Julius H. Parmelee, War Administration of the Railways in the United States and Great Britain, 17-63 (2d rev. ed. New York, 1919).

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, ELECTRIC, Transportation and Communication Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See ELECTRIC RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE.

RAILROAD WAGE COMMISSION, Railroad Administration.—A body of four members, including Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, appointed by the Director General on January 18, 1918; apparently terminated after making its report in April 1918. Functions: To make a report to the Director General on railroad wages, including the relationship between such wages and wages in other industries and wage demands, overtime, hours of service, labor adjustment boards, discrimination, and the employment of women. Records: 1918 (2 feet) in NA. Include transcripts of hearings of the Commission and statistical data used to determine wage scales. References: Railroad Wage Commission, Report . . . to the Director General of Railroads, April 30, 1918 (Washington, 1918).

RAILEOAD WAGES AND WORKING CONDITIONS BOARD, Railroad Administration.—Created by a general order issued on May 25, 1918, by the Director General of Railroads. First meeting held on June 1, 1918. Although the Board was terminated by the Presidential proclamation of January 27, 1920, which directed the return of the railroads to private ownership on March 1, 1920, it was allowed time to complete certain statistical studies. Finally abolished on April 1, 1920, by order of the Director General. Functions: To investigate matters presented by railroad employees or their representatives affecting wages and working conditions and to recommend action thereon to the Director General. Records: 1918-20 (33 feet) in NA. Dockets, hearings, reports, and recommendations of the Board, together with related correspondence, statistical material, and exhibits.

RAILFOADS COAL CAR POOL, EASTERN, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—See EASTERN RAILFOADS COAL CAR POOL.

- RALIFOADS: WAR BOARD.—See RALIFOAD TRANSPORTATION COOPERATIVE COM-NITTES, Transportation and Communication Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.
- RAIDMAY AND CONTRACTORS: EQUIPMENT AND HUILDING MATERIALS SECTION, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Ceneral Staff, War Department.—See BUILDING MATERIALS SECTION.
- RALIMAI AND EXAMAST CARRAGT SECTION, Engineering Division, Ordanace Chief's office, was Department.—Scalablashed on Lanuary 19, 1938. Functions: To handle questions of a technical nature in connection with seasons and raliway artillery suserial and with improving mounts for seasonst guns; to examine inspection reports of seasonst armaement; and to prepare tables of allowances for the squipment of seasonst and raliway repair shops and for maneuvering material used Mag seasonst ports. Records: Probably with those of the Office in
- RAILWAI AND SEACOAST MOUNT GROUP, Motor and Carriage Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordanice Chief's Office, War Department.--See MOTOR AND CARRIAGE REANCE!
 - BAIDMA BOARD OF ADUSTIVET NO. 1, Labor Division, Railroad Adminder tration.—Created on March 22, 1938, by order of the Director General of Railroads, and held its first menting on Arril 8, 1915. Terminated on March 18, 1921. Punctions: To adjust controversias growing out of interpretations of applications of existing wage schedules or agreements between railroad officials and employees in the four Protherhoods of Locopathy Engineers, Nailway Conductors, Railroad Trailmen, and Locopative Firmens and Engineers. Records: 1918-21 (62 feet) in Na. Include dockets of cases heard by the Board and related correspondence.
 - PALIMAT BOARD OF ADUSTREME NO. 2, Labor Dirition, Rallroad Administration.—Created on key 31, 1918, by order of the Hirector Ceneral of Rallroads and held its first meeting on June 22, 1918. Abolished on January 10, 1921, by a circular issued by the Director General. Functions: To adjust controversies growing out of increases. The control of the Director Ceneral. Functions: To adjust controversies growing out of increases. The Control of the Control of Section of Machiniets; the International Evolution of Machiniets; the International Evolution of Sizekwaiths and Melpers; the Evolutional Office Sizekwaiths and Melpers; the Evolution of Adding Cames of Association the Assignment Cheek West Holl Torkers' International Evolution of Association in the Assignment Cheek West Holl Torkers' International Allege of Assignment of Association of
- RAIMAY BOARD OF ADVESTMENT NO. 3, Labor Division, Sailroad Administration,—Greated on November 13, 1915, by order of the Director General of Sailroads, me Foxard's Intak decision was rendered on January 8, 1919. It was abolished on January 10, 1921, by a circular issued by the Unrector General, Functions: To adjust controversies growing out of interpretations or applications of stituting sage schedules or agreements between railroad officials and anguard of the same statement of

- RAILWAY COMMITTEE, INTERALLIED .-- See INTERALLIED RAILWAY COMMITTEE.
- RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION AND HANDLING PLANT, Railway Engineering Division, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Existed by June 21, 1918. Functions: Through the several departments of the General Engineer Depot, to procure railway shop machine tools for the use of the American Expeditionary Forces. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- RAILWAY DEPARTMENT, STREET, Public Utilities Division, National War Labor Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See STREET RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
- RAILWAY ENGINEERING DIVISION, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established on July 15, 1917, as the Railroad Division. By June 1918 it was known as the Railway Engineering Division. Operated through a Mechanical Department and a Maintenance of Way Department, each of which worked through the several Departments of the General Engineer Depot. Also included a Railway Construction and Handling Plant. Functions: Under the direction of the Director General of Military Railroads, to supervise the procurement of railway materials for use by the American Expeditionary Forces. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - RAILWAY EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES SECTION, War Industries Board.—Created about July 30, 1918, taking over some of the work of the Advisory Committee on Plants and Munitions. Discontinued about December 13, 1918. Functions: To coordinate the demands of the Government and the Allies for railroad equipment and supplies; to see that orders were so distributed as to insure the greatest and most efficient production; and to assist the manufacturers of railroad equipment and supplies in obtaining material and in bringing their productive capacity up to the highest efficiency. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
 - RAILWAY EXPERTS TO RUSSIA ADVISORY COMMISSION.—The Commission, composed of five prominent American railway experts headed by John F. Stevens, arrived in Petrograd on June 17, 1917. Its recommendations were accepted by the Russian Government in August 1917. The Commission terminated its exietence with the formation of the Interallied Railway Committee on March 5, 1919. Functions: To advise the Russian Government on the Russian railways with a view to improving their efficiency, and thus to facilitate the forwarding of American supplies to Russia. Records: 1917-19 (1 foot) in NA. Include correspondence and technical reports. References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1918, Russia, vol. 3, p. 183-306; 1919, Russia, 236.
 - RAILWAY WAIL SERVICE DIVISION, Fost Office Department.—In existence before the war. Functions: During the war, it handled the increased mail service incidental to all governmental war activities; served the increased demand for parcel post resulting from embargoes on express shipments; supervised special terminals in New York and Chicago to handle mail of the American Expeditionary Forces; and aided in selling war-savings stamps and thrift stamps. Records:

 Some may be among those of the Department in NA. Others remain in the Post Office Department.

- RAILWAY MISSION, ALLIED .- See ALLIED RAILWAY MISSION.
- RAILWAY SECTION, Production Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers. War Department. --See PRODUCTION DIVISION.
- RAILWAY SERVICE CORPS, MUSSIAN. -- See RUSSIAN RAILWAY SERVICE CORPS.
- RALIAN UNIONNA SURCOMMITTE, Industrial Medicine and Surgery Counties, Peneral Nedical Roard, Medicine and Santiation Countier, Advisory Commission, Council of Rational Defense.—Formed on July 28, 1917, by the Association of Railway Chief Surgeons, and later made a subcommittee of the Industrial Medicine and Surgery Committee. Ceased functioning after the armidstice. Functions: To act as liston agent between railway surgeons and the Covernment. Records: Some may be among those of the Council in MA.
- RAILWAYS COMMISSION, FEDERAL ELECTRIC.—See FEDERAL ELECTRIC RAILWAYS COMMISSION.
- RAILHAYS COMMISSION, INTERNATIONAL REGIME OF FORTS, WATERWAYS, AND, Peace Conference.—See INTERNATIONAL REGIME OF FORTS, WATERWAYS, AND RAILHAYS COMMISSION COMMISSION.
- RAILWAYS DIRECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, MILITARY, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department,—See MILITARY RAILWAYS DIRECTOR GENER-AL'S OFFICE.
- RARE METALS AND ALLOTS SECTION, Mineral Technology Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department. -- See Mineral TECHNOLOGY DIVISION.
- RATE AND GLAIM MERARDOWT, Operations Midsion, Shipping Board Energency Flest Corporation—builded into trop parts, the Rate Section, Supposed of the Claim Section, organized in June 1918. Supposed to the Claim Section, organized in June 1918. Supposed to the Traffic Between and Claim Section of the Traffic Department in February 1920. Functions: To establish and publish freight rates and terrifet, and to bandle claims in connection with lose and damage, cargo demurracy, and overcharge claims. Records: 1918-31 (105 feet) in Na. Correspondency, reports, and memorands.
- MAW MATERIAL BRANCH, Purchase Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on September 20, 1917. Transferred to the Procurement Division se tie Raw Materials Section, by Gun Division Order No. 57, January 13, 1918. Functions: To handle business negotiations in connection with the purchase of raw materials of all kinds, including certain sendinindeed materials. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Na.
- NAW MATERIALS AND FAIRTS BRANCH, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Furches and Storage Service, Furchese, Storage, and Traftic Division, General Staff, far Department.—Satablished in December 1919, taking over functions relative to the items indicated below from the General Supplies Branch. On Earl 1919, 2000, to experie the to the Regular Supplies of the company of the supervise the to the Regular Supplies of fuel, exempl, Gree and chemicals, paints, oils, and cimilar products. Records: Some are among those of the Quarternaster General's Cyfice in NA.

- RAW MATERIAIS SECTION, Supply Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emsrgency Fleet Corporation.—Established early in July 1918. Terminated about June 11, 1919, when its functions were turned over to the Material Section of the Supply and Sales Division. Functions: To supervise the purchasing, production, and shipment of semifinished and raw materials such as rolled steel products, pig iron, copper, and brass. Records: In the "old" general files of the Supply and Sales Division, 1917-24 (366 feet), in NA.
- RAW MATERIALS SECTION, Suprems Economic Council.—See SUPREME ECONOMIC COUNCIL.
- RAW MATERIALS SECTION, GENERAL SUPPLIES AND, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See GENERAL SUPPLIES AND RAW MATERIALS SECTION.
- RAW PRODUCTS COMMITTEE, BOTANICAL, Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fisheries Division, National Research Council.--See BO-TANICAL RAW PRODUCTS COMMITTEE.
- REAL ESTATE AND COMMANDEERING DIVISION, Industrial Housing and Transportation Bureau, Labor Department.—See REAL ESTATE DIVISION, Housing Corporation.
- REAL ESTATE AND MORTGAGE DEPARTMENT, Trusts Bureau, Alien Property Custodian.—Organized in 1917. Later became the Division of Decedents' Estates and Real Estate and continued as such until 1934, when its functions were taken over by the Alien Property Bureau of the Justice Department. Functione: To appraise real estate and mortgages, to prepare records relating to real estate, and to sxercise general supervision of the work of the depositories pertaining to this class of property. Records: 1917-39 (25 feet) in NA. Include real-estate records, mortgage records, correspondence, and other material relating to the administration of real estate.
 - REAL ESTATE BRANCH, Operating Section, Supply Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.--Established in 1917. Functions: To conduct negotiations and prepare the necessary papers in connection with the acquisition of land and buildings for storage facilities by purchase, rental, or requisition. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - REAL ESTATE DIVISION, Housing Corporation. -- Originated as the Real Estate and Commandeering Division of the Industrial Housing and Transportation Bureau, Labor Department, on March 1, 1918, and transferred later to the Housing Corporation. Continued to exist in the Corporation in modified form during the period of liquidation. Functions: To investigate industrial communities, to obtain suitable land for housing projects, and to purchase or requisition needed houses and land. Records: 1918-29 (80 feet) in NA. General correspondence, records of real-estate sales, agreements, blueprints, reports and other records relating to commandeered and requisitioned property, and vouchers. Other records are in the Procurement Division, Treasury Department.
 - REAL ESTATE SERVICE, Far Department .-- Originated in the Real Estate
 Unit, Purchase Section, Purchase and Supply Branch, Purchase, Storage,

and Traffic Division, General Staff, created by Supply Circular No. 32 of June 22, 1918. On August 27 into Sunt became a Section of the Precilities Department, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division. The Section in turn was succeeded by the Real Estate Service of the Department, which was created by General Orders, No. 13, April 1, 1919, and placed under the general direction and supervision of the Unreture of Parchase, Storage, and Traffic. It was Esda a peri of the Quatramester General's Office by Deneral Orders, and the Company of the C

REAL ESTATE UNIT, Purchase Section, Purchase and Supply Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See REAL ESTATE SERVICE, War Department.

RECLAMATION INVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, Wer Department.—See CONSERVATION AND RECLAMATION DIVISION.

RECLAMATION SECTION, WAR PRISON LABOR AND NATIONAL WASTE, LABOR DIVIsion, Wer Industrice Board, -- See War PRISON LABOR AND NATIONAL WASTE RECLAMATION SECTION.

EECLAMATION SERVICE, Interior Department.—Established in the Department in 1902 and given bureau estate in 1907. Punctions: Its warties activities included the attendant of greater crop production in reclamation project result by supplying seed and storage facilities for farmers. It also conducted a Nationwide survey of possibil realmantion size areas to provide force for returned soldiers. Becords: Scattered through the correspondence files of the Bureau, which, through 1919, are in Na.

RECLAMATION SERVICE, WASTE, Commerce Department. -- See WASTE RECLAMA-TION SERVICE.

RECONSTRUCTION INVISION, PHYSICAL, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. -- See PHYSICAL RECONSTRUCTION INVISION.

SCONSTRUCTION PROFINED CONCUSTING, General Relations Division, National Research Council.—Asymptoticed in 1918 with Patron I., follogs as Chairman, Functions: In August 1918 it initiated a survey of the agencies end cellvilles that had to do with sfere-war problems. Nice that had to do with sfere-war problems, which comittee decided to limit its affort to projects not undertaken by other organizations. For its initial undertaking it proposed to conduct research and prepare reports to the state of the conduct of the council of

RECONSTRUCTION EXERCISED INVISION, Council of Neutional Defense.—In June 1918 Fresident Wilson enturingsed the Council to coordinate the studies of reconstruction that were in progress throughout the country, and it undertook to do this. As a result of the growth of the work, the Director on February 3, 1919, created the Reconstruction Research Division to bandle it. The Division was

abolished on April 1, 1920, and its members were designated as the research staff of the Council. Herbert N. Shenton, Chief. Functions: To analyze the problems of post-war readjustment and to collect, digest, and disseminate information concerning readjustment activities in the United States and abroad. It made a careful record of the readjustments in the Federal Government and of the reconstruction activities of Federal, State, and local governments. Records: 1918-21 (50 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, reports, memoranda, publications, newspaper clippings, and record and index cards. A list of the varied subjects represented by the records of the Division as they existed at the close of the war is contained in Waldo G. Leland and Newton D. Mereness, Introduction to the American Official Sources for the Economic and Social History of the World War, 329-331 (New Haven, 1926).

RECORDS AND INFORMATION BUREAU, CENTRAL, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. -- See CENTRAL RECORDS AND INFORMATION BUREAU.

RECORDS AND PROGRESS SECTION, Shippard Plants Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation .-- Initiated with the appointment on October 12, 1917, of an Office Engineer in the Shipyard Plants Division. About July 10, 1918, an Office and Progress Section was established to continue the work begun by the Office Engineer. Its name was later changed to Records and Progress This Section appears to have terminated about February 15, 1920. Functions: To establish and systematize methods of recording and reporting data relating to shipyards and other plants in which the Corporation had an interest; to chart plant locations and layouts; to analyze and make abstracts of contracts containing provisions for the construction of shipyards, drydocks, marine railways, and other plants; to record and analyze progress reports of the construction and development of yards and plants; and to maintain contact generally with the progress of plant construction and repair work and its cost. Records: 1917-22 (26 feet) in NA. Include reports, memoranda, and printed materials on contracts. land leases, plant construction progress and expenditures, plant equipment, surplus materials, dredging, and fire protection; other progress reports and charts; capacity statements of shipyards; shipyard location charts; blueprints of plant layouts; and material relating to the financial status of shipyards.

PECORDS SECTION, Ship Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation .-- Originated as the Statistical Department established in the general office of the Construction Organization in July 1917. This was replaced in April 1918 by a Statistical Section (also known as the Planning and Statistics Section) in the office of the Vice President in Charge of Administration, whose functions were transferred to the newly created Records Section of the Ship Construction Division on March 3, 1919. The Section was abolished on April 15, 1920. This Records Section of the Corporation was independent of the Planning and Statistics Division of the Shipping Board and is not to be confused with it. Functions: To collect, classify, compile, present, and distribute statistical information on ship construction; on the completion of ships; and on the classification, documenting, assignment, and operation of steel, wood, composite, and concrete vessels. Also to exercise general supervision over all agencies and groups in the Corporation engaged in statistical work. Records: 1917-20

- (32 fast) in NA. Include general correspondence, reports, memranda, and statistical reports relating to shippard plants, steel, wood, composite, and concrate ships, sachhiery and equipment, construction materials, docks, labor, and transportation; copies of statistical tables and charts; bulletine containing statistical information on shipbullding progress; progress charts; and some drawings of ship designs.
- RECREATION BRANCE, EDUCATION AND, WAT Plans Division, General Staff, War Department.—See TRAINING CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION, War Department.
- RECREATION DEPARTMENT, HEALTH AND, Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense, -- See HEALTH AND RECREATION DEPARTMENT,
- RECREATION LEAGUE, GOVERNMENT.—See HOUSING AND HEALTY DIVISION, War Department.
- MCCRATION SDITION, Relfare Nork Subcommittee, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Gouncil of National Before, "Organized in April 1917. Its functions were probably assumed by the War Labor Administration set up in July 1918 in the Department of Labor. Functions to make surveye of recreation Reditation in industrial plants and to make recommendations in regard to adequate recreation programs. Records: Some may be among those of the Council In Na.
- RECRUITING CENTRAL COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See CENTRAL RECRUITING COMMITTEE.
- ECEMITIMS SERTICE, Skipping Board.—Authorized by the Skipping Board on June 1, 1917. Ceased to exist on September 23, 1919, some of its functions having been compolidated with those of the Operation Nivision of the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. Its subordinate units, the Sea Training Bureau, the Sea Service Eureau, and the Karigation and Engineering Schools, were placed under the direct control of the Shipping Board. Functions: To rewrit officers and crear for the secrebant surine, and to establish and maintain schools, training stations, and ships for the training of these me. Records: 1917-19 (60) feet, including records of subordinate and successor agencies) in Ma. Applications for spoothamt, Salon Control Carticle, Schools, Schools and Successor agencies) in Ma. Applications for spoothamt, Salon Carticle Carticle, Schools Schools Sc
- RED CROSS WAR COUNCIL. -- See AMERICAN NATIONAL RED CROSS WAR COUNCIL.
- REFLUCATION OF WAR CRIPPLES INTERALLIED COMMITTEE. -- See INTERALLIED COMMITTEE FOR THE RESULCATION OF WAR CRIPPLES.
- EFFERNZ MTSION, Committee on Public Information,—Created on November 12, 1917. Absorbed by the Service Sureau upon its creation in March 1915. William Churchill, Mirector, Functions: To provide a reference service in regard to governmental nativers. Records: 1918 (3 inches) in Ms. Pertain to publications gathered to send to Arthur Pullard in Massia.

REFINERS' COMMITTEE, AMERICAN. -- See AMERICAN REFINERS' COMMITTEE.

- REFINERY WASTAGE SECTION, PETROLEUM FIELD AND, Oil Conservation Bureau, Oil Division, Fuel Administration. -- See OIL CONSERVATION BUREAU.
- REFINING BUREAU, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—Created on October 21, 1918; discontinued in June 1919. Functions: To study technical matters concerning the refining of crude oil and to advise the refining industry concerning standard specifications and improved methods. Records: In NA. Those filed separately from the central files of the Division consist of correspondence and record cards (6 inches).
- REFORMATORIES AND HOUSES OF DETENTION SECTION, Law Enforcement Division, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department.--Organized in 1917. Functions: To establish reformatories and houses of detention for the rehabilitation of women offenders. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
 - REFRACTORIES AND NATIVE PRODUCTS SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—Formed early in July and discontinued on December 7, 1918. Functions: To handle matters in connection with clays, fluor spars, fire and chrome brick, and similar materials. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
 - REFRICERATION DEPARTMENT, PAINTS AND, Procurement Section, Materials Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—See PROCUREMENT SECTION.
 - REFRIGERATION SECTION, Engineering Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Originally in the Engineering Branch, Cantonment Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Transferred to the Construction Division upon its organization on March 13, 1918. Functions: To prepare plans for refrigeration facilities at camps and cantonments. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.
 - REFRIGERATOR DEPARTMENT, Car Service Section, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Established in Chicago on July 1, 1918; probably aboltshed with the Division on March 1, 1920. Functions: To collect data on and handle the movement and distribution of empty refrigerator cars. Records: Presumably in the custody of the American Railway Association.
 - REGISTER OF THE TREASURY, Treasury Department.—A unit in existence since the beginning of the Covernment and now in the Public Debt Bureau, Treasury Department. Functions: During the war, the Register was charged with the sealing, countersigning, and redemption of the Liberty and Victory Loan bonds. He also countersigned national bank motes. Records: 1775-1917 (2,586 feet, including records of the Division of Loans and Currency) in NA. Chiefly records of loans prior to the World War and related papers. Records of the war loans are in the Treasury Department.
 - REGISTERED MAILS DIVISION, Post Office Department.—In existence before the war. Functions: During the war it handled through the registry system large quantities of money, Liberty Loan bonds, and war-savings stamps. It also handled many confidential communications for various governmental war organizations. Records: In the Post Office Department.

- REUISTRATION AND MATURALIZATION SECTION, War Energency Division, Justics Department.—Existed from October 1, 1917, to the 15, 1919, Decision of Schindres the Sales nearly registration program and the central file of the Little Palentenesis. Records Among the central file of Little Control of the Control file of the Little Control of the Control file of the Control of the Control
- EGUSTRATION DEPARTMENT, Yoman's Committee, Council of National Defense.—Offpanied in the late spring or early summer of 1917 and terminated on October 1, 1918. Also known as the Registration for Service Department. Enamsh J. Patterson, Chairman: Functions: To aid in mobilizing the woman power of the country. The Department directed the registration of women for relating source, studied the problem of training women for new lines of work, and cooperated with the Employment Service in the placement of women. Records: Among those of the Council in Na. Include summaries of State reparts of the registration of women by occupation.
- REDISTRATION DIVISION, Provest Marchal General's Office, War Department.—Established in 1918. Blacontinued by Sulp 15, 1919. Punctions: To have juriediction over all entires relating to registration under the Selective Service Act, including the trying of serial and order numbers; the saking out and filing of questionnaires; listings on the "classification living" the "Note for Fighth" regulations; registration and classification there treaty provisions; natters partialing to the personnel of the industrial advisory and, in general, patters affecting registratus up to end including the state of the contract of the
- REGULAR SUPPLIES INVISION, Purchase Service, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See CEMEMAL SUPPLIES DIVISION, Purchase Director's Office,
- REGULAR SUPPLIES INVISION, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SIGNAL SUPPLIES SECTION, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division.
- ECOLIATION HIVISION, Shipping Board.—Organized in 1917. Nunctions: During the war, the Blutien was authorized to regulate the rates and practices of carriers by water in the foreign and domestic commerce of the United States by filing Hariffs of interstate water carriers; by making investigations and holding hearings in cases of complaints of urmensonable and discribinative rates and practices; by advising the Shipping Reard in its policy of modifying rates and practices; and by keeping a record of the statements of all carriers by water regarding agreements as to pooling and other special privileges. Ecologic In the karitime Commission.
- REHABILITATION DIVISION, INDUSTRIAL, Federal Board for Vocational Education.—See INDUSTRIAL REHABILITATION DIVISION.
- REHABILITATION DIVISION, VOCATIONAL, Federal Board for Vocational Education.--See VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION DIVISION.

RELATION OF MILITARY TO INDUSTRIAL MAN-POWER COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—The Committee on the Relation of Military to Industrial Man-Power was authorized by the War Labor Policies Board on July 26, 1918. Its first meeting was held on August 11, and it probably terminated in September 1918. Functions: To consider the questions of classification, deferment, and furloughing of skilled labor included in the military draft. Records: Interfiled with those of the Board in NA. Include minutes of meetings, a report on civilian vocational training, and papers of the Committee.

RELATIONS WITH EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS AND STATE COMMITTEES SECTION, General Relations Division, National Research Council .-- Formed in 1918 by combining the Section on State Council Relations with the Section on Research in Educational Institutions. John C. Merriam became Chairman of the new organization. With the reorganization of the National Research Council in the spring of 1919 the work of the Section was again divided. Relations of the Council with State committees were assigned to the Division of States Relations, and relations with educational institutions were delegated to the Division of Educational Relations. Functions: Through this Section the National Research Council cooperated with State research committees and encouraged scientific institutions and men to undertake investigations that might aid the war effort or invited them to cooperate in solving particular problems. At the request of the Committee on Education and Special Training of the War Department the Section reviewed the qualifications of research men of draft age for selection for governmental research work. It also kept in touch with the American Emergency Council on Education; assembled a large amount of research information, which was distributed through the Research Information Service; and undertook to compile information concerning funds and fellowships available for research in the United States. Records: In the National Research Council.

RELFASE AND SERVICING BRANCH, Motors Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General. Staff, War Department.—Established on November 1, 1918, and in existence on February 1, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Functions: To be responsible for obtaining the releases necessary to fill requisitions for motor trucks, cars, and spare parts required for overseas forces. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

RELIEF, SUPREME COUNCIL FOR SUPPLY AND. -- See SUPREME COUNCIL FOR SUPPLY AND PELIEF.

RELIEF ADMINISTRATION, AMERICAN. -- See AMERICAN RELIEF ADMINISTRATION.

RELIEF ADMINISTRATION WAREHOUSES, AMERICAN. -- See AMERICAN RELIEF ADMINISTRATION WAREHOUSES.

RELIFF BOARD.—Created by Executive Order No. 2013, August 6, 1914, and consisted of the Secretaries of the Treasury, State, War, and Navy Departments. The first mentioned official was designated Chairman. The work of the Board was virtually completed by the middle of 1915, although until recently the Treasury Department was receiving sums in repayment for amounts advanced Americans abroad. Functions: To provide for the protection, advancement of money to,

- and transportation home of American citizens stranded abroad as a result of the outbreak of war in 1914. Records: 1914-15 (15 inches) in NA. Consist of correspondence and record cards. Related records are in the State and Trossury Departments. References: Treasury Department, Annual Reports, 1918, p. 24-25, 1935, p. 70.
- RELIEF BUREAU, CHILDREN'S, American Relief Administration.—See AMERI-CAN RELIEF ADMINISTRATION EUROPPAN CHILDREN'S FUND.
- RELIEF DEPARTMENT, CIVILIAN, American National Red Cross War Council.— See AMERICAN NATIONAL RED CROSS WAR COUNCIL.
- RELIEF DEPARTMENT, FOREIGH, American National Red Cross War Council.--See AMERICAN NATIONAL RED CROSS WAR COUNCIL.
- RELIEF DEPARTMENT, ROME AND FOREIGN, Women's Committee, Council of National Defense. Ses HOWS AND FOREIGN RELIEF DEPARTMENT.
- RELIEF DIVISION, MARINE HOSPITALS AND, Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—See MARINE HOSPITALS AND RELIEF DIVISION.
- RELIEF IN BELOTUM COMMISSION. -- See CONMISSION FOR RELIEF IN BELOTUM.
- RELIEF SECTION, CIVIL, Insurance Division, War Risk Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department. -- See CIVIL RELIEF SECTION.
- ELITIOUS JOURNALS SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration.— Oreated in September 1917, terminated in March 1918. Also known as the Fallgious Press Section, the Milgious Publications Section, and the Fallgious and Fraternal Orders Section. Functions In terminal material for publication to religious and fraternal journals. Records: 1917-10 55 inches; in Ma. Correspondence and mailing 1876.
- RELIABING DEPARTMENT, American Ordnance Base Depot Section, Supply Division, Ordnance Chief's Offica, War Department.—See AMERICAN ORDNANCE BASE DEPOT SECTION.
- REMOUNT AND FORAGE BRANCH, Requirements and Requisitions Division, Furchase and Storage Director's Office, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See REQUIREMENTS AND REQUISITIONS DIVISION.
- EEDUMN BRANCH, Surplus Emperty Division, Storage Director's Office, furchase and Storage Director's Office, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized about December 1, 1918, Abolished about May 1, 1919, when its functions were taken over by the Miscerliarcous and Office Supplies Branch. Functions: To be responsible for the disposal of surplus enhable held by the Department. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in Ma.
- REMOUNT BRANCH, Transportation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department, See REMOUNT DIVISION.
- REMOUNT DEPOT BRANCH, Remount Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Dormed early in 1916. on October 29, 1918, it was transferred with the Division to the Office of the Director of Purchase. Functions: To supervise the construction, organization, and administration of personent remount, smulliary remount, and animal

- embarkation depots in the United States; and to control the training of animals prior to their issue to organizations. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- REMOUNT DIVISION, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff. War Department. See REMOUNT PURCHASE DIVISION.
- REMOUNT DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—
 Existed before the war as a Branch of the Transportation Division.
 On October 3, 1917, by Office Order No. 100, it was made a Division. Operated through several Branches, including the following:
 Animal Purchase, Issue, and Sales; Remount Depot; and Vehicles and
 Leather Equipment. On October 28, 1918, in accordance with Purchase and Storage Notice No. 19, the Division was transferred to
 the Office of the Director of Purchase, and its name was changed
 to Remount Purchase Division. Functions: To procure horses and
 mules and to ship them to depots to be trained and put in condition
 for issue to organizations or for shipment overseas; to supervise
 the construction, organization, administration, and personnel at
 permanent remount, auxiliary remount, and animal embarkation depots
 in the United States; and to cooperate with the Department of Agriculture in the breeding of suitable horses for the military service.

 Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - REMOUNT PURCHASE DIVISION, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—On October 28, 1918, by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 19, the Remount Division of the Quartermaster General's Office was transferred to the Purchase Director's Office and was designated the Remount Purchase Division. Functioned through several Branches, including the following: Remount Depot; Remount Inspection; and Remount Purchase, Issue, and Sales. Later known as the Remount Division. On April 19, 1919, its functions were taken over by the Remount Service in the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage. Functions: To procure mounts for the Army and maintain a remount service. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - REMOUNT SECTION, Purchase Summaries Branch, Statistical Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See PURCHASE SUMMARIES BRANCH.
 - REMOUNT SERVICE, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—On April 1h, 1919, the functions of the Remount Division, Office of the Director of Purchase, were taken over by the newly created Remount Service. The latter functioned through the following Branches in May 1919: Administrative; Issue and Sales; Service; and Depot. Still in existence on June 30, 1920. Functions: To maintain a remount service for the Army. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in MA.
 - REFOUNT SERVICE ADVISORY COMMITTEE, PURCHASE OF PUBLIC ANIMALS AND, Statistics Division, Council of National Defense.—See PURCHASE OF PUBLIC ANIMALS AND REMOVALT SERVICE ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

- RENTAL ERANCH, Construction Section, Supply Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- Established in 1917. Functions: To negotiate or approve all lesses of real estate entered into by the Division. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- REPAIR BRANCH, Construction Division, Housing Corporation -- Organized in August and abolished in November 1916. Punctions: To repair the bruses consumedated for war bruses of the August of the Control of the Part of the Control of
- REPAIR BRANCH, MAINTENANCE AND COnstruction Division, War Department. -- See MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR BRANCH.
- REPAIR BUREAU, CONSTRUCTION AND, NAVy Department.—See CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR BUREAU.
- REPAIR DEPARTMENT, CONSTRUCTION AND, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR UE-PARTMENT.
- REPAIR MIVISION, Steam Engineering Bureau, Navy Department.—In extence before the war. Its functions were taken over by the Division of Operation and Maintenence of the Engineering Bureau in 1930.

 Functions: To have charge of repairs to markinery of the first and DI converted servicant versels, of the samufacture of gmoline and of converted servicant versels, of the preparation of machinery allowance little, and of courveys of material. Executed 1911-30 (condined with the general files of the Eureau of Engineering) in MA. Chiefly correspondence.
- REPAIR DIVISION, CONSTRUCTION AND, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR BRANCH, Construction Divicion. Mar Department.
- MEMPIR SHOPS BRANCH, Salvage Division, Storage Directore Office, Furchess and Storage Directors Office, Purchare, Storage, and Testing Directors Office, Purchare, Storage, and Trained 22, 1919, through a consolidation of the Clothing Renovation, the Storage and Harmess Repair, and the Canvas Repair Branches of the Division. In Nay 1919 it operated through at Sections, as follower.

Dry Cleaning, Hat Repair, Clothing Repair, Shoe and Harness, Canvas Repair, and Miscellaneous Repair. In existence on June 30, 1920. Functions: To have charge of reclamation activities, including the procurement of repairs and the renovation of mobile Army property, by contract and by the maintenance and operation of the necessary plants and facilities. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermanter General's Office in NA.

REPARATION OF DAMAGES COMMISSION, Peace Conference .- Created at the plenary session of the Peace Conference on January 25, 1919. Composed of three representatives from each of the five Great Powers (the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan) and two representatives each from Belgium, Greece, Poland, Rumania, and Serbia. Two representatives each from Czechoslovakia and Portugal were added on February 3 and 22, respectively. Subcommittees were appointed on evaluation, capacity, and guarantees. American members of the Commission, Bernard M. Baruch, Norman H. Davis (alternate, Thomas W. Lamont), and Vance McCormick. Louis-Lucien Klotz (of Prance), Chairman. Functions: To examine and report on the amount the enemy countries ought to pay; on what they were capable of paying; and by what method, in what form, and within what time payment should be made. The functions of the Commission were enlarged on January 27 when questions relating to guarantees for payment were added. Records: Some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. The papers of John Foster Dulles, Bernard M. Baruch, and Norman H. Davis doubtless contain further material. References: Bernard M. Baruch, The Making of the Reparation and Economic Sections of the Treaty, 15, 18 (New York [1920]); Philip Mason Burnett, Reparation at the Paris Peace Conference From the Standpoint of the American Delegation, passim (New York, 1910).

REPORT DIVISION, Food Administration .-- See LICENSE DIVISION.

REQUIREMENTS AND REQUISITIONS DIVISION, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department .- On September 18, 1918, the Requirements Branch of the Supply Control Division, Quartermaster General's Office, was made the Requirements Division, serving both the Quartermaster General and the Director of Purchase and Storage. On November 1, by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 19 of October 28, the Requirements Division became the Requirements and Requisitions Division of the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage. As organized on Movember 1, this Division operated through four Branches, as follows: Commodities Requirements, Raw Katerials Requirements, Emergency Rcquirements, and Office Service. By November 6, however, the Division had been reorganized into Administrative and Interbureau Branches and nine commodity requirements Branches, as follows: Component Materials; Clothing and Equipage; Subsistence; Motors, Vehicles, and Harness; Machinery and Engineering Materials; Raw Materials; Remount and Forage; Medical and Hospital Supplies; and General Supplies. On January 11, 1919, the Interbureau Branch was transferred to the Purchase Administrative Divicion, but it was returned to the Requirements and Requisitions Division in March. The Division was again reorganized in April, this time into five Branches: Procurement Authorizations; General Statistics (transferred from the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage); Administrative; Requirements; and Apportionments. By June 23, the Procurement Authorizations and the Apportionments Branches had disappeared, and the Raw Products and Priorities

and the Finance and Interbureau Branches had been organized. The name of the Division had meanwhile been changed from Requirements and Requisitions Division to Requirements Division. By Phrobase and Storage Notice No. 22h of August 18, 1939, the "regred with and made a part of the Office of Divisions" To compute produces. Punctions: To compute production for standard Army superiors. The Computer of the Computer

REQUIREMENTS AND STATISTICS SECTION, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department, -- See REQUIREMENTS SECTION, Estimates and Requirements Division.

REQUIREMENTS BRANCH, Warehousing Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department. -- See SUPPLY CONTROL DIVISION.

ESQUIFEMENTS DETERMINATION BRANCH, General Administration Section, Supply Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department,—See KC-QUIREMENTS SECTION, Estimates and Requirements Division.

REQUIRMENTS DIVISION, Engineering and Burchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chemisters, War Department—Stated by June 21, 1915.

Risted by June 21, 191

REQUIRMENTS DIVISION, Housing Corporation.—Organized in April 1918 in the Industrial Housing and Transportation Bursan, labor beparament, succeeding the Estimating Division of that Bursan. Later because a part of the Housing Corporation. The American Later because a part of the Housing Corporation, and Educating Branches. Aboltherprise, Haterials Information, and Educating Branches. Aboltherprise, Haterials Information concerning the use and by collecting and disseminating information concerning the use and by collecting and disseminating information concerning the use and cost of building natural higherity and by making advance analyses of costs and by subsequent checking of costs. Also to investigate and pass on applications for Federal Heanses to construct houses for workers in war industries, when the houses were to be financed by private capital. Records: 1918-19 (10 feet) in NA. Include investigators' reports, private and public enterprise files, blue-prints, a general file, and correspondence.

RECHIRDMENTS DIVISION, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department, Storage REQUIREMENTS AND REQUISITIONS DIVISION.

REQUIREMENTS DIVISION, War Industries Board, -- Overside on March 27, 1938, to be the central directing agency for the lar Industries Board. Its work at all ties was closely interrelated with that of the Purchase and Supply Branch of the Purchase, Storzee, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. The Clearance

Office functioned as a part of the Division. Discontinued on December 9, 1918. Functions: To coordinate all Government purchasing and allocations of orders for supplies for which there were threatened shortages. The Division received requirements programs from various purchasing agencies and considered, recorded, and distributed them to the appropriate commodity sections of the Board. Records: 1917-18 (57 feet) in NA. Include correspondence and minutes; requirements schedules for the Army, the Navy, the American National Red Cross, the Allied Governments, and other agencies and organizations; and clearance requests acted upon by the commodity sections. Other records are probably dispersed in the consolidated or "commodity" files of the Board.

RECUIREMENTS SECTION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established on April 5, 1918, and discontinued on January 17, 1919. Functions: To obtain and review estimates and schedules of requirements for supplies, materials, and equipment for ships and ship construction; to act as the instrument through which the Corporation cooperated with the War Industries Board; and to maintain liaison with that Board and other agencies concerned with requirements of materials. Records: 1918-19 (13 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence, memoranda, and notes relating to the material requirements of the Corporation, to its relations with the War Industries Board, to ship machinery and equipment, and to shipbuilding materials and supplies; requests for clearance on proposed purchases of industrial supplies by the Corporation and its contractors; and minutes of the meetings of sections and committees of the War Industries Board on which the Corporation was represented.

REQUIREMENTS SECTION, Estimates and Requirements Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Originally the Requirements Determination Branch, General Administration Section, Supply Division. By Office Order No. 80 of December 10, 1917, it became the Requirements and Statistics Section, attached directly to the Office of the Chief of Ordnance. Transferred to the newly created Control Bureau as its Requirements Section on January 11, and on May 25 transferred to the Estimates and Requirements Division. Operated through the following Branches: Automatic Supply, Military Data, Requirements Schedules, and Special Investigations. Discontinued on November 18, 1918. Functions: To estimate requirements and determine requirements schedules to serve as a basis for the purchase, production, and supply of ordnance and ordnance stores and supplies. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

REQUIREMENTS SECTION, External Relations Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established by Supply Circular No. 86 of September 5, 1918, and disbanded in November 1918. Functions: To represent the Department in its relations with the Requirements Division of the War Industries Board. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

REQUIREMENTS SECTION, Statistics and Requirements Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See STATISTICS AND REQUIREMENTS BRANCH. EXPLISITION CLAIM COMMITTEE, Shipping Board,—Fistablished on October 5, 1919, as a successor, in part, to the Ocean Advisory Committee on Just Compensation. Abolished on July 6, 1920, its functions being turned over to the Construction Claims Board. Functions to sward just compensation to comerce of vessels in process of construction and to owners of steamships and vessals that vers taken by requisition. Records: 1919-20 (6 feet) in Na. Include admittes of the meetings of the Committee and transcripts of hearings before tity reports on the construction progress of requisitioned ships; and correspondency, reports, affidavite, and hearings relating to individual requisition claims.

EQUISITIONED HOUSES IN THE MISTRICT OF COLUMNIA COMMITTEE, Housing Corporation, -Organized in August 1918. Disbanded on June 30, 1919, at which time the measurement of requisitioned houses was transferred to the Operating Division of the Corporation. Functions: In requisition vacant deallings, which property was then [1] returned to the corporation with the committee of the corporation withing the same state of the corporation, and this considers with the Committee of instructions, or (3) managed by the Homes Registration Division of the Corporation. Records: 1913-19 (10 feet) in MA. Include requisition orders of real estate, correspondence, releases, certificates of requisition, end certification of witnesses. Interflied with the records of the Real Estate Division, the Operating Division, and

EQUISITIONS AND OPEN PURCHASE CONTRACT SECTION, Civil Division, Ordnance Bureau, Nary Department.—In existence prior to the war. Functions: To have charge of matters partaining to open-purches contracts, the preparation of requisitions, the assignment of serial numbers, and the examination of bids and proposals. Records: In the Navy Department.

REQUISITIONS SERVICE BRANCH, CARLE AND, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CABLE AND REQUISI-TIONS SERVICE BRANCH.

RESEARCH AND RESIGN INVISION, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer peopl, Office to Holf of Engineers, Nar Department,—Entitled by June 24, 525. Operated through a Research Sup-Section and a Design and Drafting Section. In accordance with Sup-Section and a Design and Drafting Section. In accordance with Sup-Section and a Design and Drafting, and Traffic Division, October 1975, 25, 1975,

RESEARCH AND IMPOSITIONION INVESTIGN, Was Trade Intelligence Suresu, Mar Trade Basend.—Forsed in January 1918. In September 1918 this Violations Condities of the Franch took over the functions of the Division relating to violations. Function: to investigate for the superior Bursau and the Sureau of Exporto violations and versions of War Trade Sourier regulations and exclusions of War Trade Sourier regulations and of dealing with or large the superior Bursau in the State Department.

- RESEARCH AND STATISTICS BUREAU, War Trade Board.—Created on November 12, 1918, by combining the Research Bureau and the Tabulation and Statistics Bureau, which became Divisions of the new agency. Transferred to the War Trade Board Section, State Department, on June 30, 1919. Under the general supervision of Edwin F. Gay. Arthur E. Swanson, Director. Functions: To investigate the trade and economic conditions of the United States and foreign countries. Records: 1917-19 (123 feet, including records of its predecessors) in the State Department. Include trade and commodity studies and statistical materials. References: Arthur E. Swanson, "The Statistical Work of the War Trade Board," in American Statistical Association, Quarterly Publications, 16: 261-27h (Mar. 1919).
 - RESEARCH BRANCH, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. See INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH BUREAU.
 - RESEARCH BUREAU, War Trade Board.—See RESEARCH DIVISION, Research and Statistics Burcau.
 - RESEARCH COMMITTEE, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See LEGISLATION COMMITTEE.
 - RESEARCH COMMITTEE, CENSUS OF, Administrative Division, National Research Council. -- Sec CENSUS OF RESEARCH COMMITTEE.
 - RESEARCH COUNCIL, NATIONAL .-- See MATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL.
 - RESEARCH DIVISION, Federal Board for Vocational Education .- Established on February 23, 1917, pursuant to the same act that created the Board. Terminated carly in 1920. The editing functions of the Division were continued by an Editor and Statistician, later known as Editor and Educational Consultant, and the research functions were carried on by specialists within the agency. Functions: To make investigations and prepare reports, prepare memoranda on proposed legislation, answer inquiries made by the State Boards for Vocational Education, and edit and publish announcements and circulars. Before October 1921 the Division edited and published 68 bulletins presenting the results of surveys or studies made in industrial plants or of research in the fields of agriculture, commerce, home coonomics, industry and trade, emergency war training, reeducation of the disabled, and employment management, which had been carried on independently or in cooperation with other agencies (among them the Red Cross Institute for Crippled and Disabled Men, the Office of the Chief Signal Officer, the Engineer Chief's Office, the Quartermaster General's Office, the Shipping Board, the Agriculture Department, and the Children's Eureau). Records: Interfiled with those of the Board in the Office of Education, Federal Security Agency.

RESEARCH MIVISION, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau, Commerce Department.—Organized as the Research Section in 1915 and became a Division in 1918. Name changed to Statistical Research Division in 1925. Functions: To compile trade statistics of foreign countries, prepare statistical publications, translate trade material from foreign-language papers and periodicals, and undertake general research work. During the war it assisted in the general war work of the Bureau and furnished war agencies with statistical compilations and lists of references on economic topics. Records: In the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

ESEARCH DIVISION, Research and Statistics Bureau, War Trade Board,— Organized on October 15, 1917, as the Emsearch Bureau of the Board, taking over functions previously performed by the Research Division of the Export Licenses Bureau of the former Exports Administrative Board, Beause e division of the Research and Statistics Bureau on November 12, 1918. Transferred on June 30, 1919, to the War Trade Board Section, State Department. Functions: To compile information concerning the export trade of the United States and economic conditions in foreign countries. Records: 1917-19 (lil feet) in the State Department. Include studies of the trade and commodities of foreign countries.

RESEARCH DIVISION, SCIENTIFIC, Public Health Service, Treasury Department, -- See SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH DIVISION.

RESEARCH IN EBUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS SECTION, Administrative Division, National Research Council.—Established as a committee in 1916 vietners, Et ale as Chairman, followed by R. H. Chittenden. In 1917 it became a Section under the chairmanship of John C. India, and in 1918 it was combined with the State Councils and State Councils and the Council of the Council by encouraging scientific research in checktonal institutions and cooperating with local industries in the development and application of research methods. Records: In the National Research Council between the Council Industries in the Revolugent and application of research methods. Records: In the National Research Council of the Council of the Council Industries in the Revolugent and application of research methods. Records: In the National Research Council of the Council of the Council Industries in the Revolugent and application of research methods. Records: In the National Research Council of the Council of the Council Industries in the Revolugent and application of research methods. Records: In the National Research Council of the Counc

RESEARCH INFORMATION SERVICE, National Research Council. - Originally established on December 12, 1917, as the Research Information Committee, with the joint approval of the Secretariee of War and the Navy and with the approval of the Council of National Defense. S. W. Stratton, representing the National Research Council, wes appointed Chairman of the Committee, which also included the Chief of Military Intelligence and the Director of Naval Intelligence. Branch committees were organized at once in Paris and London and later in Rone, the membership of each consisting of a military attache, a naval attache, and a scientific attache. Following an order of the Secretary of War on July 2, 1918, directing that an officer from each military bureau be appointed to represent his bureau on the Committee, the Committee was reorganized and renamed the Research Information Service. In addition to the representatives of military bureaus, representatives of naval bureaus and certain civil bureaus were also appointed. On May 29, 1919, the Sarvice was organized for peacetime activities under the Council, with Robert M. Yerkes as Chairman. Runctions: To obtain, classify, and disseminate scientific, tachnical, and industrial research information relating especially to war problems, end to bring about the interchange of such information between the Allies and the United States. Records: In the National Research Council. Include correspondence, research information from foreign and other sources, and material on problems, procedures, and results of research.

RESTANCE TECHNICAL SECTION, Hitrate Division, Ordanace Chief's Office, War Department.—Created caring the latta half of 1917 as the Re-War Department of 1817. Cooperated with several universities, technical schools, the National Research Council, and certain Covernat bursaus. Four experisent stations under its jurisdiction conducted experiments concerning processes for the firation of temperate nitrogen. In time its functions were apparently taken over by the Fixed Nitrogen Research Laboratory of the same Division. Functions: To have charge of special research work in connection with the fixation of atmospheric nitrogen, and to have jurisdiction over the experiment stations. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

RESERVATIONS AND TITLES DIVISION, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department.—In existence before the war. Functions: To consider questions of title and jurisdiction arising in connection with the lands held by the Government for military purposes, and to prepare leases and licenses and other instruments affecting these lands. During the war period, its functions also included the examination of abstracts and the approval of the title to lands acquired under suspensions of the statutory provisions requiring approval by the Attorney General of all titles to lands acquired by the United States. Records: In the Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department.

RESERVE DEPOT AND SPACE ALLOTMENT BRANCH. Operations Control Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department .- On May 13, 1919, the Army Reserve Depot Subdivision and the Space Allotment and Warchouse Handling Methods Branches of the former Domestic Operations Division were consolidated to form this Branch. It remained in the Division when the latter was renamed Storage Administration Division in 1919. Functioned through five Sections, as follows: Army Reserve Operating, Space Allotment, Motor Storage, Contract, and Ordnance Liaison. Abolished about January 26, 1920. Functions: To have charge of the operation of the Army reserve depots; to supervise warehouse handling methods in use at camps and depots under the jurisdiction of the Quartermaster General and the Director of Purchase and Storage; and to keep space records of all leased and Government-owned property in the continental United States under the jurisdiction of the Quartermaster General. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

RESERVE DEPOT SUBBILVISION, ARMY, Domestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See ARMY RESERVE DEPOT SUBBILVISION.

RESERVE DIVISION, ARMY, Adjutant General's Office, War Department.—See ARMY RESERVE DIVISION.

RESOURCES-AND CONVERSION SECTION, Finished Products Division, War Industrics Board.—Created on May 27, 1918, and absorbed the Industrial Inventory Section of the Council of National Defense. Appears to have been designated also as the Resources and Conversion Division. Discontinued on December 21, 1918. Functions: To act as a clearinghouse for gathering and disseminating information; to help convert plants to war uses without unnecessary loss to manufacturers; and, by assisting manufacturers, to become a mobilizing point for industrial capacity. Records: 1916-18 (282 fect) in NA. Include correspondence pertaining to a plant survey made by the General Engineer Depot late in 1917; industrial inventorics and surveys, 1916-18, with related card records and indexes; and fragmentary records (2k feet) of regional offices at Fhiladelphia, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Chicago, Cincinnati, and Seattle, 1918.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE VIOLATION OF THE LAWS AND CUSTOMS OF WAR SUB-COMMISSION, Responsibility of the Authora of the War and Reforement of Femalties Commission, Pasce Conference.—Appointed by and reported to the Commission. Robert Lansing, Chairman. Runctions: to consider whether, on the facts established by the Criminal Acts Subcommission with respect to conduct taking place in the course of hostilities, prosecution could be instituted, and if they could be instituted, to report as to the guilty parties and the court before which prosecutions should take place. Records: Probably some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Resoliste Peace.

RESPONSEILLTY FOR THE TAR SUBCOMPISSION, Responsibility of the Authors of the War and Entercent of Femalists Commission, Peace Conference.—Appointed by and reported to the Commission. Sir Cordon Hewart end Sir Ernest Pollock, alternate Chairmen. Functions: To commission in Ir Ernest Pollock, alternate Chairmen. Functions: To commission in respect to the conduct which brought about the World War, prosecutions could be instituted and, if they could be recommission to report as to the guilty parties. Probably one are in the Siste Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace.

EXSENSIBILITY OF THE AUTHORS OF THE MAR AND EPPOREMENTS OF PERMATTS COUNTISION, Peace Conference.—Created at the second plenary session of the Feace Conference.—Created at the second plenary session of the Feace Conference on January 25, 1919. Composed of 15 members 2 from each of the 5 Great Powers (the United States, Creat Fartisin, France, Italy, and Japan), and 5 sleeted from among the Powers with appending the session of the second property of the substance of the second particles and report upon the responsibility of the authors of the war, the actes as to breaches of the laws and customs of mar, the degree of a tribunal appropriate for the value of the search of the second property of the substance of the second property of the substance of the substance

RESTAURANTS DIVISION, HOTELS AND, Food Administration .- See HOTELS

AND RESTAURANTS DIVISION.
RETAIL ADVISERS, WHOLESALS AND, Administrative Division, Fuel Admin-

RETAIL DIVISION, WHOLESALE AND, Food Administration.-- See WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DIVISION.

istration .- See WHOLESALE AND RETAIL ADVISERS.

RETAIL FISH SECTION, Wholesale and Retail Elvision, Food Administration,—Established in June 1918 to maintain work relating to the retail distribution of the course of haddled by the Fisheries Section of the Course of the Course of the Course of the Course et al. 2018 Also known as Retail Fisher et as Section. Terminated in November 1918. Functions: To surrey the retail fish trade; to encourage the use of those virteits of fish that were plentiful and low-priced as a substitute for meat; to supervise the licensing of the distribution of fresh and frozen fish; to eliminate waste in marketing; and to improve marketing conditions, for example, by enforcing the sale of fish by weight and under true names. Records: 1918 (2 feet) in NA. Correspondence, requests for information, and reports on the costs and selling prices of fish.

RETAIL PRICE SECTION, State Organizations Bureau, Administrative Division, Fuel Administration.—See STATE ORGANIZATIONS EUREAU.

RETAIL PRICES, COMMITTEE ON FIXING OF, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department. See PRICE CONTROL COMMITTEE.

RETAIL STORES SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration.—
Created in August 1917; terminated in January 1919. Functions:
To enlist the cooperation of retail merchants in utilizing their advertising facilities for food-conservation publicity; and to supply them with suggestions for window displays, newspaper advertising, store demonstrations, and publications for distribution. Records: 1917-19 (12 feet) in NA. Correspondence, clippings, notes on conferences, bulletins and leaflets, and copies of "Retail Store Flyers."

RETURNING SOLDIERS AND SAILORS AND WAR WORKERS. BUREAUS FOR .-- A plan for establishing these units was adopted in early December 1918 at a conference in Washington, sponsored by the Employment Service, of representatives of welfare and Government organizations concerned with demobilization. Subsequently 2,594 Bureaus for Returning Soldiers and Sailors and War Workers were established throughout the country to cooperate with the Employment Service. Each was controlled by a Management Board, composed of representatives of the local branches or organizations participating in the cooperative scheme, the elected chairman of which was appointed as a "dollar-a-year" special agent of the Labor Department. Between October 1, 1919, and June 30, 1920, the burden of the work was gradually assumed by employment bureaus of the States. Functions: To serve as local clearinghouses for employment opportunities for returning soldiers, sailors, marines, and civilian war workers. The Bureaus served as agencies for the coordination of the work of the Employment Service (beginning with advance registration in the embarkation and demobilization camps) and of the employment activities of local organizations such as churches, lodges, draft boards, chambers of commerce, trade unions, the Federal Board for Vocational Education, and the Council of National Defense, or of the local branches of the various welfare organizations such as the American National Red Cross, the Young Men's Christian Association, the Young Women's Christian Association, the National Catholic War Council, the Jewish Welfare Board, the Salvation Army, and the War Camp Community Service. Records: Whereabouts unknown. Few of the bureaus and organizations made regular reports. For the type of records kept in the States see the Inventory of Records of World War Emergency Activities (1941) of the Minnesota Historical Records Survey. References: Labor Department, Reports, 1919, p. 911-913; 1920, p. 283, 925-926; Committee on Public Information, Official U. S. Bulletin, Warch 15, 26, June 5, 1919.

- REVENUE BUREAU, INTERNAL, Treasury Department. -- Ses INTERNAL REVENUE BUREAU.
- REVIET BORED, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Dept, Office of the Chief of Engineer, far Department.—Existed by June 21, 1918. In excertance with Supply Circular No. 99, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, October 22, 1918, its functions were transferred to the Machinery and Engineering Raterials Division, Office of the Director of Purchase. Functions: A tably meetings, to pass on all contract awards of orders eggregating \$5,000 and over and of all orders of less then \$5,000 to other than the lowest bidder, and on certain other categories of contract wards. Records: Probably asong those of the Office in NA.
- REVIEW BOARD, Military Justice Division, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department.—See MILITARY JUSTICE DIVISION.
- REVIEW BOARD, Navy Department .- Created by order of the Secretary of the Mavy of December 16, 1918. The Senior Member was Capt. Robert L. Russell, who was elso the Senior Member of the Board of Appraisal for Merchant and Private Vessels. Known at first as the "Board To Determine Method of Disposal of Certain Vessels of the Navy and Negotieta Proceedings for Such Disposel," and after January 17, 1919, es the Board of Review. On the latter date the members of this Board were also designated members of a "Board To Determine Sum To Be Paid Owners Upon Return of Leased Vessels." Headquarters in New York City. The district sections of the Joint Kerchant Vesssl Board inspected vessels to be disposed of by sals, and local boards of appraisal inspected leased vessels. Isrminated on March 15, 1922. Functions: To determine the value of vessels taken over by the Navy Department and to make recommendations and carry on negotiations as to their disposal. Records: 1917-22 (21 fsst) in NA. Ceneral files. Included are records of the Board of Appraisal for Kerchant and Private Vessels and of the Board To Determins Sum To Be Paid Owners Upon Return of Leased Vessels.
- REVIDM BOARD, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, Nat Department.—Established on September 7, 1918. Functions: To review contracts and, in general, to protect the interests of the Government in the awarding of contracts and orders. Records: Among those of the Office in Na.
- REVIEW JOINT EDARD FOR THE DISPOSAL OF TROOP TRANSPORTS. -- See JOINT BOARD OF REVIEW.
- RICE COMMITTEES, Food Administration.—These were two bodies, the Southern Rice Committee and the California Rice Committee, appointed on July 26, 1918, by the Food Administration, with headquarters in Resument, Tear, and Sarramento, Calif., respectively. The Grain Corporation acted as fiscal agent for these Committees, and their expenses were paid by the rice milers. They cooperated with the Rice Division, later the Rice Section of the proceed with the Administration. In the Committee of the Committee Theodomics and the Administration and rice milerate the Royal Administration, and rice milerate the Royal Richard Richard Richard Section of the Sean Division, furth Corporation. Included are copies of the Sean Division, furth Corporation. Included are copies of the Sean Division, furth Corporation. Included are copies

- RICE SECTION, Cereal Division, Food Administration.—Created in the fall of 1917 as a Section of the Distribution Division and in the following spring became the Rice Division. In September 1918 it became the Rice Section of the Cereal Division. Supervision of the grading, allocation, and sale of rice was handled through the Southern Rice Committee and the California Rice Committee (see RICE COMMITTEES). Rice regulations were enforced until June 21, 1919. Functions: To control the importation and distribution of rice and the manufacture of rice flour. Records: 1917-19 (5 feet) in NA. Correspondence, monthly reports of millers and dealers, millers' weekly stock reports, and a record of rice allotments to the Army, the Navy, the Marine Corps, and the Grain Corporation:
 - RIFLE BRANCH, Small Arms Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See ARMS BRANCH.
 - RIVER AND HARBOR DIVISION, Civil Works Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.--Established prior to the war. Became the River and Harbor Section of the Civil Division upon the establishment of that Division prior to the end of 1918. Functions: To handle matters pertaining to river and harbor improvements. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - RIVERS AND HARBORS, BOARD OF ENGINEERS FOR, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department. -- See ENGINEERS FOR RIVERS AND HARBORS BOARD.
 - ROADS AND SANITATION SECTION, Engineering Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Originally in the Engineering Branch, Cantonment Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Transferred with the Branch to the Construction Division upon its organization on March 13, 1918. Functions: To prepare plans for roads and sanitation facilities in connection with the construction work of the Army. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.
 - ROADS BUREAU, FUBLIC, Agriculture Department .-- See PUBLIC ROADS BUREAU.
 - ROENTGENOLOGY DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—
 Established on July 10, 1918. On December 1, 1918, it became a Section of the Surgery Division. Functions: To exercise supervision in matters relating to the use of the X-ray in the military service, including the procuring of equipment, the procuring and training of commissioned personnel, and the organizing of the X-ray service throughout the military establishment. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - ROLLING KITCHENS SECTION, Kitchen and Camp Equipment Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See KITCHEN AND CAMP EQUIPMENT BRANCH.
 - ROOM REGISTRATION OFFICE, Council of National Defense.—See HOMES REGISTRATION AND INFORMATION DIVISION, Housing Corporation.
 - MOOT MISSION.—See SPECIAL DIPLOMATIC MISSION TO RUSSIA.
 - ROUTING SECTION, Inland Traffic Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.--Established with the creation of the Division in Warch 1918. Functions: To designate routings not only

- between nary yards but from contractors' plants to yards and from subcontractors to contractors, in such a ranner as would avoid congested and embargeed districts as far as possibla. Records: Probably among the general [like of the Bureau in Na.
- EUBBER AND ALLIED SUBSTANCES CONTITTEE, CHEMISTRY OF, Chemietry and Chemical Technology Division, Rational Rosearch Council.—See CHEM-ISTRY OF RUBBER AND ALLIED SUBSTANCES COUNTITES.
- RUBBER AND LEATHER SECTION, Salvage Branch, Conservation Division, Quartermeter General's Office, War Department.—See SALVAGE AND GRIENING BRANCH.
- RUBBER AND RUBBER GOODS SECTION, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board.—See RUBBER SECTION.
- RUBBER BRANCH, LEATHER AND, Clothing and Equipage Division, Furchase Mirector's Office, Furchase and Storage Director's Office, Furchase, Storage, and Treffic Division, Cenaral Staff, War Department.—See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE DIVISION.
- RUBBER BRANCH, SHOES, LEATHER, AND, Clothing and Equipage Diricien, Custermaster General's Office, War Department. See SHOES, LEATHER, AND RUBBER BRANCH.
- BURBER COMMITTEE, ALLIED .- Sea INTERALLIED MUNITIONS COUNCIL.
- NUMBER COOTENTIES COUNTYEE, Now Materials, Finerals, and Metals Consistes, Advisory Consistant, Council of National Defense,—application, and the superior Countries on April 19, 1917. The members resigned in the fail of 1915, and the work was continued by the Rubber Far Service Countries. Functions: To aid in securing as quickly as possible an adequate supply of rubber for the Covernment. Records: Some may be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.
- EMBER SECTION, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Beard,— Organized as August 5 and discontinued on December 21, 1919, Also known as the Rubber and Rubber Goods Section. Functions: To regulate the puber industry and to use that all the available capacity of the industry was devoted prisarily to military Covernment requirements. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
- REMN ELLIVENY SECTION, Perchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Barrau, havy Department.—Created in the Purchase Division on April 10, 1917, and trunsferred to the Inland Traffic Section of the Barrau on March 30, 1913. *Sunctions: To expedite the shipment and delivery of material contracted for by the Many Department. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in Ma.
- RUSSIA ADVISORY COMMISSION, RAILWAYS EXPERTS TO.—See RAILWAY EXPERTS TO RUSSIA ADVISORY COMMISSION.
- EUSSIAN AFFAIRS DIVISION, State Department.—Originated in the Near Eastern Affairs Division on October 16, 1917. Established as a separate Division by Departmental Order No. 116 of August 13, 1919.

In 1922 the name was changed to Eastern European Affairs Division. Functions: To exercise general supervision over matters pertaining to Russia (including Siberia), a function which naturally increased with the revolutionary upheavals in that country. Records: In the Communications and Records Division, State Department.

RUSSIAN BUREAU, INC .-- Incorporated as the "War Trade Board of the United States Russian Bureau, Incorporated," in the State of Connecticut on November 5, 1918, with capital stock of \$5,000,000 owned by the United States Government. The members of the War Trade Board became the directors of the Corporation, and the Chairman of the Board became its President. By Executive Order No. 3094-A, June 5, 1919, and Executive Order No. 3099-A, June 24, 1919, the Russian Bureau was dissolved and provision was made that its funds be used by the Secretary of State to finance the Interallied Railway Committee and to maintain the Trans-Siberian and Chinese Eastern Railways. Functions: To provide and facilitate economic assistance to Russia. It arranged for the shipping of supplies for the American National Red Cross, railway material for the Trans-Siberian Railway, and military equipment for the Czechoslovakian forces in Siberia. Records: 1918-19 (32 feet) in State Department. Include correspondence with the Bureau's représentatives in Russia, general correspondence, cables, applications for positions, and memoranda. References: Harold A. Van Dorn, Government Owned Corporations, 255-257 (New York, 1926); State Department, Foreign Helations, 1918, Russia, vol. 3, p. 165, 170-171; 1919, Russia, 243-244, 251, 265-266, 383-384.

RUSSIAN RAILWAY SERVICE CORPS.—A semimilitary organization of American railway engineers and technicians formed by the State Department in September 1917 at the request of the Provisional Government of Russia. The first contingent of 350 men under the command of Col. George Emerson arrived in Vladivostok on December 11, 1917. Shortly after, they left for Nagasaki, Japan, because of unsettled conditions. In March 1918 the Corps returned to Russia and began its work under the direction of John F. Stevens, Chairman of the Advisory Commission of Railway Experts to Russia and later President of the Interallied Technical Board. Evacuation of the entire Corps from Siberia was completed by July 1920. Functions: To operate the Trans-Siberian, Chinese Fastern, and Ussuri Railways. Records: 1917-20 (combined with those of the Interallied Technical Board, 1919-22, total 91 feet) in NA. Include files of the commanding officer, the quartermaster, the district and division inspectors, and the Washington office. References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1918, Russia, vol. 3, p. 183-307; 1919, Russia, passim; 1920, vol. 3, p. 436-569.

- SAFOTAGE SUBSECTION, LABOR AND, Foreign Influence, Enemy Propaganda Section, Negstive Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See FUREIGN INFIDENCE, EMELY PROPAGANDA SECTION.
- SAIDLINY ADJUSTMENT COLMISSION, NATIONAL HARNESS AND.—See NATIONAL HARNESS AND SADDLERY ADJUSTMENT COLMISSION.
- SAFEGUARDING OF MORAL AND SPIRITUAL FORCES, DEPARTMENT FOR THE, MOMERA'S Committee, Council of National Defense.—See HEALTH AND RECREATION LEPARTMENT.
- SAITH AND SANTHATION HARCH, Lowestrial Service Section, Production Invision, Ordnames Chief's Office, New Department.—Created on March 4, 1912. Functions: To present in ordnames plants the work of Covernment, State, and private organizations concerned with safety and santistion measures; to make studies of safety, santistion, and health in such plants; and to make recommendations as to standards. Records: Probably with these of the Office in Na.
- SAFTI BRANCH, Duthmering Section, Mitrits Division, Ordance Chieffer Office, Yes Department.—Datablished come time after the organization of the Division in July 1917 Functions: To handle the work of accident prevention for the Division and to inspect its plants in order to see that safety standards were enforced; to study work the content of the signature of accident that conditions, make necessications for the sizination of accident that the signature of a safety education; and to expand to a repetition of the sizination of accident on the size of th
- SAFETY BUREAU, Interstate Commerce Commission .- Organised in 1911 as the Safety Appliances Division; redesignated in 1914 as the Safety Division and in 1917 ss the Safety Bureau. Functions: To receive and check reports of carriers, particularly in the matter of employees hours of service; to inspect appliances with which carrier fecilities are equipped; to investigate accidents; to study, test, and report upon safety devices; and to report violetions of safety appliance and hours of service laws to the appropriate United States sttorneys for possible prosecution. During the period of the war, all infractions of the law on railroads under control of the Railroad Administration were reported to the Director General of Railroads for sction. Violations on other railroads continued to be handled as before. From January I to March 14; 1918, a number of inspectors of the Safety Bureau were specially assigned to investigats railroad traffic congestion at the principal railroad terminals in the northesstern States and the movement of oil and empty tank cars in Oklahoms, Kanses, and Missouri. Records: 1911-42 (2,000 feet, of which 315 feet are in NA and the remaindar in the custody of the Interstate Commerce Commission). Include confidential reporte of accidents, reports on hours of lebor, files relating to

suits for violations of safety appliance and hours of service laws, hearings on air-brake investigations, annual reports of carriers on the condition of block signals, inspectors' reports on automatic train controls, and plans and specifications for automatic train controls.

- SAFETY ENGINEERING DIVISION, Working Conditions Service, Labor Department.—Organized on January 1, 1919, and terminated with the Service on June 30, 1919. Cooperated with the Bureau of Standards. Functions: To maintain war production by reducing labor turnover resulting from industrial accidents, and to formulate standards for mechanical safety in industry. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- SAFETY ENGINEERING SECTION, Industrial Relations Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation .--Originated with the appointment of a Chief Safety Engineer in the Insurance Department of the Auditing Division on January 7, 1918. On May 7, 1918, the Safety Engineering Group was attached to the Industrial Service Department, becoming a separate Section of the Industrial Relations Division on June 4, 1918. Abolished on April Functions: To consult with and, if necessary, to create safety organizations in shipbuilding plants; to prepare studies leading to administrative action for the removal of causes of danger to employees; and to inspect plant conditions, equipment, and practices from the point of view of safety features. Records: 1918-19 (15 foet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, and memoranda relating to safety devices and appliances, industrial accidents, and safety work in general; survey and accident reports from the District Safety Engineers; and the files of three of the District Safety Engineers.
 - SAFETY REGULATIONS FOR LOADING AND EXPLOSIVE PLANTS, BOARD TO SUPERVISE AND EMFORCE, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created by Office Order No. 321 of the Chief of Ordnance on August 28, 1918. The last meeting of the Board was held on October 30, 1918, at which time certain codes were adopted. Functions: To formulate, promulgate, and enforce safety regulations for loading and explosive plants. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - SAFETY SECTION, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Created on February 19, 1918; terminated on May 1, 1920. Functions: To promote the safety of railroad employees and passengers; to educate railroad employees in safety requirements; and to discover uneafe practices. The Section worked with safety committees that had been organized on all railroads. Enforcement of safety laws was handled by the Mechanical Department of the Division. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.
 - SAILDIG VESSEL BRANCH, Trades and Allocations Division, Shipping Control Committee, Shipping Board.—Organized in February 1918. After Documber 1918 its work was carried on by the Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. Functions: Together with the Sailing Vessel Department, Operations Division, it had jurisdiction over sailing vessels under the control of the Shipping Board. Records: 1918-20 (5 foet) in NA. Correspondence and reports pertaining to the operation of Norwegian sailing vessels.

- SAILING VESSEL DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Energoncy Fleet Corporation.—Organized in January 1913. Terminated in October 1919, when its functions were taken over by other departments in the Division. Punctions: In conjunction with the Sailing Vessel Branch, Trades and Allocations Division, Shipping Control Countities, Shipping Board, it maintained general supervision over eatling vessels under the control of the Board. Records: 1913-20 (5 feet) in NA. Correspondance, reports, and memorande.
- SALLORS AND WAR WORKERS BUREAUS, RETURNING SOLDIERS AND .-- See RETURNING SOLDIERS AND SALLORS AND WAR WORKERS BUREAUS.
- SAILORS EMERGENCY COMMITTEE, EMPLOYMENT FOR SOLDIERS AND, Arsenale Director's Office, Ordanoc Chief's Office, Yar Department.— See EMPLOYMENT FOR COLLIERS AND SAILORS EMERGENCY COMMITTEE.
- SALLORS RIERGENCY COMMITTEE, EMPLOYMENT FOR SOLDHERS AND, Council of Netional Defense.—See EMPLOYMENT FOR SOLDHERS AND SALLORS THER-GENCY COUNTYTEE.
- SALE OF BUHLDINGS AND EQUIPMENT SUBCONSTITEE, Claims Board, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. See CLAIMS BOARD.
 - SALE OF MATERIALS SUBCOMMITTEE, Claims Board, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See CLAIMS BOARD.
 - SALIS BOARD, COVERNING, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Ceneral Staff, War Department.—See COVERNING SALIS BOARD.
 - SAISS BOARD ON UNSERVICEABLE PROPERTY, OUVERITHU, Purchase and Storage Biroctor's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See GOVERNING SAISS BOARD ON UNSERVICEABLE PROPERTY.
 - SALES REANCH, Construction Diricton, Housing Corporation.—Organisad on December 1, 1918. Included the Office of Controlland on Salvaged Property, created on Landschaper 1949. On June 30, 1919, it became Property, created on Landschaper To dispose of materials for several housing projects abandoned after the eighing of the armitice. It formulated policies, made recommendations, and kept a record of sales. Records: 1918-20 (25 feet) in RA. Include general correspondence, Journal wouthers, invoices, and bills for saterial.
 - SAIDS SHADEN, Purnhas, Storage, and Traffic Existen, General Steff, Mar Papartennia-Established on December 17, 1918, and approved by Supplications of Steff Steff

- to foreign governments; and to direct the compilation of records covering sales of surpluses. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- SALES BUREAU, Alien Property Custodian.—Created on August 23, 1918, as a result of the broadoning of the power of sale granted to the Alien Property Custodian. In that year the Corporation Management Department was transforred to it from the Trusts Bureau, only to bocoms later a separate Division. The Bureau included Appraisal and Merchandise Departments, a Solling Division, and a Supervision and Liquidation Division. Apparently abolished in 1920. Functions: To handle all sales of enemy property authorized by the Trading With the Enemy Act and amendments. Records: 1918-20 (9 feet) in NA. Include orders of sale, mimutes of meetings, correspondence, and financial accounts. The records of some of the subdivisions are among those of the Corporation Management Division in NA.
 - SALES CONTROL, SUPERIOR BOARD OF, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SUPERIOR BOARD OF SALES CONTROL.
 - SALES DIVISION, SUPPLY AND, Construction Organization, Shipping
 Board Emergency Floet Corporation.—See SUPPLY AND SALES DIVISION.
 - SALES PROLOTION SECTION, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on April 15, 1919, and still in existence on June 30, 1920. Functions: To find markets for the disposal of surplus materials held by the Department, to plan publicity campaigns to this end, and to follow market conditions and suggest methods of sale. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - SALES REVIEW BOARD, Sales Branch, Purchaso, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established about March 1, 1919, and still in existence on Juno 30, 1920. Composed of members of the Sales Branch. Functions: To clear sales and to recommend sales methods and general policies to the Director of Sales. Records: Whoroabouts unknown.
 - SALES SECTION, Supply and Sales Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Floet Corporation.—Established on June 11, 1919, as the successor to the Assistant in Charge of Salvage, appointed March 6, 1919. In the reorganization of the Supply and Salos Division on August 1, 1920, the functions of this Section woro turned over to the Sales Section of the Warehouse and Sales Department, and on April 1, 1921, this was succeeded by the Sales Section of the Liquidating Department. Functions: To receive records of and review cales transactions, and to negotiato salos of surplus or calvage property, materials, and supplies. Records: 1919-22 (15 foot) in NA. Include correspondence relating to prices, auditing, and recoipts; reports of sales; lists of sales; sales roccipts; and correspondence relating to sales to other governmental agoncies. Further and more complete material relating to the activities of the Sales Section will be found in the general files of the Division.
 - SALES SECTION, DOMESTIC, External Relations Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Soo EXTERNAL RELATIONS BRANCH.

SALES SUPERVISION ERANCH, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Was Department.—Established about Jemmuy 1, 1919. Operated through the following Sections: Cetalogue, Preferred Sales, Sample, Zone Sales, and Zone Service. Abolished about Juna 9, 1919. Nunctions: To supervice, coordinate, and unity eals policies, progress, and oparations of the commodity branches of the Division; to have charge of cales in the various some; and to furnish cales ideas and leads to magediators. Records: Some are smong those of the Quartermaster General's Coffice in Ma.

SLIGON CARAITEE, Food Administration.—Appointed on July 15, 1918. Composed of the Federal Food Administrators for Raminigston, Cregon, Californie, and Alaska and a representative of the Gammed Foode Miriston. Ferninated in February 1919. Punctions: First to determine "reasonable pricase to be paid to the Alchermen for raw salmon taken from the various stresses in the above Stetze and Alaska, almon to investigate and recommend the smouth that should be allowed to cover the cost of converting the raw fish into cannot aslamon, and that to establish tha maximum prices at which cammed aslamon could be cold. Recorde: The work of the Cemtities can be followed in field recorde of the Administration, particularly in those for Gregon and Alaska, in Nr. References: William 6. Wallondors, Ristory of the University, 1943).

SALT REQUIREMENTS OF GEMAIN CULTIVATED PLBMS COMPITTEE, PAYSIGLOOF— CAL, Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Pisharies Division, National Research Council.—See PAYSIGLOGICAL SALT REQUIREMENTS OF CEMAIN CULTIVATED FLATS COMMITTEE.

SAURAGE AND CARRELING READER, Conservation and Reclassicion Division, Oustromatar Cenarals of Cifice, War Department.—Extabliched on Juna 14, 1918, with the union of the forwar Salvage and Gerdening Franches. (The Salvage Sranch had been established on Jamary 26, 1918, see part of the Raclesation Mivision, and on April 22 had particularly before the person of the Conservation and Reclassicialists and Carbacting through the following Sections: Waste Paper; and Woolen. The Metall Ruber and Les them part of the Subditience Mivision prior to April 22, 1918, when it was transferred to the Conservation and Reclassician Mivision. Molished on Gotober 25, 1918, when it duties were taken over by the Salvage Mivision of the Office that the Lirector of Storege. Punchims: To collectivities on lende owned products, and to supervise approach Probably song those of the Office in the Conservation of the Office in the Conservation of the Office on the Office of the Office

SALVAGE BOARD, ORDRANCE, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.— See ORDNANCE SALVAGE BOARD.

SALVAGE BRANCH, Conservation and Reclamation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See SALVAGE AND GARDENING ERANCH.

SALVAGE BRANCH, Quartermaster Subdiviction, Overseas Distribution Livictor, Storage Mirector's Office, Purchase and Storage Mirector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on November 1, 1918. In existence on February 1, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Functions:

To be responsible for the delivery of the following classes of supplies to ports of embarkation, and for obtaining the necessary priorities and releases relating thereto: Shoe repairing material and machines; clothing renovation and equipage material and machines; laundry equipage material and machines; and miscellaneous equipage, material, machines, and parts. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

SALVAGE BRANCH, Reclamation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See SALVAGE AND GARDENING BRANCH, Conservation and Reclamation Division.

SALVAGE DIVISION, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. - Established by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 1 of October 19, 1918, and included the following Branches: Administrative; Canvas Repair; Clothing Renovation; Farms; Laundries; Repair Shops; Shoes and Harness Repair; and Waste Materials. The Conservation and Reclamation Division of the Quartermaster General's Offico, by Purchaso and Storage Notice No. 7 of October 25, 1918, was transferred to this Division. In existence on June 30, 1920. tions: To have charge of the repair of clothing and equipage; laundering and dry cleaning; contracts for the renovation of clothing and equipage; the development of agricultural, mineral, and forest lands for the benefit of the Army; and the organization and training of men of Army units for salvage work. To establish repair shops, laundries, base salvage plants, printing plants, wagon-repair shops, and carpentry shops. To supervise and control the conservation of food and the disposition of garbage and other refuse, including junk, bags, paper, rope, and similar items. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

SALVAGE DIVISION, CANCELLATIONS, ADJUSTMENT, AND, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleot Corporation.—See CONSTRUCTION CLAIMS BOARD.

SALVAGE SECTION, Clothing and Equipage Branch, Quartermaster Subdivision, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE ENABLES.

SALVAGE SECTION, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Established in the latter part of 1918. <u>Functions:</u> To dispose of materials taken ovor upon the termination of activities. <u>Records</u>: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

SALVAGE SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the war. Operated in coopsration with the Supply Section. <u>Functions</u>: To have charge of the salvage and sale of refuse and scrap material gathered in the various navy yards for the purpose of preventing the sale of any of this material that the Navy could use. <u>Records</u>: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.

- SALVACE SECTION, Storage Summaries Branch, Statistical Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchaso, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See STORAGE SUMMARIES EMACH.
- SALVAGED PROPERTY CUSTODIAN'S OFFICE, Sales Branch, Construction Division, Housing Corporation.—See SALES BRANCH.
- SAURENS SUPCOMPITEE, Legislation Gommittee, Americal Medicins and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Committee, comments and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Committee and Comm
- SANITARY CONMISSION, INTERALLIED .- See INTERALLIED SANITARY COMMISSION.
- SANITARY DIVISION, Surgean General's Office, War Department.—Ses SANITATION DIVISION.
- SANTAM ENGINEERING SECTION, Santiotian Existon, Surgeon General's Office, Mar Departent.—Established on Jamury 1, 1918. Included a Try and Mosquito Centrol Subsection. After the war its functions decreesed, and by 1920 only a small staff remained. Pupctional To investigate and to make recommendations regarding estitary entiresting problems, such as water supply, serge treatment and disposal, garbage collection and disposal, and negation and fly control. Remoria: Probebly among those of the Office in Mak
- SANITARY INSPECTION SECTION, Sanitation Divioion, Surgeon General e Office, Wer Department. Established on January 1, 1918, in order. to coordinate the inspection work of the Division with the profecsional and technical inspections made by other divisions of the Office. The inspections differed from those made by the Inspector General's Office in that they were largely technical rethor than of a purely military nature. The functions of the Section were greatly restricted as a result of the decentralizing policy established by General Orders, No. 132, of December 19, 1919, which placed upon commanders of territorial departments the responsibility for the sanitary conditions at many stations formerly under the direct control of the War Department. This Section was also called the Inspection Section. Functions: To conduct sanitary inspections of camps, centonments, posts, hospitals, and Student Army Training Corps units; and to make technical inspections as to food, diets, food conservation, versin control, sanitary engineering, and mosquito control. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- SMITARY REPORTS AND STATISTICS DIVISION, Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—In existence before the war. Punction; To collect, compile, and publish data concerning conditions affecting the public health, particularly concerning the prevalence and distribution of disease. Records Sense for the war period are smong those of the Service in NA. Included are reports of morbibility statistics.

- SANITATION BRANCH, SAFETY AND, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See SAFETY AND SANITATION BRANCH.
- SANITATION COMMITTEE, HYGIENE AND, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See HYGIENE AND SANITATION COMMITTEE.
- SANITATION COMMITTEE, MEDICINE AND, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense. See MEDICINE AND SANITATION COMMITTEE.
- SANITATION CONDITIONS AT POISON GAS FACTORIES SECTION, Physiological Research Division, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Organized in August 1917; transferred with the entire War Gas Investigations to the War Department on June 25, 1918.

 Functions: To inspect chlorine and other plants; to select and train inspectors; and to develop methods for the treatment of chronic gas poisoning. Records: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Gas Investigations, p. 23 (Bulletin 178A. Washington, 1919).
 - SANITATION DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—In existence before the war. During the war it expanded its duties greatly and operated through the following Sections: Communicable Diseases, Current Statistics, Food and Nutrition, Medical Records, Miscellaneous, Physical Standards and Examinations, Sanitary Inspection, and Student Army Training Corps. Also known as the Sanitary Division. Functions: To handle matters relating to the health and well-being of troops and the sanitation of camps, cantonments, permanent posts, hospitals, ports of embarkation, transports, and military trains. Included, among other duties, were the physical examination and selection of recruits and registrents, the physical examination of soldiers prior to demobilization, and the direction of medico-military activities in camps, cantonments, and other stations insofar as they related to the functions of the Office. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - SANITATION SECTION, Welfare Work Subcommittee, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Crganized in April 1917. Its work was curtailed after the organization of the Working Conditions Service of the War Labor Administration, Labor Department, in July 1918. Functions: To investigate sanitary conditions and to issue pamphlets dealing with industrial fatigue, lighting, ventilation, and other matters affecting the health and efficiency of workers. Records: Some may be among those of the Council in NA.
 - SANITATION SECTION, HEALTH AND, Industrial Relations Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See HEALTH AND SANITATION SECTION.
 - SAMITATION SECTION, ROALS AND, Engineering Branch, Construction Division, War Department. See ROALS AND SANITATION SECTION.
 - SAVINGS COMMITTEE, NATIONAL WAR, Treasury Department.—See MATIONAL WAR SAVINGS COMMITTEE.

SAVINGS DIVISION, War Loam Organization, Treesury Department.—Created in October 1918 to take ever the work previously carried on by the Rational War Savings Constitute. This Hirtiain was placed under the Rublic Dath Service of the Treasury Department in 1921. Terminated on November 15, 1924. Punctions: To make clear to the people of the United States their duty in regard to the financial prollems resulting from the war, particularly as those problems had to do with Government finance; to premote the cale of savings escurities; and to improve the market for all Government excurities. Records: 1917-24 (69 feet) in the Fublic Dath Bureau, Treesury Department. Include correspondence and publicity material. Records of the Marsac City Federal Reserve Lietrict, 1918-26 (40 feet), are in Na.

SUEDIES BLUNCH, Production Section, Can Estaton, Creamer Chief's Office, Not Department, Created on Coches 1, 1917; transferred to the Frederit Institute of the Coches 1, 1917; transferred to 1918. Punctions: To be responsible for seeing that each plant had on hand the required components or parts for processing or essembling. Records: Probably with those of the Office in RM.

SCHEULES SECTION, Engineering Branch, Construction Davision, Mar Department, -- Originally in the Deplaceting Branch, Cantoment Livision, Quarternaster General's Office. Invenderred with the Pranch to the Construction Division upon its organization on March 13, 1918. <u>Functions</u>: To prepare schedules for construction work et any camps and cantoments. <u>Records</u>: In the Office of the Office of Englacers, Wer Department.

SCHOOL AND HOME DARDENING DIVISION, Education Bureau, Interior Department, -- See SCHOOL CARDEN ARMY.

SCHOOL BOARD SERVICE DIVISION, Education Bureau, Interior Department.— Organized in October 1918. James R. Hanne appointed as Director en November 4. Terminated in July 1919. Functions: To furnish school officers with names and data concerning available teachers for vacancies in public echoole, collegee, and universities. A survey made in October 1918 revealed that ages 50,000 echoole in the United States had not opened in September as usual bacause of a lack of teachere resulting from the draft of men for the Army and the attraction of higher pay for both men and woman in other fields. Accordingly, the Division launched a Nation-wide publicity campaign in newspapere and magazines to mobilize latent teaching forces, and subsequently it was able to furnish nominations an response to 15,000 calle for teachers. Records: 1918-19 (1 foot) in NA. Administrativa correspondence, questionnaires, end report, among which is a manuscript entitled "The School Board Service Division," prepared by J. F. Abel for the Collegiate Alumnae Association in 1920. Most of the records have been destroyed, but some remain in the Office of Education, Federal Security Agency, and in the War Plans Mydion, Am Department, accounty Agency, and in use and property and in the analytics, and the statement Referencest Education bareau, Teacher Placement by Public Agencies (Bulletin, 1921, No. 22. Teshington, 1921), and The National Cuties in Education an Appeal to the People (Gulletin, 1923, No. 29. Washington, 1920).

SCHOOL CARDEN ARMY, Education Bureau, Interior Department...The activities of the Division of School and Home Gardening were reorganized and expanded to form the United States School Carden Army in March 1918. This organization terminated on June 30, 1919, when its allotments from the President's National Security and Defense Fund ceased. Some of its work was continued until 1921 under a School-Directed Home Gardening Program. Functions: To promote home and vacant-lot gardening by school children, utilizing military organizational methods by enlisting the children in "companies," with "officers" drawn from their own ranks, and with all participents designated by distinctive insignia. Records: 19. (4 feet) in NA. Include correspondence with the five regional directors, drafts of garden leaflets, and related reports. Other records remain in the Office of Education, Federal Security Agency. References: John H. Francis, The United States School Garden Army (Education Bureau, Bulletin, 1919, No. 26. Washington, 1919); Education Bureau, The United States School Garden Army; Home Gardening for City Children of the Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Grades (Washington, 1919); School Life, vol. 1, no. 5 (Oct. 1, 1918), the "U. S. School Garden Army Number."

SCHOOL OF MURSING, ARMY, Hospital Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. -- See ARMY SCHOOL OF NURSING.

SCHOOLS, NAVIGATION AND ENGINEERING, Recruiting Service, Shipping Board.—Soe NAVIGATION AND ENGINEERING SCHOOLS.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES DIVISION, Food Administration.—Organized in October 1917 as the Universities and Agricultural Colleges Section of the Home Conservation Mivision and became the Collegiate Section in Fobruary 1918. In October 1918 it was consolidated with the Elementary and Secondary Education Section of the same Division to form the Schools and Colleges Division. Apparently terminated in December 1918. Functions: To promote food-conservation activities in educational institutions and to cooperate with the Education Bureau, Interior Lepartment, in preparing and distributing pamphlets and courses of study on food conservation, such as Food and the War and Food Saving and Sharing. Records: 1917-19 (13 feet) in NA. Correspondence and lists of schools and colleges offering food-conservation courses.

ECIENCE AND RESEARCH DEPARTMENT, Council of National Defense. -- See NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL.

SCIENCE AND RESUARCH DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Organized on October 22, 1917. Cooperated with the Bureau of Standards, Cormerce Department, and with the National Research Council. Functioned through the following Sections: Aeronautic Instruments, Executive, Signaling, Bomb Sights, Trajectories and Stabilizers, Design, and Chemical. Transferred to the Bureau of Aircraft Production on May 20, 1918, as its Airplano Engineering Division. Functions: To work upon technical problems of the Signal Corps, especially in connection with aeronautics. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

SCIENTIFIC ALIMENTATION, INTERALLIED COMMISSION ON.—See INTERALLIED SCIENTIFIC FOOD COMMISSION.

SCIENTIFIC BRANCH, Technical Section, Ship Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.— See TECHNICAL SECTION.

- SCIENTIFIC FOOD COUNTSSION, INTERALLIED. See INTERALLIED SCIENTIFIC FOOD COUNTSSION.
- SCHMIFIC RESEARCH DIVISION, Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—Created in 1901. Included the Hydraic Laboratory, which varies the mar was composed of the following Divisions Charley, Fithology and Batteriology, Pharmacology, and Zoologia, and on the Laboratory beense the Newtonian Institute of North, and on the Laboratory beense the Newtonian Institute of North, and on Formary 1, 1937, the Division was seen that the Danctiones Formary 1, 1937, the Division of Dancie influence. During the was easily with the Marketon of Dancetic Quarantine, to sanitate autra-customment somes. Records: Among those of the Services in Marketon and Company of the Services in the Services in
- SCIENTIFIC SECTION, Aircraft Division, Construction and Repair Bureau, Newy Department. -- See AIRCRAFT DIVISION.
- SCRAP HEON SUBCRANTIES, Stord and Steel Products Cooperative Committee, Rew Marchale, Minarale, and Notice Contributes, Advisory Considered, Council of National Defence,—Organized in June 1937. Massed the following both on the function were taken over by the Windowski of Committee Committee and the Committee of Committee and Committee Committee Informed of Considerations: To keep the superior Committee Informed of Considerations of Committee Informations, Records; Some may be sung those of the Council and of the War Industrice Board in M.
- SCRAP SECTION, IRON AND STEEL, Steel Division, War Industries Board. See IRON AND STEEL SCRAP SECTION.
- SCRAP SECTION, RAW MATERIALS AND, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Steff, War Department.—See RAW MATERIALS AND SCRAP SECTION.
- SCREW THREAD COMMISSION, NATIONAL. See NATIONAL SCREW THREAD COM-
- SEA SENVICE BUREAU, Recruiting Service, Shipping Board.—Esteblished on July 1, 1917. From September 22, 1919, until July 1, 1934, when the functions were there are the Bureau of Navigation and Stambeat Inspection, Commercial Popularism, it maked commercial to the Commercial Popularism of the Section, that its functions did not change materially. Functions in our sea an employment unit to obtain officers and crews for the serchant marine. Records: Among those of the Service in Na.
- SEA TRAINING BREAM; Recruiting Service, Shipping Board.—Authorized by the Shipping Beard on December 12, 1917. After September 23, 1919, the head of the Bureau propried directly to the Shipping 1919, the head of the Bureau propried directly to the Shipping Board. Discontinuous of the Shipping Service of the sea sandaring and attitues and ships for training crews for the season of the Shipping Service 1917-00 (59) feet) in Na. Include applications for training, "elop chest cards," and "recruit curoliment cards."
- [SEAMEN'S] ADVISORY BOARD TO THE BUREAU OF WAR RISK INSURANCE, Treasury Department.—Established on a per diem basic pursuant to authority granted by the act of June 12, 1917. Consisted of two persons skilled in the practice of accident insurance. It is presumed to

have functioned until January 4, 1919, when the rates on seamen's insurance were withdrawn. Functions: To advise the Bureau on the adjustment of claims for death, personal injury, or detention under the seamen's insurance program. Records: Whereabouts unknown. Evidence of the Board's activity may be found among the records of the Seamen's Division in NA.

SEAMEN'S DIVISION, War Risk Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department.—
Established in June 1917 under an act of June 12. The Seamen's
Division, although combined with the Marine Division as the Marine
and Seamen's Division by an act of October 6, 1917, continued to
exist as an administrative division until the rates on seamen's
insurance were withdrawn on January 4, 1919. At that time the
Division was reduced to the status of a section of the Marine and
Seamen's Division. After the abolition of the Bureau in 1921, the
administrative work incident to the termination of the seamen's
insurence activities continued under the Veterans' Bureau and was
completed by September 3, 1924. Functions: To issue seamen's
insurance, that is, insurance of masters, other officers, and crews
of American merchant vessels against detention, injury, and loss of
life resulting from war risks. Records: 1917-24 (94 feet) in NA.
Include applications, registers, claims, correspondence, administrative files, indexes, and other papers.

SEARCHLICHTS SECTION, Electrical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See ELECTRICAL DIVISION.

SECOND ASSISTANT SECRETARY'S OFFICE, War Department.—Created on April 11, 1918. Incumbent also designated as Director of the Air Service on August 28, 1918. Functions: To have charge of questions of purchase and supply for the bureaus of the Department.

Records: In the War Department.

SECOND MOTOR TRACTION BOARD, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created in the latter part of 1917 by Special Order No. 242, paragraph 69, War Department, when it succeeded the Trial Board. Held its first meeting on October 24, 1917, and later meetings on December 5, 1917, and January 25, 1918. Functions: To consider the motorization of field artillery. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

SECONDARY AND NORMAL SCHOOLS SUBCOMMITTEE, Engineering and Education Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See ENGINEERING AND EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

SECRET INK BUREAU, Code and Cipher Section, Positive Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CODE AND CIPHER SECTION.

SECRET SERVICE AND POLICE SECTION, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Secret service matters were handled from September 18, 1913, to January 1, 1919, by the Chief of the Secret Service of the Railroad Administration under the Claims and Property Protection Section, Law Division. The Secret Service and Police Section was created on January 1, 1919, taking over the duties of the Claims and Property Section. It probably terminated with the Division on

March 1, 1920. Functions: Indicated by title. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.

SECRET SERVICE DIVISION, Tressury Department .- Established in 1865 end reorganized by an ect of Congress in 1882. Functions: To suppress counterfeiting; to protect the President of the United States, his family, and the President-elect; and to investigate Violetions of certain laws and such other metters as directed by the Secretary of the Treasury. During the war the Division cooperated with the Food Administration and War Trade Board in uncovering thousands of violations of the Food and Fuel Control Act and in investigating individuals and corporations engaged in export business. Valuable service was also rendered the Grain Corporation, the Wheat Director's Office, and the Farm Loan Board. The Division also uncovered fraudulent activities in connection with war risk insurance. Recorde: 1863-1937 (1,602 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, daily and weekly reporte of egents in the field, records of arrests and descriptions of criminals, accounts, rsports of egents detailed to the White House, and War Trade Board reports.

SEED DISTRIBUTION OFFICE, Agriculture Department.—See SEED STOCKS CONSTITUES.

SEED LOAN OFFICE, Agriculture Department. -- See SEED STOCKS COMMITTEE.

SEED REPORTING SERVICE, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department .-- Esteblished in the letter part of 1917 under authority of the Food Production Act of August 10, 1917. Functioned in close relation with the Marketing Seed Project of the Buresu end, for administrative purposes, with the grain projects. In 1919 its functions were essigned to the Hay, Feed, and Seed Division of the Bureau. Functions: To improve the distribution and stabilize the price of seeds, conserve transportation facilities, and increase production of foodstuffe by escertaining the evailable supply of, demand for, and prices paid for farm and garden seeds and by making such information available to the general public, the Seed Stocks Committee, and other agencies. Also to directly essist the Seed Stocks Committee in the sequisition and distribution of seeds and to provide the War Trade Board with information needed to carry on its ectivities. Recorder In MA there is a small amount of correspondence of etaff members with the project head and with the public in the grain supervision cerrespondence files and the central correspondence files of the Bureau. An unpublished report of the Service for 1918 is in the "manuscript files" of the Bureaus of Markets and of Agricultural Economies.

SED STOCKS COMITTEE, Agriculture Department, —Appointed on April 20, 1917, by the Secretary of Agriculture. Composed of representatives of the Bursain of Plant Industry and the Bursain of Composition of the Department (also Estimates: The Seed Interination Office of the Department (also Review) and the Seed London Office) functioned through this Committee of soliday of the Seed London regarding seed stocks; including the collection and dissemination of information on a season of the purchase, storage, and distributed by the Grain Corporation; to impost samples of read distributed by the Grain Corporation; and to cooperate with the Ear Trade Board, the Seedmen's

War Service Committee, and other organizations. Records: 1917-18 in NA. Correspondence of the Committee is in the files of the Bureau of Plant Industry, and its minutes are in the files of the Bureau of Crop Estimates. Correspondence, memoranda, and other papers (9 inches) relating to its activities are in the files of the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture. References: Warkets Bureau, Seed Reporting Service, Seed Reporter, vols. 1-3, November 1917-October 11, 1919 (Chicago).

SEEDS, GRAINS, AND NON-PERISHABLE PRODUCTS SUBCOMMITTEE, Agricultural Advisory Committee. See AGRICULTURAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

SELECTIVE SERVICE RECORDS DIVISION, Adjutant General's Office, War Department.—Organized on July 1, 1919. Functions: To arrange, administer, and furnish information from the records of the Provost Marshal General's Office, including the selective service records of the State and Territorial headquarters, district boards, medical and legal advisory boards, and local boards; also to examine the records in order to compile final lists of deserters.

Records: In The Adjutant General's Office.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SECTION, Industrial Division, Ordnance Bureau,
Navy Department.—Apparently organized for the duration of the
war. Functions: To have charge of matters relating to the application and operation of selective service regulations, insofar as
they affected the personnel of the Bureau, its field and inspection
service, and private industrial plants engaged in the execution of
ordnance contracts. Records: In the Navy Department.

SELLING DIVISION, Sales Bureau, Alien Property Custodian.—Created in 1918; abolished in 1920. Functions: To promulgate the general rules of procedure in relation to sales, advise the Custodian on special conditions relating to sales, and exercise general supervision over matters relating to the sale of enemy property. Records: Among those of the Sales Bureau in NA.

SERVICE AND INFORMATION BRANCH, War Plans Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on September 20, 1919. Functions: To deal with matters affecting the discharged soldier's welfare that arose as a direct result of his service. The Branch worked through an administrative section in Washington and a field service spread over the country. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

SERVICE BUREAU, Committee on Public Information.—Created by Executive Order No. 2822-A of March 19, 1918, following a consolidation on March 7 of the Reference Division of the Committee and part of the Information Bureau of the Council of National Defense. Discontinued on April 1, 1919. F. W. McReynolds, Martin A. Morrison, and Mary E. Schick, Directors successively. Functions: To serve as an information bureau in regard to the organization and personnel of Government agencies. Records: Some correspondence that was in the custody of the Council of National Defense in 1920 may have been disposed of as useless papers in 1928 or 1930. A directory of wartime governmental organizations prepared by the Bureau, which was taken over after the war by the Bureau of Efficiency and was for a time in the custody of the Bureau of the Eudget, was later destroyed.

- SERVICE RECORDS EXAMINATION DIVISION, Adjutant General's Office, War Department.—See EMOBILIZED RECORDS DIVISION.
- SENICE RESERVES DIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department.— Created in 1918 and probebly terminated in 1919. Functions: To supervise the activities of the Public Services Reserve and the Boys' Working Reserve. Records: Theresbouts unknown.
- SERVICE SUBDIVISION, Descrite Operations Initiation, Storage Director's Office, Purchase, and Storage Mirector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Intricton, Canonal Staff, Mar Department.—Organized on November 1, 1018. Disappeared with the abolition of the Nivision on May 13, 1919. Punctions: To coordinate the activities of the following Branches under its jurisdiction: First and Accident Parketion, Operation Service, Packing Service, Space Alborite Daniel Marchouse Hendling School and Marchouse Hendling School and the Space Alborant Branch were consolidated by 13, 1919, and the Space Alborant Branch were consolidated by 13, 1919, and the Space Alborant Branch were consolidated by 13, 1919, and the Space Alborant Branch were consolidated by 13, 1919, and the Space Alborant Branch were consolidated by 13, 1919, and the Space Alborant Branch Storage Services Services and Space are among those of the Quarter-master General's Office in Na.
- SETTIMENT DIVISION, Finance Service, mer Department.—Crosted on Newwebse 22, 1918. Included Claims, contract Adjustment, Contract Reduction, Contract Adjustment, Contract Reduction and Records, and Decoulty, Denothes, a Clessification Evantual Research of Records, and of Patente Section. Darks and ewards, of examining conventions of payments when had been exacted in conformity with the part of presents claims for property lost, damaged, or destroyed in the military service, and of maintaining correct lists of firms hidding on War Department contracts. Records: In the Finance Chief's Office, War Department.
- SEPPENIN AND OLOTE LEATHER SECTION, Hide, Leether, and Leather Goode Mirision, War Industries Board.—created in March 1918. The owns taken over by the Quarter-expension of Control of the Market Marchael of the Market Market Marchael of the Market Marchael of the Market Mark
- SHEEPEXINS AND GLOVES SECTION, Hide and Leather Control Branch, Supplies and Equipment Ministon, Quartermaster Ceneral's Office, War Department.—See HIDE AND LEATHER CONTROL ERANCH.
- SHET STEM SHEGGMITTE, Steel and Steel Products Cooperative Committee, Rew Meteriale, Minerals, and Vetals Committee, Advisory Countiesion, Countil of Netional Delense,—Organized in Aure 1917. Missolved the following November, when the Counties were taken Counties informed of developments in the Sundon Proceedings of Counties informed of developments in the Standards, Records: Some may be some those of the Council and of the Board in NA.
- SHEIF AND HEAVY HARIMARE SECTION, Coneral Supplies Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Birector's Office, Purchese and Storage Mirector's Offics, Purchese, Storage, and Treffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See GENERAL SUPPLIES ERANCH.

- SHELF HARDWARE AND CORDAGE SECTION, Hardware, Cordage, and Miscellaneous Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See HARDWARE, CORDAGE, AND MISCELLANEOUS BRANCH.
- SHIP CHARTERINGS AND REPORTS SECTION, Logistics and Fuel Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Existed from 1917 to 1920. Functions: To have charge of the chartering of tankers, colliers, and barges for the transportation of fuel. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
- SHIP CONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE, Haval Consulting Board, Navy Department.--Created on November 4, 1915. Consisted of four members; F. J. Sprague, Chairman.--See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
- SHIP CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation .- Originated in a Construction Division established within the Construction Organization on August 20, 1917. This unit was replaced on December 5, 1917, by the Steel Ship Construction and Wood Ship Construction Divisions, the immediate predecossors of the Ship Construction Division, which was organized on January 16, 1919. The name of the latter was changed in June 1920 to the Ship Construction Section. Functions: To supervise the technical aspects of the emergency shipbuilding program; to approve ship designs and details of construction; to administer shipbuilding contracts; to inspect, hold trials of, and accept vessels; and to prepare statistical information on the construction program. Rocords: Consolidated with the general files of the Construction Organization in NA. Included are correspondence, memoranda, reports, and notes on all aspects of the emorgency shipbuilding program and on the administration and organization of the Ship Construction Division; registry documents and correspondence; specifications; contracts; and progress photographs. Also included are the personal files of Director General Charles M. Schwab, General Manager Charles Piez, and Vice President J. L. Ackerson. Only a few of the records in the general files of the Construction Organization postdate the delivery of the last emergency vessel in May 1922.
 - SHIP INFORMATION DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See SHIPPING INFORMATION DEPARTMENT.
 - SHIP INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Floot Corporation.—See MARITIME INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.
 - SHIP PROPULSION CUMMITTEE, STEAM ENGINEERING AND, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
 - SHIP PROTECTION COMMITTEE, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Organized in May 1917. Functioned as a subcommittee (although it did the major work) of the Ship Protection General Committee after September 1917. Ceased to function in May 1919. Functions: To receive and consider suggestions submitted by cities desiring to help protect American vessels from submarine destruction. Cooperated with the Naval Consulting Board, the War Risk Insurance Eureau, and other agencies. Records: May 1917—April 1921 (33 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence and

field officers of the Board and of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, and other Government agencies; transcripts of hearings before the Board; copies of decisions, awards, and agreements and a codification of decisions, awards, and interpretations of the Board; data on cost of living studies for various cities and on Pacific Coast wage rates; and reports and related correspondence on wage scales for individual shipyards. References: Willard E. Hotchkiss and Henry R. Seager, History of the Shipbuilding Labor Adjustment Board, 1917 to 1919 (Labor Statistics Bureau, Bulletin No. 283. Washington, 1921).

SHIPPING BOARD .-- A body of five men appointed by the President and organized on January 30, 1917, under authority of the Shipping Act of September 7, 1916. Became an important war agency with farreaching additional authority granted to it by further legislation and executive action. Its powers to acquire and operate merchant vessels were delegated to the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. The Board was not abolished until 1933, when its functions were transferred to the newly formed Shipping Board Bureau in the Commerce Department. The Bureau in turn was abolished in 1936 and most of its work and personnel were taken over by the new Maritime Commission. Edward N. Hurley was Chairman of the Board during most of the war period. Functions: Through a large number of subordinate committees, divisions, and offices, the Board exercised broad regulatory powers over such matters as shipping rates and practices, the allocation of ships, the recruitment of seamen, and claims for insurance. Records: 1916-36 (2,887 feet) in NA. General files, docket files, and minutes of the Board, together with the records of a number of subordinate units. Papers of the Chairman are at Notre Dame University. References: Shipping Board, Annual Reports, 1917-21; Edward N. Hurley, The New Merchant Marine (New York, 1920), and The Bridge to France (Philadelphia, 1927); Darrell H. Smith and Paul V. Betters, The United States Shipping Board (Washington, 1931).

SHIPPING BOARD EMERGENCY FLEET CORPORATION .- A Government corporation established under the laws of the District of Columbia on April 16, 1917, in accordance with the provisions of the Shipping Act of September 7, 1916. By Executive order and Shipping Board action, the Corporation took over many of the functions of the Shipping Board, to which it was responsible and the members of which served as trustees of the Corporation during the war period. The war activities, records, and personnel of the Corporation may, with a few exceptions, be grouped under two main units, the "Construction Organization" and the "Operations Division." The Corporation, whose name was changed to Merchant Fleet Corporation in 1927, was abolished on October 29, 1936. Functions: To attend to "the purchase, construction, equipment, lease, charter, maintenance, and operation of merchant vessels in the commerce of the United States." Direct responsibility for these functions was delegated to the Construction Organization and the Operations Division referred to above, but the trustees net frequently and exercised general supervision over all activities of the Corporation. Records: 1917-36 (19,200 feet) in NA. Include minutes of meetings of trustees and records of the Ship Protection Committee, the Investigation Department, the Claims Department, the Construction Organization, and the Operations Division. Other records are in the Maritime Commission.

- References: Shipping Board, Annual Reporte, 1917-21; Edward N. Burkey, The New Merchant Marine (New York, 1920) and The Bridge to Frame (Filladalphia, 1927), Barrall N. Satth and Paul V. Bettare, Then United States Shipping Board (Kashington, 1921); Harold A. Van Dorn, Government Downd Corporations, ch. 3 (New York, 1926).
- SHIPPING COMMITTEE, Council of National Defensa.—Appointed on april 23, 1917. Resignations of the members were offered on December 5, 1917, and accepted on January 23, 1918. The Chairman of the Countities, William Denhes and Later Edward N. Narley, was also the Chairman of the Shipping Board, and the Countities was also known as the Advisory Shipping Committee of the Shipping and American To study and advise on methods of increasing the tonase swallable for chipments to the Allies. As the Chairman Board increased its activities, the Countities gradually became mimply a list son agent between the Council and the Board.

 Records:
- SEIPING COMPROL COMMITTEE, Shipping Board.—A body of three members appointed by the Chairman of the Shipping Board sometime in February 1918, which succeeded a Special Committee on Shipping February 1918, which succeeded a Special Committee resigned on formed on February 1. The Shipping Control were transferred to the December 31, 1918, and most of its discretions were transferred to the December 31, 1918, and most of its discretions Division, Shipping Energy East Compron February 5, and James 1913. Serial Laboratory Compron February 5 are sufficient to the Shipping Control of the Shipping Shipping 1, 1919, 191
 - SHIPPING INJUSTRIAL JOINT CONFERENCE, Shipping Board.—See JOINT SHIP-PING INJUSTRIAL CONFERENCE.
 - SHIPPING INFORMATION DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Deergency Fleet Corporation.—See CENTRAL RECORDS AND INFORMATION BUREAU.
 - SHIPPING MISSION, AMERICAN. -- See AMERICAN SECTION, Allied Maritims Transport Council.
 - SHIPPING PROBLEMS SECTION, Mar Minerale Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See WAR MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.
 - SKIPPING SECTION, Supreme Economic Council. -- See SUPRIME ECONOMIC COUNCIL.
 - SHIPPING TRAUSE DEPAIRENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Desguny Flest Corporation.—divisions statistical on June 4, 1919, upon the disolution of the 1919 when the Traines and allocations, upon the disolution of the 1919 when the Traine Department and continued until Polymorphic To place Shipping Board wareas a formed its functions. Whichever to place Shipping Board wareas a formed to furnish a shipping to the propert Coal Department (accept formed which was headled by the Expert Coal Department, formed to the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company Trades and allocations Department, technicated in Mil. Corretorious and the Company of the Company of

- and commitments for cargoes and to general trade conditions at Atlantic ports. References: Shipping Board, Annual Reports, 1919, p. 105-107.
- SHIPS' ALLOWANCE SECTION, Supply Division, Steam Engineering Bureau, Navy Department.—See SUPPLY DIVISION.
- SHIPYARD PLANTS CONSTRUCTION SECTION, Shipyard Plants Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established on October 14, 1918, and terminated on February 15, 1920. Functions: To inspect and approve shipyard sites; to approve the design and supervise the construction and improvement of shipyards, installation and storage yards, and industrial plants in which the Emergency Fleet Corporation had an interest; and to cooperate in the disposal of shipyard plants and shipyard plant materials. The Section took over the functions of the Concrete Yard Construction Section in January 1919. Records: Consolidated with those of the Division in NA.
- SHIPYARD PLANTS DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established on August 20, 1917. ceeded on February 15, 1920, by the Shipyard Plants Section of the Ship Construction Division. This Section was abolished on April 1, 1920, but its work was carried on by a small staff under the jurisdiction of the Assistant Manager of Construction. On October 12, 1920, such shipyard plant matters as remained were placed under the authority of an Assistant in Charge of Yards and Docks. A Yards and Docks Section appears to have existed until December 1921. Functions: To investigate the shipbuilding capacity, actual and potential, of the shipyards of the country; to supervise the construction and improvement of shipyards, drydocks, marine railways, and ship repair plants in which the Corporation was interested; to develop and approve plans for shipyard construction and betterment; and, throughout 1919, to supervise the disposal of shipyard plants. Records: 1917-22 (118 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, reports, notes, memorends, maps, and blueprints relating to shipyards generally and to the construction of shipyard plants, drydocks, marine railways, ship repair plants, and storage yards; also title records to the land upon which shipyard plants were located and records relating to the construction of the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Co. plants at Sparrow Point, Md., and Alameda, Calif.
 - SHIPYARD VOLUNTEERS DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Established on January 16 and abolished on April 3, 1913. Apparently its work was continued by the Industrial Service Department (later the Industrial Relations Division). Functions: To conduct, in cooperation with the Public Service Reserve of the Labor Department, a publicity campaign to attract and enroll volunteers to enter shipbuilding trades. Records: Those in NA include correspondence relating to employment in shippards and to enrollment in the Volunteer Service (3 feet). There are also some records relating to applications for enrollment in the Shippard Volunteers in the files of the Vice President in Charge of Administration, 1917-18 (1 foot). An unknown quantity of enrollment records has been destroyed.

- SHOCK, ASPHIXIA, HEMORRHAME, AND CARRON MONOTIDE INVESTIGATIONS SECTION, Physiological Research Mivision, War Gas Investigations, Minnes Bureau, Interior Department.—Prebably organized in the summer of 1917. Transferred with the entire War Gas Investigations to the War Department on June 25, 1918, Punctions: To determine changes in the blood during different forms of applyxie and to engete the proper methods of treatment. Records: In the War Department and the Minnes Bureau. References Minnes Bureau, War Gas Investigations, 24 (Bulletin 198a, Washington, 1919)
- SHOE AND HARMESS REPAIR BRANCH, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Starage Director's Office, Purchase Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Far Department.—Established on October 28, 1918. Py Purchase and Storage Notice 16. 79 of February 24, 1919, whis Franch became a Section of the Repair Suppersence, Punctions; 10 direct the repair and reclamation of shoes and harmess at camps, cantoments, posts, and depots; and to make recommendations concerning the purchase and distribution of equipment and supplies necessary for such work. Records; Some are among these of the Quarternature Centeralty Office in NA.
- SHOR EPAIR REAUSE, Cannervation and Reclamation Evision, Quartermaster General's Office, Yar Department.—Established on January 26, 1918, as the Shoe Repair Section of the Repair Eranch, Reclamstion Division. On April 16, 1918, it became a Eranch of that Division, which on April 22 was designated the Conservation and Reclamation Division. Discontinued on October 28, 1918, when As Innevation Printed Prin
- SHOE SECTION, Shoes, Leather, and Rubber Branch, Clothing and Equipage Hivision, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See SHOES, LETTING, AND EMBER BRANCH.
- SHOE SECTION, BOOT AND, Hide, Leather, and Leather Goods Division, War Industries Board, -- See BOOT AND SHOE SECTION.

- SHOES AND LEATHER GOODS SECTION, Clothing and Equipage Branch, Quartermaster Subdivision, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE BRANCH.
- SHOES AND LEATHER SECTION, Supplies Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defence.—See SHOE AND LEATHER INDUSTRIES CO-OPERATIVE COMMITTEE.
- SHOES AND SHOE SUPPLIES SECTION, Clothing and Equipage Branch, Surplue Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Wir Department.—See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE BRANCH.
- SHOES, LEATHER, AND RUBBER BRANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quartermaster General'e Office, War Department.—Established on January 18, 1918, as the Leather and Rubber Branch. Became the Shoes, Leather, and Rubber Branch shortly thereafter. Operated through the following Sections: Harness, Leather Clothing, Leather Goods, and Shoe, all of which were established on October 8, 1918. On October 28, 1918, it was transferred with the Division to the Office of the Director of Purchase as the Leather and Rubber Branch. Functions: To have charge of the procurement, production, and inspection of the shoes, harnese, leather clothing equipment, and rubber goods used by the Army. Records: Probably among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
- SHORE ESTABLISHMENTS DIVISION, Construction and Repair Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the war. In June 1921 it was abolished and its functions were taken over by a Shore Establishments Division set up under the Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

 Functions: To have charge of the design, development, and organization of plants at shore stations, including navy yarde, naval stations, and repair bases for submarines and aircraft; of the supply of machine tools and equipment and the maintenance of material stocks; and of investigations of costs at shore establishments.

 Records: In NA among the general files of the Bureau.
- SHORE ESTABLISHMENTS SECTION, Cargo Traffic Branch, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—See CARGO TRAFFIC BRANCH.
- SHORT LINE SECTION, Public Service Division, Railroad Administration.—
 Created on July 29, 1918, in the Public Service and Accounting Division. Transferred to the Public Service Division on February 1, 1919. Discontinued on March 1, 1920. Functions: To see that short lines had fair treatment in the routing of traffic, a reasonable share of the available car supply, and a fair division of rates.

 Records: Authorized for destruction on March 20, 1934.
- SIGNAL BRANCH, Domestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See DOMESTIC OPERATIONS DIVISION.

- SIGNAL BRANCH, Machinery and Engineering Materiale Division, Purchese Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Constal Staff, War Department.—See MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS DIVISION.
- SIGNAL CORPS. -- See SIGNAL OFFICER'S OFFICE, CHIEF, War Department.
- SIGNAL CORPS SECTION, Purchase Summaries Branch, Statistical Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic birdson, General Staff, War Department.—See PURCHASE SUM-WARTES ERANCH.
- SIGNAL CORPS SECTION, War Department Claims Board, War Department.— See WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS BOARD.
- SIGNAL-LIGHT SECTION, Pyrotechnic Research Mitision, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bursau, Interior Department.—Probebly organized lists in 1917. Transferred with the entire War Gas Investigations to the War Department on June 25, 1918. Functions: To investigate flares, land and air eignals, and signaling devices for simplanes and submarines. Records: In the War Department and the Mines Enrem. References: Mines Europa. War Gas Investigations, 31 (hilletin 1724. Weshington, 1919).
- SIGNAL OFFICER'S OFFICE, CHIEF, Har Department .- The position of Signal Officer of the Army was provided for by an act of June 20, 1860; the Signal Corps, which he supervised se Chief Signal Officer, was organised under an ect of March 3, 1863. His Office was sometimes known es the "Signal Office," and the Corpe during the early part of its history was more usually known as the "Signal Service." During the war the Office of the Chief Signal Officer operated through a large number of Divisions, including the following: Air, Aviation, Construction, Engineering and Research, Equipment, Executive, Finance and Supply, Land, Military Aeronautics, Photographis, Procurement, Purchase, Radio, Science and Research, Spacial Service, Spruce Production, Supply, and Supply and Accounts. Functiones To empely squirment for the means of communication of the Armyt to train personnel and to supply material used by field signal bettalions, telegraph bettalions, and fire-control statione; to supply photographic material: and to organize units for field service at home and abroad. Records: 1886-1942 (3,492 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence, decimal files, purchase order and contract files, and related records.
 - SIGMAL SUBDIVISION, Demestic Distribution Evision, Storage Mirector's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage Staff, War Department.—Authorized on October 25, 1918. Functioned through four Branchess Traffic, Regulation, Stock Record, and Surplus Property. In attended on Myrabid Property. In attended on Myrabid Property. In attended the Myrabid Storage of Control the storage, distribution to was shollahed. Functions: To control the storage, distribution to the Arry, and minimumous of the Control the Storage Control the Storage of Control of Storage and Storage of Storage and Storage of Stora
- SIGNAL SUBDIVISION, Overcoss Metribution Envision, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase,

- Storage, and Traffic Divisien, General Staff, War Department.—Established about December 2, 1918. In existence when the Overseas Distribution Division was merged in the Overseas Supply Division on February 1, 1919. Functions: To be responsible for the mevement of Signal Corps supplies to ports of embarkation for overseas shipment. Records: Seme are among these of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
- SIGNAL SUBDIVISION, Pert Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Sterage, and Traffic Divisien, General Staff, War Department.—Purchase and Sterage Netice No. 9 of Octeber 25, 1918, established a Signal Branch in the Port Operations Mivisien. On November 22 this Branch became the Signal Subdivision, which was still in existence on February 1, 1919, when the Division was abelished. Functions: Te have charge of the compilation of records and reports relative to the mevement of Signal Corps supplies through ports of embarkation for overseas forces, and to regulate the mevement of such supplies in accordance with established priorities. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - SIGNAL SUPPLIES SECTION, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on May 19, 1919, and included the following Subsections: Domestic Distribution, Expert Distribution, Replenishment, Stock Record, and Surplus Property. Became a Branch en Nevember 6, 1919, and was merged in the Regular Supplies Division on May 19, 1920. Functions: Te have charge of the storage and distribution of Signal Cerps supplies and unit equipment. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - SICHALING SECTION, Science and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See SCIENCE AND RESEARCH DIVISION.
 - STIK SECTION, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Beard:—
 Formed en August 2 and discontinued on December 31, 1918. Functions:
 To act as intermediary botween ether Government agencies and the silk and allied industries; and to serve as a clearinghouse: for matters regarding imports, exports, customs complaints, and licenses affecting the silk trade. Records: Probably in the "consolidated files" of the Board in NA.
 - SILVER SECTION, GOLD AND, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.— See GOLD AND SILVER SECTION.
 - SISAL AND TEXTILE FOOD CONTAINERS SECTION, Collatoral Commodities Division, Food Administration.—See COLLATERAL COLLODITIES DIVISION.
 - SITES COMMITTEE, Housing Corporation.—Organized in 1918. Composed of four members, appointed from the Architoctural, Town Planning, Engineering, and Real Estato Mivisions. Abolished after the armistico. Functions: Surveyed and selected sitos for housing projects. Records: Interfiled with those of various divisions of the Housing Corporation in NA.
 - SIXTH DIVISION, Navigation Bureau, Navy Department .- See MORALE DI-VISION.

- SKILLED LABOR SECTION, Clearante Division, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Established in May 1918. Later added to the Clearance Division and at the termination of the war become part of the operations Division. Functions: To alleviste the chortage of skilled labor in various trades engaged in the production of war saterial, and to compile statistics on the number of available men in these trades. Records: Mererabous suknown.
- SKILLED LABORERS EXEMPTION COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See EXEMPTION OF SKILLED LABORERS COMMITTEE.
- SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION GROUP, Gauge Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See GAUGE BRANCH.
- SALL ARES AUGUSTION INSERTION SERTION, Small Arms Division, Ordname Chief's Office, Na Tipmatenah-chrighted in October 1917 es the Small Arms Ammundtion Section of the Small Arms Division, and transferred on January 14, 1918, to the newly created Imspection Edvision. On April 15, 1918, it was combined with the Cammon and Small Arms Section to forms the Cammon and Small Arms Enranch of that Divsion. It again because e part of the Small Arms Edvision, as its Small Arms Ammunition Inspection Section, upon the restriction and of the Division by Office order No. 435, effective on February 1, Probably Arth Baces of the Offices In Agamunition. Records
- SMALL ARMS ADJUNITION SECTION, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See CANNON AND SMALL ARMS SRANCH, Executive Section.
- SHALL ARES AND ACCUNTTION BRANCH, Ordnance Subdivision, Donestic Distribution Division, Storage Mirector's Office, Purchase and Storage Mirector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Ceneral Staff, War Department.—Ges ORDNANCE SUBDIVISION
- SMAIL ARDS AND MODIFICION COMMITTEE, General Nuntitions Board, Councils of Notional Defense.—Fored on Heroth 10, 1977, of representatives of concerns samifacturing small arms and functioned under both the munitions Standards Board and the General Nuntition Board. Upon March 1988, the second of the Finished Frechets Existing The Arms Assumition Society of the Finished Frechets Existing The Industries Board, on June 1, 1918, the Committees was discontinued, Functioner To discuss facilities for the samifacture of small arms and to recommend to the Council programs of presenges and preparetory desands with regard to designs and specifications. Fenomers Troubly as Sound these of the Council and of the Var Industries Board Freedely among these of the Council and of the Var Industries Board Freedely among these of the Council and of the Var Industries Board Council Programs of Propagation of Productives Board Council Programs of Programs of Programs of Productives Board Council Programs of Programs of Programs of Productives Board Council Programs of Pr
- SMALL ARMS AND EQUIPMENT DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, war Department. See SMALL ARMS DIVISION.
- SMAIL ARMS BRAWS, Flant Pscilities Section, Inspector of Granance Estebliebrents, Ordnance Chief's Office, Tar Department.—See PLANT FACILITIES SECTION.

SMAIL ARMS BRANCH, CANNON AND, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. See CANNON AND SMALL ARMS BRANCH.

SMALL ARMS DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department .- Originated in the Small Arms and Equipment Division, which existed before the war. On May 31, 1917, pursuant to Office Order No. 8, the Small Arms Division was established as one of the 10 Divisions of the Office. It operated through the following Sections: Administration, Aircraft, Contract, Emergency Labor Production, Engineering, Finance and Property, Inspection, Planning and Engineering, Production, Purchase, Small Arms Ammunition, and Small Arms Inspection. On January 14, 1918, by Office Order No. 104, the Office was reorganized along functional lines and the Division was abolished. Some of its activities were transferred to the new Divisions of Procurement, Production, and Inspection, and the engineering activities were assigned to the Machino Gun and Small Arms Section of the new Engineering Bureau. By Office Order No. 495 of Jamary 7, 1919 (effective February 1), the Office was again reorganized, and the Small Arms Division was reestablished with increased functions. Functions: To be responsible, up to the time the field service assumed control, for the design, production, and procurement of automatic rifles, machine guns of all types, shoulder rifles, bayonets, pistols, revolvers, shotguns, small arms ammunition of all types, sabers, bolos, target material, helmets, and tranch knives. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

SMALL ARMS INSPECTION SECTION, Small Arms Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Croated about June 1, 1917, in the Small Arms Division. On January 14, 1918, it was transferred to the newly created Inspection Division as its Small Arms Section. On April 15, 1918, this Section was placed with the Cannon Section and the Small Arms Ammunition Section to form the Cannon and Small Arms Branch of the Inspection Division. It again became a part of the Small Arms Division upon the reestablishment of that Division by Office Order No. 495, effective on February 1, 1919. Functions: To hendle the inspection of small arms, including raw materials and components, and the final inspection of rifles, shotguns, pistols, revolvers, bolos, bayonets, accessories, and gauges. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

SMALL ARMS SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—The functions of this Section were originally performed by the Small Arms Division. On January 14, 1918, when the Office was reorganized, the Small Arms Section of the Procurement Division was established. It operated at first through the following Branches: Rifle, Pistol, Bayonets and Sabers, Accessories, Ammunition, Machine Gun, and Miscellaneous. At the time of the armistice it was reduced to the following Branches: Ammunition, Arms, Machine Gun, and Miscellaneous. On February 1, 1919, by Office Order No. 495, the functions of the Section were returned to the Small Arms Division. Functions: To handle negotiations connected with the purchase of small arms and machine guns of all kinds, with thoir accessories and ammunition; sido arms of all kinds and their accessories; target material; and insignia. Recorde: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

- SMALL ARMS SECTION, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on Jamary 14, 1938. Operated through the following Pranches: Administration, Numeracturing, Meterial, and Statistical. Abolished on October 23, 1918. Functions: To supervise and regulate the production of rifles, pistols, revolvers, other side arms, and accessories. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- SMALL ARMS WEAPONS GROUP, Geuge Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Mivision, Ordnance Chief's Office War Department. —See CAUGE BRANCH.
- SMALL TOOLS AND CHESTS BRANCH, General Supplies Division, Purchass Mirector's Offics, Purchase and Storage Director's Offics, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department .-Originated in the Hardwars and Metale Division, Quartsrmagter Genaral's Office, as the Tool and Hardwara Sundriss Branch, and was designated the Small Tools and Cheste Branch on July 17, 1918. Transferred with the Division to the General Supplies Division. Purchase Director's Office, on October 28, 1918. Functioned through the following Sections: Finished Hand Tools, Canvas Goods Hardware, Tools and Cheet Equipment, Miscellansone Tools, Cutlary, Semifinished Tools, and Records. In the divisional reorganization of December 31, 1918, this Branch wee shollabed, part of its functions being taken over by the Hardware and Hand Tools Branch. Functions; To have charge of the procurement of chests, small tools, and composition textile hardware. Recorder Some are among those of the Quartermester General's Office in Na.
- SMALL TOOLS AND CHESTS SECTION, General Supplies Branch, Quartermenter Subdivision, Demostic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Lirector's Office, Purchase, Scorage, and Traffic Edvision, Censral Staff, War Department, -- See CENTRIL SUPPLIER REMEM.
- SUALL TOOLS SECTION, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board, -- See HARDWARE AND HAND TOOL SECTION.
- SHTESOHIM HISTITUTION,—Created by an ect of 1846, under tha terms of the will of James Sattheon, who in 1826 bequesting the fortune to the United States to found an exteblishment for the "increase and diffraction of knowledge smomg men." <u>Purctions</u>: Not of the research of the Institution is carried on by the several agencies under its direction. Of these, the United States Reitlonal Research of the Inches Settlement States and the Authority of the Settlement of the Settlement States and Settlement Se
- SHOULD-SAIDE GETTION, Pyrotechnic Eswarch Littiden, Nam Ges Investigetions, Mines Paress, Interior Popuratent.—Probably organized
 sea in a remarkered with the entire War Gas Investigation
 that the programment on Manue 25, 1918. Punctions: To device
 seate and nocks servem apparatus for the Aury and Kery. Records:
 In the War Deparatent and the Mines Bursen. References: Mines
 Buren, Mar Gas Investigations, 29-30 (Bulletin 1784. Weshington,
 1919).

- SMOKELESS POWDER, JOINT ARMY AND NAVY BOARD ON.—See JOINT ARMY AND NAVAL BOARD ON GUN FORGING SPECIFICATIONS.
- SOCIAL HYGIENE BOARD, INTERDEPARTMENTAL.—See INTERDEPARTMENTAL SOCIAL HYGIENE BOARD.
- SOCIAL HYGIENE DIVISION, Training Camp Activities Commission, Navy Department. -- See TRAINING CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION.
- SOCIAL HYGIENE DIVISION, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department.—Created on October 30, 1917, as the Social Hygiene Instruction Division. Functioned through the following Soctions: Army, Navy, Men's Work, Women's Work, and Motion Picture. Probably terminated with the Commission in 1919. Functions: To combat venereal disease in the Army and the Navy through various means of educational propaganda. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
- SOCIAL SERVICE AGENCIES DEPARTMENT, MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING, Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense.—See MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING SOCIAL SERVICE AGENCIES DEPARTMENT.
- SODIUM CYANIDE PLANT (CHEMICAL PLANT NO.4), Mineral Technology Division, Minee Bureau, Interior Department.—Such a plant was suggested by the Mines Bureau in September 1917, and construction began on December 27, 1917. The plant was operated by the Bureau under appropriations made for the Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department, but alloted to the Mines Bureau. By November 11, 1918, the plant was operating successfully but not on a full scale. It was transferred, together with its personnel, to the Nitrate Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department, on December 21, 1918. Functions: To construct and operate a plant for making sodium cyanide by the Bucher process. Records: In the Minee Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Minerals, Nitrogen Fixation, and Sodium Cyanide, 58-61 (Bulletin 1788. Washington, 1919).
 - SOIL FERTILITY INVESTIGATIONS OFFICE, Plant Industry Bureau, Agriculture Department. -- See PLANT INDUSTRY BUREAU.
 - SOIL PHYSICS DIVISION, Soile Burcau, Agriculture Department.--See SOILS BURRAU.
 - SOIL SURVEY DIVISION, Soils Bureau, Agriculture Department.—See SOILS BUREAU.
 - SOILS EUREAU, Agriculture Department.—Established on February 15, 1894, as the Division of Agricultural Soile in the Weather Bureau; attained bureau status in 1895. Consolidated on July 1, 1927, with the Chemistry Bureau to form the Chemistry and Soils Bureau. On October 16, 1938, this Bureau was merged with the Agricultural Engineering Bureau to form the Agricultural Chemistry and Engineering Bureau. At the same time soil and fertilizer work was transferred to the Plant Industry Eureau. Functions: During the war the Eureau's regular functions of making soil surveys and maps, seeking out and developing fertilizer resources, and conducting chemical and physical investigations of soils, including studies of soil erosion, were intensified and broadened. The Soil Survey Division cooperated with the War Department in the construction of progressive

military maps of the United States; furnished soil maps and special cartographic information; and at the request of the War Department surveyed areas where there was the greatest need of fundamental information. The Chemical Investigations Division prepared various special soils for the Chemical Warfare Service of the War Department. The Fertilizer Resources Investigations Division investigated and developed domestic sources of potash, nitrogen, and phosphate and furnished technicians and advice to the Office of Fertilizer . Control. the duties of which were assigned to this Division after the war. The Division of Soil Physics alded in work on the synthesis of ammonie and the oxidation of ammonie in cooperation with the Fertilizer Resources Investigations Division and with the Nitrote Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department, The Buresu also worked along various lines to carry out the provisions of the Food Production Act of August 10, 1917, particularly investigating soile best suited for the most needed crops. Records: 1894-1940 (1,500 feet) in NA. Those for the war period include the central files of the Bureau and field operation reports and field mape of the Soil Survey Division; records pertaining to the fartiliser work smone those of the Office of Fertilizer Control and of the Fixed Mitrogen Research Laboratory; and records of the potash investigations among those of the Soil and Fertilizer Investigations Division of the Bureau of Flent Industry. Other files are in the custody of the Bureaus of Agricultural Chemistry and Engineering and of Plant Industry in the Agriculture Department. References: Quetavue A. Weber. The Bureau of Chamietry and Soile (Baltimore, 1928).

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS AND WAR WORKERS BUREAUS, RETURNING, -- 500 RETURNING SOLDIERS AND SAILORS AND WAR TORKERS EVERAUS.

SOLDIERS AND SALLONS EMERGENCY COMMITTEE, EMPLOYMENT FOR Arsenals Director's Office, Ordnance Chasi's Office, War Department.—See EMPLOYMENT FOR SOLDIERS AND SALLONS EMERGENCY COMMITTEE.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS EMERGENCY COMMITTEE, EMPLOYMENT FOR, Council of National Defence.—See EMPLOYMENT FOR SOLDIERS AND SAILORS EMER-CHECK COMMITTEE.

SOLE AND FEITING LEATHER SECTION, Hide and Leather Control Branch, Supplies and Equipment Division, Quartermaster Concral's Office, War Department.—See HIDE AND LEATHER CONTROL BRANCH.

SOLICITOR DIVISION, Post Office Department.—In existence before the war. <u>Functions</u>: During the war it enforced those provisions of the Engliange Act and the Trading With the Energy Act that related to the use of the gails; advised other administrative officers of

. 2000

the Department in connection with other war activities; and cooperated with the intelligence services of the War, Navy, and Justice Departments and with the Committee on Public Information. Records: Some may be among those of the Department in NA. Others remain in the Post Office Department.

SOLICITOR'S OFFICE, Navy Department.—Established in 1900 in the Office of the Judge Advocate General and transferred in 1907 to the Secretary's Office. Consolidated with the Judge Advocate General's Office in 1921. Functions: During the war the Solicitor was concerned with the nommilitary business of the Department, including matters relating to advertisements, contracts, proposals, bonds, and guarantees: insurance; patents; real estate; claims; proceedings in civil courts; Congressional bills and resolutions and inquiries not relating to personnel; and the rendering of legal opinions. Records: In NA for the war period. The correspondence is filed with that of the Secretary's Office and other records are included with those of the Judge Advocate General's Office. References: Henry P. Beers, "Historical Sketch of the Office of the Judge Advocate General, Navy Department," in U. S. Naval Institute, Proceedings, 67: 672-673 (May 1941).

SOUND AND FLASH RANGING SECTION, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department. -- Established as a temporary unit prior to the end of 1917. Functions: To study sound and flash range problems. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

SOUND DETECTING AND RANGE FINDING SECTION, UNDERGROUND, Mining Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See UNDERGROUND SOUND DETECTING AND RANGE FINDING SECTION.

SOUND AMERICAN AND WEST INDIES TRADE BRANCH, Trades and Allocations Division, Shipping Control Committee, Shipping Board.—See TRADES AND ALLOCATIONS DIVISION.

SPACE ALLOTHENT BRANCH, Service Subdivision, Domestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized on November 1, 1918. On May 13, 1919, it was consolidated with the Warehouse Handling Methods Branch and the Army Reserve Depot Subdivision into the Reserve Depot and Space Allotment Branch of the Operations Control Division, Storage Service. Functions: To collect and maintain records of the utilization and availability of space, and to maintain liaison between the Domestic Operations Division and the Facilities Division of the General Staff.

Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

SPACE ALLOTMENT BRANCH, RESERVE DEPOT AND, Operations Control Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See RESERVE DEPOT AND SPACE ALLOTMENT BRANCH.

SPARE PARTS AND TIRES BRANCH, Motors and Vehicles Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MOTORS AND VEHICLES DIVISION.

- SPARE PARTS BRANCH, Motore Subdivision, Overenas Matribution Mission, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Fraffic Director, General Staff, War Department.—Establish of the 1, 1918, and still in experimental to the state of the state of the state of the lions: To be responsible for filling requisitions for spare parts required for overseas, forces. Records: Some are among those of the Constructator General's Office in the
- SPEMMERS BRANCH, Industrial Education Section, Administration Livieion, Ordnance Chieffe Office, Far Department.—See INDUSTRIAL EDU-CATION SECTION.
- SPEAKERS' BUREAU, Four Minute Men Division, Committee on Public Information. -- See SPEAKING DIVISION.
- SCHANGE: MIRBU, Nice Concervation Existen, Pool Administration—
 Organized an September 1917 as a section of the Wiscallamous Activities Marieton, trunsferred to the Conservation Division (later
 the News Conservation Division) in November 1917, and retransferred
 to the States Administration Division in April 1918 as the Speakers'
 Section of that Division. Thereafter no attempt was made by the
 Washington office to maintain a corps of speakers, but speakers'
 bureaus were formed in almost every State. Punctions:
 speakers in their appeals for food conservative speakers and direct
 speakers in their appeals for food conservative spraining speakers and direct
 speakers in their appeals for food conservative spraining speakers and dieds of prospective speak for his conservative spraining speakers and less of prospective speak Tooke, The Noric of the Paderal Food Administration, Interiora icademy of Political and Social Edicace,
 Armals, 781 175-124 (Auly 1918) Hilliams of Mullamore, History of
 the United States Food Administration, 1917-1909, 91 (Stanford University, 1942).
- SPEMERS' SECTION, Field Division, Council of National Defenses.—Crganized on October 1, 1918, and probably terminated early in 1939. Headed by Frederick L. Allen. <u>Buckleins: To have charge of obtaining organizing</u>, and routing speakers on particular subjects. <u>Records</u>: Probably samon these of the Council in NA.
- SPEAKERS' SECTION, States Administration Mivision, Food Administration.—See SPEAKERS' EUREAU, Home Conservation Division.
- SPEAIND DIVISION, comittee on Public Information.—Cremination approved by a latter of the President deted September 25, 1917. Transferred on September 1918s, to the Form Minute in Ministon, where it was known as the Speaker's Bureau. It terminated in December 1918, and the American Rational Red Cross took over the direction

of tours of speakers previously scheduled. Arthur E. Bestor and J. J. Pettijohn, Directors successively. Functions: To coordinate and make more effective the efforts of the numerous governmental and private speakers' bureaus that were conducting speaking campaigns in support of the national interest. The Division assembled a card catalog of over 10,000 speakers and had available a select group of 300 effective speakers for whom engagements were made. Records: 1917-19 (17 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, pertaining especially to organization of the work, war conferences, speakers and speeches, and special speaking tours; publications; and card records of speakers.

SPECIAL AGENT'S OFFICE AT CLEVELAND, OHIO, Shipping Board.—Opened in September 1917 under the direction of F. A. Eustis, Special Agent. After Eustis' resignation in January 1919 his work was centinued by a Disbursing Officer. The Office was closed about July 1, 1920. Functions: Supervised the reconstruction of 21 Great Lakes vessels in order to make them usable at sea; the cutting of 12 of the ships to enable them to pass through the Welland Canal, and their subsequent reassembling; and the program of requisitioning Great Lakes steamers. Records: 1917-20 (89 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, reports, and memoranda relating to the requisitioning of vessels and the reconstruction work; blueprints of the "cut-in-two" vessels; progress photographs; purchase orders; and vouchers for money paid out of the special appropriation for requisitioned ships.

SPECIAL CLEMENCY BOARD, Judge Advocate Genoral's Office, War Department.—Created early in February 1919. Functions: To review the more serious cases involving confinement in disciplinary barracks or penitentiaries, with a view to recommending elemency where deserved or advisable. Records: In the Judge Advocate General's Office.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE, Reparation of Damages Commission, Peace Conference.—
Appointed by Clemenceau, Lloyd George, and House on March 10, 1919.
Consisted of three numbers: Edwin S. Montagu (of Great Britain),
Loucheur (of France), and Norman H. Davis (of the United States).

"The appointment of this committee was to be known to no one at
all . . ." Reported on March 15, 1919. Functions: To discuss the
question of reparation and to consider what sum might be reached.
Records: Probably some are in the State Department among those of
the American Commission to Negotiate Peace.

SPECIAL DESPATCH AGENT'S OFFICE, Shipping Control Committee, Shipping Board.—Organized on November 24, 1917, in the Operations Division of the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. On March 16, 1918, it became a part of the Shipping Control Committee, Shipping Board. Maintained branch offices in 15 Atlantic ports. The duties and filos of the Special Despatch Agent's Office remained separate, and after the resignation of the Shipping Control Committee on December 31, 1918, this Office was returned to the Operations Division. By May 1919 it became the Despatch Department, and in August 1919 it was consolidated with the Supervisors Department. Functions: To investigate the leading and unloading of vessels and to increase efficiency and avoid delay in dispatching ships. Records: 1917-19 (40 feet) in MA. Correspondence and reports.

- SPECIAL DIPLOMATIC MISSION TO HUSSIA .- Commissioned on May 14, 1917, as the Special Diplomatic Mission to the Provisional Government of Russie, Eliku Root headed the Mission, which included Charles R. Crane, John R. Mott, Cyrus McCormick, Samuel R. Bertron, James Duncan, Charles Edward Russell, Maj. Gen. Hugh L. Scott, and Rear Admiral James H. Glennon. The Wissien arrived in Petrograd on June 13, 1917, and began its work immediately. On July 21, 1917, it left Vladivostok for the United States. As a result of its work credite of over \$325,000,000 were opened to the Provisional Government, of which \$187,729,750 were expended before the downfall of the Provisional Government and the advent of the Bolshevists to power in November 1917. Known also as the Root Mission. Punctions: To prevent a esparete peace between Germany and Russie by offering American economic and moral support to the Provisional Government. Records: In the State Department, References: State Department, Foreign Relations, 1918, Russie, vol. 1, p. 107-152; vol. 3, p. 1-56; Samusl F. Bemis, A Diplomatic History of the United States, 633n (New York [1937]).
- SPECIAL REPRAIS AND PLANT EXTENSION SETTICA, compensation Beard, Navy Department,—Established in the Compensation Beard soon after the creation of that Beard on March 22, 1917. Functions: To recommend twithout to be taken by the Compensation Board in substraing additional facilities to plants; to make detailed moite of charges for additional facilities; to record expensitures by contractors was reinbursement by the Mary Department rainting to plant improvement that the properties of the sport o
- SFRIAL SERVICE HRANK, Storage Administrative Division, Storage Mirector's Office, Purchase and Storage Enventor's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Comeral Staff, Nar Department,—The Habilated on November 1, 1915. On May 13, 1919, it was transferred to the Operations Control Division so a Section of its Administrative Franch, Functions I to Install sales storas in compliance with the provisions of the law requiring the Department to maintain stocks of and to sell st a reasonable price to officure such cluthing and equipment as they needed. Records: Some are easing those of the Quarternaster General's Office In MA.
- SPENIAL SENTER DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, var Department.—Exteblished on September 7, 1915. Included the following Sections: Commercial Service, Meteorological, Photographic, and Figens. Functions: To contract and direct the work of Signal Corputte handling telephone and telegraph systems, selectorological date and studies, photographic activities, and pigeon service. Records: Postably sacong those of the Office in Na.
- SPECIAL SERVICE DIVISION, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Fer Department—Defated as elivision by June 21, 1918. Operated through three Sections: Embarkstion History, Inland Traffic Haison, and Purchase and Supply Haison. Functions: As indicated by the titles of its Sections. Faccards: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

- SPECIAL TRACTOR BRANCH, Motor Equipment Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Offico, War Department.—Established after September 5, 1918, at which time it assumed some of the functions of the Tanks and Tractors Branches of this Section. Functions: To procure special tractors for the Ordnancs Department. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- SPECIALTY MANUFACTURERS' SECTION, COMMERCIAL CONSERVATION AND, Staple Grocories Division, Food Administration. -- See COMMERCIAL CONSERVATION AND SPECIALTY MANUFACTURERS' SECTION.
- SPECIFICATION OF WAR MATERIAL WHICH CAN BE DEMANDED FROM GERMANY TO PREVENT HER FROM RENEWING THE STRUGGLE, COMMITTEE ON, Peace Conference.—Established at a session of the Supreme Council on February 7, 1919. The members were Robert Lansing (of the United States), Viscount Milner (of Great Britain), André Tardieu (of Franco), and U. Cavellero (of Italy). Had no president. Functions: To epecify the materials of war that might be demanded from Germany. Records: Some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. References: H. W. V. Temperley, od., A History of the Peace Conference of Paris, vol. 2, p. 504 (London, 1920).
 - SPECIFICATIONS AND PRODUCTION OF SMALL ARMS, BOARD TO CONSIDER, Ordnance Chief's Offico, War Department. See METALLURGICAL MATTERS COMMITTEE.
 - SPECIFICATIONS BRANCH, Tochnical Section, Ship Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See TECHNICAL SECTION.
 - SPECIFICATIONS SECTION, Enginooring and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Prior to October 15, 1918, the Radio Division had propared most of the specifications and drawings for the Signal Corps. On that date these functions were taken ever by the Specifications Section of the Engineering and Rosearch Division. This Section functioned through the Drawing and Data Branches. Functions: To supervise, file, and distribute the specifications pertaining to both the Electrical Engineering Section and the Radio Development Section of the Engineering and Rosearch Division. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - SPRUCE PRODUCTION CORPORATION.—Chartered by the State of Washington on August 20, 1918, pursuant to the Army Appropriat on Act of July 9, 1918. Capital stock was fixed at \$10,000,000, of which the United States retained a majority interest. In addition, debentures to the amount of \$25,000,000 were issued. The Corporation commonced operations on November 1, 1918, assuming the functions and property of the Spruce Production Division of the Aircraft Production Bureau of the War Department. After the war it disposed of its major property by conditional sale. At present the Corporation maintains an office in Portland, Oreg. Functions: To facilitate the business functions of lumber production and the sale of the product to airplane factories in the United States and to the Allied Covernments. Records: The bulk of the records are at Vancouver, Waeh. (1917-31, 1,054 foet), and are described in the Survey of Federal Archives, Inventory of Federal Archives in the States, series 4, War Department,

- No. 46, Emerication, 538-546 (Portland, 1941). Later records are in the custody of the Spruce Production Corporation at Portland. References: Narola A. van Dorn, Devergment Oyne Corporations, 242-255 (New York, 1926); History of the Soruce Freduction Division, Daited States Arry ([Fortland] 1930).
- SPECE PRODUCTION EDVISION, Aircreft Production Buresu, War Department.—Originally e part of the Office of the Chief Signal Office; transferred to the Bureau of Aircraft Production about Eay 20, 1918, Worked in alose cooperation with the Sprace Production Corporation, a Covernment—owned organization, Punctions: To increase the output of timber used in the manufacture of Aircraft. Records: In the affice of the Air Forces, War Department.
- SPAUCE PRODUCTION DIVISION, Chief signal Officer's Office, Far Department.—See SPAUCE PRODUCTION DIVISION, Aircreft Production Bureau.
- STANCS DIVISION, Post Office Department.—In existence before the war. Its war work was performed through the following Sections Account, Revenue, and War Savings. Punctions: To cell to the public thrift etasps, war savings etasps, and internal revenue stamps. Recorder: In the Fost Office Department.
- STANDARDIZATION BRANCH, ENGINEERING AND, Furchese, Storage, and Traffic Divid on, General Staff, Far Department.—See ENGINEERING AND STANDARDIZATION BRANCH.
- GIMBADIZATION OF INDICAL AND SUMMICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT CUMITITE, Medicine and Santatation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of Netlocal Defense.—Authorized on February 2, 1917. Activities dealing with articles used in arglosive were taken over in May 1918 by the Far Industries Board. Ceesed functioning after the andside. The following Subcomitieses were in acisance et various times: One density, Conticutinatese were in acisance et various times: Chemistry, Conticutinary, Opencalogy, Hospital Administration, Internal Medicine, Laryngology and Rinnology, Flarancy, Physiology, Canticutinary, Opencalogy, and Edwindley, Flarancy, Physiology, Aurery, Sangery Pathology, and Arbay. Phospital Continuing of Conticuting Conticu
- STANDARDIZATION OF PETROLUM SPECIFICATIONS, INTERALLIED COMMISSION ON, Interallied Petrolum Conference.—See INTERALLIED COMMISSION ON STANDARDIZATION OF PETROLUM SPECIFICATIONS.
 - STAMMADIZATION OF PETALEMS SPEDIFICATIONS COMBITTER.—Created by Executive Order No. 2293, July 31, 31948. Composed of seven non-bers eppointed by the Fuel Maintelrator. Probably terminated in 1919, Punctions: To establish etandards for perculenu products, Records; Namesdouts unknown, The schirities of the Committee and Particulated in the records of the Clarific for the Puel Maintelrated on the Perculse of the Clarific for the Puel Maintelrated and Particulated on the records of the Clarific for the Puel Maintelrated on the Perculse of the Clarific for the Puel Maintelrated Clarific for the Puel Maintelr

STANDARDIZATION OF SCREW THREADS COMMISSION. -- See MATIONAL SCREW -- THREAD COMMISSION.

- STANDARDIZATION OF WAGES AND CONDITIONS OF WORK COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Authorized by the War Labor Policies Board on May 29 and terminated on June 28, 1918. Functions: To draft and report a plan for the standardization of wages and working conditions. Records: Interfiled with those of the Board in NA. Include minutes of meetings of the Committee.
- STANDARDIZATION SECTION, Purchase Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Départment.—Establiehed by Supply Circular No. 86 of September 5, 1918. By Office Order No. 12 of January 25, 1919, the Section was transferred to the Engineering and Standardization Branch established at that time. Functions: To bring about the standardization of types and specifications for Army supplies. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- STANDARDS BUREAU, Commerce Department .- Established in 1901. Now designated the National Bureau of Standards. During the war it included the following Divisions: Ceramice; Chemistry; Electricity; Engineering Research; Heat and Thermometry; Metallurgy; Optics; Structural, Engineering, and Miscellaneoue Materials; and Weights and Measures. Functione: To be responsible for the development, construction, custody, and maintenance of reference and working standarde and their intercomparison, improvement, and application in science, engineering, industry, and commerce. During the war, it aided in developing devices for military purposes and in conducting special researches in various fields for the War and Navy Departments, the Aircraft Board, the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautice, the National Research Council, the Railroad Administration, the Shipping Board, the War Industries Board, the War Risk Insurance Burem, and the American National Red Crose. Recorde: 1903-33 (240 feet) in NA. Consist of "test folders" (240 feet), which contain reports, correspondence, and certificatee of tests. Other records are in the National Eureau of Standards. References: Gustavus A. Weber, The Bureau of Standarde, 60-69 (Baltimore, 1925).
 - STANDARIS COMMITTEE, Mechanical Department, Operation Division, Rail-road Administration.—Created on July 1, 1918, taking over work formerly performed by the Committee on Standards for Locomotivee and Cars. Probably abolished with the Division on March 1, 1920.

 Functions: To design cars and locomotives, to act in an advisory capacity to the Mechanical Department, and to prepare specifications for new equipment.

 Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.
 - STANDARIS FOR LOCCMOTIVES AND CARS COMMITTEE, Operations Division, Railroad Administration.—Probably existed from February until July 1, 1918, when its functions were taken over by the Standards Committee of the Mechanical Department. Functions: To prepare designs for locomotives and cars in cooperation with the Mechanical Department. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.
 - STANDARDS LABORATORY BUREAU BRANCH, Radio Development Section, Engineering and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See PADIO DEVELOPMENT SECTION.

- STAPLE CROPS, SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE POSSIBILITIES OF INCREASING THE PRODUCTION OF, Food Production Program Committee, Agriculture Department.—Soe FOOD PRODUCTION PROGRAM COMMITTEE.
- STAPL GROCERIES DIVISION, Food Administration.—Created in April 1918 and took over the supervision of dealers in coffee, super, flour, and spacialties from the Matribution Division. Tenthreted in October 1918, when the work was returned to the Instribution Division. Functions To supervise Hierarch data in the above-mentioned commodities, to fix maximum prices, and to encourage the use of substitutes for tin containers. Records: In NA. There are no general records of the Univious, and the records of its various Sections—Sugar and Flour, Coffee, and Commercial Concervation and Special Manufacturers—are filled expantely.
- STATE COUNCIL FILATIONS SECTION, Admindstrative Division, National Research Council.—Tatabuland in 1917 as a committee under the chairmanship of Charlee E. Kendenhall, who as followed by John C. Werriam, to provide lision between the research committees as-tabilished by the State councils of defense and the Hational Recearch Council. Later in 1917 it becare a section in the Administrative Division and in 1918 was combined with the Research in Educational Institutions Section to Form the Relations with Educational Institutions and State Committees Section in the General Relations Living and Council for research of a local character to the State committees are desired than the Council for research Council council for the Council Counc
- STATE COUNCIDS ENTION, Council of National Defence.—The work of this unit was begun in April 1917, but it was not until later that the Section on Cooperation Fith Stetes was see designated. In the fall of 1917 this Section was ranseed the State Councils Section. On October 1, 1918, it was sunceeded by the newly created Field Division. Functions: To coordinate the work of the State and local dofence councils, and serve as a communicating agency between the Federal Covernment and the councils. Records: 1977-12 (3) feet of propested records, and other records disparsed in the files of the Include correspondence, minutes, reports, memorands, circulars, Intelned correspondence, minutes, reports, memorands, circulars, litts, Destree, and abstracts.
- STATE DEPARTMENT.—The first of the accountive departments to be stablished. The Secretary of State is the ranking nearber of the Cabinst. Prom 1915 to 1920 Robert Lanning was Secretary of State. Purctions: Apart from it are regular functions, several new duties connected with the war devolved upon the Department. These included problems extended upon the release of foreign nationals from the samed forces of the United States, the control of aliens coming to the highest states. The Office of the instruction of the far (q, v,) was sateblished to prepare a distory of the war based on the Department are records. The Department santained relations with the several sergency agencies and took over the functions and records of the War Teach Board when that organization terminated. Records: In the Communications and Records Division, of posts that have been discontinued, are now in Nt. References; State Department, the Department of State, Personal and Organization. Descript 21, 1922 (Anashington, 1922).

- STATE DISTRIBUTION BUREAU, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.—Organized on April 19, 1918. Included the following eight Sections: New England; States West of the Mississippi; North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Texas, Arkansas, and Ohio; Middle West; Fuel and Forage, Pennsylvania, Maryland, and Delaware; Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alebama; New York and New Jersey, Public Utilities; and Smithing Coal. Ended on February 15, 1919. Functions: To act as the point of contact between the State Fuel Administrators and the Distribution Division and to resolve emergency problems arising through failure by the States to receive sufficient stocks of coal. Supplemented the work of the Bituminous Coal and Coke Eureau, which took care of the ordinary allotments and requirements of States. Records: 1918-19 (67 feet) in NA. Correspondence, reports, and lists reflecting the emergency needs of the States.
 - STATE FAIR EXHIBITS BUREAU, Committee on Public Information.—Created on March 11, 1918, and placed under the Executive Division in June. Discontinued in December 1918. Capt. Joseph J. Hittinger (assigned by the War Department), Manager. Functions: To establish a war exhibit to be used by State fairs. Records: 1918. A few letters of the Bureau are with records of the Executive Division of the Committee in NA.
 - STATE LABOR LAWS COMMITTEE, ENFORCEMENT OF, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See ENFORCEMENT OF STATE LABOR LAWS COMMITTEE.
 - [STATE] ORGANIZATION AND INFORMATION SECTION, Field Division, Council of National Defense.—Organized on October 1, 1918, and terminsted about June 30, 1919. Functions: To direct the State councils of defense in matters of organization, to furnish them with necessary information, and to provide a record of State defense activities.

 Records: Among those of the Council in NA.
 - STATE ORGANIZATION DEPARTMENT, Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense.—Probably organized late in 1917; terminated on October 1, 1918, when the Field Division was created. Mrs. Joseph R. Lamar, Chairman. Functions: To direct the work of organizing State woman's committees. These committees served as divisions of the national Woman's Committee and functioned through departments corresponding to those of that Committee. Records: Among those of the Council in NA. Include reports from the State divisions and related correspondence, with enclosed material, June 1917-May 1919 (3 feet).
 - STATE ORGANIZATIONS BUREAU, Administrative Division, Fuel Administrative Lion.—Organized in October 1917 and placed under the Administrative Division the following May. Included the Retail Price Section, the functions of which are indicated by its name. Discontinued on April 30, 1919. Functions: To supervise and coordinate the work of the State Fuel Administrators (except in relation to fuel distribution matters, which were handled by the State Distribution Eureau, Distribution Division); and to advise and assist them in carrying out thoir programs and enforcing their regulations. The State Fuel Administrators had very extensive powers, as it was increasingly the policy of the Fuel Administration to decentralize its organization. They made sure that the coal allotted to them by the national budget was distributed equitably "and according to the necessities of the

stuetton.* Records 1017-19 (MG fast) in Na. Correspondence, reports, nemorating, circulare, orders, minutes, charts, and poissons relating to appointments, orders assessed countries, percent, regulations, records required to a state councils, and related meters. Perferences Fuel Administration, Report of the Administration, Fuel Countries, and related to the reports of the Bursan of State Cranifations and of the Sederal Fuel Administration and of the Sederal Fuel Administrations and of the Sederal Fuel Administrators for the various States and districts.

STATES ADMINISTRATION DIVISION, Food Administration .-- Organized in June 1917, with the eppointment of Federal Food Administrators to head the State administrations and of district and county food administrators to carry on the local work. After the armistice the Division supervised the liquidation of the State organizations. John W. Hallowoll, Chief. Functiones Te interpret Food Administration rules and regulations to the State administrations, to serve as a clearinghouse for communications between them, to direct the organizations in the States, to encourage uniformity of practice in their activities, and to handle their problems of finance. Recorde: 1917-19 (181 feat) in Ri. Correspondence, raporte, edministretive pepers, personnel lists, and commercial trevelers' pladge cards. The records of most of the State Food Administrations are also in NA, with the exception of those of Delaware and Florida and cartain files of the California administration now in the Bancroft Library. References: Milliam C. Wallandors, History of the United States Pood Administration, 1917-1919, 70-76 (Stanford University, 1941)

STATES RELATIONS SERVICE, Agriculturs Department.—Established on July 1, 1915, under an appropriation set of March 4, 1915. Headed by a Mirector. Included the Offices of Experiment Stations, Extension Work, and Home Economics. Cooperative demonstration work was carried on by two offices, the Office of Extension Work in the South and the Office of Extension Work in the North and Wast, Abolished on June 30, 1923, and replaced by the Extension Sarvice. Functions: To prowide farmers with available information on agricultural mathods; to demonstrate farm and home prectices through the organization of clubs for boye and girle; and to essist in the program of increesed production, distribution, and conservation of foodstuffs during the war. Through its field organizations it essisted in the promotion of the Liberty Loan, War Sevinge, and Red Gross empaigns and in the conduct of surveys concerning the distribution of farm labor and the procurement of supplies for the Army. Records: Those in NA for the war period (100 feet) include reports of field investigators. State reports, correspondence, and annual narretive and statistical reports of the Director and of other netional and local officials. References: Cooperative Extension Nork Office, Extension Service Handbook, 45-46 (Weshington, 1927); Alfred C. True, A History of Agricultural Ex-tension Work in the United States, 1785-1923, 134-148 (Agriculture Department, Miscellaneous Publication 15. Washington, 1928)

SIATES SECTION, Educational Minister, Food Administration.—Created in November 1917 as the States Publicity Footion, Bendgusted the Sixtes Public Information Section in Becember and the States Section the following Warch, Terministed in September 1918, although until the end of the year press releases were issued in the name of the Section, Punctions: To furnish educational directors in the States with prereleases, information, and material pertaining to the Food Adminisration, Learing to their discretion the use of such naterial for

- local publicity purposes. Records: 1917-18 (10 feet) in NA. Corrospondence, press releases, and printed material.
- STATISTICAL BUREAU, Emergency Construction Wage Commission.—The date of its organization has not been determined. Functions: To study earnings and efficiency of workere, their regularity of attendance, and the relation of absenteeism to overtime work. Recorde: Whereaboute unknown. References: Alexander M. Bing, War-Time Strikes and Their Adjustment, 16 (New York, [1921]).
- STATISTICAL CLEARING HOUSE, CENTRAL.—See CENTRAL BUREAU OF PLANNING AND STATISTICS.
- STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See RECORDS SECTION, Ship Construction Division.
- STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT, Grain Corporation.—Established in December 1917 as the Stetietician's Office, and became the Statistical Department in August 1918. Terminated in August 1920. Functions: To prepere statistical material on prices, crop conditions, supply and distribution, and imports and exporte of flours and grains; to assemble press commente on the Corporation's activities; and to maintain records of the "Domestic Reeale Flour Program" of 1919-20. Recorde: 1917-20 (24 feet) in NA. Include press clippinge and copies of material prepared by the Department.
 - STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT, Milling Division, Food Administration.—Organized in October 1917; terminated in July 1918. <u>Functions</u>:
 To prepare tabulations and recapituletions based on the daily, weekly, and monthly reports eutmitted by "agreement" and "non-agreement" mills; and to provide other units of the Administration with stetistical data in regard to wheat and flour consumption. <u>Records</u>: 1917-18 (15 feet) in NA. Correspondence; statistical summaries and graphs; and mill reports of wheat consumption and of flour produced, shipped, and offered for export.
 - STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT, Sugar Equalization Board.—Established early in 1919 under the direction of Joshua Bernhardt, who had previously been sugar statistician in the Food Administration. Reported to be "nearly liquidated" on September 15, 1920, and appears to have ceased operations shortly thereafter. Also called a Division.

 Functions: To collect, tabulate, and publish statistical and other data relating to sugar. Records: 1919-20 (62 feet) in NA. Include correspondence and memorands; weekly, monthly, and quarterly reports relating to sugar; drafte and printers proofs of two books on the sugar industry by Joshua Bernhardt; tabulations, card records, and miscellaneous statistical deta.
 - STATISTICAL DIVISION, Adjutant General's Office, War Department.—Organized about October 20, 1917. Renemed the Casualty Division on September 15, 1918. Discontinued in 1920. Functions: To receive, record, and distribute information relative to the arrival, injury, or death abroad of individuals accredited to the American Expeditionary Forces. Records: In The Adjutant General's Office.
 - STATISTICAL DIVISION, American Section, Allied Maritime Transport Council.—Established in London early in 1918 under the general

charge of James A. Fleid. He had nine assistants who specialized respectively on imports and military transports statistics, shipping statistics, graphic analysis and presentation, photostating and mimeographing, sditing and document servicing, and information services. The livinion probably functioned until June 1919, when the London office of the Shipping Board took over the work of the American Section. Functions: To maintein an extrasive documentary file and to compile statistical information for the purposes of the Statistics Committee of the Allfed directions from the use of the Shipping Board in Yashington. Escords: Thereabouts unknown.

STATISTIGLE DIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department—Created on Jenuary 3, 1918, by a memorandum of the Secretary of Labor, Became a Section of the Bivision of Information, Administration, and Clearance on March 1, 1918. Parther changes placed the Section under the Control Bivision in August 1918, and under the Edvision of Operations in 1919, where its functions were curtailed sharply and limited to the collating of employment statistics. Functions: To prepare weakly surveys and a control yourney of reports from employment offices; to tabulate monthly summy of reports from employment offices; to tabulate monthly show eathur reports dealing with labor shorteges and then special conditions in the skilled trades; and to tabulets orders for unskilled labor. Records:

STAINSHILL DIVISION, Food Administration, —Organized in July 1937; abolished in Pebruary 1939. Raymond Pearl, Chief. Punctions: To collect and collect acts on the production, consupplion, movement, and prices of food material in the United States and in the Market of the Collection of the Collection, and prices of the American Collection Collection of the American Collection, and Collection Collection Collection, and Collection Collection, and Collection Collection, Collect

SIMISTICAL DITISTON, Housing Corporation.—Organized on April 15, 1918, by the Industrial Housing and Prespectation Burses, Labor Department of the Industrial Housing and Prespectation. Breast Labor Department of the Industrial Housing of the Industrial Housing the Corporation. Transferred to the During of the Industrial Housing the Industrial States of Community conditions by season of questionnaires and compiled and diperted statistics for general distribution. The Histon was organized to provide information regarding housing needs, in addition to that obtained by the Preliminary Investigation Division. Records: 1918 (6 feet) in M. Include correspondence, questionnaires, and statistical reports. Interfiled with records of the Survey and Statistical Proports.

STATISTICAL DIVISION, Furchess and Storage Mirector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Mixinon, General Steff, Far Bepartment,—On October 25, 1918, the Statistics Branch of the Administration Divided, Quarternature Generals Office, was transforred to the Office of the Livestor of Furchase and Storage as its magnetic property of the Company of

- Storage Office Memorandum No. 13 of March 27, 1919, the Division was transferred to the Requirements Division, Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage, as its General Statistics Branch. Functions: To compile statistical data and prepare statistical reports, and to act as a clearinghouse for statistical information. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
- STATISTICAL FORMS AND RECORDS, BOARD TO REVIEW, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established by Office Order No. 247 of July 1, 1918. Functions: To review statistical forms and records in use in the Office and make recommendations thereon. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- STATISTICAL SECTION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See RECORDS SECTION, Ship Construction Division.
- STATISTICAL SECTION, Inland Traffic Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Established with the creation of the Division in March 1918. Functions: Compiled data concerning contracts and tonnage movements that enabled officials to arrange heavier loading of freight cars, advise concerning proper routing so as to avoid congested districts, instruct Navy shipping offices and contractors concerning proper methods of consignment, and render other transportation assistance. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - STATISTICAL SECTION, Public Works and Construction Development Division, Information and Education Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.— Probably created in January and terminated with the Service on June 30, 1919. Functions: To collect information regarding typical improved properties from 1914 to 1918, the amount of building suspended during the war, and the reasons why the work was not resumed after the armistice. Records: Disposition authorized by Congress in 1928.
 - STATISTICS AND REQUIREMENTS ERANCH, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on November 7, 1918. Functioned at first through the following Sections: Articles of Issue, Raw Materials, Executive, Requirements, Progress Report, External Relations, and Special Reports. Took over the work of the Supplies Accounting Section and the requirement functions of the Supply Program Section, both of the Purchase and Supply Branch of the Division. In existence on June 30, 1920. Functions: To compile and maintain statistical records and studies of supply and to supervise their maintenance in supply bureaus; to make analyses and compilations of Army supply requirements on the basis of information furnished by the Chief of Staff; and to determine whether the estimates for appropriations were in accordance with the requirements of the military program. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - STATISTICS ERANCH, Administration Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Organized on April 16, 1918, as the Statistics Branch, Methods Control Division. On September 14, it was transferred to the Administration Division. On October 28, it

became the Statistical Mivision of the Purchase and Storage Director's Office. Functions: To obtain statistical data from the operating divisions of the Office: to compile such data for presentation to the Quartermaster General and the General Staff; and to act as a clearinghouse for statistical information. Records: Probably with those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

STATISTICS PRANCH, General Staff. War Department .- Organized on March 11, 1918, es e Section of the Executive Division. About October 1918 it became the Statistics Branch. Ite only subdivision was a etatietical unit with the American Expeditionary Forces in France. Functions: To collect, compile, and maintain statistical information releting to the war program for transmission to the Secretary of War, the Chief of Staff, the War Council, and the General Staff. Records: In the War Department.

STATISTICS ERANCH, Warehousing Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department .- Organized on October 16, 1917. Functions: To receive and compile statistical data pertaining to the amounts of supplies needed, contracted for, in process of delivery, on hand, and issued. Records: Probably among those of the Office in KA.

STATISTICS BUREAU, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration .- Originated in work begin on October 15, 1917, through a cooperative greenated in work begin on October 15, 1917, through a cooperative greenant with the Geological Survey. A separate unit to carry on the work was established in the Fuel Administration in November. This became the Statistice Bureau of the Dietribution Division and included the following Sections: Consumption, Planning, Production, Recorde, and Reporte. Torminated on June 30, 1919, C. E. Leeber, Exector, Functions: To collect and tabulate statistics on the production, distribution, and consumption of coal and coke. The information collected included data of a general nature, required as beses for outlining policy, and daily and weekly operating reports of a kind to show in detall how the programs were being met. Recorde: 1917-19 (21 feet) in MA. Correspondence, reports, charts, tabuletions, epplications, and permits.

STATISTICS BUREAU, Interstate Cornerce Cormiseion. -- Established in 1888, Punctions: Primarily to collect and compile statistics relating to the financial organization, physical facilities, and operating activities of the carriers. During the war the Burseu was required

to prepare many special etetements for the Railroad Administration, and it also made the computations of average annual operating income upon which the Coverment founded its agreements to compensate the carriers for the use of their property. Records: 1888-1942 (6,000 feet) in the Interetete Commerce Commission. Include records of railroad eccident reports; annual raports of carriers; and sta-

tistics on railroad operations. STATISTICS FUREAU, Oil Division, Fual Administration.—Established on March 1, 1918. Terminated upon the resignation of ite head on December 19, 1918. Functions: Prepared tebulations and reports on almost all phases of the work of the Cil Division. Also supplied

amont all pusses us the work of the did mirratum. And supplies, the far fraction to the War Industries Board, the War frace Board, the War and Many Departments, the National Petrolem War Sarvice Committee, and many other organisations. Peccords: 1938 (15 feet) in Mat. Include correspondence and reports concerning refining companies, Ma. Include correspondence and reports concerning refining companies,

- pipe-line companies, wildcatting, pipe lines, stocks, and production. A special file, known as the "IS' Series of Statistics," contains data on production, imports, exports, pipe lines, storage, requirements of the Army and Navy, requirements of the Allies, consumption, distribution, well drilling, wildcatting, and refining.
- STATISTICS BUREAU, LABOR, Labor Department.—See LABOR STATISTICS EUREAU.
- STATISTICS BUREAU, RESEARCH AND, War Trade Board.—See RESEARCH AND STATISTICS BUREAU.
- STATISTICS BUREAU, TABULATION AND, War Trade Board.—See TABULATION AND STATISTICS DIVISION, Research and Statistics Bureau.
- STATISTICS CENTRAL BUREAU, PLANNING AND.—See CENTRAL BUREAU OF PLANNING AND STATISTICS.
- STATISTICS COMMITTEE, CENTRALIZATION OF INDUSTRIAL, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See CENTRALIZATION OF INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS COMMITTEE.
- STATISTICS DIVISION, Council of National Defense.—Created on April 9, 1917. In April 1918 a considerable portion of the staff of the Division was transferred to the Statistics Branch of the General Staff, War Department, and about July 1, 1918, soon after the separation of the War Industries Board from the Council of National Defense, the rest of the Division was transferred to the Planning and Statistics Division of the War Industries Board. Functions: To collect and tabulate information in regard to Army and Navy requirements, contracts, and deliveries; to provide the War Industries. Board with statistics on raw materials; to compile tonnage statistics; and to collect information concerning industrial experience abroad. Records: Some of them are among those of the Council and of the Board in NA. Others are in the War Department.
 - STATISTICS DIVISION, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau, Commerce Department.—Organized in 1912 and succeeded by the Foreign Trade Statistics Division in 1934. <u>Functions</u>: To record and analyze data on the imports and exports of the United States and to make such data available for the guidance of all interested persons. During the war it furnished the war agencies with detailed trade statistics. <u>Records</u>: In the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.
 - STATISTICS DIVISION, AUXILIARY AGENCIES AND, Provost Marshal General's Office, War Department.—See AUXILIARY AGENCIES AND STATISTICS DIVISION.
 - STATISTICS DIVISION, PLANNING AND, Shipping Board.—See PLANNING AND STATISTICS DIVISION, Shipping Board.
 - STATISTICS DIVISION, PLANNING AND, War Industries Board.—See PLANNING AND STATISTICS DIVISION, War Industries Board.
 - STATISTICS DIVISION, SANITARY REPORTS AND, Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—See SANITARY REPORTS AND STATISTICS DIVISION.

- STATISTICS DIVISION, SURVEY AND, Housing Corporation. -- See SURVEY AND STATISTICS DIVISION.
- STATISTICS DIVISION, VITAL, Commus Bureau, Commerce Department.—See VITAL STATISTICS DIVISION.
- STAINSTICS OF CITTLE DIVISION, Commun Sureat, Occurred Department— Probably openised in 1918. Successed by the Statistics of States and cities Division in 1918, which in turn was successed by the State and Local Government Division in 1941. Pencitons: To collect, compile, and prepare for publication annual financial and general statistics of cities and States. During the war it carned the Bureau in carrying out various war-related duties. Records: In the Connew Bureau.
- STATISTICS SECTION, COMMODITIES, Flanning and Statistice Division, War Industries Board. -- See COMMODITIES STATISTICS SECTION.
- STATISTICS SECTION, CURRENT WITAL, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See CURRENT STATISTICS SECTION.
- STATISTICS SECTION, OPERATING, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.--See OPERATING STATISTICS SECTION.
- STATISTICS SECTION, PLANNING AND, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See RECORDS SECTION, Ship Conetruction Division.
- STATISTICS SUBCOMMITTEE, Hydiene and Sanitation Committee, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Cornicion, Council of National Defense.—Promed on May 13, 1917; ceased functioning after the arxistice. <u>Punctions</u>: To compile statistics releting to health. <u>Records</u>: Some Bay be smong those of the Council in NA.
- STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION AND LEDISLATIVE PRAYF DIVISION, Judge Advocate , General's Office, War Department.—Probably exitate before the war Functions: To study legislation directly or indirectly affecting Functions: To study legislation of streetly or indirectly affecting to the Millithe War Department or the Army stabilishment for interest on in Compress; and to keep the Lary Establishment for inderestion in Compress; and to keep the stary Establishment for indirection in Compress; and to keep the factly them. Respirely: In the Judge Advocate General's Offices, feeting them. Respirely:
- STEM AND SMITTARY EMGINEERING EQUIPMENT SECTION, Machinery and Ditineering Materials Franch, Surplus Property Invision, Storage IIIrector's Office, Purchase and Storage Interctor's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nar Department.—See MACHINERY AND EMEMBERING MATERIALS READON.
- STEAM EMDINEERING AND SHIP PROPULSION COEMITTEE, Maval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—Created on November 4, 1915. Consisted of five members; A. E. Munt, Chairman.—See MAYAL CONSULTING BOARD.
- STEAM ENGINEERING EMERAU, Navy Department.—Established by an act of July 5, 1862, and became the Buream of Engineering in 1920. It was shollshed in 1940 and its functions were transferred to the newly

created Bureau of Ships. Functions: To have charge of the design, construction, maintenance, and repair of aircraft machinery and of all steam, electric, and other types of engines, machinery, and apparatus used for the propulsion of naval vessels; to have charge of steam pumps, heaters, and connections on ships and of machinery supplying power for turning turrets; to have charge of the design and supply of electrical apparatus, including radio apparatus for aircraft and for snip and shore installatione; to prepare specifications for and to inspect fuel and to have general supervision over naval petroleum reserves; and to prepare blank forms for engineering reports and to review those reports. Recorde: 1845-1920 (combined with those of the Bureau of Engineering, 1920-40, total 4,360 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence; engineering logs; drawings and tracings of ship machinery and electrical apparatus; contracts; reports from radio stations on shore and on ships; and correspondence and reports concerning radio and sound devices for submarines and airplanes. References: Navy Department, Annual Reports, 1918, p. 517-583; 1920, p. 699-726; Robert S. Griffin, History of the Bureau of Engineering, Navy Department, During the World War (Naval Records and Library Office, Publication 5. Washington, 1922).

- STEAM HEATING DEPARTMENT, Procurement Section, Materials Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—See PROCUREMENT SECTION.
- STEAMBOAT INSPECTION SERVICE, Commerce Department.—Established in 1852. United with the Navigation Bureau in 1932 to form the Navigation and Steamboat Inspection Bureau, which was renamed the Marine Inspection and Navigation Bureau in 1936. This Bureau was abolished in March 1942, and its functions were transferred to the Coast Guard and to the Customs Bureau. Functions: To administer the laws enacted for the purpose of safeguarding the lives of passengers and crews on steamboats and other vessele engaged in marine transportation. Cooperated with the Shipping Board in inspecting ships and licensing men for the merchant fleet. Records: 1852-1941 (combined with those of the Navigation Bureau, total 4,090 feet) in NA. Those for the war period consist chiefly of general correspondence. Other records are in the Coast Guard. References: Iloyd M. Short, Steamboat-Inspection Service, 52 (New York, 1922).
 - STEAMSHIP ADVISORY COLDUITTEE, COASTWISE, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—See COASTWISE STEAMSHIP ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
 - STEAMSHIP LINES. [SECTION], COASTWISE, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—See COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES [SECTION].
 - STEEL AND FORGING BRANCH, Projectile Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on April 12, 1918. Functions: To handle matters pertaining to the procurement of forgings. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - STEEL AND MUNITIONS PLANTS SECTION, Bituminous Coal and Coke Bureau, Distribution Division, Fuel Administration.—See BITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE EUREAU.
 - STEEL AND STEEL PRODUCTS COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Appointed by the Chairman of the superior Committee in

May 1917. In the latter part of September its members resigned and were reorganized as special committees of the American Iron and Steel Institute. <u>Functions:</u> To distribute orders and accelerate production and deliveries of steel and steel products. <u>Records:</u> Come may be smong those of the Council and of the Mar Industries Board in Na.

STEEL COMMITTEE. - See INTERMILIED MUNITIONS COUNCIL.

- STEEL CORPORATION PLANT BOARD, CONSTRUCTION OF, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See CONSTRUCTION OF STEEL CORPORATION PLANT BOARD.
- STEEL DEPARTMENT, Procurement Section, Materials Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Sea PROCUREMENT SECTION.
- STEEL DISTRIBUTION SUSCENSITIES, Steel and Steel Products Comperative Committee, Rew Materials, Minerals, and Heathe Committee, Artisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Organized in June 1917. Upon its dissolution the following Movember the functions were taken over by the War Industries Board. <u>Bunctions</u> To keep the superior over by the War Industries Board in the distribution of steel. Committee informed of developments in the distribution of steel. Records: Some may be among those of the Council end of the Board in NA.
 - STEEL DIVISION, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Council of National Defense. -- See STEEL DIVISION, War Industries Board.
 - STEL DIVISION, war Industries Board.—Formed on October 27, 1917, as a part of the Raw Haterials Invision. Emergenized as a Division directly under the Chairman of the Mar Industries Board after the directly under the Chairman of the Mar Industries Board after the appointment of the Coordiscioner of Raw Hater Board after the Appointment of the Coordiscioner of Raw Hater del December 21, 1918. It is to hat part of Hater and Appointment of the Coordiscioner of Raw Hater and City Hater and Purchicus; Torontate the products and distribution of Iron and Number of the use of creation of new facilities; to steel products the coordiscioner of the use of creation of new facilities; to steel products and to cooperate restrict the use of coefficient industries; and to cooperate restrict the use of coefficient industries and to cooperate restrict the use of coefficient of the products, and to cooperate the use of the Market of Chicago Coordiscioner District Coefficient (Chicago Chicago Ch
 - STEL HEMMETS AND AUDITION LESS BRANCH, The pection Section, Equipment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Far Department.—See INSPECTION.
 SECTION.
 - STEL HEHETS AND INSTRUMENTS OF PREDISION SETTINA, Engineen Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Far Department,—Creeted in 1917; transferred to the Engineer Section of the Procurement Hivid on on Junear 14, 1918; Functions To procure steel helmets, body arror, and various types of periacopes, Records? Probably with those of the Office in Ma.
 - SIEEL IROOT COMMITTEE, Retailurge Section, Engineering Division, National Research Council.—Organized in 1918 under the chairmanship

- of W. P. Barba. <u>Functions</u>: To conduct studies to determine the best practice in making steel ingots. <u>Records</u>: In the National Research Council.
- STEEL PRODUCTS SECTION, Production Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See PRODUCTION DIVISION.
- STEEL PRODUCTS SECTION, Steel Division, War Industries Board.—Established in April and discontinued on December 31, 1918. Also called the Finished Stoel Section. Functions: To handle matters pertaining to clearances, allocations, requirements, and schedules covering plates, shapes, merchant bars, sheets, seamless tubes, tubular products, wire rope, and wire products. Records: 1917-18 (24 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, schedules, pledges of jobbers to conserve stock, and miscellaneous records. Other records are probably in the "consolidated files" of the Board.
 - STEEL PRODUCTS SECTION, Supplies Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See SUPPLIES DIVISION.
 - STEEL SCRAP SECTION, IRON AND, Steel Division, War Industries Board.—
 See IRON AND STEEL SCRAP SECTION.
 - STEEL SECTION, Machinery and Engineering Materials Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MACHINERY AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS BRANCH.
 - STEEL SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Created during the war. <u>Functions</u>: To have charge of the purchasing of iron and steel products, chains, machine tools, hardware, cranes, railroad equipment, locomotives, and cars. Specially delegated representatives of the Section were appointed to represent the Navy on related commodity sections of the War Industries Board. <u>Records</u>: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - STEEL SHIP SECTION, Ship Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation .-- Upon the inauguration of the emergency shipbuilding program in April 1917, direct supervision over the building of both steel and wooden vessels was exercised by the General Manager of the Corporation; after August 20, 1917, it was exercised by the Construction Division. Control over steel shipbuilding was placed in the hands of the Steel Ship Construction Division upon its establishment on December 5, 1917; this Division was succeeded by the Steel Ship Section on February 16, 1919. The Section was abolished on March 16, 1920, and its duties were placed under the jurisdiction of the Manager of the Ship Construction Division, the active supervision to be exercised by an Assistant in Charge of Steel Ship Construction. Functions: To supervise technical matters concerned with steel ship construction, original designing work, and questions arising under construction contracts after their execution; to accelerate the production of steel ships; and to manage and operate three "agency" shipyards for the assembly of fabricated ships. Records: 1917-20 (the feet) in MA. Include correspondence, notes, reports, memoranda, drawings, and blueprints relating

- to the construction of steal vessels and the construction of requisitioned ellips; some progress reports; and the files of various managers of steal ellip construction. Records relating to the contraction of a teal ellips before the construction 1917 and after December 1919 on the desired part of the construction of the
- STEEL SUBCOMMITTEE, COLD ROLLED AND COLD DRAWN, Steel and Steel Products Cooperative Committee, Raw Reterfals, Linerale, and Metals Committes, Advictory Commission, Council of Rational Defense. — Ose COLD ROLLED AND COLD DRAWN STEEL SUBCOMMITTEE.
- STEEL SUBCOMMITTEE, SHEET, Steel and Steel Products Cooperative Committee, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Committee, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Mouncil of National Defense.—See SHEET STEEL SUBCOMMITTEE
- SITURIORES AND MARINE WORKERS INVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Greated as a result of a conference in May 1918 of representatives of the Employment Service and of long-horesen. Torninated at the close of the war. <u>Panetions</u>: To supervise a mobile national properties of the properties of the properties of the labor pool of long-horesen and marine workers to supply ports on the East Coast. <u>Records</u>: Mineraebouts undown.
- SIEVEDORES SECTION, Cargo Traffic Branch, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Offics, War Department.—Ses LARGO TRAFFIC BRANCH.
- SINTEMERING CHARITTEE, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emargency Flast Corporation—Appointed by the Chairman of the Shipping Board on November 11, 1720. Consisted of representatives of the Investor of Industrial Relations, the Investor of Operations, and the General Computeller. Functions To establish statesdoring rates schedular for various ports, to magnifect contracts for stavadoring work, and to various ports, to magnifect contracts for stavadoring work, and to warper the stavadoring activities: Rescords: 120-21 (2) fast) in Na. Correspondescs, reports, and missographed copies of hids, pro-
 - NA. COTTS DOING SECS, TOPAL TO A CONTROL OF STREET OF STREET
 - STILL PHOTOGRAPHY DEPARTMENT, Army Medical Massum, sussum and Department.—See Army Medical Musicus, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See Army Medical Musicus.
 - THULLITON OF PRODUCTION COMMITTEE, War Labor Politics Deard, Yar Labor Politics Pourly, Labor Department.—Authorized by the Ear Labor Labor Relativistic Deard on October 11, 2018, end probably estigations and reach close of the war. Functions: To make investigations and results and the sendations concerning the stimulation of production. Records: A list sendations concerning the stimulation of production. Records: A list of members of the Committee is filled with records of the Board in NA.

STOCK RECORDS BRANCH, Operating Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Organized on August 10, 1918, as a Branch of the Depot Division. Became the Stock Records Branch, Operating Division, on the establishment of that Division on August 15, 1918. Abolished on November 1, 1918, when its duties were transferred to the Domestic Operations Division, Office of the Director of Storage. Functions: To receive reports from depots, camps, posts, and other stations concerning stocks of quartermaster supplies on hand. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

STOCK UPKEEP SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Developed during the war and continued thereafter.

Functions: To inaugurate plans for utilizing existing stocks to the maximum by transferring excess stocks from one yard to another. To do this, it was necessary that very comprehensive weekly and monthly reports on stock be obtained from all navy yards. As the reports came in, tabulations were made according to item and a shortage in one yard was supplied from an excess stock in another wherever possible. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.

STOCKYARDS REGULATION [PROJECT], Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department .- Established in the summer of 1918 under authority of the Food and Fuel Control Act of August 10, 1917, and a Presidential proclamation of June 18, 1918, which required the licensing of stockyard operators and livestock dealers. The project was originally en-. titled "Ticensing of Stock Yards." It functioned in close relation with livestock investigations and news service projects. In the fiscal year 1920 it was transferred to the Division of Live Stock, Meats, and Wool. Because of lack of funds, it ceased to exist as a project about August 1, 1920, although the Division continued to perform some of its functions until the abrogation, by joint resolution of Congress of March 13, 1921, of powers derived from the Food and Fuel Control Act. Functions: To prevent improper charges and trade practices tending to interfere with the adequate supply, proper distribution, and rapid movement of livestock, by licensing, through the agency of the Food Administration, stockyard operators, livestock dealers, and packer-buyers; by supervising their activities; and by fostering improvements in the technical handling of livestock in transit. Records: 1918-21 (3 feet) in NA. Include correspondence of the project head, L. D. Hall, memoranda issued by the project, and correspondence between staff members and Bureau authorities, project officials, and the public, scattered through the central correspondence files of the Bureau.

STOWEMARE SECTION, CHEMICAL GLASS AND, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—See CHEMICAL GLASS AND STOWEMARE SECTION.

STORAGE ALIMISTRATIVE DIVISION, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traific Division, General Staff, War Department.—See OPERATIONS CONTROL DIVISION.

STORAGE AND ISSUE BRANCH, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established by Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Office Order No. 17 of February 18, 1919. Still in existence on June 30, 1920. Functions: To supervise and coordinate the activities connected with the storage, distribution, and issue of supplies and equipment for the Army; to prepare the storage program to

most Army needs; and to make sure that supply bureaus of the Department cooperated in their work and that storage and issue functions were coordinated with those of purchase, transportation, finance, and the disposition of Government property. Records: Whereshoute unknown

STORAGE AND TRAFFIC BRANCH, Administrative Subdivision, Oversee Bistribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage
Inventor's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, ceneral
Staff, War Department.—Established on November 1, 1916, and still
nexistence when the Division was soblished on February 1, 1919,
Punctions: To be responsible for obtaining such storage pages es
was necessary to accommodate supplies of an energenature and for
about the December Operation with the Docestic Operation Mixtain and through listens with the Inland
Traffic Service, Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster
General's Office in Ni.

STORAGE AND TRAFFIG DIVISION, General Staff, War Department. -- See FURCHASE, STORAGE, AND TRAFFIC DIVISION.

STORAGE AND TRAFFIC SERVICE, General Staff, War Department. -- See FURGRAGE, STORAGE, AND TRAFFIC DIVISION.

STORAGE AND TRAFFIC SUBSECTION, Supply Program Section, Purchess and Supply Branch, Purchese, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SUPPLY PROGRAM SECTION.

STORAGE BRANCH, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Mivision, General Staff, Far Department.—Datable shed about April 16, 1918, as a continuent of the Storage Mivision of the Storage on Traffic Searcie, General Staff. Hosontimed in September 1918 when the Office of the Mixing the Continue of the Pretor of Storage was created to assume the storage functions of the Privation. The Translation of the Staff. Hosontime of the Staff of Storage was created to assume the storage function of the Privation of the Staff of Storage was created to Staff of Staff of

STUDIOE FRANCH, Supplies Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See OFERWING DIVISION.

STORAGE COLUMNIES, Har Industrice Board, "Originated as the Storage Facilities Subcommittee of the General Familian Board, Council of Facilities Subcommittee of the General Familian Board, Council of Facilities Familians, with Morris L. Cook as chains of the Storage Council of Familians of Familians of Familians of Familians of Familians of Familians in the Storage Consistee. In Fabruary 1918 to the Familians through which it operated were transferred to the familians of experiment, and its functions were thereafter cuttailed. Familians of English Conservations of the familians of the Committee is filled with that of the Inland Traffic Emerger.

STORAGE DIRECTOR'S OFFICE, Purchase and Storage Eirector's Offire, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Edvicion, General Staff, Yar Department.—
the Supply Circular No. 91 of the Edvicion, dated September 12, 1918,
By Supply Circular No.

a Director of Storage was appointed, who was to report to the Director of Purchase and Storage. The Storage Director's Office took over the storage functions of the Division and many of those of the Quartermaster General's Office. It operated through several Divisions, including: Domestic Distribution; Domestic Operations; Overseas Distribution; Port Operations; Salvage; and Surplus Property. These operating units were designated as the Storage Service in April 1919. Both the Storage Service and the Purchase Service were discontinued in July 1920, and by Memorandum No. 6, Office of the Quartermaster General, were made Divisions of a newly created Supply Service. Functions: To have charge of the storage, distribution, and issue within the United States of all supplies for the Army. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

- STORAGE DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See OPERATING DIVISION.
- STORAGE DIVISION, Storage and Traffic Service, General Staff, War.
 Department.—See STORAGE BRANCH, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic
 Nivision.
- STORAGE FACILITIES SUBCOMMITTEE, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense.—See STORAGE COMMITTEE, War Industries Board.
- STORAGE OPERATING BRANCH, Operating Section, Supply Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established in the summer of 1917.

 Functions: To direct the operation of ordnance general supply depots and to exercise authority over storage facilities controlled by the Division; also to cooperate with ordnance officers at points of embarkation. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
 - STORAGE SECTION, Supply Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Established in 1918. Later transferred with the Division to the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division of the General Staff. Functions: To store Signal Corps supplies. Records: Among those of the Office in NA.
 - STOPAGE SERVICE, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See STORAGE DIRECTOR'S OFFICE.
 - STORAGE SUMMARIES BRANCH, Statistical Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on October 28, 1918. Functioned through several Sections, including Salvage and Interbureau Requisitions. Became the Storage Summaries Section of the General Statistics Branch, Requirements Division, about March 27, 1919. Functions: To prepare reports on interbureau requisitions, surplus supplies, domestic and overseas distribution, priorities and clearances, salvage, and training; and to prepare statistical questiormaires.

 <u>Records:</u> Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - STORED MATERIALS SECTION, War Industries Board.—Established in January 1918 as the Stored Materials Division; later became a Section. Discontinued on November 30, 1918. Functions: To prepare lists and inventories of privately owned commodities in warehouses for the benefit of Government war purchasing and commandeering agencies, and to clear lists of inactive Government supplies on hand for the use of purchasing agencies. Records: Among those of the

- Board in MA. Include correspondence of the Chief and records of commodities held in warehouses (9 feet).
- STOREMOUSES DEPARTMENT, Supply Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Comparation.—See DISTRIBUTION AND WARPHOUSE SECTION.
- STORES BRANCH, Plant Facilities Section, Inspector of Ordnance Establiaments, Ordnance Chief's Office, Mar Department. —See PLANT FACIL-ITIES SECTION.
- STORES DEPARTMENT, American Ordnance Base Depot Section, Supply Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. — See AMERICAN ORD-NANCE BASE DEPOT SECTION.
- SURES SECTION, Purchases Division, Railroad identistration.—Organized in the Central Advisory Purchasing Committee of the Suname and Purchases Division in October 1918. Transferred to a Purchases Division on March 19, 1920. Probably discontinued with the Division of April 1, 1920. Imputions: To supervise the distribution of end the accounts for material carried in stock by the mirror of the Suname of the Division in 1934.
 - STOTE AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT DEPARTMENT, Procurement Section, Materiale Brauch, Construction Division, Mar Department.—See PROCUREMENT SEC-TURE.
 - STORES SECTION, Kitchen and Gamp Equipment Branch, General Supplies Birision, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Everge Director's Office, Purchase, Storme, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department, -3se KITCHE AND CAMP EXCEPTION REALISM.
 - STRET RAILMY DEPARTMENT, Public Dislities Division, National Revision and the Author in the Company of the Public Division of the Public Division in 1979.

 Into Roard in the Public Utilities Division in 1979 public utilities of the Public Division in 1979. The great reporter of the public utilities that came before the Board are sense that Learning Division of the Public Division of the
 - STRENGTH AND FUNDAMENTAL ALLOMANCE ENANCH, General Administrative Division, Furchases and Storage Director's Office, Purchases, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nam Department.—Batablished by Furchase and Storage Notice No. 25 of November 1, 1918, Making over certain of the Orders and Regulations Division of the Order and Allowances for troops. Recently 150ms are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in DA.
 - STRUCTURAL, ENGINEERING, AND MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS DIVISION, Standards Dureau, Comerce Department,—Probably organized in 1911. Succeeded by the Fibrous and Organic Materials Division in 1956. Punceedings to study and set up tendents for etwutural, engineering, and miscellaneous materials. Records: In the National Bureau of Standards.

- STRUCTURAL STEEL SECTION, Architectural and Structural Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See ARCHITECTURAL AND STRUCTURAL DIVISION.
- STUDENT ARMY TRAINING CORPS SECTION, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Created on October 15, 1918.
 Terminated after the armistice. Functions: To handle assignments of officers, nurses, and enlisted men to units of the Students' Army Training Corps, through liaison with the various divisions of the Office, and to supply such units with equipment and hospitalization. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- SUBMARINE BASES SECTION, AVIATION AND, Yards and Docks Bureau, Navy Department. -- See AVIATION AND SUBMARINE BASES SECTION.
- SUBMARINE DEVICES SPECIAL BOARD, Navy Department.—See ANTISUBMARINE DEVICES SPECIAL BOARD.
- SUEMARINE DIVISION, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.—A
 Director of Submarines was appointed in the Office of the Chief of
 Naval Operations by order of the Secretary of September 5, 1918.
 His office was at first at the submarine base at New London, Conn.,
 but it was soon removed to Washington, D. C. For a time it was
 known as the Submarine Section of the Division of Operating Forces,
 and later it became the Submarine Division. Abolished on July 1,
 1923, after which submarine affairs were administered in the same
 way as those of other units of the fleet. Functions: To consider
 plans for and to make recommendations to the Chief of Naval Operations relating to the organization and distribution of the submarine
 force. Records: In the Navy Department.
 - SUEMARINES COMMITTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.—
 Created on November 4, 1915. Consisted of five members;
 W. L. R. Emmet, Chairman.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
 - SUBSISTENCE AND FORAGE SECTION, Purchase Summaries Branch, Statistical Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See PURCHASE SUMMARIES BRANCH.
 - SUBSISTENCE BRANCH, Quartermaster Subdivision, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on October 28, 1918, and still in existence on May 19, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Functione: To supervise the storage, distribution, and maintenance of stocks of subsistence supplies, and to determine surplus stores. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - SUBSISTENCE BRANCH, Quartermaster Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on November 1, 1913, and etill in existence on February 1, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Functions: To be responsible for the movement of the following classes of supplies to ports of embarkation and for obtaining the necessary priorities and releases: Refrigeration, packing-house products,

- canned vegetables, sacked goods, concentrated food, and miscellaneous groceries. Records: Some are among those of the Quarternister General's Office in NA.
- SUBSISTENCE BRANCH, Requirements and Requisitions Division, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Kar Department.—See PEQUIREMENTS AND REQUISI-TIONS DIVISION.
- SUBSISTENCE BRANCH, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Kar Department...See SUBSISTENCE SECTION, Commodity Branch.
- SUBSISTENCE BRANCH, Curplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Far Department.—Organized shout Invester 30, 1918. On June 39, 1939, it was functioning through four Nevenber 30, 1918. On June 39, 1939, it was functioning through four Sections, es follows: Packing Mouse Products, Camed Goods, Cereale, Sections, es follows: Packing Mouse Products, Camed Goods, Cereale, surplus foodstuffs. Records: Some ere exong those of the Quartermuntor General's Office in NA.
- SUBSISTENCE BRANCH, OVERSEAS, Subsistence Division, Quartermetter General's Office, War Department.—See OVERSEAS SUBSISTENCE BRANCH.
- SINSISTINGE DIVISION, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Energy and Practice of Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traite Directoris office, Purchase, Storage, and Traite Directoris of Staff, Nor Department.—Transferred about October 19, 1918, from the Staff, Nor Department.—Transferred about October 19, 1918, from the Office of the Quarternater General. In this Pranch, and I procure through an Administrative Branch, a Clark of Energy Symphes, and I procure through an Administrative Branch, and the Transferred Department of Staff Practice, and Staff Director Symphes, Proceedings of Practice, and Staff Director, 2023, and 7-resh Tegetables, Porching and Staff Director, 2023, and 1920, it because the Substitutione Dranch, Purchase the Control of Staff Director, 2023, and 2020, it because the Substitution Practice, 1920, it because the Substitution Practice, 1920, it because the Substitution and Inspection of food Supplication of Aury, Resorted Storage are monty those of the Quarternative Description In Adv.
- SUBSISTENCE DIVISION; Cuntermaster General's Office, War Department,—
 officianted in October 1917 as a branch of the Supplies Division, and
 Originated in October 1917 as a branch of the Supplies Division, and
 originated office offer No. 129, became the distinct of Division. Operation of Department of Branches, including the Company of the Company of Branches, Including the Company of the Company of the Control of the Company of the Control of the Office of the Division was not coordinate and supervise the Director of Purchase. Finational to coordinate and supervise matters connected with the presence of, distribution, and importion of food supplies required by the Army. Records: Probably among those of the Office in Ma
- SUBSISTENCE DIVISION, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Georgal Staff, Mar Department,—See SUBSISTINCE SECTION, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division.

- SUBSISTENCE SECTION, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on May 19, 1919, and on November 6 became a Branch of the Supplies Division. About May 19, 1920, the Branch was eetablished as the Subsistence Division. Functions: To have charge of the storage and distribution to the Army of subsistence stores, and to dispose of surplus stocks. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
- SUBSISTENCE SUBSECTION, Quartermaster Stores Section, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See QUARTERMASTER STORES SECTION.
- SUGAR AND FLOUR SECTION, Staple Groceries Division, Food Administration.—
 Organized in January 1918 in the Dietribution Division. Transferred to
 the Staple Groceries Division in April 1918 and returned to the Distribution Division in October of the same year, where it remained until
 it was abolished in December 1918. The Section dealt particularly with
 flour, as most of the work relating to sugar was handled by the Sugar
 Division. Functions: To prevent epeculation, hoarding, and excessive
 profite in the sugar and flour industriee. Records: In NA. Some are
 filed separately, and some are interfiled with records relating to
 other subjects.
 - SUGAR COMMITTEE, INTERNATIONAL .-- See INTERNATIONAL SUGAR COMMITTEE.
 - SUGAR DISTRIBUTING COMMITTEE, Food Administration.—Appointed by the Food Administrator on September 21, 1917, under the terms of an agreement with the beet sugar producers to distribute their crop. On September 30, 1918, the original Committee of seven members was reappointed and the agreement was renewed for another year. Headquarters in Chicago. Abolished on October 15, 1919. Functions: To direct the equitable and economical distribution of beet sugar. Records: 1917-19 (49 feet) in NA. Correspondence, requests for sugar shipments, copies of sugar sale contracts and related papers, quotations of freight rates and differentials, shipping ordere, diversion orders, sales records, and minutee of Committee meetings.
 - SUGAR DIVISION, Food Administration.—Established in August 1917; terminated in February 1919. Functions: To stimulate the production and reduce the consumption of sugar; to control its price so as to yield a "fair return" to the producer; to serve as a clearinghouse for sugar problems, working on questions involving policy through the International Sugar Committee, the Sugar Distribution Committee, and later the Sugar Equalization Board; and to administer sugar rationing certificates. Records: 1917-19 (33 feet) in NA. Correspondence, reports on the amount of sugar used by manufacturers, lists of sugar dealers and of persons in the State offices concerned with sugar conservation, and reports on the sugar-beet industry. References: Roy G. Blakey, "Sugar Prices and Distribution Under Food Control," in Quarterly Journal of Economics, 32: 567-596 (Aug. 1918); Labor Statistics Bureau, Historical Studies of Wartime Problems Division, Control of the Sugar Market During World War I (1942. Processed).
 - SUGAR EQUALIZATION BOARD, Dic.—Established by the Food Administrator as a Delaware corporation on July 11, 1918. The office of the Board was in Washington, D. C. Terminated by an Executive order of July 10, 1926. Herbert Hoover, Chairman. <u>Functions</u>: To equalize the disparity in price between foreign and domestic sugars and to regulate

their distribution by controlled purchases, After October 15, 1918, the Board cooperated with the Bar Traid Board in approxing licenses for the important licenses for the important of coffee into the United States (see also COFFEE COMPITTE CONFIDER OF HICKNESS, BERGINGS 1918-26 (195 feet) in MA. Include general correspondence; minutes of the Board; correspondence and minutes of affiliated consistience; contracts and agreements; insurance certificates; papers relating to claims; refiners' reports on mugar receipts and stocks; copies of sugar regulations; ledgers; allotteent cheets; and miceolianeous statistical date. Reforences; allotteent cheets; and miceolianeous statistical date. Reforences; allotteent cheets; and miceolianeous statistical date. Reforences; the contract of the Sugar, fundatory in the state of the state of the Sugar, fundatory in the state of the state of the Sugar, fundatory in the state of the state of the Sugar fundatory in the state of the state of the Sugar fundatory in the state of the state of the Sugar fundatory in the state of t

SDAN, FLOUR, CREALS, DRID FRITE, AND ERMIS EDITION, Coordination of Purchase Division, Food Administration.—Established in the fall of 1917; terminated early in 1919. Ductions: To headle allocations of group, rys flour, rice, comment, rolled cats, buckwheet flour, sugar, flour, dried beam, and fruit for the Arry, the Novy, and the Marine Corpe, Records: 1917-19 (12 feet) in BA. Include correspondence, records of allocates, and requisitions.

SUGAR PLANT INVESTIGATIONS OFFICE, Plant Industry Burssu, Agriculturs Department.—See PLANT INDUSTRY BUREAU.

SUGAR PROGRAMME COMMITTEE, Interallied Food Council.--Sss INTERALLIED FOOD COUNCIL.

SUGAR, SPICES, AND CONDINENTS ERANCH, Subsistence Division, Purchase, Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SUBCLISTENCE DIVISION.

SUGSESTIONS AND COMPLIANTS EMPLOY, Public Service Division, Railroad Maintetetien.—Creeted on August 22, 1918. Under the direction of an official called the Actuary until its truncfer to the Public Service Division on Petrary 1, 1919. Discontinued with the Division on Murch 1, 1920, Functione: To recurs and curser laters of coupleint, commendation, and suggestion. Records: The Division's records were entherized for disposition on Murch 20, 1934.

SUITS, DIVISION FOR THE DEFENSE OF, Justice Department.—See DEFENSE OF SUITS DIVISION.

SULFAUM AND PRAIRES ESTICMS, Chemicale Division, Far Industries Board,— Formed on April 15, 7918, as the Sulphury Alcohol, on Pyrites Section, Because the Sulphur and Pyrites Section on May 1, when matters pertain go calculous erer transferred to a ceparate cection culled the Pityl Alcohol Section. Discontinued on Necessier 27, 2722. <u>Eunericons</u> To stimulate and repulsate his production, distribution, and uses of sulphur and sulphur all direct and indirect war requirements. <u>Rescondis</u> Among those of the Board in MA.

SULPHUR SUBCOMMITTER, Chemicals Cooperative Committee, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Matale Committee, Advicory Commission, Council of National Difense.--Formed about May 1917. Dissolved in November 1917, when its functions ere taken over by the Douestic Fyritee and Sulphur Committee and the Production, Distribution, and Control of Sulphur Materials Committee of the Chemical Alliance, Inc., under the direction of the Sulphur and Pyrites Section of the War Industries Board. Functions: To handle for the Committee matters pertaining to sulphur. Records: Most of them were transferred to the Chemical Alliance, but a few fragments are scattered through the records of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.

W. 7.1 1.1 1.11

SULPHURIC ACID COMMITTEE, General Munitions Board, Council of National Defense.—Authorized on April 3, 1917, but never reported. <u>Functions</u>: To investigate and report to the General Munitions Board on manufacturing capacity as measured against the needs of the Army and Navy. <u>Records</u>: Probably none.

SUPERCARGO SECTION, Operating Department, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See DECK DEPARTMENT, Operations Division.

SUPERIOR BLOCKADE COUNCIL .-- See ALLIED BLOCKADE COMMITTEE.

SUPERIOR BOARD OF CONTRACT REVIEW, Purchase and Supply Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established by Supply Bulletin No. 14 of the Branch on July 30, 1918. Consisted of the Director of Purchase and Supply, the Surveyor of Contracts, and a representative of each of the supply bureaus of the Department. Still in existence in January 1919. Functions: To consider the form of contracts and the contracting policies and methods of the supply bureaus; to pass upon contracts and such other matters pertaining to purchases as might be referred to it by higher authority; and to make recommendations on these subjects to the Director of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

SUPERIOR BOARD OF SALES CONTROL, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established by Supply Bulletin No. 4 of the Division on March 7, 1919. Consisted of the Director of Sales, or his assistant, as Chairman, and the chief sales officer of each sales unit of the several bureaus of the Department. In existence on June 30, 1920. Functions: To consider and make recommendations on questions referred to it by the Director of Sales, and to discuss seles policies for the purpose of general clarification. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

SUPERVISION AND LIQUIDATION DIVISION, Sales Bureau, Alien Property Custodian.—Created in 1918; abolished with the Sales Bureau in 1920. Functions: To exercise supervision over sales of merchandise and other property. Records: Among those of the Corporation Management Division and the Sales Bureau in NA.

SUPERVISORS AND SUPERCARGO SECTION, Operating Department, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See PURSERS' DEPARTMENT, Operations Division.

SUPERVISORS DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—At first a part of the Supervisors and Supercargo Office established in January 1919; designated as a separate unit in May 1919. On February 1, 1920, it was combined with other departments of the Operations Division to form the Supervisors and Supercargo Section of the Operating Department. Functions: To procure prompt dispatch at ports, efficient loading and discharging, proper bunkering, and quick action on repairs. Records: 1919-20 (10 feet) in NA. Correspondence, forzs, and reports.

SPERVISORY FIELD INSPECTION SECTION, Inspection Branch, Subsistence Division, Quarternaster General's Office, War Department.—Became part of the Branch early in 1918. Functioned through Fresh Vegetables and Tobacco Subsections. On October 19, 1918, it was transforred with the Branch to the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage. Functions: To have charge of the actual inspections and eat Arry stetions by the camp subsistence officers and by treveling inspectors. Recorgis: Probably senug those of the Office in NA.

SUFFLIES, OFFICE OF THE SURVETOR GENERAL OF, Purchase and Supply Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SURVETOR GENERAL OF SUFFLIES, OF-FICE OF.

SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS BUREAU, Navy Department .- Organized in 1815 and known by its present name since 1892. Headed by the Paymaster General of the Navy. Functions: To maintain a centralized control over the procurement of insterials for the Mary (except for the Marine Corps).
Responsible for the reception, custody, storags, care, transfer, and finel issus of all materials (except emmunition, medical suppliee, and Marins Corps stores); the procurement, allocation, and disburement of public moneys and credits withdrawn from the Treasury for the Navy; the kesping of the accounts and other records of materials; and the supervision of the activities of all officers of the Supply Corps, During the war the Bureau was divided into nine Divisions, as follows: Purchase, Logistics and Fucl, Overeeas, Inland Traffic, Fleet, Eshomest, Dietursing, Storags, and Accounting. Records: 1917-20 [600 feet) in NA. Consist of general files, which include correspondence, contracts, schedules, Navy orders, and records of the disposition of ships and other Navy property. The records of the various divisions and sections are dispersed throughout the files, which are arrange and sortions are dispersed throughout us like a public arranged sainly by subject to type of record. References: Dupplica and Accounts Burseu, Annual Reports, 1917-19; John F. Growell, Germand Lacounts Burseu, Annual Reports, 1920; Supplies and Accounts Burseu, Annual Reports, 1920; Supplies and Accounts Burseu, February Contracts, characteristic and Associates . . . 1071-26; Listorical Record of the Burseu of Supplies and Accounts . . . 1071-26; Listorical Record of the Burseu of Supplies and Accounts 1917-18" ([19197]. Manuscript in the Office of Neval Records and Library).

SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT DIVISION, Quartermaster General'e Offica, War Department.—Sea CLOTHING AND EQUIPMED DIVISION.

SUPPLIES COMMITTEE, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.

Organized on February 12, 1917; Julius Rosenwald, Chairman. Functioned
Organized on February 12, 1917; Julius Rosenwald, Chairman, Contant Goods. at first through the following Cooperative Committees: Cotton Goods, Roolen Janufacturee, Knit Goode, Leather Equipment, Shoes and Leather Industries, Mattreesee and Pilloes, and Canned Goods. Reorganized in May to form four Sections: Woolen Goods, Cotton Goods, Knit Goods, and Shoes and Leather. The responsibilities of the Committee with respect to food purchases, and the Canned Goods Section were transferred to the War Industries Board and subsequently to the Food Administration. The majority of the remaining staff meabers of the Committee and most of its functions were transferred to the Quarternaster General's Office, War Department, in January 1918. At the same time the Mar Industries Board formed a Supplies Section to represent it temporarily with regard to textiles. This was succeeded on June 3, 1918, by the Textile and Rubber Division of the Board, which absorbed the remaining members of the Committee on Supplies. Functions: 10 cooperate in an advisory expecity with the purchasing officers of the Mar and Mary Departments in working out problems of procurement and contracting. Pecords: Scattered fragments are among the records of

the Council, the War Industries Board, and the Food Administration in NA. Others also may be in NA among those of the Quartermaster General's Office.

SUPPLIES DIVISION, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Existed by June 21, 1918. Operated through seven Sections, as follows: Unit Equipment, Steel Products, Tools and Hardware, Explosives, Lumber, Precise Instruments, and Office Equipment. In accordance with Supply Circular No. 99, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, of October 22, 1918, its functions were transferred to the Machinery and Engineering Materials Division, Office of the Director of Purchase. Functions: To handle for the Engineering and Purchasing Department purchases of the materials indicated by the titles of its Sections. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

SUPPLIES DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.--See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE DIVISION.

SUPPLIES DIVISION, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—
Established by the consolidation of the Overseas Supply and the Domestic Distribution Divisions on May 19, 1919, by Office Order No. 68, Office of the Director of Storage. Operated through several Branches, including the following: Administrative; Cable and Requisitions Service; Commodity; External Relations; Port Operations; Raw Materials and Paints; Engineer Supplies; General Supplies; Motors and Vehicles; Port and Cable; Requisition Register; Signal Supplies; and Subsistence. Abolished on May 19, 1920. Functions: To supervise the distribution and issue of supplies to the Army, to determine surpluses, to equalize and maintain stocks, to regulate the movement of supplies, and to obtain and allocate tonnage to ports. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

SUPPLIES SECTION, War Industries Board.—Formed in January 1918 at the same time that the majority of the members of the Supplies Committee of the Council of National Defense were transferred to the Quartermaster General's Office, War Department. Ceased functioning about May 28, 1918. Functions: To collate and analyze requirements submitted by the Requirements Division, to check purchases against such requirements, to collect and analyze data on sources of supply, to control clearances and allocations, to establish uniform prices, and to increase production. The Section handled matters relating to textiles only. Records: Some are among those of the Board in NA; others are in the War Department.

SUPPLY AND ACCOUNTS DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See SUPPLY DIVISION.

SUPPLY AND DISTRIBUTION UNIT, Women in Industry Branch, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See WOMEN IN INDUSTRY BRANCH.

SUPPLY AND RELIEF SUPREME COUNCIL.—See SUPREME COUNCIL FOR SUPPLY AND RELIEF.

SUPPLY AND SALES DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Exergency Fleet Corporation.—Established on May 1, 1919, as the successor to the Supply Division. On January 13, 1920, it was separated from the Construction Organization and placed directly under

the Corporation. The Supply Department of the Operations Division was attached to the Supply and Sales Division on April 16, 1920, but on September 1, 1921, the functions having to do with the furnishing of supplies incidental to the operation of wessels were transferred to the jurisdiction of the Vice President in Charge of Operations. On October 20, 1921, the Supply and Sales Division was replaced by the Material Seles Division of the Surplus Property Department. Punctions: To procure, have custody of, and distribute cupplies, materials and equipment; to inventory and appraise all property in which the Corporstion had an ownership or investment interest; to have custody of all surplus or salvage materiel of the Corporation; to negotiete and settle canceled supply contracts with an original price of \$50,000 or less; end to have jurisdiction over the cale of surplus end salvage materiels. The selling function wee of increesing importance until the Supply and Sales Division was replaced by the Meterial Sales Division. Records: 1917-24 (520 fast) in MA. Include correspondence, notes, memorande, and reports relating to the purchesing, transporting, allocating, inspection, selvaging, canceling, adjustment, appreising, listing, and selling of rae and finished shipbuilding materials, equipment, machinery, instruments, and supplies; contracts, purchase orders, leases, agreemente, and requisitions; bide and quotations; lists, inventories, and appraisale of material; and sales receipts.

SUPPLY CONVITTEE, GENERAL, Treasury Department. See GENERAL SUPPLY COMMITTEE.

SUPPLY CONIDOL DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, Mar Department.—Exhallabed in the latter part of 1917 as the Requirment's Brauch, Wershousing Division. Decase the Quartermaster Supply Control Bureau on Jenuary 26, 1918 by Office Order No. 2023. The Bureau on Forein No. 1976, at which time it took over the functions of the Misthode Control Division of the Office. Abolished on October 28 when its functions were taken over by the Office of the Director of Furchased Limitions were taken over by the Office of the Director of Furchased trol the Set. Burlanding To produce the of the Director of Furchased trol the Set. Burlanding To produce the Control of the Control of the Office of the Of

SUPPLY DEPARMENT, operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Officially established on April 2, 1919. Became the Supply Section of the Operating Emperhent, Operations Division, on February 1, 1920. <u>Empthems</u>: To supervise purchases of materials, supplies, and sautement for the secount of the Operations Division and to supervise stories and to supervise stories and to supervise stories and the supervise stories and the Supervise stories and the Supervise Stories of 1918-20 (18 feet) in Na, in the filter of the Supply and Sales Division of the Construction Operation time.

SUPPLY DIVISION, Chief Signal Officer's Office, Whe Department.— Betablished when the Officer wer recryatized on April 2, 1928, and became the Supply and Accounts Division on July 17. Reconstituted as the Supply Division when the Office was again recryamised on September 7. Operated through the following Sections: Regulation, Storage, and Traffice. Latest immunicrated to the Purchase, Storage, and Traffice. Latest immunicrate to the Purchase, Storage, Division, Storage Service, Purchases and Storage Service. President To control nated operate depote of the Signal Corps, to initiate regulations for the maintenance of tects balances, to supply material upon requisition, and to forward requisitions to the Procurement Division for stock not on hand. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

SUPPLY DIVISION, Construction and Repair Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the entry of the United States into the war. Discontinued about 1930. Functions: To obtain such supplies and materials for ships and shore stations as fell within the cognizance of the Bureau. The Division handled questions relating to priority of purchase and delivery and had charge of the inspection of material.

Records: In NA among the general files of the Bureau.

SUPPLY DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Created on June 12, 1918, as the successor to the Production, Purchasing, and Transportation Divisions. Succeeded by the newly established Supply and Sales Division on May 1, 1919.

Functions: To negotiate and award contracts for ship materials, apparatus, supplies, and equipment purchased by the Corporation; to exercise supervision over the purchasing, production, allocation, and delivery of shipbuilding materials; and to establish and operate storage yards and storehouses for material in transit to shipyards.

Records: 1918-20 (37 feet) in NA. Consist of so-called "hull cards" indicating the type and quantity of materials needed for the building of all ships in each district. The majority of the records were incorporated in the general files of the Supply and Sales Division.

SUPPLY DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department .- Created on May 23, 1917, by Ordnance Office Order No. 7, and included the following Sections: American Ordnance Base Depot, Auxiliary, Construction, General Administration, Operating, and Planning and Control. On December 2, 1918, the duties of those parts of the Division having to do with the storage, distribution, and issue of ordnance material, other than ammunition and its components, were transferred to the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage. The Division continued to furnish information concerning the supply of ordnance material to the Army, as well as estimates of requirements for tonnage for oversea shipments. Functions: To be informed as to the ordnance supplies to be required by the military forces and the time and place that those supplies would be needed; to be informed as to the orders given for the production of such supplies and the probable time of their delivery, and to give notice to the Chief of Ordnance whenever there appeared a probable failure of availability of supplies when needed; to handle all sales of ordnance materials except those of components to manufacturers; to take charge of ordnance stores procured by purchase or manufacture for issue; and to arrange for the shipment of such stores to the proper points for storage and custody, for their preservation from deterioration, and for their issue to the troops or other properly authorized persons. Accords: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

SUPPLY DIVISION, Steam Engineering Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence before the war. In 1917 the following Sections were established: Contract Follow-Up; Priority; Production; Requisition Follow-Up; Requisition; and Ships' Allowance. The Division worked in close cooperation with the Compensation Board. In September 1930 its functions were transferred to the newly created Division of Design and Construction of the Engineering Bureau. Functions: To handle matters relating to the obtaining of engineering supplies and other materials under cognizance of the Bureau, to the outfitting of naval

vessels, and to the construction of vessels under cost-plus profite and perentage contracts. <u>Records</u>: 1911-30 (in part cashined with the general files of the Mucan of Engineering) in Mia Chiefly correspondence and contracts. <u>References</u>: Newy Department, <u>Annual Report, 1918</u>, p. 357-538; Robert S. Griffin, <u>Mistory of the Rureau</u> of Engineering, <u>Rayy Beartment</u>, <u>During the Morial Eng.</u> 1918. (Kawel Records and Littery Office, Publication 5. Kastington, 1922).

SUPPLY DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, Wer Department.—See FINANCE AND SUPPLY DIVISION.

SUPPLI FROMEM SCTION, Purchase and Supply Brench, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, her Department.—Established about April 20, 1918. Its requirements functions sere transferred to the Statisties and Regulareament Benneth of the Division, and the Section became the Internal Relations Branch of the Division. Functioned through five bubections, see fallows: Amy Program, Requirements, Charge and Parfile, Commodity, and Replacement. Discontinued Course of the Amy Program, to represent the Pertuent on the Requirements Committee of the Nor Industries Board; to supervise the earth of Department commodity consistency and to supervise the earth of Department commodity consistency and to supervise the earth of Department commodity consistency and to supervise the earth of Department commodity consistency and to supervise the earth of Department commodity consistency and to supervise the earth of the Department of the North Operation of Technology and the Stations with the Alled Governments. Records: Therebouts unknown.

SUFFLY EXCITION, Military Aeronautics Division, Wer Department.—Created on May 21, 9218. Functioned through three Brenches: Engineering, Flannon, and Fraffic and Storage. Functions: To supervice the purchasing, turnsheins, end transportation of naterials and equipment to avisition fields, echools, and depots. The Section sceepied, stored, and delivered the preduction of the Eurews of Aircraft Production, was supervised the saintheamen of mechanical equipment. Records: In the offices of the Air Porces was Department.

SUPPLY SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and accounts Eureeu, Novy, Department,—Formed on September 1, 1918, from the Supply Division, Functions: To pass upon requisitions from ships and shore stations and designate methods of obtaining asternial; to emprise the upleap and distribution of stocks at members always, and also of materials. Recognise Probably among the person of the control of materials. Recognise Probably among the general filles of the Borons in Na.

SUPPLY SECTION, Technical Divisions, Ordanoes Bursau, May Department.— In existence prior to the war. Functions: To have clarge of the preparation, iraus, and correction of ordanace allowance lists; the sessably, shipment, and issue of all ordanace natural evenet that specifically under the jurisdiction of other sections; and the secignment and issue of armsent to tage, partic lessable, wessels of the Shipping Board Emergency Tiest Corporation, the scretant marine, and all surface properties of the section of the controlled the distribution of employing devices, such as I-guns and depth charges. Records: In the Kayy Empartment.

SUFFLING AND MAINTAINING TROOPS AT LOADING PLANTS, BOARD OF OFFICERS FOR, Ordnance Chief's Office, Mar Department,—Appointed on October 16 and dissolved on November 2, 1918. Functions: On behalf of the Office to take entire charge of arrangements for supplying and

maintaining troops at ammunition-loading plants. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

SUPREME COUNCIL, Peace Conference. - Came into existence on January 12, 1919, as a result of an informal meeting of the heads of the four Great Powers (the United States, Great Britain, France, and Italy). Representatives of Japan were added to the Council on January 13, 1919. It was modeled on the Supreme War Council and when the foreign ministers of the four Great Powers were present it operated as the Council of Ten. This latter body was divided later into the Council of Four and the Council of Five (Council of Foreign Ministers), which councils after the signing of the Versailles Treaty were superseded by the Council of Heads of Delegations, Council of Ministers of Foreign Affairs, and the Council of Ambassadors. The Supreme Council formally came to an end on January 21, 1920, but was revived, on occasion, for brief periods. Functions: To direct and decide on the policies and procedure of the Paris Peace Conference. Records: Probably some are in the State Department among those of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. References: H. W. V. Temperley, ed., A History of the Peace Conference of Paris, vol. 1, p. 247 et seq., 499 (London, 1920); James T. Shotwell, At the Paris Peace Conference, 36, 117 (New York, 1937).

SUPREME COUNCIL OF SUPPLY AND RELIEF .- Established on January 11, 1919, by the Allied and Associated Powers, and the new organization on the same day set up a Permanent Committee. Herbert Hoover was named Director-General of Relief. On February 24, 1919, the Supreme Economic Council absorbed the Permanent Committee and created a Food Section to take over ite work. This marked the termination of the Supreme Council of Supply and Relief. Functions: To investigate "the relief requirements of Europe, to determine the general policies and measures which should be carried out, and to coordinate the re-Hef efforts of the several governments." Records: In the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace, Stanford University. erences: Frank U. Surface and Raymond L. Bland, American Food in the World War and Reconstruction Period, 28-29 (Stanford University, 1931); Nina Almond and Harold H. Fisher, Special Collections in the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace, 26-27 (Stanford University, 1940); H. W. V. Temperley, ed., A History of the Peace Conference of Paris, vol. 1, p. 295-296 (London, 1920).

SUPREME ECONOMIC COUNCIL. -- Established upon the recommendation of President Wilson at a session of the Supreme War Council on February 10, 1919. First met at Paris on February 17, 1919, and at the beginning of each week thereafter. The Council originally consisted of five delegates from each of the four principal Allied Powers. Later, Belgium sent delegates. American delegates were: Norman H. Davis, Vence C. McCormick, Edward N. Hurley, Herbert Hoover, and Bernard M. Baruch. Americans headed four of the seven Sections, as follows: Norman H. Davis, Finance; Vance C. McCormick, Blockade Control; Herbert Hoover, Food; and Bernard M. Baruch, Urgent Business. The other Sections were: Shipping; Raw Materiels; and Communications. Mumerous committees also served the Council, considering such problems as the League of Nations, territories, reparations, international labor legislation, waterways, and railways. An American Economic Committee deliberated upon and dealt with probless affecting American policy. The Council continued until 1921, but the American representatives for one reason or another had withdrawn by September 1919. Lord Robert Cocil, Chairman. Functions: To decide upon essential questions relating to war and peace not

primarily of a military nature, and to absorb or gradually take the place of various internalised organizations, the duties of which were diminishing as a result of the anding of the war. Records: Nurseabouts unknown. Muntes of the anding of the founding at in the State Department. Reforements shared N. House, The Intimate Papers of Colonal House, vol. 4, p. 240n, 276, 277 (Botton [1928]); State Department, Foreign Relations, 1919, vol. 1, p. 2-9, H. W. V. Temporley etc., A History of the Fasce Conference of Paris, vol. 1, p. 296-333 (London, 1920).

SUPREME WAR COUNCIL .- Created at the Conference of Rapello on November 7. 1917. by the representatives of Great Britain. Italy, and France. the United States indicating its adherence 10 days later. Held meetinge monthly which were attended by the Prime Minister and a member of the ministry of each of the three European powers. President Wilson first attended the Council when he went to Purope to participate in the Peace Conference. A permanent military representative with his staff was attached to the Council. The members of the Supreme War Council formed the nucleus of the Peuca Conference when it convened in January 1919. Functions: To coordinate the efforts of the Allies to bring the war to a successful termination. The Council had jurisdiction over the following organizations: Interallied Council on War Purchases and Finance, Allied Maritime Transport Council, Allied Transportation Council, Allied Blockade Committee, Allied Naval Council, Military Council, Interallied Programme Committees, Interellied Food Council, and Interallied Munitions Council. Records: Whereeboute unknown.

SURFIGE MAXES DIVISION, Rater Resources Branch, Geological Survey, Interior Department.—In existence before the sar. Coopented eith the Westler Burest and the Sar Department in furnishing date used when water-power or narigation projects were undertaken. Still in existence. <u>Punctions</u> To collect date on surface weter. <u>Records</u>: In the Nater Resources Branch.

SURGEON GENERAL'S OFFICE, War Department .- An act of April 14, 1818, provided for a Surgeon General to supervise the activities of the Madical Department. During the period of the war, the Office of the Surgaon General operated through various Divisions, including the following: Air Sarvica Medical; Food and Nutrition; General Surgery; Hospital; Infectious Diseases and Laboratories; Internal Medicine; Wedicine; Neurology and Psychiatry: Physical Reconstruction: Sanitation: Surgery: and Surgery of the Head. There was also an Historical Board (efter 1919 the Historical Division). Functions: To edvise the Secretary of War and the Chief of Steff upon matters relating to the health, sanitation, and physical fitness of the Army; to handle the administration of the medical service in all its branches, as well as the supervision of the expenditures of the Medical Department appropriations; and to administer the general hospitals, hospital ships, trains, and medical supply depots. The function of administering the supply and medical supply depots.

An indication of medicate to the furchase, Storage, and Treffic Diriction on November 15, 1918. Records: 1898-1927 (1,859 fact in Na. Include the decimal correspondence files of the Office, 1917-27, among them the general files and various project files (968 feet); records of the Finance and Supply Division, 1898-1921 (464 fact), consisting largely of contracts for medical and tospital supplies and correspondence relating thereto; shipping papers pertaining to the distribution of medical, surgical, and veterinary supplies; correspondence pertaining to the financial relations of the Medical

- Department and the American National Red Cross; and records of the Personnel Division, 1917-22 (337 feet), consisting largely of returns of the enlisted force of the Medical Department. The remainder of the records are in the Surgeon General's Office. References: Surgeon General's Office, Annual Reports, 1917-21, and Medical Department of the United States Army in the World War, especially vol. 1, p. 123-540 (Washington, 1923-29. 15 vols.); James A. Tobey, The Medical Department of the Army, (Baltimore, 1927).
- SURGEONS SUBCOMMITTEE, CLASSIFICATION OF, Surgery Committee, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See CLASSIFICATION OF SURGEONS SUBCOMMITTEE.
- SURGEONS SUBCOMMITTEE, RAILWAY, Industrial Medicine and Surgery Committee, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See RAILWAY SURGEONS SUBCOMMITTEE.
- SURGERY BUREAU, MEDICINE AND, Navy Department. -- See MEDICINE AND SURGERY BUREAU.
- SURGERY COMMITTEE, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Formed as the Surgical Methods Committee about April 18, 1917; on September 9, 1917, reorganized as the Surgical Specialties Committee; and a few weeks later renamed the General Surgery Committee or Surgery Committee. Absorbed by the Surgeon General's Office, War Department, during the summer of 1918. Functions: To act as liaison agent between the surgeons of the country and the Government. Records: Some may be among those of the Council in NA.
- SURGERY COMMITTEE, INDUSTRIAL MEDICINE AND, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See INDUSTRIAL MEDICINE AND SURGERY COMMITTEE.
- SURGERY DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Created on November 30, 1918, when Office Order No. 97 reduced to section status the former Divisions of General Surgery, Military and Orthopedic Surgery, Surgery of the Head, and Roentgenology and attached then to the new Division, together with the Dermatology and Urology Section of the Infectious Diseases and Laboratories Division. On September 9, 1919, the Division became a Section of the Hospital Division. Functions: To provide trained surgical personnel for the military zervice, standardize surgery and surgical equipment, inspect the surgical staffs of hospitals, maintain and increase surgical efficiency in hospitals, and investigate special surgical problems. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- SURGERY DIVISION, GENERAL, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.— See GENERAL SURGERY DIVISION.
- SURGERY OF THE HEAD DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Established on July 9, 1917. Functioned through the following Sections: Ophthalmology, Otolaryngology, Plastic and Oral Surgery, and Brain Surgery. Transferred to the Surgery Division as a Section on November 30, 1918, in compliance with Office Order No. 97. Functions: To standardize equipment and material; to revise Army entrance requirements as regards eye, ear, nose, and throat; and to provide for the military service personnel especially

- qualified to care for diseases and injuries of the brain, eye, ear, nose, throat, face, and jaws. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- SURGERY SECTION, Hospital Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See SURGERY DIVISION.
- SURGERY SUBCOMMITTEE, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Wedicine and Samitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.
- SURGICAL METHODS COMMITTEE, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense, -- See SURGERY COMMITTEE.
- SURGICAL PATHOLOGY SUBCOMMITTEE, Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipment Committee, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of Matienal Defense.—See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SUBSICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT COMMITTEE.
- SURGICAL SPECIALTIES COMMITTEE, General Medical Board, Medicine and Senitation Countitee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.— See SURGERY COMMITTEE.
- SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT CONSISTEE, STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND, Medicine and Sanitation Counties, Advisory Commission, Council of Netional Defense, -- See STANDARDIZATION OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SUPPLIES AND SOURCE COMMITTEE.
- SUPPLIE PROPERTY DIVISION, Storage Director's Office, Europea and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Eur Department.—A Surplus Stocks Division was sets hished in this Office on October 28, 1918, but it never functioned. Furchases and Storage Notice No. 27 of November 20, 1918, replaced it with the Surplus Property Division. The latter Division was trensferred to the Office of the Quartermenter General on April 7, 1920, by Purchase and Storage Notice No. 76, and on July 25, 1920, it became a Franch of thet Office, Functions: To have charge of the disposal of materials held by the Paperisons declared to be surplue. Endowigh: Some are among those of the Quarternature General's Office in NA.
- SUPPLUS PROPERTY SUBSECTION, Clothing and Equipage Section, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Furchase and Storage Service, Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE SECTION.
- SUPPLUS STOCKS DIVISION, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Birector's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See SUMPLUS PROFERST DIVISION.
- SURFEY AND CONSULTING EMBILIERS SKEED, Shighing Seard.—Members appointed on April 6, 1917. Resigned on August 1, 1919. The Chairman, Frunk S. Martin, reasined in the New York office of the Shipning Scard and kept the files open until February 1920. Functions: To survey and prepare for operation the Germa and Asstrian ealign seited in April 1017 and turned over to the Shipping Scard by Executive order of June 21, 1917; and later to essit the Office of the Spocial Agent in Clevaland, Onto, in brigning Great Lakes vessels

565

* -

to the ocean and to make investigations of repairs, improvements, collisions, damages, and vessel maintenance problems. The Board To Appraise Enemy Vessels, appointed by the Secretary of the Navy, ascertained the actual value of the vessels seized so that the findings could be used as evidence in any claims for compensation. Records: 1917-20 (25 feet) in NA. Correspondence relating to surveys of repairs, drydocking, and adjustments of the value and cost of vessels taken over by the Shipping Board.

SURVEY AND STATISTICS DIVISION, Housing Corporation .-- Organized by authority of the War Labor Policies Board as the Industrial Service Section of the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Labor Department and later transferred to the Industrial Housing and Transportation Bureau under the new name. On August 15, 1918, it absorbed the functions of the Preliminary Investigation Division and the Statistical Division of the Housing Corporation. It included a Computation Section and Interdepartmental, Statistical, Surveys, and Utility Branches. Abolished after the armistice. Functions: To exercise control over preliminary investigations and industrial surveys conducted by the Corporation and over the personnel engaged therein; to obtain assistance from civic and other bodies in making such surveys; and to assemble and compile data obtained by means of surveys. It cooperated with the Joint Board of Industrial Surveys after its creation in October 1918. Also to handle the final negotiation and settlement of questions connected with public or private utilities. Records: 1918-20 (15 feet) in NA. Correspondence, reports, blueprints, and questionnaires.

SURVEYING AND PRINTING SECTION, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established as a temporary unit prior to the end of 1917. Functions: To render surveying and printing service for the Office and for the Corps of Engineers. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.

SURVEYOR GENERAL OF SUPPLIES, OFFICE OF, Purchase and Supply Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established by General Orders No. 14, War Department, on February 9, 1918. Abolished by General Orders No. 36 on April 16, 1918. Functions: To supervise and coordinate the procurement of munitions and other supplies for the Army. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

SURVEYOR OF CONTRACTS, War Department.—An official appointed by the Secretary of War on June 14, 1918. In the reorganization of September 5, 1918, he was placed in charge of the Purchase Branch of the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division. The Surveyor of Contracts became a member of the Superior Board of Contract Review, which was established in July 1918. Functions: To establish in each supply bureau of the Department a board of contract review; to pass on the final form of proposed purchase transactions; and to consider questions of purchase and contract policy within the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

SYNDICATE FEATURES DIVISION, Committee on Public Information.—Established in August 1917. Discontinued on July 1, 1918. L. Ames Brown and William MacLeod Raine, Directors successively. Functions: To utilize the writers of the country in preparing and disseminating interpretative articles on the war. Records: In the custody of the Council of National Defense in 1920, but probably disposed of in 1928 as uscless papers. Information concerning the work of the Division is contained in the files of the Executive Division in NA.

National Research Council.—Created in 1916 as a subcommittee of the Abendistry Committee, under the chairmanhip of Julius Stiegitz. Became a part of the Burision when it was organized an 1918. Functions: The Committee cooperated with the Federal Trade Commission in the granting of licenses for the summineture of synthatic drugs by patented processor belonging to the energy. If also cooperated with its Commission and with the Public Stanting Stanting the groduction of adequate quantities of licensed drugs and in standardizing the methods of samufacture and testing of certain drugs. Records: In the National Research Council.

SYNTHETIC DRUGS COMMITTEE. Chamistry and Chemical Technology Division.

SINTHETIC DYE AND INTERMEDIATES SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industrias Board, —See ARTIFICIAL DYES AND INTERMEDIATES SECTION.

- TAPULATION AND STATISTICS DIVISION, Research and Statistics Bureau, War Trade Board.—Created on October 15, 1917, as the Tabulation and Statistics Bureau of the Board, taking over the tabulating and statistical work of the Research Division of the Export Licenses Bureau of the former Exports Administrative Board. Became a Division of the Research and Statistics Bureau on November 12, 1918. Transferred in June 1919 to the War Trade Board Section, State Department. Functions: To supply the other bureaus of the Board and other Government agencies with facts and figures regarding imports, exports, and licenses issued by the Board. Records: 1917-19 (9 feet) in the State Department. Include statistical tables on imports and exports and on import and export licenses.
- TANK AND TRACTOR GROUP, Gauge Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See GAUGE BRANCH.
- TANK BRANCH, Domestic Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See DOMESTIC OPERATIONS DIVISION.
- TANK CAR RECORD OFFICE, Car Service Section, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—Created on July 1, 1918; probably abolished
 with the Division on March 1, 1920. Functions: To increase daily
 tank-car performance by keeping regional directors informed as to
 tank-car delays and movements. Records: Probably in the custody
 of the Association of American Railroads.
- TANK CORPS DIRECTOR'S OFFICE, War Department. -- On February 18, 1918, the Tank Service of the National Army was created and placed under the control of the Chief of Engineers as a branch of the Corps of Engineers. On March 6, 1918, the Secretary of War directed that it be made a separate and independent Corps, under a Director. It was transferred from Washington to Camp Meade, Md., by General Orders, No. 100, of August 12, 1919, effective on August 15, and was absorbed into the tank organization returning from France. Functions: To supervise the procurement and operation of tanks. Records: In the offices of the Ground Forces, War Department.
- TANK DIVISION, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Apparently formed in August or September 1918 to take over work incidental to the production of tanks hitherto handled by the Tanks Branch, Motor Equipment Section, Procurement Division. Functions: To handle purchases and matters pertaining to the manufacture of tanks for the Ordnance Department. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- TANK STEAMER AND CHARTERING EXECUTIVE, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See CHARTERING COMMITTEE and TANK STEAMER EXECUTIVE, Shipping Control Committee, Shipping Roard.
- TANK STEAMER DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—This unit experienced a number of vicissitudes.

Established as a pirision under the Operations Dirision in September 1917, it became in rebruny 1918 the fund Stemen Executive's Office 1917, it became in rebruny 1918 the fund Stemen Executive's Office under the Shipping control. Committee, the take stemer unit was returned to the Operations Dirision of the Derporation (Jan. 1919), where it was known as the Tank Stemen Pepartanet. In May 1919, it was abolished and its duties were transferred to the Contract Department. Functions: In approve tank-stemen charters and to accrete supervision over tank stemsors. Records: 1917-19 (8 fest) in NA. Correspondence, reports, and memorands.

- TANK STEAMER EXECUTIVE:S OFFICE, Shipping Control Committee, Shipping Board.—See TANK STEAMEN DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Piest Corporation.
- TANK EMBOT, Moter Equipment Section, Procurement Mivision, Ordanes Chisi's Office, War Department.—Falshidhed about January 15, 1938. Its functions were taken over by the new Tank Division after September 5, 1938. Functions: To headle purchases of tanks for the Ordanes Department. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- TANKS GROUP, Noter and Carriage Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, Ear Department.—See NOTER AND CARRIAGE RENDER.
- TANNING MATERIALS AND NATURAL DIES EDUTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Dosten -Propred mily 1, 1918, se the faming Materials Section. Later regetable dres were transferred to its jurisdiction from that of the Artificial Dyes and Intermediates Socition, and shout of the Artificial Dyes and Intermediates Societion, and shout of the Artificial Dyes and Intermediates Artificial Dyes Section. Recontinued after the artistics Punctions: To allocate the imported wattle burk, dirictit, and mangrove burk and, in cooperation with the Pengriend of Labor, to bring shout an increese of production of chestout wood extract and the main Comstit tanning extracts; also to look after the importation and allocation of wegetable dyes and insatible oils, fate, and waxes. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
- TANNING MATERIALS SECTION, Hide and Leather Control Branch, Supplies and Equipment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department, -- See HIDE AND LEATHER CONTROL BRANCH.
- TANNING MATERIALS SECTION, HIDE, MEATHER, AND, Finished Products Division, for Industries Board.—See RIDE, LEATHER, AND MEATHER GOODS DIVISION.
- TRIFF COMMISSION.—A body of six swahers created by the Revenus Act of September 8, 1916, and organized on three 13, 1917. <u>Punctions</u>; To gather tariff information for the use of the Frentdein and Consignificant industries and commodities, including speed affect on significant industries and commodities, including speed affect on significant industries and commodities, including speed affect of the read of the

- TARIFF DIVISION, FOREIGN, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau, Commerce Department.—See FOREIGN TARIFF DIVISION.
- TAX ADVISERS BOARD, EXCESS PROFITS, Internal Revenue Bureau, Treasury Department.-- See EXCESS PROFITS TAX ADVISERS BOARD.
- TAX BOARD, ADVISORY, Internal Revenue Bureau, Treasury Department.—See ADVISORY TAX BOARD.
- TAXES SECTION, ORGANIZATION AND PLANNING AND EXCESS-PROFITS, War Minerals Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See WAR HINERALS INVESTIGATIONS.
- TAXPAYERS' COOPERATION DIVISION, Internal Revenue Bureau, Treasury Department.—Created in 1917. Functions: To conduct a campaign of public education in connection with the war-revenue law of 1917. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- TEA, COFFEE, OILS, SOAP, BAKING POWDER, AND MISCELLANEOUS BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Ses SUBSISTENCE DIVISION.
- TEACHERS' AND PROFESSIONAL DIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department.—See ENGINEERING AND EDUCATION DIVISION.
- TECHNICAL AIRCRAFT BOARD, JOINT ARMY AND NAVY.—See JOINT ARMY AND NAVY TECHNICAL AIRCRAFT BOARD.
- TECHNICAL AND CONSULTING SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—Originally established as the Technical Section of the Chemicals and Explosives Division. On December 3, 1917, the name was changed to Technical and Consulting Section. Discontinued soon after the armistice. Functions: To offer advice and to investigate new processes of production and substitution. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
 - TECHNICAL BOARD, INTERALLIED .-- See INTERALLIED TECHNICAL BOARD.
 - TECHNICAL ERANCH, Inspection Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created during the latter part of 1917. Functioned through the following Units: Explosive, Letallurgical, Mechanical, and Gauge. Transferred to the Inspection Division by Ordnance Office Ordsr No. 93 of January 2, 1918. Functions: To be responsible for the proper manufacture of all material under its jurisdiction, in accordance with the contracts, specifications, drawings, and instructions furnished to it by the Design and Purchase Sections; to handle correspondence with reference to inspection; to keep records of inspections and tests; to prepare lists of master and inspection gauges needed for inspection purposes, the gauges to be designed and furnished by the Design and Purchase Sections; and to have control of the issue of these gauges, their care, use, and safekeeping, and the inspection of gauges supplied by the contractors. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT, Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See TECHNICAL SECTION, Ship Construction Division.
 - TECHNICAL DIVISION, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.-- In existence prior to the war. During the war it functioned through the following

Sections: Armor and Projectiles Aviation Ordaneas; Buildings and Grounds; Design; Deprisental, Pine-Gontrol, and Optical, Gunn Jun Fount; Idnes and Net; Ritestes and Actes; Porder, Explorites, and Puns; Priorities; Ship Protection; Supply; Torpedo; and Furret Hount. There was also a Gost Board Officer. Punctions: To design, manufacture, purchases, and distribute sears; ordaner external, and to investigate scientific questions relating to ordanee and gunnery. Records; Amont the general files in the Newy Department.

- TECHNICAL INSTRUMENTS SECTION, Machinery and Engineering Materials Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Offica, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nar Department,—See MACHINERY AND ENGINEER-THO MATERIALS EMANCH.
- TECHTICAL INVESTIGATION GROUP, Instrument, Machinery, and Container Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Evision, Companie Chief's Office, War Department. -- See INSTRUMENT, MACHINERY, AND CONTAINER ERANCH.
- TECHNICAL RESEARCH SECTION, Patroleum Division, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See PETROLEUM DIVISION.
- FECHNICAL SECTION, Military aeronewtics invision, Far Department,—Created on Psy 21, 1918. Punctions: To have charge of the design of sirplane armament, instruments, engines, and redistors; also to passon designs of aircraft and accessories substitled by the Buresu of Aircraft Production. Records: In the offices of the Air Forces, War Department.
- TECHNICAL SECTION, Ship Construction Division, Construction Organisation, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—This unit want through a variety of changes. Originated on August 20, 1917, as the Technical Department of the Construction Division. In December 1917 it was placed under the formal jurisdiction of the Steel Ship Construction Division, although it functioned both for that Division and the Wood Ship Construction Division. On June 26, 1918, it became the Engineering Section of the Steel Ship Construction Division, and it achieved independent stetus within the Ship Construction Division upon the establishment of the latter in January, 1919. Its name was changed to Technical Section on September 15, 1919, and as such it Operated through the following Branches: Scientific, Requisition. Specifications, Otter Gear, Machinery, and Hull. It appears to have been discontinued about April 15, 1920. In November 1920 a Technical Department was reestablished as a part of the Construction and Repair Division. Functions: To examine, prepare, and approve designs, plans, and specifications for wood and steel ships; and to examine and report on all technical matters in connection with the emergency shipbuilding program which were referred to the Section. Records: 1917-21 (52 feet) in MA, including the records of the Specifications Branch, 1917-20 (19 feet); the Otter Gear Branch, 1917-21 (17 feet); the Machinery Branch, 1917-20 (7 feet); and the Hull Branch, 1917-20 (6 feet). General correspondence, memoranda, notes, and reports on the technical and engineering aspects of shipbuilding and on protective devices against submarine attack; specifications; and copies of contracts. Some of the records of the Requisition Branch are smong the records of the Supply and Sales Division. Other files, including blueprints, are in the possession of the Maritime Commission.

TECHNICAL SECTION, War Department Claims Board, War Department.—See WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS BOARD.

- TEXTILE AND RUBBER DIVISION, War Industries Board .-- Established as the Textile Division on June 3, 1918, and absorbed such members of the Committee on Supplies of the Council of National Defense as had not earlier been assigned to other agencies; about July 24, 1918, rubber was added to its jurisdiction and the name of the Division was changed to Textile and Rubber Division. Discontinued about December 18, 1918. Functions: To cooperate with other Government agencies in the procurement of supplies of textiles and rubber goods; to establish and maintain relations between the Board and the industry; and to determine how to meet civilian requirements and safeguard civilian interests. Records: 1917-19 (155 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, questionnaires, reports, card lists, and other records of the Cotton and Cotton Linters, Cotton Goods, Domestic Wool, Felt, Flax Products, Foreign Wool, Knit Goods, Rubber, Silk, and Woolens Sections and the Noils and Waste Administrator's Office. The files of many of these units, however, are very fragmentary; other records are probably in the consolidated or "commodity" files of the Board.
 - TEXTILE AND TEXTILE EQUIPMENT BRANCH, Inspection Section, Equipment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See INSPECTION SECTION.
 - TEXTILE EQUIPMENT SECTION, Equipment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created in 1917. Became the Textile Equipment Branch, Equipment Section, Procurement Division, on January 11, 1918. Functions: To procure equipment manufactured from textiles, wool, or cotton, such as haversacks, pack carriers, cartridge belts, canteen covers, and intrenching tool covers. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - TEXTILE SECTION, Equipment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created in 1917. Became the Textile Branch, Equipment Section, Procurement Division, on January 1h, 1918. Functions: To procure cotton and woolen textiles, including duck, webbing, and horse blankets. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
 - TEXTILE SUBDIVISION, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Established on June 14 and abolished in October 1918 upon the transfer of the Division to the Office of the Director of Purchase. Functions: To supervise the procurement of textile goods. Records: Probably among those of the Office in MA.
 - TEXTILES AND FABRICS COMMITTEE, CHEMISTRY OF, Chemistry and Chemical Technology Division, National Research Council.—See CHEMISTRY OF TEXTILES AND FABRICS COMMITTEE.
 - TEXTILES SECTION, Purchase Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—See FURCHASE DIVISION.
 - THEATER DIVISION, LIBERTY, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department.—See LIBERTY THEATER DIVISION.
 - THEATRICAL ENTERTAINMENT DIVISION, Training Camp Activities Commission, Navy Department.—See TRAINING CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION.
 - THERAFEUTIC RESEARCH DIVISION, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.--Organized in May 1917. Included pharmacological and toxicological research units prior to the setting up of

separate divisions to perform those functions. Transferred with the entire Mar Gas Investigations to the War Department on June 25, 1926. Functions: To determine the changes that occur in the body as the result of exposure to lethal gases, and to devise methods for the treatment of gas poisoning. Becords: In the Mar Department end the Kines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Gas Investigations, 25 (Bulletin 1943). Washington, 1939).

THIRD ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF MAR, War Department, —A position created by Congress, which was filled by Presidential appointment on April 19, 1918. Frederick P. Keppel, Inird Assistant Secretary. Functions: By designation of the Secretary of Mar, to direct civilian relations; under General Orders, No. 81, of August 28, 1918, to be responsible for matters effecting the normalitary life of the solider end to act as the point of contact between the Department and the Commission on Training Camp Activities; and under Ineerel Orders, No. 90, of October 19, 1918, to work closely with the Norsle Branch of the General Staff. Also in charge of correspondence regarding delays in mail, the treatment of sick and wounded, matters relating to passports, and the consideration of recommendations for clemency made by the Judge Advocate General. Records: In the War Department.

THREAD AND TAPES SECTION, COTTON AND LINEN, Textile end Rubber Division, War Industries Board.—See FLAX PRODUCTS SECTION.

THRESHING DIVISION, Grain Corporation .- See GRAIN THRESHING DIVISION.

TICK ERANICATION INTESION, Arisal Industry Bursau, Agriculture Department—A unit originating in the investigations of Pasa Serve Department of the Company of the Bursau on July 1, 1831, and in the tick cradication work begun under the direction of the Inspection Division on July 1, 1906. Established as a separate Division on Nay 1, 1917, through the separation of the tick cradication work from the Held Inspection Division. On July 1, 1934, its name was changed to the Division of Tuck Evadication and Special Risesses. Functions: During the war, under special appropriations, to conduct a campaign to credicate the southern cattle tick and to improve agricultural conditions generally over the area affected. Records: 1917-18 (6 feat) among the general files of the Bureau in K.

TICKET STANDARDIZATION CORPITTER, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration.—Appointed on June 11, 1918; discontinued on March 1, 1920. Functions: To prepare standard passenger ticket forms. Records: Whereabouts unknown.

TIDEMATER SECTION, Bituminous Coal and Coke Buraau, Distribution Divi-' sion, Fuel Administration.--Sea BITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE BUREAU.

TIMBER PROGRAMME COMMITTEE .- See INTERALLIED PROGRAMME COMMITTEES.

TIN EXECUTIVE, INTERALLIED .- Sas INTERALLIED TIN EXECUTIVE.

TIN PLATE CONSENSATION COMMITTEE.—Created in August 1917 by the Joint action of the Food Administration, the Agriculture and Connect Departments, and the War Trade Board. Functioned as a unit of the Cannet Foods Bivision of the Boad Administration and after July 1918 of the Tin Section of the War Industries Board. Dissolved in January 1919. Functions: To eak available a supply of pix in, tin plate,

palm oil (necessary for use in the manufacture of tin plate), and other materials; to regulate the manufacture and price of tin plate; to promote economy in its use in home and commercial canning; and to coordinate the work of the various agencies concerned with it. Records: 1917-19 (5 feet) in NA. Correspondence, minutes, and monthly reports of tin plate manufacturers are among the records of the Canned Foods Division, and minutes of conferences with manufacturers and packers are among the records of the Staple Groceries Division, Food Administration. References: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Retail Price Division, Regulation of Supplies of Tin Cans in World War I, 1916-1918 (July 1941. Processed).

TIN PLATE SUBCOMMITTEE, Steel and Steel Products Cooperative Committee, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Appointed at a meeting of manufacturers on March 2h, 1917, called at the suggestion of the Secretary of Commerce, and became a part of the Cooperative Committee in June. Ceased functioning in August, and in December was reorganized as a subcommittee of the American Iron and Steel Institute. Functions: To study the conservation of tin plate. Records: Some may be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.

TIN SECTION, War Industries Board.—Created on March 6, 1918. Instrumental in forming and closely related to the Interallied Tin Executive in London. Discontinued early in 1919. Functions: To regulate the importation and distribution of pig tin in the United States. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.

TIN SUBCOMMITTEE, PIG, Steel and Steel Products Cooperative Committee, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See PIG TIN SUBCOMMITTEE.

TIRE CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS BRANCH, Production Section, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See PRODUCTION SECTION.

TIRES BRANCH, SPARE PARTS AND, Motors and Vehicles Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MOTORS AND VEHICLES DIVISION.

TOBACCO BRANCH, Subsistence Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See SUBSISTENCE DIVISION.

TOBACCO DIVISION, COTTON AND, Census Bureau, Commerce Department.-See COTTON AND TOBACCO DIVISION.

TOBACCO PROGRAMME COMMITTEE. -- See INTERALLIED PROGRAMME COMMITTEES.

TOBACCO SECTION, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—Created on April 26 and discontinued on December 17, 1918. Functions: To survey requirements for and to develop methods of purchasing and marketing tobacco. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.

TOBACCO SUBSECTION, Supervisory Field Inspection Section, Inspection Branch, Subsistence Division, Quartornaster General's Office, War Department.—See SUPERVISORY FIELD INSPECTION SECTION.

- TOWNAGE ALLOTYENT AND RELEASE SECTION, Port Operations Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See FORT OPERATIONS RANGE.
- TOOL AND HARMARE SUMMERS BRANCH, Hardware and Notale Division, Quarternaster General's Office, War Department.—See SMALL TOOLS AND CHESTS BRANCH.
- TOOL SECTION, HARDMARE AND HAND, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board, -Sae HARDMARE AND HAND TOOL SECTION.
- TOOLS AND CHEST EQUIPMENT SECTION, Small Tools and Chests Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase end Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See SMALL TOOLS AND CHYSTS BRANCH.
- TOOLS AND HARDMARE SECTION, Supplies Divicion, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers. War Department.—See SUPPLIES DIVISION.
- TOOLS, HANDLES, AND TOOL CHESTS SECTION, General Supplies Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See GEMERAL SUFFLIES BRANCH.
- TOPOGRAPHY DIVISION, HYDROGRAPHY AND, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Commerce Department.—See HIDROGRAPHY AND TOPOGRAPHY DIVISION,
- TOREDO SECTION, Technical Division, Ordanace Bureau, Bay Department.—In existence prior to the war. Punctions: To have charge of the design, manufacture, procurement, and distribution of torpedoes, torpado tubes, limenting derices, torpedo directors, and accessories. Records: In the Bay Department.
- ONN FLANING UITSION, Housing Corporation,—originated in a volumteer organization, which was incorporated into the Industrial Rousing and Transportation Bureau, Labor Department, on April 16, 1918, Aboliahed on June 39, 1939, Panetioners A member of the Eurision served on the Sites Committee, After sites for housing projects were selected, the Division, through town planners appointed by it, was responsable for the general planning. Records: 1918-19 (15 feet) in Nk. Ceneral correspondence, specifications, blueprints, location plans, photographa, and other records containing detailed information on projects.
- NOMIO MATRIANS DEFEDPENT SECTION, Chemical Research Edvision (Offense), War Gas Investigations, Mines Bereau, Interior Department-organized in September 1917; later designated Organic Research Section No. 1. Transferred with the entire Far Gas Investigations to the Bur Department on June 25, 1918. Functions: To investigate on a laboratory scale has sarrichave of ine votal casterilaris and to together with the production of important areas deviatives not available elsewhere. Records: In the Aur Department and the Kines Dureau, References: Himes Dureau, References: Himes Dureau, References: Himes Dureau, References Himes Dureau, References

- TOXICITY OF PRESERVED FOODS ADVISORY COMMITTEE, Medicine and Related Sciences Division, National Research Council.—Created in 1917, with J. J. Abel as Chairman. It was one of the committees grouped in the Medicine and Related Sciences Division when that Division was organized in 1918. Functions: Appointed to act in conjunction with Dr. Milton J. Rosenau, of the Harvard Medical School, who had "undertaken an exhaustive study of the toxicity of preserved foods for the American Canners Association," it studied canning and other methods of preserving food and investigated problems of botulism. Records: In the National Research Council.
- TOXICOLOGICAL RESEARCH DIVISION, War Gas Investigations, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—Organized in May 1917 when toxicological research was separated from the Therapeutic Division. Concerned only with offense research after May 1918, when the Pharmacological Research Division assumed responsibility for defense research. Transferred with the entire War Gas Investigations to the War Department on June 25, 1918. Functions: To determine the lethal values of various substances and to develop methods of treating gassed animals. Records: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Gas Investigations, 27-28 (Bulletin 178A. Washington, 1919).
- TRACER SECTION, Inland Traffic Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Established with the creation of the Division in March 1918. Functions: To expedite and assist in tracing carload and less than carload consignments in cooperation with the Car Record and Tracing Office, Car Service Section, Operation Division, Railroad Administration. Records: Probably among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
- TRACK AND ROAD TOOLS SECTION, Heavy Hardware Branch, General Supplies Division, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See HEAVY HARDWARE BRANCH.
- TRACTOR GROUP, Motor and Carriage Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See MOTOR AND CARRIAGE BRANCH.
- TRACTORS BRANCH, Motor Equipment Section, Procurement Division, Ord-nance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established about January 15, 1918. Its functions were taken over by the new Special Tractor and Artillery Tractor Branches of the Motor Equipment Section after September 5, 1918. Functions: To handle purchases of tractors for the Ordnance Department. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- TRADE ADVISER'S OFFICE, FOREIGN, State Department.—See FOREIGN TRADE ADVISER'S OFFICE.
- TRADE AND TECHNICAL JOURNALS SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration.—Established as the Trade Journals Section in May 1917 and renamed the Trade and Technical Journals Section in December. Abolished in October 1918. Functions: To keep commercial and technical workers informed, through trade and technical journals, concerning Food Administration regulations in relation to economies in food, feed, power, and transportation. The Section issued the

Weekly Bulletin and a clipaheet entitled "Food Conservation Notes."

Ecords: 1917-19 (12 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, manuscripts of published srticles, and copies of "Food Conservation Kotes."

TRADE BOARD, WAR .- See WAR TRADE BOARD.

TRADE BUREAU, ENEMY, War Trade Board .-- See ENEMY TRADE BUREAU.

TRADE CONMISSION, FEDERAL. -- See FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.

TRACE COUNCIL, WAR. - See WAR TRACE COUNCIL.

TRADE DIVISION, ENEMY, Federal Trade Commission. -- See ENEMY TRADE DIVISION.

TRADE EXPORT DIVISION, Federal Trade Commission.—See EXPORT TRADE DIVISION.

TAIR INTORNATION DIVISION, Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau, Conrected Department.—Offenized in 1917. Succeeded by the Division of Correspondence and Distribution in 1920. Functions of survey requests for miscellaneous information and for order and the Far Eastsign market, except with regard to Latin Sheefe and the Far Eastleign market, except with regard to Latin Sheefe and the Far East-During the war it supplied general informatic directories and Misse organizations and opened to them two war industries. Records: In the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

TRADE INTELLIGENCE BUREAU, WAR, WET Trade Board.—See WAR TRADE IN-TELLIGENCE BUREAU.

RADES AND ALMOCATIONS DEPARMENT, Operations Division, Snipping BoardEmergency Fleet Corporation.—Originated as the Trades and Almocations Division of the Shipping Southern Committee, Shipping Southern Committee, Shipping Southern Committee, Shipping Southern Committee, Shipping Southern Comparison. Shipping Southern Corporation. Shipping States Southern Committees of Shipping Trades Department and June 1919 upon the creation to the Shipping Trades Department of Shipping States of Shipping States Provided Shipping Ship

TRANS AND ALLOCATIONS DIVISION, Shirping Control Committee, Shirping Deard.—This Division was shready functioning when the Signing Control Committee was officially extending the property of the Operations Division of the Trades and Allocating Party Department of the Description of the Operations Division of the Description of the Computations of the Description of the Computations of the Description of the Computation of the Committee of the Description of the Committee of the Description of the Committee of the Description of the Committee of

TRADES, RATES, AND CLAIMS SECTION, Traffic Department, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Flest Corporation.—See RATE AND CLAIM DEFAURDER. TRADING WITH THE ENEMY DIVISION, War Risk Insurance Bureau, Treasury Department .-- Established by authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, approved October 6, 1917, and by Executive Order No. 2729-A of October 12, 1917, which delegated to the Secretary of the Treasury the power to license foreign insurance companies. By Departmental Circular No. 99 of November 23, 1917, the Secretary delegated this power to the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, and the Trading With the Enemy Division resulted. The Division does not appear as such in the "Organization Chart and Organization Memoranda" of August 20, 1918, but its function was still being performed by a section of the Legal Division in 1919. Functions: To regulate, by licensing, foreign insurance companies doing business in the United States. Records: Some material relating to this activity may be found in the files of the Marine Advisory Board to the Bureau of War Risk Insurance and the files of the Alien Property Custodian in NA; in the files of the Director of the Bureau and in legal files in the Veterans' Administration; and in records in the Treasury Department.

TRAFFIC AND STORAGE ASSISTANCE, EMERGENCY, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department.--See EMERGENCY TRAFFIC AND STORAGE ASSISTANCE.

TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORTATION BUREAU, Administrative Division, Fuel Administration.—Organized on February 25, 1918, succeeding the Transportation Department, which had been established on November 1, 1917. F. M. Whittaker was detailed from the Railroad Administration as Inland Traffic Manager in February 1918. In May the Bureau was placed under the Administrative Division. Terminated in June 1919. Functions: To arrange matters with the Railroad Administration relating to the transportation of coal; and to supervise the distribution of cars and the movement of loaded cars to their destination, the direction of shipments by the shortest route, and the diversion of coal to places of need. Records: 1917-19 (25 feet) in NA. Correspondence, reports, memoranda, requests for shipments, requests for cars, permits, orders, requisitions, notebooks, and personnel

TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORTATION BUREAU, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.—
Organized on January 21, 1918. In April a branch office was established in Kansas City. Ceased operations in March 1919. J. A.
Middleton, the head, was assigned by the Railroad Administration to
act with the Oil Division as Manager of Inland Traffic, and the Bureau was sometimes known as the Inland Traffic Bureau. Functions:
to obtain rate adjustments. Records: In NA. Correspondence and
related documents (1 foot) are filed separately from the central

TRAFFIC BRANCH, Fuel and Forage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Organized on January 26 and abolished on June 1h, 1918. Functions: To indicate points of origin and destination for fuel and forage shipments. Records: Probably with

TRAFFIC BRANCH, Material Section, Supply and Sales Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See TRANSPORTATION DIVISION.

- TRAFFIC BRANCH, FHEIGHT, Rail Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—See FREIGHT TRAFFIC BRANCH,
- TRAFFIC BRANCH, STORAGE AND, Administrative Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Edvision, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Evision, General Staff, War Department.—See STORAGE AND TRAFFIC BRANCH.
 - TRAFFIC CONSITTEE, INTERREGIONAL, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration.—See INTERREGIONAL TRAFFIC COMMITTEE.
- TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT, Operations Division, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, -Established on February 1, 1920, to assume the functions of the Export Coal, Shipping Trades, Rate and Claim, Allocation, and Assignment Departments. Continued until the abolition of the Corporation in October 1936, and still exists as part of the Operations and Traffic Division of the Maritime Commission. Punctions: To allocate wessals to trade routes: to assign to managing operators vessels owned or under the control of the Corporation; to establish trade routes, freight rates, and liner service; and to adjust cargo claims. Records: 1918-36 (680 feet) in NA. Include material pertaining to particular cosmodities and trade routes, freight tariffs, minutes and circulars of freight conferences, shipping periodicals, performance summaries, digests of manifasts, market reports, advertising data, and a file giving information on the organization, capitalization, and nationality of all companies operating Shipping Board vessels for the pariod 1918-26.
- TRATTIC DESCOURS OFFICE, Shipping Board Energency Fleet Corporation.—Established by the Shipping Board in May 1917, discontinued in the fall of 1917 after the Operations Division of the Shipping Board was organized. Punctions: To Annals the transportation of supplies and materials for the construction of wooden weekle, to have charge of the Marticles Intelligence Department, and generally to supervise traffic matters for the Shipping Board and the Fleet Corporation, Records: Whereabouts unknown.

TRAFFIC DIVISION. Grain Corporation. -- See TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT.

THAFFIC DIVISION, Railroad Administration, "Greated on February 9, 1918. Operated through a number of countities and sections. Macontinued on March 1, 1920. Edward Chambers, Mirector. Functions: to handle matters involving traffic relations between carriers and the shipping public, and also the classification of traffic, the fixing of rates, and consertial questions arising in connection with the transportation of freight, mail, an express goods. Recommendation of the property of the category of the control of the country of the conserved of the property which were ordered the creep for the Judgment of Communication by Executive Order No. 700 of Juneary 27, 1931.

TRAFFIC DIVISION, PURCHASE, STORAGE, AND, General Staff, War Department. See PURCHASE, STORAGE, AND TRAFFIC DIVISION.

TRAFFIC DIVISION, STORAGE AND, General Staff, War Department. -- See PIRCHASE, STORAGE, AND TRAFFIC MIVISION.

- TRAFFIC MANAGERS, INLAND, Traffic Division, Railroad Administration. -- See INLAND TRAFFIC MANAGERS.
- TRAFFIC SECTION, Equipment Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created in 1917. Probably transferred to the Equipment Section of the Procurement Division on January 14, 1918. Functions: To advise the Chief of the Division and the heads of the several procurement units in the planning of shipping routes and shipping schedules, so that raw materials, component parts, and completed equipment might be packed and shipped with the greatest possible effectiveness. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- TRAFFIC SECTION, Port Operations Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department. -- See PORT OPERATIONS BRANCH.
- TRAFFIC SECTION, Public Service Division, Railroad Administration.—
 Created on July 1, 1918, in the Public Service and Accounting Division. Functions taken over by the Public Service Division on February 1, 1919. Functions: To coordinate the work of the Freight Traffic Committees organized to handle changes in freight rates, rules, and regulations in official eastern, southern, and western classification territories. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.
- TRAFFIC SECTION, Salvage Branch, Conservation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See SALVAGE AND CARDENING BRANCH.
- TRAFFIC SECTION, Supply Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—Established in 1918. Later transferred with the Division to the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division of the Ceneral Staff. Functions: To control the movement and transportation of stores. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- TRAILERS BRANCH, Motor Equipment Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established about January 15, 1918. Abolished on September 5, 1918, when Supply Circular No. 87 transferred its functions to the Quartermaster Corps. Functions: To handle purchases of trailers for the Ordnance Department. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- TRAINING AND DILUTION SERVICE, War Labor Administration, Labor Department. -Authorized by an act of July 1, 1918, and organized on July 16. Included Planning, Training, Dilution, and Administration Divisions. After the armistice, renamed the Training Service. minated on June 30, 1919. Functions: To devise and publicize methods of training workers and of diluting skilled labor as and when needed; to organize industrial training in public schools in cooperation with the Federal Board for Vocational Education; to ascertain the supply of skilled labor available in cooperation with the Employment Service; to study hygienic fitness of plants for dilution in cooperation with the Public Health Service; and to prepare and distribute publications in cooperation with the Information and Education Service. Dilution of skilled labor by the utilization of unskilled labor was never actively carried on by the Dilution Division because of the armistice. Records: Disposition authorized by Congress on May 7, 1928. References: Gordon S. Watkins, Labor Problems and Labor Administration in the United States During the World War, 215-227 ([Urbana, 1920]).

TRAINION AND INSTRUCTION BRANCH, War Plans Division, General Staff, War Department, -Organized in 1918. Functions: I outpertise the training of the Army; the tactics and methods of warfars to be enployed, together with publications sharing relation thereto; military education and special training; the publication of foreign documents relating to military afficies; and inspections with a view to insuring efficiency and thoroughness in training and instruction the Army. Reaches: In the General Staff, Mar Department, and the Control Staff, Mar Department.

TRAINING BRANCH, Personnel Division, Quarterwaster General's Office, War Department, -- See PERSONNEL INVISION.

TRAINING BUREAU, SEA, Recruiting Service, Shipping Board.—See SEA TRAINING BUREAU.

TRAINING CAMP ACTIVITIES COMMISSION, Navy Department, -- Setablished in eccordance with a letter of September 24, 1917, from the Secretary of the Mavy to Raymond B. Fordick, which named the latter Chairman. Operated through the following Divisions: Athletics: law Enforcement; Music end Song; Protective Work for Girls; Publicity; Social Hygiene and Instruction: Supplies and Accounts; and Theatrical Entertainment. Succeeded on March 11, 1919, by the Sixth (Morale) Division, Navigation Bureau. Raymond B. Fosdick also served es Chairman of the Training Camp Activities Commission of the Wer Department. Functions: To coordinate the work of the several welfare organizations (the Young Men's Christian Association, the Knighte of Columbus, the Jewieh Welfare Board, the War Camp Com-munity Service, the Young Women's Christian Association, the American Library Association, and the Salvation Army) that had the funetion of providing for the healthful recreation, moral outlook, and general confort of young men in the Mavy. Records: In the Bureau of Neval Personnel, Navy Department. References: Navy Department, Annual Reports, 1918-19.

TRAINING CAFF ACTIVITIES ORGESSION, War Department.—Established in secondance with a letter of April 18, 1917, from the Secretary of Nor to Raymond 9. Positick. Operated through the following Diricions. Althetic Cash Nusici Executive Office; Law Enforcement; Liberty Theater; Musici Executive Office; Law Enforcement; Liberty Theater; Musici Executive Office; Law Enforcement; Septement, Septement, Septement; Septemen

TRAINING CAMPS SECTION, Tards and Docke Bureau, Navy Department.— Established in October 1917. Functions: To prepare plans and epecifications for the construction of wer energency naval training camps. Records: Anna the general files of the Bureau in MA.

- TRAINING COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN OF THE ORDNANCE DE-PARTMENT, BOARD TO INVESTIGATE AND REPORT ON THE METHODS OF, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on August 19, 1918, by Office Order No. 279. Functions: To investigate methods of training commissioned officers and enlisted men of the Office, and to make reports and recommendations thereupon. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- TRAINING COMMITTEE, EDUCATION AND SPECIAL, War Department.—See EDU-CATION AND SPECIAL TRAINING COMMITTEE.
- TRAINING DEPARTMENT, INDUSTRIAL, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See EDUCATION AND TRAINING SECTION, Industrial Relations Division.
- TRAINING DEPARTMENT, ORGANIZATION AND, Operations Branch, Field Artillery Chief's Office, War Department.—See FIELD ARTILLERY CHIEF'S OFFICE.
- TRAINING DIVISION, Chemical Warfare Service, War Department.—Originated in 1917 under the Surgeon General's Office; transferred to the Office of the Chief of Engineers early in 1918; and became a part of the Chemical Warfare Service shortly after its organization on June 28, 1918. Functions: To organize and train officers and troops in gas warfare. Records: In the War Department.
- TRAINING DIVISION, Navigation Bureau, Navy Department.—Established in April 1917 by order of the Chief of the Bureau. Late in 1919 the functions of the Division were apparently returned to the Enlisted Personnel Division of the Bureau, where they were normally performed. Functions: To administer the training of enlisted personnel of the regular Navy and of the Naval Reserve Force at naval training stations, training eamps, section bases, district vessels, special schools, Navy units of the Students' Army Training Corps, and Navy rifle ranges. Records: 1917-19 (7 feet) in NA. General files. References: Navy Department, Annual Reports, 1917, p. 22-24, 159-161; 1918, p. 433-438; Ernest L. Bennett and Lewis P. Clephane, "History of the Training Division, Bureau of Navigation" (1920. Manuscript in the Office of Naval Records and Library).
 - TRAINING DIVISION, Training and Dilution Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probably instituted with the Service on July 16, 1918. Under it was a field service, which included a chief and a superintendent in each of 12 districts which coincided with the Army ordnance districts. Assistant superintendents of training were stationed in some of the important industrial centers. Probably terminated with the Service on June 30, 1919. Functions: To organize vestibule training departments at the request of plant managers and, in accordance with plans of the Federal Board for Vocational Education, to initiate movements for industrial training with the assistance of employers, labor, and public school authorities. Records: Disposition authorized by Congress in 1928.
 - TRAINING DIVISION, MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See LEDICAL DEPARTMENT TRAINING DIVISION.
 - TRAINING METHODS BRANCH, EMPLOYMENT AND, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING METHODS BRANCH.

- TRAINING METHODS SECTION, Flamming Division, Training end Dilution Service, Rar Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Probebly organized in July 1918 and terminated on June 30, 1919. Functions: To study methods of industrial training; to prepare plans for instituting, carrying on, and Emproving training scheez; to combine all training plans into a comprehensive scheme for all industries; and to coordinate the Service's plans with those of the Federal Board for Vocational Education. Records: Disposition suthorized by Congress in 1928.
- TRAINING SECTION, Gas Defense Myristen, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Organized during the suwer of 1917, in response to the opening of the Gas-Defense School in connection with the School of Muskatty of the Infantry School of the Army at Fert Sill. On February 27, 1916, the commissioned personnel of this Section were translated to the School of Market Sill. On February 27, 1916, the commissioned personnel of this Section were translated to the School of the Sch
- TRAINING SECTION, Military Aeronautics Division, War Department. -- See MILITARY AERONAUTICS DIVISION.
- TRAINING SECTION, EDUCATION AND, Industrial Relations Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.— See EDUCATION AND TRAINING SECTION.
- TRAINING SECTION, INDUSTRIAL, Welfare Work Subcommittee, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense. —See INDUSTRIAL TRAINING SECTION.
- TRAINING SERVICE, War Labor Administration, Labor Department .- See TRAINING AND DILUTION SERVICE.
- TRAINING SPECIAL COMMITTEE, EDUCATION AND SPECIAL, General Relations Division, National Research Council.—See EDUCATION AND SPECIAL TRAINING SPECIAL COMMITTEE.
- TRAJECTORIES AND STABILIZES SECTION, Schenor and Research Division, thief Signal Officer's Office, war Department.—See SCIENCE AND RE-SEARCH DIVISION.
- TRANS-ATIANTIC AND TRANS-FACIFIC TRADE ENANCH, Trades and Allocations Division, Snipping Control Committee, Shipping Board, —See TRADES AND 'ALLOCATIONS DIVISION,
- TRANS-ATTANTIC RAHIO BRANCH, Easto Development Section, Engineering and Research Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See RAHO DEPYLOPMENT SECTION.
- TRANSPER AND INVENTORY SECTION, Sales Branch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nar Department.—Established about October 1919. In existence on June 30, 1920. Functions: To handla and clear requisitions for the transfer of properly which involved the Department. Records Thereabout surfnown.
- TRANSFER AND PRIVATE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, Shipping Board, -- Created by resolution of the Board on October 9 and discontinued by resolution of tha Board on December 3, 1918, Functions: To investigate

- and prepare recommendations for the Board with regard to applications to sell ships, to transfer registry of ships, to place foreign mortgages on ships, and to construct vessels for private account. Records: In the Maritime Commission.
- TRANSPORT COMMITTEE, HIGHWAYS, Council of National Defense. See HIGH-WAYS TRANSPORT COMMITTEE.
- TRANSPORT COMMITTEE, MECHANICAL .- See INTERALLIED MUNITIONS COUNCIL.
- TRANSPORT COUNCIL, ALLIED MARITIME. -- See ALLIED MARITIME TRANSPORT COUNCIL.
- TRANSPORT EXECUTIVE, ALLIED MARITIME, Allied Maritime Transport Council.--See ALLIED MARITIME TRANSPORT EXECUTIVE.
- TRANSPORT MACHINERY SECTION, AUTOMOTIVE AND, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department. -- See CIVIL AND MECHANICAL DIVISION.
- TRANSPORT SECTION, War Department Claims Board, War Department.--See WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS BOARD.
- TRANSPORT SERVICE, MOTOR, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See MOTOR TRANSPORT CORPS CHIEF'S OFFICE.
- TRANSPORT SUBDIVISION, MOTOR, Port Operations Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MOTOR TRANSPORT SUBDIVISION.
- TRANSPORTATION, JOINT COMMITTEE ON WEST INDIES. -- See JOINT COMMITTEE ON WEST INDIES TRANSPORTATION.
- TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION COMMITTEE, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Established on February 13, 1917. Included at various times the following Cooperative Committees: Telegraph and Telephone, Railroad Transportation, Electric Railroad Transportation, Inland Water Transportation, Locomotives, and Cars. Most of these were either dissolved or merged with other agencies before March 1, 1918. Functions: To supervise and direct investigations and make recommendations as to the location of railroads for the expeditious concentration of troops and supplies at strategic points for defense; the coordination of military, industrial, and commercial purposes in the location of highways and railroad branch lines; the utilization of waterways; the development of seagoing transportation; and the extension and adaptation of telegraph and telephone facilities to meet the requirements of defense. Records: Among those of the Council in NA.
 - TRANSPORTATION AND HOUSING OPERATIONS DIVISION, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION AND HOUSING DIVISION, Construction Organization.
- TRANSPORTATION AND LABOR SECTION, PASSENGER, Inland Traffic Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—See PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION AND LABOR SECTION.

- TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE PROJECT, Earkets Bureau, Agriculture Department.—See TRANSPORTATION SECTION.
- TRANSPORTATION BOARD, INTERALLIED MILITARY.—See INTERALLIED MILITARY TRANSPORTATION BOARD.
- TRANSPORTATION BRANCH, Distribution and Warehouse Section, Supply Civision, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation—Sec TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Construction Organization.
- TRANSPORTATION BRANCH, lotors Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Mixision, General Staff, Tar Department.—Established on November 1, 1919, and still in existence on February 1, 1919, when the Division was soblished. Dunctions: To be responsible for handling matters related to necessive diversions of shipment in transit, expediting movements, and cooperating with the Inland Traffic Service. Records: Some are among those of the Quarternsatar General's Office in Na.
- TRANSPORTATION BRANCH, Operating Section, Supply Division, Ordanos Chief's Office, har Department, Established in 1917. Functions: To have primary responsibility for the study of transportation conditions as they affected the Division; to prepare routings for Division shipments in transit mede under the direction of the Division. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- TRANSPORTATION BRANCH, Purchase Section, Mitrate Division, Ordnane Chairfa Office, Was Department.—Fatablehed during the latter performance of the Department of the Commission of the Mixing, and to seninatin progress records concerning orders. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Na.
- TRANSPORTATION BRANCH, MOTOR, Operations Division, Ceneral Staff, War Department. -- See MOTOR TRANSPORTATION FRANCH.
- TRANSFORMATION BUREAU, Wer Trade Board.—Created on October 15, 1917, replacing the Transportation Division of the Export Locause Eureau of the Exports Administrative Board. Intellect to the far Trade Board Section, State Department, and regulations of the Export Maninistra and enforce the calling and provisioning licenses to vessels entering or without the third states or its possessions. Sale entering 15,100 (LITS feet) in the State Department. Corresponding of the Court of the Co
- TRANSPORTATION BUREAU, INDUSTRIAL HOUSING AND, Labor Department.— See INDUSTRIAL HOUSING AND TRANSPORTATION BUREAU.
- TRANSPORTATION BUREAU, MARINE, Oil Division, Fuel Administration.--- See COUNSEL'S OFFICE.

- TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE, Naval Consulting Board, Navy Department.— Created on November 4, 1915. Consisted of seven members; B. B. Thayer, Chairman.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
- TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—
 See OPERATIONS COMMITTEE.
- TRANSPORTATION COMPLITTEE, COTTON COMPRESSION AND, War Industries Board.—See COTTON COMPRESSION AND TRANSPORTATION COMPLITTEE.
- TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE, INLAND WATER, Council of National Defense.— See INLAND WATER TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE.
- TRANSPORTATION COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, ELECTRIC RAILROAD, Transportation and Communication Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See ELECTRIC RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE.
- TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT, Belgian Department, Grain Corporation .-- See BELGIAN DEPARTMENT.
- TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT, Fuel Administration. -- See TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORTATION BUREAU, Administrative Division.
- TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT, Grain Corporation.—Established in August 1917. Worked in cooperation with the Railroad Administration and the Food Administration during the war period. Known also as the Traffic Division. Terminated about July 1923. Functions: To facilitate the movement of grain and flour by rail and water, to coordinate domestic and export demands made on carriers, and to handle demurrage and other freight claims. Records: 1917-23 (315 feet) in NA. Include correspondence and contracts concerning rail and steamer shipments of grain and flour and records of the Claims Section of the Department.
- TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT, Supply Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. -- See TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Construction Organization.
- TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT, MARINE, Grain Corporation. -- See MARINE TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT.
- TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Originated with the appointment of a Director of Traffic on May 8, 1917, and established as a Division on December 1. Abolished on June 10, 1918, after which its functions were exercised by the Transportation Department of the Supply Division until December 18, 1918. On that date this Department became the Transportation Branch of the Distribution and Warehouse Section, Supply Division, which was succeeded on August 1, 1919, by the Traffic Branch of the Material Section, Supply and Sales Division. The Traffic Branch became a part of the Purchasing Department on August 1, 1920, and was abolished about the end of 1921. Functions: To exercise general supervision over the transportation of the Corporation. Records: 1918-22 (122 feet) in MA. Include general correspondence, notes, memoranda, and reports relating to the transportation of shipbuilding materials and supplies from production plants to shippards. Also included are correspondence; invoices and

summariee relating to claims arising from the transportetion of ehipbullding materials; freight bills; and copies of bills of lading. Other records of the Blvision and its successors were consolidated with the general files of the Supply and Sales Division, 1917-24 (Ldb feet).

TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Fertilizar Control Office, Agriculture Department. -- See FERTILIZER CONTROL OFFICE.

TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Food Administration .- Organized in July 1917. In February 1918 it was reorganized as the Inland Traffic Division under C. E. Spens, who as Inland Traffic Manager represented the Railroad Administration. Terminated in February 1919. Functions: To obtain adequate transportation for the distribution of food, feed, containers, and machinery for food manufacture and preservation; to minimize wastage due to transportation delays and facilitate the movement of commodities for export; to cooperate with the Car Service Commission of the American Railway Association and its successor in the Railroad Administration; and to supervise the arrangements for inland transportation of foodstuffs for the Allies. Records: 1917-19 (95 feet) in NA. Correspondence, copies of requests made to the Railroad Administration for care, and reporte of the Orain Corporation, the British Ministry of Shipping, and the Whest Export Co. (representing the Royal Commission on Wheat Supplies) on the purchase of food supplies and amounts available for loading.

TRAINSPRIATION DIVISION, Mousing corporation—Organized on May 1, 1910, in the Industrial Newsing and Transportation Bureau, Labor Department, and Ester transferred to the Housing Corporation. Apart from the Mashington office, the work was divided among district offices with headquartars in New York City, Mampton Roads, and Chicago, the latter office having charge of the Eastern Pennsylvania district. Projects in other localities were handled directly by the Washington Office. Abolished on April 1, 1920. Functions: To make available all housing in or about a congested district by rearranging enhedules of and improving, installing, financing, or extending train, electric relivery, bus, and ferry services. Property, when acquired, was obtained by mutal consent or by authority to commander. Merords 1918-20 (60 feet) in Nature 10 commanders, and and specific of the properties, consent of the Morrola Company of

TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Warkets Bureau, Agriculture Department. ---

TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Quarternsster General's Office, War Department.—Established prior to the war. Oradully lost many of its functions to the Furchase, Storage, and Traffic Division of the General Staff, Operated through eversal Dranches, including Land Fransport and Water Trumsport. A Mollished on June 15, 1918, when Office (Office Office Ted No. 166). Purebloom June 15, 1918, when cities of the Army. Records: In the Custernsster General'e Office, Services of Supply, Nar Department.

TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Railroad Administration.—See OPERATION DIVISION.

- TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, ANIMAL-DRAWN, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—See ANIMAL-DRAWN TRANSPORTATION DIVISION.
- TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, MARINE, Food Administration. -- See MARINE TRANSPORTATION DIVISION.
- TRANSPORTATION EQUIPAGE BRANCH, Supplies and Equipment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.--Formed on January 26 and abolished on April 16, 1918. Functions: To recommend specifications for and the procurement of animal-drawn vehicles. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- TRANSPORTATION OF FARM PRODUCTS PROJECT, MOTOR, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department.—See MOTOR TRANSPORTATION OF FARM PRODUCTS PROJECT.
- TRANSPORTATION ORDERS SECTION, Freight Traffic Branch, Rail Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—See FREIGHT TRAFFIC BRANCH.
- TRANSPORTATION SECTION, Council of National Defense.—See HIGHWAYS TRANSPORT COMMITTEE.
- TRANSPORTATION SECTION, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department .-- Established in 1913. Also known as the Transportation Division and the Transportation and Storage Project. War activities were carried on in part under the Food Production Act of August 10, 1917, and the Secretary's Memorandum 231 of April 9, 1918. The functions of the Section were divided in 1922 between the Fruit and Vegetable Division, now a Branch of the Agricultural Marketing Administration, and the Division of Statistical and Historical Research. transferred to the latter Division are now performed by the Marketing and Transportation Research Division of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Functions: To transmit information concerning the transportation needs of agriculture, including the details of individual cases involving obstructions to the production and movement of agricultural products brought to the attention of the Department; to send representatives into the field to aid in organizing the movement of agricultural products and supplies and to study and suggest improved cold-storage methods; to assist the Quartermaster General's Office in organizing the handling of meat products intended for shipment to France; to aid the Food Administration in formulating regulations concerning the distribution of cold-storage foodstuffs; and to ascertain for the Food Administration and for the military services the amount of cold-storage space available. Records: 1913-22 (9 feet) in NA. Include the Markets Bureau "carriers correspondence file" (1914-20); correspondence of staff members with Bureau authorities and project offices, scattered among central correspondence files of the Bureau; and unpublished reports, 1917-19, in the "manuscript files" of the Bureaus of Markets and of Agricultural Economics. The bulk of the wartive correspondence of the Section was destroyed in 1926.
 - TRANSPORTATION SECTION, Production Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See PRODUCTION DIVISION.
 - TRANSPORTATION SECTION, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See MISCELLANEOUS SECTION.

- TRANSPORTATION SERVICE, ENGINEER MOTOR, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department. — See ENGINEER MOTOR TRANS-PORTATION SERVICE.
- TRANSPORTATION SERVICE, NAVAL OVERSEAS, Operating Forces Division, Naval Operations Office, Navy Department.—See NAVAL OVERSEAS TRANS-FORTATION SERVICE.
- TRANSPORTATION SUMMINISTIES, International Regime of Forts, Saterrays, and Mailrays Contision, Pace Conference.—Compace of 10 members Heary White (of the United States), President, Functions: To draw up a statement relating to freedom of transit, McGroffs Probably some are in the State Department among those of the American Cormission to Negotiate Peace.
- TRANSFORMATION SUBCOMMETTES, FIG IRON, IRON ORE, AND LAKE, Steel and Steel Products Cooperative Countries, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense,— See PIO IRON, IRON ORE, AND LAKE TRANSFORMATION SUBCOMMETTES.
- TRAYEL SECTION, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, Ownersal Staff, War Department.—Created on September 2), 1918, by the consolidation under one head of several subsections from other ecotions. It seems also to have been known as the Faseport Section. Functions: To etudy normal travel and to apply data thus obtained to the control of travel into and out of the United States in time of var. Necords: In the General Staff, War Department.
- REMSIGES OF THE UNITED STARS, Tressury Department.—The office of Tressurer was established on Septamber 2, 1789. Punctions: During the war the work of the Tressurer's office was greatly increased. It included the custody of number of the Shipping Board Energency Fleet Corporation, the Sensing Corporation, the sar Finance Corporation, and the Grain Corporation, and ret, and the sarekeeping of securities deposited by various agencies of the Covernment. Records: 1813-1956 (11,000 feet) in MR. Include correspondence, Recounting records, surjectment papers. Among those for the war period are registers of the receipt and redesption of war-saving stamps and certificates and accounts relating to the payment of liberty Loan registers of bonds.
- TREASURY DEPARTMENT.—An executive department established by an act of September 2, 1789. William G. Roddoo was Secretary of the Treasury during the war. Functionet the war placed upon the Secretary the responsibility for funding new sources of revenue, deriving improved methods of taxation, and determing procedures

of marketing Liberty Loan bonds, treasury certificates, and war savings stamps and of extending credit to the Allies. By direct control or membership in the governing bodies, he was the chief agency in wartime control of banking, credit, foreign exchange, precious metals, and Government insurance. He organized and directed several new treasury branches, chief of which were the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the War Loan Organization, and the Foreign Loan Bureau. The Secretary also served as chairman of the board of the War Finance Corporation and of the United States Section of the International High Commission. Records: Some of the records of the following units are in NA for the war period: Coast Guard, Comptroller of the Currency, Customs Division, Loans and Currency Division, Mint Bureau, National War Savings Committee, Public Health Service, Register of the Treasury, Secret Service Division, Treasurer of the United States, War Loan Organization, and War Risk Insurance Bureau. Many of the war-related records of the Treasury Department, however, are in the Department or the General Accounting Office. References: Treasury Department, Annual Reports, 1917-

THEASURY DIVISION, Housing Corporation.—Organized early in 1918 in the Industrial Housing and Transportation Eureau, Labor Department, and transferred to the Housing Corporation when that organization was incorporated on July 8, 1918. Abolished in May 1930. Functions: To make payments to contractors, architects, engineers, and town planners; to transportation and utility companies; and for purchases of real estate. Records: 1918-30 (100 feet) in NA. Include checks, vouchers, pay rolls, a general file, correspondence, accounting records, fiscal schedules, and payment lists.

THENCH MORTAR ERANCH, Trench Warfare Section, Engineering Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- Probably established in 1917 as part of the Trench Warfare Section, Gun Division; transferred with this Section to the Engineering Division on January 18, 1918. Functions: To handle the design, development, procurement, production, and inspection of trench mortars and trench-mortar ammunition. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

TRENCH WARFARE BRANCH, Design Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created the latter part of 1917. On January 17, 1918, by Gun Division Order No. 58, part of its functions were transferred to the Trench Warfare Section, Engineering Division, and part to the Trench Warfare Section, Procurement Division. Functions: To organize and train a force to instruct the Army in the use of trench warfare material; and to handle the design of such material, including that of grenades, pyrotechnics, trench mortars and ammunition, drop bombs, offensive gas, and incendiary material. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

THENCH WARFARE BRANCH, Loading Section, Procurement Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Established early in 1918. Functions: To attend to the loading of trench warfare material. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

TRENCH WARFARE BRANCH, Purchase Section, Gun Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created on September 20, 1917. Transferred to the Procurement Division as its Trench Warfare Section by Gun Division Order No. 57 of January 13, 1918. Functions: To handle business negotiations connected with the purchase of articles of.

- trench warfare materials, except the raw materials and explosives in bulk used in the manufacture of those articles. Records: Probably with those of the Office in MA.
- TRENCH WARFARE GROUP, Artillery Ammunition and Trench Warfare Branch, Executive Section, Inspection Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See ARTILLERY ADMINITION AND TERROR WARFARE BRANCH.
- TRENCH WARFARE SECTION, Engineering Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department, -Established as the Design and Trench Warfare Section, Gun Division, in 1917, and soon renamed the Trench Warfare Section; transferred to the Engineering Division on Jenuary 18, 1918. Included the following Branchee: Administration; Chemical Research; Drop Bomb; Gas and Flame; Grenade; Mail and Record; Pyrotechnic; Statistical; and Trench Mortar. In July 1918, the offensive gas warfare functions of thie Section were transferred to the Chemical Warfare Service. During the epring of 1918 the responsibility for the explosive contents of trench mortar chells and grenades was removed from this Section and transferred to the Explosives Section. On August 10, 1918, the Drop Somb Branch of the Section was transferred to the Aircraft Armament Section, Small Arms Divieion. A portion of the perconnel of the Section was transferred to France to form the nucleus of a Trench Warfare Section in the Engineering Division, American Expeditionary Forces. Some time later, the Section in Washington became a separate Division. Functiones To handle questions of a technical nature in connection with drop bombs, eighte, releasing mechanisms, hand and rifle grenades, tranch mortars and their ammunition, incendiary and toxic chell-filling chemicals, flame-throwers, gas-cloud throwers, and chemical projectors. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- RENCH WARFARE SECTION, Procurement Division, Ordones Chief's Office, War Department.—Established on January 15, 1918, as a result of the transfer and consolidation of some of the functions of two units of the Gun Divisions the Trench Warfare Branch, Purchase Section, and the Trench Warfare Branch, Design Section, Education to handle the purchase of articles of trench warfare material, except rew materials, explosives, peacing containers purchased esparately in quantities, and optical instruments requiring glass. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- TRENCH WARFARE SECTION, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department. -- See AMMUNITION SECTION.
- RHAL BOARD, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Appointed in 1915 by Special-Order No. 89, War Department. The Board held meetings in 1916 and 1917. Its functions were taken over late in 1917 by the Second Motor Trettion Board. Functions: To consider questions concerning types of field gues and the assundtion for such gues, and to recommend a program for antisirverst artillery. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- TROOP MUNISHM, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Far Department.— Retablished some time prior to February 21, 1919, to assume many of the duties of an errormed Miriston of the former Military Branch. The Military Branch of the Chief Sections Commissioned Fersonnel, Enlisted Personnel, and Equipment. Functions: To handle matter pertaining to commissioned and enlisted personnel and to equipment. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, Services of Supply was Department.

-2-

- TROOP MOVEMENT BRANCH, Inland Traffic Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Probably created in January 1918. When the Inland Traffic Service was merged with the Embarkation Service on March 11, 1919, to form the Transportation Service, this Branch was essentially continued as the Passenger Traffic Branch of the Rail Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office. Functions: To keep records of the flow of troops by railroad, and to regulate the arrival of troops at points of embarkation. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.
- TROOP MOVEMENT SECTION, Operation Division, Railroad Administration.—
 Created on May 24, 1918, taking over work previously handled by the Special Committee on National Defense, formerly the Special Committee on Cooperation With the Military Authorities, of the American Railway Association. Probably terminated with the Division on March 1, 1920. Functions: To have charge of arrangements for the movement of troops and draftees; to supervise the transportation of laborers recruited by the United States Employment Service; and, after November 1918, to assign and relocate passenger equipment. Records: Probably destroyed with those of the Division in 1934.
- TROOP TRANSPORTS SECTION, Vessel Operation Branch, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.--Sec VESSEL OPERATION BRANCH.
- TRUCK CROPS DIVISION, Crop Estimates Bureau, Agriculture Department.—
 Established as a "project" in May 1914, and greatly expanded during the war. Attained divisional status in the fiscal year 1917-18. The work of the Division was sharply curtailed after the armistice, and its functions have been performed since 1921 by the Agricultural Statistics Division, which is now in the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Functions: To foster the production and conservation of food by preparing estimates of production, acreage, prices to producers, and the consumption of truck crops, and by publishing such estimates, particularly in a weekly news bulletin. Records: Agricultural Economics Bureau of Crop Estimates in NA. References: Agricultural Economics Bureau, The Crop and Livestock Reporting Publication 171. Washington, 1933).
- TRUCK SECTION, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Organized on May 18, 1918; transferred to the Tank Division on August 28, 1918. Functions: To supervise the production of ordnance vehicles of the automobile type, trailer vehicles, combat tanks, self-propelled caterpillar artillery, artillery tractors, and heavy artillery mobile repair shops. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- TRUCK SERVICE SECTION, MOTOR, Markets Bureau, Agriculture Department.--
- TRUCKS BRANCH, Wotors Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on November 1, 1918, and still in existence on February 1, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Functions: To be responsible for filling requisitions for motor trucks required for overseas forces. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in IM.

- RESIS BUREAU, Alten Property Gustedian.—Created shortly star the appointment of the first Gustedian in 1917. Included the following Birdsions: Corporation and Individual Property; Court and Private Privates; Including the Court of Privates and Mortgage; and Stock and Bond, Continued in existence until sometime after 1925. Functions: To prepare demands for enery property, to receive and account for such property, and to distribute property in accordance with provisions of the Trading With the Enery Act. Records: 1917-11 (2, 200 feet) in NA. Reports on enery property and records relating to the administration of property held in trust.
- TUBE SECTION, NON-FERROUS, War Industries Board.—See BRASS SECTION, Finished Producto Division.
- TURREVUESIS EMMICATION HIVISION, Anianl Ladusty Burnas, Agriculture Department,—Batablished May 1, 1917. through separation from the Quarantine Buviston, which had been commission to the creditation work in the development of the tuberculosis eradication work in the development of the commission in many hereis outside the state of the first paper than 1, 1907. Functions: During the war, to satisfy the high Paper theneft in textic of citile supplying milk to the various Army camp. Records: 1917-13 (8 feet) among the general files of the Bursey Min MA.
- TUBERCULOSIS SECTION, Internal Medicine Division, Surgeon Generalis Office, War Department.—Organized on June 6, 1927. Then the Office was receptized in November 1926, this Section was transferred to was receptized in November 1926, this Section was transferred to the Medicine Division. Functions: To institute methods designed to insure more ore and securacy in the diagnost of pulmonary conditions, and to conduct examinations for lung disease in the Arry. After the war, the functions of this Section had to by primarily with the care and disposition of tuberculosis cases held over from the war. Records: Probably with those of the Office in Na.
- THEMCHINETS SUSCIONALTES, Rysions and Sanitation Committee, General Retical Borry, Bedding and Sanitation Committee, Artisory Commission Committee, Artisory Commission Committee, Artisory Commission Committee, Artisory Commission C
- TUBLIAR FRODICTS SUBCOMMITTE, Steel and Strel Products Subcommittee, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Councision, Council of Rationable Man — Organizad on May 20, 1917, and transcouncil of Rationable Man and Steel Institute the following August Numerican: To said in the procurement of pipe for cantonnents and Cospilals and in the procurement of all tubular products for Covernment use, Records: Some may be among those of the Council and of the Mar Industries Board in MA.
- TUO AND BARGE DEPARMENT, Operations Division, Suppling Board Esergency Flest Corporation—Probably organized in June 1915; termipolitic properties of the Probably organized in June 1915; termipolitic constraint termic, and arrange for the soverennt of piling and lumber by barges. Records: 1918-19 (2 feet) in NA. General correspondence and reports.

TURKET MOUNT SECTION, Technical Division, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—In existence prior to the war. Functions: To have charge of the design, manufacture, and procurement of ordnance turrets, except with regard to guns, armor, fire-control apparatus, optical instruments, and structural work performed by the Bureau of Construction and Repair. This function included work relating to turret mounts for major caliber guns, ammunition hoists, rammers, loading traps, and electrical machinery. In addition, the Section was in charge of the design and manufacture of naval railway and tractor mounts intended for major caliber naval guns and the procurement of the auxiliary material, such as locomotives, cars, tractors, and automobiles, necessary to operate batteries on land. It was also in charge of the procurement and distribution of technical and statistical information pertaining to the naval service. Records: In the Navy Department.

- UNDERGROUND SOUND DETECTING AND RANGE FINDING CENTION, Mining Division, Minos Burees, Interior Department.—Investigations begun in November 1917. Probably terminated with the alose of the var. Inactions to study the standardisetion of sound seves and the development of recording instruments for sound. Resemble 1919 in the Minos Bureeu. References! Minos Bureeu, Fribolives and Minos Hurselling 1919. Meehington, 1919.
- UNITED STATES ERRICH, Subsistence Division, Quarternaster General of Office, War Department. --Created on January 2, 1918. Terminated on October 19, 1918, upon the transfer of the Division to the Office of the Director of Furchase. Functions: To handle the probles of docestic requirements and the distribution of surplus stores. Formula: Probably among those of the Quarternaster General's Office to N.
- UNIVERSITIES AND AGRICULTURAL COLLEGES SECTION, Home Conservation Divieion, Food Administration. See SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES DIVISION.
- UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES SUBCOMMITTEE, Engineering and Education Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See ENGINEERING AND FINIARIOS CONSTITE.
- UNSKILLED LEBOR SECTION, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Established in May 1918 and terminated at the close of the wer. <u>Functional</u> To recruit unskilled labor for war industries. <u>Records</u>: Whereabouts unknown.
- UPPER AND HAURES LEAVINE SECTION, Hide, Leather, and Leather Goods
 Division, Mar Industrie Beand.—Organized in the Quarternaster
 Butislos, Mar Industrie Beand.—Organized in the Quarternaster
 Language of the Company o
- UPPER LEATHER, HARMESS, EAG, AND STRAP LEATHER SECTION, Hide and Leether Control Branch, Supplies and Equipment Division, Quartermaster General's Office, Ner Department.—See HIDE AND LEATHER CONTROL BRANCH.
- UEOLOGY SECTION, DERMATOLOGY AND, Infectious Diseases and Laboratories Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. —See DERMATOLOGY AND UFOLOGY SECTION
- UTILITIES AND RESEARCH DIVISION, Food Administration. -- See ALIMENTA-TION DIVISION.
- UTILITIES, OFFRATION, AND MAINTENANCE SECTION, Meintenance and Repair Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Apparently created before the war es a Section of the Construction and Repair

Division, Quartermaster General's Office. This Division became the Maintenance and Repair Branch of the Cantonment Division on October 10, 1917, and on March 13, 1918, was transferred to the Construction Division. Functions: To handle the maintenance and repair of utilities in connection with Army construction projects. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.

VALUATION OF DAMAGE SUBCONDITTEE, Reparation of Passage Commission, Peace Conference, -Appointed on February 4, 1919. Constated of one representative from each of the following powers: the United States, Oracle Britain, France, Italy, Jepan, Belgium, and the States, Oracle Britain, France, Italy, Jepan, Belgium, and 27 sectings (Feb. 15-Apr. 1, 1919). On March 7, 1929, this uncommittee spointed 85 parts, 1, 1919. The March 7, 1929, this uncommittee spointed 85 parts of the passage of the states of claims from the powers not representative, Venez McCornick, Lord Summer [of Great Britain], Cheirman. Functions to define damage categories and establish evaluation methods. Records 19 passage 19 possession to Estate Department emong those of the American Countsion to Describe State Department emong those of the American Countsion to Describe Total Passage 19 possession to Estate Department emong those of the American Countsion to Describe Total Passage 19 possession to Estate Department emong those of the American Countsion to Describe Total Passage 19 possession to Estate Department emong those of the American Countsion to Describe Total Passage 19 possession to Estate Department emong those of the American Countsion to Describe Total Passage 19 possession to Estate Passage 19 possession to Estate Department emong those of the American Countsion to Describe Total Passage 19 possession to Estate Department emong those of the American Countsion to Describe Total Passage 19 possession to Estate Department emong the Passage 19 possession to Estate Pas

NAUNTON OF LAKE SUPES ADVISORY CONSETTED, Chipping Board, -Zelublished on Normanor, 1917; and discolved after it substitud its final reports the result of the Panetions: To determine the compensation to be paid to owner of requisitioned Great Lakes versels. Records: None are known to exist. A copy of the Committee's final report is in the general files of the Shipping Board in Ma.

VEGETABLE DIE SECTION, ARTIFICIAL AND, Chemicala Divienn, Wer Industries Board. -- See ARTIFICIAL DYES AND INTERSEDIATES SECTION.

VEGETABLE UTILIZATION LABORATORY, FRUIT AND, Chemistry Pureou, Agriculture Department.—See FRUIT AND VOCUTABLE UTILIZATION LABORATORY.

VECETABLES DIVISION, POTATOES AND STAPLE, Pood Administration .-- Ses POTATO AND DESTRUCTION SECTION, Perishable Foods Division.

VEGETABLES MARKET NEWS SERVICE, FRUITS AND, Markets Eureeu, Agriculture Department. -- See FRUITS AND VEGETABLES MARKET NEWS SERVICE.

VEGETABLES SECTION, FRUITS AND, Perishable Foods Division, Food Administration.—See FRUITS AND VEGETABLES SECTION.

VEGETABLES SUBSECTION, FRESH, Supervisory Field Inspection Section, Inspection Branch, Subsistence Division, Quarternaster General's Office, Wer Department.—See SUPERVISORY FIELD INSPECTION SECTION.

VEHICLE AND HARMESS ERANCH, Domestic Dictribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Director Office, Purchase, Director Office, Director Office, Director Office, Director Office, Director Office, Abant March 1, 1919, 16 functions of little purchase Purchase

VEHICLE, DEFEMENT, AND HOOD PRODUCTS SECTION, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board, -- Formed on October 17, 1917, as the Agricultural Haplacents, Vehicles, and Wood Products Section, but

commonly known by the above name. May also have been known as the Wagon and Vehicle Section. Discontinued after the armistice. <u>Functions</u>: To aid and stabilize the industry and to advise with Government purchasing agencies. <u>Records</u>: Among those of the Board in NA.

VEHICLES AND HARNESS BRANCH, Quartermaster Subdivision, Overseas Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Established on November 1, 1918. In existence on February 1, 1919, when the Division was abolished. Functions: To be responsible for the delivery of the following classes of supplies to ports of embarkation and for obtaining the necessary priorities and releases: Miscellaneous wagons, carts, escort wagons, and harness, together with parts for such supplies. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

VEHICLES AND HARNESS DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Some of the functions of this Division originated in the Vehicles and Leather Equipment Branch of the Remount Division. On February 13, 1918, this Branch was transferred to the Supplies and Equipment Division, where on April 16, the Vehicles and Harness Branch was established. On May 18, this Branch became a Division, which functioned through the following Branches: Harness, Vehicles, and Administrative. In October, it was abolished and its duties were transferred to the Leather and Rubber Branch, Clothing and Equipage Division, Office of the Director of Purchase, and to the Motors and Vehicles Division of the same Office. Functions: To procure vehicles and harness for the use of the Army. Records: Probably with those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

VEHICLES AND LEATHER EQUIPMENT BRANCH, Remount Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.--See VEHICLES AND HARNESS DIVISION.

VEHICLES BRANCH, Vehicles and Harness Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Originally part of the Vehicles and Harness Branch, established on April 16, 1918, in the Supplies and Equipment Division. Became the Vehicles Branch, Vehicles and Harness Division, on the formation of this Division on May 18, 1918. Abolished in October, when its duties were transferred to the Motors and Vehicles Vehicles. Records: Probably among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

VEHICLES BRANCH, MOTORS AND, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MOTORS AND VEHICLES BRANCH, Domestic Distribution Division.

VEHICLES BRANCH, MOTORS AND, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MOTORS AND VEHICLES BRANCH, Surplus Property Division.

VEHICLES DIVISION, MOTORS AND, Purchase Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MOTORS AND VEHICLES DIVISION.

- VEHICLES SECTION, MOTORS AND, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See MOTORS AND VEHICLES STATION.
- FEMERAL DISEASE CONTPOL SECTION, Infectious Diseases and Laboratorias Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—Extablished in 1014/1917 as the Combating Tenneral Diseases Section to press the campaign against these diseases, which had been carried an since campaign against these diseases, which had been carried an since 1909 by the Office. On Junual 29, 1919, there was established by Office Order No. 655 the Veneran Disease Control Division, to which the personnel, squipent, and records of this Settle was entered on Functions: To institute measures for the prevention and control of Functions: To institute measures for the prevention and correlate this work veneraed diseases in the shiltary service, and to correlate this work with other nork of a sintlar nature being certied on in other parts of the Office Records: Probably with those of the Office Records:
- VENEREAL DISPASE SUBCOMMITTEE, Hyglene and Sanitation Committee, Ganaral Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of Netional Defense.—See CIVILIAN COOPERATION IN COMBATING VENEREAL D
- VEMERAL DISEASES DIVISION, Public Health Service, Tressury Department,—Greeted by an set of July 9, 1918, which also creeted the Interdepartmental Social Rygiene Board to deal with the same problem. Interdepartmental Social Rygiene Board to deal with the same problem. Functions: To control venereal diseases by investigating their causes and treatment to prepare educational socience; and to cooperate with and treatment to prepare educational socience; and to compete with State and private Agent Proceeds of the State William State State
- VERMIN INFESTATION AND DISHIPESTATION SUBSECTION, Miscellaneous Section, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See MISCELLANEOUS SECTION.
- VERMACULAR PRESS SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration and Fetablished in 1917 and directed successfully by J. V. Forster and Fetablished in 1917 and directed successfully by J. V. Forster and by the newly created the spicetime of which Everati W. Saith was by the newly created to supply the foreign language press with nate-rail in Coop Dead Section, total 8 feet) in NA. Include lists of foreign language newspapers published in this country.
- VESSEL ASSIGNMENTS, FUEL STOCKS AND, Logistics and Fuel Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department. -- See FUEL STOCKS AND VESSEL ASSIGNMENTS.
- VESSEL BRANCH, SAILING, Trades and Allocations Division, Shipping Control Committee, Shipping Board. -- See SHILING VESSEL FRANCH.
- VESSEI, OPERATION BRANCH, Water Transportation Division, Transportation Service Chief's Office, Kar Daparteent.—Originated prior to the war as a Saction in the Water Transport Franch, Transportation Division, Cuarternsater General's Office, On Kay 25, 2026, it became a Eranch of the Water Transport Section, Education Service,

Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, and from thence it was transferred to the Transportation Service Chief's Office on March 11, 1919. Gradually expanded until it operated through five Sections: Troop Transports; Cargo Transports; Harbor Floating Equipment; Allocation, Release, and Transfer; and Marine Intelligence. Functions: To be responsible for the duties indicated by the names of the sections through which it operated. Records: In the Quartermaster General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.

VESSELS, BOARD TO APPRAISE ENEMY, Navy Department.—See ENEMY VESSELS, BOARD TO APPRAISE.

VESSELS, JOINT ARMY AND NAVY BOARD OF SURVEY OF MERCHANT. See JOINT MERCHANT VESSEL BOARD.

VESSELS APPRAISAL BOARD, MERCHANT AND PRIVATE, Navy Department.—See MERCHANT AND PRIVATE VESSELS APPRAISAL BOARD.

VESSELS ASSIGNMENT COMMITTEE, Shipping Board.—See ASSIGNMENTS COM-

VESSELS OF THE NAVY, BOARD TO DETERMINE METHOD OF DISPOSAL OF CERTAIN, Navy Department.—See REVIEW BOARD.

VETERANS' BUREAU. - Created by an act of August 9, 1921. This act abolished the War Risk Insurance Bureau and conferred its powers and duties on the Veterans' Eureau. It also transferred to the new organization duties of the Federal Board for Vocational Education relating to vocational rehabilitation of veterans and duties of the Public Health Service relating to the examination, care, and treatment of ex-service men. All affected records, functions, property, and personnel of the agencies mentioned were included in the transfer-By this act, therefore, the administration of World War veterans' relief was for the first time centralized in one agency. On July 21, 1930, by Executive Order No. 5398, issued under authority of an act of July 3, 1930, the functions, property, personnel, and records of the Veterans' Bureau were transferred to the Veterans' Administration. Functions: To carry out the various acts granting benefits to veter ans of the World War and to terminate those activities of the War Risk Insurance Bureau then in process of liquidation. Records: Certain of the records are interfiled with those of the War Risk Insurance Bureau and of the Veterans' Administration in NA. Other records are in the Veterans' Administration. References: Gustavus A. Weber and Laurence F. Schmeckebier, The Veterans' Administration, 218-226 (Washington, 1934); Veterans' Bureau, Annual Report, 1922.

VETERINARY DIVISION, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—A commissioned Veterinary Corps was created by the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, as a part of the Medical Department. The administrative work connected with the expansion and functions of this board and of individual veterinary or medical officers verbally assigned to that duty until June 21, 1918, when a medical officer was nary Division was organized under this officer. Functions: To nary Corps. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.

- VETERINAMI SUPPLIES SECTION, MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND, Commodity Branch, Supplies Division, Storage Service, Purchase and Storage Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, Ceneral Staff, We Department.—See MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND WETERISANI SUPPLIES SECTION.
- VICE AND LIQUOR CONTROL SECTION, Law Enforcement Division, Training Comp Activities Commission, War Department.—Organized in 1917. Punctions: To close red-light districts and to attempt to break up the activities of proctitutes and boollegers around Army camps. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.
- VIOLATIONS COMMITTEE, War Trade Board.—Formed in September 1918 as a subcommittee of the Centraheard Gommittee and on October 21 became a separate committee. Discrived on April 5, 1919, and functions transferred to the Assistant Commentor of the War Trade Board. To hendle richaltions and evantions of export, import, and bunker regulations of the Board. Recorder 1918-19 (2 Feet) in the State Department. Include correspondence and memorando.
- VIOLATIONS INVESTIGATION AND PROSECUTION SECTION, Explosives Regulation Dirictor, Mines Bureau, Interior Department.—See EXPLOSIVES REGULATION DIVISION.
- VINUS-SERM CONTROL OFFICE, Anisel Linhatty Eureau, Agriculture Department.—Established on Farman, 1, 1917, although such sork had been begun on July 1, 1913, under the Blochenic Division. Becase the Edviction of Virus-derm per an July 1, 1920, Functions the Edviction of Virus-derm period care in supervising biological product brought into the openied care in supervising biological product brought into country from strong or that the viruses of infectious diseases would not be introduced either intentionally or by secident through the contagination of imported biological products. Records: 1917-18 (5 feet) among the general files of the Eurean in M.
- VISA OFFICE, State Department.—Established in the Peeport Control Division, by Departmental Order No. 115 of August 13, 1918. Wade an Independent Office in the Department by Departmental Order No. 150 of November 21, 1919. Functions: To exercise control over alleas coming to the United States by granting of Department of the Office also examined applications substituted by Assistant crossile strong the Office also examined applications substituted by Lawrice no could be proved. Records: 1944-29 (51) test of the Occarrepondence.
- VISE SUBSECTION, Passport Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See PASSPORT SECTION.
- VITAL STATISTICS DIVISION, Census Bureau, Commerce Department.—In existence before the war. Functions: To collect, compile, and prepare for publication writeen little of vital statistics. During the part of the saidted the Provost Marshall General's Office the Ear Dewar at essisted the Provost Marshall General's Office the Ear Dewartment in estimating the musber of registrants, in classifying computations and determining the squee of registrants, and in ellocating enlictments. Records: in the Census Dursou.
- VITAL STATISTICS SECTION, CURRINT, Sanitation Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department. -- See CURRINT STATISTICS SECTION.
- VOCATIONAL EDUCATION, FEDERAL BOARD FUR. -- See FEDERAL BOARD FOR VO-CATICNAL EDUCATION.

- VOCATIONAL EDUCATION DIVISION, Federal Board for Vocational Education.—
 During the early months of its existence the Board operated without
 the aid of subordinate units, but with the passing of the act of June
 27, 1918, which expanded its functions to include vocational rehabilitation, it became necessary to establish a Vocational Education Division to carry on its original function. The Division was reorganized
 in 1921. Functions: During the war the Division promoted vocational
 education through four services: Agricultural, trade and technical,
 home economics, and commercial. For several months in 1919 it supervised an Employment Management Section. Its efforts resulted in the
 training of large numbers of men for special services in the armed
 forces. Records: Some may be interfiled with those of the Board in
 NA. Others remain in the Board's files in the Office of Education,
 Federal Security Agency.
- VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION DIVISION, Federal Board for Vocational Education.—Established to carry out the functions delegated to the Board by the act of June 27, 1918, as amended. Supervised 14 district offices, which were opened in the fall of 1918, and 100 or more local offices. The functions of this Division were transferred to the Veterans' Bureau when the Bureau was created on August 9, 1921.

 Functions: To register, advise, train, and place in civil employment after discharge persons disabled while in the armed forces. After July 11, 1919, the Board was responsible for determining the eligibility of disabled men for training and for maintaining them while in training, and an Eligibility Section was established in the Division for this work. Records: Interfiled with those of the Board in the Office of Education, Federal Security Agency.
- VOLUNTEER MEDICAL SERVICE CORPS CENTRAL GOVERNING BOARD, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Formation approved by the General Medical Board on January 13, 1918; ceased to function after the armistico. Functions: To organize a body through which the services of physicians ineligible for the military and naval services might be utilized by the Government. Records: Some are among those of the Council in NA, including card records of members of and applications for membership in the Volunteer Medical Service Corps.
- VOLUNTEERS DIVISION, SHIPYARD, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Flect Corporation.—See SHIPYARD VOLUNTEERS DIVI-

- WAGE ADJUSTMENT BOARD, NEW YORK HARBOR.—See NEW YORK HARBOR WAGE ADJUSTMENT BOARD.
- MAGE COMMISSION, EMERGENCY CONSTRUCTION, War Department. -- See CANTON-MENT ADJUSTMENT COMMISSION.
- WAGE COMMISSION, RAILROAD, Railroad Administration.—Ses RAILROAD WAGE COMMISSION.
- WACE REIMBURSEMENT COMMITTEE, Shipping Board Emergency Flest Corporation .- Three organizations successively bore this title. The first, sstablished on December 19, 1919, was abolished on October 23, 1920, shen its functions sere turned over to the Construction Claims Board. This arrangement proved unsetisfectory, hosever, and e second Wage Reinbursement Committee was established on March 3, 1921. This second Committee became inactive after the dissolution of the Construction Claims Board on July 29, 1921, although its work was continued in the Claims Section of the Law Division of the Corporation. After February 21, 1922, was reinburacent sork was handled by the Labor Claims Unit of the Claims Department. The Unit ees abolished in October 1922, and the work was thereafter carried on by a third Wage Reimbursment Committee until September 1924. Functions: Ts pass upon claims for extra labor costs that resulted from wartins enge increases; to consider, interpret, and decide questions regarding excess labor cost end wage reimbursement; and to investigats claims for eage reimbursement and advise the Construction Claims Board and the Claims Commission. Records: 1919-24 (13 feet) in NA. Inslude Carrespondence, notes, nemerande, and reports. Reformens: Ship-ping Board, Annual Reoptis, 1919-24; Shipping Board, Legal Division, Fistery of Claims for 'Coefficient Paymente for Overtime' on Requisitioned and Contract Ships, prepared by O. P. M. Brown (Feb. 1, 1923. Processed).
 - WAGES AND CONDITIONS OF NORK STANDARDIZATION COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.a-See STANDARDIZATION OF WAGES AND CONDITIONS OF NORK COMMITTEE.
 - MACE AND ECUES OF LADOR EMANCE, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordanace Chief's Office, Mar Department.—Created in August 1918 to take over the eark of the Mediation Branch, shich had been established in the Section in December 1917. Punctions: To been established in the Section in December 1917. Punctions: To investigate and adjust disputes between exployers and employees in plants sorting on ordanace orders, to bundle by the Company of the Ordanace Department eith trade unions, and to endeavor to prevent disputes by eliminating the course of broable. Pecords: Probably sith those of the Office in Ma.
 - WACES AND HOURS SUBCOCKITTE, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defenses,—Organised in April 1927. Becase Council of the summer school apon the formation of the Mar Labor inactive in the summer school apon the formation of the Mar Labor in the summer school appropriate. Puritions: To assist in a labor in the summer school appropriate proper standards for ways and hours in Covernment contracts. Regardia: Some may be among those of the Council in East.

- WAGES AND WORKING CONDITIONS BOARD, RAILROAD, Railroad Administration.— See RAILROAD WAGES AND WORKING CONDITIONS BOARD.
- WAGON AND VEHICLE SECTION, Vehicle, Implement, and Wood Products Section, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—See VEHICLE, IMPLEMENT, AND WOOD PRODUCTS SECTION.
- WAGON TRANSPORTATION BRANCH, Animal-Drawn Transportation Division,
 Transportation Service Chief's Office, War Department.—Established
 about Mey 6, 1919. <u>Functions</u>: To operate and manage wagon transportation for the Army. <u>Records</u>: In the Quartermaster General's
 Office, Services of Supply, War Department.
- WAR AUTHORS RESPONSIBILITY AND ENFORCEMENT OF PENALTIES COMMISSION, Peace Conference.—See RESPONSIBILITY OF THE AUTHORS OF THE WAR AND ENFORCEMENT OF PENALTIES COMMISSION.
- WAR BADGES COMMITTEE. -- See WAR INDUSTRIES BADGE COMMITTEE.
- WAR BOARD FOR THE PORT OF NEW YORK.—Created on November 3, 1917, by the Secretaries of War, the Treasury, the Navy, Commerce, and Labor, the Chairman of the Shipping Board, the Mayor of New York City, and representatives of railroads serving the port of New York. Dissolved in April 1918. Its functions were then taken over by the War Department and the New York and New Jersey Port and Harbor Commission. William G. McAdoo and Edward N. Hurley, Chairmen successively. Functions: To develop methods of utilizing the entire facilities of the port of New York in order to speed up the loading of ships carrying troops and supplies to Europe and, after December 29, 1917, to supervise the exbarkation of troops from the port of New York. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- WAR CABINET .- The creation of numerous war agencies gave rise to the need of a body to coordinate the activities of all Government units. In December 1917 seven Cabinet members (six of whom formed the Council of National Defense) began to meet with the heads of several important emergency agencies in what was called the Joint Weekly Conference. The Conference proved to be inadequate, and early in 1918 there was introduced in the United States Senate a bill providing for the creation of a war cabinet of three members with extraordinary powers to direct the war effort. The President countered with a bill giving his office increased powers (passed on May 20, 1918, as the Overman Aot), and then began to meet in person at the White House with the heads of the six major emergency agencies—the Chairmen of the War Trade Board, the War Industries Board, and the Shipping Board, and the Fuel Administrator, the Food Administrator, and the Director General of Railroads. This "War Cabinet," as it was popularly designated, first met on March 20, 1918, and thereafter regularly on Wednesdays until the armistice. It did not take the place of the Cabinet, which met weekly as usual during this period. Functions: To aid the President in coordinating the work of the emergency agencies, and to enable each administrator who participated in the meetinge to see how his problems touched those of his colleagues. Records: Probably none created.
 - MAR COLLEGE DIVISION, General Staff, War Department. See WAR PLANS DIVISION.

WAR CREDITS BOARD, War Department.—A body of three members created by the Secretary of War on November 20, 1917. After the armistice all ite attention was devoted to liquidating its business. Functions: To make advances of funds to contractors supplying material for the War Department. It considered applications, arranged the terms of the advances, and authorized the procuring bureau to advance the amounts approved. Records: In the War Department.

WAR DEPARTMENT .-- An executive department under the Secretary of War in charge of the Military Establishment of the United States. The Department has also certain functions of a nonmilitary nature. At the time of the entrance of the United States into the war the central organization of the Department coneisted of various operating bureaus and of a General Staff Corps under the Chief of Staff, who served as the immediate adviser of the Secretary of War on all matters relating to the Military Eetablishment and had eupervisory and coordinating duties over the troops of the line and of the special staff and supply bureaue. The Chief of Coast Artillery, also by law a member of the General Staff Corpe, exercised supervisory functions over the Coast Artillery. The military bureaue were as followe: The Offices of The Adjutant General, Inspector General, and Judge Advocate General; the Militia Bureau; the Bureau of Incular Affairs; and the Offices of the Quartermaster General, Chief of Ordnance, Surgeon General, Chief of Engineere, and Chief Signal Officer. The last five agencios, sometimee epoken of ae the supply bureaue, were charged with the procurement of supplies for the Army and were thus the most important agencies of the Department from the viewpoint of economic mobilization. The enormous expansion of the Military Establishment and the rapid developments in military ecience during the war necessitated considerable modification of the pre-war organization of the Dopartment and the formation of several new services. On May 18, 1918, the Selective Scrvico Act providing for the raising of an army by conecription was passed. On May 22, 1918, Maj. Gen. Enoch H. Crowder was appointed Provoet Marehal General and was charged with the execution of this act. Early in the war it was recognized that a better coordination of the functione of the supply bureaue was desirable. The first important step toward the accomplishment of this end was the creation on December 20, 1917, of the War Council with supervisory and coordinating functione. Further succeesive steps in the eame direction were the creation in the General Staff of new services specifically charged with supervision over supplies. General Ordere, No. 167, of December 28, 1917, created a Director of Storage and Traffic to enable the Chief of Staff to exercise effectually his supervisory and coordinating powers in respect to the movement and storage of supplies and the movement of troops. General Orders, No. 5, of January 11, 1918, created the Director of Purchaeo with similar functions with respect to the procurement of materials. eral Orders, No. 14, of February 9, 1918, reorganized the General Staff into five Divisions, namely: Executive, War Plans, Army Operations, Storago and Traffic, and Purchase and Supply, the last two corresponding to the services created by General Orders, Nos. 167 (December 28, 1917) and 5 (January 11, 1918). General Ordere, No. 36, of April 16, 1918, created the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division of the General Staff through the consolidation of the Purchase and Supply and the Storage and Traffic Divisions. General Orders, No. 80, of August 26, 1918, showed the organization which finally dovoloped in the General Staff during the war period. Four

Divisions were created, Military Intelligence, War Plans, Army Operctions, end Purchase, Storege, and Traffic, the latter Division maintaining its previous supervisory and coordinating functions in regard to supplies. In the course of the war comprehensive changes took place in the internal organization of the supply bureaus, nsw agencies charged with the duty of supply were creeted, and various bransfers of functions between bureaus were effected. Following is a list of the new supply egencies formed in the Department with the dates of their creation: Embarkation Service, August 4, 1917; Construction Division, Merch 13, 1918; Bureeu of Aircraft Production, May 20, 1918; Chemicel Harfaro Service, June 25, 1918; Inland Traffic Service, August 1, 1918; Motor Transport Corpe, August 15, 1918; Purchase end Storage Service, September 12, 1918; Finence Service, October 11, 1918; and Real Estate Service, April 1, 1919. On August 23, 1918, Ganaral Orders, No. 81, combined the Burseu of Aircraft Production with the Division of Military Aeronautics to form the Air Service. On March 11, 1919, the Embarketion Service and the Inland Traffic Service were consolidated into the Transportation Service. During the war the number of Assistant Secretaries of War was increased from one to three. Marton D. Baker, Secretary of War. Functions: As indicated above. Records: The correspondence files of the Office of the Secretary of Wor, 1913-22 (55 feet), with index, ars in NA. These include only correspondence filed in the immediate offics of the Secretary of War, none upon which ection ess taken elsewhere in the Department. In addition to these files, there are also in NA files of several subdivisions of this office, together with the records of a number of the subordinate egencies of the Department. Other records remain in the Department. References: War Department, Annual Reports, 1917-21.

MAR DEPARTMENT, AUDITOR FOR THE, Treasury Department. — See AUDITOR FOR THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS BOARD, War Department .- Creeted by War Department Circular No. 26 on January 20, 1919, with Assistant Scorstory of Ner Benedict Crowell as President. Enlarged by General Orders, Mo. 40, June 26, 1920, which serged into it the Board of Contract Adjustment and the Board of Appreneers. These Boards because reepectively, the Appeal Section and the Appraisal Section of the War Department Claime Board. Other Sections of the Board wers Ordnance, Signal Corps, Chemicel Marfare, Engineer, Transport, Chemification, Petent, Construction, Air Service, Purchase, and Foreign Claime. A Technical Section served to render technical service for the Appeals and apprecial Sections. Two of the executive offices, those of the and apprecial Sections. Two of the executive offices, those of the Statistician and Personnel Officer, heve been referred to on occeeion as the Statistical and Personnel Sactions. The Board was dis-solved by General Orders, No. 9, of February 28, 1922 (effective on the following day), shich provided that the Foreign Claims Section be transferred to the Office of the Assistant Secretary of War. Functions: To coordinate and systematize the efforte of the various War Department bureou claims boarde that had been appointed to negotieta cancelations of contracts following the sraistice. Records: With those of the Judge Advocate General's Office in NA, except the The Lines of the Jungs Advocate General's United in NA, scene the records of the Foreign Claims Section, which reads in the War Pe-person. Include educativathirs papers, case files, statistics, persons, and indexes. <u>Peferencias</u> Benedict Crossil and Robert F. Wileon, Depoblisation; Our Industrial and Military Perobilization After the Arristics, 135-144 (Row Averica Went to War. Rev Haven, 1921).

WAR EMERGENCY DIVISION, Justice Department.—Created on October 1, 1917, with the appointment of John Lord O'Brian as Special Assistant to the Attorney General for War Work. The Division functioned through the Executive, Internment, Permits, and Registration and Naturalization Sactions. Terminated on May 15, 1919, at which time its unfinished work was transferred to various other branches of the Department. Functions: To prepare and snforcs various war statutes, Exscutive orders, and regulations and to handle war-related legal and policy questions on such subjects as sspionage, sabotags, passports, alien enemies, sedition, selective service, confiscation of ships, censorship, and restricted zones. Records: 1914-25 (1,000 feet) in NA. Include general and miscellaneous correspondence, legal and other msmoranda, legislative history materials, rscords of investigations, case files, instructions, reports, war bibliographies, and pamphlets, newspaper clippings, and other printed materials. References: Justice Department, Annual Reports, 1917, p. 50-75; 1918, p. 14-57; 1919, p. 21-32; Homer S. Cummings and Carl McFarland, Federal Justice, 413-431 (New York, 1937); John L. O'Brian, Civil Liberty in War Time (65 Cong., 3 sess., S. Doc. 434, serial 7469. Washington, 1919).

WAR EXPOSITIONS BUREAU, Films Division, Committee on Public Information.—
Organized in May 1918 and absorbed the Bureau of War Photographs on
Septsmber 1, 1918. Discontinued on Juns 30, 1919. Offics in Nsw
York City. Chester J. Campbell, William G. Ross, and Dean C. Mathews,
Directors successively. Functions: To arouse the interest of the
public in the war through exhibits showing armaments and captured
war trophies. Records: 1918-19 (3 fset) in NA. Include pay-roll
books and records of receipts and disburssments.

WAR FINANCE CORPORATION .- Created by an act of April 5, 1918, which also created the Capital Issues Committes. The Corporation, under the direction of a board of five men, of whom the Secretary of the Treasury was ex officio Chairman, worked through a Washington office and field agencies. It served as an intermediary between the "Bond Purchase Fund" of the Treasury and the open market for Government securities. The greatest activity of the Corporation occurred after the armistice. Under President Roosevelt's Reorganization Plan No. II, the Corporation was abolished effective July 1, 1939. Functions: The Capital Issues Committee performed the negative function of restricting unnecessary expenditures during the war. The War Finance Corporation, on the other hand, performed the positive function of extending "aid to industries essential to the effective prosecution of the war, but which, because of the condition of the investment market, found it impossible to obtain funds for required capital outlay." Subsequent to the armistice the organization made advances to railroads under Government control, to American exporters, and to American banking institutions that extended credits to finance American exports. Records: 1918-39 (4,450 feet) in NA. Only a small portion of these records was created before the armistice, and that fraction has been interfiled with the later records. Consist of files of the Washington office and of the field agencies of the Corporation. Include correspondence, minutes of meetings, books of account, vouchers, financial statements, loan records, annual reports, personnel and pay-roll records, and canceled checks. References: War Finance Corporation, Annual Reports, 1918-37; Treasury Department, Annual Reports, 1938-40; Woodbury Willoughby, The Capital Insues Committee and War Finance Corporation (Baltimore, 1924); Harold A. Van Dorn, Government Owned Corporations, ch. 5 (New York, 1926).

- WAR GAS INVESTIGATIONS, Mines Bureau, Interior Department. -- A research organization begun by the Wines Bureau with its own funde prior to July 1917, and continued thereafter under authority of appropriations made for the Army and Nevy but allocated to the Mines Bureau. Termineted by an Executive order of June 25, 1918, which transferred the research work on war gaees, the Experiment Station established in September 1917 et the American University in Weshington, D. C., and the personnel of the Station to the Mar Department, where they became e major part of the newly established Chemical Warfare Service. Functions: To study the use of noxious gases in warfare. The work was carried on through the following Divisions: Chemical Research (Defense); Chemical Research (Offense); Dispersoid; Ges-Mesk Research; Namufacturing Development (Defense); Manufacturing Development (Offence); Mechanical Research: Pathological Research; Pharmacological Recearch; Physiological Research; Pyrotechnic Research; Therepeutic Racearch; and Toxicological Recearch. Records: In the War Department and the Mines Bureau. References: Mines Bureau, War Ges In-Yestigations (Bulletin 1784. Washington, 1919).
- NAR INCOUNTES ARROAD SECTION, Planning and Statistics Division, For Industries Board, --Created on July 1 and transferred to the War Trade Board (--Created Day 1918) and transferred to the War Trade Board (--Created Day 1918) and related to the War Industries Board. Becords: Probably in the State Bepartment sumpr those of the War Industries Board.
- WAR INDUSTRIES BADGE COMMITTEE .-- Organized as the War Badges Committee late in 1917 or early in 1918. Composed of representatives of the Mar, Esty, and Labor Departments, the War Labor Policies Board, and the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, with Sugh Frayne, Chairman of the Labor Division, War Industrise Board, as Chairman. It was constituted a permanent advisory committee by a letter of July 9, 1918, from Felix Frankfurter, Chairman of the War Labor Policies Board, and it was thereafter known as the War Industries Badge Committee. The Director of the Industrial Insignia Service of the Later Department also directed the work of the Committee. Punctions: To formulate a program for the distribution of official ineignia es evidence of distinction to civilian industrial workers engaged in mar industries. Records: Some are in MA interfiled with records of the War Laber Policies Board and the War Industries Board. Include minutes of meetings, a list of members, and a copy of e report of the Committee entitled "U. S. War Industrise Badgeo; A Re-Port Issued Under the Direction of the War Labor Policies Board. References: Marie C. Stark, "Industrial Service Radgee," in Militery Affeirs, 5: 214-216 (fall 1941).
- BIR DDUSTRIES BORD.—Created by the Council of National Defense on July 22, 1917, to act as a clearinghouse for Government industrial needs. It succeeded the General Munitions Doard, which had earlier needs. It succeeded the General Munitions Doard, which had earlier needs to the council was a considered on the council of the council and act the various edvisory committees on industrictions that the council were reorganized and sade subcorts at a training times. Oher unite of the Council were also attended the various times. Oher unite of the Council were also attended the restrict to Council the council of the Council was complexed the survey of the council of the council

commodities with which they were concerned. The President by Executive Order No. 3019-A of December 31, 1918, directed that the Board should be dissolved on January 1, 1919. It was finally liquidated on July 22, 1919. Bernard M. Baruch, Chairman: Functions: To obtain adequate materials for the War Department, the Navy Department, the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, and the Railroad Administration; to provide military supplies for the Allies; to provide commodities required by neutrals in exchange for materials essential to the United States; and, in alliance with the Food, Fuel, and War Labor Administrations, to provide for the country's civilian needs. Records: 1916-23 (3,710 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence of the Secretaries of the General Munitions Board and the War Industries Board and of the General Counsel and Liquidating Officer; correspondence and other records concerning particular commodities and industries, construction projects, the storage of materials, prices, conservation, labor and transportation problems, fire prevention, plant facilities, legal matters, and many other subjects; minutes of meetings of the Board and of conferences with industrial leaders; studies of the availability of raw materials; and reports on the operations and capacities of industrial plants. The records of many of the subdivisions of the Board are dispersed throughout consolidated or "commodity" files created under the direction of the Council of National Defense during the years 1919-23. Maps assembled at the request of "The Inquiry" for use at the Paris Peace Conference are deposited with the American Geographical Society in New York City, and some "typewritten, mimeographed, and printed materials" of the Planning and Statistics Division are in the Hoover Library on War, Revolution, and Peace. Congress authorized the disposal of a small group of records of the Board in 1928. References: National Archives, Preliminary Inventory of the War Industries Board Records (May 1941. Processed), which includes a selective bibliography, and Selective List of Records in the Files of the War Industries Board Relating to the Supply, Production, and Control of Certain Commodities in Wartime (April 25, 1941. Processed), a list compiled in The National Archives and issued by the Office of Historical Adviser, Division of Priorities, Office of Production Management; Grosvenor B. Clarkson, Industrial America in the World War (Boston, 1923); War Industries
Board, American Industry in the War (Washington, 1921), Final Report
of the Chairman . . . February 1919 (74 Cong., 1 sess., 5. Com. Print
3. Washington, 1935), and Minutes . . . August 1, 1917-December 19, 1918 (74 Cong., 1 sess., S. Com. Print 4. Washington, 1935); Charles 0. Hardy, Wartime Control of Prices, 119-140 (Washington, 1940).

WAR LABOR ADMINISTRATION, Labor Department.—A designation under which the Secretary of Labor as War Labor Administrator (appointed Jan. 4, 1918) undertook to direct a coordinated program of labor control during the war. To enable him to carry on the work of war labor administration, Congress on July 1, 1918, made appropriations for commissioners of conciliation, an Information and Education Service, an Investigation and Inspection Service, a Personnel Service, a Training and Dilution Service, a Woman in Industry Service, and a Working Conditions Service. (No "Personnel Service," however, appears to have been created.) In the Department's Reports for the war years, the abovenamed unitr (but not the commissioners of conciliation, who functioned through the Conciliation Division), were treated as parts of the War Labor Administration, as were the Advisory Council, the Division of Negro Economics, the National War Labor Board, and the War Labor Policies Board, which had been created in the first part of 1918. The Secretary of Labor, as War Labor Administrator, made use of the Employment Service, the Conciliation Division (also known

during the war se the Labor Adjustment Service), the Children's Bureau, and the Bureau of Labor Statisties, but these unite do not eppeer to have been regarded as parts of the Administration. No spproprietions were made for the continuance of the Administration efter June 30, 1920, but the functions of eone of ite units were continued by permanent units of the Department of Labor. Functions: To provide means of administering wer Labor activities concerned with medication and conciliation in labor disputes, working conditions of wege earners in sar industries, the acquisition and diffusion of information on subjects connected with labor, the employment of women in industry, and the training and dilution of Labor. Records: Those of the Netional War Labor Board, the War Labor Policies Board, and the Mozan in Industry Service are in Ha. Those of the Division of Negro Economics, the Information and Education Service, and the Training end Dilution Service eere authorized by Congress for disposition on May 7, 1928. References: Labor Department, Reports, 1918-20; Grovenor B. Glarkeon, Industried Associate the Rorld Mar, ch. 15
(Roston, 1933); Gordon S. Ratkins, Labor Problems and Labor Administration in the United States During the World Mar, ch. 6 ([Urbana, 1920]); William F. Willoughby, Government Organization in War Tima end After, ch. 10 (New York, 1919).

WAR LABOR BOARD, NATIONAL. War Labor Administration, Labor Department .-See NATIONAL WAR LABOR BOARD.

WAR LABOR CONFERENCE BOARD, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.-Upon the resommendation of his Advisory Council, the Becretary of Labor es War Labor Administrator on January 28, 1918, requested the American Federation of Labor and the National Industrial Conference Board to select five persons each to represent Labor and cepital respectively on e War Labor Conference Board. William Howerd Taft, ee public reprecentative for the employers, and Frank P. Welsh, ee public representative for the employees, cerved as Joint Cheirmen. The Board reported on Earch 29, 1918, setting forth certain war labor principles and recommending a National War Labor Board of the same edge and representation es the Conference Board. The Wer Lebor Administrator cocordingly espointed the members of the latter to constitute the Netional War Labor Board. This action was coofirmed by Presidential proclamation of April 18, 1918, and the Conference Board passed out of existence. Functions: To determine the principles and policies thet should govern the relations between workers and saployers in order on a proper in relations between sorgers and espacers in seriod states of the seriod of the seriod se Labor Administration in the United States During the World Wer, 162-163 ([Urbana, 1920]).

WAR LABOR POLICIES BOARD, Wer Labor Administration, Labor Dapartment.-Recommended by the Advisory Council and crested by the Secretary of Labor on May 13, 1918. Composed of representatives of the Departments of Labor, War, the Newly and Agriculture; the Shipping Board; the Energancy Flact Corporation; the Fuel, Food, and Railroad Adainistrations; and the War Industries Board. Plane made by the Board sers axecuted by the agencies represented on it. Discontinued in March 1919. Felix Frankfurter, Chairman. Functions: To harmonize the labor policies of Government agencies and to formulate policies for a unified labor administration. After the armietice, to plan for industrial adjustment end to prepare material on international lor industrial adjustment one of papers received in Automator 10 (13 labor standards for the Peace Conference. Records: 1918-19 (13 labor standards for the Peace Conference Records: 1918-19 (13 respondence of the Chairman, Esscutive Secretary, and business and respondence of the Chairman, Esscutive Secretary, and business and

reconstruction advisers; correspondence with Governors and State labor officials; papers and reports of committees of the Board; and bulletins, newspaper clippings, and daily digests of articles and editorials pertaining to war labor policies and the Board's activities. Some of the Board's files are missing, and a few of its records are known to be in private hands. References: Grosvenor B. Clarkson, Industrial America in the World War, ch. 15 (Boston, 1923); Alexander M. Bing, War-time Strikes and Their Adjustment, 126-132 (New York [1921]); Gordon S. Watkins, Labor Problems and Labor Administration in the United States During the World War, 175-178 ([Urbana, 1920]).

WAR LAWS AND CUSTOMS SUBCOMMISSION, RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE VIOLATION OF, Responsibility of the Authors of the War and Enforcement of Penalties Commission, Peace Conference.—See RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE VIOLATION OF THE LAWS AND CUSTOMS OF WAR SUBCOMMISSION.

WAR LAWS AND LIBRARY DIVISION, Judge Advocate General's Office, War Department.—Probably existed before the war. <u>Functions</u>: To prepare the monthly <u>Digests of Opinions</u> of the Judge Advocate General and to furnish advance information of a similar character to judge advocates in the field in weekly mimeograph bulletins; to prepare for publication collections of the military laws of the United States and collections of laws of the various States, Territories, and insular possessions, affecting the Military Establishment; and to maintain these digests, opinions, and collections in library form. <u>Records</u>: In the Judge Advocate General's Office.

WAR LOAN ORGANIZATION, Treasury Department.—Originated in April 1917 and placed under the general supervision of one of the Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury, R. C. Leffingwell. Terminated on August 31, 1919, with the resignation of John H. Mason, the last Director. Its Savings Division, however, continued in the Treasury Department. Functions: To conduct the advertisement, sale, and distribution of Liberty Loan bonds. Upon the dissolution of the National War Savings Committee in September 1918, the functions of that Committee were taken over by the Savings Division of the War Loan Organization. Records: 1917-23 (103 feet) in NA. Include correspondence; posters, motion pictures, and other publicity material; some regional records of the National War Savings Committee; and records of the Liberty Loan Association of Banks and Trust Companies of New York City. Other records are in the Treasury Department. References: Treasury Department, Annual Reports, 1919, p. 62-66; 1920, p. 68-72.

WAR MATERIAL WHICH CAN BE DEMANDED FROM GERMANY TO PREVENT HER FROM RENEWING THE STRUGGLE COMMITTEE, SPECIFICATION OF, Peace Conference.—
See SPECIFICATION OF WAR MATERIAL WHICH CAN BE DEMANDED FROM GERMANY TO PREVENT HER FROM RENEWING THE STRUGGLE COMMITTEE.

WAR MINERALS COMMITTEE.—Organized on July 12, 1917, as a joint committee representing the American Association of State Geologists, the American Institute of Mining Engineers, the Mining and Metallurgical Society of America, the Bureau of Mines, the Geological Survey, and the National Research Council. Probably terminated in 1919. Functions: Among its activities it conducted a census of minerals required in war preparations; inaugurated investigations to obtain production and to discover new ore bodies and stimulate their constitution; framed the act, approved in modified form on October white; that was designed to stimulate production in the United States Stores, metals, and minerals formerly imported; considered meaning providing adequate security for producers who were

requested to increase the supply of domestic sinerals for war purposes; made recommendations to the Secretary of Bary and cooperated sith the War Industries Board. Seconds: Emerated and Metale Or ereness! Hines and Mining Committee, House, Minerals and Metale Or For Purposes. Rearings, March 25-Lartl 12, 2325, pp. 19, 115, 147, 157 (Rashington, 1918); Interior Department, Administration of War Muselis Relief Act, 112 (70 Cong., 2 sess., S. 1952, 224, sortial 3992, Mashington, 1929); Neticnal Academy of Sciences, Proceedings, 1917, p. 723.

MAR MINERALS INVESTIGATIONS, Mines Bureau, Interior Department. -- A research organization built up in the Mines Bureau under authority of an appropriation of \$150,000 provided for in an act of March 20, 1918. Preliminary ear minerals investigations had already been undertaken by the Mining, Mineral Technologs, and Metallurgical Divisions of the Bureau. The War Mineral Javestigations was terminated and its personnel dispersed on June 30, 1919. Functions: To investigate mathods of increasing the evaliable supplies of ear minerals, that is, of metals and minerals of military importance produced describelly in small quantities and normally largely imported. In close sesociation with the mining experiment stations, research sas undertaken with regard to manganese, pyrite, sulphuric ecid, ohromite, graphite, sulphur, mercury, antinony, tungsten, solydomus, vanadium, magnesite, tin, potesh, and mice. The general staff in Washington handled problone of priorities, shipping, excess-profits taxes, mining methods, and the political and comercial control of minerals and comporated with the Capital Issues Committee in the control of espital investment in mining enterprises. Records: 1918-19 (2 1/2 feet) in HAR Correspondence and report files of the Chief Executive of the Mar Minerals Investigations, eith which some material of the Mar Minerals Relief Commission is combined. Correspondence and reports of the Chief Engineer (3 feet) are filed with records of the Commission. Unief Enginesr (3 feet) are filed with records of the Commission.
Other records reasin in the Mines Bureau and in the superison that
tions in the field. References: Mines Bureau, Fan Hintells, Mittor
tens in the field. References: Mines Bureau, Fan Hintells, Mittor
tens invation, and Solite Cranide, 4455 (Engineering Newshington,
2019); Josetha E. Spure, eds. Political and Commission Geology of the
Mines Mineral Residences (New York, 1920); Includes 38 technical
the Myndde Mineral Residences (New York, 1920); Mary Singers

Andrew Satisface to Research superison in the Mary singers investigations. Papers whitten by research sorkers in the War Minerals investigations,

WAR MINERALS RELIEF COMMISSION, Interior Department .- A body of three sembers appointed by the Secretary of the Interior in 1919, pursuant to an act of March 2, 1919. Functions: To advise and assist the to an act of March 2, 1919. Functions: To advise and assist the Secretary of the interior in connection with his function of receiving oleins from and reinbursing much persons, firms, or corporations as that suffered net losses during the war by reseon of producing or preparing to produce manganese, chrome, paring to produce the foreign the foreign the product of dead of the Government. Records: 1919-41 (29) feet) in NA. Include (1) a "docket file," numbered froe 1 to 1269, in shich such dockst represents a complete case file containing the papers connected with e single claim; (2) lists that serve es indexes to the claims edjusted under the act creeting the Commission and to those adjusted under later amendments to the eat; (3) an index to all claims filed with the Commission: (4) general correspondence, recommendations and swards, and informational files on legislation, interpretations, opinious, rulings, and Government "stimulation"; (5) correspondence end reports of the Chief Engineer, Chief Accountant, and the exaticers; (6) correspondence, reports, and working Parts of the field examining engineers and eccountants; and (7) descriptions of the location, type of mineral, and the mining property

involved in each claim. References: Interior Department, Administration of War Minerals Relief Act (70 Cong., 2 sess., S. Doc. 224, serial 8992. Washington, 1929).

WAR PHOTOGRAPHS BUREAU, Films Division, Committee on Public Information.—Formerly the Pictures Division, which became a part of the Films Division in March 1918 under the name Bureau of War Photographs. Organized into departments, one of which was the Department of Slides. Had offices in Washington and New York City. Its functions were taken over by the War Expositions Bureau on September 1, 1918. William A. Grant, Manager. Functions: To promote the making and distribution of official war photographs, especially those made by the Signal Corps; to issue permits for photographing Government activities; and to furnish pictures for the Foreign Press Bureau—Mail Service. Records: Turned over to the War and Navy Departments after the war.

WAR PLANS BRANCH, War Plans Division, General Staff, War Department.—
Created on February 9, 1918. Operated through three Sections, as follows: Organization; National Defense Projects; and, from 1919 on, Inventions. Took over the remaining functions of the Joint Board of Review when that Board was dissolved in May 1920. Functions: To exercise control over mattere pertaining to organization policy and the preparation of tables of organization for all branches of the Military Establishment; the preparation of general war plans and, as successor to the Joint Board of Review, the supervision of seacoast defense projects and plans; and the investigation of inventions, suggestions, and devices submitted to the Department. Records: In the General Staff, War Department.

WAR PLANS DIVISION, General Staff, War Department.—Created on February 9, 1918, by General Orders, No. 14. As organized on August 26, 1918, it operated through an Inventions Section and the following Branches: War Plans; Training and Instruction; Legislation, Regulations, and Rules; and Historical. The Director of the Division served also as President of the War College. Functions: These included the drawing up of plans for: The organization of all branchee of the Army, including the preparation of tables of organization; research and invention in equipment and war material; projecte for national defense; proposed legislation and the preparation of legislation and rulee for the Military Establishment; the training and inspection of the Army for efficiency and thoroughness, including the supervision of military education and special training; the publication of foreign documents relating to military affairs; and the collection and compilation of complete military records for historical purposes. Recorde: 1918-19 (55 feet) in NA, comeisting of part of the records of the Economic Mobilization Section, Historical Branch. Other records are in the General Staff, War Department.

WAR PORT BOARD .- See WAR BOARD FOR THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

WAR PRISON LABOR AND NATIONAL WASTE-RECLAMATION SECTION, Labor Division, War Industries Board.—Authorized on December 17, 1917, and established as the War Prison Labor Committee on February 28, 1918. Renamed on May 9. The Section actively cooperated with the Reclamation Division of the Quartermaster General's Office. On January 1, 1919, its functions were transferred in part to the Waste Reclamation Service of the Department of Commerce, and the Section was discontinued. Functions: To promote governmental cooperation in reclamation of manpower and waste material; the utilization of prisoners' labor and the standardization of industries in penal inetitutions;

the resouration by vocational training of injured and origined soldiers and sailors; and the development of camp gardens. Records: In NA. Correspondence and questionnaires and reports on the use of prison labor in industry and agriculture are among records of the Nate Reclamation Service (total 7 feet). Other records are included in the "compositated files" of the Mar Industries Board.

WAR FURCHASES AND FINANCE INTERALLIED COUNCIL. -- See INTERALLIED COUNCIL ON WAR FURCHASES AND FINANCE.

MAR RESPONSIBILITY SUBCOMMISSION, Responsibility of the Authors of the Far and Enforcement of Penalties Commission, Peace Conference. See RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE MAR SUBCOMMISSION.

WAR RISK INSURANCE BUREAU, Treasury Department .- Created by an act of September 2, 1914, to provide insurance for American merchant vossels and their cargoes against war rinks. By an act of June 12, 1917, insurance was extended to cover personal effects, lose of life, injury, and detention of masters, other officere, and crees of Azerican exchant vessels. The activities of the Bureau erer greatly sz-can exchant vessels. The activities of the Bureau erer greatly sz-panded by an eat of Octobor 6, 1917, shich plscod in it the adminis-panded by an eat of Octobor 6, 1917, shich plscod in it the adminis-tration of the compensation eystem, military end maral insurance, and the alletment end allemance program. Operated through a number of boards and divisions. The Sureau was abolished by an act of August 9, 1921, which conferred its functions on the Veterans' Bureau, ereated by the same legislation. <u>Functions</u>: The issuance of narine insurance and of life insurance to persons in the armed forces; the administration of the compensation system for disability incurred in line of duty; the administration of the allowent and allowance program for the support of dependents of persons in the ermed forces; the protestion of private life insurance policies of persons in the arreduced of private life insurance policies of persons in the arreduced of private large because of nongagent of premiums (under section of the Scidere' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of March 8, 1918); and the licensing of foreign insurance companies (under authority delegated to the Socretary of the Tresury by Executive Order No. 2799-a C October 12, 1917). Resords in the Veterans' Maintistra-2709-a C October 12, 1917). Resords in the Veterans' Maintistra-tion, except for the records relating to marine end seamen's insurance and to the protection of private life insurance policios (367 feet, including records of successore), which are in NA. These consist of administrative, Claims, and Marino Advisory Board files, consect or saminiarrance, chairs, one section on 1997 References correspondence, claims registere, end other materials. References research paracterist, and Reports, 1994-21, which include surpression of the Eureui's operations for Risk Insurance Surrent, Annual marks of the Eureui's operations for Risk Insurance Surrent, Annual Europt, 1990, which anchiese an account of the Eureui's organization and functions (other reports issued by the Bureau are limited to details of receipts and expendituree); Gustevus A. Weber and Laurence F. Schmeckebler, The Veterens' Administration, 212-218 (Reshington, 1934); William F. Hilloughby, Government Organization in War Time and After, ch. 15 (New York, 1919).

WAR RICK INSURANCE DIVISION, Adjutant General's Office, War Department...-Organized on September all sutters in the Army arising under 1970. Furtholy discontinued in the New York Control of the Army arising under 1970. The New York Control of the Army arising under the Rick Annual of Deptember 2, 1974; to devise and intended the Army and the September 2, 1974; to devise and intended to the act, and to supported the preparation cerred as the and insurance forms. After the armistics, the Army arising the Army and compensation of the Army and compensation of the Army and compensation of the Army and Control of Alberta 1974. Records: In The Adjutant General's and for those discharged. Records: In The Adjutant General's

- WAR RISK INSURANCE DIVISION, ALLOTMENT AND, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—See ALLOTMENT DIVISION.
- WAR RISK INSURANCE SECTION, Disbursing Division, Supplies and Accounts Bureau, Navy Department.—Established in the Disbursing Division in October 1917. Transferred to the Allotment Division (also known as the Allotment and War Risk Insurance Division) on March 1, 1918, and reestablished in the Disbursing Division on January 1, 1919. Officially abolished on February 15 of that year and terminated its activities on April 1. Functions: To act as a service unit for the benefit of personnel of the Navy in matters pertaining to war risk insurance. Records: Transferred to the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, Treasury Department, in April 1919 and now in the Veterans' Administration.
- WAR SAVINGS COMMITTEE, NATIONAL, Treasury Department.—See NATIONAL WAR SAVINGS COMMITTEE.
- WAR SERVICE COMMITTEES .- The term "War Service Committee" was applied to certain private organizations that represented an entire industry or business in its relations with the Government. A number of these Committees, of which some 400 had been established by the time of the armistice, succeeded advisory committees of the Council of National Defense (see the Advisory Commission of the Council). Others, such a' the Cotton Thread Manufacturers' War Service Committee, were organized by the War Industries Board. At the request of the Council of National Defense, the Chamber of Commerce of the United States fostered the organization of these Committees and established at its national headquarters in Washington, D. C., a central coordinating body called the "War Service Executive Committee." The latter remained in continuous session for the purpose of serving the Government and the War Service Committees. Functions: To bring about effective cooperation and united effort on the part of business and industry in supporting the Government in the prosecution of the war. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
- WAR SERVICE EXCHANGE, Classification of Personnel in the Army Committee, Adjutant General's Office, War Department.—Established by The Adjutant General on January 9, 1918, as a unit of the Committee on Classification of Personnel in the Army. Transferred with the Committee to the Commissioned Personnel Branch, Operations Division, General Staff, on September 18, 1918. Functions: To determine the qualifications and occupations of civilians desirous of entering the Army either as officers or enlisted men or in a civilian capacity, and to advise them how to proceed. Records: In The Adjutant General's
- WAR TRADE BOARD.—Established by Executive Order No. 2729-A of October 12, 1917, to perform the duties of the former Exports Administrative Board. Composed of representatives of the State, Treasury, Agriculture, and Commerce Departments and of the Food Administration, the Shipping Board, and the War Industries Board. Included the Eureaus of Administration, Branches and Cuetoms, Enemy Trade, Exports, Foreign Agents and Reports, Imports, Research and Statistics, Transportation, and War Trade Intelligence; an Information Division; and a Contraband Committee. In November 1918 it organized a corporation known as the "War Trade Board of the United States Russian Bureau, Incorporated," generally known as the Russian Eureau, Inc. Ceased to exist as a separate entity on June 30, 1919, when it was succeeded by the War Trade Board Section of the State Department. Vance C. Eccornick, Chairman. Functions: To wage econonic warfare against

the enery and to conserve shipping and commodities through the licensing of exports and imports and the rationing empiles to neutrale. Records 1937-20 (combined with those of the Export Licenestrale. Foreign and Decestic Commerce humes of the Export LicenesBlittica, Foreign and Decestic Commerce humes glate Department. Inshimistrative Board, total 7,831 feet) in the Spartment. Include correspondence of the Chalress of Secretary, and most of the
Blood meeting records relating to the organization of the Mar Trads
Liceness; and records relating to the organization of the Mar Trads
Liceness; and records relating above, and the records are the
Liceness; and records relating above, and the records are the
Liceness; and records relating above, and the records are the
Liceness; and the Board (which we not printed) and the Export and
Liceness of the Board (which we not printed) and Exports of the
Rar Trads Board, the Exports Administrative Board, the Exports Administrative Board, the Condense
Experise Eleckade Council; the Experisor Economic Council, the London
Conference, the Allied Rationing and Statisticals War Trade Board,
Various interallied trade committees. References War Trade Board,
Faccott (Readington, 1920), and Directoring, 2377-18.

MAR TRADE BOARD OF THE UNITED STATES RUSSIAN BUREAU, INC. -- See RUSSIAN BUREAU, DRC.

NR TRADE EMRN EXECUTOR, State Department.—Established by departmental corders of July 1 and October 7, 1919, as the successor on the West Trade Board, fellowing the transfer of the personnel, precious, records, locally electronic trade and public property of the Board to the Stote of May 12 and June 23, uttwo order of March 2, 1919, and assemble Board with regard to the Institute order of March 2, 1919, and assemble Board with regard to the Institute of March 2, 1919, and assemble Board with regard to the Institute of March 2, 1919, and assemble Board with regard to the Institute of the Institute of the Institute of the Board was selected to the Institute of Insti

NR TRIDE COMMIL.—Created by an Executive order of Detober 12, 1917, under authority of the Emplorage Act. Composed or the Servitaties of State, the Treasury, Agriculture, and Commore, the Food Administrative, and the Chairman of the Saipping Deart, the Production of the Saipping Deart of the Production of the Saipping Deart of the Productive Committee of the Saipping Deart of the Saipping Coat in a Committee of treds control as were referred to it by the President and the West Trade Board. Responds: Market Deart Mannows.

Fig. Table HUMILICENCE EXPERIT, War Trade Board.—Greated on October 15, 1917, replacing the Nat Trade intelligence Section of the Experies 1917, replacing the Nat Trade intelligence Section of the Experies and Opriespondence, Editing and Carding, and and the suspansion of tion. After the errictice 1te word, 1919, ctill Hurther reduced the "ensey trading lists" on 191, 15 was surped with the Energy Trade Bureau under the smeather 1919, 16 was surped with the Energy Trade Bureau under the state of the Later. Functions: To detarction the Process of Trade Trade Bureau under the state of the Section 1919, 1919

WAR TRANSACTIONS SECTION, Justice Department.—See CRIMINAL DIVISION.

MAR MORK DIVISION, MOMEN'S, Public Information Committee. — See WOMEN'S WAR MORK DIVISION.

- WAR WORK EXTENSION DIVISION, Education Bureau, Interior Department.—
 Organized on May 2, 1918, under a cooperative agreement between the Secretary of the Interior and the National Americanization Committee of New York. In September 1918, it was merged with the Immigrant Education Division (also known as the Division for the Investigation of the Education of Immigrants) to form the Americanization Division.

 Functions: To unite the various racial groups in the United States "behind the American war policies and to induce them to become active participants in the war program, preparing them for a fundamental understanding of citizenship, familiarizing them with the Government's war activities, provisions, and neede through war-information centers, industrial plants, racial eccietiee, and the foreign-language press

 . . and securing active cooperation of other Government agencies through which foreign-born recidente would be reached. Recorde: Probably destroyed.
 - WAR WORKERS BUREAUS, RETURNING SOLDIERS AND SAILORS AND.—See RETURNING SOLDIERS AND SAILORS AND WAR WORKERS BUREAUS.
 - WAR WORKERS LIVING CONDITIONS COMMISSION, Labor Department.—See LIVING CONDITIONS OF WAR WORKERS COMMISSION.
 - WAR ZONE PASS COMMISSION, Shipping Board.—Authorized by a Shipping Board resolution of January 22, 1918, and appointed in February 1918 by the Chairman of the National Adjustment Commission. Consisted of three members representing respectively the Government and public, the shipping interests, and the longshoremen. Functions: To supervise the issuance, suspension, and revocation of passes to longshoremen in the war zone on the New York waterfront. Records: Whereabouts unknown.
 - WAREHOUSE DISTRIBUTION BUREAU, Steel Division, War Industries Board.—
 Formed on July 22 and discontinued by December 31, 1918. Functions:
 To list the warehouses of the country, to divide them into classes according to tonnage sold per month, and to supervise their activities.
 Records: 1918 (17 feet) in NA. Include general correspondence and reporte of dealers and warehouses.
 - WAREHOUSE HANDLING METHODS BRANCH, Service Subdivision, Domestic Operatione Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director'e Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—Organized on November 1, 1918. On May 13, 1919, it was consolidated with the Space Allotment Branch and the Army Reserve Depot Subdivision into the Reserve Depot and Space Allotment Branch of the Operations Control Division, Storage Service. Functione: To determine and install proper methode for warehousing supplies. Records: Some are among those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.
 - WAREHOUSE SECTION, DISTRIBUTION AND, Supply Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See DISTRIBUTION AND WAREHOUSE SECTION.
 - WAREHOUSING DIVISION, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.--See OPERATING DIVISION.
 - WASTE ADMINISTRATOR'S OFFICE, NOILS AND, Wool Division, War Industries Board.—See NOILS AND WASTE ADMINISTRATOR'S OFFICE.

- MATE MITCHALS ERANCH, Salvage Division, Storage Director's Office, Frechase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traf-Frechase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nar Department Established on October 128, 1918. In May 1919 it ass functioning through Cur Sactions, as follows: Rage, Ember, Paper, Stock, Perrillizer, Still in oxistence and Traffic; Motals; and Carbage and Fartilizer. Still in oxistence and June 30, 1920. Functions of the Still in oxistence on June 30, 1920. Functions of the Still in oxistence repair, such as cottom possible in the hands of Government contractors repair, such as cottom controllable waste products and june possessing only a salvage value. Recording Some are among those of the Quartermeter General's Office in NA.
- MASTE PAPER SECTION, Salvage Branch, Conservation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See SALVAGE AND GARDENING MANCH.
- WASTE-RECLAMATION SECTION, WAR PRISON LABOR AND NATIONAL, Labor Division, War Industries Board. -- See WAR PRISON LABOR AND NATIONAL WASTE-RECLAMATION SECTION.
- MANE RECLAMATION SERVICE, Commerce Department.—Began to function as a section in the Secretary's Office on Jenuary 1, 1999, under an exteriorisation of the President (probably issued on December 3, 1918) within \$25,000 was allotted to the Secretary of Commerce from Freitness Society and Defense Pand. Took over-comer of the functions of the War Prison Labor and Mational Machaelmation Section, tions of the War Prison Cabor Commerce from June Labor Division, War Industries Secrit Commerce from June Labor Division, War Industries Secrit Commerce for the War Prison Labor and administrative correspondence and other records. Included are not described to the Commerce of the War Prison Labor and Rational Maste-Sechastion Section.
- MATER RESOURCES ERMICH, Geological Survey, Interior Department.—In sustaines prior to the ear. Functioned during any are through the following Divisions: Surface Waters, Ground Edwards, Conlity of Water, Wester Utilization, Enlarged and Stock-Green Edwards, and Percel Wester Utilization, Enlarged and Stock-Green Edwards, and Forent Wester Conduct extensive investigations of surface and ground served to conduct extensive investigations of surface and ground end to regard the state of a surface and ground survey of the independently of end in accompanion with State and Green's continued lands in need of irrigations, to forest the survey of agricultural lands in need of irrigations, to forest the survey of a gricultural lands in need of irrigations, to forest the survey of any to forest and the survey of t
- MATER SUPPLY AND HIBRAULICS SECTION, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Far Department.—See CIVIL AND OCHANICAL DIVISION.
- WAITER SUPPLY DEPARTMENT, Procurement Section, Materials Branch, Construction Division, Nor Department.—See PROCUREMENT SECTION.

- WATER SUPPLY SECTION, Engineering Branch, Construction Division, War Department.—Originally in the Engineering Branch, Cantonment Division, Quartermaster General's Office. Transferred with the Branch to the Construction Division upon the creation of that Division on March 13, 1918. Functions: To prepare plans for water-supply systems at cantonments and camps. Records: In the Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.
- WATER SUPPLY SECTION, Military Branch, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—Established as a temporary unit prior to the end of 1917. Functions: To study water-supply problems for the Corps of Engineers, and to train and provide personnel for water-supply work for the American Expeditionary Forces. Records: Probably among those of the Office in NA.
- WATER TRANSPORT SECTION, Embarkation Service, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See WATER TRANS-PORTATION DIVISION, Transportation Service Chief's Office.
- WATER TRANSPORTATION BRANCH, Transportation Division, Quartermester General's Office, War Department.—See WATER TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Transportation Service Chief's Office.
- WATER TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE, INLAND, Council of National Defense.— See INLAND WATER TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE.
- WATER TRANSPORTATION DIVISION, Transportation Service Chief's Office,
 War Department.—Established prior to the war as the Water Transportation Branch, Transportation Division, Quartermaster General's
 Office. On April 16, 1918, its name was changed to Water Transport
 Branch. This Branch became a Section in the Embarkation Service,
 Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, on May 25,
 1918. It later became the Water Transportation Division of the Transportation Service Chief's Office upon the creation of that Office on
 March 11, 1919. As such it operated through three Branches, as follows: Cargo Traffic; Construction, Maintenance, and Repair; and
 Vessel Operation. Functions: To supervise and coordinate the shipment of troops and supplies overseas. Records: In the Quartermaster
 General's Office, Services of Supply, War Department.
- WATERWAYS DIVISION, INLAND, Railroad Administration. -- See INLAND WATER-WAYS DIVISION.
- WAX LABORATORY, OIL, FAT, AND, Chemistry Bureau, Agriculture Department.—See OIL, FAT, AND WAX LABORATORY.
- WAX MODELING DEPARTMENT, Army Medical Museum, Museum and Library Division, Surgeon General's Office, War Department.—See ARMY MEDICAL MUSEUM.
- WEATHER EUREAU, Agriculture Department.—Established on July 1, 1891, in accordance with an act of October 1, 1890. Continued functions previously performed by the Office of the Chief Signal Officer, War Department, and other agencies. During the war period, it operated through several Divisions, including the following: Aerological, Agricultural Meteorological, Climatological, Forecast, and Instrument. The Chief, Charles F. Marvin, served as a member of the Mational Advisory Committee for Aeronautics. The Eureau was transferred to the Department of Commerce on June 30, 1941. Functions: During the war, the Eureau performed a number of war-related

functions. For example, it mided the Chief Signal Officer in the formation of a materiological unit to serve in Europe, which supplied the military services with materiological information needed for affective work with infantry, artillery, aviation, and poison was: the feetive work with infantry, artillery, aviation, and poison was: the made evailable its telegraph and cable lines for newal and military beiness and reported on vessels entering and leaving American ports; and it sensited in the organization of gas and flass regiment. Resords; 1734-1940 (9,000 feet) in Ms. Include general fragment Resords; 1734-1940 (9,000 feet) in Ms. Include general fragment and the momentum of the filed according to a subject decimal nysies, sells as reported on seterological observations accumulated by the burson and its predecessors. References: Weather Durent, Pengriks 1918-19; Gustavus A. Neber, jub Reather Burson (New York, 1922).

EXIGHS AND MEASURES DIVISION, Standards Burean, Commorts Department— In existence prior to the war. A Gauge Section created in this Division in 1917 performed war-related functions. Purcliments To conduct research and provide attandards on weights and measures. Recurds: In the National Bureau of Standards.

RELDING RESEARCH COMMITTEE, ELECTRIC, Electrical Engineering Section, Engineering Division, National Research Council.—See ELECTRIC RELDING RESEARCH COMMITTEE.

WELFARE COMMITTEE, COMPORT AND, War Industries Board. -- See COMPORT AND WELFARE COMMITTEE.

NUMBER NOW SUPCOMPITTE, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense, -Organized in April 1917. Activities survide on Stational Defense, -Organized in April 1917. Activities survide Sactione, es follows: Romaine, Industrial Training for the Nar Emergency Reservation, and Santiation, Industrial Training for the Nar Emergency Reservation, and Santiation Note it to functions were assumed by various services of the Nar Note to its functions were assumed by various services of the National Labor Administration in the Labor Department upon their organisation about the national Parallel Training of the Nar Emergency Section.

WELFARE MORKERS SUBSECTION, Passport Section, Regative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—See PASSFORT SECTION.

WEST INDIES TRADE ERANCH, SOUTH AMERICAN AND, Trades and Allocations Division, Shipping Control Committee, Shipping Board. -- See TRADES AND ALLOCATIONS DIVISION.

MEST INDIES TRANSPORTATION, JOINT COMMITTEE ON See JOINT COMMITTEE ON MEST INDIES TRANSPORTATION

NEMT DEPARTMENT, Grain Corporation.—Established in September 1917 and until Junes 1919 knows as the Export Department. A March 1919 the work of bandling negotiations and secounts for the loading of the work of bandling negotiations. The control of the second that the second second

- WHEAT DIRECTOR'S OFFICE.—The Office of United States Wheat Director was created by Executive Order No. 3087 of May 14, 1919. Included Enforcement, Inland Traffic, and Licenses Divisions. Terminated by Executive Order No. 3320 of August 21, 1920. Functions: To administer the price guarantees on the 1919 wheat crop authorized by an act of March 4, 1919, and to supervise the Grain Corporation.

 Records: 1919-20 (270 feet) in NA. Consist chiefly of correspondence, applications, and other papers pertaining to licenses to export and import wheat and flour. References: Frank M. Surface, The Grain Trade During the World War, 156, 163, 386 (New York, 1928).
 - WHEAT EXECUTIVE, INTERALLIED .- See INTERALLIED WHEAT EXECUTIVE.
- WHEAT FAIR PRICE COMMITTEE. See FAIR PRICE COMMITTEE FOR GOVERNMENT PURCHASE OF WHEAT.
- WHOLESALE AND RETAIL ADVISERS, Administrative Division, Fuel Administration.—Appointed in April and May 1918; continued until February 1919.

 Functions: To advise the Fuel Administrator with regard to wholesale and retail matters. Records: 1918-19 (1 foot) in NA. Correspondence, memoranda, and orders.
- WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DIVISION, Food Administration.—Organized in April 1918, taking over functions from the Distribution Division. Terminated in March 1919. Functions: To handle distribution questions as they were related to grocers. Records: 1918-19 (124 feet) in NA. Correspondence, newspaper clippings, reports, pledge cards, and intradivisional memoranda. References: Food Administration, Enlitting the Food Merchants; a Campaign To Win the Voluntary Support of Retailers and Wholesalers (Washington, 1918).
- WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS DIVISION, Food Administration.—See DISTRIBUTION DIVISION.
- WIRE AND CABLE ERANCH, Production Section, Procurement Division, Chief Signal Officer's Office, War Department.—See PRODUCTION SECTION.
- WIRE AND CABLE COMMITTEE, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—See ELECTRIC WIRE AND CABLE SECTION, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.
- WIRE AND CABLE SECTION, ELECTRIC, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board.—See ELECTRIC WIRE AND CABLE SECTION.
- WIRE CONTROL BOARD, Telegraph and Telephone Administration, Post Office Department.—Organized under Order No. 1744 of the Postmaster General of July 23, 1918. Consisted of the First Assistant Postmaster General, the Solicitor for the Department, and a member of the Tariff Commission. Functioned through the Telegraphs and Telephones Operating Board and the Director of Marine Cables. Terminated in 1921. Functions: To assist the Postmaster General in the management, operation, and control of the telegraph and telephone lines and (after Nov. 18, 1918) of the cable systems and to settle claims for compensation. Records: Whereabouts unknown. References: Post Office Department, Government Control and Operation of Telegraph. Telephone, and Marine Cable Systems, August 1, 1918—July 31, 1919 (Washington, 1921).

- WIRS PRODUCTS SUBCOMMITTEE, Steel and Steel Products Cooperative Consittee, Raw Vaterials, Minerals, and Matals Committee, Advisory Conmission, Council of National Defense. Organized in June 1917. Upon its dissolution the following November its functions were taken over by the War Industries Board. Functions: To keep the superior Comwittee informed of developments in the industry. Records: Some may be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.
- WIFE ROPE SUBCOMMITTEE, Steel and Steel Products Cooperative Committee, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metals Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of Mational Defense. Organized on June 15, 1917. Upon its dissolution in the fall of 1917, its members become a subcommittee - ASSOCIATION in the fall of 1917, its members became a successive of the American Iron and Steel Institute. <u>Functions</u>: To handle site roops production and the allocation of orders to manufacturers, site roops production and the allocation of orders to manufacturers. <u>Records</u>: Some may be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.
- MIRELESS AND CABLE SERVICE, FOREIGN PRESS-, Foreign Section, Committee on Public Information. —See FOREIGN PRESS-WIRELESS AND CARLE SERVICE.
- THELESS AND COMMUNICATIONS COMMITTEE, Neval Consulting Board, Nevy Department,—Creeked on November 4, 1935. Consisted of three sem-bers; P. C. Heeitt, Chairson.—See NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.
- NOVAM IN INDUSTRI SERVICE, War Labor Administration, Labor Deportas ABJUNIEI SERVICE, War Labor Administrations, assessment of the service and Director. Punctions: To develop standards and policies to insure wireotor. Punctions: To develop standards and policies to insure the effective employment of women in industry, which would at the same time conserve their health and selfare. Reports: 1918-20 (32 fest) in Ni. Include correspondence and report relating to the supleyment of women in various industries the few records of the Service for 1919-20 (6 inches) have been relating to the Service for 1919-20 (6 inches) have been relating to the Service for 1919-20 (6 inches) have been relating to the Service for Women Embers. Bureau. References: Mary Van Kleeck, "Federal Policies for Women in Industry, in American Academy of Political and Scoial Science, Annalg, 81: 87-94 (Jen. 1919); Gordon S. Wetkins, Labor Problems and Labor Administration in the United States During the Morld Mary 205-208 ([Urbens, 1920]).
 - WOMBI'S COMMITTEE, Commoil of National Defense. Appointed by the Commoil on April 21, 1917. On October 1, 1918, such of the work of the Committee was marged with that of the State Commoils Scation in the newly created Field Division, but the Committee continued in the newly created Field Division, but the Committee continued in an advisory capacity. On February 17, 1919, the members submitted their resignations to the President, sho accepted them on February 27. Sometimes referred to as the Homen's Defence Work Committee. Anna Hoserd Shar, Cheirman. <u>Functions:</u> To coordinate and direct the patriotic sork of sessen throughout the country. The Cosmittee worked through State somm's committees and through the following Departments: Child Helfare, Educational Propagante, Food Adminis-Departments: Child Helfare, Educational Propagnide, Took Administration, Food Production and Home Economics, Scalin en Recrestions, South States and Foreign Relief, Liberty Joan, Maintenance of Existing South Service Agencies, Ness, Registration, State Organisations, South Service Agencies, Ness, Registration, State Organisation, and Komen in Industry. Excepting 1971-19 (10) feet) in NA. Include correspondence, minutes, circulars, bulleting, reports, publishers, statements, and last an Administration of the Company of the Com liention; olippings; moderning, sporter, and liention; olippings; moderning, sporter, and liention; olippings; moderning, sporter, and lienting, lienting,

- WOMAN'S LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE, NATIONAL, Treasury Department.—See NATIONAL WOMAN'S LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE.
- WOMEN, PERMANENT ADVISORY COUNCIL OF WORKING, Woman in Industry Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—See WORKING WOMEN, PERMANENT ADVISORY COUNCIL OF.
- WOMEN AND GIRLS SECTION, WORK WITH, Law Enforcement Division, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department. -- See WORK WITH WOMEN AND GIRLS SECTION.
- WOMEN IN INDUSTRY, COUNCIL ON, Woman in Industry Service, War Labor Administration, Labor Department.—Created by the Secretary of Labor in the summer of 1918 as part of the Woman in Industry Service, and held weekly meetings. Consisted of women representing every division of the Labor Department and other Federal agencies dealing with problems of women in industry. Probably abolished with the Service.

 Functions: To coordinate the efforts of the Federal agencies concerned with women's work and to discuss safeguards to be established in new occupations, the enforcement of State labor laws, the application of the principle of equal pay for equal work, and the recruiting and training of women workers. Worked in cooperation with the Committee on Hazardous Occupations. Records: Whereabouts unknown. Probably few were created.
- WOMEN IN INDUSTRY BRANCH, Industrial Service Section, Production Division, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—Created in December 1917 as the Women's Branch and later renamed. Transferred with the Section to the Control Bureau, and later transforred to the Production Division. Operated through the following Units: Employment Management, Supply and Distribution, Adjustment, Health, Housing, and Research. Functions: To advise ordnance establishments on questions regarding the employment of women, such as the substitution of women for men, employment methods, hours of work, rest periods, and shop uniforms; to supervise the conditions of work and employment of women in ordnance establishments; and to make recommendations regarding exemptions from State laws affecting women workers. Records: Probably with those of the Office in NA.
- WOMEN IN INDUSTRY DEPARTMENT, Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense.—Organized in the late epring of 1917 and terminated on October 1, 1918, when the Field Division was created. Agnes Nestor, Chairman. Functions: To promote the maintenance of proper standards and conditions for employed women. Cooperated with the Woman in Industry Service of the Labor Department. Records: Among those of the Council in NA.
- MOMEN IN INDUSTRY SUBCOMMITTEE, Labor Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Organized in April 1917. Composed of representatives of labor, employers, and the general public. With the inauguration of the Woman in Industry Service of the War Labor Administration, Labor Department, in July 1918, its activities practically ceased. Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Chairman. Functions: To advise on the employment of women so as to secure the maximum effectiveness of the woman power of the country. Records: Some are among those of the Council in NA, including general correspondence, minutes, and correspondence with and reports from State committees on women in industry.

- NUMB FHISICIANS COMMITTER, General Medical Board, Medicine and Sanitation Committee, Advisory Commission, Commit of Netional Defensetation Committee, Advisory Commission, Committee and Sanitation. Forest on July 29, 1917; ceased to further after the arrangement of the Province of the Committee and Sanitation. The Sanitation of the Committee and Province of the Committee and Sanitation of the Committee and San
- NUERI'S ACTIVITIES DIVISION, High Cost of Living Division, Justice Department.—Organized in November 1919. Path of Streums, Mational partment.—Organized in November 1919. The part of the Division of Strainsted in November 1920. Ematton: To obtain, by means of an Strainsted in November 1920. Ematton: Cost of living through curvature of the Partment of Street 1919.20 (1919.20) (1919.20
- MOMEN'S BRANCH, Industrial Service Section, Control Bureau, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department.—See WIMEN IN INDUSTRI ERANCH.
- WOMEN'S DEFENSE WORK COMMITTEE, Council of National Defense.—Sea WOMAN'S COMMITTEE.
- WORSIS DIVISION, Employment Service, Labor Department.—Created on Jamus 73, 1918, by a secondate of the Secrete Of Labor, Diminishing appropriations effect he war caused to Engloyment Service in the terminate of the Service of Engloyment Service 1900 for the Terminate of the Service of Service of the Service of S
- NUMEN'S JOURNALS AND WOMEN'S PAGES SECTION, Educational Division, Food Administration, -- See MAGAZINE AND FEATURE SECTION.
- CERUI'S LAND ARMI DIVISION, Exployment Service, Labor Department, Created as the Momen's Land Army, a mongovernmental agency, in the Spring of 1917. Incorporated under the Labor Beacher 1918, shore it be serviced to the Labor Department of the Labor Department of the Labor Department of the Labor Department of the Exployment Service, so the Department of the Labor Department of the Exployment Service, and Department of Trainbly terminated in 1919, Longitudge To recruit women to relieve the shortage of farm labor. Executions I to recruit women to relieve the shortage of farm labor.
- NUMBUS SERVICE SECTION, Labor Division, Railroad Administration.— Created on August 26, 1918; abolished with the Division on Merch 1, 1920. <u>Punctions:</u> To consider the conditions of employment of some on railroad suder Federal control. <u>Becords</u>: 1918-20 (10 feet) in NA. Include e general subject file of questionnaires and correspondence relating to the employment of some on railroads.
- MOMERIS WAR MORK DIVISION, Committee on Public Information.—Organized in November 1917. Cooperated with the Momerie Division of the Countial of National Defense. Discontinued in July 1918. Cher Sens "Stator, Director, Functions To encourage the participation of

women in war activities by issuing news material on war work done by women. Records: 1917-18 (2 feet) in NA. Consist of record cards, most of which list titles or subjects of the Division's news releases. "Miscellaneous reports on employment of women in various positions," disposed of in 1930 as useless papers, possibly included other records of the Division that were reported to have been in the custody of the Council of National Defense in 1920.

The state and the same and in

WOMEN'S WORK SECTION, Social Hygiene Division, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department.—Organized in 1917. Functions: To enlist the special interest of women, by lectures, literature, and exhibits, in the fight against venereal disease. Records: In the General Staff. War Department.

WOOD CHEMICALS SECTION, Chemicals Division, War Industries Board.—
Formed on December 24, 1917; discontinued on February 28, 1919. May also have been known as the Wood Distillation Products Section.

Functions: To administer an order of December 24, 1917, commandeering wood chemicals, including acetate of lime, acetone, and crude and refined wood alcohol. Records: In NA, chiefly among those of the War Department Claims Board.

WOOD PRODUCTS SECTION, VEHICLE, IMPLEMENT, AND, Finished Products Division, War Industries Board. -- See VEHICLE, IMPLEMENT, AND WOOD PRODUCTS SECTION.

WOOD SHIP CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See WOOD SHIP SECTION, Ship Construction Division.

WOOD SHIP SECTION, Ship Construction Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—Originated in the Wood Ship Construction Division established on December 5, 1917, which was succeeded by the Wood Ship Section on February 16, 1919. The Section was abolished on March 16, 1920, and its duties were transferred to the Manager of the Ship Construction Division. Active supervision was thereafter to be exercised by an Assistant in Charge of Wood Ship Construction. Functions: To supervise the construction of wooden and composite vessels and the inspection and installation of machinery and equipment; and, after 1920, to investigate and cettle claims arising under the wood shipbuilding program. Records: 1917-22 (54 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, notes, reports, memoranda, drawings, and some blueprints relating to the construction of wood and composite vessels and claims for changes and extras. Some correspondence relating to the activities of the Section after February 1919 will be found in the general files of the Construction Organization and in the records of the Cost Review Section.

WOODWORKING SECTION, LOGGING, SAWMILL, AND, Civil and Mechanical Division, Engineering and Purchasing Department, General Engineer Depot, Office of the Chief of Engineers, War Department.—See CIVIL AND MECHANICAL DIVISION.

WOOL ADVISORY COMMITTEE, Woolens Section, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board.—Formed on September 27, 1918. Consisted of representatives of the War Trade Board, the Shipping Board, and the Textile and Rubber Division, and three members of the War Service Committee of the wool manufacturing industry. Discontinued on December 31, 1918. Functions: To study and review all angles of the

- sool and woolene situation in order to provide the Bar Industrice Board with the necessary knowledge to justify prompt ection in meeting conditions as they erose in the industry. Records: Among those of the Bar Industrice Board in NA.
- NOL COPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Raw Materials, Minerals, and Metale Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of Mational Defense.—Appointed by the Chairman of the Superior Committee in the suring of 1917; dissolved by the follening August. <u>Punctions</u>: To provide information concerning the wood situation. <u>Records</u>: Some may be among those of the Council end of the Mer Industries Board in NA.
- WOOL DIVISION, War Industries Board. See DOMESTIC WOOL SECTION.
- WOOL PROGRAMME COMMITTEE. -- See INTERALLIED PROGRAMME COMMITTEES.
- WOOL SECTION, DOMESTIC, Markete Bureau, Agriculture Department. -- See DOMESTIC WOOL SECTION, Markets Dureau.
- WOOL SECTION, DOWESTIC, Textile and Rubber Division, War Inductries Board, -- See DOMESTIC WOOL SECTION, Textile and Bubber Division.
- MOOL SECTION, FOREIGN, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board.--See FOREIGN WOOL SECTION.
- NOC. TOPS AND YARN ERANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Purchase, Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Etorage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nar Department.—Ge Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Nar Department.—Ge NOCL TOPS AND YARN ERACH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quarter moster Ceneral's Office.
- MOOL TOPS AND YARU BRANCH, Clothing and Equipoge Division, Quarterstater General's Office, Kar Department—Created on June 1A, 1918,
 Enter General's Office, Kar Department—Created on June 1A, 1918,
 Transferred with the Division to the Office of the Director of Purframeform of the United States wool clip of 1918, and to
 lag and evaluation of the united States wool clip of 1918, and to
 lag and evaluation of the United States wool clip of 1918, and to
 large purphase in the United States wool clip of 1918, and to
 large purphase of the Company of the States of the Contract of the Company of the Contract General's Office in Ma.
- NOMEN AND ENIT COURS EMERGE, Clothing and Equipage Division, Purchase Director's Office, Durchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Director's Course of Durchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchased Nomen of the Course of Course of Course of Course of Course Nomen Desired Course of Co
- NOLIN AND PART COOR SETTICS, Clothing and Equippes Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storng Director's Office, Profess and Storngs Director's Office, Purchase, Stornge, specific Division, General Director's Office, Purchase, Stornge, and Equipped Equipment Staff, Ear Department, -Cos CLOTHICS AND EQUIPMENT EMACH, Surplus Staff, Ear Department, -Cos CLOTHICS AND EQUIPMENT EMACH, Surplus Property Division.
- FORDY COORS COTTION, Supplies Countities, Advisory Countsision, Council of National Defense,—One of the four rections through such the countries of the four rections through such that the four ties recognitive. May 1977. Transferred to the Quartermaster Generally and the Countries are Experient, in Farmery 1978. Functions 1979. Punctions of the Countries of the

, ... ,

fragments are among the records of the Council and the War Industries Board in NA. Others are in the War Department.

WOOLEN GOODS SECTION, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board.—See WOOLENS SECTION.

WOOLFN MANUFACTURERS' COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Supplies Committee, Advisory Commission, Council of National Defense.—Created on February 7, 1917, in anticipation of the war, by the American Association of Woolen and Worsted Manufacturers and the National Association of Wool Manufacturers (sometimes spoken of as the Joint Committee of Wool Manufacturers). Organization completed on March 28, 1917, and thereupon named by the Chairman of the Committee on Supplies as one of its cooperative supply committees. Disbanded on November 28, 1917. Functions: To cooperate with the War and Navy Departments in procuring at reasonable prices wool for military needs. Records: Some may be among those of the Council and of the War Industries Board in NA.

WOOLEN SECTION, Salvage Branch, Conservation Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—See SALVAGE AND GARDENING BRANCH.

WOCLERS BRANCH, Clothing and Equipage Division, Quartermaster General's Office, War Department.—Created on Jamary 26, 1918, as the Woolens Branch of the Supplies and Equipment Division. Transferred to the Clothing and Equipage Division on May 18. United with the Knit Goods Branch on October 28 and transferred with the Division to the Office of the Director of Purchase and Storage as the Woolen and Knit Goods Branch. Functions: To recommend specifications for end to handle the procurement of woolens for clothing and equipment. Records: Probably with those of the Quartermaster General's Office in NA.

WOOLENS SECTION, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board.—
Created on June 3, 1918. In July 1918, the work of the Foreign Wool
Section was transferred to the Woolens Section while its Chief was
abroad; in October, during the absence of the Chief of the Domestic
Wool Section, that Section also was placed under the Woolens Section.
Discontinued on December 21, 1918. Also called Woolen Goods Section.
H. E. Peabody, Chief. Functions: To regulate the woolens trade by
locating available stocks and assuring Government priority on stocks;
after the armistice, to advise on contract cancelations. Records:
1918 (43 feet) in NA. Include correspondence, questionnaires, tabulations, schedules, and the like, as well as a large quantity of card
records of the purchase and sale of wool clips. Other recorde are in
the "consolidated files" of the Board, including materials arranged
to form a "documentary history" of the Section.

WORK WITH THE FOREIGN BORN DIVISION, Committee on Public Information.—
Originated in work done through patriotic organizations of the foreign born, such as the Friends of German Democracy (organized in
October 1917) and the American-Hungarian Loyalty League. The Divicion was formally established in May 1918, and thereafter operated
through bureaus (such as the German Bureau) that maintained "direct
and continuous contact with fourteen racial groups." Many of the
Bureau offices were in New York City. Division discontinued in May
1919. Josephine Foche, Director. Functions: To maintain contact
with the foreign-language-speaking residents of the country, to
foster their participation in the war effort, and to encourage separatist movements in Germany and Austria-Hungary. Records: Reported
in 1920 to have been turned over successively to the War Camp

Community Service and to the American National Red Cross. Those in NA (18 inches) include some financial correspondence and pamphlet proofs. Correspondence relating to an "Americanization Survey" is among the records of the Executive Division of the Committee.

NORK WITH WOMEN AND GIRLS SECTION, Law Enforcement Division, Training Camp Activities Commission, War Department .- Organized in 1917. Functione: To do preventive work in curbing prostitution among women and girl delinquents. Records: In the General Staff, Wer

Department. MORKING CONDITIONS BOARD, RAILROAD WAGES AND, Railroad Administration.— See RAILROAD WAGES AND WORKING CONDITIONS BOARD.

WORKING CONDITIONS BRANCH, EMPLOYMENT, MANAGEMENT, AND, Industrial

Service Section, Ordnance Chief's Office, War Department .- See PM-PLOYMENT AND TRAINING METHODS BRANCH. MORKING CONDITIONS SERVICE, War Labor Administration, Labor Department, -Recommended by the Advisory Council, authorized by an est of

July 1, 1918, and organized in August. Included Divisions of Industriel Hygiene and Medicine, Labor Administration, end Safety Engineering and a Research Branch. There was a field establishment with offices in See York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Pittsburgh, Cleveoutcoss in See Nork, Fhiladelphia, Chicago, Fittsourge, Lavvendand, and St. Leuis. Discontinued after June 30, 1919. Great Ramilton, land, and St. Leuis. Discontinued after June 30, 1919. Great Ramilton Director General. Functionary to maintain war production through eafengaring speking conditions and thus decreasing labor turnovery to expanding speking conditions and thus decreasing labor turnovery to expand with anine working conditions and true decreasing taken the interest anine with relation to working conditions and to bring about their adoption and maintenance; and to obtain the cooperation of Stats authorities in such matters. Records: Thereshoute unknown. References: Labor Department, Armual Reports, 1918-20; Gordon S. Battline Labor Problems and Records and R

less and labor Administration in the United States During the Morid for, 218-219 ((Urbane, 1920)). MUNKING ROLLEN, FERMANENT ADVISORT COUNCIL OF, Homan in Industry Servies Mar Labor Administration, Labor Department. - Created se the re-ies Mar Labor Administration, Labor Department. - Created se the re-sult of a conference held on October 4 and 5, 1918, of the Momen in Industry Service and representatives of soman members of trade unions. Ametions: To present the views of conking some on problems confronting the Noman in Industry Service. Records: Theresbouts un-

TORKMEN'S COMPENSATION COMMITTEE, War Labor Policies Board, Labor Departnent .-Authorized by the Ear Labor Policies Board in August 1918, and probably terminated the same month. Punctions: To consider and report on a legislative program for workmen's compensation. Records: koong those of the Board in NA. Include mimutes of a secting of the Committee.

- Y. H. C. A. SUBSECTION, Passport Section, Negative Branch, Military Intelligence Division, General Staff, War Department.—See PASSPORT SECTION.
- YARD CONSTRUCTION SECTION, CONCRETE, Shippard Plants Division, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.— See CONCRETE YARD CONSTRUCTION SECTION.
- YARDS AND DOCKS BUREAU, Navy Department .-- Established in 1842. It was completely reorganized in 1916 and again the following year. October 1917 the Bureau consisted of three Divisions-Design; Construction; and Maintenance, Operating, and Clerical-and the following Sections, which operated under project managers attached to the Office of the Chief: Armor and Projectile Plant; Aviation and Submarine Bases; Dry Docks; Hospital; Magazines and General Ordnance Facilities; Marine Corps, Fuel Oil, and Radio; Naval Academy; Power Plants; Shipbuilding and Yard Development; and Training Camps. This remained the basic organization of the Bureau after the war. general, the work of the Bureau was carried out by commissioned officers of the Corps of Civil Engineers of the Navy. Functions: To have charge of the design and construction of yards and docks and other naval facilities, together with their accessories, and, with certain exceptions, of the maintenance of these works, including the supervision of systems of transportation and communication pertaining thereto. Records: 1917-25 (1,382 feet) in NA. General and special correspondence files, contracts, blueprints, drawings, plans, and photographs. The records of the various subdivisions of the Bureau are dispersed in the general files. References: Yards and Docks Bureau, Activities of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, World War, 1917-18 (Washington, 1921); John F. Crowell, Government War Contracts, ch. 15 (New York, 1920).
 - TARDS AND DOCKS SECTION, Construction Organization, Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.—See SHIPTARD PLANTS DIVISION.
 - YARDS, PLANTS, AND STATIONS DIVISION, Ordnance Bureau, Navy Department.—Apparently in existence during the war, but little information concerning it is available. Functions: To exercise supervision over ordnance manufacturing plants, factories, proving grounds, navy yards, ammunition and mine depots, and the like. Records: Among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - YAFN SECTICN, Textile and Rubber Division, War Industries Board.—
 Formed in August 1918; discontinued after the armistice. Functions:
 To supervise the yarn industry. Records: Among those of the Board in NA.
 - IMLIOW PINE AND OTHERS SECTION, Lumber Branch, Eurplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, War Department.—See LUMPER ERANCH.

- ZING COOPERATIVE COMMITTEE, Raw Materiale, Minerale, and Metals Constitutes, Advisory Commission, Commell of Metional Defense.—Appointed on April 21, 1917. Attent Kovenber 12, 1917, its work was continued by a war service committee. Functional research for Government agencies unfitteent sinc et a reasonable price by allotting contracts to manufacturers. Recording Some may be among those of the Council and of the May Industries Board in Ma.
- ZONE DEPOTS AND CAMP DEFOTS SECTION, Madical Subdivision, Domestic Distribution Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff, Mar Department.—See EMICAL SUBDIVISION.
- ZONE SALES EXCITION, Sales Supervision Branch, Surplus Property Division, Stornge Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Office, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff ma Departments, Storage, and Traffic Division, General Staff ma Department of the Company 1999 and discontinued and view 9 of ment.—Extablished in Jenuary 1999 and discontinued and view 9 of Matty year. Punctions: To essist some exitatory and though its replication agent between trades and the Division, and through its replications, and similar bodies. Records: Some are among those of the Quarternater Concerts to fittle in NA.
- 20HE SERVICE SECTION, Sales Supervision Branch, Surplus Property Division, Storage Director's Office, Purchase and Storage Director's Ofsion, Storage Director's Office, Purchase, Storage, and Traffice Division, Gonal Stoff, Far
 fitch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffice Division, Gonal Stoff, Far
 fitch, Purchase, Storage, and Traffice Division Storage Continued about
 Department.—Exchiliched in January 1919 and small storage about
 June 9 of that year. Purchased
 Tune 9 of that year. Purchased
 The Storage Storage Storage Storage Storage
 The Storage Storage Storage Storage
 The Storage Storage Storage Storage Storage Storage
 The Storage Storage Storage Storage Storage Storage Storage
 The Storage Storage Storage Storage Storage Storage Storage Storage Storage
 The Storage Storag
 - DOLONCIL DIVISION, Anisal Industry Bureau, Agriculture Department— DA August 1, 1886, a Zoological Laboratory was excludibled which became the Zoological Division in 1901. Empire 1909 During the war, came the Zoological Division in 1901. Empire 1909 During the war, to supply information to the War Department of the supply information to the War Department of supply material, to be used for instruction in the Arry Medical Department of the Dureau in NA.

 (2 feet) among the general files of the Bureau in NA.
 - 2001007 COMMITTE, Agriculture, Botany, Forestr, Zeology, and Fisherias Division, Sational Research Council.—applied in 1917. Eaking, 1918. The first Chairann, was successfully for a regular of the 1918. 1918. Became a part of the Agriculture, wanty Forestry, Zoology, Punctions: Functioned mainly lated activities and ty calling a coologists to engor in second advisory body by encouraging tention to were served collections of the Part of Exchair in the Retional Research Command. References: Zoology Councities, Mass Retional Research Command. References: Applied to the Part of Zoology Councities, Mass 19170. Laboratories, in Science, n. a., 45: 627-620 (June 22, 1977).

- ZOOLOGY COMMITTEES, MEDICAL, Medicine and Related Sciences Division, National Research Council.—See MEDICAL ZOOLOGY COMMITTEES.
- ZOOLOGY DIVISION, Hygienic Laboratory, Scientific Research Division, Public Health Service, Treasury Department.—See SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH DIVISION.

In the following list, administrative units for which there are erticles in the Handbook are presented in a superior-subordinate arrangement which should facilitate the hierarchical approach in consultation of the articles or sasiet the user of the Handbook in under standing the hierarchical relationships of a given unit. Each title in the list, with the exception of several in brackets [.], is represented by a separate article in ite alphabetical place in the volume. Titles of unite raprasented in the volume only by crose references are omitted from the liet. The user of the list should references are omitted from the liet. The user of the list should not that it does not show the subordirate units of an agency so they are that it does not show the subordirate units of an agency so they existed at any given moment, nor does it show all the units that may have operated under an agency during the war period. Units performance operated under an agency during the war period. Units performance operated under an agency during the war period. In the second of the same operated to the war, purely housekeeping units, and the second of the same operated to the s field officee, for example, sra not described in the Handbook and consequently are not reflected in the list.

AERONAUTICAL COMMISSION

AGRICULTURAL ADVISORY CONSTITUE

AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT Agricultural Commission to Europe

Animal Industry Bureau Animal Husbandry Division Biochomic Division Dairy Division Field Inspection Division Hog Cholsra Control Office Kest Inspection Division Pathological Division Quarantine Division Tick Ersdication Divisien Tuberculosis Eradication Division

Virue-Serum Control Office Zoological Division Biological Survey Bureau Chemistry Buresu

Animal Physiological Chemistry Laboratory Carbohydrate Laboratory

Color Laboratory Dehydration Division Food Control Laboratory Fruit and Vegetable Utiliastion Laboratory

Cattle Food and Grain Inves-Food Supply Committee tigstion Laboratory Forest Service Forest Products Laboratory Highways Council

AORICULTURE DEPARTMENT-con. Chemistry Bureau-con.

Orain Dust Explosions Investigations

Insecticide and Fungicide Laborators Leather and Paper Laboratory

Microbiological Laboratory Microchemical Laboratory 011, Fst, and Wax Laboratory Pharmacognosy Laboratory Pharmacological Laboratory Phytochemical laboratory

Crop Estimates Bureau Crop Records Division Crop Reports Division Truck Crops Division Entorology Bureau Farm Equipment Control Office Farm Labor [Project], Assistance

in Supplying Farm Management Office History and Distribution of Farm Enterprises Federal Horticultural Board Fertiliser Control Office Food Production Program Committee

Insecticide and Fungicide Board

AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT-con. Markets Bureau City Market Reporting Service Cold Storage Section Cotton Testing Project Dairy and Poultry Products Market News Service Domestic Wool Section Emergency Traffic and Storage Assistance Food Products Inspection Service Food Surveys of the United States Foreign Marketing Investigations Fruits and Vegetables Market News Service Grain, Hay, and Feeds Market News Service Livestock and Meats Market News Service Motor Transportation of Farm Products Project Motor Truck Service Section Mitrate Section Seed Reporting Service Stockyards Regulation [Project] Transportation, Section Plant Industry Buroau Public Roads Bureau Publications Division Seed Stocks Committee Soils Bureau States Relations Service Experiment Stations Office Insular Stations Division Extension Work Office in the liorth and West Extension Work Office in the AMERICAN NATIONAL RED CROSS WAR Home Economics Office Weather Bureau Aerological Division Agricultural Moteorological Division

AIRCRAFT BOARD

Climatological Division Forecast Division

Instrument Division

ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN Corporation Management Division Investigation Bureau Law Bureau Sales Bureau Appraisal Department Merchandise Department Selling Division Supervision and Liquidation Division Trusts Bureau

Corporation and Individual Property Division Court and Private Trusts Divi-

Depository and Inventory Department Insular Possessions Division

Insurance Division License Department Neutral Countries Division Patents Division Real Estate and Mortgage Department

Stock and Bond Department

ALLIED BLOCKADE COMMITTEE

ALLIED MARITIME TRANSPORT COUNCIL Allied Maritime Transport Executive American Section Statistical Division

ALLIED NAVAL COUNCIL

ALLIED PURCHASING COMMISSION

ALLIED RAILWAY MISSION

AMERICAN COMMISSION TO NEGOTIATE PEACE

COUNCIL

AMERICAN REFINERS' COMMITTEE

AMERICAN RELIEF ADMINISTRATION Coal Mission

AVERICAN RELIEF ADMINISTRATION EURI-FEAN CHILDREN'S FUND

AMERICAN RELIEF ADMINISTRATION WARE-HOUSES

ARMY AND NAVY PATENT BOARD

ARSENAL AND NAVY IARD WAGE COM-MISSION

BITUMINOUS COAL COMMISSION

CABINET

CAPITAL ISSUES COMMITTEE

CENSORSHIP BOARD

CENTRAL BUREAU OF PLANNING AND STATISTICS

CIVIL SERVICE COUNTSSION

COFFEE COMMITTEE ON FREIGHTS AND LICENSES

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT

Agriculture Division Cotton and Tobacco Division Hammisctures Division Population Division Statistics of Cities Division Vital Statistics Division Coast and Geodetic Survey Cherts Division

Octdesy Division
Hydrography and Topography
Division
Instrument Section
Terrestrial Eigenstiem Divi-

sion Fisheriss Buresu Foreign and Domestic Commerce

Bureau Commercial Agents Division Commercial Attachés Division District Offices Division Emport Licenses Division Far Eastern Division

Foreign Tariff Division
Latin American Division
Research Division
Statistics Division
Trede Information Division
Industrial Board
Industrial Cooperation Service

Industrial Cooperat Lighthouses Bureau Navigation Bureau Standards Bureau Geranics Division

Chemistry Division Electricity Division Engineering Research Division Heat and Thermometry Division Notes Division Optics Division Optics Division Structural, Engineering, and Miscellaneous Materials

Division
Weights and Measures Division
Gauge Section
Steambost Inspection Service
Waste Reclamation Service

COUNTISSION FOR RELIEF IN BELOTUM

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC INFORMATION Advertising Division

Adverticing Davision
Cartoons Bureau
Civic and Educational Cooperation
Division
Films Division
War Encositions Bureau

Files Invision Bureau
War Photographs Bureau
War Photographs Bureau
Foreign Language Newspaper Division
Foreign Ficture Service Division
Foreign Section
Files Division
Files Division

Films invision
Foreign Press Bureau-Hail Service
Poreign Press-Fireless and Cable
Service
Four Minute Men Division
Industrial Relations Division

labor Publications Division
News Division
Official Publish Division
Pictorial Publicity Division
Pictures Division
Production and Distribution Division
Fublications Division
Publications Division

Reference Division
Service Buresu
Spesking Division
State Fair Exhibits Buresu
Syndicets Festures Division
Women's War Work Division

Work with the Foreign Born Division CONFERENCE COMMUTTEE OF NATIONAL LABOR ADJUSTMENT AGENCIES

CONFERENCE OF FEDERAL ACPINCIES SERV-ING COMMUNITIES

COTTON LINTERS POOL

COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE-con. Advisory Commission-con. COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE Advisory Commission Engineering and Education Committee Tabor Committee Coat of Living and Domostic Economy Subcommittee Modiation and Conciliation Subcommittee Press Subcommittee Publicity Subcommittee Wagos and Hours Subcommittee Wolfare Work Subcommittee Housing Section Industrial Safety Section Industrial Training Section Recreation Section Sanitation Section Women in Industry Subcommit-Modicine and Sanitation Commit-General Medical Board Child Wolfaro Committee Civilian Cooperation in Combating Veneroal Dicoases, Committee Editorial Committee Hospitals Committee Hygieno and Sanitation Committee Alcohol Subcommittee Drug Addictions Subcommittee Public Health Nursing Subcommittee Statistics Subcommittee Tuberculosio Subcommittee Industrial Medicine and Surgory Committee Railway Surgeons Subcommittee Legislation Committee Salvarean Subcommittee Medical Advisory Boards Committee Hursing Committee Surgery Committee Classification of Surgeons Subcommittee Head Surgery Section Ophthalmology Subcommittee

tco-con-General Medical Board-con. Volunteer Medical Service Corps Central Governing Board Women Physicians Committee Standardization of Medical and Surgical Supplies and Equipmont Committee Munitions, Manufacturing, and Industrial Relations Committee Raw Materials, Minorals, and Metals Committee Alcohol Cooperative Committee Aluminum Cooperative Committee Asbeetos, Magnesia, and Roefing Cooperative Committee Brass Cooperative Committee Coment Cooperative Committee Chemicals Cooperative Committee Acids Subcommittee Alkali Subcommittoe Coal Tar By-Products Subcommittoe Electrochemicals Subcommittoo Fortilizers Subcommittee Miscollaneous Chemicals Subcommittee Pyritos Subcommittee Sulphur Subcommittee Copper Cooperative Committee Lead Cooperative Committee Lumber Cooperative Committee Mica Cooperative Committee Nickel Cooperativo Committee Rubber Cooperative Committee Steel and Steel Products Cooperative Committee Alloys Subcommittee Cold Rolled and Cold Drawn Steel Subcommittee Pig Iron, Iron Ore, and Lake Transportation Subcommit-Pig Tin Subcommittee Scrap Iron Subcommittee Sheet Steel Subcommittee Steel Distribution Subcommit-Tin Plate Subcommittee Tubular Products Subcommit-Wire Products Subcommittee Wire Rope Subcommittee Wool Cooperative Committee Zinc Cooperative Committee 6h2

Modicino and Sanitation Commit-

Otology, Rhinology, and

mittee

Laryngology Subcom-

COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE-con.
Advisory Commission-con.
Supplies Committee

Canned Coods Cooperative
Committee
Cotton Conds Cooperative

Committee Knit Coods Cooperative

Knit Coods Cooperativ

Lesther Equipment Cooperative Committee Mattresses and Pillows Cooperative Committee

Shoe and Leather Industries Cooperative Committee Woolen Goods Section Woolen Manufacturers' Co-

operative Committee
Transportation and Communication Committee
Cars Cooperative Committee

Electric Railroad Transportation Cooperative Com-

Incomptives Cooperative Committee Railroad Transportation Co-

operative Committee Telegraph and Telephone Cooperative Committee Aircraft Production Board Coal Production Committee

Commercial Economy Board Employment for Soldiers and Sailors, Emergancy Commit-

tee on
Field Division
Americanization Section
Child Conservation Section
Leves Section

Speakers' Section [State] Organization and Information Section General Numitions Board

Armored Cars and Motor Trucke Committee Army and Navy Artillery

Army and Kavy Projectiles
Subcommittee
Army Vehicles Subcommittee

Dies and Gauges Committee Yachine Ouns Committee Optical Clase Committee Small Arms and Assumition Committee

Sulphuric Acid Committee

COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE-con. Highways Transport Committee Housing Committee Industrial Service Section Inland Water Transportation Committee

Interdepartmental Advisory Committee
Interdepartmental Defense Board
Wedlcal Section
Standards Board

Munitions Standards Board Petroleum Committee Reconstruction Research Division Shipping Committee State Councils Section

Statistics Division
Industriel Inventory Section
Purchase of Public Animale and
Remount Service Advisory
Committee

Woman's Committee
Child Welfare Department
Educational Propaganda Department
ment

Food Administration Department Food Production and Home Eccnomics Department Health and Recreation Department Home and Foreign Relief Depart-

ment
Maintenance of Existing Social
Service Agencies Department
News Department
Registration Department
State Organization Department
Women in Industry Department

CUBAN ALLOTHENT CONVITTEE

ECONOMIC LIMISON CONSTITUEE

EFFICIENCE PUREAU

EIGHT-HOUR CONTISSION

EXPROPRIET CONSTRUCTION WAGE CONDUIS-SION

Statistical Bureau

EMPLOYERS! COMPRISATION CONMISSION

EXPORTS ADMINISTRATIVE BOARD

EXPORTS CONTROL CONSCITTER

EXPORTS COUNCIL

FAIR PRICE COMMITTEE FOR GOVERN-MENT PURCHASE OF WHEAT

FEDERAL BOARD FOR VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Industrial Rehabilitation Division Research Division Vocational Education Division

Employment Management Sec-

Vocational Rehabilitation Division Eligibility Section

FEDERAL ELECTRIC RAILWAYS COM-MISSION

FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD Foreign Exchange Division Gold Exports Committee

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION Economic Division Enemy Trade Division Export Trade Division Legal Division

FINE ARTS COLMISSION

FIR PRODUCTION BOARD

FOOD ADMINISTRATION Alimentation Division Baking Division Canadian Relations Division Canned Foods Division Bean Section Canned Milk Section Fish Section Cereal Division Coarse Grains Section Killing Section Rice Section Collateral Commodities Division Coordination of Purchase Di-Allied Governments and Miscellaneous Purchasers Section Army, Navy, and Marine Corps Section butter and Cheese Section Canned Goods Section Carned Wilk Section Pacific Coast Branch Section

Fruit, and Beans Section

FOOD ATMINISTRATION-con. Cottonseed Division Dairy Products Division Distribution Division Educational Division Advertising Section Farm Journal Section Illustrations and Plates Section Library and Exhibits Section Magazine and Feature Section Negro Press Section Religious Journals Section Retail Stores Section States Section Trade and Technical Journals Section Vernacular Press Section Enforcement Division Canners' Section Cereal Enforcement Section Complaint Section Field Supervision Section Price Supervision Section Exports, Imports, and Embargoes Division Fats and Oils Division Federal Milk Commissions Garbage Utilization Division Home Conservation Division Pledge Card Campaign Office Speakers! Bureau Hotels and Restaurants Division Labor and Consumers' Interests Division Legal Division License Division Marine Transportation Division Meat Division Mexican Relations Division Milling Division Auditing Department Export Department Mechanical Department Statistical Department Miscellaneous Commodities Division Perishable Foods Division Agricultural Relations Section Butter and Cheese Section Cold Storage Section Fisheries Section Fruits and Vegetables Section Wilk Section Potato and Dehydration Section Poultry and Eggs Section Pinto Bean Division for Growing Districts (Colorado) Sugar, Flour, Cereals, Dried Rice Committees

Salron Committee

FOOD ADMINISTRATION-con-Schools and Colleges Division Stapls Groceries Division Coffes Section Commercial Conservation and

Specialty Manufacturers' Section Sugar and Flour Section

States Administration Divi-

Cooperating Organizations Section Statistical Division

Sugar Distributing Committee Sugar Division Transportation Division Wholsmals and Retail Division

Brokers' Section
Publicity Section
Retail Fish Section

FOOD PURCHASE BOARD

FUEL AMMINISTRATION
Administrative Division
Conservation Bureau
Education Bureau
Investigation Bureau
Labor Bureau
Legal Department
Mine Track Committee

Prices Bureau

Production Bureau Stata Organizations Bureau Traffic and Transportation Bureau

Wholesale and Retail Adviesre Distribution Division

Anthracite Coal Bursau Bituminous Coal and Coks

Bureau
Coal Zons Permit Bureau
Cas Flante Bureau
State Distribution Bureau
Statistics Bureau
Engineers Cognittes

Oil Division
Counsel's Office
Domestic Consumption
Bureau

Enginesring Bureau Lubricants and Foreign Requiremente Bureau Entural Cas Bureau Oil Conservation Bureau

Oil Well Supplies Eureau Pipe Lines Bureau Prices and Licenses Bureau SNAT O - 41 - 41

FUEL AUMINISTRATION-con.

Production Bureau Refining Bureau Statistics Bureau Technology Bureau Traffic and Transportation

raffic and Transportation Bureau

GRAIN CORPORATION Bean Division

Beam Department
Coreal Products Department
Coreas Grain Department
Cores Grain Department
Crop Experts Office
Duropean Department
Expeditionary Flour Department
Expeditionary Flour Department

Expeditionary Factories
Flour Department
Grain Reports Department
Grain Threshing Division
License Division
Karine Transportation Department

Mill Scheduls Depertment
Miscallaneous Commodities Department
Statistical Department

Transportation Department Wheat Department

HOUSING CORPORATION
Adjustment Committee

Architectural Division
Construction Division
Contract Branch
Cost Engineering Branch
Faterials Progressent Branch
Powder Plants Project Branch

Repair Branch
Sales Branch
Dealgn Committss
Engineering Division
Fiscal Division
Covernment Hotels

Homes Registration and Information Division Industrial Relations Division Legal Division

Operating Division
Preliminary Investigation Diviaton
Real Estete Division

Real Estate Dission
Requiremente Division
Estatists Information Branch
Frivate Entarpriss Branch
Pequisitioned Houses in the District of Columbia Corrittee

643

HOUSING CORPORATION-con.
Sites Committee
Statistical Division
Survey and Statistics
Division
Town Planning Division
Transportation Division
Treasury Division

INDUSTRIAL SURVEYS, JOINT BOARD ON

INQUIRY, THE

INTERALLIED AVIATION CONVITTEE

INTERALLIED COAL AND COKE PRO-GRALLE COLMITTEE

INTERALLIED COMMITTEE FOR THE REEDUCATION OF WAR CRIPPLES

INTERALLIED CONFERENCE

INTERALLIED CONFERENCE OF PRIME LINISTERS

INTERALLIED COUNCIL OF WAR FUR-CHASES AND FINANCE

INTERALLIED DANUBE RIVER COLLAIS-SION

INTERALLIED FOOD COUNCIL
Interallied Food Council Committee of Representatives

INTERALLIED MEATS AND FATS
EXECUTIVE

INTERALLIED WILLTARY TRANSPORTATION BOARD

INTERALLIED MUNITIONS COUNCIL

INTERALLIED FETROLEUM CONFER-ENCE

Interallied Commission on Standardization of Petroleum Specifications

INTERALIZED PROGRAMME COMMITTEES

INTERALLIED PURCHASING COMMISSION

INTERALLIED RAILWAY COMMITTEE

INTERALLIED SANITARY COMMISSION

INTERALLIED SCIENTIFIC FOOD COM-

INTERALIZED TECHNICAL BOARD

INTERALLIED TIN EXECUTIVE

THITERALLIED WHEAT EXECUTIVE

INTERDEPARTMENTAL AMMONIA CONTROL

INTERDEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON COMMUNICATIONS

INTERDEPARTMENTAL COST CONFERENCE

INTERDEPARTUENTAL SOCIAL HYGIENE BOARD

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT
Education Bureau
Americanization Division
Educational Extension Division
Immigrant Education Division
Racial Groups Division
School Board Service Division
School Garden Army
War Work Extension Division
General Land Office
Geological Survey
Geologic Branch
Aleckon Mineral Engages

Alaskan Mineral Resources Division Chemical and Physical Re-

search Division Geology Division Mineral Resources Division Land Classification Branch Water Resources Branch

Ground Waters Division
Power Resources Division
Quality of Water Division
Surface Waters Division
Unified Waters Division

Gold-Mining Situation Committee Indian Affairs Office Mines Bureau

Explosives Regulation Division Helium Production Research

Metallurgical Division
Mineral Technology Division
Mitrogen Fixation (Ammonia

Oxidation) Section Sodium Cyanide Plant (Chesical Plant No. 4)

Mining Division

Explosives Investigations for Army and Navy Section

INTERTOR DEPARTMENT-con. Mines Bursau-con.

Mining Division-con-Underground Sound Detecting and Range Finding

Section Petroleum Division War Gas Investigations

Chemical Research Division (Defense) Chemical Research Division

(Offense) Analytical Research Sec-

+1 on Incendiary Section Toxic Materials Develop-

ment Section Dispersoid Division Gas-Mask Research Division

Manufacturing Devalopment Division (Defense) Manufacturing Development Division (Offense)

Mechanical Research Division

Pathological Research Diwision Pharmacological Research

Division Physiological Research Di-

wision. Aviation Investigations

Saction Field Tests of Gases Sect.i on Sanitation Conditions at

Poison Gas Factorias Section Shock, Asphyxia, Hesorrhage, and Carbon Mon-

oxide Investigations Section Pyrotechnic Research Divi-

Flaming Liquid Section Cas-Shell Section Hand-Grenade Section Incendiary Section Signal-Light Section Smoke-Screen Saction Therapeutio Research Divi-

sion Toxicological Research Diwision

War Minerals Investigations

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT-con. Patent Office

Prinary Examiner's Advisory Comsittee Reclamation Service

War Minarals Relief Commission INTERNATIONAL HIGH COMMISSION

INTERNATIONAL SUGAR COMMITTEE

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION Car Service Bureau Carriers' Accounts Bureau Compensation Board Inquiry Bureau Locomotive Inspection Bureau Safety Bureau Statistics Bureau

JOINT ARMY AND NAVAL BOARD ON GUN FORGING SPECIFICATIONS

JOINT ARMY AND NAVY TECHNICAL ATRCRAFT BOARD

JOINT BOARD

JOINT BOARD OF REVIEW

JOINT COMMITTEE ON WEST INDIES TRANSPORTATION

JOINT MERCHANT VESSEL BOARD

JOINT WEEKLY CONFERENCE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT Aircraft Production Investigation Original Division Defensa of Suits Division High Cost of Living Division Women's Activities Division Investigation Division Pardon Attorney's Office War Energency Division Internment Section Permit Section Registration and Naturalization Section

LABOR DEPARTMENT-con. LABOR DEPARTMENT War Labor Administration-con. Children's Bureau Child Labor Division Information and Education Conciliation Division Service-con. Employment Service Information Division Motion Picture Section Boys' Working Reserve Agricultural Division Posters Division Public Works and Construc-Industrial Division Library Cooperation tion Development Divi-Division sion Clearance Division Advertising Section Skilled Labor Section Economics Section Engineering and Education Industrial Plants Section Own-Your-Own Home Section Division Farm Service Division Poster Section Field Organization Divi-Publicity Section sion Speakers! Section Handicap Section Statistical Section Information Division Investigation and Inspection Investigation Division Service Junior Division Labor Adjustment Service Manufacturers' Inquiry National War Labor Board Section Awards Administration Di-Mining Division Vision Negro Division [Examination Department] Operations Division [Analysis Division] Policies and Planning Cost of Living Section Board Investigation Division Professional and Special Public Utilities Division Section Street Railway Department Public Service Reserve Negro Economics Division Emergency Farm Labor Sac-Training and Dilution Servtion Railroad Division Dilution Division Service Reserves Division Planning Division Statistical Division Information Section Stevedores and Marine Work-Training Methods Section ers Division Training Division Unskilled Labor Section War Labor Conference Board Women's Division War Labor Policies Board Women's Land Army Division Central Recruiting Com-Immigration Bureau mittee Intermment Director's Office Centralization of Indus-Industrial Housing and Transtrial Statistics Comportation Bureau mittee Labor Statistics Bureau Conditions of Living Com-Living Conditions of War mittee Workers Commission Distribution of Milk, Ice, Naturalization Bureau and Coal Committee War Labor Administration Eight-Hour Statutes Com-Advisory Council mittee Industrial Insignia Serv-Employment Service, Committee on Framing a Information and Education Policy Relative to Service Strikes and Lockouts Economics Division for the Educational Division Enforcement of State Labor Industrial Plants Di-Laws Committee vision

LASOR DEPARTMENT—con.

War Labor Administration—con.

War Labor Policies Board—con.

Exemption of Skilled

Laborers Committee Covernment Contract Cleuses Affecting Industriel Relations, Committee on

Industrial Furloughs Committee Insurance of Industrial

Workers Committee
Labor Department Reorganization Committee

Price Control Committee Relation of Filitary to Industrial Man-Power Committee

Standardization of Wages and Conditions of Work Committee

Stimulation of Production Committee

Workman's Compensation Committee + Woman in Industry Service

Razarbus Occupations Committee Women in Industry, Council on Working Women, Permanent

Advisory Council of Working Conditions Service Inductriel Hygiene and Medicine Division Labor Addinistration Divi-

eion Safety Engineering Divieion

LIBERTY, LOAN COLCUTTEES LIVESTOCK MARKET CONCUTTEES

LUMBER AND POREST PRODUCTS JOINT OFFICE

MEAT INDUSTRY COMMISSION

MEDIATION AND CONCULTATION BOARD

WINERAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS COMMITTEE

MINERALS AND DERIVATIVES, JOINT INFORMATION BOARD ON

MUNITIONS PATENTS BOARD

NATIONAL ADJUSTMENT COMMISSION

NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

NATIONAL HARNESS AND SADDLERY ADJUSTMENT COMMISSION

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL

[Administrative Division]
Consus of Research Committee
Research in Educational Institutions Section
State Council Relations

Section Agriculture, Botany, Forestry, Zoology, and Fisheries Division

Agricultura Committee Botanical Raw Products Com-

mittee Botany Committee Botany Townstons

Partilizer Investigations, Special Joint Committee on Fibers Committee Pieberies Committee

Formatry Committee Physiological Salt Requirements of Certain Cultivated Plants Committee Protein Metabolism in Animal Feeding Committee

Zoology Committee Chemistry and Chemical Tech-

nology Division
Chemical Apparetue end Supplies Committee
Chemical Engineering Committee

Chemietry and Technology of Glass Committee Chemistry Committee Chemietry of Ceramics Commit-

Chemietry of Colloids Committee Chemietry of Fuels Committee

Chemistry of Fuels Committee Chemistry of Rubber and Allied Substances Committee Chemistry of Soils and Ferti-

livers Committee Chemietry of Textilee and Februs Committee Explosives Investigations

Committee

647

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL-con. NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL-con. Medicine and Related Sciences Chemistry and Chemical Tech-Division-con. nology Division-con. Gases Used in Warfare Commit-Psychology Committee Toxicity of Preserved Foods Advisory Committee Nitrate Investigations Com-Military Division mittee Nitrate Supply Committee Nitrates and Ammonia Subcom-Physics, Mathematics, Astronomy, mittee and Geophysics Division Synthetic Drugs Committee Astronomy Committee Engineering Committee Engineering Division Mathematics Committee Navigation and Nautical In-Electrical Engineering Secstruments Committee Optical Glass Committee Electric Welding Research Physics Committee Committee Mechanical Engineering Section Research Information Service Metallurgy Section NATIONAL SCREW THREAD COMMISSION Fatigue of Metals Committee Ferro-Alloys Committee Helmets and Body Armor Com-NAVY DEPARTMENT mittee Antisubmarine Devices Special Improvement of Metals by Board Treatment at Blue Heat Compensation Board Committee Material Order Section Pyrometer Committee Special Rentals and Plant Ex-Steel Ingot Committee tension Section Prime Movers Section Construction and Repair Bureau Foreign Service Committee Aircraft Division General Relations Division Contract Divi: F Education and Special Train-Design Division ing Special Committee Maintenance Division Foreign Relations Section Production Division Industrial Research Advisory Shore Establishments Division Committee Supply Division Industrial Research Section Enemy Vessels, Board To Appraise Patent Office Committee General Board Reconstruction Problems Com-Judge Advocate General's Office mittee London Naval Board on Claims Relations With Educational Marine Corps Headquarters Institutions and State Historical Division Committees Section Medicine and Surgery Bureau Geography Committee Merchant and Private Vessels Geology and Geography Division Appraisal Board Geology and Paleontology Com-Naval Aircraft Factory (Philamittee delphia) Medicine and Related Sciences Naval Consulting Board Division Aeronautics Committee Anatomy Committee Chemistry and Physics Committee Anthropology Committee Electricity Committee Biochemistry Committee Food and Sanitation Committee Industrial Poisonings Com-Fuel and Fuel Handling Commitmittee. Medical Zoology Committees Industrial Preparedness Com-Medicine and Hygiene Committee mittee Internal Combustion Lotors Keurology and Psychiatry Committee Committee Life-Saving Appliances Commit-

tee

Physiology Committee

WY DEPARTMENT-con.
Ravel Consulting Board-con.
Retailurgy Committee
Mines and Torpedose Committee
Chaigation Aids Committee
Optical Class Committee
Ordance and Explosives ComPublic Works, Mards, and Docks
Committee
Committee
Committee
Optical Committee
Committee
Optical Committee

Ship Construction Committee Steam Engineering and Ship Propulsion Committee Submarines Committee

Submarines Committee Transportation Committee Wireless and Communications Committee

Naval Operations Office Armed Guard Section Communication Division Gunnery Exercises and Engineering Performances Of-

fice
Inspection Division
Material Division
Mayal Asymptotics Office
Haval Districts Division
Naval Intelligence Office

Nistorical Section
Operating Forces Division
Eaval Oversess Transportation Service
Description Reserve

Demobilization Board Pianning Division Bounarine Division Newigation Sureau Hydrographic Office Naval Militia Affairs Divi-

Naval Observatory Training Division Navy Alackan Cosl Commission Ordnance Buresu [Civil Division]

Finance and Special Contract Section Requisitions and Open Pur-

chase Contract Section
Industrial Division
Inspection Section
Labor Section
Patent Section
Selective Service Section
Inventions, Research, and Tri-

als Division
Technical Division
Armor and Projectile Section
Aviation Ordnance Section
Buildings and Grounds Section

MAVY DEPARTMENT-con. Ordnance Buresu-con.

Technical Division-con. Cost Board Officer Design Section Experimental Section Fire-Control and Optical

Section
Oun Mount Section
Oun Section
Wines and Net Section
Nitrates and Acids Section
Forder, Explosives, and Puss
Section
Priorities Section
Std Protection Section

Ship Protection Section Supply Section Torpedo Section Turret Mount Section Tards, Plants, and Stations

Division
Paris Navel Board on Claims
Review Board
Solicitor's Office
Steam Engineering Dureau

Aeronautics Division
Engineering Saction
Operation and Maintenance
Section
Production Section

Design Division
Electrical Division
Fuel and Personnel Division
Inspection Division
Radio Division
Patent Section

Repair Division
Supply Division
Supplies and Accounts Bureau
Accounting Division

Allotment Division
Disbursing Division
Allotment Section
Liberty Loan Section
Wer Risk Insurance Section
Employment Division
Fluet Division
Inland Traffic Division
Car Service Section

Field Traffic Section
Marine Section
Marine Section
Passenger Transportation
and Labor Section
Routing Section
Statistical Section
Terminal Pacilities Section
Tracer Section

NAVY DEPARTMENT-con.
Supplies and Accounts Bureau-con.
Logistics and Fuel Division
Allotment and Distribution
of Navy Fuel Section
Confidential Matters and
Logistics Records Section
Development of Fueling Facilities Section
Fuel Requirements, Navy
Contractors Section
Fuel Stocks and Vessel Assignments [Section]
Ship Charterings and Re-

ports Section Navy Board for Commandeering Overseas Division Purchase Division

Award Section Chemicals and Explosives Section Clothing Section

Contract Section Legal Section Lumber Section

Non-ferrous Metal Section Open Purchase Section Priority Section Provisions Section Rush Delivery Section

Salvage Section Steel Section Stock Upkeep Section

Supply Section
Training Camp Activities Commission

Yards and Docks Bureau
Armor and Projectile Plant
Section

Aviation and Submarine Bases Section Construction Division Design Division Dry Docks Section Hospital Section

Magazines and General Ordnance Facilities Section Marine Corps, Fuel Oil, and

Radio Section
Naval Academy Section
Power Plants Section

Shipbuilding and Yard Development Section Training Camps Section

NEW YORK HARBOR WAGE ADJUSTMENT BOARD

NITRATE COMMITTEE OF THE UNITED STATES

NITRATE OF SODA EXECUTIVE

NITRATE PLANTS INTERDEPARTMENTAL BOARD, LOCATION OF

PEACE CONFERENCE

Control of Production of War Material in Germany for Disarmament of Germany, Committee on

Council of Five Council of Four Council of Heads of Delegations

Council of Ministers of Foreign
Affairs

Council of Ten
Economic Commission
Financial Commission
Interallied Aeronautical Commis-

sion
International Legislation on
Labor Commission
International Regime of Ports,

Waterways, and Railways Commission
General Control Subcommittee

Transportation Subcommittee
League of Nations Commission
Reparation of Damages Commission
Financial Capacity of the Enemy States—Their Means of
Payment and Reparation,
Subcommittee on

Measures of Control and Guanantees Subcommittee Special Committee Valuation of Damage Subcommit-

Responsibility of the Authors of the War and Enforcement of Penalties Commission Criminal Acts Subcommission Responsibility for the Violation of the Laws and Customs of War Subcommission

Responsibility for the War-Subcommission

mitte

FFACE CONFERENCE-con.

Specification of War Material
Which Can Be Demanded From
Germany To Prevent Her
From Renewing the Struggle,

Committee on Supreme Council

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT
Classification Division
Dead Letter Division
Posting Mails Division
From Confer Division
From Office Inspectors Division
From Office Inspectors Division
From Office Service Division
From Office Service Division
Registered Mails Division
Solicitor Division
Solicitor Division

Stamps Division
Telegraph and Telephone Adminietration
Wire Control Board

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

PRESIDENT'S NEURATION CONSTISSION

RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION Accounting Division Capital Expenditures Division

Finance and Purchasee Division Central Advisory Purchasing Committee

Finance Director's Advisory
Committee
Varine Insurance Section

Finance Division
Fire Loss and Protection

Section

Inland Waterways Committee Inland Waterways Division Joint Fuel Zons Committee Lator Division Railway Board of Adjustment

Railway Board of Adjustment Fo. 2 Railway Board of Adjustment

No. 3 Women's Service Section Law Division

Claims and Property Protection Section Compensation and Contracts Committee

Freight Claim Section Protection of Railroad Property Section

RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION-con.
Liquidation Claims Division
New York Canel Section
Operation Division
Automatic Train Control Com-

mittee
Car Hire Buresu
Car Service Section
Car Record Office
Refrigerator Department
Tank Car Record Office

Refrigerator Department
Tank Car Record Office
Coastwise Steamship Advisory
Committee
Coastwise Steamship Lines

Coastwise Steamship Lines [Section] Eastern Railroads Cosl Car

Fool
Engineering and Maintenance
Department

Preight Traffic Control Committee Fuel Conservation Section

Health and Medical Relief Committes Inspection and Test Section Farine Department

Marine Section
Marine Section
Mechanical Department
Standards Committee
Operating Statistics Section
Pass Burrau
Pullman Car Lines [Section]

Safety Section
Secret Service and Police Section
Standards for Locomotives and

Cars Committee
Telegraph Section
Troop Movement Section
Public Service and Accounting

Division
Accounting Committee
Public Service Division
Short Line Section
Suggestions and Complaints
Burrau

Traffic Section
Purchases Division
Forest Products Section
Famil Section
Procurement Section
Stores Section
Railroad Wage Commission

Railroad Wages and Working Conditions Board Traffic Division Advertising Cormittee

Agricultural Section Homeseekers' Bureau Clergy Bureaus RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION-con. Traffic Division-con.

Consolidated Classification Committee

Express and Mail Section Freight Traffic Committees Inland Traffic Managers Interregional Dining-Car Committee

Interregional Traffic Committee

Passenger Traffic Committees Ticket Standardization Committee

[Transportation Division]
Car Repair Section
Locomotive Section

RAILWAY EXPERTS TO RUSSIA ADVISORY COMMISSION

RELIEF BOARD

RENT COMMISSION OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

RETURNING SOLDIERS AND SAILORS AND WAR WORKERS, BUREAUS FOR

RUSSIAN BUREAU, INC.

RUSSIAN RAILWAY SERVICE CORPS

SHIPBUILDING BOARD OF REVIEW AND APPEAL

SHIPBUILDING LABOR ADJUSTMENT BOARD

SHIPPING BOARD
Assignments Committee
Claims Commission
Engineer Committee
Historian's Office
Information Bureau
Joint Board of Conciliation
Joint Shipping Industrial Conference
Law Department

Law Department
Marine and Dock Industrial Relations Division
Mational Marine Conference
Committee of Five

Observation Committee
Ocean Advisory Committee on Just
Compensation

SHIPPING BOARD-con.

Planning and Statistics Divi-

Manning American Merchant Marine Special Committee Port and Harbor Facilities Commission

Recruiting Service
Navigation and Engineering
Schools

Sea Service Bureau

Sea Training Bureau Regulation Division

Requisition Claims Committee Shipping Control Committee

Special Despatch Agent's Office

Trades and Allocations Division

Sailing Vessel Branch Special Agent's Office at Cleveland, Ohio

Survey and Consulting Engineers Board

Transfer and Private Construction Division

Valuation of Lake Ships Advisory Committee War Zone Pass Commission

SHIPPING BOARD EMERGENCY FLEET COR-PORATION

Construction Claims Board Construction Organization Contract Division Finance Division

Insurance Department
Industrial Relations Division
Draft Classifications and
Transfer Branch

Education and Training Sec-

Employment Management Branch Health and Sanitation Section Industrial Service Section Labor Adjustment Branch Labor Section Labor Supply Section National Service Section

Safety Engineering Section Legal Division Passenger Transportation and

Housing Division
Housing Section
Investigation Bureau
Production Bureau

Construction Branch Design Branch Engineering Branch SHIPPING BOARD EMERGENCY FLEET CORPORATION-con.

Construction Organization-com. Passenger Transportation end Housing Division-con-

Housing Section-con-Property Buresu

Passenger Transportation Sec-Plant Protection Section

Production Divicion Purchasing Division Requiremente Saction

Ship Construction Division Concrete Ship Section Cost Review Section

Records Section Steel Ship Section Technical Section Wood Ship Section

Shippard Plants Division Concrete Tard Construction

Section Dredging Section Drydock and Marine Railway

Section Fire Protection Section Plant Disposel Section

Power Section Records and Progress Section Shippard Plants Construction

Section Shippard Volunteers Division [Steel Ship Construction Divi-

sionl Camouflage Section

Supply and Sales Division Cancellation Section Inventory and Appraisal Sec-

tion Material Section Sales Section Supply Division

Distribution and Werehouse Section Lumber Section

Purchasing and Production Section Raw Materials Section

Transportation Division Inland Traffic Section Insurance Division .Investigation Department

Operations Committee Operations Division Allocation Department

Assignment Department Central Records and Information Bureau

SHIPPING BOARD EMERGENCY FLEET CORPORATION-con.

Operatione Division-con. Chartering Committee Construction and Repair Department

Contract Department Deck Department Engineers Department Export Cosl Department Forest Products Department Governmental and Foreign Re-Lations Department

Great Lakee Department Marine Superintendent's Office

Maritims Intelligence Department

Operating Department Pursers' Department Radio Department Rate and Claim Department Sailing Vessel Department Shipping Trades Department Stevedoring Committee Supervisors Department Supply Department Tank Steamer Department

Trades and Allocations Department Traffic Department Tug and Barge Department Ship Protection Committee Traffic Director's Office Wage Reinbursement Committee

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION Astrophysical Observatory National Museum

SPECIAL DIPLOMATIC MISSION TO RISSIA

SPRUCE PRODUCTION CORPORATION

STANDARDIZATION OF PETROLEUM SPECIFICATIONS COMMITTEE

STATE DEPARTMENT

Consular Bureau Poreign Intelligence Division Foreign Trade Adviser's Office Historian of the War, Office of Latin American Affairs Division [Passport Control Division] Foreign Permit Office Russian Affairs Division [Solicitor's Office] Alien Military Section

STATE DEPARTMENT-con. Visa Office War Trade Board Section

SUGAR EQUALIZATION BOARD, INC. Statistical Department

SUPREME COUNCIL OF SUPPLY AND RE-LIEF

SUPREME ECONOMIC COUNCIL Food Section

SUPREME WAR COUNCIL American Section

TARIFF COMMISSION

TIN PLATE CONSERVATION COMMITTEE

THEASURY DEPARTMENT Auditor, for the Navy Department Auditor for the War Department Coast Guard Comptroller of the Currency Comptroller of the Treasury Comptroller of the Treasury (Overseas), Assistant Customs Division Engraving and Printing Bureau Federal Farm Loan Board Financial Requisition Officers Foreign Loan Bureau General Supply Committee Internal Revenue Bureau Advisory Tax Board Excess Profits Tax Advisers Board Excess Profits Tax Reviewers Taxpayers' Cooperation Divi-

Taxpayers' Cooperation Division
Sion
Loans and Currency Division
Mint Bureau
National War Savings Committee
National Woman's Liberty Loan

Committee

Public Health Service
Domestic (Interstate) Quarantine Division

Foreign and Insular (Karitime)
Quarantine and Immigration
Division

General Inspection Service Marine Hospitals and Relief Division

Public Health Education Section

TREASURY DEPARTMENT-con. Public Health Service-con. Sanitary Reports and Statistics Division Scientific Research Division Venereal Diseases Division Register of the Treasury Secret Service Division Treasurer of the United States War Loan Organization Savings Division War Risk Insurance Bureau Actuarial Division Allotment and Allowance Division Compensation and Insurance Claims Division Insurance Division Civil Relief Section Investigation Division Legal Division ' [Marine] Advisory Board Marine and Seamen's Division Marine Division Medical Division [Military and Naval Insurance] Advisory Board Military and Naval Insurance Division [Seamen's] Advisory Board Seamen's Division Trading With the Enemy Division

VETERANS' BUREAU

WAR BOARD FOR THE PORT OF NEW YORK

WAR CABINET

WAR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, BOARD .
OF CONTROL [FOR] (NEVFORT NEWS)

WAR DEPARTMENT
Adjutant General's Office
Army Reserve Division
Classification Division

Classification of Personnel in the Army, Committee on War Service Exchange Demobilized Records Division Enlisted Division Industrial Furlough Section Miscellancous Division Officers Division

WAR DEPARTMENT-con. WAR DEPARTMENT-con-Adjutant General's Office-con. Selective Service Records Division. Statistical Division War Risk Insurance Division Air Service Chief's Office Air Service Claims Board Aircraft Production Eureau Airplane Engineering Divi-Procurement Division Production Division Industrial Relations Department [Science and Research Division] Chemical Section Spruce Production Division Arms, Munitions, and Equipment Board Assistant Secretary's Office Canadian Contract Assessors Cantonment Adjustment Commission Chemical Warfara Service European Division Oss Defense Production Divi-Oas Offensa Production Divi-. sion Medical Division Training Division Cosst Artillery Chief's Office Construction Division [Administrative Branch] Industrial Service Section Labor Procurement Section Patriotic Promotion Section Constructing Branch Government Equipment and Faterial Section Protection and Investigation Section Contracts Branch Contract Section Insurance Section Engineering Branch Architectural Work Section Camp-Planning Section Civil Engineer and Track-

Work Section

Illumination Section

Refrigeration Section

Estimates Section Fire Protection Section

tion

Electric-Equipment Section

Mechanical Engineering Sec-

Schedules Section Water Supply Section Maintenance and Repair Branch Building Repair Section General Maintenance and Repair Section Land and Leass Section Procurement Section Technical Service Section Utilities, Operation, and Maintenance Section Materials Branch Delivery Section Procurement Section Education and Special Training Counittee Employment for Discharged Service Men, Assistant to the Secretary of War in Charge Engineers, Office of the Chief of [Civil Division] Marine Drafting Section Civil Works Branch Miscellaneous Civil Division River and Harbor Division Engineers for Rivers and Harbors Board Finance Division General Engineer Depot [Suainess Administration Department] Contract and Legal Division Depot Department Accounting Division Enginearing Division for Construction of Depots Engineering and Purchasing Department Architectural and Structural Division Cancellations Division Civil and Mechanical Division Electrical Division Production Division Requirements Division Research and Design Division Heating and Flumbing Section Review Board Supplies Division Military Branch [Administrative Division] Historical Data Section

Construction Division-con.

Engineering Branch-con.

Roads and Sanitation Section

WAR DEPARTMENT-con. WAR DEPARTMENT-con-Engineers, Office of the Chief Finance Service-con. of-con. Funding Division Military Branch-con. Money Accounts Division Camouflage Section Costkeeping Branch Drafting Division Settlements Division Electrical and Mechanical Claims Branch Classification Board Section Engineer Motor Transporta-Contract Adjustment Branch tion Service Contract Examining and Rec-Enlisted Personnel Division ords Branch Equipment and Construction Patents Section Division Fixed Nitrogen Administration Fortifications and Cable-Fixed Nitrogen Commission grams Section General Staff General Equipment Section Military Intelligence Division Military Mapping Section Geographic Branch Equipment and Operations Di-Map Section vision Negative Branch Forestry Section Army Section Fortification and Mapping Di-Foreign Influence, Enemy vision Propaganda Section General Construction Section Fraud and Graft Section Mining and Quarrying Section Liaison with the American Personnel Division Protective League Sub-Commissioned Personnel Secsection tion News Section Organization and Enlisted Passport Section Men Section Plant Protection Section Railway Engineering Division Travel Section Maintenance of Way Depart-Positive Branch ment Cable and Telegraph Sec-Mechanical Department tion Railway Construction and Code and Cipher Section Handling Plant Combat Intelligence In-Sound and Flash Ranging Secstruction Section tion Information Section Surveying and Printing Section Planning Section Water Supply Section Morale Branch Wilitary Construction Division . Operations Division Drafting Section Commissioned Personnel Branch Military Mapping Section Equipment Branch Military Railways Director Gen-Motor Transportation Branch eral's Office Operations Branch Public Buildings and Grounds [Purchase and Supply Division] Office ' Surveyor General of Supplies, Special Service Division Office of Embarkation Liaison Section Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Inland Traffic Liaison Sec-Division Embarkation Service Purchase and Supply Liaison Cargo Section Section Passenger Section Troop Division Ship Section Engineers Board Engineering and Standardi-Field Artillery Chief's Office zation Branch Finance Service External Relations Branch Estimates and Apportionments Allied Relations Section Division Clearance Section Field Operations Division Cormodity Section

TAR DEPARTMENT-con. General Staff-con. Purchasa, Storage, and Traffic Division-con.

External Relations Branch-con. Domestic Relations Section Price-Fixing Section Priorities Section Requirements Section Industrial Research Bureau

Inland Traffic Service Property Movements Branch Troop Movement Branch Inspection Branch Production Branch

Purchase and Storage Director's Office

[General Administrative Division Historical Branch 'Industrial Relations

Branch Labor Standards for Army Clothing Department, Administration

Strength and Fundamental Allowance Branch Governing Salas Board on Un-

serviceable Property Purchasa Director's Office Claims Board Clothing and Equipage Di-

vision General Bupplies Division Contract and Purchass

Branch Hardware and Hand Tools

Branch Hardware, Cordage, and Miacallaneous Branch Heavy Hardware Branch Kitchen and Camp Equip-

ment Branch Lisison and Interbureau Unit Mess, Camp, and Personal

Equipment Branch Office Equipment and Sundries Branch Priorities and Clearance

Branch Production and Inspection Branch

Small Tools and Chests Branch

Machinery and Engineering Esterials Division

WAR DEPARTMENT-con. General Steff-con.

Purchass, Storage, and Traffic Division-con. Purchase and Storage Direc-

tor's Office-con. Purchase Director's Of-

fice-con. Medical and Hospital Sup-

plies Division Motors and Vehicles Diwision.

Purchasa Administrative Division

Raw Materials and Paints Division Fuels Branch

otla Branch Paints Branch Remount Purchass Division Subsistence Division

Remount Servica Requirements and Requisitions Division Statistical Division

Purchass Summaries Branch Storage Susmarics Branch Storage Director's Office Domestic Distribution Di-

Emergency Issues and vision Domestic Equipment Branch

Engineer Subdivision External Relations and Domastic Equipment Branch Medical Subdivision Notors and Vehicles

Branch Motors Branch Ordnanca Subdivision Quartermaater Subdivi-

aion Clothing and Equipage

Branch General Supplies Branch Raw Materials Branch Subsistence Branch

Signal Subdivision Vehicles and Harness Branch Domestic Operations Di-

wi aton Army Reserve Depot Subdivision Inventory Branch

WAR DEPARTMENT-con. WAR DEPARTMENT-con. General Staff-con. General Staff-con. Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division-con. Division-con. Purchase and Storage Direc-Purchase and Storage Director's Office-con. tor's Office-con. Storage Director's Of-Storage Director's Office-con. fice-con. Port Operations Divi-Domestic Operations Dision-con. vision-∞n. Quartermaster Subdi-Service Subdivision Fire and Accident Prevision Signal Subdivision vention Branch Operation Service Salvage Division Canvas Repair Branch Branch Space Allotment Branch Clothing Renovation Warehouse Handling Branch Methods Branch Farms Branch . Overseas Distribution Di-Laundries Branch vision Repair Shops Branch Shoe and Harness Repair [Administrative Subdivisionl Branch Priority Clearance Waste Materials Branch Branch [Storage Administrative Storage and Traffic Division Branch Special Service Branch Engineer Subdivision Surplus Property Division Medical Subdivision [Administrative Branch] Motors Subdivision Advertising Section Motor Cars Branch Contract Section Priority Branch Clothing and Equipage Release and Servicing Branch Branch General Supplies Branch Spare Parts Branch Governing Sales Board Transportation Branch Lumber Branch Trucks Branch Machinery and Engineer-Ordnance Subdivision ing Materials Branch Quartermaster Subdivision Medical and Hospital Clothing and Equipage Supplies Branch Branch Miscellaneous and Office Fuel and Forage Branch Supplies Branch General Supplies Branch Motors and Vehicles Salvage Branch Branch Subsistence Branch Raw Materials Branch Vehicles and Harness Remount Branch Branch Sales Supervision Branch Signal Subdivision Preferred Sales Sec-Overseas Supply Division Port Operations Division Zone Sales Section Aircraft Subdivision Zone Service Section Chemical Warfare Subdi-Subsistence Branch vision [Purchase and Storage Service] Engineers' Subdivision [Storage Service] Medical Subdivision Operations Control Divi-Motor Transport Subdision vision Cold Storage Branch Ordnance Subdivision Cost Reduction Branch Overseas Freight Re-Fire and Accident Prelease Branch vention Branch

WAR DEPARTMENT-con. General Staff-con-Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division-con. Purchase and Storage Servicel-con. [Storage Service]-con. Operations Control Division-con. Inventory and Catalogue Branch Packing Service Branch Reserve Depot and Space Allotment Branch Supplies Division Cable and Requisitions Service Branch Commodity Branch Clothing and Equipage Section Enginear Supplies Section General Supplies and Raw Materials Sec-Medical, Dental, and Vaterinary Supplies Section Motors and Vehicles Section Ordnanca Supplies Sec-Priority Equipment Sec-Signal Supplies Section Subsistence Section External Relations Branch Port Operations Branch Raw Materials and Paints Branch Purchase and Supply Branch Emergency Section Production Section Purchase Section Superior Board of Con-

tract Review Supply Program Section Perchase Branch Commandearing Section Inspection Section Patents Section

Production Section Purchase Information Section Standardization Section

\$334TT O - 43 - 43

WAR DEPARTMENT-con. General Staff-con. Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Division-con. Sales Branch Building Materials Section Contract Section Export Sales Section Machine Tools Section Motor Vehicles and Aircraft Section Ordnance and Ordnance Stores Section Plant Facilities Section Quartermaster Stores Sec-

tion Raw Materiels and Scrap Section Sales Promotion Section Sales Review Board Superior Board of Sales Control Transfer and Inventory

Section Statistics and Requiremento Storage and Iasua Branch Storage Branch Statistics Branch War Plans Division Historical Branch Diplomatic Relations Section

Economic Mobilization Sec-General Military History Section Military Mobilization Section Operations Section

Pictorial Section Legislation, Regulations, and Rules Branch Service and Information Branch Training and Instruction Branch War Plans Branch Inventions Section

Kational Defense Projects

Section Housing and Health Division Industrial Relations, Special Assistant to the Secretary of War in Charge of Inspector General's Office Insular Affairs Bureau

WAR DEPARTMENT-con. WAR DEPARTMENT-con. Ordnance Chief's Office-con. Judge Advocate General's Office Artillery Division Accounts, Claims, and Fiscal Artillery Programs, Board of Affairs Division Officers To Review Admiralty and Maritime Divi-Carriage Division sion Caterpillar Artillery Board Bond Division Civil Administration Division Claims Board Constitutional and Internation-Compensation Board Construction of Steel Corporaal Law Division tion Plant Board General Administrative Division Control Bureau Military Justice Division Demobilization Board Reservations and Titles Division Engineering Division Special Clemency Board Aircraft Armament Section Statutory Construction and Artillery Ammunition Section Legislative Draft Division Cannon Section War Laws and Library Division Equipment Section Labor Standards for Army Clothing Explosives Section Control Board Liquidation Commission Gauge Section Machine Gun and Small Arms Military Aeronautics Division Supply Section Section Mobile Carriage Section Technical Section Militia Bureau Motor Equipment Section Railway and Seacoast Carriage Civilian Marksmanship Director's Office Section Motor Transport Corps Chief's Trench Warfare Section Chemical Research Branch Office Engineering Division Gas and Flame Branch Liaison Division Grenade Branch Maintenance Division Pyrotechnic Branch Nitrate Commission Trench Mortar Branch Nitrate Supply Committee Equipment Division Ordnance and Fortification Board Aluminum and Mess Equipment Ordnance Chief's Office Section Administration Division Cleaning and Preserving Ma-Advisory Section terials Section Arsenal Administration Section Contract Section Commissioned Personnel Section Hardware Section Military History and Statis-Inspection Section tics Branch Leather Equipment Section Enlisted Personnel Section Leather Section Industrial Education Section Steel Helmets and Instruments Instruction Section of Precision Section Ammunition Storage and Over-Textile Equipment Section hauling Board Textile Section Armor Plate, Committee To De-Traffic Section velop Estimates and Requirements Di-Arsenal Facilities Required for **vision** Work of Manufacture and Re-Complaint and External Relapair To Be Performed by Ordtions Section nance Department, Board To Progress Section Consider Project Section [Arsenals Director's Office] Requirements Section Employment for Soldiers and [Executive Section] Sailors, Exergency Commit-Cable Branch tee on Planning Branch Artillery Ammunition Programs, Explosives and Loading Divi-Board of Officers To Review

sion

WAR DEPARTMENT-con. WAR DEPARTMENT-con. Ordnance Chief's Office-con. Ordnance Chief's Office-con. Pacilities Now Proposed or Au-Metallurgical Matters Committee thorized, Board To Review Motor Division Projects for New Notor Vehicle Board Field Artillery Board Nitrate Division Finance Division Contract Section General Efficiency Board Engineering Section Gun Division Drafting Branch Cannon Section Sefety Branch Design Branch Fixed Nitrogen Research Lab-Production Branch oratory Purchase Branch Inspection Section Design Section [Nitrate] Plant No. 1 Section [Nitrate] Plants Nos. 2, 3, Artillery Ammunition Branch Cannon Branch and 4 Section Explosive Branch Purchase Section General Control Branch Council of National Defense. Tranch Warfare Branch Fuel Administration, General Control Section Etc., Branch, Reletions Inspection Section With Technical Branch Transportation Branch Production Section Research Technical Section Advisory Branch Ordnance Salvage Board Field Work Branch Ordnance Special Service Com-Machinery and Materials mittee Branch Permanent Examining Board Manufecturing Survey Branch Procurement Divicion Production Engineering Eranch Artillery Section Schedulee Branch Cannon Branch Purchage Section Carriege Branch Cartridge Case Branch Kiecellaneous Branch Explosives Branch Contract Section Puza Branch Petents Branch Miecellaneoue Materiel Branch Procurement Order Branch Projectile Branch Credits Saction Raw Katerial Branch Advance Payment Branch Trench Warfare Branch Credit Branch Inspection Division Project Estimating Branch [Auxiliary Section] Equipment Saction Educational Branch Explosives Section General Control Section Executive Section Artillery Amounttion and Loading Section Trench Warfare Branch Trench Marfare Branch Cannon and Small Arms Branch Miscellaneous Saction Explosives and Loading Cauga Branch Machinery Branch Branch Gauge Branch Motor Equipment Section Instrument, Kachinery, and Artillery Tractor Branch Container Prench Bodias Franch Vatallurgical Branch Chassis Franch Notor and Carriage Branch Equipment Branch Oversess Lisison Branch Special Tractor Branch Proving Grounds Branch Tanks Branch Field Section Tractors Branch Inspector of Ordnance Estab-Trailers Branch Packing Container Section lishmanta Plant Facilities Section Projectile Section Leral and Advisory Board

Prise end Cartridge Case Branch

WAR DEPARTMENT-con. WAR DEPARTMENT-∞n. Ordnance Chief's Office-con. Ordnance Chief's Office-con. Supply Division Procurement Division-con. American Ordnance Base De-Projectile Section-con. pot Section Machinery Branch Construction Section Steel and Forging Branch Raw Materials Section Building Branch Chemical Branch Design Branch Rental Branch Ferrous Branch General Administration Sec-Non-ferrous Branch Small Arms Section tion Ammunition Branch Operating Section Arms Branch Real Estate Branch Storage Operating Branch Machine Gun Branch Miscellaneous Branch Transportation Branch Planning and Control Section Trench Warfare Section Production Division Supplying and Maintaining Ammunition Section Troops at Loading Plants, Board of Officers for Cannon Section Carriage and Battery Vehi-Tank Division cles Branch Training Commissioned Officers Equipment Section and Enlisted Men of the Ordnance Department, Board Manufacturing Branch Industrial Service Section To Investigate and Report Community Work Branch on the Methods of Emergency Labor Production Trial Board Branch Provost Marshal General's Office Employment and Training Aliens Division Methods Branch Appeals Division Housing Branch Auxiliary Agencies and Statis-Procurement of Labor Branch tics Division Safety and Sanitation Branch Classification Division Wages and Hours of Labor Inspection and Investigation Branch Division Women in Industry Branch Law Division Loading Section **Medical Division** Miscellaneous Section Mobilization Division Plant Section Registration Division Construction Branch Quartermaster General's Office Plant Survey Branch Administrative Division Small Arms Section Cemeterial Branch Manufacturing Branch Communications Branch Truck Section Contracts Branch Safety Regulations for Loading - Statistics Branch and Explosives Plants, Board Telegraph and Cable Branch To Supervise and Enforce Central Disbursing Division Second Motor Traction Board Personal Deposits and Allot-Small Arms Division ments Branch Contract Section Clothing and Equipage Division Finance and Property Section [Administrative Branch] Planning and Engineering Sec-Contract Section tion Cotton Goods Branch Production Section Knit Goods Branch Purchase Section Leather Materials Branch Small Arms Ammunition Inspec-Manufacturing Branch tion Section Planning Branch Small Arms Inspection Section Production and Inspection Statistical Forms and Records, Branch Board To Review Purchasing Branch

WAR DEPARTMENT-con. WAR DEPARTMENT-con. Quartermaster General's Of-Quartermaster General's Office-con. fice-con. Clothing and Equipage Di-Subsistence Division-con. vision-con. Packing House Products Branch Shoes, Leather, and Rubber Planning and Adjustment Branch Branch Textile Subdivision Purchasing Branch Wool Tops and Yarn Branch United States Branch Woolens Branch (Supplies and Equipment Divi-Conservation and Reclamation sionl Division Hide and Leather Control Clothing Repair Branch Branch Contract and Purchasing Miscellaneous Supplies Branch Branch Transportation Equipage Dry Cleaning Branch Branch Hat Repair Branch Supply Control Division Inspection Branch Distribution Branch Laundries Branch General Inspection Branch Salvage and Gardening Branch Lisison Branch Shoe Repair Branch Transportation Division [Depot Division] Land Transport Branch Planning Branch Vehicles and Harness Division Finance and Accounts Division Harness Branch Fuel and Forage Division Vehicles Branch Forage Branch [Warehousing Division] Fuel Branch Cabla Service and Overseas 011 Branch Branch Traffic Branch Statistics Branch Hardware and Metala Division Real Estata Service Matala and Heavy Hardware Second Assistant Secretary's Brench Office Operating Division Signal Officer's Office, Chief Depot Branch Air Division Domestic Distribution Branch Engineering and Research Di-Overseas Distribution Branch Stock Records Branch Cable Engineering Section [Personal Planning Staff] Electrical Engineering Sec-Industrial Relations Branch Industrial Research Branch Patent Section Personnel Division Radio Development Section Remount Division Specifications Section Animal Purchase, Issue, and Land Division Sales Branch Procurement Division Resount Depot Branch Inspection Section Subsistence Division Production Section Accounts and Adjustments Purchase Section Review Board Branch Bakery Branch Selvege Section Dehydration Branch Termination Section Food Allotment Branch Science and Research Division Inspection Branch Special Service Division Food Investigation Section Keat and Vest Food Prod-Commercial Service Section

ucts Section

tion Section

Packing Service Section

Overseas Subsistence Franch

Supervieory Field Inspec-

Meteorological Section

Photographic Section

Pigeon Section

Storage Section

Traffic Section

Supply Division

WAR DEPARTMENT-con. WAR DEPARTMENT-con. Surgeon General's Office-con. Surgeon General's Office Sanitation Division-con. Air Service Medical Division Student Army Training Corps Finance and Supply Division Food and Nutrition Division Section Surgery Division Gas Defense Division Surgery of the Head Division Field Supply Section Veterinary Division Overseas Repair Section Surveyor of Contracts Training Section Tank Corps Director's Office General Publicity Board Third Assistant Secretary of War General Surgery Division Training Camp Activities Commis-Historical Division Hospital Division sion Athletic Division Administrative Section Army School of Nursing Camp Music Division Census Section Law Enforcement Division Infectious Diseases and Labo-Legislation Section ratories Division Reformatories and Houses of Detention Section Dermatology and Urology Vice and Liquor Control Sec-Section Infectious Diseases Section tion Laboratory Section Work With Women and Girls Venereal Disease Control Section Section Liberty Theater Division Internal Medicine Division Military Entertainment Council Cardiovascular Section Post Exchange Committee Social Hygiene Division Gastroenterology Section Tuberculosis Section Men's Work Section Medical Department Training Motion Picture Section Division Women's Work Section Medicine Division Transportation Service Chief's Lilitary Orthopedic Surgery Office Division [Administrative Division] Museum and Library Division Baggage, Remains, and Effects Army Medical Museum Branch Heurology and Psychiatry Di-Courier Section vision Animal-Drawn Transportation Overseas Hospital Division Division Liaison Service Between the Pack Transportation Branch Surgeon General of the Wagon Transportation Branch Army and the Surgeon Gen-Port Terminals and Inland Watereral of the Mavy ways Division [Personnel Division] Rail Transportation Division Army Murse Corps Section Construction, Maintenance, Commissioned Personnel Secand Operation Branch tion Freight Traffic Branch Dental Section Passenger Traffic Branch Enlisted Personnel Section Water Transportation Division Kedical Education Section Cargo Traffic Branch Physical Reconstruction Divi-Construction, Maintenance, sion and Repair Branch Psychology Division Vessel Operation Branch Roentgenology Division War Council Sanitation Division War Credits Board Current Statistics Section War Department Claims Board Medical Records Section Appeal Section Miscellaneous Section Appraisal Section Sanitary Engineering Section

WAR FINANCE CORPORATION

Sanitary Inspection Section

WAR INDUSTRIES BADGE COMMITTEE

WAR INDISTRIES BOARD

Building Materials Division Chemicals Division

Acids and Heavy Chemicals

Section Alkali and Chlorins Section

Artificial Dres and Intermediates Section Asbestos and Eagnesia Section

Chemical Glass and Stoneware Section Creasots Section

Electrodes and Abrasives Section

Ethyl Alcohol Section Ferro-Alloys Section Cold and Silver Section Industrial Cases and Gas

Products Section Joint Office on Chemical Sta-

tistics Mica Section

Miecellaneous Chemicals Section Mitrates Section Paint and Pigment Saction

Platinum Section Refractories and Nativa Prod-

ucte Section Sulphur and Pyrites Section Tanning Materials and Natural

Dyes Section Technical and Consulting Section Wood Chemicals Section

Comfort and Welfare Committee Conservation Division Cotton Committee

Cotton Compression and Transportation Committee Cotton Distribution Committee Dredging Section

Emergency Construction Section Employment Management Course Sec-

tion Explosives Division Facilities Division Finished Products Division

Automotive Products Section Brass Section Chain Section Crane Section

Electric Wire and Cable Sect1on Electrical and Power Equipment

Section

Forgings, Ordnance, Small Arms, and Small Arms Ammunition Section

WAR INDUSTRIES BOARD-con. Finished Products Division-con.

Hardware and Hand Tool Section Machine Tool Section Military Optical Glass and In-

atrument Section Miscellaneous Cownodities Sec-

Resources and Conversion Sec-

tion Tobacco Section Vehicle, Implement, and Wood

Products Section Fire Prevention Section

Hide, Leather, and Leather Goods Division Belting Section

Boot and Shoe Section Foreign Hides and Skins Section Gloves and Leather Clothing

Section Harness and Fereonal Equipment

Section Hids and Skin Section

Leathar Belting Section Sheepskin and Glove Leather Section

Sole and Belting Leather Saction

Upper and Harnese Leather Sec-Joint Office on Leather Statistics

Jute, Hemp, and Cordage Section Labor Division War Prison Labor and National

Wasts-Reclaration Section Legal Section Medical Industry Section Planning and Statistics Division

Commodities Statistics Section Industrial Conditions Section

Price Saction Questionnaire Section War Contracts Section

War Industries Abroad Saction Plants and Munitions Advisory Count thee Power Section

Price Fixing Committee Priorities Division Inland Traffic Section Later Priorities Section Non-war Construction Section Priorities Board

Priorities Committee Production Committee Pulp and Paper Division

Fiber Board and Container Section

WAR INDUSTRIES BOARD-con. Pulp and Paper Division-con. Manufacturing Section Newspaper Section Paper Economy Section Periodical Section Railway Equipment and Supplies Section Raw Materials Division Lumber Section Non-ferrous Metals Section Requirements Division Clearance Office Steel Division Iron and Steel Scrap Section Permit Section Pig Iron Section Projectile Steel Section Steel Products Section Warehouse Distribution Bureau Storage Committee Stored Materials Section Supplies Section Textile and Rubber Division Cotton and Cotton Linters Section Cotton Goods Section Domestic Wool Section

Felt Section

Rubber Section

. Woolens Section

Silk Section

Yarn Section

Flax Products Section

Foreign Wool Section Knit Goods Section

Rag and Fiber Subsection

Wool Advisory Committee

WAR INDUSTRIES BOARD-con.
Tin Section
[Wool Division]
Noils and Waste Administrator's Office

WAR MINERALS COMMITTEE

WAR SERVICE COMMITTEES

WAR TRADE BOARD Branches and Customs Bureau Contraband Committee Enemy Trade Bureau Exports Bureau Exports Executive Committee Foreign Agents and Reports Burean Imports Bureau Research and Statistics Bureau Research Division Tabulation and Statistics Di-Transportation Bureau Violations Committee War Trade Intelligence Bureau Censorship and Correspondence Division

Research and Investigation

WAR TRADE COUNCIL

WHEAT DIRECTOR'S OFFICE
Enforcement Division
Inland Traffic Division
Licenses Division

Division